

# Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON

### Client:

11654128 Canada Inc. 768 Boulevard St. Joseph Gatineau, QC

#### Submitted for:

Zoning By-law Amendment and Plan of Subdivision

Project Name: 6171 Hazeldean Road

Project Number: OTT-00258780-A0

### **Prepared By:**

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Date Submitted:

July 24, 2020

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# Date Submitted:

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EXP Services Inc. 6171 Hazeldean Road 00258780-A0 2020-07-24

# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Overview

EXP Services Inc. (EXP) was retained by 11654128 Canada Inc to prepare a Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report for the proposed redevelopment of 6171 Hazeldean Road in support of a Plan of Subdivision and Zoning By-law Amendment applications.

The 9.02-hectare site is situated along Hazeldean Road as illustrated in **Figure 1-1** below. The site is within the City of Ottawa's urban boundary, outside the Greenbelt, and situated in Ward 6 (Stitsville-Kanata West).

The description of the subject property is noted below:

- Part of Lot 23, Concession 12, Geographic Township of Goulbourn, City of Ottawa.
- Parts 2, 4 and 6 of Plan 4R-23045, consisting of PIN 044871709

The proposed development will consist of twenty (20) single family detached homes, one hundred and fifty-four (154) townhomes, one hundred and eighty (180) condominium units consisting of five 3-storey buildings having 36 units each, and one hundred and seventy five (175) apartment units consisting of one 9-storey mixed-use rental building.

This report will discuss the adequacy of the adjacent municipal watermain, sanitary sewers and storm sewers to provide the required water supply, convey the sewage and stormwater flows that will result from the proposed development. This report provides a design brief for submission, along with the engineering drawings, for City approval.



Figure 1-1 - Site Location

# 2 Existing Conditions

The existing property is surrounded by the Jackson Trails subdivision, which began development in 2006. The existing site is vacant, with most of the ground surface containing sparse vegetation, fill material from adjacent construction, with a small area of trees in the north-western portion of the site.

The existing site topography slopes in a north easterly direction, ranging in elevation from  $\pm 122m$  to  $\pm 116m$  and having an average slope of 1.8% from west to east, however only 0.5% average slope from south to north.

## 3 Existing Infrastructure

The property is vacant and there are no existing services within the site. Municipal services stubs are present along the north, south and east sides of the property.

Along the north side of the property a 22.0 metre municipal right-of-way (Samantha Eastop Avenue) was constructed as part of the Potter's Key Subdivision and contains a 300mm watermain stub. Along the easterly property line, a 7.5m wide portion of a wider 12m sewer/water/walkway block is present and contains both sanitary and the storm and sewer stubs for the property. The entire southern property boundary of the site fronts onto Hazeldean Road, which contains both watermain and storm sewers. An existing 200mm watermain stub is provided off the 750mm watermain on Hazeldean Road, near the entrance of the property.

From review of the sewer and watermain mapping, as-built drawings and Utility Central Registry (UCC) plans, the following summarizes the infrastructure within the subject property and the infrastructure on the adjacent streets along the frontage of the property and adjacent offsite infrastructure:

### Samantha Eastop Avenue.

- 300mm PVC watermain.
- 300mm PVC storm sewer.

12m walkway block off Bandelier Way.

- 300mm PVC sanitary sewer.
- 1050mm concrete storm sewer.

### Hazeldean Road.

- 200mm PVC watermain (stubbed) & 762mm watermain.
- 250mm PVC sanitary sewer.
- 750mm and 825mm concrete storm sewers.
- Gas /Bell / Streetlighting / Hydro.

As-built drawings for key areas in Potter's Key Subdivision were obtained from the City of Ottawa and are included in **Appendix J** for reference.

# 4 Pre-Consultation / Permits / Approvals

A pre-consultation meeting was held with the City prior to design commencement. This meeting outlined the submission requirements and provided information to assist with the development proposal. The proposed site is located within the Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority (MVCA) jurisdiction, therefore signoff from the MVCA will be required prior to final approval. The MVCA was contacted to confirm the stormwater management quality control requirements. A copy of the correspondence with the MVCA is attached **Appendix G**. Specific design criteria noted in the Pre-Consultation meeting is further described in the relevant sections of this report

It is expected that an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) will be required from the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), formerly the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC), for the municipal and private Sewage Works. The onsite Sewage Works will include the onsite stormwater works for flow controls and associated stormwater detention. Further discussions with City of Ottawa staff will be required to confirm the ECA requirements and to determine whether a direct submission or Transfer-of-Review submission will be required.

In addition, various design guidelines were referred to in preparing the current report including:

- Bulletin ISDTB-2012-4 (20 June 2012)
  - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-01 (05 February 2014)
  - Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2016-01 (September 6, 2016)
  - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2018-01 (21 March 2018)
  - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2018-04 (27 June 2018)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution, July 2010 (WDG001), including:
  - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02 (May 27, 2014)
  - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 (21 March 2018)
- Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual, Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, March 2003 (SMPDM).
- Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems, Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, 2008 (GDWS).
- Fire Underwriters Survey, Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (FUS), 1999.
- Ontario Building Code 2012, Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.

# 5 Water Servicing

## 5.1 Existing Water Servicing Conditions

The site is within the City of Ottawa 3W pressure zone and supplied from the Stittsville elevated reservoir, which is within 150 metres from the western limit of the property. As previously noted, a 200 mm watermain has been stubbed off the 762mm watermain on Hazeldean Road, and a 300mm watermain is stubbed at the property line coming off Samantha Eastop Avenue.

## 5.2 Water Servicing Proposal

The proposed water supply system will consist of 200mm diameter and 250mm diameter watermains and associated appurtenances to provide water for consumption and fire protection. The site will be serviced by connection to the existing stubs at Hazeldean Road and Samantha Eastop Avenue.

The 9-storey high-rise building will require independent and twin watermain feeds, which is the result of the average day water demands exceeding 50 m<sup>3</sup>/day. This building will be protected by an automatic sprinkler system and will have a fire department connection (or siamese) located within 45 metres of an adjacent municipally owned fire hydrant. Figure A4 in Appendix A illustrates the proposed water distribution system. Water supply for each single family, townhome or condominium building will be provided by individual water services connecting to the proposed municipal or onsite private watermain. The proposed servicing plan is provided in Appendix J

## 5.3 Water Servicing Design Criteria

The design parameters that were used to establish water and fire flow demands are summarized Table 1.

Design Parameter	Value	Applies
Population Density – Single-family Home	3.4 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Semi-detached Home	2.7 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Townhome or Terrace Flat	1.8 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Bachelor Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – Bachelor + Den Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – One Bedroom Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – One Bedroom plus Den Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – Two Bedroom Apartment	2.1 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Two Bedroom plus Den Apartment	2.1 persons/unit	
Average Day Demands – Residential	350 L/person/day	✓
Average Day Demands – Commercial / Institutional	28,000 L/gross ha/day	✓
Average Day Demands – Light Industrial / Heavy Industrial	35,000 or 55,000 L/gross ha/day	
Maximum Day Peak Factor – Residential	2.5 x Average Day Demands	✓
Maximum Day Demands Peak Factor – Commercial / Institutional	1.5 x Average Day Demands	√
Peak Hour Factor – Residential	2.5x2.2 = 5.5 x Average Day Demands	✓
Peak Hour Factor – Commercial / Institutional	2.7 x Average Day Demands	✓

### Table 1 - Summary of Water Supply Design Criteria

Fire Flow Requirements Calculation	FUS	✓
Depth of Cover Required	2.4m	✓
Maximum Allowable Pressure	551.6 kPa (80 psi)	✓
Minimum Allowable Pressure	275.8 kPa (40 psi)	✓
Minimum Allowable Pressure during fire flow conditions	137.9 kPa (20 psi)	✓

## 5.4 Fire Flow Requirements

Water for fire protection will be available utilizing the proposed fire hydrants located along the adjacent roadways. The required fire flows for all proposed buildings were calculated based on typical values as established by the Fire Underwriters Survey 1999 (FUS). The following equation from the Fire Underwriters document "Water Supply for Public Fire Protection", 1991, was used for calculation of the on-site supply rates required to be supplied by the hydrants:

F = 200 \* C \* V (A)

where:

F	=	Required Fire flow in Litres per minute
С	=	Coefficient related to type of Construction
А	=	Total Floor Area in square metres

The proceeding **Table 2** summarizes the parameters used for estimating the Required Fire Flows (RFF) based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) and the latest City of Ottawa Technical Bulletins. The RFFs were estimated in accordance with ISTB-2018-02 and based on floor areas provided by the architect. The following summarizes the parameters used for the proposed types of residential buildings

### Table 2 : Summary of FUS Method Parameters Used for Proposed Building Types

Design Parameter	Single Family	Townhome	3-Storey Condominium	9-Storey Mixed-Use
<b>Type of Construction (Coeff, C)</b> Wood-Framed (C=1.5), Ordinary (C=1.0), Non-Combustible (C=0.8), Fire-Resistive (C=0.6)	Wood Framed	Wood Framed	Ordinary	Non- Combustible
Occupancy Type Non-combustible (-25%), Limited Combustible (-15%), Combustible (0%), Free Burning (+15%), Rapid Burning (+25%)	Limited Combustible	Limited Combustible	Limited Combustible	Limited Combustible
Sprinkler Protection Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 (-30%), Standard Water Supply (-10%), Fully Supervised Sprinkler (-10%)	None	None	None	Fully Supervised Sprinkler

The following Table 3 below summaries the individual parameters used and the resultant Required Fire Flows (RFFs) for each building type. Detailed calculations of the RFFs necessary for each building type is provided in Appendix B.

	Single	Townhomes		Condominium Units				Mixed-Use	
	Family	6-unit	8-unit	Bldg A	Bldg B	Bldg C	Bldg D	Bldg E	Bldg E
Construction Coefficient, C	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	1	1	1	1	0.8
Total Floor Area (m2)	243.2	1165.6	773.6	3324	3324	3324	3324	3324	8863.5
Fire Flow prior to reduction (L/min)	5,000	11,000	9,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	17,000
Reduction Due to Occupancy	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%
Reduction due to Sprinkler	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-50%
Increase due to Exposures	66%	62%	41%	28%	29%	28%	33%	14%	-20%
Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on ISTB-2018-02" (yes/no)	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	11,416
Total RFF	117	117	183	233	233	233	250	217	183

### Table 3 : Summary of Parameters Used and Estimation of Required Fire Flows (RFF)

The estimated required fire flows (RFFs) based on the FUS Method ranges from 117 L/sec to 250 L/sec.

## 5.5 Boundary Conditions

Hydraulic Grade Line (HGL) boundary conditions were obtained from the City for design purposes. A copy of the correspondence received from the City is provided in **Appendix G** 

The following hydraulic grade line (HGL) boundary conditions are summarized in Table 4 below:

### Table 4 : Boundary Conditions and Pressures Summary

	Connection #1	– Hazeldean Rd	Connection #2 – Samantha Eastop Ave		
Demand Scenario	HGL or Head (m)	Pressure (psi)	HGL or Head (m)	Pressure (psi)	
Maximum HGL	160.7	57.2	160.7	59.6	
Peak Hour	156.5	51.3	156.3	53.4	
Max Day + Fire Flow	156.4	51.1	151.1	46.0	

The above noted HGL's are based on a ground elevation of approximately 120.4 m and 118.8 m at Connection #1 and Connection #2 respectively. This results in a system water pressure of 36.1 m (or 51.3 psi) and 37.5 m (or 53.4 psi) at each connection points during peak hour conditions.

## 5.6 Water Servicing Design

The water servicing requirements for the proposed development is designed in accordance with the City Design Guidelines (July 2010). The following steps indicate the basic methodology that was used in our analysis:

- Estimated water demands under average day, maximum day and peak hour conditions. As the total population estimate was greater than 500, standard residential peaking factors were used, rather than based on MECP Table 3-3 which would be necessary when the design population is than 500 persons.
- Estimated the required fire flow (RFF) based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS).
- Obtained hydraulic boundary conditions (HGL) from the City, based on the above water demands and required fire flows.

• Boundary condition data and water demands were used to estimate the pressure at the proposed junctions, and this was compared to the City's design criteria.

Please refer to **Appendix B** for detailed calculations of the total water demands.

## 5.7 Estimated Water Demands

Table 5 below summarizes the anticipated domestic water demands for all units under average day, maximum day and peak hour conditions.

### Table 5 : Total Water Demand Summary

Water Demand Conditions	Water Demands (L/sec)
Average Day	4.56
Max Day	11.33
Peak Hour	24.90

## 5.8 Modelling Scenarios

A total of five (6) scenarios were analyzed. The performance of the proposed water distribution system within the development was analyzed under each scenario. The following summarizes the modelling scenarios that were analyzed. Please refer to **Figure A4** in Appendix A which illustrates the water distribution layout.

- Scenario 1A: Average Day (using connection #1)
- Scenario 1B: Max Day Plus Fire Flow (using connection #1)
- Scenario 1C: Peak Hour (using connection #1)
- Scenario 2A: Average Day (using connection #2)
- Scenario 2B: Max Day Plus Fire Flow (using connection #2)
- Scenario 2C: Peak Hour (using connection #2)

## 5.9 Water Modeling Results

The results of the WaterGEMS modelling under peak hourly conditions are summarized in **Table 6** and **Table 7** below for Scenarios 1A and 2A. These results represent anticipated pressures that would be available assuming a single connection from ether Connection #1 (Hazeldean Rd) or Connection #2 (Samantha Eastop). The complete results for all scenarios are provided in **Appendix C**.

### Table 6: Summary of Peak Hour Results of (Scenario 1C)

Junction	Elevation (m)	Demand (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	122.19	7.77	156.32	48.4
J-02	119.69	1.78	156.32	52.0
J-03	118.67	0.81	156.32	53.4
J-04	118.45	1.20	156.32	53.7
J-05	117.43	1.62	156.31	55.2
J-06	117.02	1.80	156.32	55.8
J-07	118.88	0.84	156.32	53.1

J-08	119.76	0.36	156.33	51.9
J-09	117.12	0.90	156.32	55.6
J-10	120.76	0.00	156.36	50.5
J-11	117.40	1.43	156.31	55.2
J-12	117.30	1.43	156.31	55.4
J-13	118.62	1.43	156.32	53.5
J-14	119.10	1.43	156.32	52.8
J-15	119.20	1.43	156.32	52.7
J-16	119.76	0.00	156.33	51.9
J-17	118.80	0.00	156.32	53.3
J-18	120.40	0.00	156.50	51.2

### Table 7: Summary of Peak Hour Results of (Scenario 2C)

Junction	Elevation (m)	Demand (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	122.19	7.77	156.11	48.1
J-02	119.69	1.78	156.15	51.8
J-03	118.67	0.81	156.18	53.2
J-04	118.45	1.20	156.15	53.5
J-05	117.43	1.62	156.13	54.9
J-06	117.02	1.80	156.12	55.5
J-07	118.88	0.84	156.13	52.9
J-08	119.76	0.36	156.11	51.6
J-09	117.12	0.90	156.11	55.3
J-10	120.76	0.00	156.11	50.2
J-11	117.40	1.43	156.11	54.9
J-12	117.30	1.43	156.10	55.1
J-13	118.62	1.43	156.10	53.2
J-14	119.10	1.43	156.11	52.5
J-15	119.20	1.43	156.11	52.4
J-16	119.76	0.00	156.11	51.6
J-17	118.80	0.00	156.30	53.2
J-18	120.40	0.00	156.11	50.7

The calculated range of working pressures anticipated within the development under peak hour conditions was estimated at between 48.4 psi and 55.8 psi under Scenario 1C, and between 48.1 psi and 55.5 psi under Scenario 3C). This meet the minimum 40 psi as per City of Ottawa Guidelines.

Similarly, **Table 8** below provides the Maximum Day Plus Fire Flow results under Scenarios 1B and 2B. It should be noted that the fire flows required at various junctions were determined based on FUS calculations. Complete modelling results are provided in **Appendix C**.

lunction Node	FUS Required Fire	Total Flow Available (L/sec)		Satisfies Fire Flow Constraints fpr
Junction Node	Junction Node Flows, RFF (L/sec)		For Scenario 2B	Scenario 1B / 2B (True - False)
J-01	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-02	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-03	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-04	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-05	183.00	>183	>183	True / True

#### **Table 8: Summary of Maximum Day Plus Fire Flow Conditions**

J-06	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-07	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-08	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-09	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-10	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-11	233.00	>233	< 233 (206)	True / False
J-12	233.00	>233	< 233 (205)	True / False
J-13	250.00	>250	< 233 (202)	True / False
J-14	233.00	>233	< 233 (205)	True / False
J-15	233.00	>233	< 233 (208)	True / False
J-16	183.00	>183	>183	True/ True
J-17	183.00	>183	>183	True/ True
J-18	183.00	>183	< 183 (176)	False

In summary, under Maximum Day + Fire Flow conditions the available fire flows are in excess of the required fire flows (RFF) based on a water distribution system with a connection to both Hazeldean Road and Samantha Eastop Avenue. Based on a single feed connection to Samantha East Avenue, slightly lower fire flows would be available within the distribution system at six (6) junctions. This does not imply that the appropriate fire flows are not available at all buildings, as the total contribution of available fire flows are based on hydrant spacing. Additional details on fire hydrant locations and the availability of fire flows will be provide during detailed design of the subdivision.

No pressure reducing measures are required as operating pressures are within 50 psi and 80 psi. It was estimated that the anticipated pressures under average day demands will range between 54.7 psi and 62 psi.

## 6 Sewage Servicing

## 6.1 Existing Sewage Conditions

The site is an open field with no services within the site. There is a stub that comes off the existing sanitary sewer from Bandelier Way that goes up to the property line at was placed for a future development of 6171 Hazeldean Road.

## 6.2 Proposed Sewage Conditions

The sanitary sewer laterals were sized based on a population flow with an area-based infiltration allowance. A 250mm diameter sanitary sewer laterals are proposed with a minimum 0.44% slope, having a capacity of 19.07 L/sec based on Manning's Equation under full flow conditions. Table 6-1 below summarizes the design parameters used.

Design Parameter	Value	Applies
Population Density – Single-family Home	3.4 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Semi-detached Home	2.7 persons/unit	~
Population Density – Duplex	2.3 persons/unit	
Population Density – Townhome (row)	2.7 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Bachelor Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – Bachelor + Den Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – One Bedroom Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	~
Population Density – One Bedroom plus Den Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	

### Table 6-1 – Summary of Wastewater Design Criteria / Parameters

Population Density – Two Bedroom Apartment	2.1 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Two Bedroom plus Den Apartment	2.1 persons/unit	
Average Daily Residential Sewage Flow	280 L/person/day	√
Average Daily Commercial / Intuitional Flow	28,000 L/gross ha/day	
Average Light / Heavy Industrial Daily Flow	35,000 / 55,000 L/gross ha/day	
Residential Peaking Factor – Harmon Formula (Min = 2.0, Max =4.0, with K=0.8)	$M = 1 + \frac{14}{4 + P^{0.5}} * k$	✓
Commercial Peaking Factor	1.5	
Institutional Peaking Factor	1.5	
Industrial Peaking Factor	As per Table 4-B (SDG002)	
Unit of Peak Extraneous Flow (Dry Weather / Wet Weather)	0.05 or 0.28 L/s/gross ha	
Unit of Peak Extraneous Flow (Total I/I)	0.33 L/s/gross ha	✓

The total estimated peak sanitary flow rate from the proposed property is **14.16** L/sec (all blocks) based on City Design Guidelines. Sewage rates below include a total infiltration allowance of 0.33 L/ha/sec based on the total gross site area.

### Table 6-2 – Summary of Anticipated Sewage Rates

Sewage Condition	Sanitary Sewage Flow (L/sec)
Average Day Sewage Flow	11.18
Infiltration Flow (at 0.33 L/ha/sec)	2.98
Peak Wet Weather Sewage Flow	14.16

The minimum sewer capacity of the 200mm diameter connecting sanitary sewer through the proposed subdivision (with a slope of 0.44%) has a calculated full flow capacity of 19.07 L/sec. The 200mm diameter pipe then connects into the existing sanitary sewer on Bandelier Way with a 300mm diameter pipe downstream of the sewer run.

Based on the Potter's Key Design Brief, the allocated sewage flow from the 6171 Hazeldean site to the sanitary sewer on Bandelier Way is 11.84 L/sec. Therefore, the proposed site is expected to release an additional 2.32 L/sec, however the existing sanitary stub has a capacity of 46.05 L/sec, and will be able to handle to newly proposed flow of 14.16 L/sec.

Also, the downstream sanitary sewer shall now carry 16.29 L/sec compared to the estimated 13.97L/sec, and still falls well below the capacity of the downstream 300mm sanitary sewer with a capacity of 46.05 L/sec as well. See **Appendix H** for the Potter's Key sanitary design sheet for reference.

Therefore, there appears to be no consequence to the additional 2.32 L/sec from the estimated 11.84 L/sec from the Potter's Key SWM report, for a total sewage flow of 14.16 L/sec coming from the 6171 Hazeldean subdivision.

# 7 Storm Servicing & Stormwater Management

## 7.1 Background

As the proposed site is located within the Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority (MVCA) jurisdiction, the stormwater works are therefore subject to both MVCA and City of Ottawa (COO) approval.

Furthermore, the site is located within the Carp River Subwatershed and stormwater runoff discharges to Feedmill Creek. A 1050mm storm sewer outlet was provided for the subject site near the south-eastern corner of the site within a 12-metre sewer and drainage easement. This easement connects the subject property to the municipal right-of-way (Bandelier Way). Downstream of the site the storm sewer flows easterly and then northerly approximately 1.1 kilometres where it enters the Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Facility (JTSWMF). This pond was constructed around 2007/2008 to service lands north of Hazeldean Road between Carp Road and Alon Street. The "Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Design Brief" (JTSMDB) was prepared in June 2006 by IBI Group for the design of this SWM facility.

In addition, the City of Ottawa commissioned J.F. Sabourin and Associates (JFSA) to prepare the Feedmill Creek Storm Management Criteria Study (FCSWMCS) which was finalized in April 2018. It is this document that identifies the stormwater criteria necessary for development of the subject site. Just prior to this, Minto Communities Inc (Minto), constructed Potter's Key Subdivision in 2017/2018, which surrounds the subject site on the north and east sides. Sewer and water infrastructure were installed as part of the surrounding subdivision.

## 7.2 Proposed Storm Servicing

The proposed subject property will be serviced with a conventional stormwater collection system. The storm sewer system will consist of a typical storm system including manholes and catchbasins in the roadway and catchbasins and landscaping inlets in the rear yards. For the rear-yards, perforated storm sewers, as per City landscaping standards, will be used. Due to the stormwater criteria requirements, a stormwater facility (dry pond) is necessary.

The proposed stormwater system is designed in conformance with the latest version of the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines (October 2012). Section 5 "Storm and Combined Sewer Design" and Section 8 "Stormwater Management". A summary of the design criteria that relates to this design report is the proceeding sections below.

## 7.2.1 Design Criteria & Constraints

From the Feedmill Creek report the following summarizes the design criteria and constraints that will be followed:

- Criteria #1: Extended Detention Control: Onsite storage to control peak flows 0.51 L/ha/sec in the 3hr 15mm 3-hr Chicago storm (Erosion Control).
- Criteria #2: Retention Control: Provide Low-Impact Development Methods (LID) to retain the 5mm 3-hr Storm event (infiltration).
- Criteria #3: Flood Control: Onsite storage to control peak flow storm 100-yr 12hr SCS storm to 8 L/ha/sec.

Other design criteria were taken from the JTSMDB and City of Ottawa SDG002 which apply to the stormwater design are included.

- The storm sewer was sized based on the Rational Method and Manning's Equation under free flow conditions for the 2year storm using a 10-minute inlet time.
- Minor system capture from this development will be directed to the Jackson Trails SWM Pond and limited to 70 L/s/ha as
  per the design of the facility.

- The major system has been designed to accommodate on-site detention with sufficient capacity to attenuate the 100-year design storm.
- Overland flow routes are provided.
- The vertical distance from the spill elevation and the ground elevation at the building is at least 150mm.
- The emergency overflow spill elevation is at least 30 cm below the lowest building opening.
- Minimum sewer slopes to be based on minimum velocities for storm sewers of 0.80 m/sec.

Additional comments provided during the pre-consultation meeting, that are also relevant include:

- By modelling, demonstrate that there are no adverse impact to the existing downstream developments (Potter's Key and Jackson Trails).
- Pond may be required for attenuation as per the attached report.

## 7.3 Stormwater Design

The methodology used for the design of the storm sewer system is as follows:

- Design storm sewer system based on 2-year storm using the Rational Method.
- Estimate the appropriate number and the location of inlets based on the Macro Grading Plan and preliminary profiles and ensure maximum permitted depth of ponding meets City guidelines.
- Restrict inflow rates to the minor system for each subcatchment to 70 L/ha/sec. This is completed using standard ICD types.
- Ensure allowable discharge rate for the entire site to 70 L/ha/sec for the 9.02-hectare site (or 9.023 ha x 70 = 631.6 L/sec)
- Developed a PCSWMM model of the storm sewer system, to calculate peak flows and runoff volumes. At this Draft Plan stage, the PCSWMM model does not include major system components (dual drainage). The model will be expanded during the detailed design stage.

## 7.4 Runoff Coefficients

Average runoff coefficients for all catchments were calculated using PCSWMM's area weighting routine. This modelling software has a GIS engine which allows for catchment (or polygon) definition including attributes. The runoff coefficients for all catchments were area weighted to derive at average runoff coefficients based on hard surfaces (concrete or asphalt) having an imperviousness of 95%, soft surfaces (landscaping surfaces) having a percent imperviousness of 5%. The conversion from an imperviousness percent to a runoff coefficient was taken as C = (IMP\*0.70) / 100 + 0.20, with the imperviousness (IMP) as a percentage.

The average runoff coefficient for the overall site area under post-development conditions was calculated as 0.57. Runoff coefficients for individual catchment ranged from 0.24 to 0.78. The runoff coefficients for pre-development and post-development catchments are provided summarized in Table 9 below.

### Table 9 – Summary of Runoff Coefficients

Location	Area (hectares)	Pre-Development Runoff Coefficient, C <sub>AVG</sub>	Post-Development Runoff Coefficient, C <sub>AVG</sub>
Entire Site	9.0203	0.20	0.57

Runoff coefficients for each subcatchments were used in the storm sewer design sheet and based on the area-weighted values derived in PCSWMM.

## 7.5 Allowable Release Rate

Minor system capture rate from this development will be directed to the Jackson Trails SWM Pond and limited to 70 L/s/ha as per the design of the facility. The allowable minor system discharge rate for the site is therefore 631.6 L/sec.

## 7.6 Hydrology

PCSWMM was used to create a hydrologic/hydraulic model of the storm sewer system. The model currently only includes the minor system (storm sewer). The model was developed to estimate peak flows and runoff volumes only at this stage. Calculations of runoff was completed based on the PCSWMM's EPA SWM 5 engine. Catchment parameters were taken from City of Ottawa's SDG002 Design parameters. The following design parameters and assumptions are noted in Table 10 below:

#### Table 10 – General Subcatchment Parameters

Parameter	PCSWMM Parameter	Value
Infiltration Loss Method		Horton
Maximum Infiltration Rate	Max. Infil. Rate	76 mm/hr
Minimum Infiltration Rate	Min. Infil. Rate	13.2 mm/hr
Decay Constant (1/hr)	Decay Constant	4.14
Manning N (Impervious)	N Impev	0.013
Manning N (Pervious)	N Perv	0.25
Depression Storage – Pervious Surfaces	Dstore Imperv	1.57 mm
Depression Storage – Impervious Surfaces	Dstore Perv	4.67 mm
Zero Percent Impervious	Zero Imper	25%
Subcatchment Slopes	Slope	2% front yards & back yards

## 7.6.1 Storm Events Modelled

As this design submission is intended for establishing Draft Plan conditions, only eleven (11) storm events were modelled at this time. At a later stage during detailed design additional storm distributions and durations will be modelled.

- 3-hour 5mm Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 10mm Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 15mm Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 2-year Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 5-year Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 100-year Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 100-year + 20% Chicago storm.
- 12-hour 100-year SCS Type II storm.
- Historical storms occurring July 1, 1979, Aug 4, 1988, August 08, 1996

A Macro Strom Drainage Plan is provided in Appendix J and illustrates the subcatchments within the development site.

The following list blow provides the design criteria requirements, followed by **Table 11** which summarizes the results of various storm events. The peak flows and volumes represent model results prior to addition of a detention pond. This was completed to determine the peak flows and volumes prior to the influence of stormwater detention. The addition of a detention pond within the PCSWMM model is further noted in proceeding sections of this report.

- Extended Detention Control. Maximum discharge of 4.6 L/sec in 3-hr 15mm storm event.
- Retention Control (LID). Retain runoff volume for 5mm 3hr storm.
- Flood Control. Maximum discharge of 72.16 L/sec in 12-hr SCS storm event.
- Maximum permitted minor system discharge rate to Bandelier Way storm sewer is 631.6 L/sec.

### Table 11 – Summary of Post-Development Flows (Uncontrolled)

Storm Event	Peak Flow (L/sec)	Runoff Volume (m3)
Chicago_3h_5mm	132	189
Chicago_3h_10mm	308	417
Chicago_3h_15mm	468	653
Chicago_3h_25mm	788	1123
Chicago_3h_2yr	1029	1459
Chicago_3h_5yr	1644	2196
Chicago_3h_100yr	2841	4559
Chicago_3h_100yr + 20%	3092	5763
SCS Type II_12-hr	1692	5488
Historic_Jul1-79	2298	5545
Historic_Aug4-88	2598	5063
Historic_Aug8-96	2221	4442

## 7.6.2 Extended Detention Requirements

For Criteria # 1, the extended detention control criteria require that the maximum discharge rate of 0.51 L/ha/sec from development site upstream of the Jackson trails SWM Facility not be exceeded during the 3-hour 15mm storm event. This was established to provide mitigation peak flow increase during frequent storm events and erosion with Feedmill Creek.

