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Site Servicing Report 280 Laurier Avenue East



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

In 2021, J.L. Richards & Associates Limited (JLR) was retained by Smart Living Properties (SLP) to prepare a Site Servicing Report (SSR) and detailed design drawings of municipal infrastructure in support of a three-storey building addition to the east side of the existing six-storey residential apartment building sited at 280 Laurier Avenue East, in the City of Ottawa. This SSR has been prepared to document the detailed civil engineering design for the Site Plan Application (SPA) to the City of Ottawa. It has been assumed that this SSR can also be used as a Design Brief to support a Zoning By-Law Amendment (ZBLA), should one be required.

This report has been prepared to outline the design objectives and criteria, servicing constraints and strategies for developing the subject lands with water, wastewater, storm and stormwater management services in accordance with:

- i) The November 2009 Servicing Study Guidelines for Development Applications in the City of Ottawa (City);
- ii) The Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (2012) and associated Technical Bulletins;
- iii) The discussions held during a pre-consultation meeting (April 30, 2021) with City staff, and
- iv) Subsequent email correspondence with the owner (SLP), its architect and the City.

A copy of the Topographical Survey is included in Appendix 'A' while a copy of the preconsultation meeting and follow-up email correspondence has been included in Appendix 'B'.

1.2 Site Description

The subject property is located within the urban limits of the City of Ottawa. The site is bounded by Laurier Avenue East to the north and by Sweetland Avenue to the west (refer to Figure 1 for Location Plan). The subject site currently consists of an existing building which is surrounded by a paved "L" shaped parking area. Based on the aerial image, the subject site currently consists primarily of asphalt and the building with a small strip of grass adjacent to the neighbouring property on Laurier Avenue East.

The topographical survey of the subject property indicates an existing drainage boundary to the east of the existing building, which causes the current parking area to slope north towards Laurier Avenue East and west towards Sweetland Avenue. Currently, storm runoff generated on the site either sheet flows onto Laurier Avenue East, sheet flows onto Sweetland Avenue, is collected by an on-site catch basin that discharges into the Sweetland Avenue storm sewer system, or is captured on the roof and is assumed to discharge into the Laurier Avenue East storm sewer system via roof drains. There is also an existing drain at the bottom of the exterior basement stairs which is assumed to connect directly to the building's foundation drain.

1.3 Building Configuration and Zoning

SLP wishes to construct a three-storey building addition (19 units) to the east side of the existing six-storey building (40 units), for which all of the existing building services (sanitary, storm, water) are proposed to remain. The location and sizes of the building services will be confirmed via CCTV footage. The new residential building addition would replace the current asphalt parking area, with rooftop stormwater storage being provided for the building addition. The new roof drains for the building addition will connect to the existing roof drain system. Similarly, the plumbing for the building addition will be serviced from the existing building.

The subject property is currently zoned Residential Fourth Density Zone, Subzone UD [R4UD (480)], which allows for a maximum building height of 14.5 m (By-law 2020-290). It has been assumed that this SSR can also be used as a Design Brief to support a Zoning By-Law Amendment (ZBLA), should one be required.

1.4 Existing Infrastructure

This report was prepared to demonstrate that the site redevelopment can be supported by the existing municipal infrastructure. The subject property is bounded by existing municipal infrastructure as illustrated below in Figure 2, which consists of the following (refer to Appendix 'C' for a copy of the background drawings):

Watermain

- Existing 203 mm diameter PVC watermain along Laurier Avenue East;
- Existing 203 mm diameter PVC/DI watermain along Sweetland Avenue.

Sanitary

- Existing 250 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer along Laurier Avenue East;
- Existing 225/250 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer along Sweetland Avenue.

Storm

- Existing 1050 mm diameter CONC storm sewer along Laurier Avenue East;
- Existing 375 mm diameter CONC storm sewer along Sweetland Avenue.

A topographical survey was completed by Annis, O'Sullivan, Vollebekk (AOV) Limited compiled on February 12, 2021 (refer to Appendix 'A').