From Table 11 above, the peak flow and runoff volume from the 3-hr storm 15mmm is 468 L/sec and 653 m3. PCSWWM's storage function was used to estimate the volume necessary to control to the allowable rate of 4.6 L/sec (9.02 ha x 0.51 L/ha/sec). The volume necessary to control the peak rate to 4.6 L/sec is 616 m3. This is the maximum volume necessary if one were to not consider any upstream storage, where in fact a small portion of the necessary volume will be stored in the rear yards from infiltration. Table 12 in the next section identifies that only 20% of the total site area represents backyards, and therefore it is appropriate to assume that the same proportion of the total site runoff volume of 653m3 (or 131 m3) can be stored in the rear yards. Based on this, the remaining volume of 522 m3 from other areas will need to be detained within a downstream stormwater facility at a maximum rate of 4.6 L/sec. Additional information is provided in **Section 7.6.4**.

## 7.6.3 Low Impact Design

For Criteria #2, the Feedmill Creek Stormwater Management Study requires that LID controls be implemented to retain the volume from a 3-hr 5mm rainfall event. There are various LID methods available, however the most appropriate and currently

used method in the City of Ottawa is the infiltration trench and swale. Modifications to the typical trench will be necessary to ensure that the runoff is detained, prior to being captured at inlets.

The peak flow and total runoff volume that occurs during the 5mm storm event is 153.1 L/sec and 187.9 m3 over the entire site. In order to provide the appropriate volume for infiltration, perforated pipes will be utilized in the rear-yards. However, for a typical residential subdivision, only a portion of the rainfall and resultant runoff will be directed towards the rear yards. The following table summarizes the approximate proportion of subcatchments that flow towards varying outlets.

Storm Event		hectares Total)		v in L/sec Total)	Runoff Volume in m <sup>3</sup> (% of Total)		
Backyards	2.36	(26%)	31.4	(21%)	38.4	(20%)	
Front yards / right-of-way	3.67	(41%)	83.8	(55%)	100.9	(54%)	
Park	0.73	(8%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	
SWM	0.22	(2%)	0.6	(0%)	0.76	(0%)	
Site plan #1	0.5	(6%)	9.2	(6%)	11.2	(6%)	
Site plan #2	1.54	(17%)	28.1	(18%)	36.6	(19%)	
Totals	9.020		153.1		187.9		

Table 12 – 3-hour 5mm Peak Flows and Runoff Volumes of Various Subcatchments

Since only twenty percent (20%) of the total 187.9  $m^3$  of necessary runoff volume can be infiltrated in rear yard swales, the remaining 148.6 m3 will need to be infiltrated in other areas of the site. Based on this it will be necessary to provide ±149 m3 of retention volume within the proposed downstream stormwater facility (dry pond). This will consist of an additional granular storage area below the bottom of the dry pond. Based on a proposed bottom area of the pond of 1,194 m2, will require a granular depth of 0.31 m3. Additional information on the dry pond is provided in the proceeding section.

## 7.6.4 Flow Attenuation (Storage)

For criteria # 3, onsite storage is required to control peak flow of the 100-yr 12hr SCS storm to 8 L/ha/sec. From Table 11, the 12-hr SCS storm generates a total runoff volume of ±5,490 m3 and peak runoff rate of ±1,690 L/sec. PCSWMM's storage routine was again used to estimate the preliminary volume necessary based on the allowable discharge rate of 72.16 L/sec during the 12hr 100-yr SCS Type II storm. The total volume required would be 3,912 m3. This represents the total volume for the entire site.

In order to establish the necessary requirements, the PCSWMM model was expanded to include a storage node to represent the stormwater facility. Two (2) flow-controlled ORIFICES were added connecting the pond and the outfall, to represent the extended detention and flood control orifices. The following table below summarizes the preliminary dry pond parameters that were used in the model, based on the site plan.

#### Table 7-1: Dry Pond Stage-Storage Data

Description	Elevation (m)	Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )
Top of pond	116.0	2.0	1,500	2,694
Bottom of pond	114.0	0	1,194	0

In order to meet the flood control requirements additional storage beyond the dry pond during the 100yr event will be necessary. The tributary area entering the pond from the subdivision portion of the site (excluded site plan area 2), is 7.49 hectares. The proportional allowable discharge rate for this area is 59.9 L/sec (7.49 ha x 8 L/ha/sec). The storage required to detain this peak rate during the 12hr SCS storm is approximately 3,237 m3.

Preliminary profiles were completed to estimate the surface ponding that is available at sag locations within the right-of-way. A total of 27 catchbasins are illustrated which are service twelve sag locations in the right-of-way. Inlet control devices are necessary in all catchbasins to control runoff to the allowable rate of 631 L/sec (9.02 hectares x 70 L/ha/sec), and due to this ponding in street sag locations will occur.

The estimated surface ponding areas on local streets is  $\pm$  290 m3. The locations of the catchbasins and surface ponding areas are illustrated in Figure A7 and Figure A8 in Appendix A.

## 7.6.5 Storm Sewers

The overall target capture rate for the minor system is 70 L/ha/sec. The following table summarizes the individual stormwater target rates that are necessary to meet the target capture rate of 70 L/ha/sec as required by the Jackson Trails SWM Report. Target capture rates for most areas were increased to 130 L/ha/sec or 135 L/ha/sec to account for the City of Ottawa's NO ponding in the 2-year event on public and private streets. The higher rate represents the approximate 2-year level of service, to avoid ponding, the higher capture rate dictates. The additional flow control at the downstream pond will be necessary to compensate for other areas and meet the overall 70 L/ha/sec.

#### Table 7-2: Target Capture Rates for Various Areas

Location	Area in hectares	Target Minor System Capture Rate (L/ha/sec
Site plan #1	0.50	130
Site plan #2	1.54	130
Backyards	2.36	70
Front yards / right-of-way	3.67	135
Park	0.73	130

A storm drainage plan is provided in **Appendix J**. A total twenty-eight (28) subcatchments (or drainage areas) within the development site are shown on this drawing with average runoff coefficients calculated for each drainage area.

Average runoff coefficients were calculated for all drainage areas for sizing of the storm sewers. A starting inlet times of 10 minutes were used for uppermost storm sewers. Design sheets for the 2-year sizing of the storm sewer system is included for reference in **Appendix E**. Under the 2-year storm event adequate capacity is provided within the storm sewer system.

In order to meet Criteria # 4 and have NO surface ponding is pubic or private roadways during the 2yr event, the above noted capture rates were used in conjunction with standard inlet control devices (ICDs).

# 8 Erosion & Sediment Control

During all construction activities, erosion and sedimentation shall be controlled by the following techniques:

- Filter cloth shall be installed between the frame and cover of all adjacent catch basins and catch basin manhole structures.
- Heavy duty silt fencing will be used to control runoff around the construction area. Silt fencing locations are identified on the site grading and erosion control plan.
- A mud mat will be installed at the construction entrance to help avoid mud from being transported to offsite roads.
- Visual inspection shall be completed daily on sediment control barriers and any damage repaired immediately. Care will be taken to prevent damage during construction operations.
- In some cases, barriers may be removed temporarily to accommodate the construction operations. The affected barriers will be reinstated at night when construction is completed.
- Sediment control devices will be cleaned of accumulated silt as required. The deposits will be disposed of as per the requirements of the contract.
- During the course of construction, if the engineer believes that additional prevention methods are required to control erosion and sedimentation, the contractor will install additional silt fences or other methods as required to the satisfaction of the engineer.
- Construction and maintenance requirements for erosion and sediment controls are to comply with Ontario Provincial Standard Specification (OPSS) OPSS 805 and City of Ottawa specifications.

# 9 Conclusions and Recommendations

This Servicing & Stormwater Report outlines the rationale which will be used to service the proposed development. The following summarizes the servicing requirements for the site:

### Water

- Domestic water demands of 4.56, 11.33, and 24.90 L/sec was estimated based on City of Ottawa Guidelines.
- Required Fire Flows for all buildings based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) method at 117L/sec for singles family homes, 167 and 183 L/sec for 6 and 8 unit townhomes, 183 L/sec for the Mixed Use (building f), and between 133 and 250 L/sec for the remaining 3-storey residential units (buildings A-E).
- A WaterGems hydraulic model was prepared to confirm that adequate pressure / flow is available, based on boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa. Peak hour pressures of between 48.1 and 55.5 psi is anticipated. This exceeds the City's guideline of 20 psi. Flows in excess of the required fire flows are provided.

### Sewage

• The estimated peak sewage flows from the proposed site is 14.1 L/sec. Based on the Potter's Key Design Brief, the allocated sewage flow from the 6171 Hazeldean site to the sanitary sewer on Bandelier Way was 11.84 L/sec. Therefore, the proposed site is expected to release an additional 2.32 L/sec, above the previous estimate. A downstream review of the sanitary sewers indicates appropriate reserve capacity is available to accommodate the additional peak flow.

### **Stormwater**

- An extended detention control criterion requires that the maximum discharge rate of 0.51 L/ha/sec from development site upstream of the Jackson trails SWM Facility not be exceeded during the 3-hour 15mm storm event. The estimated peak flow and runoff volume from the 3-hr storm 15mmm is 468 L/sec and 653 m3 respectively. The volume necessary to control to the allowable rate of 4.6 L/sec (9.02 ha x 0.51 L/ha/sec) is 616 m3. Approximately 131 m3 will be stored in the rear yard during the event and therefore the remaining 522 m3 will need to be detained within a downstream stormwater facility
- Runoff volume control is necessary to retain the volume from a 3-hr 5mm rainfall event. This will be achieved using Low impact Development (LID) methods. The peak flow and total runoff volume that occurs during the 5mm storm event is 153.1 L/sec and 187.9 m3 over the entire site. Within the backyards an infiltration trench and swale will be used. Approximately 187.9 m<sup>3</sup> of necessary runoff volume can be infiltrated in rear yard swales, with the remaining 148.6 m3 will need to be infiltrated within the proposed downstream stormwater facility (dry pond). This will consist of an additional granular storage area below the bottom of the dry pond. Based on a proposed bottom area of the pond of a granular depth of 0.31 m will be necessary.
- The flood control criteria require that onsite storage be provided to control peak flows from the storm 100-yr 12hr SCS storm to 8 L/ha/sec. Both the 3hr Chicago and 12hr SCS storms were analyzed to result in peak flows (and volumes) of 2833 L/sec (4,573 m3) and 1,686 L/sec (5,495 m3) respectively. The volumes required to control to the 72.2 L/sec (9.02 ha\*8 L/ha/sec) is 3,911 m3 for the 12hr storm. A downstream stormwater facility (dry pond) will be used in conjunction with roadway ponding. Individual site plans will require flood control to detain runoff to 70 L/ha/sec.
- The storm sewer was sized based on the Rational Method and Manning's Equation under free flow conditions for the 2-year storm using a 10-minute inlet time. Inlet control devices will be used in all catchbasins, with the majority of roadway catchbasins requiring interconnect catchbasins. Capture rates at low points (trap lows) are set to the 2-year runoff rate to ensure NO surface ponding. Minor system capture rates for drainage areas to the right-of-way were set at 130L/sec (±2yr rate)
- A single inlet control device (Tempest LMF-75) within a storm manhole just downstream of the underground chambers will be used to control storm outflow.

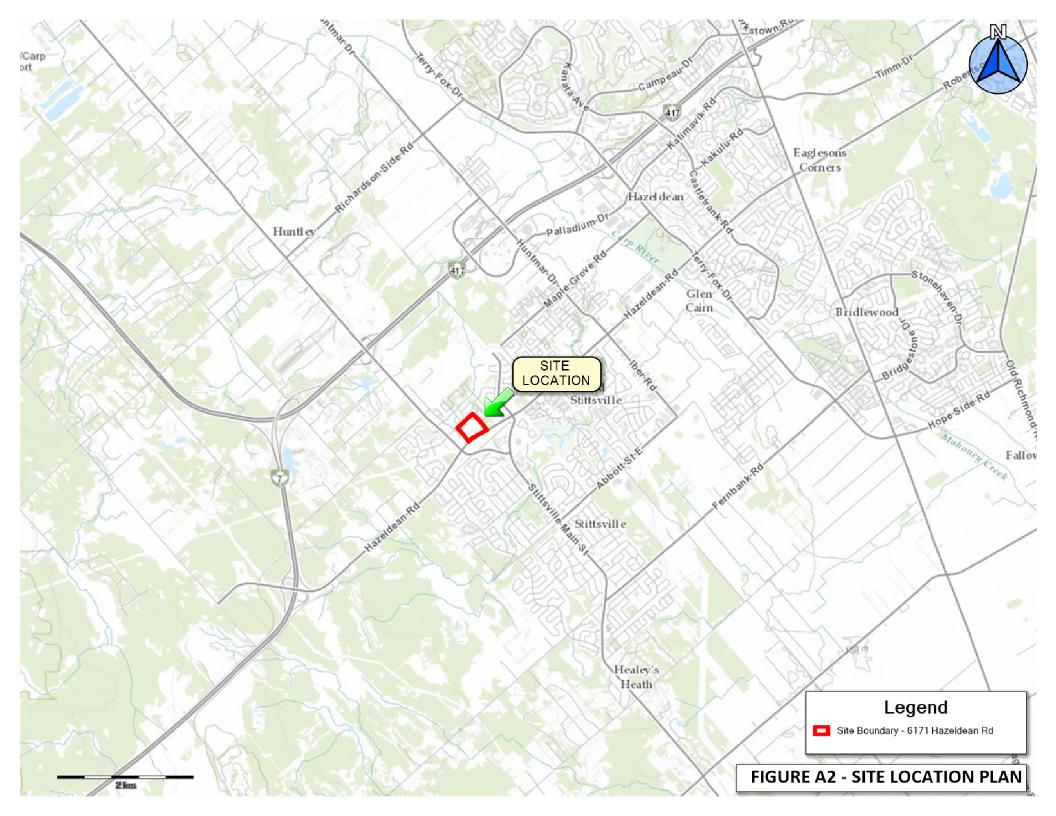
# 10 Legal Notification

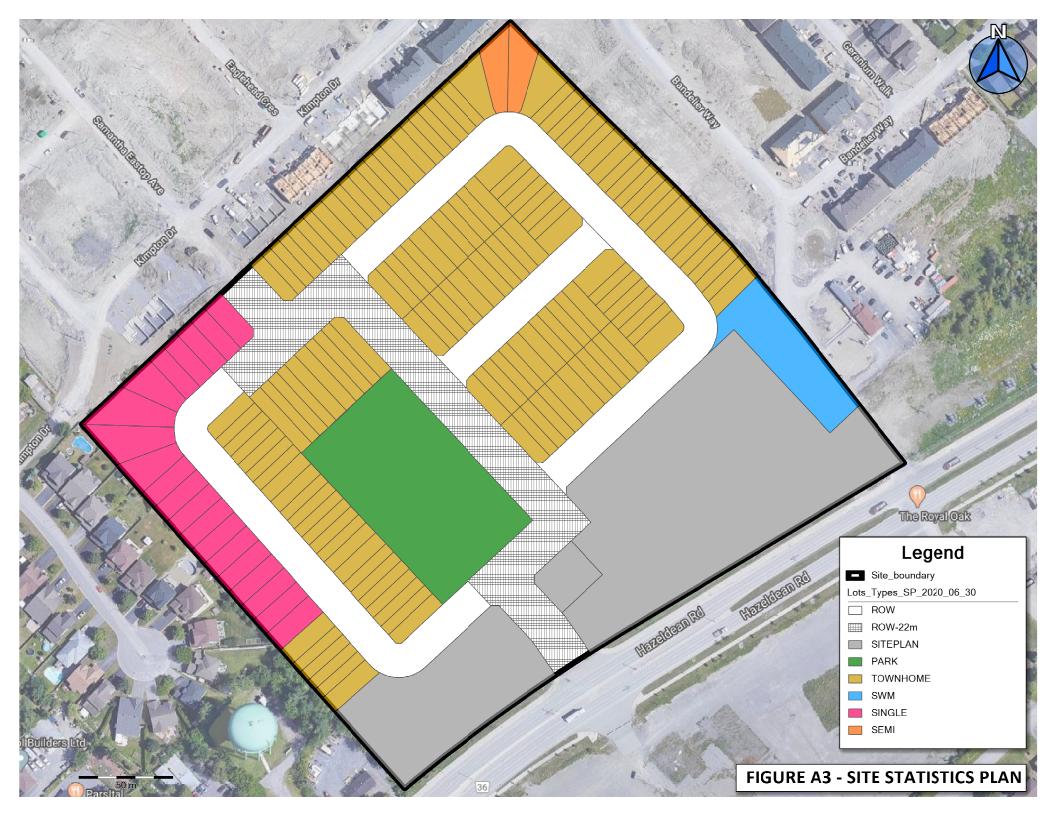
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# **Appendix A – Figures**

- Figure A2 Site Location Plan
- Figure A3– Site Statistics Plan
- Figure A4 Water Distribution Plan
- Figure A5 Water Demand Allocation Plan
- Figure A6 Subcatchment Plan
- Figure A7 Catchbasin Plan
- Figure A8 Roadway Ponding Area Plan





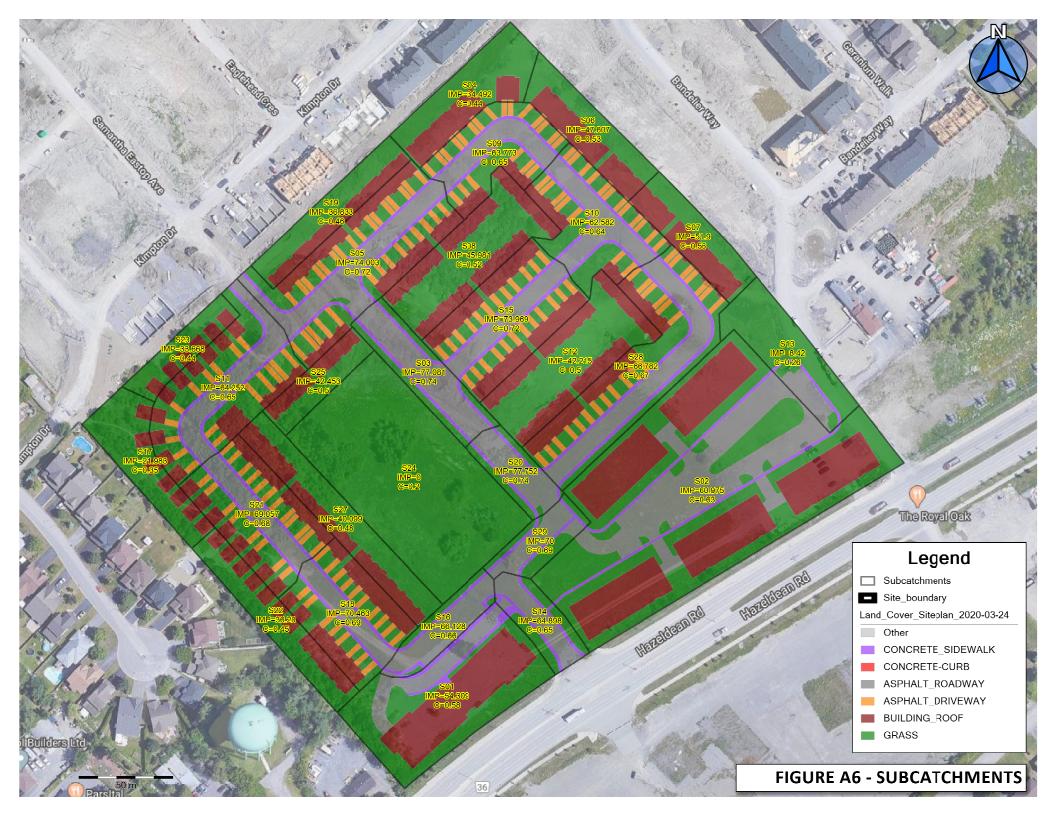


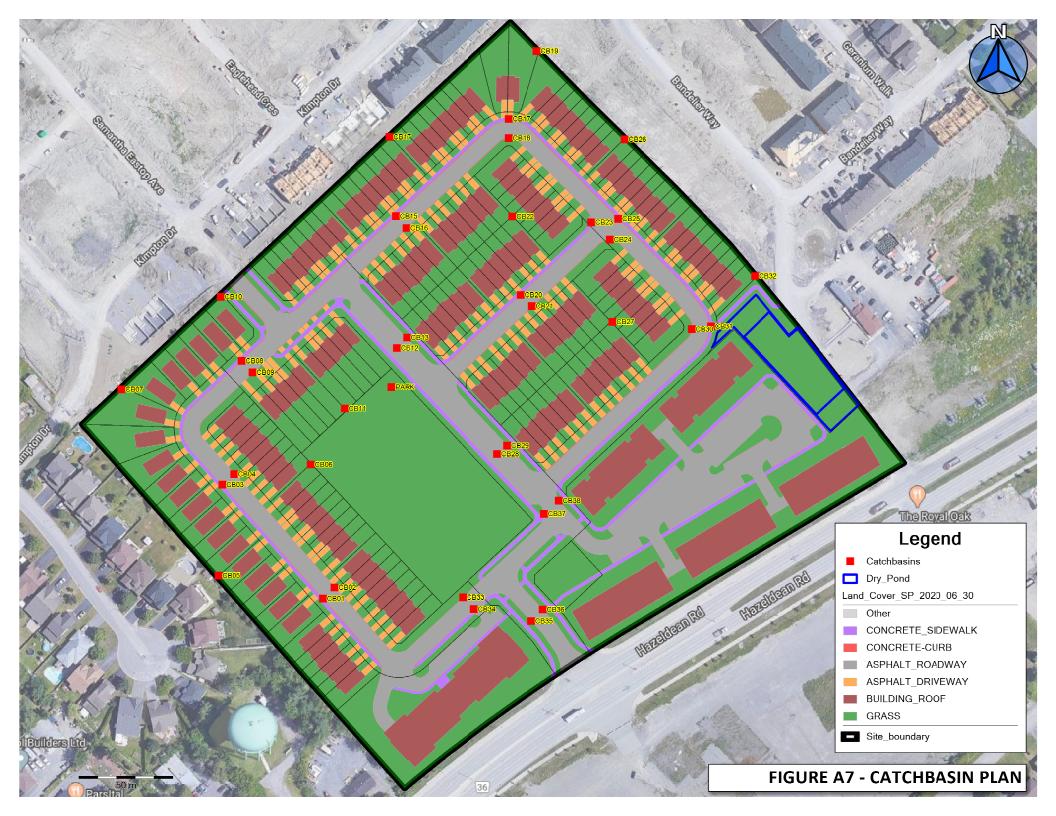
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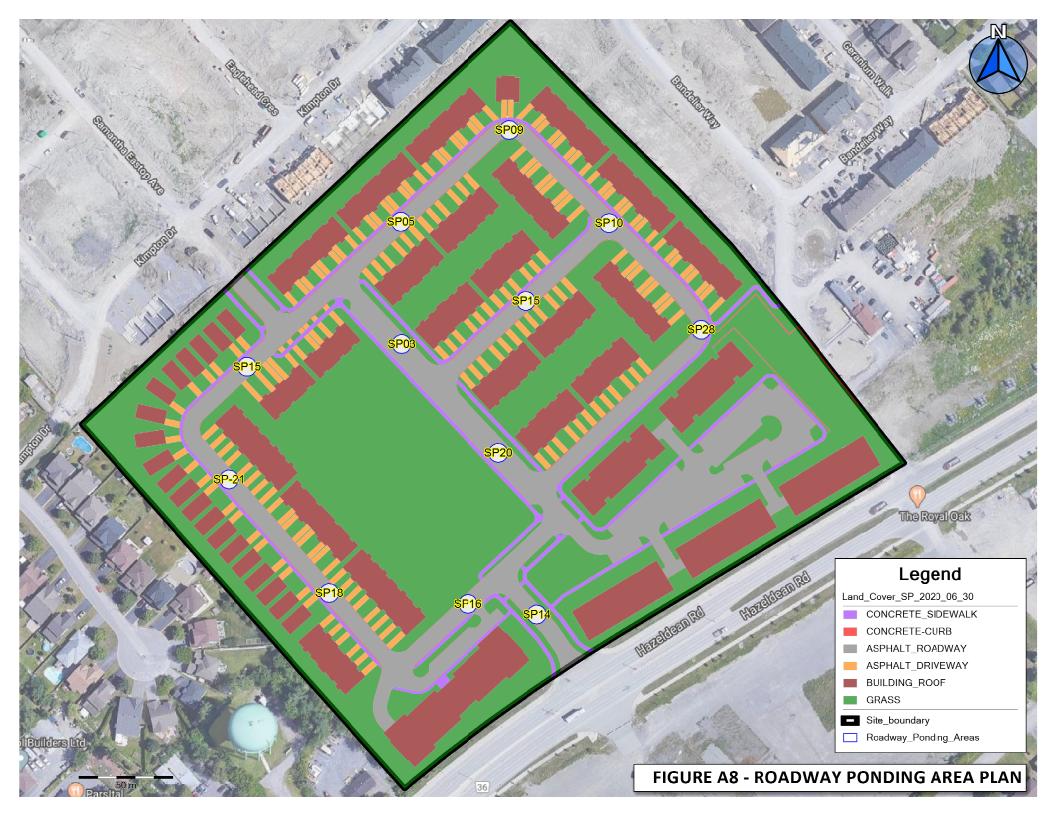




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# **Appendix B – Water Servicing Tables**

Table B1 – Water Demand Chart
Table B2 – Summary of Required Fire Flows (RFF) for 6171 Hazeldean Road
Table B3 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Singles
Table B4 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Townhome (6 Towns)
Table B5 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Townhome (8 Towns)
Table B6 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building A
Table B6 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building B
Table B7 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building C
Table B8 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building D
Table B9 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building E
Table B10 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building F (Mixed Use)

## TABLE B1

WA	IFKI	JEIVIA	NDC	.HAKI

Project No: Designed by: Checked By:	6171 Hazeldean Rd       OTT-00258780       J.Fitzpatrick       B Thomas       July 2020       350     L/cap/day       5.0     L/m²/day								Population Single Fami Semi-Detah Duplex Townhome Bachelor Ap 1 Bedroom 2 Bedroom 3 Bedroom 4 Bedroom Avg. Apartn	ly (Row) partmer Apartm Apartm Apartm Apartm	nt ient ient		3.4 2.7 2.3 2.7 1.4 1.4 2.1 3.1 4.1 1.8	person/un person/un person/un person/un person/un person/un person/un person/un	it it it it it it it					*€	ex	0.			
			1	No. of Re	esident	tial Uni	ts					Re		al Dema king	nds in (L/s	ec)				nercial king			Total I	Demands	(L/sec)
	Sing	gles/Sen	nis/Tow	ns			Apartr	nents						tors g Day)						tors g Day)					
Proposed Buildings	Single Familty	Semi- Detached	Duplex	Townhome	Studio	1 Bedroom	2 Bedroom	3 Bedroom	4 Bedroom	Avg Apt.	Total Persons (pop)	Avg. Day Demand (L/day)	Max Day	Peak Hour	Max Day Demand (L/day)	Peak Hour Demand (L/day)	Area (m²)	Avg Demand (L/day)	Max Day	Peak Hour	Max Day Demand (L/day)	Peak Hour Demand (L/day)	Avg Day (L/s)	Max Day (L/s)	Max Hour (L/s)
				10							007.4	100 500	0.50	0	004 475	707.045		4 700 5	1.50	0.70	7.005.05	10 750			0.00
J-1 J-2	4			18 12		89	86				367.4 80.0	128,590 28,000	2.50 2.50	5.50 5.50	321,475 70,000	707,245	944.7	4,723.5	1.50	2.70	7,085.25	12,753	1.54 0.32	3.80 0.81	8.33 1.78
J-3	2			12							36.5	12,775	2.50	5.50	31,938	70,263							0.32	0.81	0.81
J-4	2			20							54.0	18,900	2.50	5.50	47,250	103.950							0.13	0.55	1.20
J-5		2		25							72.9	25,515	2.50	5.50	63,788	140,333							0.30	0.74	1.62
J-6				30							81.0	28,350	2.50	5.50	70,875	155,925							0.33	0.82	1.80
J-7				14							37.8	13,230	2.50	5.50	33,075	72,765							0.15	0.38	0.84
J-8				7							18.9	6,615	2.50	5.50	16,538	36,383							0.08	0.19	0.42
J-9				15							40.5	14,175	2.50	5.50	35,438	77,963							0.16	0.41	0.90
J-10																									
J-11						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970							0.26	0.65	1.43
J-12						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970							0.26	0.65	1.43
J-13						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970							0.26	0.65	1.43
J-14						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970	ļ			ļ		ļ	0.26	0.65	1.43
J-15						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970				<u> </u>			0.26	0.65	1.43
J-16																				<u> </u>					
J-17														L					L	<u> </u>					
J-18																	l			<u> </u>		<del> </del>			
Total =	20	2		152		169	186				1,111	388,850			972,125	2,138,675	945			1	I		4.56	11.33	24.90

TABLE B2 Summary of Required Fire Flows (RFF) for 6171 Hazeldean Road

Type of Resdential	Reference Table	Requried Fire Flow (L/s)
Singles	TABLE B2	117
Townhomes (6 Units)	TABLE B3	167
Townhomes (8 Units)	TABLE B4	183
Building A	TABLE B5	233
Building B	TABLE B6	233
Building C	TABLE B7	233
Building D	TABLE B8	250
Building E	TABLE B9	217
Building F (Mixed Use)	TABLE B10	183

#### TABLE B3 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 Building # / Type: Singles

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in  $m^2$  (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade) C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Fire Flow Total Multiplier Value Used Task Options Input (L/min) Wood Frame 1.5 Ordinary Construction 1 **Choose Building** 1.5 Wood Frame Non-combustible Frame (C) 0.8 Construction Fire Resistive Construction 0.6 Area % Use Area Used Input Building Floor Floor 2 121.6 100% 121.6 243.2 m<sup>2</sup> Areas (A) Floor 1 1009 121.6 121.6 Basement 0 0 Fire Flow (F) F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A) 5.146 5,000 Fire Flow (F) Rounded to nearest 1,000

#### Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier			Input							Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
	Non-combustible		-25%										
Choose	Limited Combustible		-15%	0									
Combustibility of	Combustible		0%				Limited	l Combustib	le		-15%	-750	4,250
Building Contents	Free Burning		15%										
	Rapid Burning		25%	)									
	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13		-30%	6			No	Sprinkler			0%	0	4,250
	No Sprinkler		0%				110	oprinkici			070	ů	4,200
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System		-10%	, 0	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable							0	4,250
System	<b>Not</b> Standard Water Supply or Unavailable		0%										
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System		-10%	0		N	ot Fully S		0%	0	4,250		
	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		0%				ot runy s		070	0	4,200		
		_				Exposed Wall Length							
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separ- ation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposing Wall type	Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length- height Factor	Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)	Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
	Side 1	2.4	1	0 to 3	Type A	16	2	32	1B	23%			
	Side 2	2.4	1	0 to 3	Type A	16	2	32	1B	23%	66%	2,805	7,055
	Front	24.4	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	7.6	2	15.2	4A	8%	00%	2,005	7,055
	Back	15.48	3	10.1 to 20	Туре А	7.6	2	15.2	3A	12%			
							Tot	al Required	Fire Flow, Ro	ounded to th	ne Nearest 1	1,000 L/min =	7,000
Obtain Required			Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =								117		
Fire Flow	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BU								JLLETIN IS	TB-2018-02	2", (yes/no) =	No	
							Tota	al Required F	Fire Flow (RF	F). If RFF	< 167 use F	RFF (L/sec) =	117
Exposure Charges for Type A Type B Type C Type D	Exposing Walls of Wood Fran Wood-Frame or non-conbustil Ordinary or fire-resisitve with u Ordinary or fire-resisitve with s	ole nprotecteo emi-proteo	d opening cted open	js	<u>))</u>								

Type D Ordinary or fire-resisitve with blank wall

#### Conditons for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

## TABLE B4 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 Building # / Type: Townhomes (6 Units)

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in m<sup>2</sup> (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade) C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier		Input		Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)		
	Wood Frame	1.5							
Choose Building	Ordinary Construction	1							
Frame (C)	Non-combustible Construction	0.8		Wood Frar	ne	1.5			
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6							
	Floor 3		Area	% Used	Area Used				
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Floor 2		582.8	100%	582.8	1165.6 m <sup>2</sup>			
Areas (A)	Floor 1			100%	582.8				
	Basement (At least 50% bel	ow grade, not included)	582.8	0%	0				
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)								
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000	11,000							

## Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options		Multiplier			Input					Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
	Non-combustible		-25%										
Choose	Limited Combustible		-15%	)									
Combustibility of Building Contents	Combustible		0%				Limited	Combustib	le		-15%	-1,650	9,350
Building Contents	Free Burning		15%										
	Rapid Burning Adequate Sprinkler		25%										
	Conforms to NFPA13		-30%	0			No	Sprinkler			0%	0	9,350
	No Sprinkler		0%										
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System		-10%	5		Not Stan	dard Wat	er Supply or	<sup>.</sup> Unavailable		0%	0	9,350
System	<b>Not</b> Standard Water Supply or Unavailable		0%										
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System		-10%	5		N	ot Fully S	upervised o	r N/A		0%	0	9,350
	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		0%										
		0					E	kposed Wall	Length				
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separ- ation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposing Wall type	Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length- height Factor	Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)	Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
	Side 1	8.1	2	3.1 to 10	Туре А	14.8	2	29.6	2A	17%			
	Side 2	2.4	1	0 to 3	Type A	14.8	2	29.6	1A	22%	62%	5,797	15,147
	Front	26.6	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	37.9	2	75.8	4C	9%	0270	0,101	10,147
	Back	15.3	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	37.9	2	75.8	3C	14%			
							Tota	al Required	Fire Flow, Ro				15,000
Obtain Required												RFF), L/sec =	250
Fire Flow	Can	the Total	Fire Flo	w be Capped	at 10,000 L	/min (16	· · · ·						Yes
		Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =									167		
Туре А Туре В	Exposing Walls of Wood Fran Wood-Frame or non-conbustil Ordinary or fire-resisitve with u	ole nprotecteo	d opening	s	<u>)</u>								
Туре С Туре D	Ordinary or fire-resisitve with s Ordinary or fire-resisitve with b	•	cted open	ings									

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

## TABLE B5 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 Building # / Type: Townhomes (8 Units)

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in m<sup>2</sup> (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade) C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier		Input		Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)		
	Wood Frame	1.5							
Choose Building	Ordinary Construction	1							
Frame (C)	Non-combustible Construction	0.8		Wood Fram	1.5				
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6							
	Floor 3		Area	% Used	Area Used				
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Floor 2		773.6	50%	386.8	773.6 m <sup>2</sup>			
Areas (A)	Floor 1		773.6	50%	386.8				
	Basement (At least 50% bel	ow grade, not included)	773.6	0%	0				
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)								
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000								

### Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options		Multipl	ier				Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
	Non-combustible		-25%										
Choose	Limited Combustible		-15%	)									
Combustibility of	Combustible		0%				Limited		-15%	-1,350	7,650		
Building Contents	Free Burning		15% 25%										
	Rapid Burning												
	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13		-30% 0%				No	Sprinkler			0%	0	7,650
	No Sprinkler		0%										
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler	and for Sprinkler System					Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable 0%							7,650
System	<b>Not</b> Standard Water Supply or Unavailable		0%										
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System		-10%	)		N	ot Fully S	upervised o	r N/A		0%	0	7.650
	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		0%				or runy s	uper riseu o			0,0	Ĵ	1,000
							E	kposed Wall	Length				
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separ- ation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposing Wall type	Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length- height Factor	Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)	Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
Exposure Distance	Side 1	27.0	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	14.8	2	29.6	4A	8%			
	Side 2	0	1	0 to 3			Fire W	all		10%	41%	3,137	10,787
	Front	27.8	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	48	2	96	4D	10%	4170	3,137	10,707
	Back	10.1	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	29.6	2	59.2	3B	13%			
							Tota	al Required	Fire Flow, Ro	ounded to th	ne Nearest	1,000 L/min =	11,000
Obtain Required									Tota	al Required	Fire Flow (F	RFF), L/sec =	183
Fire Flow	Can	the Total	Fire Flov	w be Capped	at 10,000 L	./min (167	' L/sec) b	ased on "TE	CHNCAL BL	JLLETIN IS	TB-2018-02	2", (yes/no) =	No
							Tota	al Required F	Fire Flow (RF	F). If RFF	< 167 use F	RFF (L/sec) =	183
Exposure Charges for Type A	Exposing Walls of Wood Fran Wood-Frame or non-conbusti		ruction (f	rom Table G5	<u>)</u>				× *				
Туре А Туре В Туре С	Ordinary or fire-resisitve with u Ordinary or fire-resisitve with s	Inprotected											

Ordinary or fire-resisitve with blank wall

# Type D

Conditons for Separation									
Separation Dist Condition									
0m to 3m	1								
3.1m to 10m	2								
10.1m to 20m	3								
20.1m to 30m	4								
30.1m to 45m	5								

6

> 45.1m

## TABLE B6 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 Building # / Type: Building A

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in m<sup>2</sup> (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade) C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier		Input		Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)		
	Wood Frame	1.5							
Choose Building	Ordinary Construction	1							
Frame (C)	Non-combustible Construction	0.8	Ord	nary Cons	truction	1			
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6							
			Area	% Used	Area Used				
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Fl	oor 3	1108	100%	1108	3324.0 m <sup>2</sup>			
Areas (A)	FI	por 2	1108	100%	1108				
	Fl	oor 1	1108	100%	1108				
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)								
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000								

### Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options		Multiplier					Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
	Non-combustible		-25%										
Choose	Limited Combustible		-15%										
Combustibility of	Combustible		0% 15%				Limited	l Combustib	le		-15%	-1,950	11,050
Building Contents	Free Burning												
	Rapid Burning Adequate Sprinkler		25%										
	Conforms to NFPA13		-30%	, D			No	Sprinkler			0%	0	11.050
	No Sprinkler		0%					oprinci			0,0	ů	,000
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler	<b>Standard</b> Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	andard Water Supply for er Department Hose Line d for Sprinkler System ot Standard Water pply or Unavailable Illy Supervised Sprinkler stem					dard Wat	er Supply or	Unavailable		0% 0	0	11,050
System	<b>Not</b> Standard Water Supply or Unavailable												
	System						ot Fully S		0%	0	11,050		
	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		0%				or runy o	aper rised o				,	
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separ- ation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposing Wall type	Length (m)	E: No of Storeys	Length- height Factor	Length Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)	Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
Exposure Distance	Side 1	11.6	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	21	2	42	3B	13%			
	Side 2	50	6	> 45.1	Type A	0	3	0	6	0%	28%	2 004	
	Front	25.3	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	52.9	2	105.8	4D	10%	28%	3,094	14,144
	Back	32.5	5	30.1 to 45	Type A	52.9	3	158.7	5E	5%			
							Tot	al Required	Fire Flow, Ro	ounded to the	ne Nearest	1,000 L/min =	14,000
Obtain Required									Tota	I Required	Fire Flow (F	RFF), L/sec =	233
Fire Flow	Can	the Total	l Fire Flo	w be Capped	at 10,000 L	./min (16	' L/sec) b	ased on "TE	CHNCAL BL	ILLETIN IS	TB-2018-02	2", (yes/no) =	No
		Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =								233			
Exposure Charges for Type A Type B Type C Type D	Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5) Wood-Frame or non-conbustible Ordinary or fire-resistive with unprotected openings Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings Ordinary or fire-resistive with blank wall												

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

## TABLE B7 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 Building # / Type: Building B

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in m<sup>2</sup> (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade) C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier		Input		Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)		
	Wood Frame	1.5							
Choose Building	Ordinary Construction	1							
Frame (C)	Non-combustible Construction	0.8	Or	dinary Cons	truction	1			
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6							
			Area	% Used	Area Used				
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Flo	oor 3	1108	100%	1108	3324.0 m <sup>2</sup>			
Areas (A)	Flo	Floor 2		Floor 2		100%	1108		
	Flo	oor 1	1108	100%	1108				
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)								
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000								

## Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options		Multiplier					Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
	Non-combustible		-25%										
Choose	Limited Combustible		-15%	D									
Combustibility of	Combustible		0%				Limited	Combustib	le		-15%	-1,950	11,050
Building Contents	Free Burning		15%										
	Rapid Burning		25%										
	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13		-30%	, D			No	Sprinkler			0%	0	11,050
	No Sprinkler		0%										
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System		-10%	Ď	1	Not Stan	dard Wat	er Supply or	Unavailable		0%	0	11,050
System	<b>Not</b> Standard Water Supply or Unavailable		0%										
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System		-10%	D		N	ot Fully S		0%	0	11,050		
	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		0%				ot runy 5					0	11,000
						Exposed Wall Length							
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separ- ation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposing Wall type	Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length- height Factor	Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)	Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
Expectic Picture	Side 1	32.1	5	30.1 to 45	Type A	21.0	2	42	5B	5%			
	Side 2	11.6	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	21.0	3	63	3C	14%	29%	3,205	14,255
	Front	27	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	52.9	2	105.8	4D	10%	29%	3,205	14,255
	Back	50.1	6	> 45.1	Type A	52.9	3	158.7	6	0%			
							Tota	al Required	Fire Flow, Ro	unded to th	ne Nearest	1,000 L/min =	14,000
Obtain Required									Tota	I Required	Fire Flow (F	RFF), L/sec =	233
Fire Flow	Can	the Total	Fire Flo	w be Capped	at 10,000 L	/min (16 <sup>-</sup>	7 L/sec) b	ased on "TE	CHNCAL BL	ILLETIN IS	TB-2018-02	", (yes/no) =	No
			Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use							< 167 use F	RFF (L/sec) =	233	
Exposure Charges for	Exposing Walls of Wood Fran	me Const	ruction (f	rom Table G5	)				×				
Туре А Туре В Туре С	Wood-Frame or non-conbustible Ordinary or fire-resisitve with unprotected openings Ordinary or fire-resisitve with semi-protected openings												
Type D	Ordinary or fire-resisitve with b	lank wall		-									

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

## TABLE B8 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 Building # / Type: Building C

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in m<sup>2</sup> (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade) C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier		Input		Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)				
	Wood Frame	1.5									
Choose Building Frame (C)	Ordinary Construction	1									
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8	Or	dinary Cons	truction	1					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6									
			Area	% Used	Area Used						
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Flo	oor 3	1108	100%	1108	3324.0 m <sup>2</sup>					
Areas (A)	Flo	oor 2	1108	100%	1108						
	Flo	oor 1	1108	100%	1108						
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						12,684				
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000	ounded to nearest 1,000									

## Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options		Multipl	lier				Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
	Non-combustible		-25%										
Choose	Limited Combustible		-15%	, 0									
Combustibility of	Combustible		0%				Limited	l Combustib	le		-15%	-1,950	11,050
Building Contents	Free Burning		15%										
	Rapid Burning		25%	)									
	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13		-30%				No	Sprinkler			0%	0	11,050
	No Sprinkler		0%										
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler	<b>Standard</b> Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System		-10%	, 0		Not Stan	dard Wat	0%	0	11,050			
System	<b>Not</b> Standard Water Supply or Unavailable		0%										
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System		-10%	0		N	ot Fully S	upervised o		0%	0	11.050	
	Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%					or runy s	uper viseu o			0,0	Ŭ	11,000
		Exposed Wall Length											
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separ- ation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposing Wall type	Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length- height Factor	Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)	Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
Exposure Distance	Side 1	11.5	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	21.0	3	63	3C	14%			
	Side 2	28.7	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	8.9	9	80.1	4C	9%	28%	2.004	14,144
	Front	32.5	5	30.1 to 45	Type A	52.9	2	105.8	5D	5%	28%	3,094	14,144
	Back	50	6	> 45.1	Type A	0	3	0	6	0%			
							Tota	al Required	Fire Flow, Ro	ounded to th	ne Nearest	1,000 L/min =	14,000
Obtain Required									Tota	al Required	Fire Flow (F	RFF), L/sec =	233
Fire Flow	Can	the Total	Fire Flo	w be Capped	at 10,000 L	/min (16	' L/sec) b	ased on "TE	CHNCAL BU	JLLETIN IS	TB-2018-02	", (yes/no) =	No
							Tota	al Required F	Fire Flow (RF	F). If RFF	< 167 use F	RFF (L/sec) =	233
Exposure Charges for Type A Type B Type C	Exposing Walls of Wood Fran Wood-Frame or non-conbustil Ordinary or fire-resisitve with u Ordinary or fire-resisitve with s	ole inprotecte	d opening cted open	js	0								

Type D Ordinary or fire-resisitive with semi-protected Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

## TABLE B9 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 Building # / Type: Building D

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in m<sup>2</sup> (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade) C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier		Input		Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)				
	Wood Frame	1.5									
Choose Building Frame (C)	Ordinary Construction	1									
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8	Or	dinary Cons	truction	1					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6									
			Area	% Used	Area Used						
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Flo	oor 3	1108	100%	1108	3324.0 m <sup>2</sup>					
Areas (A)	Flo	oor 2	1108	100%	1108						
	Flo	oor 1	1108	100%	1108						
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						12,684				
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000	ounded to nearest 1,000									

## Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options		Multipl	lier				Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
	Non-combustible		-25%										
Choose	Limited Combustible		-15%										
Combustibility of	Combustible		0%				Limited	l Combustib	le		-15%	-1,950	11,050
Building Contents	Free Burning		15%										
	Rapid Burning		25%	)									
	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13		-30%	, 0			No	Sprinkler			0%	0	11,050
	No Sprinkler		0%			No Sprinkler							11,000
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System		-10%	6		Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable						0	11,050
System	<b>Not</b> Standard Water Supply or Unavailable		0%										
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System		-10%	6		N	ot Fully S	upervised o		0%	0	11.050	
Ī	Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%				IN .	ot i uliy 5	uperviseu o			070	0	11,000
							E	xposed Wall	Length				
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separ- ation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposing Wall type	Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length- height Factor	Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)	Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
Exposure Distance	Side 1	11.5	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	21.0	3	63	3C	14%			
	Side 2	11.5	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	21.0	3	63	3C	14%	33%	3,647	14,697
	Front	36.9	5	30.1 to 45	Type A	52.9	2	105.8	5D	5%	33%	3,047	14,097
	Back	50	6	> 45.1	Type A	0	3	0	6	0%			
							Tot	al Required	Fire Flow, Ro	ounded to th	ne Nearest 1	1,000 L/min =	15,000
Obtain Required									Tota	al Required	Fire Flow (F	RFF), L/sec =	250
Fire Flow	Can	the Total	Fire Flo	w be Capped	at 10,000 L	./min (16	' L/sec) b	ased on "TE	CHNCAL BL	JLLETIN IS	TB-2018-02	?", (yes/no) =	No
							Tota	al Required F	Fire Flow (RF	F). If RFF	< 167 use F	RFF (L/sec) =	250
Exposure Charges for Type A Type B Type C Type D	Exposing Walls of Wood Fran Wood-Frame or non-conbustil Ordinary or fire-resisitve with u Ordinary or fire-resisitve with s Ordinary or fire-resisitve with s	ole inprotecteo emi-proteo	d opening cted open	js	<u>)</u>								

Type D Ordinary or fire-resisitve with blank wall

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

## TABLE B10 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 Building # / Type: Building E

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in m<sup>2</sup> (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade) C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier		Input		Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)				
	Wood Frame	1.5									
Choose Building Frame (C)	Ordinary Construction	1									
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8	Or	dinary Cons	truction	1					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6									
			Area	% Used	Area Used						
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Flo	oor 3	1108	100%	1108	3324.0 m <sup>2</sup>					
Areas (A)	Flo	oor 2	1108	100%	1108						
	Flo	oor 1	1108	100%	1108						
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						12,684				
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000	ounded to nearest 1,000									

## Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options		Multipl	ier				Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
	Non-combustible		-25%										
Choose	Limited Combustible		-15%	)									
Combustibility of Building Contents	Combustible		0%				Limited	l Combustib	le		-15%	-1,950	11,050
Building Contents	Free Burning		15% 25%										
	Rapid Burning Adequate Sprinkler				1								
	Conforms to NFPA13		-30%	b			No	Sprinkler			0%	0	11.050
	No Sprinkler		0%					-	-	,			
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System		-10%	5		Not Stan	dard Wat	0%	0	11,050			
System	<b>Not</b> Standard Water Supply or Unavailable		0%										
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System		-10%			N	ot Fully S		0%	0	11,050		
	Not Fully Supervised or N/A N/A 0%												
		•					E	xposed Wall	Length				
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separ- ation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposing Wall type	Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length- height Factor	Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)	Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
	Side 1	11.5	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	21.0	3	63	3C	14%			
	Side 2	50	6	> 45.1	Туре А	0.0	3	0	6	0%	14%	1,547	12,597
	Front	50.4	6	> 45.1	Type A	52.9	2	105.8	6	0%	1470	1,047	12,007
	Back	50	6	> 45.1	Туре А	0	3	0	6	0%			
							Tot	al Required	Fire Flow, Ro				13,000
Obtain Required												RFF), L/sec =	217
Fire Flow	Can	the Total	Fire Flo	w be Capped	at 10,000 L	/min (167	,					?", (yes/no) =	No
							Tota	al Required F	Fire Flow (RF	F). If RFF	< 167 use F	RFF (L/sec) =	217
<b>Exposure Charges for</b> Type A Type B	Exposing Walls of Wood Fran Wood-Frame or non-conbustil Ordinary or fire-resisitve with u	ole			<u>))</u>								
Type C	Ordinary or fire-resisitve with s		cted open	ings									
Туре D	Ordinary or fire-resisitve with b	lank wall											

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

#### TABLE B11 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 Building # / Type: Building F (Mixed Use)

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute A = total floor area in m<sup>2</sup> (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)

C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier		Input		Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame Ordinary Construction Non-combustible Construction Fire Resistive Construction	1.5 1 0.8 0.6	Non-cor	nbustible	Construction	0.8	
			Area	% Used	Area Used		
	Fl	oor 9	1327	50%	663.5		
	Fl	oor 8	1327	50%	663.5		
	F	oor 7	1327	50%	663.5		
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Fl	oor 6	1327	50%	663.5	8863.5 m <sup>2</sup>	
Alcus (A)	Fl	1327	50%	663.5			
	Fl	oor 4	1327	50%	663.5		
	Fl	oor 3	1953	50%	976.5		
	Fl	oor 2	1953	100%	1953		
		oor 1	1953	100%	1953		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						16,570
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						17,000

FILE FILW (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000	
Reductions/Increas	es Due to Factors Effecting Burning	

Building Contents     Free Burning     15%       Adequate Sprinkler     -30%     Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13     -30%     -4,33       Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler     Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line     -10%     Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for System     -10%     -1.44       Not Standard Water System     Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable     0%     Fully Supervised Sprinkler Supply or Unavailable     -10%     -1.44       Not Fully Supervised Sprinkler System     Not Fully Supervised Sprinkler Supply or Inavailable     0%     Fully Supervised Sprinkler System     -10%     -1.44       Not Fully Supervised Sprinkler System     Separi- ation Dist aton Dist aton No Fully Supervised Sprinkler System     -10%     Fully Supervised Sprinkler System     -10%     -1.44       No Fully Supervised Sprinkler Storey     Separi- ation Dist aton Storey     Separi- storey     -10%     -1.44       No Fully Supervised Sprinkler Storey     Supply     -10%     -1.44     -1.0%     -1.44       No Fully Supervised Sprinkler Storey     Supply     -10%     -1.44     -1.0%     -1.44       No Fully Supervised Sprinkler Storey     Supply     -10%     -1.44     -1.0%     -1.44       No Fully Supervised Sprinkler Storey     Supply     -10%     -1.44     -1.0%     -1.44       No F	Task	Options		Multipl	ier				Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Combustibility of Building Contents     Combustible     0%     Limited Combustible     -15%     -2.55       Rapid Burning     25%     -30%     Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13     -30%     -4.32       Choose Reduction Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System     0%     Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System     -10%     Standard Water Supply for Supply or Unavailable     -10%     -1.0% <td< td=""><td>No</td><td>on-combustible</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	No	on-combustible												
Building Contents       Free Burning       15%         Adequate Sprinkler       -30%       Adequate Sprinkler       -30%         Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler       -30%       Adequate Sprinkler       -30%         No Sprinkler       -30%       Adequate Sprinkler       -30%         Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System       -10%       Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Supply or Unavailable       -10%         Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable       0%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler System       -10%       -1.44         Not Fully Supervised or NVA       0%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler System       -10%       -1.44         Standard Water Supply or Unavailable       0%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler System       -10%       -1.44         No Fully Supervised or NVA       0%       Separation Condition       Exposing Condition       Length Height Storey       Supply Factor       Condition Condition       Condition       Condition       Condition       Charge (%)       Charge (%) <td< td=""><td>Choose Lin</td><td>mited Combustible</td><td></td><td>-15%</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Choose Lin	mited Combustible		-15%										
Rajd Stimular     25%       Adequate Sprinkler     -30%       Choose Reduction     Standard Water Supply for       Fire Department Hose Line     -10%       Standard Water System     -10%       Not Sprinkler System     -10%       System     -10%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler     -10%       System     -10%       Vot Fully Supervised Sprinkler     -10%       System     -10%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler     -10%       Side 1     15.8       Side 1     15.8       Side 2     2.8       Side 1     15.8       Side 2     2.8       Ad 201to 30     Type A       Obtain Required     1000 Lits 00       Total Required Fire Flow Reducted openings       Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 uas RFF (Lits 00)	mbustibility of Co	ombustible		0%				Limited	l Combustib		-15%	-2,550	14,450	
Rapid Burning         25%           Adequate Sprinkler         -30%           Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System         Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System         -10%           Not Standard Water System         Standard Water Supply or Unavailable         0%           Not Standard Water System         0%           Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable         0%           Supply or Unavailable         0%           Standard Water Supply or Unavailable         0%           Supply or Unavailable         0%           Standard Water Supply for (m)         Supply for Supply for Fire Department Hose Line (m)	Iding Contents Fre	ree Burning		15%										
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System     Conforms to NFPA13    30%     -4,33       Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System     -10%     -1.44       Not Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System     -10%     -1.44       Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable     0%     -10%     -1.44       Not Standard Water System     0%     -1.44     -10%     -1.44       Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable     0%     -1.44     -1.0%     -1.44       Not Fully Supervised Sprinkler Not Fully Supervised Sprinkler No Fully Supervised Sprinkler No A     -1.44     -1.44       Choose Structure Exposure Distance     Separ- alion Unit     0%     Exposing Condition     Exposing Condition     Fully Supervised Sprinkler Storeys     Total Factor     Total Condition     Total Exposing Condition     -1.44       Obtain Required Fire Flow     15.8     3     10.1 to 20     Type A     10.8     3     3.2.4     3.8     13%       Obtain Required Fire Flow     29.2     4     20.1 to 30     Type A     0.3     0     6     0%       Total Required Fire Flow, Reunded to the Nearest 1.000 L/r Total Required Fire Flow, REF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/st Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/st Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/st Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/st Total Req														
No. Sprinkler         0%           Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System         Standard Water Supply for and for Sprinkler System         -10%         -1.44           Not Standard Water System         Not Standard Water System         0%         -1.44         -1.0%         -1.44           Choose Structure Exposure Distance         Standard Water System         0%         -1.0%         -1.44           Choose Structure Exposure Distance         Exposures         0%         -10%         -1.44           Choose Structure Exposure Distance         Separation Dist Gide 1         0.0         Separation Conditon         Exposing Wall type         Length (m)         -10%         -1.44           Obtain Required Fire Flow         Side 1         15.8         3         10.1 to 20         Type A         10.8         3         3.2.4         3.8         13%         2.9%         4.19           Obtain Required Fire Flow         Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (sein Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). Lf. BFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF <				-30%			Adequa	te Sprinkl		-30%	-4,335	10,115		
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System       Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System       -10%       Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System       -10%       -1.44         Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable       0%       -10%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler System       -10%       -1.44         Not Fully Supervised Sprinkler System       -10%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler System       -10%       -1.44         Choose Structure Exposure Distance       Separ- ation Dist       0%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler System       -10%       -1.44         Side 1       15.8       3       10.1 to 20       Type A       10.8       3       3.2.4       3B       13%         Side 2       28.7       4       20.1 to 30       Type A       0.0       3       0       4A       8%       29%       4, 19         Obtain Required Front       29.2       4       20.1 to 30       Type A       2.0.6       2       59.2       4B       8%       29%       4, 19         Obtain Required Free Flow       Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10.000 L/min (167 Lisec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yearin Total Required Fire Flow, REF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (Use Separation Dist       Condition or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings Type D       Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openin			prinkler 0%											
Supply or Unavailable     U%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler     -10%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler System     -10%       Not Fully Supervised or N/A     0%       Exposures     Separ- ation Dist     Condition     Separation Condition     Fully Supervised Sprinkler System     -10%       Choose Structure     Exposures     Separ- ation Dist     Condition     Separation Condition     Exposing Wail type     Exposed Wall Length       Side 1     15.8     3     10.1 to 20     Type A     10.8     3     32.4     3B     13%       Side 2     28.7     4     20.1 to 30     Type A     0.0     3     0     4A     8%       Back     50     6     > 45.1     Type A     0     3     0     6     0%       Obtain Required Fire Flow     Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Type D       Condition fire-resisitive with uprotected openings Type D     Ordinary or fi	oose Reduction	re Department Hose Line hd for Sprinkler System -10% Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System									-10%	-1,445	8,670	
System     -10%       Not Fully Supervised or N/A     0%       Fully Supervised Sprinkler System     -10%       Length     N/A       Exposures     Separ- ation Dist (m)     0%       Exposures     Separ- ation Dist (m)     Separation Conditon     Exposing Wall type     Length- (m)     Sub- Storeys     Charge Conditon     Total Charge (%)     Total Charge (%)       Side 1     15.8     3     10.1 to 20     Type A     10.8     3     32.4     3B     13% (M)       Side 2     28.7     4     20.1 to 30     Type A     0.0     3     0     4A     8% (M)     29%     4,19       Back     50     6     > 45.1     Type A     0     3     0     6     0%       Obtain Required Fire Flow     Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/m (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). L/s Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Type A     Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Type A       Type A     Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings Type C     Ordinary or fire-resistive with bunk wall       Conditions for Separation Dist     Condition for any or fire-resistive with blank wall       Conditions for Separation Dist     Condition 0       Stin to 3m     1	Su	upply or Unavailable	d Water											
Not       Not       No       Exposures       Separation Dist (m)       Separation Dist (m)       Exposing Conditon       Exposing Wall type       Length Length (m)       No of Storeys       Length Height Factor       Sub- Conditon       Charge (%)       Total Charge (%)       Total Charge (%)         Choose Structure Exposure Distance       Side 1       15.8       3       10.1 to 20       Type A       10.8       3       32.4       3B       13% 0       4A       8% 29%       29%       4,19         Back       50       6       >45.1       Type A       0.0       3       0       4A       8% 29%       29%       4,19         Obtain Required Fire Flow       Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). L/s Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Type A       No of fire-resisitive with unprotected openings Type C       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with seni-protected openings Type D       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall         Condition Sore       Condition       0       3       0       Condition       3       10       10       10         Type D       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall       Condition       Condition       Condition       Condition       Condition       Condition       Condition<	Sys	ystem	-10%	-1,445	7.225									
Choose Structure Exposure Distance         Exposures         Separ- alion (m)         Cond         Separation Condition         Exposing Wall type         Length (m)         Sub- Storey         Charge height Factor         Total Charge (%)         Total Charge (%) <td></td> <td colspan="11">A 0%</td> <td>, -</td> <td>, .</td>		A 0%											, -	, .
Exposures       ation Dist (m)       Cond       Separation Conditon       Exposing Wall type       Length (m)       No of Storeys       Length- height Factor       Sub- Conditon       Charge (%)       Total Charge (%)       Total Char Charge (%)			0					E	xposed Wal	l Length				
Side 1         15.8         3         10.1 to 20         Type A         10.8         3         32.4         3B         13%           Side 2         28.7         4         20.1 to 30         Type A         0.0         3         0         4A         8%         29%         4,19           Front         29.2         4         20.1 to 30         Type A         0.0         3         0         4A         8%         29%         4,19           Back         50         6         >45.1         Type A         0         3         0         6         0%         4,19           Obtain Required Fire Flow         Sounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETNI ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). L/s         Sounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETNI ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pase on "Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pase on "Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pase on "Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pase on "Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pase on "Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pase on "Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pase on "Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pase on "Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pase on "Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) Pa	Exposures ation Dist (m) Cond						-		height		-	Charge	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
Front       29.2       4       20.1 to 30       Type A       29.6       2       59.2       4B       8%       29%       4,19         Back       50       6       > 45.1       Type A       0       3       0       6       0%       4,19         Obtain Required Fire Flow       Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). L/s       Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec)         Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)       Type A       Wood-Frame or non-conbustible         Type A       Wood-Frame or non-conbustible       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with unprotected openings       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with semi-protected openings         Type C       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall       Condition         Conditions for Separation Dist       Condition       Om to 3m       1         Sin to 10m       2	Sic	ide 1	15.8	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	10.8	3	32.4	3B	13%			
Front       29.2       4       20.1 to 30       Type A       29.6       2       59.2       4B       8%       29%       4,19         Back       50       6       >45.1       Type A       0       3       0       6       0%       4,19         Obtain Required Fire Flow       Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). L/s       Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec)         Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)       Type A       Wood-Frame or non-conbustible         Type A       Wood-Frame or non-conbustible       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with unprotected openings       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with semi-protected openings         Type C       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall       Condition         Conditions for Separation Dist       Condition       Om to 3m       1         Sin to 10m       2	Sic	ide 2	28.7	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	0.0	3	0	4A	8%			
Back       50       6       > 45.1       Type A       0       3       0       6       0%         Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/m         Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/m         Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/m         Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/m         Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/s         Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/s         Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/s         Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)         Type A       Wood-Frame or non-conbustible         Type B       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with unprotected openings         Type C       Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall         Condition for Separation         Separation Dist       Condition         Om to 3m       1         3.1 m to 10m       2	Fre	ront	29.2	4	20.1 to 30		29.6	2	59.2	4B	8%	29%	4,191	11,416
Obtain Required         Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/m           Obtain Required         Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/m           Fire Flow         Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n           Total Required Fire Flow (RFF).         If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec)           Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)         Type A           Type A         Wood-Frame or non-conbustible         Type B           Type D         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with unprotected openings         Type D           Type D         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall         Condition           Condition 10st         Condition         Om to 3m         1           3.1m to 10m         2											-			
Obtain Required Fire Flow         Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/s           Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec)           Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)           Type A         Wood-Frame or non-conbustible           Type B         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with unprotected openings           Type D         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall           Conditions for Separation         Condition           Separation Dist         Condition           Om to 3m         1           3.1m to 10m         2	Da	dok	50	0	243.1	турел	0	-		-	• • •	he Meereet	1.000 L /min -	44.000
Fire Flow         Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/n Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec)           Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)         Type A         Wood-Frame or non-conbustible           Type B         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with unprotected openings         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with semi-protected openings           Type D         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall         Condition           Separation Dist         Condition           Om to 3m         1         3.1m to 10m         2								101	ai Required					11,000
Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)       Type A     Wood-Frame or non-conbustible       Type B     Ordinary or fire-resisitve with unprotected openings       Type D     Ordinary or fire-resisitve with blank wall														183
Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)           Type A         Wood-Frame or non-conbustible           Type B         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with unprotected openings           Type C         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with semi-protected openings           Type D         Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall           Conditons for Separation         Separation Dist           Condition         0m to 3m           1         3.1m to 10m	Fire Flow	Ca	n the Tota	al Fire Fl	ow be Cappe	d at 10,000	L/min (16	67 L/sec) l	based on "T	ECHNCAL B	ULLETIN IS	STB-2018-0	2", (yes/no) =	No
Type A     Wood-Frame or non-conbustible       Type B     Ordinary or fire-resisitive with unprotected openings       Type C     Ordinary or fire-resisitive with semi-protected openings       Type D     Ordinary or fire-resisitive with blank wall         Conditions for Separation       Separation Dist     Condition       0m to 3m     1       3.1m to 10m     2								Tot	al Required	Fire Flow (RI	FF). If RFF	< 167 use	RFF (L/sec) =	183
Separation Dist         Condition           0m to 3m         1           3.1m to 10m         2	A Wo B Orc C Orc	Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5) Wood-Frame or non-conbustible Ordinary or fire-resisitive with unprotected openings Ordinary or fire-resisitive with semi-protected openings												
0m to 3m 1 3.1m to 10m 2														
3.1m to 10m 2		ondition												
20.1m to 30m 4 30.1m to 45m 5														
30.1m to 45m 5 > 45.1m 6														