Figure 2: Existing Infrastructure

1.5 Pre-Consultation, Permits and Approvals

A pre-consultation meeting was held between the Owner's representatives and staff from the City on April 30, 2021. A copy of the pre-consultation meeting notes has been provided in Appendix 'B'. As per the consultation notes, the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA) was consulted to determine the stormwater quality criterion. Relevant comments are listed below:

- Coefficient (C) of runoff determined as per existing conditions but in no case more than 0.5.
- TC = To be calculated, minimum 10 minutes.
- Any storm events greater than 5 year, up to 100 year, and including 100-year storm event must be detained on site.
- Foundation drains are to be independently connected to sewer main unless being pumped with appropriate back up power, sufficient sized pump and back flow prevention.
- Roof drains are to be connected downstream of any incorporated ICD within the SWM system.
- Noise study required property fronts on Major Collector Road (Laurier Avenue).
- If the property is not to be severed only one set of municipal services are permitted.
- No stormwater quality measures are required.

1.6 Engineering Drawings

Engineering drawings have been prepared in support of a Site Plan Application to the City of Ottawa and a Zoning By-Law Amendment should one be required. The following two (2) drawings are included in this application:

- Site Servicing, Grading, Erosion & Sediment Control Plan (Drawing C1); and
- Drainage and Ponding Plan (Drawing SWM).

2.0 WATER SERVICING

2.1 Water Supply and Design Criteria

A Hydraulic Network Analysis (HNA) was carried out for the proposed site to confirm that the existing watermain and water service can provide adequate supply while complying with both the Ottawa Design Guidelines for Water Distribution (July 2010) and Technical Bulletins ISDTB-2014-02 and ISTB-2018-02.

Section 4.2.2 of the Water Design Guidelines requires that all new development additions to the public water distribution system be designed such that the minimum and maximum water pressure, as well as the fire flow rates, conform to the following:

- Under maximum hourly demand conditions (peak hour), the pressures shall not be less than 276 kPa:
- During periods of maximum day and fire flow demand, the residual pressure at any point in the distribution system shall not be less than 140 kPa (20 psi);
- In accordance with the Ontario Building Code in areas that may be occupied, the static pressure at any fixture shall not exceed 552 kPa (80 psi);
- The maximum pressure at any point in the distribution system in unoccupied areas shall not exceed 689 kPa (100 psi); and
- Feedermains, which have been provided primarily for the purpose of redundancy, shall meet, at a minimum, the basic day plus fire flow demand.

Table 2-1 summarizes the design criteria for water servicing, which will serve as the basis of the detailed design for the site.

Design Criteria	Design Value	
Density (apt) 1-bedroom	1.4	
Density (apt) 2-bedroom	2.1	
Density (apt) 3-bedroom	3.1	
Population < 500		
Residential average day demand	280 L/cap/day	
Peaking Factors	MOE Table 3-3	
Fire Flow Requirements		
Municipal ROW	FUS	

Table 2-1: Water Design Criteria

Within Private Property	OBC
Scenario	
Peak hour	>275 kPa (40 psi)
Maximum day plus fire flow	>140 kPa (20 psi)
Minimum hour (maximum HGL)	<552 kPa (80 psi)

2.2 Domestic Water Demands

The water demands presented in this section reflect the unit count proposed on the Site Plan. Domestic water demands were calculated for both the existing building and proposed three-storey addition, which includes forty-four (44) bachelor units, twelve (12) 1-bedroom units and three (3) 2-bedroom units for a total of 59 units.

The residential consumption rate for average day demand was set to 280 L/c/d as instructed by the City based on Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-01. Since the proposed population for the entire site is less than 500 people, peaking factors interpolated from Table 3-3 of the MOE Design Guidelines were used to generate the maximum day and peak hour demands. Table 2-2 summarizes the water consumption rates and peaking factors used in the HNA.

Table 2-2: Water Consumption Rates and Peaking Factors

Demand Scenario	Residential	
Average Day	280 L/c/d	
Maximum Day	4.67 x Avg Day	
Peak Hour	7.04 x Avg Day	

Table 2-3 summarizes the water demands based on the proposed site details and the peaking factors from Table 2-2 (refer to Appendix D1 for detailed calculations).