# **Appendix C – WaterGems Output Tables**

- Scenario 1A Result Tables (Peak Hour) Based on Single Feed from Connection #1
  - Junction Table
  - Pipe Table
  - Reservoir Table
- Scenario 1B Result Tables (Peak Hour) Based on Single Feed from Connection #1
  - Junction Table
  - Pipe Table
  - Reservoir Table
- Scenario 1C Result Tables (Max Day Plus Fire Flow) Based on Single Feed from Connection #1
  - Junction Table
  - Pipe Table
  - Reservoir Table
  - Fire Flow Report
- Scenario 2A Result Tables (Peak Hour) Based on Single Feed from Connection #2
  - Junction Table
  - Pipe Table
  - Reservoir Table
- Scenario 2B Result Tables (Peak Hour) Based on Single Feed from Connection #2
  - Junction Table
  - Pipe Table
  - Reservoir Table
- Scenario 2C Result Tables (Max Day Plus Fire Flow) Based on Single Feed from Connection #2
  - Junction Table
  - Pipe Table
  - Reservoir Table
  - Fire Flow Report

## 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Average Day - Boundary Conditon, Location 1 Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	1.54	122.19	160.69	54.7
J-02	0.32	119.69	160.69	58.2
J-03	0.15	118.67	160.69	59.6
J-04	0.22	118.45	160.69	60.0
J-05	0.30	117.43	160.69	61.4
J-06	0.33	117.02	160.69	62.0
J-07	0.15	118.88	160.69	59.4
J-08	0.08	119.76	160.69	58.1
J-09	0.16	117.12	160.69	61.8
J-10	0.00	120.76	160.69	56.7
J-11	0.26	117.40	160.69	61.5
J-12	0.26	117.30	160.69	61.6
J-13	0.26	118.62	160.69	59.7
J-14	0.26	119.10	160.69	59.0
J-15	0.26	119.20	160.69	58.9
J-16	0.00	119.76	160.69	58.1
J-17	0.00	118.80	160.69	59.5
J-18	0.00	120.40	160.70	57.2

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen- Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop)
								(m)	(m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	0.16	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-0.16	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	0.00	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	-0.31	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	-0.66	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	-1.11	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	-1.77	0.04	160.69	160.69
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	-2.85	0.06	160.69	160.69
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	-4.55	0.09	160.69	160.70
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	1.70	0.05	160.69	160.69
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	0.13	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	-0.17	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-0.30	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	0.22	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	-0.04	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	-0.30	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-0.56	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-0.82	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-1.08	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-0.58	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	-0.19	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	4.55	0.02	160.70	160.70
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

# 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Average Day - Boundary Conditon, Location 1 Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	160.70	<none></none>	4.55	160.70
R-2	160.70	<none></none>	(N/A)	(N/A)

# 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Peak Hour - Boundary Conditon, Location 1 Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	7.77	122.19	156.32	48.4
J-02	1.78	119.69	156.32	52.0
J-03	0.81	118.67	156.32	53.4
J-04	1.20	118.45	156.32	53.7
J-05	1.62	117.43	156.31	55.2
J-06	1.80	117.02	156.32	55.8
J-07	0.84	118.88	156.32	53.1
J-08	0.36	119.76	156.33	51.9
J-09	0.90	117.12	156.32	55.6
J-10	0.00	120.76	156.36	50.5
J-11	1.43	117.40	156.31	55.2
J-12	1.43	117.30	156.31	55.4
J-13	1.43	118.62	156.32	53.5
J-14	1.43	119.10	156.32	52.8
J-15	1.43	119.20	156.32	52.7
J-16	0.00	119.76	156.33	51.9
J-17	0.00	118.80	156.32	53.3
J-18	0.00	120.40	156.50	51.2

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen- Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop)
				()	ç			(m)	(m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	1.19	0.04	156.32	156.32
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-0.59	0.02	156.32	156.32
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	0.00	0.00	156.32	156.32
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	-1.40	0.03	156.32	156.32
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	-3.43	0.07	156.32	156.32
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	-5.93	0.12	156.32	156.33
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	-9.41	0.19	156.33	156.33
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	-15.27	0.31	156.33	156.36
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	-24.23	0.49	156.36	156.50
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	8.96	0.27	156.36	156.32
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	0.82	0.03	156.32	156.31
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	-0.80	0.02	156.31	156.32
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-1.66	0.05	156.32	156.32
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	1.28	0.04	156.32	156.31
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	-0.15	0.00	156.31	156.31
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	-1.58	0.05	156.31	156.32
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-3.01	0.09	156.32	156.32
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-4.44	0.14	156.32	156.32
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-5.87	0.18	156.32	156.33
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-3.12	0.10	156.32	156.33
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	-0.93	0.03	156.32	156.32
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	24.23	0.09	156.50	156.50
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

# 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Peak Hour - Boundary Conditon, Location 1 Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	156.50	<none></none>	24.23	156.50
R-2	156.30	<none></none>	(N/A)	(N/A)

## 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Max Day Plus Fire Flow - Boundary Conditon, Location 1 Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	3.80	122.19	160.66	54.6
J-02	0.81	119.69	160.65	58.1
J-03	0.37	118.67	160.66	59.6
J-04	0.55	118.45	160.66	59.9
J-05	0.74	117.43	160.65	61.4
J-06	0.82	117.02	160.66	61.9
J-07	0.38	118.88	160.66	59.3
J-08	0.19	119.76	160.66	58.1
J-09	0.41	117.12	160.66	61.8
J-10	0.00	120.76	160.67	56.6
J-11	0.65	117.40	160.66	61.4
J-12	0.65	117.30	160.66	61.5
J-13	0.64	118.62	160.66	59.7
J-14	0.65	119.10	160.66	59.0
J-15	0.65	119.20	160.66	58.8
J-16	0.00	119.76	160.66	58.1
J-17	0.00	118.80	160.66	59.4
J-18	0.00	120.40	160.70	57.2

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled)	Hazen- Williams	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade	Hydraulic Grade
				(m)	С			(Start) (m)	(Stop) (m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	0.43	0.01	160.66	160.65
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-0.38	0.01	160.65	160.66
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	0.00	0.00	160.66	160.66
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	-0.75	0.02	160.66	160.66
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	-1.63	0.03	160.66	160.66
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	-2.77	0.06	160.66	160.66
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	-4.39	0.09	160.66	160.66
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	-7.08	0.14	160.66	160.67
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	-11.31	0.23	160.67	160.70
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	4.23	0.13	160.67	160.66
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	0.33	0.01	160.66	160.65
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	-0.41	0.01	160.65	160.66
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-0.75	0.02	160.66	160.66
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	0.55	0.02	160.66	160.66
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	-0.10	0.00	160.66	160.66
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	-0.75	0.02	160.66	160.66
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-1.39	0.04	160.66	160.66
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-2.04	0.06	160.66	160.66
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-2.69	0.08	160.66	160.66
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-1.43	0.04	160.66	160.66
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	-0.47	0.01	160.66	160.66
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	11.31	0.04	160.70	160.70
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

# 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Max Day Plus Fire Flow - Boundary Conditon, Location 1 Fire Flow Report - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Fire Flow (Available) (L/s)	Flow (Total Needed) (L/s)	Flow (Total Available) (L/s)	Pressure (Calculated Residual) (psi)	Pressure (Calculated Zone Lower Limit) (psi)	Satisfies Fire Flow Constraints?
J-01	262.14	186.80	265.94	20.0	32.8	True
J-02	249.25	183.81	250.06	20.0	32.0	True
J-03	283.22	183.37	283.59	20.2	20.0	True
J-04	298.21	183.55	298.76	20.0	20.3	True
J-05	260.24	183.74	260.98	20.0	31.8	True
J-06	292.71	183.82	293.53	20.0	23.1	True
J-07	300.00	183.38	300.38	22.4	24.7	True
J-08	300.00	183.19	300.19	25.8	27.7	True
J-09	297.46	183.41	297.87	20.0	24.0	True
J-10	300.00	183.00	300.00	34.6	32.6	True
J-11	264.31	233.65	264.96	20.0	23.2	True
J-12	264.70	233.65	265.35	20.0	22.9	True
J-13	266.20	250.64	266.84	20.0	24.1	True
J-14	274.32	233.65	274.97	20.0	22.2	True
J-15	280.74	233.65	281.39	20.0	20.7	True
J-16	300.00	183.00	300.00	28.0	28.1	True
J-17	234.86	183.00	234.86	20.0	31.5	True
J-18	300.00	183.00	300.00	57.1	54.5	True

## Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	160.70	<none></none>	11.31	160.70
R-2	160.70	<none></none>	(N/A)	(N/A)

## 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Average Day - Boundary Conditon, Location 2 Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	1.54	122.19	160.69	54.7
J-02	0.32	119.69	160.69	58.2
J-03	0.15	118.67	160.69	59.7
J-04	0.22	118.45	160.69	60.0
J-05	0.30	117.43	160.69	61.4
J-06	0.33	117.02	160.69	62.0
J-07	0.15	118.88	160.69	59.4
J-08	0.08	119.76	160.69	58.1
J-09	0.16	117.12	160.69	61.8
J-10	0.00	120.76	160.69	56.7
J-11	0.26	117.40	160.69	61.5
J-12	0.26	117.30	160.69	61.6
J-13	0.26	118.62	160.69	59.7
J-14	0.26	119.10	160.69	59.0
J-15	0.26	119.20	160.69	58.9
J-16	0.00	119.76	160.69	58.1
J-17	0.00	118.80	160.70	59.5
J-18	0.00	120.40	160.69	57.2

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen- Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop)
				(11)	C			(m)	(stop) (m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	-1.03	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-1.35	0.04	160.69	160.69
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	-4.55	0.09	160.69	160.70
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	3.05	0.06	160.69	160.69
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	1.95	0.04	160.69	160.69
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	1.41	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	1.22	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	0.51	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	0.00	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	0.51	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	0.88	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	0.58	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-0.39	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	0.59	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	0.33	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	0.07	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-0.19	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-0.45	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-0.71	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-0.11	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	0.64	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	4.55	0.02	160.70	160.70

# 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Average Day - Boundary Conditon, Location 2 Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	160.70	<none></none>	(N/A)	(N/A)
R-2	160.70	<none></none>	4.55	160.70

# 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Peak Hour - Boundary Conditon, Location 2 Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	7.77	122.19	156.11	48.1
J-02	1.78	119.69	156.15	51.8
J-03	0.81	118.67	156.18	53.2
J-04	1.20	118.45	156.15	53.5
J-05	1.62	117.43	156.13	54.9
J-06	1.80	117.02	156.12	55.5
J-07	0.84	118.88	156.13	52.9
J-08	0.36	119.76	156.11	51.6
J-09	0.90	117.12	156.11	55.3
J-10	0.00	120.76	156.11	50.2
J-11	1.43	117.40	156.11	54.9
J-12	1.43	117.30	156.10	55.1
J-13	1.43	118.62	156.10	53.2
J-14	1.43	119.10	156.11	52.5
J-15	1.43	119.20	156.11	52.4
J-16	0.00	119.76	156.11	51.6
J-17	0.00	118.80	156.30	53.2
J-18	0.00	120.40	156.11	50.7

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled)	Hazen- Williams	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade	Hydraulic Grade
				(m)	С			(Start)	(Stop)
								(m)	(m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	-5.37	0.16	156.11	156.15
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-7.15	0.22	156.15	156.18
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	-24.23	0.49	156.18	156.30
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	16.27	0.33	156.18	156.15
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	10.37	0.21	156.15	156.13
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	7.42	0.15	156.13	156.11
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	6.35	0.13	156.11	156.11
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	2.40	0.05	156.11	156.11
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	0.00	0.00	156.11	156.11
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	2.40	0.07	156.11	156.11
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	4.70	0.14	156.15	156.13
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	3.08	0.09	156.13	156.12
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-2.11	0.06	156.12	156.13
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	3.20	0.10	156.11	156.11
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	1.77	0.05	156.11	156.10
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	0.34	0.01	156.10	156.10
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-1.09	0.03	156.10	156.11
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-2.52	0.08	156.11	156.11
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-3.95	0.12	156.11	156.11
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-0.71	0.02	156.11	156.11
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	3.39	0.10	156.12	156.11
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	24.23	0.09	156.30	156.30

# 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Peak Hour - Boundary Conditon, Location 2 Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	156.50	<none></none>	(N/A)	(N/A)
R-2	156.30	<none></none>	24.23	156.30

## 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Max Day Plus Fire Flow - Boundary Conditon, Location 2 Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	3.80	122.19	151.05	41.0
J-02	0.81	119.69	151.06	44.5
J-03	0.37	118.67	151.07	46.0
J-04	0.55	118.45	151.06	46.3
J-05	0.74	117.43	151.06	47.7
J-06	0.82	117.02	151.06	48.3
J-07	0.38	118.88	151.06	45.7
J-08	0.19	119.76	151.05	44.4
J-09	0.41	117.12	151.05	48.2
J-10	0.00	120.76	151.05	43.0
J-11	0.65	117.40	151.05	47.8
J-12	0.65	117.30	151.05	47.9
J-13	0.64	118.62	151.05	46.0
J-14	0.65	119.10	151.05	45.4
J-15	0.65	119.20	151.05	45.2
J-16	0.00	119.76	151.05	44.4
J-17	0.00	118.80	151.10	45.8
J-18	0.00	120.40	151.05	43.5

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen- Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop)
								(m)	(m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	-2.54	0.08	151.05	151.06
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-3.35	0.10	151.06	151.07
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	-11.31	0.23	151.07	151.10
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	7.59	0.15	151.07	151.06
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	4.85	0.10	151.06	151.06
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	3.50	0.07	151.06	151.05
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	3.03	0.06	151.05	151.05
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	1.26	0.03	151.05	151.05
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	0.00	0.00	151.05	151.05
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	1.26	0.04	151.05	151.05
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	2.19	0.07	151.06	151.06
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	1.45	0.04	151.06	151.06
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-0.97	0.03	151.06	151.06
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	1.47	0.04	151.05	151.05
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	0.82	0.03	151.05	151.05
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	0.17	0.01	151.05	151.05
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-0.47	0.01	151.05	151.05
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-1.12	0.03	151.05	151.05
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-1.77	0.05	151.05	151.05
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-0.28	0.01	151.05	151.05
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	1.60	0.05	151.06	151.05
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	11.31	0.04	151.10	151.10

# 6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON Max Day Plus Fire Flow - Boundary Conditon, Location 2 Fire Flow Report - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Fire Flow (Available) (L/s)	Flow (Total Needed) (L/s)	Flow (Total Available) (L/s)	Pressure (Calculated Residual) (psi)	Pressure (Calculated Zone Lower Limit) (psi)	Satisfies Fire Flow Constraints?
J-01	184.05	186.80	187.85	20.0	28.4	True
J-02	222.93	183.81	223.74	20.0	23.4	True
J-03	300.00	183.37	300.37	27.0	22.0	True
J-04	276.42	183.55	276.97	23.5	20.0	True
J-05	225.55	183.74	226.29	20.0	25.2	True
J-06	246.39	183.82	247.21	20.0	21.3	True
J-07	253.62	183.38	254.00	21.5	20.0	True
J-08	238.02	183.19	238.21	20.5	20.0	True
J-09	236.64	183.41	237.05	20.0	21.4	True
J-10	217.36	183.00	217.36	20.0	20.5	True
J-11	205.39	233.65	206.04	20.0	21.9	False
J-12	204.83	233.65	205.48	20.0	21.7	False
J-13	200.99	250.64	201.63	20.0	22.0	False
J-14	204.09	233.65	204.74	20.0	21.3	False
J-15	207.46	233.65	208.11	20.0	20.5	False
J-16	232.70	183.00	232.70	20.9	20.0	True
J-17	300.00	183.00	300.00	45.8	40.9	True
J-18	176.21	183.00	176.21	20.0	26.8	False

## Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	156.40	<none></none>	(N/A)	(N/A)
R-2	151.10	<none></none>	11.31	151.10

EXP Services Inc. Functional Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report 6171 Hazeldean Road 00258780-A0 2020-07-24

# **Appendix D – Sanitary Servicing Tables**

Table D1 – Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet

TABLE D1: SANITARY SEWER CALCULATION SHEE	Т

	LOCAT	ION					F	RESIDENTI	AL AREAS	AND POP	ULATION	S				C	OMMERO	CIAL	11	NDUSTRI/	AL	INSTIT	UTIONAL	IN	IFILTRATI	ON					SEWER D	ATA		
							NUMBER	R OF UNITS	;			POPU	ATION			AREA	A (ha)		AREA	\ (ha)	Peak			AREA	A (ha)									
Street	U/S MH	D/S MH	Area Number	Area (ha)	Singles	Semis	Towns	Batch or 1-Bed Apt.	2-Bed Apt.	3-Bed Apt.	Total Units	INDIV	ACCU	Peak Factor	Peak Flow (L/sec)	INDIV	ACCU	Peak Flow (L/sec)	INDIV	ACCU	Factor (per MOE)	AREA (Ha)	ACCU AREA (Ha)	INDIV	ACCU	INFILT FLOW (L/s)	TOTAL FLOW (L/s)	Nom Dia (mm)	Actual Dia (mm)	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (L/sec)		Full Velocity (m/s)
											Onics			Tactor	(1) 300)			(1) 300			1002)	(114)	(110)			(=/ 3)	(1/3)	()	()					(11/3)
																											'	┣───		┣───	╆────	┣───	<u> </u>	
9-storey bldg	MH 114	MH113	SA01	0.5051				89	86		175	305.2	305.2	3.46	3.42									0.5051	0.5051	0.17	3.59	200	201.2	1.69	10.04	43.32	0.08	1.35
	MH113	MH112	SA02	0.6120	3		18				21	58.8	364.0	3.43	4.05									0.6120	1.1171	0.37	4.41	200	201.2	1.50	79.33	40.82	0.11	1.27
	MH112	MH111	SA03	0.6570	9		12				21	63	427.0	3.41	4.72									0.6570	1.7741	0.59	5.30	200	201.2	1.55	79.33	41.49	0.13	1.29
	MH111	MH110	SA04	0.1427	2						2	6.8	433.8	3.4	4.78									0.1427	1.9168	0.63	5.41	200	201.2	1.44	9.73	39.99	0.14	1.25
	MH110	MH109	SA05	0.4887	6		5				11	33.9	467.7	3.39	5.14									0.4887	2.4055	0.79	5.93	200	201.2	1.25	67.93	37.26	0.16	1.16
	MH109	MH108	SA06	0.3458			10				10	27	494.7	3.38	5.42									0.3458	2.7513	0.91	6.33	200	201.2	0.73	41.30	28.47	0.22	0.89
	MH108	MH107	SA07	0.8771			31				31	83.7	578.4	3.35	6.28									0.8771	3.6284	1.20	7.48	200	201.2	0.33	115.25	19.14	0.39	0.60
	MH107	MH106	SA08	0.1143		2					2	5.4	583.8	3.35	6.34									0.1143	3.7427	1.24	7.57	200	201.2	0.32	10.79	18.85	0.40	0.59
	MH106	MH105	SA09	0.5033			20				20	54	637.8	3.33	6.88									0.5033	4.2460	1.40	8.28	200	201.2	0.32	69.06	18.85	0.44	0.59
										<b> </b>					0		ļ				<b></b>		<b> </b>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	MH115	MH105	SA10	0.8464			24	<b> </b>	<b> </b>	<b> </b>	24	64.8	64.8	3.63	0.76		ļ	ļ			<b> </b>	<b> </b>	<b> </b>	0.8464	0.8464	0.28	1.04	200	201.2	1.88	114.99	45.69	0.02	1.42
										<u> </u>		07.0												0.0450	- 1000	1 70					<u> </u>			
	MH105	MH104	SA11	0.3459			14				14	37.8	740.4	3.3	7.92									0.3459	5.4383	1.79	9.71	200	201.2	0.33	52.28	19.14	0.51	0.60
	MH104	MH103	SA12	0.1693			6				6	16.2	756.6	3.3	8.09									0.1693	5.6076	1.85	9.94	200	201.2	0.39	25.79	20.81	0.48	0.65
	NH116	MH120	SA13	0.3957			9				9	24.3	24.3	2.60	0.29									0.3957	0.3957	0.13	0.42	200	201.2	3.00	57.16	57.72	0.01	1.80
	NHII6	WH120	SA13	0.3957			9				9	24.3	24.3	3.69	0.29									0.3957	0.3957	0.13	0.42	200	201.2	3.00	57.10	57.72	0.01	1.00
Block A, C & D	MH117	MH118	SA16	0.8816				48	60		108	193.2	193.2	3.52	2.20									0.8816	0.8816	0.29	2.49	200	201.2	0.65	59.90	26.87	0.09	0.84
Block B & E	MH117 MH119	MH118	SA15	0.6521				32	40		72	128.8	322.0	3.45	3.60							1		0.6521	1.5337	0.23	4.11	200	201.2	0.65	57.90	26.87	0.05	0.84
	MH118	MH120	5/(15	0.0521					10		12	120.0	322.0	3.45	3.60									0.0021	1.5337	0.51	4.11	200	201.2	0.32	49.85	18.85	0.22	0.59
																												<u> </u>						
	NH120	MH103	SA14	0.1640			3				3	8.1	1111.0	3.22	11.59									0.164	7.7010	2.54	14.13	200	201.2	0.32	59.52	18.85	0.75	0.59
	-		-		1		-				-	-	-	-								1				_		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	MH103	MH102											1111.0	3.8											7.7010	2.54	2.54	200	201.2	3.13	29.76	58.96	0.04	1.84
	MH102	MH100							Î				1111.0	3.22	11.59						Î	Î	1		7.7010	2.54	14.13	200	201.2	3.60	17.46	63.23	0.22	1.97
									Î					Ì							Î	Î	1					1		1		1	1	
																																		1
			SA17	0.3695																														
			POND	0.2220																														
			PARK	0.7260																														
				9.019	20	2	152	169	186		529	1111.0												7.7010							1007.37			
						_																				Designed	ı:			Project:				
Residential Avg. Da	aily Flow, q (L/	p/day) =			280		Commerc	ial Peak Fac	tor =		1.5	(when are	a >20%)		Peak Popu	lation Flov	w, (L/sec) :	=	P*q*M/86	5.4		Unit Type	2	Persons/L	<u>Jnit</u>									
Commercial Avg. D		ross ha/day)	=		28,000						1.0	(when are	ea <20%)				w, (L/sec)		I*Ac			Singles		3.4		M. Ghadb	ban, P.Eng	J.		6171 Ha <del>z</del>	zeldean Ro	bad		
or L/gross ha/se					0.324											-	Factor, M		1 + (14/(4-	+P^0.5)) *	К	Semi-Det		2.7										
nstitutianal Avg. I		lay/ha) =			28,000		Institution	nal Peak Fac	tor =			(when are			-		a (hectare:	5)				Townhon		2.7		Checked:				Location:	<u>:</u>			
or L/gross ha/da Light Industrial Flo		'dav) =			0.324				1.0	(when area <20%) P = Popula				illon (thou	isanos)					Batchelor or 1-bed Apt. Unit 1.4 B. T			B Thoma	B. Thomas, P.Eng.			Ottawa, Ontario							
or L/gross ha/se		udyj –		35,000 0.40509 Residential Correction Factor, K =			( =	0.80	Sewer Capaci					ap (L/sec)	=	1/N S <sup>1/2</sup> F	R <sup>2/3</sup> A.		2-bed Ap		1.4 2.1		B. THOMA	is, F.Eng.			Ollawa, (	Jinano						
Light Industrial Flo		'day) =			55,000		Manning			•	0.013					s Equation			_, 5 1	· • • c		3-bed Ap		3.1		File Refer	rence:			Page No:	:			
or L/gross ha/se		,,			0.637		0	aneous flow	ı, I (L/s/ha	a) =		(Total I/I)										4-bed Ap		3.8			Sanitary - S	Sewer D	esign					
												. ,															uly 2020.xls		-	1 of 1				



EXP Services Inc. Functional Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report 6171 Hazeldean Road 00258780-A0 2020-07-24

# **Appendix E – Stormwater Servicing Tables**

- Table E1 2-Year Storm Sewer Calculation Sheet
- Table E2 2-Year Storm Sewer Calculation Sheet Includes Flow Controls
- Table E3 Average Runoff Coefficients for Post-Development
- Table E4 Summary of Post-Development Peak Flows (Uncontrolled and Controlled)

## TABLE E1 STORM SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

Return Period Storm =
Default Inlet Time=
Default Inlet Time=
Manning Coefficient =

m = <u>2-year</u> = <u>10</u> (frontyard/row) = <u>15</u> (rearyard) nt = 0.013

Storm MH No: AREA INFO PEAK FLOWS (UNRESTRICTED - RATIONAL METHOD) SEWER DATA Velocity (m/s) iameter (mm anacit Street Indiv. Catch-Accum. Runoff Accum. Indiv. Return Q Area (ha) Area (ha) Coeff, C 2.78\*A\*R 2.78\*A\*R Slope Length U/S D/S Туре Tc (mins) I (mm/h) Туре QCAP ment No: Flow Period (L/s) (%) (m) Nom Vf Va Act (L/sec) Street X 214 213 S01 siteplan 0.5051 0.505 0.62 0.871 0.871 10.00 76.81 66.9 2-year 66.9 29.4 300 PVC 1.50 11.303 117.76 1.68 1.19 
 S18
 frontyard
 0.3002
 0.805
 0.72
 0.601
 1.471
 10.16
 76.20
 45.8
 2-year
 112.1
 366.4
 375
 PVC
 1.50
 78.457
 201.88
 1.94
 1.37
 213 212 
 S22
 backyard
 0.1950
 1.000
 0.45
 0.244
 1.715
 15.00
 61.77
 15.1
 2-year
 106.0

 S27
 backyard
 0.2487
 1.249
 0.48
 0.332
 2.047
 15.00
 61.77
 20.5
 2-year
 126.5
 212 211 S21 frontyard 0.3350 1.584 0.70 0.652 2.699 11.11 72.79 47.5 2-year 196.5 447.9 450 PVC 1.50 81.457 344.79 2.20 1.55 211 210 S17 backvard 0.196 1.780 0.35 0.191 2.890 15.00 61.77 11.8 2-year 178.5 447.9 450 PVC 1.20 10.952 308.39 1.96 1.39 S25 backyard 0.1125 1.893 0.50 0.156 3.046 15.00 61.77 9.7 2-year 188.2 210 209 S11 frontyard 0.4248 2.317 0.66 0.779 3.826 11.98 69.94 54.5 2-year 267.6 533.0 525 PVC 1.20 67.051 490.50 2.18 1.54 S23 backyard 0.1078 0.108 0.44 0.132 0.132 15.00 61.77 8.1 2-year 8.1 201.2 200 PVC 2.00 32.651 47.10 1.48 225 209 0.93 2.425 3.958 12.71 67.76 2-year 268.2 610.0 600 PVC 0.60 41.305 497.04 1.68 1.19 209 208 
 S24
 park
 0.812
 0.24
 0.542
 0.542
 15.00
 61.77
 33.5
 2-year
 33.5
 227 208 S03 frontyard 0.1991 1.011 0.72 0.399 0.940 10.00 76.81 30.6 2-year 72.2 299.4 300 PVC 2.00 55.890 135.98 1.93 1.37 208 207 
 S19
 backyard
 0.1746
 3.611
 0.44
 0.214
 5.111
 15.00
 61.77
 13.2
 2-year
 315.7
 S05 frontyard 0.5061 4.117 0.73 1.027 6.138 13.29 66.13 67.9 2-year 405.9 685.0 675 Conc 0.30 117.308 478.82 1.29 1.29 207 206 S04 backyard 0.2303 4.347 0.44 0.282 6.420 15.00 61.77 17.4 2-year 396.6 S09 frontvard 0.2552 4.602 0.67 0.475 6.896 14.81 62.22 29.6 2-year 429.1 762.0 750 Conc 0.30 12.010 636.13 1.38 1 16 206 205 S06 backyard 0.1917 4.794 0.53 0.282 7.178 15.00 61.77 17.4 2-year 443.4 762.0 750 Conc 0.30 68.278 636.13 1.38 1.31 215 S08 backyard 0.3127 0.313 0.52 0.452 0.452 15.00 61.77 27.9 2-year 27.9 205 S12 backyard 0.3364 0.649 0.50 0.468 0.920 15.00 61.77 28.9 2-year 56.8 S15 frontyard 0.3679 1.017 0.75 0.767 1.687 10.00 76.81 58.9 2-year 129.5 366.4 375 PVC 1.50 117.95 201.88 1.94 1.79 S10 frontvard 0.3105 6.122 0.66 0.570 9.434 14.98 61.81 35.2 2-year 583.2 839.0 825 Conc 0.30 53.83 822.30 1.47 1.44 205 204 
 S07
 backyard
 0.1698
 6.291
 0.56
 0.264
 9.699
 15.60
 60.38
 16.0
 2-year
 585.6
 839.0
 825
 Conc
 0.30
 27.262
 822.30
 1.47
 204 203 1.44 299.4 300 PVC 1.00 11.186 96.15 221 220 S14 frontyard 0.1267 0.127 0.66 0.232 0.232 10.00 76.81 17.9 2-year 17.9 299.4 300 PVC 1.00 37.404 96.15 1.37 0.88 220 218 10.00 76.81 20.9 2-year 20.9 299.4 300 PVC 2.00 37.455 135.98 1.93 1.14 219 218 S16 frontvard 0.1254 0.125 0.78 0.272 0.272 2-year 37.4 366.4 375 PVC 2.00 46.305 233.11 2.25 218 217 0.252 0 504 10 71 74 17 1.32 217 216 S29 frontyard 0.1124 0.365 0.65 0.203 0.707 11.29 72.17 14.7 2-year 51.1 366.4 375 PVC 2.00 18.652 233.11 2.25 1.48 0.1174 0.117 0.73 0.238 0.238 18.3 251.5 250 PVC 0.65 39.316 48.69 0.98 228 216 S20 frontyard 10.00 76.81 18.3 2-year 0.69 0.946 11.50 71.47 2-year 67.6 447.9 450 PVC 2.00 71.840 398.13 2.54 0.482 1.50 216 226 12.30 68.96 65.5 2-year 130.8 447.9 450 PVC 2.00 59.977 398.13 2.54 226 S28 frontvard 0.4955 0.977 0.69 0.950 1.896 1.77 203 7 269 203 202 11 595 15 92 59 68 2-year 692.0 914.0 900 Conc 0.25 10.308 943.19 1.42 1.39 202 7.269 11.595 16.04 59.41 2-year 688.9 914.0 900 Conc 0.25 12.930 943.19 1.42 1.39 siteplan 1.6584 1.658 0.62 2.858 2.858 10.00 76.81 219.5 2-year 219.5 447.9 450 PVC 2.00 62.125 398.13 2.54 224 223 S02 1.79 2-year 213.4 447.9 450 PVC 2.00 67.841 398.13 2.54 1.658 2.858 10.58 74.66 1.79 223 Control-MH S13 SWM 0.0958 9.023 0.20 0.053 14.507 16.20 59.08 3.1 2-year 857.1 1068.0 1050 CONC 0.25 2.50 1428.67 1.58 1.42 Pond-OUT 2-year 856.2 1068.0 1050 CONC 0.20 6.00 1277.84 1.41 1.18 Control-MH 9.023 14.507 16.23 59.02 TOTALS = 9.023 0.58 14.507 1016.2 Docignod Project

					Designeu.	FIUJECI.
Definitions:	Ottawa Rainfall Inte	nsity Values f	from Sewer	L Eitenstrick D Eng	6171 Hazeldean Road	
Q = 2.78*AIR, where		<u>a</u>	<u>b</u>	<u>c</u>	J. Fitzpatrick, P.Eng.	617 T Hazeldean Road
Q = Peak Flow in Litres per second (L/s)	2-year	732.951	6.199	0.8	Checked:	Location:
A = Watershed Area (hectares)	5-year	998.071	6.053	0.8	B. Thomas, P.Eng.	6171 Hazeldean Road
I = Rainfall Intensity (mm/h)	100-year	1735.688	6.014	0.8	D. monas, r. Eng.	on mazeucan toau
R = Runoff Coefficients (dimensionless)					Dwg Reference:	File Ref:
					Drawing C09	258780 Storm - Sewer Design Sheets, July 2 Pond 114m.xlsx

	Ну	draulic Rati	os
Time in			
Pipe, Tt (min)	Q/Q <sub>CAP</sub>	Q <sub>ICD</sub> /Q <sub>CAP</sub>	Va/Vf
0.40	0.57	0.57	0.74
0.16	0.57	0.57	0.71
0.95	0.56	0.58	0.71
0.87	0.57	0.62	0.71
0.13	0.58	0.74	0.71
0.73	0.55	0.60	0.71
0.75	0.00	0.60	0.71
0.59	0.17	0.28	0.63
0.58	0.54	0.62	0.71
0.68	0.53	0.43	0.71
1.52	0.85	0.96	1.00
0.17	0.67	0.80	0.84
0.87	0.70	0.83	0.95
4.40	0.04	0.50	0.00
1.10	0.64	0.58	0.92
0.62	0.71	0.84	0.98
0.32	0.71	0.86	0.98
0.74	0.40	0.00	0.04
0.71	0.19	0.22	0.64
0.55	0.15	0.15	0.59
0.58	0.16	0.18	0.59
0.21	0.22	0.24	0.66
0.95	0.38	0.43	0.71
0.00	0.00	0.10	0.1 1
0.80	0.17	0.19	0.59
0.56	0.33	0.36	0.70
0.12	0.72	0.90	0.00
0.12	0.73	0.90	0.98
0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00
0.58	0.55	0.55	0.71
0.63	0.54	0.55	0.71
0.03	0.60	0.75	0.90
0.03	0.60	0.75	0.90
0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01
	Sheet No		
uly 2020			
	1 of 1		

## TABLE E2 STORM SEWER CALCULATION SHEET - INCLUDES FLWO CONTORLS

Return Period Storm =	2-year	
Default Inlet Time=	10	(frontyard/row)
Default Inlet Time=	15	(rearyard)
Manning Coefficient =	0.013	_

	Sto	orm MH No:			AREA I	NFO			F	PEAK FLOWS	S (UNRESTR	ICTED - RA	ATIONAL M	ETHOD)		CAPTURED FLOWS BASED ON NUMBER OF INTLETS										SEWER DATA																				
																No. of ICDs	Captured	No. of I		tured N	lo. of ICI		tured	No. of ICD	Captur	No	o. of ICDs	Captu		lo of ICDc	n Captur				Diamete	er (mm)					Velocit	ity (m/s)		Hyd	raulic Rat	os
Street		D/6	Ca	tch-		Accu	m. Ru	unoff I	Indiv.	Accum.	<b>T</b> = (m in a)	. (	Indiv.	Return	Q		Flows (L/s)	1 1		s (L/s)			rs (L/s)		Flows (	L/s) Cum		Flows (	(L/s)	Flows (L/s) Flow	ws (L/s)	Indv Capture	d <sub>diff</sub>	Total Captured		,		Slope	Length	Capacity	,	т т	Time in Pipe. Tt			
	U/S	D/S	men	t No:	Type Area	na) Area (	(ha) Co	oeff, C 2.	78*A*R	2.78*A*R	Tc (mins)	i (mm/n)	Flow	Period	(L/s)	Indiv Cum at 13.4			um Indiv			m Indiv 29.3 L/se		Indiv Cun	n Indiv. 3.2 L/sec	ul. Inc		Indiv. 3 L/sec	ul. Inc	ndiv Cum Indiv. Cum ul. at 73.7 L/sec Indiv.	Cum	ul. (L/sec)	am	Flows (L/sec)	Act	Nom	Туре	(%)	(m)	Q <sub>CAP</sub> (L/sec)	Vf				Q <sub>ICD</sub> /Q <sub>CAP</sub>	Va/Vf
															-	ас 13.4 Туре	-	d	Type A			Z9.3 L/Se Type B	-		ype C			be D		Type F		(L/Sec)		(L/Sec)								1				-
	014	040		04	-it	54 0.50	) <b>5</b> (	0.00	0.074	0.074	40.00	70.04		2	00.0																00			00.0	000.4	200	DV/O	4.50	44.000	447.70	4.00		0.40	0.57	0.57	0.74
-	214 213				siteplan 0.50 frontyard 0.30								66.9 45.8					1	1 20.7	20.7	1 1	1 29.3	29.3							00.9		9 66.9 9 50.0										1.19 1.37			0.57	
	212	211			backyard 0.19 backyard 0.24								15.1 20.5						2 20.7 3 20.7			1	29.3 29.3									9 20.7 9 20.7										$ \longrightarrow $				
					frontyard 0.33						11.11	72.79	47.5	2-year	196.5				3	62.1	1	1	29.3			1		55.3	55.3		66.	9 55.3	7.8	213.6							2.20		0.87		0.62	
	211 210				backyard 0.19 backyard 0.11								11.8 9.7			1 1 1 2			3	62.1 62.1		1	29.3 29.3		+ +		1		55.3			9 13.4 9 13.4			447.9	450	PVC	1.20	10.952	308.39	1.96	1.39	0.13	0.58	0.74	0.71
	210	209			frontyard 0.42								54.5			2	26.8		3	62.1		1	29.3			1	1 2		110.6			9 55.3			533.0	525	PVC	1.20	67.051	490.50	2.18	1.54	0.73	0.55	0.60	0.71
	225	209	S	23	backyard 0.10	78 0 10	18 (	0 44	0 132	0 132	15.00	61 77	8.1	2-vear	8.1	1 1	13.4 13.4									_	_					13.4	5.3	13.4	201.2	200	PVC.	2.00	32 651	47 10	1.48	0.93	0.59	0.17	0.28	0.63
				20 1	baokyard 0.10			0.44	0.102				0.1																				0.0													0.00
	209	208				2.42	25			3.958	12.71	67.76		2-year	268.2	3	40.2		3	62.1	1	1	29.3				2	1	110.6		66.	9		309.1	610.0	600	PVC	0.60	41.305	497.04	1.68	1.19	0.58	0.54	0.62	0.71
	227	208				2 0.81				0.542			33.5		33.5							29.3											-4.2									$\square$				
			s	03 1	frontyard 0.19	91 1.01	11 (	0.72	0.399	0.940	10.00	76.81	30.6	2-year	72.2			+		$\vdash$	1 2	2 29.3	58.6		+			$\left  \right $			_	29.3	-1.3	58.6	299.4	300	PVC	2.00	55.890	135.98	1.93	1.37	0.68	0.53	0.43	0.71
	208	207			backyard 0.17				0.214	5.111	15.00	61.77			315.7	1 4			3	62.1		3	87.9				2	1	110.6		66.			381.1												-
		-	S	05 1	frontyard 0.50	61 4.11	17 (	0.73	1.027	6.138	13.29	66.13	67.9	2-year	405.9	4	53.6		3	62.1	3	3	87.9	2 2	76.4	76.4	2		110.6		66.	9 76.4	8.5	457.5	685.0	675	Conc	0.30	117.308	8 478.82	1.29	1.29	1.52	0.85	0.96	1.00
	207	206			backyard 0.23			0.44		6.420	15.00	61.77		2-year		4	53.6		4 20.7			3	87.9	2		76.4	2		110.6			9 20.7					_									
	206	205			frontyard 0.25 backyard 0.19								29.6 17.4			4	53.6 53.6		4 5 20.7	82.8 103.5		1 29.3 1	117.2 117.2	2		76.4 76.4	2		110.6 110.6			9 29.3 9 20.7			762.0 762.0					636.13 636.13		1.16	0.17		0.80	0.84
					· · · ·																																					$\square$				
	215	205			backyard 0.31 backyard 0.33								27.9 28.9									29.3 2 29.3					_						1.4 0.4									<u> </u>		—		
			S	15 1	frontyard 0.36	79 1.01	17 (	0.75	0.767	1.687	10.00	76.81	58.9	2-year	129.5							1 58.6										58.6	-0.3	117.2	366.4	375	PVC	1.50	117.95	201.88	1.94	1.79	1.10	0.64	0.58	0.92
	205	204	s	10 1	frontyard 0.31	05 6.12	22 (	0.66	0.570	9.434	14.98	61.81	35.2	2-year	583.2	4	53.6	2	7 41.4	144.9	8	3	234.4	2		76.4	2	1	110.6		66.	9 41.4	6.2	686.8	839.0	825	Conc	0.30	53.83	822.30	1.47	1.44	0.62	0.71	0.84	0.98
	204	203			backyard 0.16			0.56				60.38		2-year		4	53.6	i 1	8 20.7	165.6	8	3	234.4	2	1	76.4	2	1	110.6		66.	9 20.7	4.7							822.30		1.44	0.32	0.71	0.86	0.98
	221	220																			_														299.4	300	PVC	1.00	11.186	96.15		<b>┌──┼</b>		$\rightarrow$		
	220	218	S	14 1	frontyard 0.12	67 0.12	27 (	0.66	0.232	0.232	10.00	76.81	17.9	2-year	17.9			1	1 20.7	20.7												20.7	2.8	20.7	299.4	300	PVC	1.00	37.404	96.15	1.37	0.88	0.71	0.19	0.22	0.64
	219	218	s	16 1	frontyard 0.12	54 0.12	25 (	0.78	0.272	0.272	10.00	76.81	20.9	2-year	20.9			1	1 20.7	20.7												20.7	-0.2	20.7	299.4	300	PVC	2.00	37.455	135.98	1.93	1.14	0.55	0.15	0.15	0.59
	218	217				0.25	:0			0.504	10.71	74 17		2-year	37.4				2	41.4														41.4	366.4	275	DVC	2.00	46.205	233.11	2.25	1.22	0.58	0.16	0.18	0.50
	218			29 1	frontyard 0.11	24 0.36		0.65	0.203	0.504		74.17	14.7		37.4 51.1	1 1	13.4 13.4		2	41.4												13.4	-1.3	41.4 54.8						233.11			0.58		0.18	
	228	216		20 1	frontyard 0.11	74 0.11	17 (	0.73	0.239	0.239	10.00	76.91	18.3	2 year	19.2			1	1 20.7	20.7												20.7	2.4	21	251.5	250	DVC	0.65	20.216	48.69	0.98	0.69	0.05	0.39	0.43	0.71
				120	ironityaru 0.11			0.73	0.230				10.5						1 20.7													20.7	2.4													
	216 226			28 1	frontyard 0.49	0.48		0.69	0.950	0.946		71.47	65.5		67.6 130.8	1	13.4 13.4		3	62.1 62.1	1 1	20.3	29.3	1 1	38.2	18.2						67.5	2.0	75.5 143.0	447.9					398.13	2.54 2.54		0.80		0.19	
				20 .	inolityara oʻrio			0.00	0.000				00.0																				2.0													
	203 202					7.26				11.595 11.595		59.68 59.41		2-year 2-year	692.0 688.9	5	67.0 67.0		11 11	227.7		9	263.7	3		14.6 14.6	2		110.6		66. 66.			850.5 850.5	914.0 914.0		Conc		10.308			1.39 1.39	0.12			0.98
																Ű	01.0					_	200.1	Ű		1.0	-		110.0																	
	224 223			02	siteplan 1.65	84 1.65		0.62	2.858	2.858		76.81 74.66	219.5	2-year 2-year	219.5 213.4															219.5	219	.5 219.5		219.5 219.5				2.00				1.79 1.79	0.58			0.71
	Pond-O Control-I	-	/H S	13	SWM 0.09	58 9.02 9.02		0.20	0.053	14.507 14.507		59.08 59.02	3.1		857.1 856.2	5	67.0 67.0		11 11	227.7 227.7		) )	263.7 263.7	3		14.6 14.6	2		110.6 110.6		286 286		-3.1	1070.0 1070.0	1068.0 1068.0			0.25			1.58		0.03		0.75	
														. ,			01.0																	. 51 0.0			2 5.10	2.20	2.00							
TOTALS =					9.03	3	(	0.58 1	14.507				1016.2			5	67.0	11	227.7		9	263.7		3	114.6	2	2	110.6		286.4		1070.0			Designed	d:			Proiect:							
Definitions:									Ottawa	a Rainfall Inte	ensity Values	from Sewe	r Design Guid	lelines, SDG	002																					atrick, P.I			6171 14	azeldean R	laad					
Q = 2.78*AIR, w	/here										<u>a</u>	<u>b</u>	<u>c</u>																						э. гигра	iutick, P.I	Eng.		0171 Па		JUAU					
Q = Peak Flow			s)							,	732.951																								Checked	1:			Location	n:						
A = Watershed										5-year	998.071																								B. Thom	ias, P.En	ıg.		6171 Ha	azeldean R	load					
I = Rainfall Inte R = Runoff Coe			5)							100-year	1735.688	6.014	0.8																						Dwg Ref	ference:			File Ref:					heet No:		
			·,																																Drawing				258780	) Storm - Se		gn Sheets, Ju	ulu.	of 1		
																																			Drawing	503				ond_114m				211		

unoff Coeffients		C <sub>ASPH/CONC</sub> =	<u>0.90</u>	C <sub>ROOF</sub> =	<u>0.90</u>	C <sub>GRASS</sub> =	<u>0.20</u>			
	Asphalt /									
	Conc							1		
	Areas		Roof		Grassed			<sup>1</sup> Total	2	
Area No.	(m²)	A * C <sub>ASPH</sub>	Areas (m <sup>2</sup> )	A * C <sub>ROOF</sub>	Areas (m <sup>2</sup> )	A * C <sub>GRASS</sub>	Sum AC	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	<sup>2</sup> C <sub>AVG</sub>	Comments
S01								5051	0.58	SITEPLAN 1
S02								15361	0.63	SITEPLAN 2
S04								2303	0.44	BACKYARD
S06								1917	0.53	BACKYARD
S07								1698	0.56	BACKYARD
S08								3127	0.52	BACKYARD
S12								3364	0.50	BACKYARD
S17								1960	0.35	BACKYARD
S19								1746	0.46	BACKYARD
S22								1950	0.45	BACKYARD
S23								1078	0.44	BACKYARD
S25								1125	0.50	BACKYARD
S27								2487	0.48	BACKYARD
S03								1991	0.74	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S05								5061	0.72	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S09								2552	0.65	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S10								3105	0.64	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S11								4248	0.65	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S14	i i							1267	0.65	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S15								3679	0.72	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S16	i i							1254	0.66	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S18								3002	0.69	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S20								1174	0.74	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S21								3350	0.68	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S28								4899	0.67	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S29								1124	0.69	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S13								2237	0.26	SWM
S24								8120	0.20	PARK
Total								90230		
<sup>3</sup> Site % IMP =	53.5					Averag	e Runoff Co	oeff (C <sub>AVG</sub> ) =	= 0.57	
lotes										
) Areas taken from F	PCSWMM, CAL	)								
Cavg From PCSWN	1M (Area Weid	ahtina)								

## TABLE E3 - AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS (Post Development)

<b>TABLE E4 - SUMMARY OF POST DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF</b>	(Uncontrolled and Controlled)
--	-------------------------------

			Time of		Storm	= 2 yr			Storm	= 5 yr			Storm =					
			Conc, Tc			Q	Q <sub>CAP</sub>			Q	Q <sub>CAP</sub>							
Area No	Area (ha)	Location	(min)	C <sub>AVG</sub>	$I_2$ (mm/hr)	(L/sec)	(L/sec)	C <sub>AVG</sub>	I <sub>5</sub> (mm/hr)	(L/sec)	(L/sec)	C <sub>AVG</sub>	I <sub>100</sub> (mm/hr)	(L/sec)	(L/sec)	Comments		
S01	0.5051	SITEPLAN 1	10	0.58	76.81	62.6	(65.7)	0.58	104.19	84.9	(65.7)	0.73	178.56	181.8	(65.7)	SITEPLAN 1		
S02	1.5361	SITEPLAN 2	10	0.63	76.81	206.6	(199.7)	0.63	104.19	280.3	(199.7)	0.79	178.56	600.5	(199.7)	SITEPLAN 2		
S04	0.2303	BACKYARD	10	0.44	76.81	21.6		0.44	104.19	29.4		0.55	178.56	62.9		BACKYARD		
S06	0.1917	BACKYARD	10	0.53	76.81	21.7		0.53	104.19	29.4		0.66	178.56	63.0		BACKYARD		
S07	0.1698	BACKYARD	10	0.56	76.81	20.3		0.56	104.19	27.5		0.70	178.56	59.0		BACKYARD		
S08	0.3127	BACKYARD	10	0.52	76.81	34.7		0.52	104.19	47.1		0.65	178.56	100.9		BACKYARD		
S12	0.3364	BACKYARD	10	0.50	76.81	35.9		0.50	104.19	48.7		0.63	178.56	104.4		BACKYARD		
S17	0.1960	BACKYARD	10	0.35	76.81	14.6	(159.3)	0.35	104.19	19.9	(159.3)	0.44	178.56	42.6	(159.3)	BACKYARD		
S19	0.1746	BACKYARD	10	0.46	76.81	17.1		0.46	104.19	23.3		0.58	178.56	49.8		BACKYARD		
S22	0.1950	BACKYARD	10	0.45	76.81	18.7		0.45	104.19	25.4		0.56	178.56	54.4		BACKYARD		
S23	0.1078	BACKYARD	10	0.44	76.81	10.1		0.44	104.19	13.7		0.55	178.56	29.4		BACKYARD		
S25	0.1125	BACKYARD	10	0.50	76.81	12.0		0.50	104.19	16.3		0.63	178.56	34.9	1	BACKYARD		
S27	0.2487	BACKYARD	10	0.48	76.81	25.5		0.48	104.19	34.6		0.60	178.56	74.1		BACKYARD		
S03	0.1991	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.74	76.81	31.5		0.74	104.19	42.7		0.93	178.56	91.4		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S05	0.5061	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.72	76.81	77.8		0.72	104.19	9 105.5 0.90 178.56 226.1	226.1		RIGHT-OF-WAY					
S09	0.2552	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.65	76.81	35.4		0.65	104.19	48.0		0.81	178.56	102.9		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S10	0.3105	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.64	76.81	42.4		0.64	104.19	57.6		0.80	178.56	123.3		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S11	0.4248	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.65	76.81	59.0		0.65	104.19	80.0		0.81	178.56	171.3		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S14	0.1267	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.65	76.81	17.6		0.65	104.19	23.9		0.81	178.56	51.1		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S15	0.3679	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.72	76.81	56.6	(495.5)	0.72	104.19	76.7	(495.5)	0.90	178.56	164.4	(495.5)	RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S16	0.1254	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.66	76.81	17.7		0.66	104.19	24.0		0.83	178.56	51.4		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S18	0.3002	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.69	76.81	44.2		0.69	104.19	60.0		0.86	178.56	128.5		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S20	0.1174	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.74	76.81	18.5		0.74	104.19	25.2		0.93	178.56	53.9		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S21	0.3350	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.68	76.81	48.6		0.68	104.19	66.0		0.85	178.56	141.3		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S28	0.4899	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.67	76.81	70.1		0.67	104.19	95.1		0.84	178.56	203.7		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S29	0.1124	<b>RIGHT-OF-WAY</b>	10	0.69	76.81	16.6		0.69	104.19	22.5		0.86	178.56	48.1		RIGHT-OF-WAY		
S13	0.2237	SWM	10	0.26	76.81	12.4		0.26	104.19	16.8		0.33	178.56	36.1		SWM		
S24	0.8120	PARK	10	0.20	76.81	34.7	(105.6)	0.20	104.19	47.0	(105.6)	0.25	178.56	100.8	(105.6)	PARK		
Totals	9.0230					1084.6	1025.7			1471.4	1025.7			3152.0	1025.7			
<u>tes</u>																		
		c+6.199) <sup>0.810</sup> (Cit																
		<sup>c</sup> c+6.035) <sup>0.814</sup> (City							Allowab	le Unit Area I	Release Rate (	(L/ha/sec) =		front yards				
		8/(Tc+6.014) <sup>0.820</sup> (									Release Rate (	,		backyards				
ne of Concentra	· //	c = vhich are shown			subcatchem				Allowab	le Unit Area I	Release Rate (	(L/ha/sec) =	<u>130.0</u>	park / sitepla	ins			

EXP Services Inc. Functional Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report 6171 Hazeldean Road 00258780-A0 2020-07-24

**Appendix F – PCSWMM Information** 

**PCSWMM Report** 

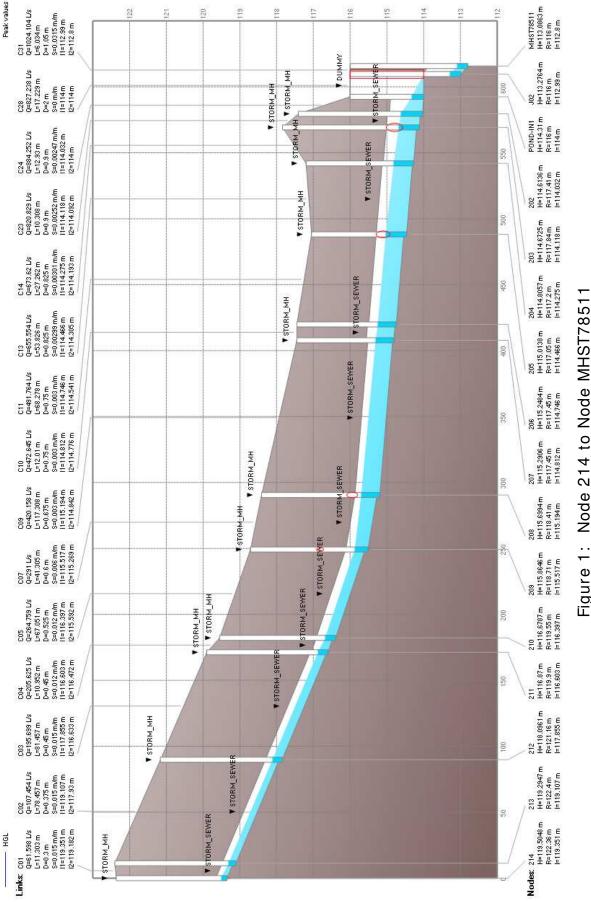
Preliminary SWM Review Model 258780\_Prop\_Rev2A, Chicago\_3h\_2yr.inp

July 24, 2020

# Table of Contents

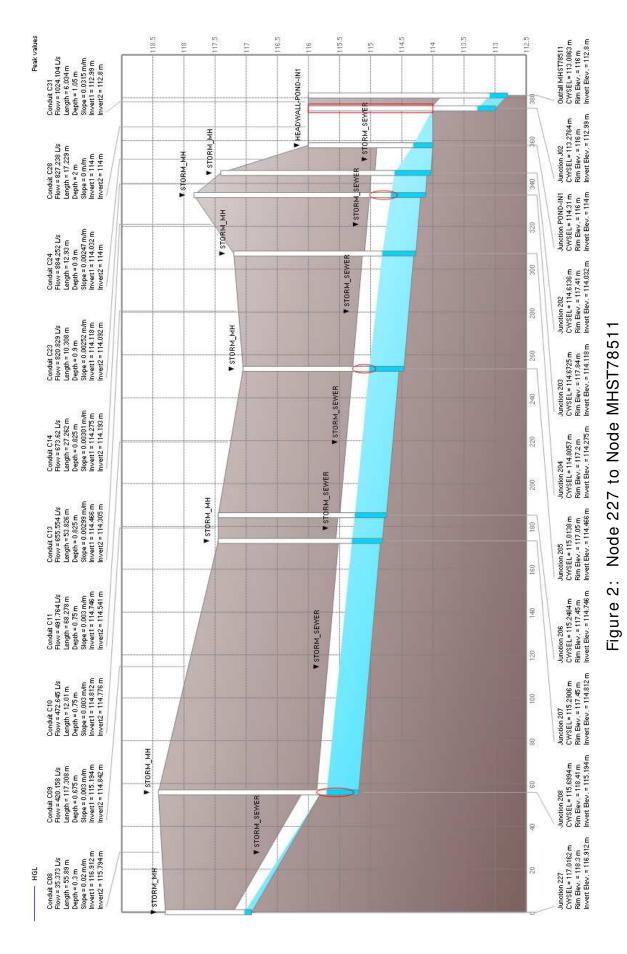
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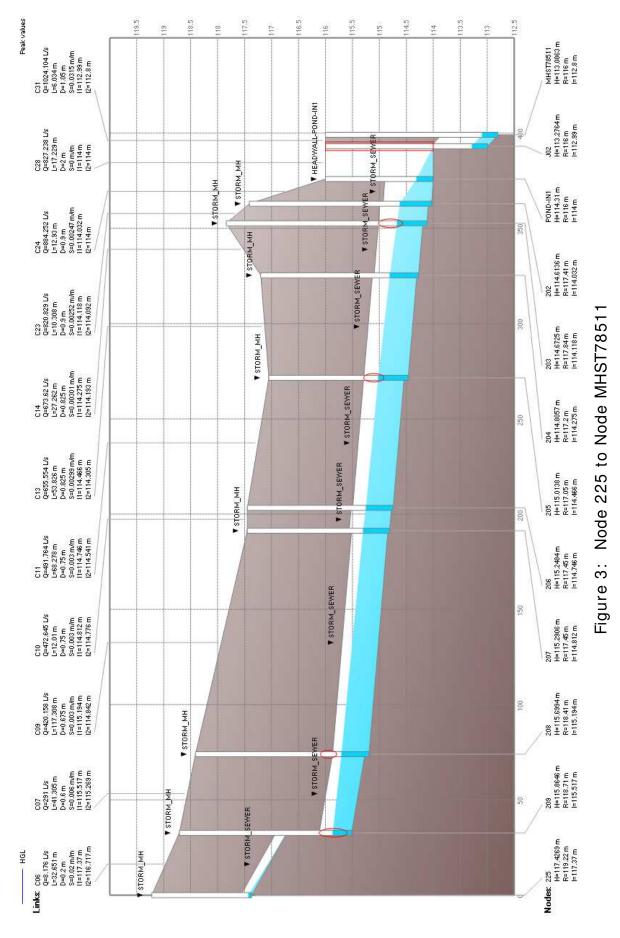
Figure 1:	Node 214 to Node MHST78511	3
Figure 2:	Node 227 to Node MHST78511	4
Figure 3:	Node 225 to Node MHST78511	5
Figure 4:	Node 215 to Node MHST78511	6
Figure 5:	Node 221 to Node MHST78511	7
Figure 6:	Node 219 to Node MHST78511	8
Figure 7:	Node 228 to Node MHST78511	9
Figure 8:	Node 224 to Node MHST78511	10