Table 2-3: Water Consumption Rates and Peaking Factors

Demand Scenario	Water Demand (L/s)	
Average Day	0.28	
Maximum Day	1.31	
Peak Hour	1.97	

2.3 Existing Water Service

The assumed location of the existing water service is shown on the Site Servicing, Grading, Erosion & Sediment Control Plan (Drawing C1). Water supply to the existing building and the proposed addition is assumed to be provided by a 100 mm diameter water service lateral that is connected to the 203 mm diameter watermain on Laurier Avenue East. It is assumed that the existing 100 mm diameter water service is connected to the boiler room at the northeastern face of the existing building.

The watermain roughness coefficient for the existing 100 mm diameter water service was determined by using a friction factor of 100 as presented in Section 4.2.12. of the Design Guidelines. The internal pipe diameter for the 100 mm water service was analyzed as 108 mm based on Section 4.3.5 of the Design Guidelines.

2.4 Required Fire Flow

For the required fire flow (RFF), water supply within the municipal right-of-way (ROW) must comply with the *Water Supply for Public Fire Protection* guidelines (1999) developed by the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) as well as Technical Bulletins ISDTB-2014-02 and ISTB-2018-02. Given the site's usage as a privately owned mid-rise residential apartment building, servicing within this private property must comply with the Ontario Building Code (OBC).

Initially, the required fire flow (RFF) was calculated using the FUS method for the existing six-storey building and the proposed three-storey addition together while considering material, height of structure, exposure, etc. in accordance with ISTB-2018-02. It was assumed that both the existing building and the proposed addition were composed of wood frame construction, therefore, an anticipated RFF of 23,000 L/min (383 L/s) was calculated. Boundary conditions were requested from the City at the assumed existing water service connection location to the watermain on Laurier Avenue East. The boundary conditions received from the City are summarized in Table 2-4 and a copy of the email correspondence can be found in Appendix 'D2'.

Water Demand Scenario	HGL Laurier Avenue East (m)
Peak Hour	106.1
Maximum HGL	115.4
Max. Day + Fire Flow	97.6

Table 2-4: Hydraulic Boundary Conditions

Since receiving the boundary conditions from the City, it was found that the existing building is classified as non-combustible construction (concrete). Therefore, the RFF per the FUS was recalculated as 11,000 L/min (183 L/s) for the proposed three-storey addition alone (refer to Appendix 'D3' for detailed FUS calculations).

However, given that the existing six-storey building and the proposed three-storey addition are located within a private site, the OBC fire flow requirements will govern this site. The RFF per the OBC was calculated to be $9{,}000$ L/min (150 L/s).

2.5 Headloss Calculations

The proposed functional servicing as presented on Drawing C1 was evaluated under the demand scenarios listed in Section 2.2. The existing water service is assumed to enter the boiler room from Laurier Avenue East. The length of the service lateral is ±17 m. This length has been used to evaluate the expected headloss along the service lateral.

Headlosses were calculated along the existing lateral using the Hazen-Williams headloss equation. The operating pressures at the building (finished floor elevation) were calculated under the water demand scenarios listed in Table 2-4. The Headloss Calculation Spreadsheet (Appendix 'D4') summarizes the operating pressures estimated at the building under peak hour and maximum pressure scenarios. Detailed calculations for both water demand scenarios are shown in Appendix 'D4'.

2.5.1 Peak Hour

The peak hour demand shown in Table 2-3 was applied at the boiler room where the existing service lateral is assumed to be located. Using the boundary conditions shown in Table 2-4, the anticipated pressure at the building was found to be 351 kPa (50.9 psi).

Based on the calculated results, the minimum pressure criterion of 276 kPa (40 psi) is exceeded.

2.5.2 Maximum Day Plus Fire Flow

A total fire flow of 9,000 L/min (150 L/s) per the OBC is required for the site. There are three (3) existing hydrants (refer to Appendix 'D3' for aerial image of hydrant location) located within 75 m of the proposed building addition (on Laurier Avenue East (±52 m), Friel Street (±33 m), and Sweetland Avenue (±38 m)). Based on ISTB-2018-02, each of these hydrants can supply 5,700 L/min (95 L/s) and the aggregate sum of the hydrant flow from these three (3) hydrants is 17,100 L/min (285 L/s), which exceeds the fire flow requirement.