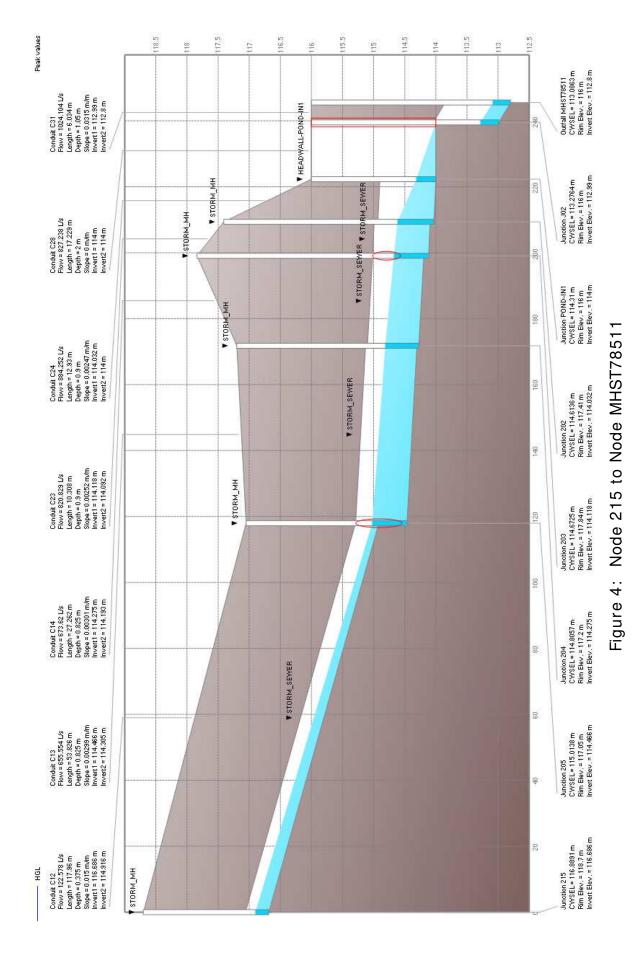


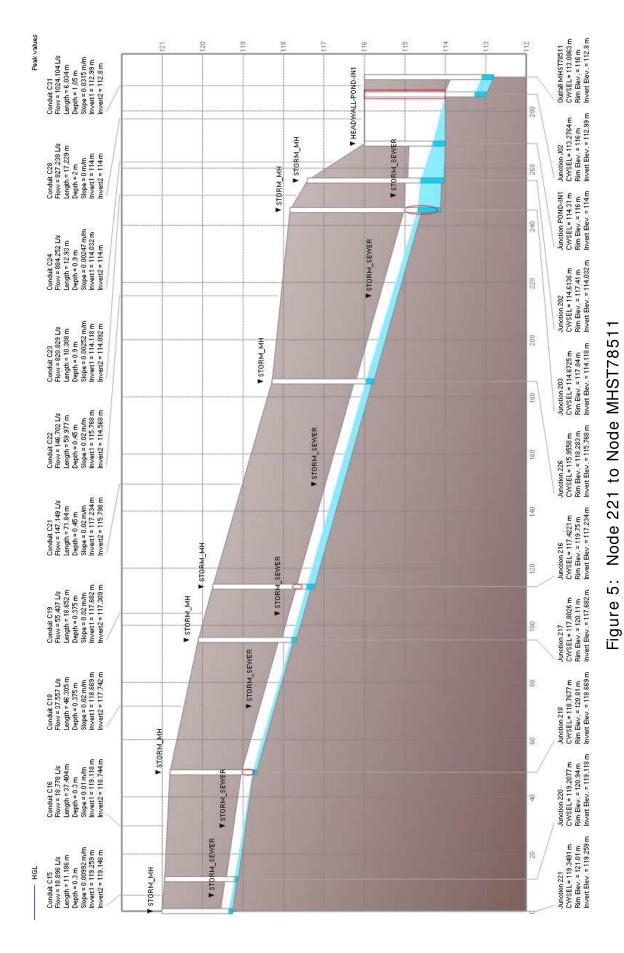
Node to 4 , V Node .. -Figure

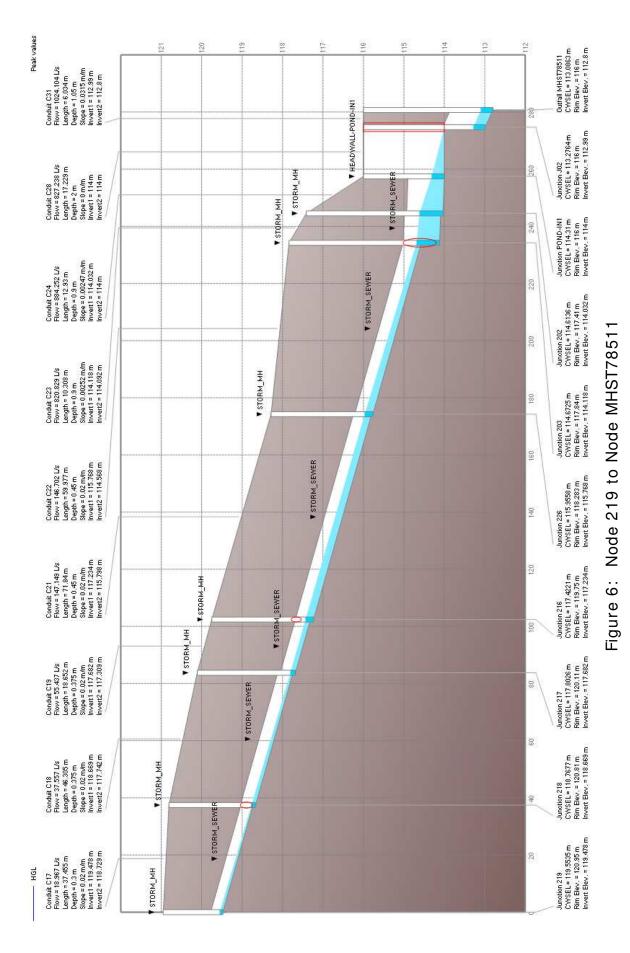
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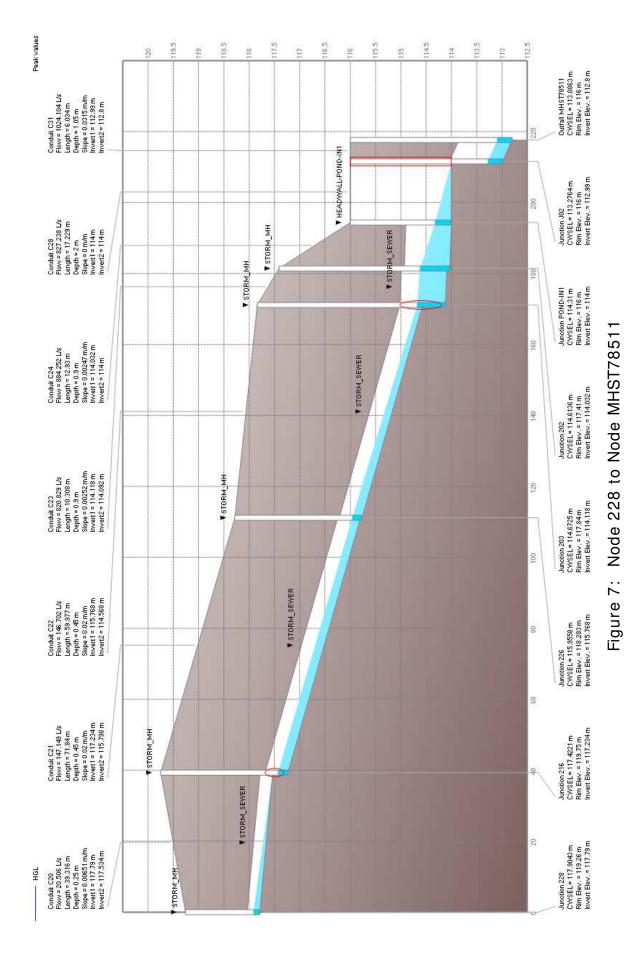


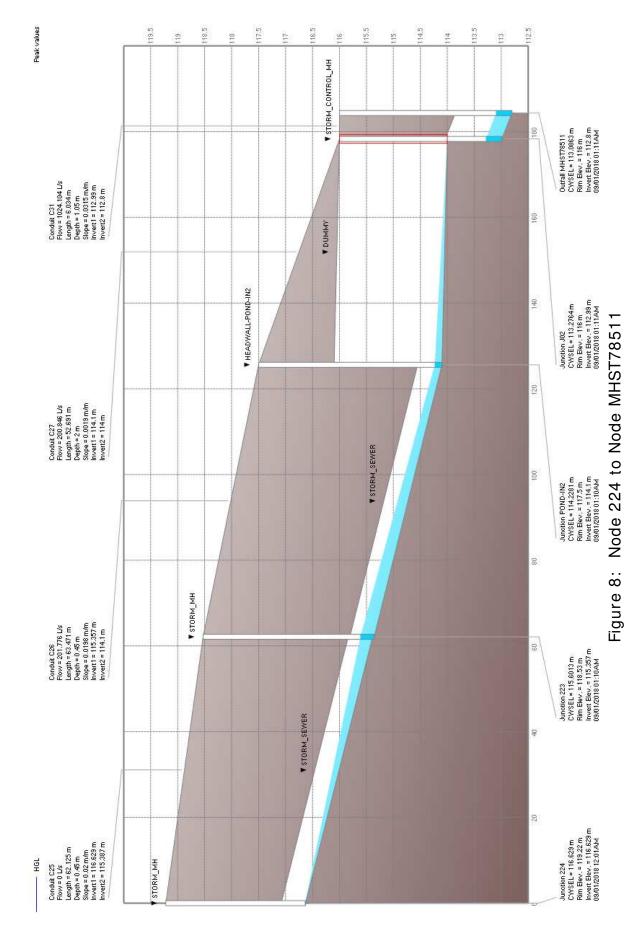












**PCSWMM Report** 

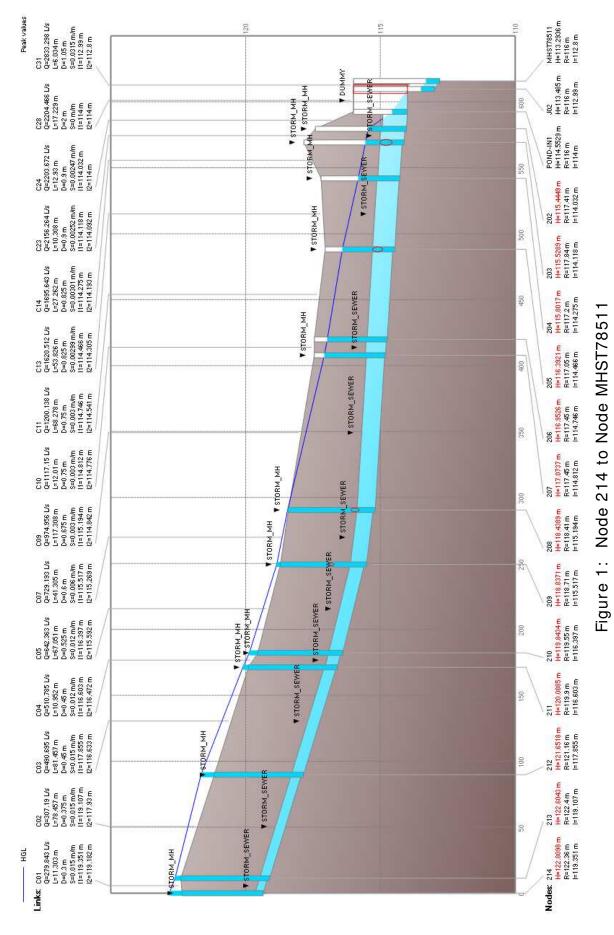
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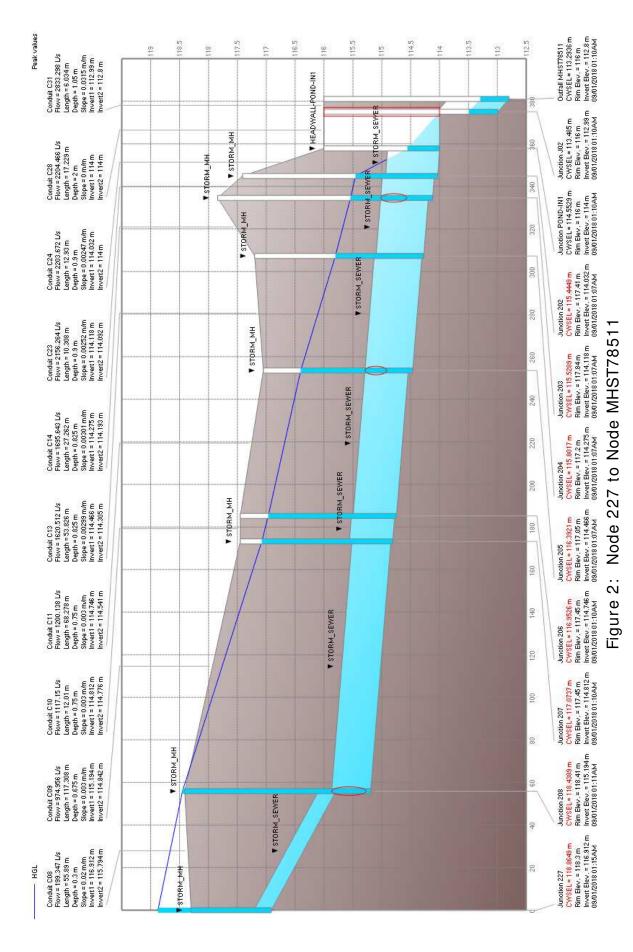
July 24, 2020

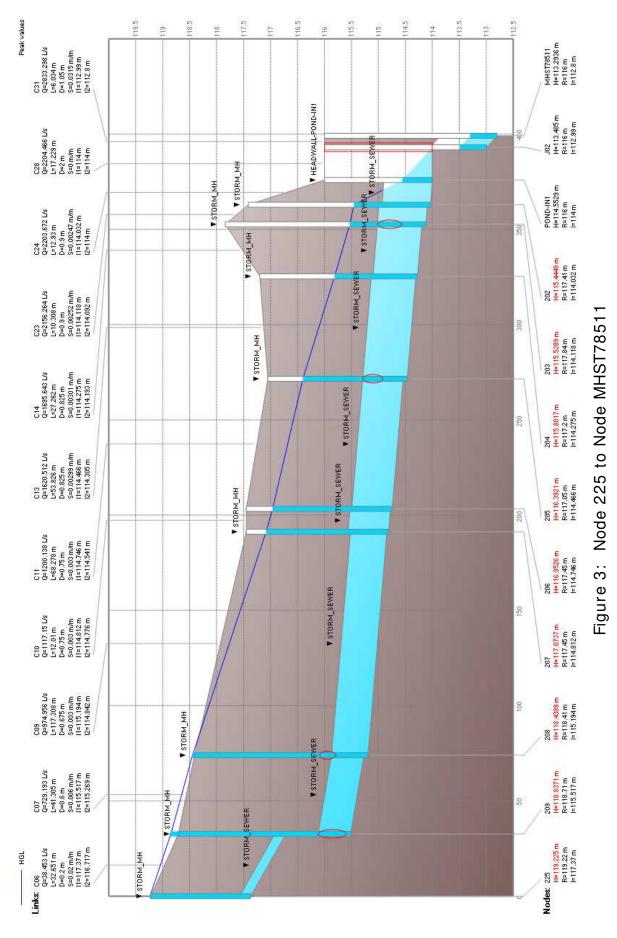
# Table of Contents

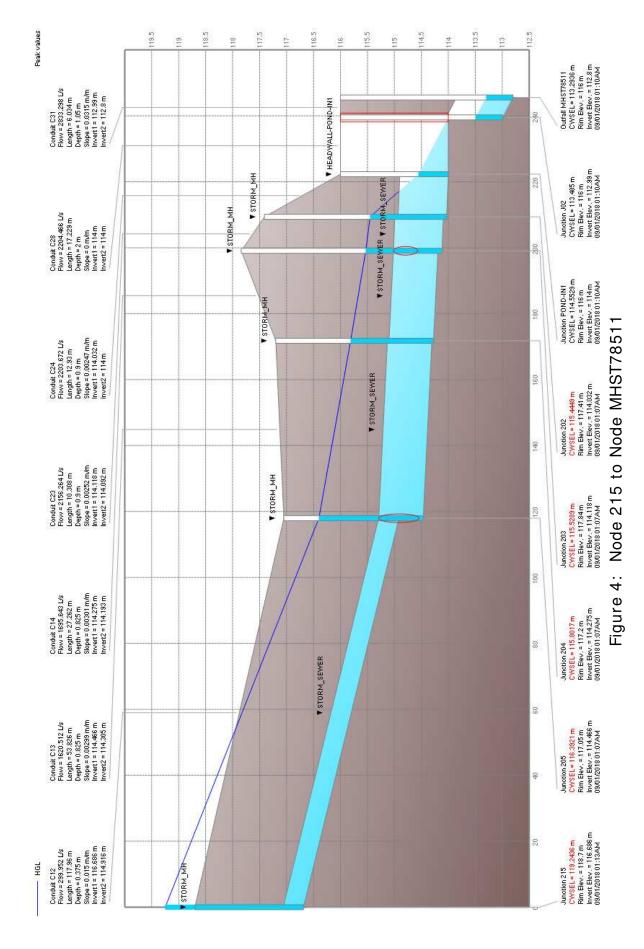
# Profiles

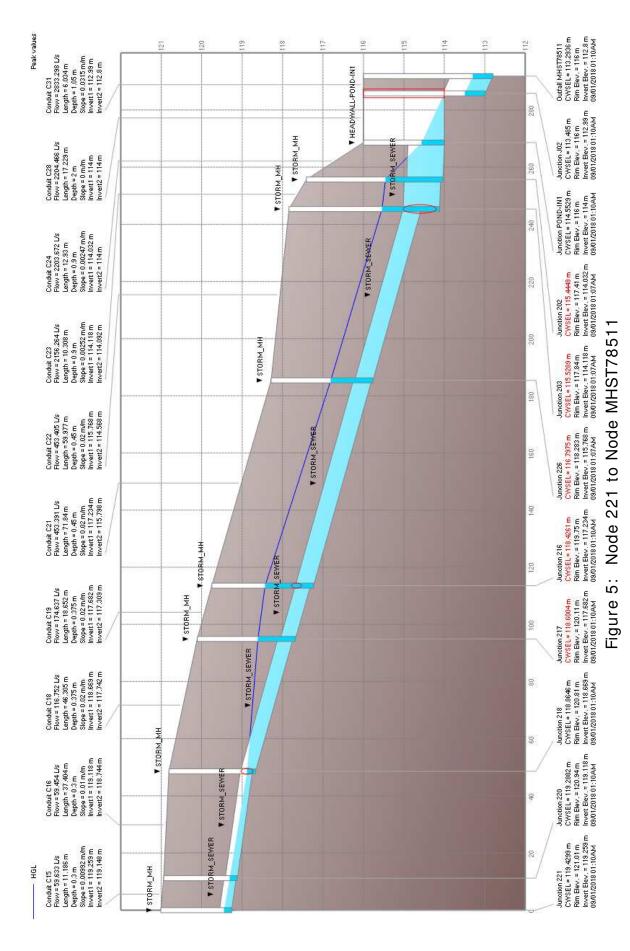
Figure 1:	Node 214 to Node MHST78511	3
Figure 2:	Node 227 to Node MHST78511	4
Figure 3:	Node 225 to Node MHST78511	5
Figure 4:	Node 215 to Node MHST78511	6
Figure 5:	Node 221 to Node MHST78511	7
Figure 6:	Node 219 to Node MHST78511	8
Figure 7:	Node 228 to Node MHST78511	9
Figure 8:	Node 224 to Node MHST78511	10

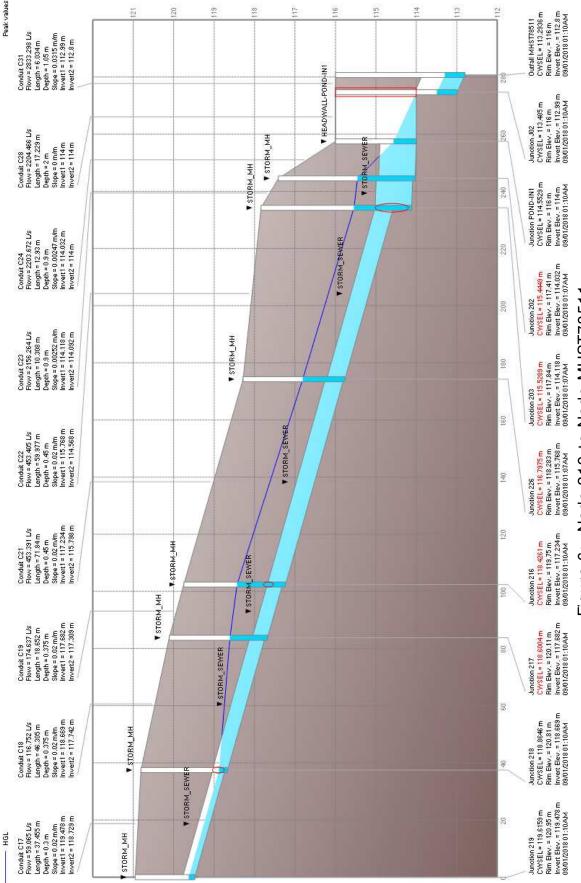




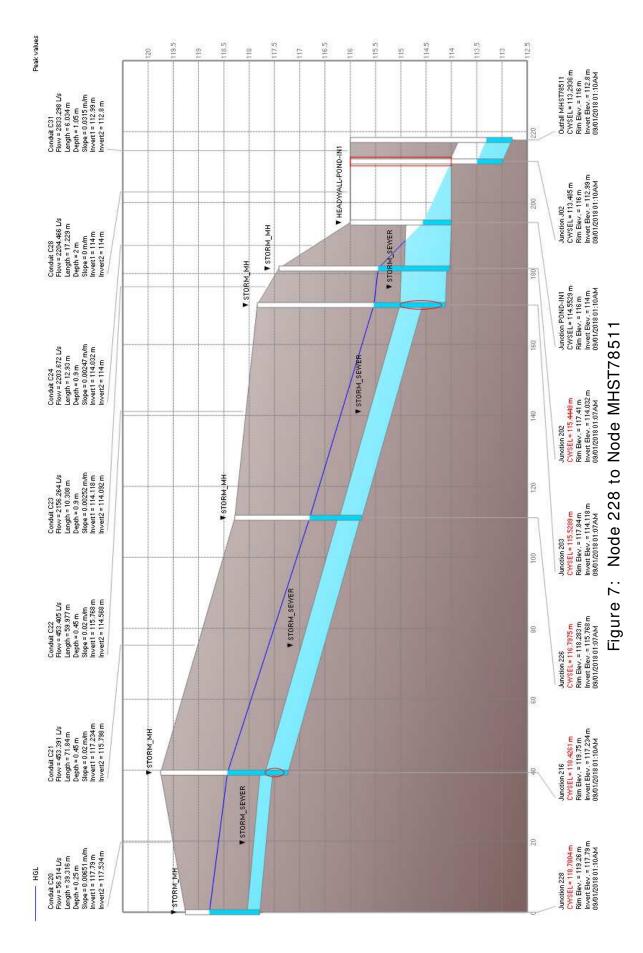


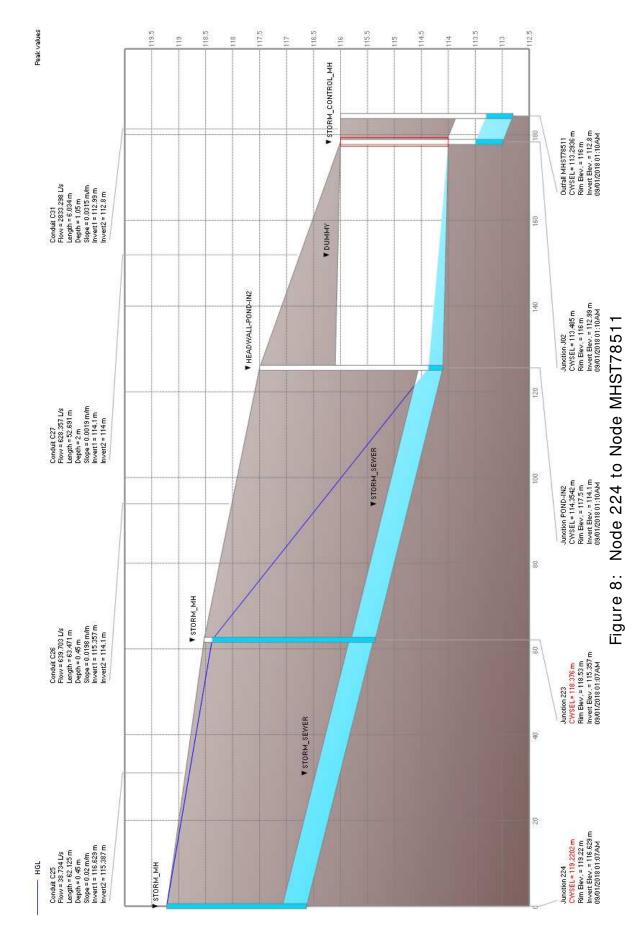






# Figure 6: Node 219 to Node MHST78511





EXP Services Inc. Functional Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report 6171 Hazeldean Road 00258780-A0 2020-07-24

# **Appendix G – Consultation / Correspondence**

**Email on Water System Boundary Conditions** 

Email Received from MCVA on Stormwater Management Requirements

**Pre-Consultation Meeting Minutes** 

# Boundary Conditions 6171 Hazledean Road

# Provided Information

<b>D</b> eserveria	Dem	nand
Scenario	L/min	L/s
Average Daily Demand	276	4.60
Maximum Daily Demand	678	11.30
Peak Hour	1,494	24.90
Fire Flow Demand #1	15,000	250.00

# Location



# <u>Results</u>

# Connection 1 – Hazledean Rd.

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure <sup>1</sup> (psi)
Maximum HGL	160.7	57.2
Peak Hour	156.5	51.3
Max Day plus Fire 1	156.4	51.1

<sup>1</sup> Ground Elevation = 120.4 m

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure <sup>1</sup> (psi)				
Maximum HGL	160.7	59.6				
Peak Hour	156.3	53.4				
Max Day plus Fire 1	151.1	46.0				

### Connection 2 – Samantha Eastop Ave.

<sup>1</sup> Ground Elevation = 118.8 m

### Disclaimer

The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation. Fire Flow analysis is a reflection of available flow in the watermain; there may be additional restrictions that occur between the watermain and the hydrant that the model cannot take into account.

# Moe Ghadban

From:	Matt Craig <mcraig@mvc.on.ca></mcraig@mvc.on.ca>
Sent:	Thursday, April 30, 2020 11:08 AM
То:	Moe Ghadban
Cc:	Bruce Thomas; Jason Fitzpatrick
Subject:	RE: Request for SWM Criteria for 6171 Hazeldean Road
Attachments:	jacksontrails-stormwaterdesign.pdf

**CAUTION:** This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Moe attached is the report – an invoice of \$50.00 will follow, along with my previous comments please consider:

Development should follow the SWM criteria set out in the Feedmill Creek SWM Criteria Study. There are runoff volume capture requirements for retention control (LIDs) based on 5 or 10mm rainfall depend on the drainage area specified in the report.

- Please check the Carp subwatershed study for other requirements,
- Feedmill Creek has some level of temperature mitigation requirement as the creek has tolerant Coldwater fisheries.
- MVCA completes a stream watch survey of Feedmill in 2015. The report is here: <u>http://mvc.on.ca/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/CSW2015</u> Feedmill-Creek-Final-Report.pdf

### Regards

### Matt Craig | Manager of Planning and Regulations | Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority

www.mvc.on.ca |t. 613 253 0006 ext. 226| f. 613 253 0122 | mcraig@mvc.on.ca

This e-mail originates from the Mississippi Valley Conservation e-mail system. Any distribution, use or copying of this e-mail or the information it contains by other than the intended recipient(s) is unauthorized. If you are not the intended recipient, please notify me at the telephone number shown above or by return e-mail and delete this communication and any copy immediately. Thank you.

From: Moe Ghadban <Moe.Ghadban@exp.com>
Sent: April 24, 2020 4:05 PM
To: Matt Craig <mcraig@mvc.on.ca>
Cc: Bruce Thomas <bruce.thomas@exp.com>; Jason Fitzpatrick <jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com>
Subject: Request for SWM Criteria for 6171 Hazeldean Road

Hi Matt,

We are preparing a site servicing and stormwater report for site plan application for a proposed subdivision at 6171 Hazeldean Road. The proposed subdivision consists of twenty (20) single homes, one-hundred and fifty-four (154)

townhomes, five (5) 3-storey condominium buildings (36 units each), and a 9-storey mixed use rental building (160 units). Please see the attached site plan. As the site is within the MVCA's jurisdiction we are requesting CA's clarification on the stormwater management requirements.

In the City of Ottawa's pre-consultation notes, they mentioned that quality control will be provided in the Jackson Trails SWM Pond. The "Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Design Brief" dated June 2006, an Enhanced Level of Protection (80 % removal of Total Suspended Solids).

As required by the City, as noted in the pre-consultation meeting, we are emailing the Conservation Authority to provide any additional water quality requirements for the proposed development.

Also, the City of Ottawa was not able to locate the following reports:

- Feedmill Creek Stormwater Management Criteria Study Draft Final Report (July 2016, JFSA and Coldwater Consulting Ltd.)
- Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Design Brief" dated June 2006

If you have either of those reports on file, could you please share them with us?

Thank you for your review and input.

Regards,

<sup></sup>\*ex⊦

Moe Ghadban, P.Eng EXP | Engineering Designer t : +1.613.688.1899 | m : +1.613.808.4089 | e : moe.ghadban@exp.com 2650 Queensview Drive Suite 100 Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6 CANADA

<u>exp.com</u> | <u>legal disclaimer</u> keep it green, read from the screen

# 6171 Hazeldean Road Pre-Consultation Meeting Minutes

Location: Room 4102E, City Hall Date: December 13, 930 to 1030am

Attendee	Role	Organization				
Stream Shen	Planner					
Santhosh Kuruvilla	Project Manager (Civil)					
Matt Ippersiel	Urban Designer					
Neeti Paudel	Project Manager (Transportation)					
Matthew Hayley	Planner (Environment)	City of Ottawa				
Mark Richardson	Forester					
Samantha	Planning Assistant					
Gatchene	Flamming Assistant					
Justyna Garbos	Planner (Parks)					
Jaime Posen	Planner	Fotenn				
Bruce Thomas	Engineer (Civil)	EXP				
Phil Desmarais	Engineer (Transportation)					
Carmine Zayoun	Owner	GNCR				

# Comments from Applicant

- 1. The applicant is proposing a residential subdivision with approximately 388 units comprised of singles, towns, stacked towns, low-rise apartments and potentially some commercial uses on the ground floor.
- 2. The stacked townhomes and low-rise apartments are proposed to be condominiums with private streets.
- 3. There is a proposed servicing easement and pathway block connecting to Brandelier Way.

# Planning Comments

- 1. This is a pre-consultation for a Major Zoning By-law Amendment and Plan of Subdivision application. Application form, timeline and fees can be found <u>here</u>.
- 2. Please consider an enhanced rear yard setback for homes backing onto Lloyd Alex Crescent.

- 3. Please consider placing the park along Samantha Eastop extension and in proximity to the proposed townhome blocks to provide additional on-street parking availabilities.
- 4. Please incorporate a pathway connection to Samantha Eastop from the proposed cul-de-sac.
- 5. Please confirm if the Archeological Assessment has been completed as part of Potter's Key subdivision.
- 6. Consider traffic calming along the Samantha Eastop extension to Hazeldean.
- 7. Please consult with the Ward Councillor prior to submission.

# Urban Design Comments

- 1. In general, the proposed size of blocks is good.
- 2. Relocate the main entry point on Hazeldean Road to have it align with the existing break in the median and Samantha Eastop Ave.
- 3. The north-south local road in this location should:
  - a. Maintain the right-of-way width on Samantha Eastop Ave.
  - b. Have the number of driveways facing onto it minimized by orienting lots to have their sideyards abut the street.
  - c. Ensure adequate space for street trees, on-street parking, and other traffic calming measures to slow traffic and discourage cut-through traffic.
- 4. Eliminate the cul-de-sac by incorporating it into the grid street network.
- 5. From an urban design perspective, a more central location for the park would be the preference. Face as many front doors towards the park as possible.
- 6. If the park is to be relocated and will be increased in sized, look for opportunities to have it offset the street grid and discourage cut-through traffic on the main north-south street. Depending on where it is located the park could potentially terminate the view into the community from Hazeldean.
- 7. Locate higher density units on Hazeldean and especially towards the south-east corner of the site. Try to locate as much of the surface parking in the south-east corner of the site as possible to have it couple with the likely future parking lot on the adjacent site to the east. Avoid rear-lotting units onto Hazeldean where possible.
- 8. Avoid having townhouses back onto the existing singles on Lloydalex Crescent.
- 9. This project will not subject to review with the Urban Design Review Panel. Only required if the buildings are above four storeys.

# Engineering Comments

- See attached study (Feedmill Creek Stormwater Management Criteria Study) for the stormwater management criteria (quantity & quality) for the subject development
  - Minor system capture from this development will be directed to the Jackson Trails SWM Pond and limited to 70 L/s/ha as per the design of the facility
  - Major system storage to be provided on-site
- Quality control will be provided in Jackson Trails SWM Pond
- Provide emergency overland flow route
  - By modelling, demonstrate that there are no adverse impact to the existing downstream developments (Potter's Key and Jackson Trails)
- Demonstrate that the existing downstream minor system (sanitary and storm) in Potter's Key and Jackson Trails are adequately sized to receive flow from this development
- Watermain stubs are available for servicing this land, one at Samantha Eastop Avenue. and one at Hazeldean Road (closer to west property line)
- Sewer stubs are available within Potter's Key Subdivision for connection
- Pond may be required for attenuation as per the attached report
- Feedmill Creek restoration fee is applicable (approximately \$100, 000.00) and it will be included in the development charges
- Other charges may be applicable due to upsizing sewers or watermain or other works by other developers (e.g. Tartan, Minto, others)
  - Please contact Minto, Tartan, etc. for information
- Reference other previously approved reports (e.g. Stormwater Management, Watermain, Strom Sewer and Sanitary Sewer Design Brief - Potter's Key Subdivision, Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Design Brief)
- For engineering related questions please contact Santhosh Kuruvilla

# Transportation Comments

- 1. Follow Traffic Impact Assessment Guidelines Traffic Impact Assessment will be required.
  - a. Start this process immediately.

- b. If a traffic signal is proposed on Hazeldean at the proposed street or access, this will trigger a RMA. Please note other proposed road works on Hazeldean may also trigger a RMA.
  - i. Request base mapping as soon as possible. Contact Engineering Services (<u>https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-</u> <u>development/engineering-services</u>)
- c. Applicant advised that their application will not be deemed complete until the submission of the draft step 1-4, including the functional draft RMA package (if applicable) and/or monitoring report (if applicable)
- 2. Location of Intersection:
- 3. The location of the third leg intersecting with Hazeldean will have to be reviewed further in the TIA. If the intersection is to be signalized, there are concerns with the close proximity of the proposed signalized intersection and the existing signalized access east of the site.
- 4. If the third leg is proposed approximately 283m east of Carp Road aligning to the possible future access south of Hazeldean and connecting straight to Samantha Eastop Avenue, cut through traffic issues and speeding issues are of concern. Consider reconfiguration of the internal local street and implementation of traffic calming measures for review.
- 5. Please note that the road works including the traffic signal (if proposed) is not DC applicable and developer's responsibility.
- 6. In general, include traffic calming measures on roads within the limits of the subdivision to limit vehicular speed and improve pedestrian safety
  - a. Traffic calming measures shall reference best management practices from the Canadian Guide to Neighbourhood Traffic Calming, published by the Transportation Association of Canada, and/or Ontario Traffic Manual
  - b. These measures may include either vertical or horizontal features (such measures shall not interfere with stormwater management and overland flow routing), including but not limited to:
    - i. intersection or mid block narrowings, chicanes, medians;
    - ii. speed humps, speed tables, raised intersections, raised pedestrian crossings;
    - iii. road surface alterations (for example, use of pavers or other alternate materials, provided these are consistent with the City's Official Plan polices related to Design Priority Areas);
    - iv. pavement markings/signage; and
    - v. temporary/seasonal installations such as flexi posts or removable bollards.
- 7. Site triangles at the following locations on the final plan will be required:

- a. Local Road to Local Road: 3 metre x 3 metres
- b. Local to Arterial Road: 5 metre x 5 metres
- 8. Noise Impact Studies required for the following:
  - a. Road
- 9. On site plan:
  - Show all details of the boundary roads up to and including the opposite curb; include such items as pavement markings, accesses and/or sidewalks
  - b. Turning templates will be required for showing the largest vehicle to access the site; required for internal movements and at all accesses
  - c. Show all curb radii measurements; ensure that all curb radii are reduced as much as possible
  - d. Show road and sidewalk widths
- 10. Pavement marking and signage plan will be required
- 11. Geometric design road design drawings will be required with the first submission of detailed design

# Parks Comments

- 1. Parks will take parkland calculated using the rates specified in Part II, Section 3 of Parkland Dedication By-law No. 2009-95:
  - a. One hectare (ha) for every 300 single/townhouse dwelling units and
  - b. Prorated proportionally to the gross floor area that each use occupies within the apartment buildings
    - i. 10 percent for residential and
    - ii. Two percent for retail
- A rough calculation based on the 1 ha/300 dwelling unit rate indicates that a park of at least 0.9 ha is needed whereas the proposed park is significantly smaller (0.005 ha)
- 3. Two smaller parks are not desirable because they are more costly to maintain
- 4. A rectangular park is preferred because it can better support active recreational uses (i.e., play structures, sports fields)
- 5. There is an opportunity to retain trees within the woodlot by relocating the park to the northwest corner of the site
  - a. Parks is open to negotiating a combination of parkland and cash if the park is enlarged and some trees are retained

- 6. The park is to be developer-built. The developer can opt out and provide money instead. This can be discussed throughout the process and closer to draft approval.
  - a. The park shall be built within two years of registration
  - b. Please refer to the <u>Park Development Manual</u> for more information regarding park development
  - c. A Facility Fit Plan will be required prior to draft approval

# Environment Comments

- 1. An EIS is triggered to address Endangered and threatened species habitat. It will also need to address potential significant woodlands and significant wildlife habitat.
- 2. Look at street design to ensure street trees can be implemented.

# Forestry Comments

- 1. a Tree Conservation Report (TCR) must be supplied for review along with the suite of other plans/reports required by the City; an approved TCR is a requirement of Site Plan or Plan of Subdivision approval
- 2. any removal of privately-owned trees 10cm or larger in diameter requires a tree permit issued under the Urban Tree Conservation Bylaw; the permit is based on the approved TCR
- 3. any removal of City-owned trees will require the permission of Forestry Services who will also review the submitted TCR
- 4. for this site, the TCR may be combined with the EIS (if one is required) provided all information is clearly displayed
- 5. the TCR must list all trees on site by species, diameter and health condition separate stands of trees may be combined using averages
- 6. the TCR must address all trees with a critical root zone that extends into the developable area all trees that could be impacted by the construction that are outside the developable area need to be addressed.
- trees with a trunk that crosses/touches a property line are considered co-owned by both property owners; permission from the adjoining property owner must be obtained prior to the removal of co-owned trees
- 8. If trees are to be removed, the TCR must clearly show where they are, and document the reason they can not be retained please provide a plan showing retained and removed treed areas
- All retained trees must be shown and all retained trees within the area impacted by the development process must be protected as per City guidelines listed on Ottawa.ca

- 10. the City encourages the retention of healthy trees; if possible, please seek opportunities for retention of trees that will contribute to the design/function of the site.
- 11. Please ensure newly planted trees have an adequate soil volume for their size at maturity
- 12. For more information on the process or help with tree retention options, contact Mark Richardson <u>mark.richardson@ottawa.ca</u>

Please refer to the links to "<u>Guide to preparing studies and plans</u>" and <u>fees</u> for general information. Additional information is available related to <u>building permits</u>, <u>development</u> <u>charges</u>, <u>and the Accessibility Design Standards</u>. Be aware that other fees and permits may be required, outside of the development review process. You may obtain background drawings by contacting informationcentre@ottawa.ca.

These pre-con comments are valid for one year. If you submit a development application(s) after this time, you may be required to meet for another pre-consultation meeting and/or the submission requirements may change. You are as well encouraged to contact us for a follow-up meeting if the plan/concept will be further refined.

Please contact me at <u>stream.shen@ottawa.ca</u> or at 613-580-2424 extension 24488 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Stream Shen MCIP RPP Planner II Development Review - West

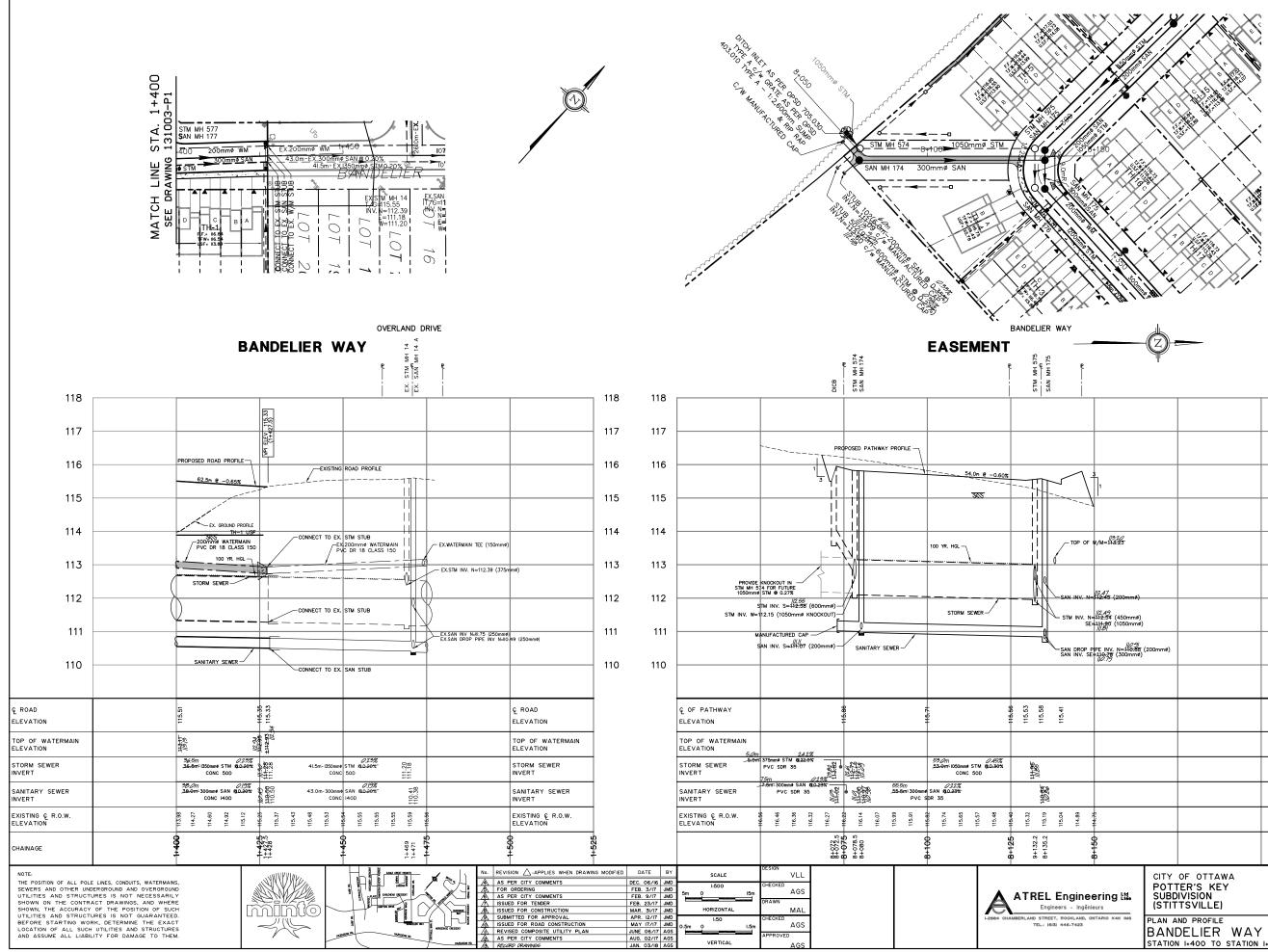
EXP Services Inc. Functional Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report 6171 Hazeldean Road 00258780-A0 2020-07-24

# **Appendix H – Background Information**

Excerpt pages from Potters Key Subnivium Drawings, Atrel Engineering. (10 pages)

Excerpt pages from 'Stormwater Management, Watermain, Storm Sewer and Sanitary Sewer Design Brief, Potter's Key Subdivision, Atrel Eng. (Cover + 1 page)

Excerpt pages form "Feedmill Creek stormwater Management Criteria Study". (Cover + 1 page)



### LEGEND:

(COW) CUT OFF WALL (1.5m WIDE) AS PER CITY STANDARD S8

(SL) SAFETY LANDING

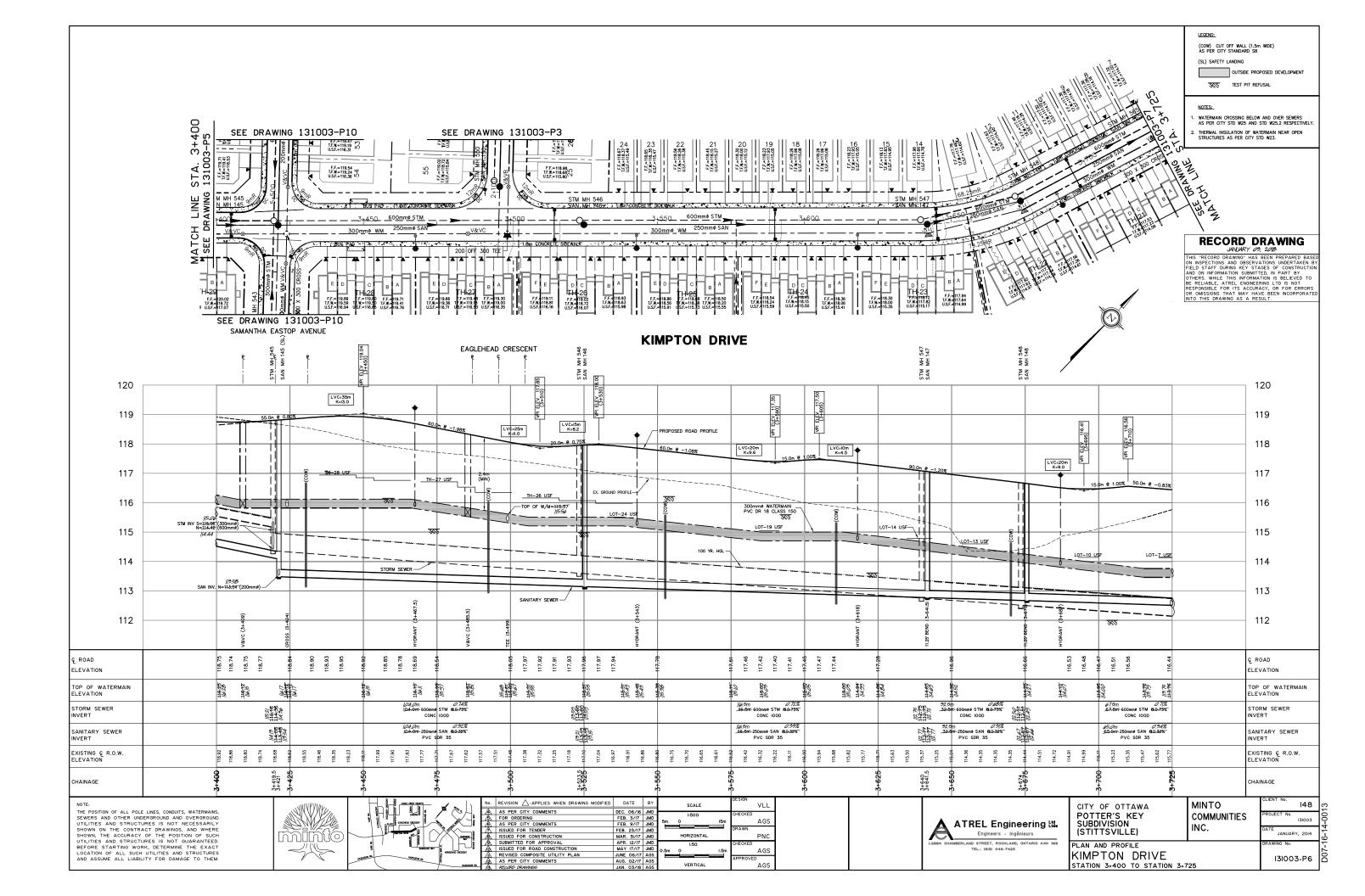
- OUTSIDE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT
- TEST PIT REFUSAL

NOTES:

- WATERMAIN CROSSING BELOW AND OVER SEWERS AS PER CITY STD W25 AND STD W25.2 RESPECTIVELY
- THERMAL INSULATION OF WATERMAIN NEAR OPEN STRUCTURES AS PER CITY STD W23.
- **RECORD DRAWING**

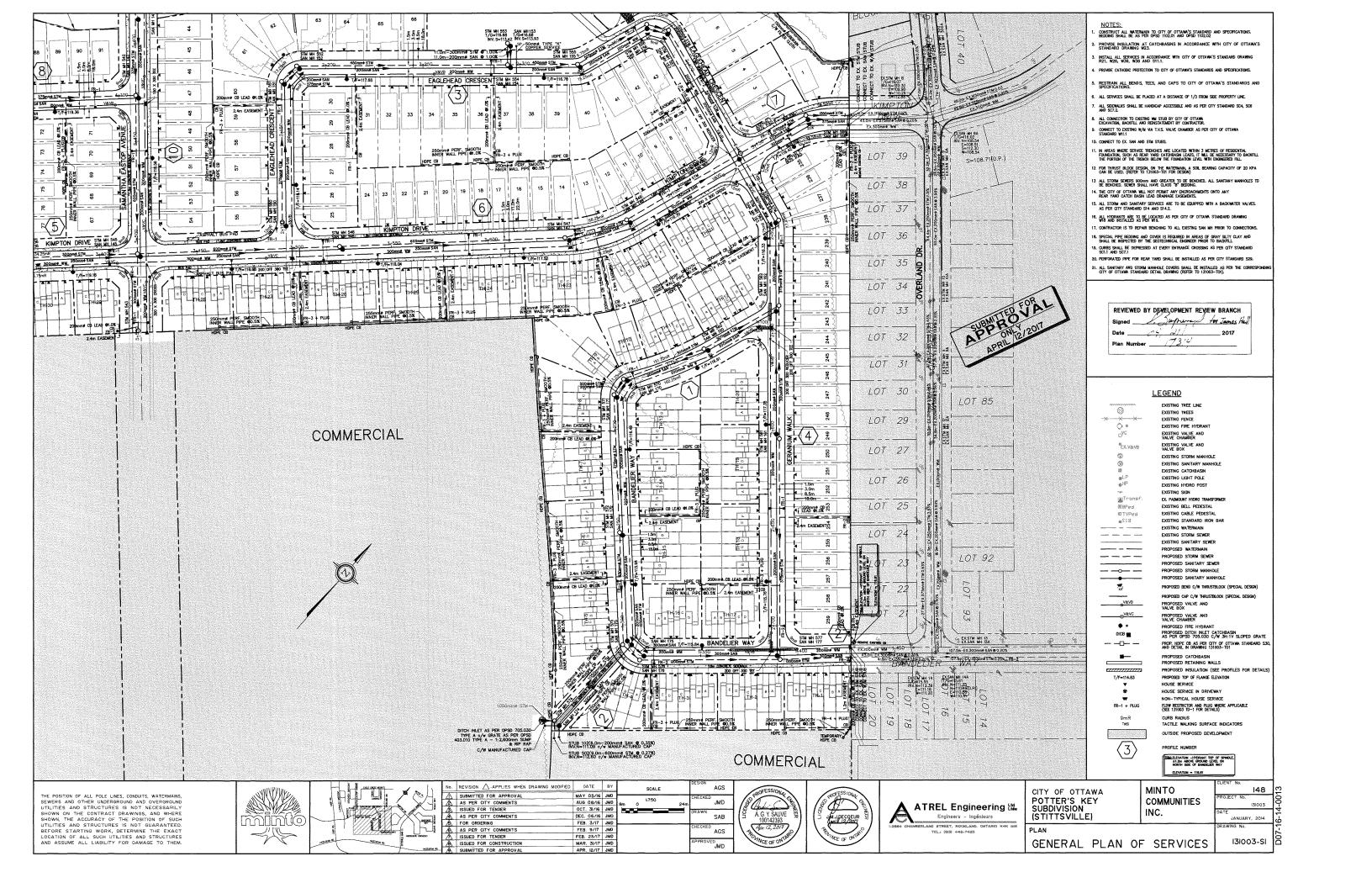
RECORD DRAWING JAUARY 07, 200 THIS "RECORD DRAWING" HAS BEEN PREPARED BASE ON INSPECTIONS AND OSERVATIONS UNDERTAKEN B INFORMATION SUBMITTED, UP APAT BY OTHERS WHILE THIS INFORMATION IS BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE, ATREL ENGMERENING LID IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ITS ACCURACY, OR FOR ERRORS OR OMISSIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN INCORPORATEI INTO THIS DRAWING AS A RESULT.

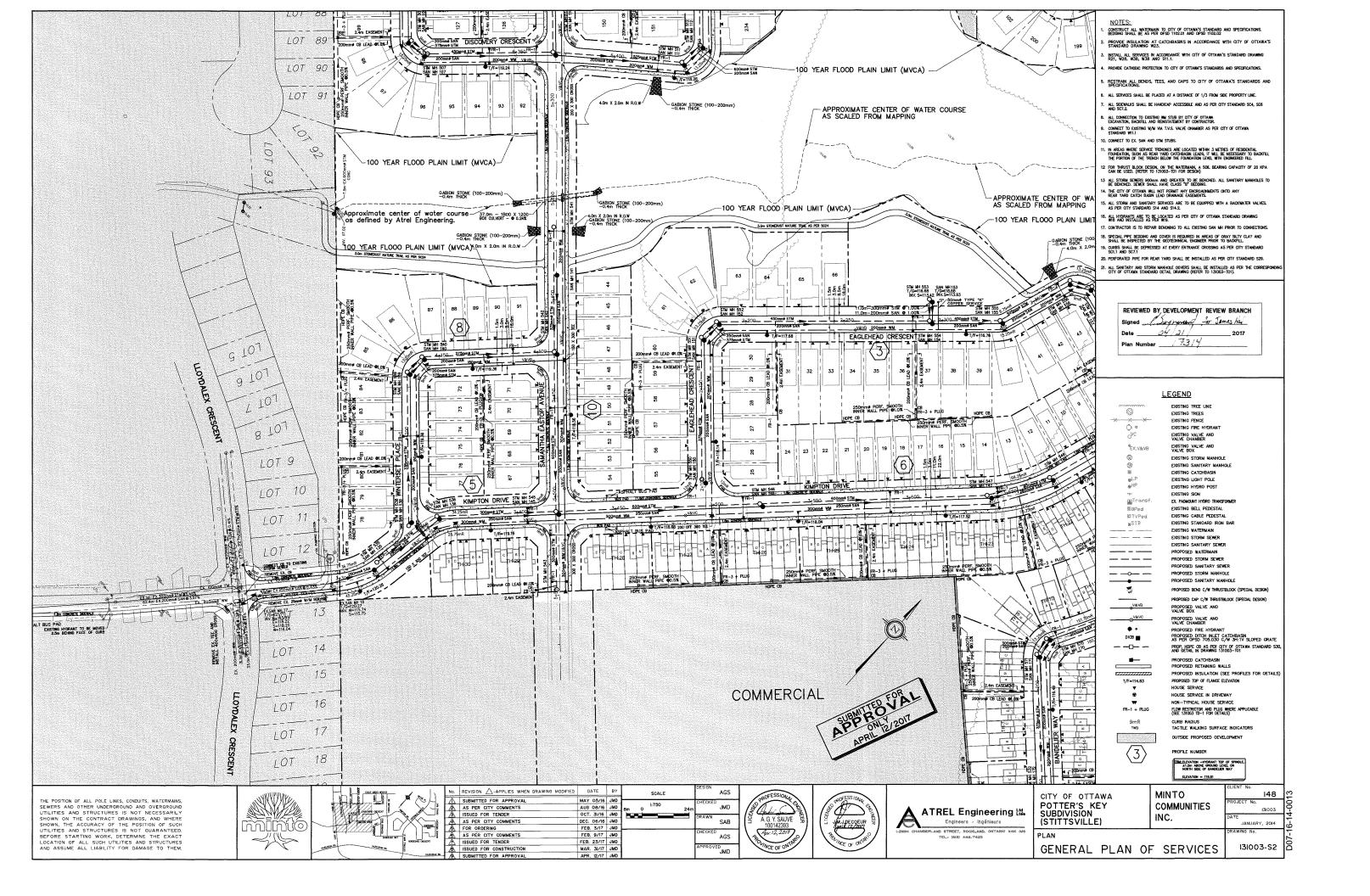
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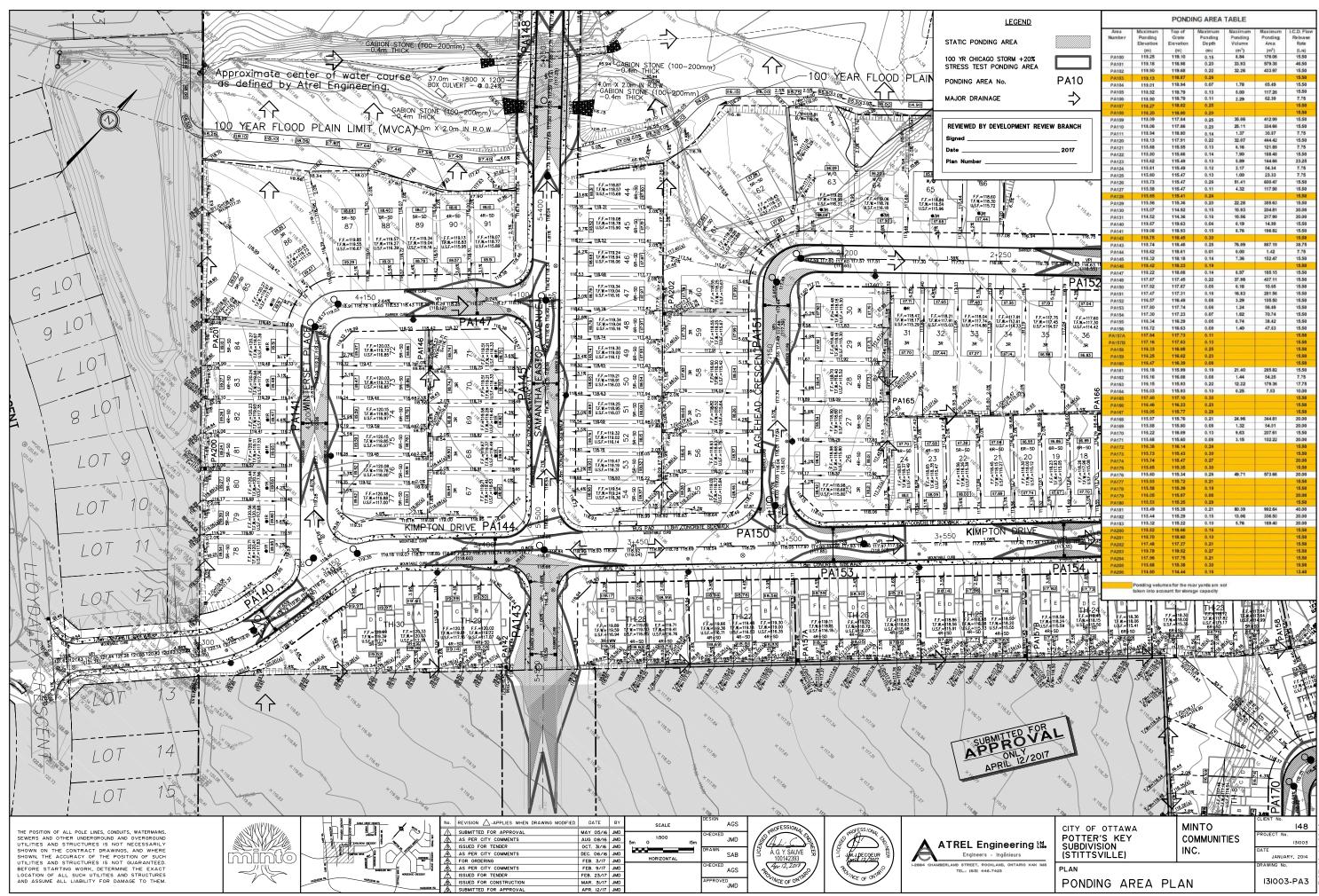


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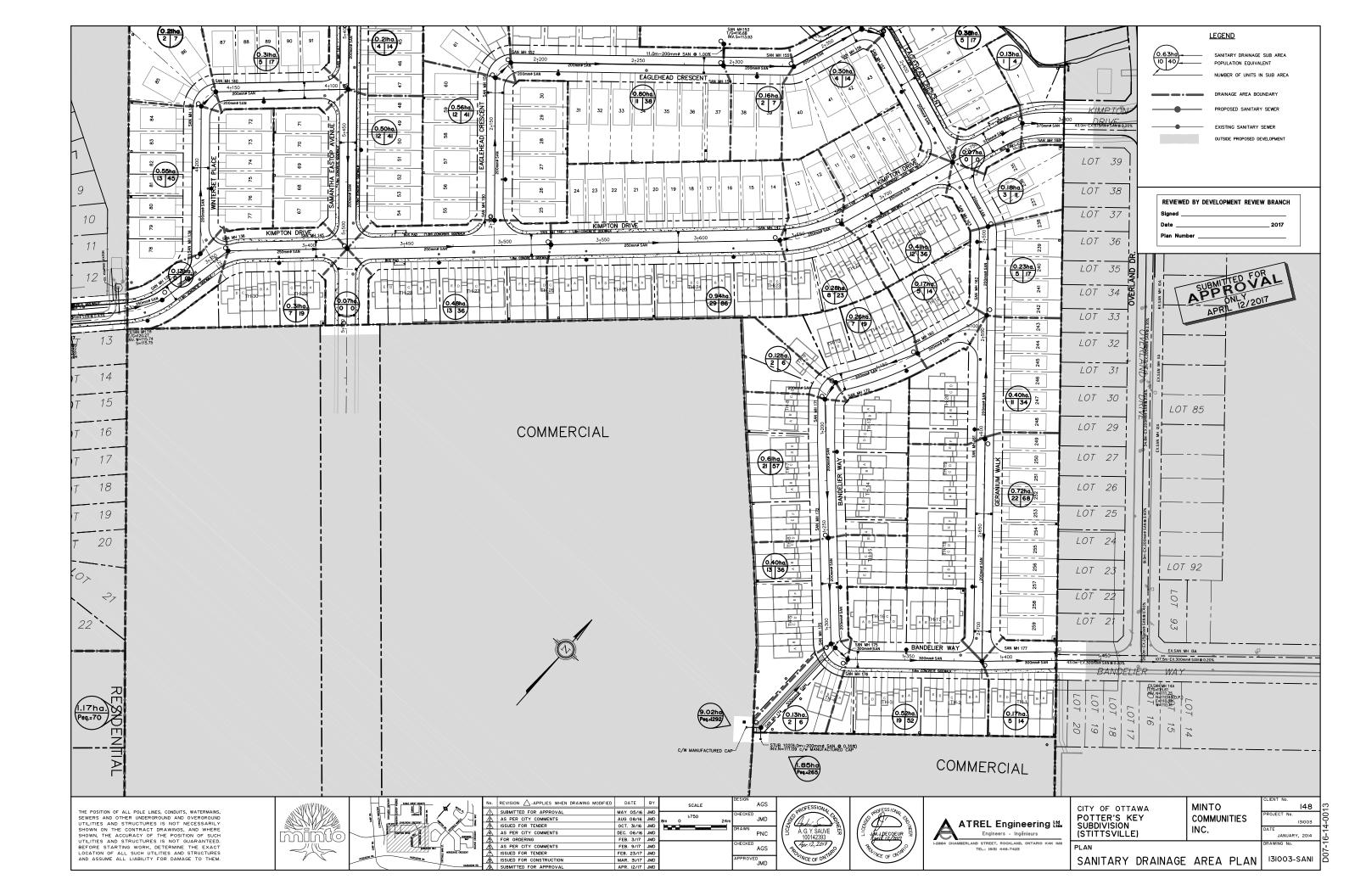


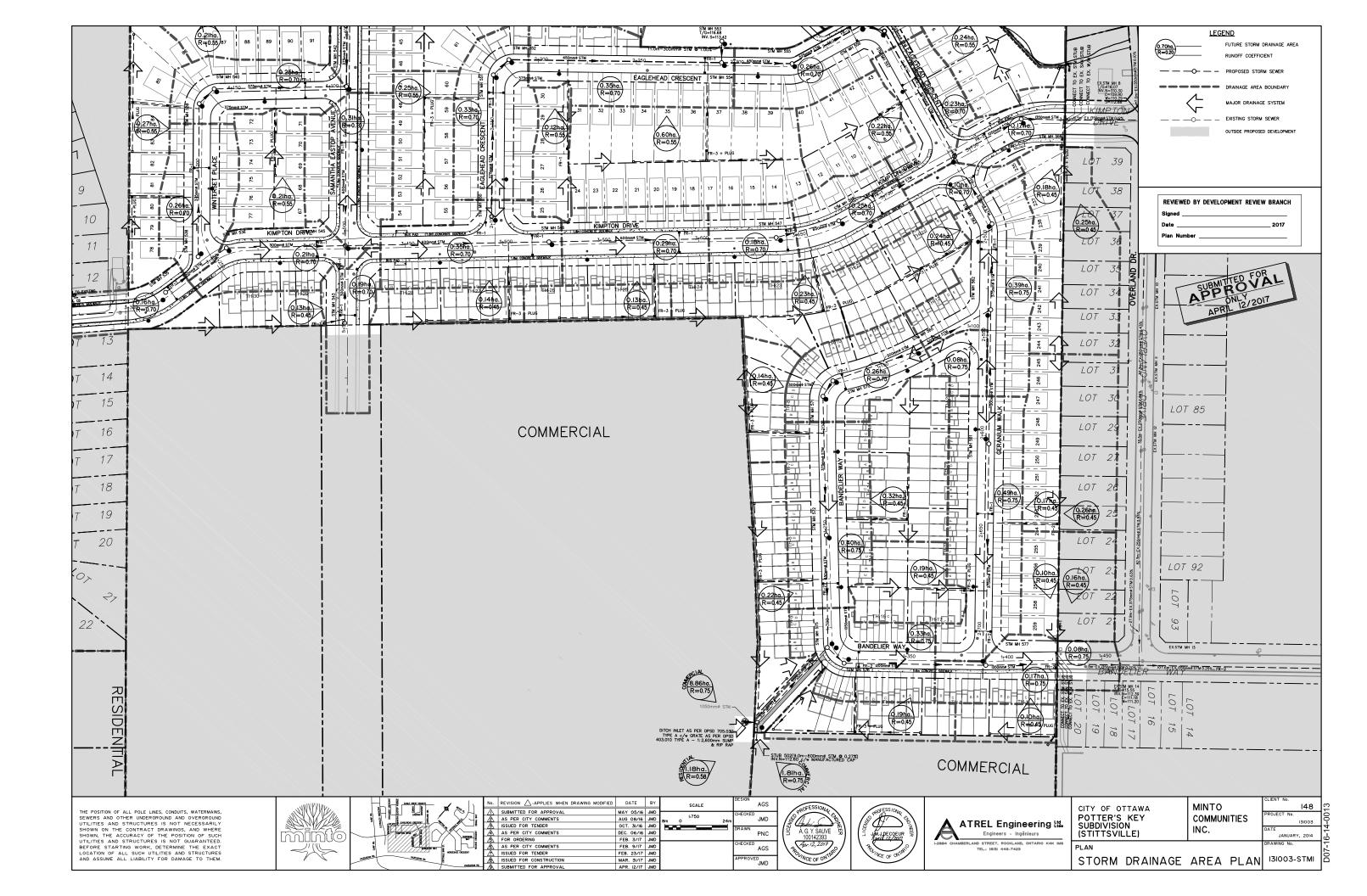






D07-16-14-0





# **MINTO COMMUNITIES INC.**



# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT, WATERMAIN, STORM SEWER AND SANITARY SEWER

**DESIGN BRIEF** 

# PART OF LOT 23 AND 24 CONCESSION 12

# **POTTER'S KEY SUBDIVISION**

# **CITY OF OTTAWA**

FEBRUARY 2017



(Revision 5)

	SANITAF DATE: DESIGNE CHECKE			N FORM February 2017 VLL AGS			(	OJECT: CLIENT: JECT #: BY:	1	POTTER'S K Minto Commun 131003 ATREL ENGINI	ties Inc.									PVC/CO	q= I= ONC N= HER N=	0.28 0.013	l/cap.da l/ha.s	y			welling=	Table 20 3.4 perso 2.7 perso	on/unit
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Park 2 Eaglehead Crescent Eaglehead Crescent Eaglehead Crescent Eaglehead Crescent	MH MH MH MH	153 154 155 156 157	MH MH MH MH	154 155 156 157 165	0.37 0.16 0.30 0.38	7.0 14.0	0.37 2.10 2.40 2.40 2.78	93 107 107 124	4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00	1.51 1.73 1.73 2.01						0.10 0.59 0.67 0.67 0.78	2.09 2.41 2.41	PVC PVC PVC	200 200 200	201.2 201.2 201.2 201.2 201.2	1.00 0.85 0.50 0.50 1.24	36.0 39.5 11.0	33.31 30.71 23.55 23.55 37.09	93% 90% 90%	0.97 0.74 0.74		113.02 112.68	112.68 112.59	112.71 112.48 112.39
Bandelier Way Geranium Walk	MH	160 161	MH	162 162	0.17	14.0	0.17		4.00	0.23						0.05	0.27	PVC	200	201.2	0.65	40.0	26.86 26.86	99%		114.18		113.92 113.87	113.72
Geranium Walk Geranium Walk Kimpton Drive Kimpton Drive	MH MH MH MH	162 163 165 166	MH MH MH CAP	163 165 166 Kimpt. Dr	0.23 0.18 0.07 0.13	17.0 11.0 4.0	16.56	1024	4.00 4.00 3.79 3.79	1.05 1.23 15.68 15.74						0.22 0.27 4.60 4.64	1.51 20.28 20.37	PVC PVC CONC	375 375	201.2 366.4 381.0	0.50 0.50 0.20 0.20	37.5 41.0	23.55 23.55 73.72 81.80	94% 72%	0.74 0.74 0.70 0.72	113.06	112.86 111.21	111.50	112.67
Kimpton Drive Bandelier Way Bandelier Way Bandelier Way Bandelier Way	CAP MH MH MH MH MH	Kimpt. Dr 160 170 171 172 173	EX MH MH MH MH MH	8 A 170 171 172 173 175	0.26 0.12 0.61 0.40	19.0 6.0 57.0 36.0	16.56 0.26 0.38 0.99 1.39 1.39	1024 19 25 82 118 118	3.79 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00	15.74 0.31 0.41 1.33 1.91 1.91						4.64 0.07 0.11 0.28 0.39 0.39	0.38 0.51 1.61 2.30	PVC PVC PVC PVC	200 200 200	381.0 201.2 201.2 201.2 201.2 201.2 201.2	0.20 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.65 0.65	44.5 10.0 71.0 54.0	81.80 28.85 28.85 28.85 26.86 26.86	99% 98% 94% 91%	0.72 0.91 0.91 0.91 0.84 0.84	109.00 114.05 113.69 113.58 113.05	113.85 113.49 113.38	113.05 112.70	113.52
Commercial (by others)		101 102	MH	173	1.17	70.0	1.17	-		1.13 9.02	2 <u>1292.0</u> 5 265.0		1292 1.5 265 1.5	0 7.8 0 1.6		2.85	11.84	PVC		299.2		7.5		74%	0.65	111.32	111.02		111.00
Easement	MH	174	MH	175				70	4.00	1.13	200.0	10.87	1557 1.5	0 9.4	6	3.37	13.97	PVC	300	299.2	0.23		46.05	70%	0.65	111.27	110.97	111.14	110.84
Bandelier Way Bandelier Way Geranium Walk	MH MH MH	175 176 161	MH MH MH	176 177 177	0.13 0.52 0.72	6.0 52.0 68.0	2.69 3.21 0.72		4.00 4.00 4.00	3.14 3.99 1.10		10.87 10.87		0 9.4 0 9.4		3.80 3.94 0.20	17.39		300 300 200		0.23 0.23 1.50	8.5 68.5 113.5	46.05 46.05 40.80	62%	0.65 0.65 1.28	111.03	110.78 110.73 113.94		
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	Existing Sanitary Sewers																												

50	l/cap.day
.28	l/ha.s





J.F. Sabourin and Associates Inc. www.jfsa.com

# Feedmill Creek Stormwater Management Criteria Study

Final Report with Expansion Area 3 and Update April 30 2018



Submitted to: City of Ottawa Planning and Infrastructure

*Submitted by:* **J.F. Sabourin and Associates Inc.** 

Water Resources and

**Environmental Consultants** 

JFSA

In association with:





# 5.2 SWM Criteria

The SWM criteria for future developments within the Feedmill Creek subwatershed apply to the approximately 175.10 ha of remaining developable land within the Feedmill Creek subwatershed (refer to Table 1 and Figure 2). The SWM criteria have been developed based on data collected during a field investigation and analysis of hydrologic, hydraulic and geomorphic numerical simulations and calculations. The SWM criteria are setup to resolve both existing and future flood and erosion risk along Feedmill Creek. This study followed a step-by-step process considering four (4) SWM scenarios for the ultimate full build out conditions. The ultimate development conditions SWM control Scenario B has been selected as the 'optimal' scenario and forms the basis for these criteria.

There are four (4) components for SWM criteria, on-site extended detention storage, 100-year on-site storage, on-site LID controls and in-stream works.

The SWM criteria are as follows:

- 1. Extended Detention Control: Provide sufficient on-site storage volume to control the peak flow from a 15 mm 3-hour Chicago design storm to 0.51 L/s/ha.
- 2. Flood Control: Provide sufficient on-site storage volume and quantity control structure to control the peak flow from a 100-year 12-hour SCS Type II storm to 8.0 L/s/ha<sup>3</sup>.
- 3. Retention Control: Provide on-site Low Impact Development (LID) controls to retain the entire volume (no runoff) from either a 5 mm or 10 mm rainfall depending on location:
  - a. 5 mm for catchments located east of Carp Road (FS206\_2, FS204, FS203a, FS203b, FS067\_4, FS075\_1, FS081\_2 and FS107)
  - b. 10 mm for catchments located west of Carp Road (FS103\_2b and FS104\_2b)<sup>4</sup>
- 4. In-stream works are required in addition to the SWM controls detailed above. A design has been prepared by Coldwater (2017b), refer to Appendix B of this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The interim, near future and ultimate conditions model results for the Timbermere SWM pond are above the original design report. The proper functioning of that facility must be assessed and resolved before development can occur on the upstream catchments notwithstanding these SWM Criteria.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Flood control requirements are listed for the 100-year event only, meeting this 100-year requirement will practically require inherent peak flow controls for more frequent events. The peak flow results from the 15-mm 3-hour Chicago storm and the 2- to 100-year 12-hour SCS Type II storm for near future conditions and ultimate development conditions SWM Scenario B are included in Appendix H for reference. These values should be referenced by detailed designers, in addition to the hydraulic constraints, since the overall goal of post-to-pre control on the subwatershed level applies to all return periods.

EXP Services Inc. Functional Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report 6171 Hazeldean Road 00258780-A0 2020-07-24

Appendix I – Checklist

EXP Services Inc. Functional Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report 6171 Hazeldean Road 00258780-A0 2020-07-24

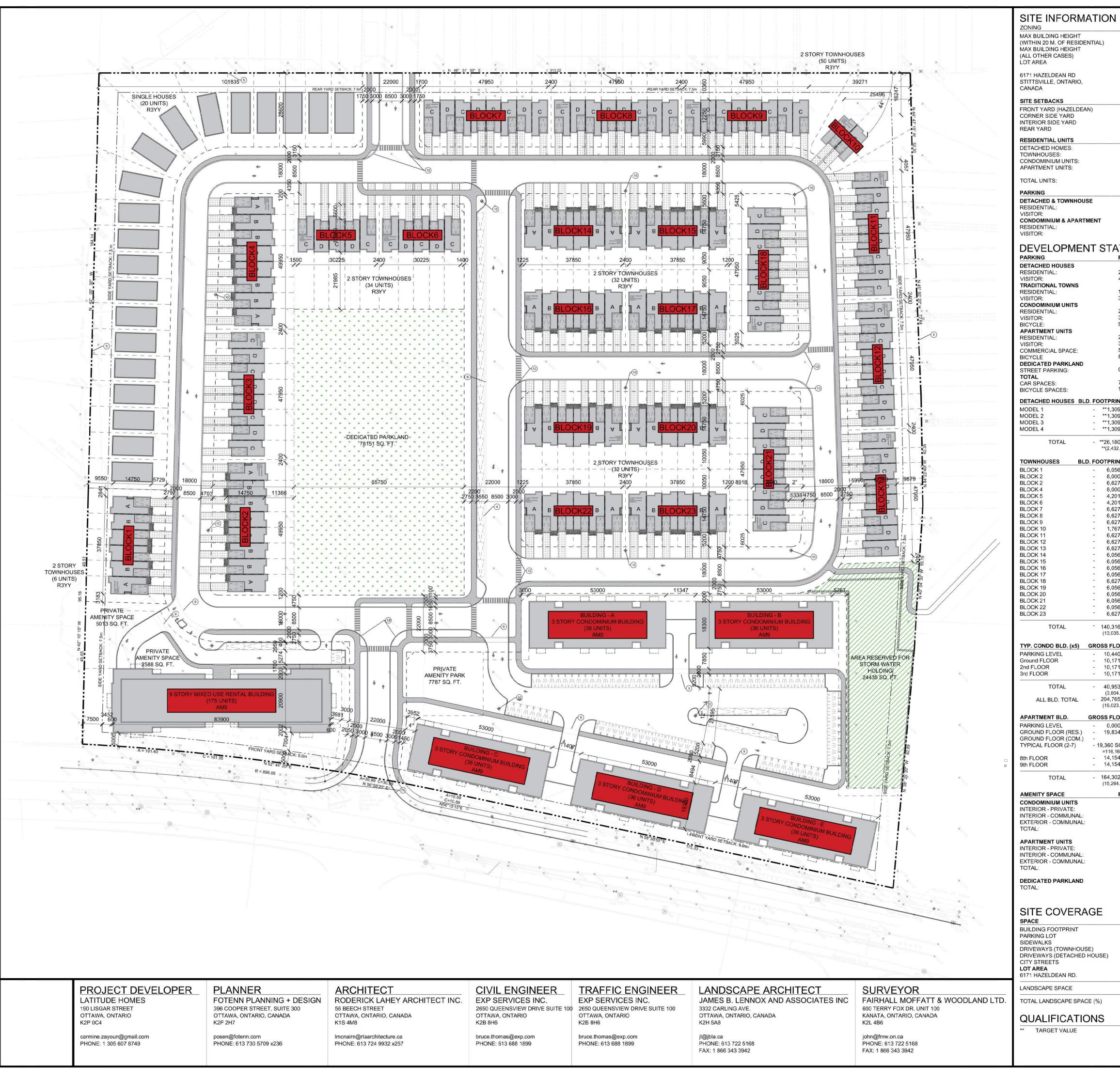
# **Appendix J – Drawings**

### Site Plan & Survey Drawings

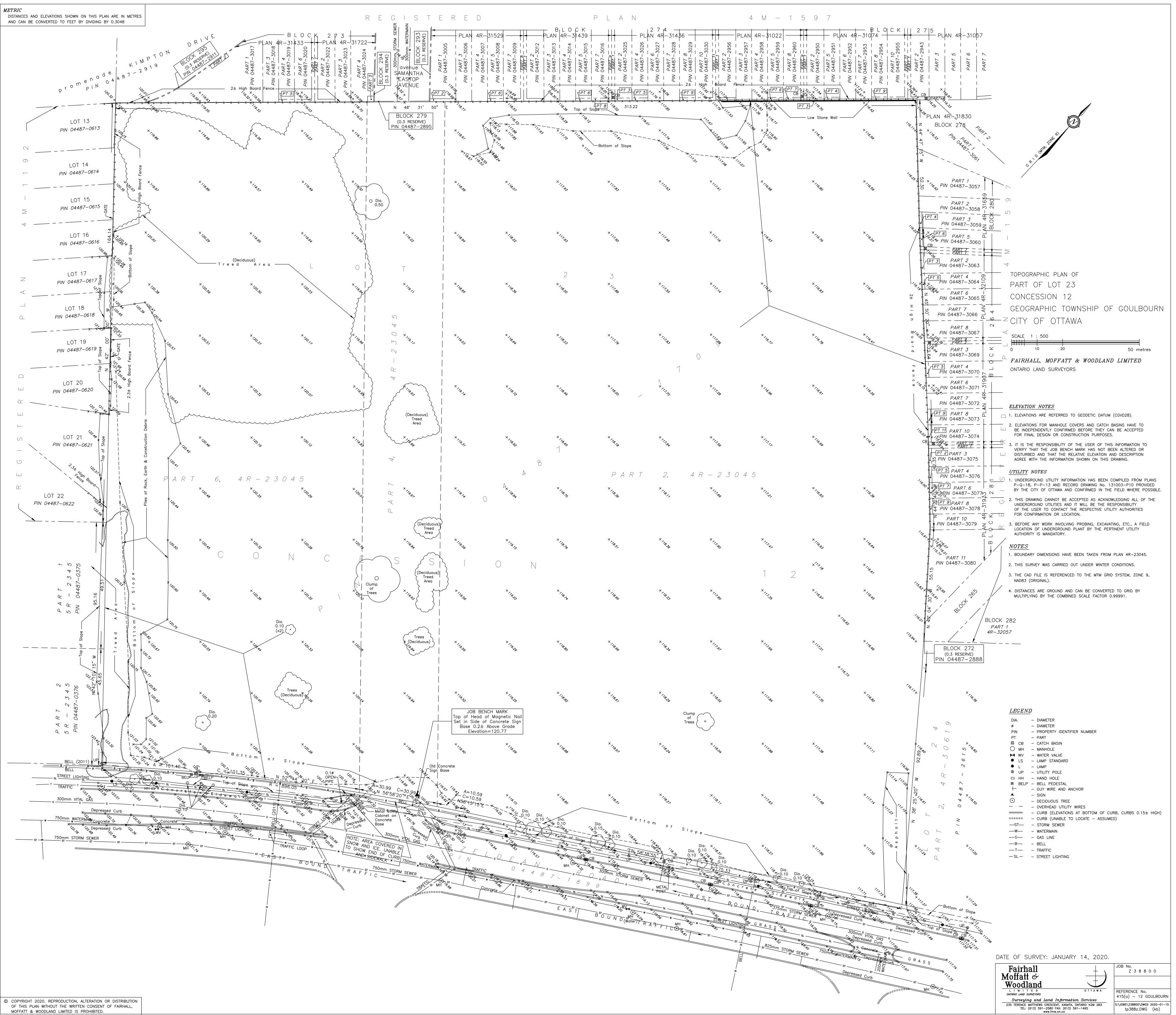
- Site Plan, SP-00 (08-05-2020)
- Topographic Plan, (file:Z38800, Jan 14, 2020)

### **Engineering Drawings (included separately)**

- SSP1 Site Servicing Plan Rev.1
- GPM Macro Grading Plan Rev.1
- STMM Macro Storm Drainage Plan Rev.1
- SANM Macro Sanitary Drainage Plan Rev.1
- ESCM Macro Erosion and Sediment Control Plan Rev.1



N	AM9 11.0 M. 15.0 M. 90,187.6 SQ. M.		IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY O CONTRACTOR TO CHECK AN ON SITE AND TO REPORT AL OMISSIONS TO THE ARCHITE ALL CONTRACTORS MUST C PERTINENT CODES AND BY-I THIS DRAWING MAY NOT BE UNTIL SIGNED BY THE ARCH DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS. COPYRIGHT RESERVED.	D VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS L ERRORS AND/OR CT. OMPLY WITH ALL LAWS. USED FOR CONSTRUCTION
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309 SQFT 5 180 SQFT 20	**2,309 SQFT	<ul> <li>PROVIDE DEPRESSED CURB AND CROSSWALK</li> <li>SHORT TERM PARKING</li> </ul>		
432.2 SQM)	** (4,290.3 SQM)	14 PICK UP AND PROP OFF LOCATION		
RINT AREA UNITS 056 SQFT 6 000 SQFT 8	NET UNIT AREA 13,946 SQFT 18,450 SQFT			
627 SQFT 8 000 SQFT 8	17,420 SQFT 18,450 SQFT	(15) PROVIDE CONCRETE PAD FOR GARBAGE		
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171 SQFT 12 953 SQFT 36	8,971 SQFT	LEGEND		
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6,160 SQFT =132 154 SQFT 16	=104,148 SQFT 12,318 SQFT	3 YRD. FIBROUS RECYCLING BIN R3 FIRE HYDRANT		
154 SQFT 16	12,318 SQFT	2 YRD. GLASS AND R2 NEW LIGHT STANDARD	ARCHITECT:	
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REQUIRED N/A	12,240 SQFT	TYPICAL PARKING SPACE	roderick 56 beech street, otta	ahey architect inc. wa, ontario K1S 316
N/A MIN. 6,975 SQFT	0,000 SQFT 7,787 SQFT	SMALL PARKING SPACE	t. 613.724.9932 f. 613.72	24.1209 rlaarchitecture.ca
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N/A MIN. 6,781 SQFT	15,700 SQFT 3,036 SQFT		6171 HAZ	ZELDEAN
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	AREA			
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			scale: 1:750	SHEET No.
			PROJECT No.	SP-00
			1831	



GEOGRAPHIC TOWNSHIP OF GOULBOURN

50 metres

# DISTURBED AND THAT THE RELATIVE ELEVATION AND DESCRIPTION AGREE WITH THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO CONTACT THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY AUTHORITIES

# 1. BOUNDARY DIMENSIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN FROM PLAN 4R-23045. 2. THIS SURVEY WAS CARRIED OUT UNDER WINTER CONDITIONS. 3. THE CAD FILE IS REFERENCED TO THE MTM GRID SYSTEM, ZONE 9,

DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR 0.99991.

-       DIAMETER         -       DIAMETER         -       DIAMETER         -       PROPERTY IDENTIFIER NUMBER         -       PART         -       CATCH BASIN         -       MANHOLE         -       WATER VALVE	
<ul> <li>LAMP STANDARD</li> <li>LAMP</li> <li>UTILITY POLE</li> <li>HAND HOLE</li> <li>BELL PEDESTAL</li> <li>GUY WIRE AND ANCHOR</li> <li>SIGN</li> <li>DECIDUOUS TREE</li> <li>OVERHEAD UTILITY WIRES</li> <li>CURB (ELEVATIONS AT BOTTOM OF CUR</li> <li>CURB (UNABLE TO LOCATE - ASSUMED</li> <li>STORM SEWER</li> <li>WATERMAIN</li> <li>GAS LINE</li> <li>BELL</li> <li>TRAFFIC</li> <li>STREET LIGHTING</li> </ul>	
SURVEY: JANUARY 14, 2020.	
hall + )	JOB No. Z 3 8 8 0 0
lland D SURVEYORS	REFERENCE No.
ying and Land Information Services EE MATTHEWS CRESCENT, KANATA, ONTARIO K2M 2B3 L: (613) 591-2580 FAX: (613) 591-1495 www.fmw.on.cg	415(a) — 12 GOULBOUF s:\jobs\z38800\dwgs 2020-01- tp388z.DWG (kb)
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