2.5.3 Maximum HGL

The Water Design Guidelines require that a high pressure check (maximum hydraulic grade elevation) be performed to ensure that the maximum pressure constraint of 552 kPa (80 psi) is not exceeded. Based on a zero (0 L/s) demand condition and maximum HGL boundary condition (refer to Table 2-4), a maximum pressure of 442 kPa (64.1 psi) is expected at the building. This result is below the maximum pressure constraint of 552 kPa (80 psi) and no pressure reducing valve (PRV) is required.

2.6 Summary and Conclusions

Based on the HNA presented above, it is expected that the existing 100 mm diameter watermain service lateral can provide adequate domestic water supply and the existing municipal hydrants can satisfy the fire flow requirement for the subject site.

3.0 WASTEWATER SERVICING

3.1 Existing Conditions

Wastewater flows generated by the site are assumed to be conveyed to the existing 250 mm diameter sanitary sewer on Laurier Avenue East via an existing 200 mm diameter sanitary service lateral as depicted on the Site Servicing, Grading, Erosion & Sediment Control Plan (Drawing C1).

3.2 Design Criteria

Maximum velocity

(for smooth wall pipes)

Minimum allowable slopes

Manning Roughness Coefficient

The sanitary service lateral was assessed based on the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (OSDG - October 2012) and associated Technical Bulletins. Key design parameters have been summarized in Table 3-1.

Design Criteria Design Value Reference Residential average flow 280 L/cap/day ISTB-2018-01 Residential peaking factor Harmon Formula x 0.8 City Section 4.4.1 Infiltration Allowance 0.33 L/s/ha ISTB-2018-01 0.05 L/s/ha (dry I/I) 0.28 L/s/ha (wet I/Í) OSDG Section 6.1.2.2 Minimum velocity 0.6 m/s

3.0 m/s

0.013

Varies

Table 3-1: Wastewater Servicing Design Criteria

3.3 Theoretical Sanitary Peak Flow and Proposed Sanitary Servicing

Wastewater flows from the existing six-storey building and the proposed three-storey addition is assumed to be collected by a series of internal drains that will converge into the boiler room. The captured wastewater flows are assumed to discharge into the existing 250 mm diameter sanitary sewer on Laurier Avenue East, the same outlet as assumed for existing conditions.

Based on the proposed densities for apartment buildings (as recommended by the OSDG), the peak wastewater flow was calculated based on the design value of 280 L/c/d and an overall population of 85 as per the design parameters listed in Table 3-1. The sanitary service lateral was assessed based on the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (OSDG – October 2012) and associated Technical Bulletins. Key design parameters have been summarized in Table 3-1. The peak wastewater flow of 1.01 L/s was calculated (refer to Appendix 'E' for Detailed Wastewater Flow Calculations) based on a peaking factor of 3.61. A total infiltration allowance of 0.02 L/s was calculated based on 0.33 L/s/ha (dry and wet I/I), in accordance with the OSDG and ISTB-2018-01.

It is proposed that the existing 200 mm diameter sanitary lateral continue to be used to convey the captured flows. Assuming the existing lateral has a slope of 1.0%, the free-flowing capacity of the pipe is 32.8 L/s, which exceeds the design flow of 1.01 L/s.

OSDG Section 6.1.2.2

OSDG Section 6.1.8.2

OSDG Table 6.2, Section 6.1.2.2

3.4 Summary and Conclusions

Based on the above wastewater servicing details, it is anticipated that the existing sanitary service shown on the Site Servicing, Grading, Erosion & Sediment Control Plan (Drawing C1) is sufficient to provide sanitary servicing for the existing six-storey building and the proposed three-storey addition.

4.0 STORM SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

4.1 Strategy

The existing six-storey building on the site is proposed to remain undisturbed. The existing rooftop has roof drains which are assumed to outlet through a storm service to Laurier Avenue East. The existing building frontage sheet drains to Laurier Avenue East and the grading in this area is proposed to be maintained. Since this portion of the site shall remain undisturbed, only the proposed disturbed area is considered for the stormwater management analysis.

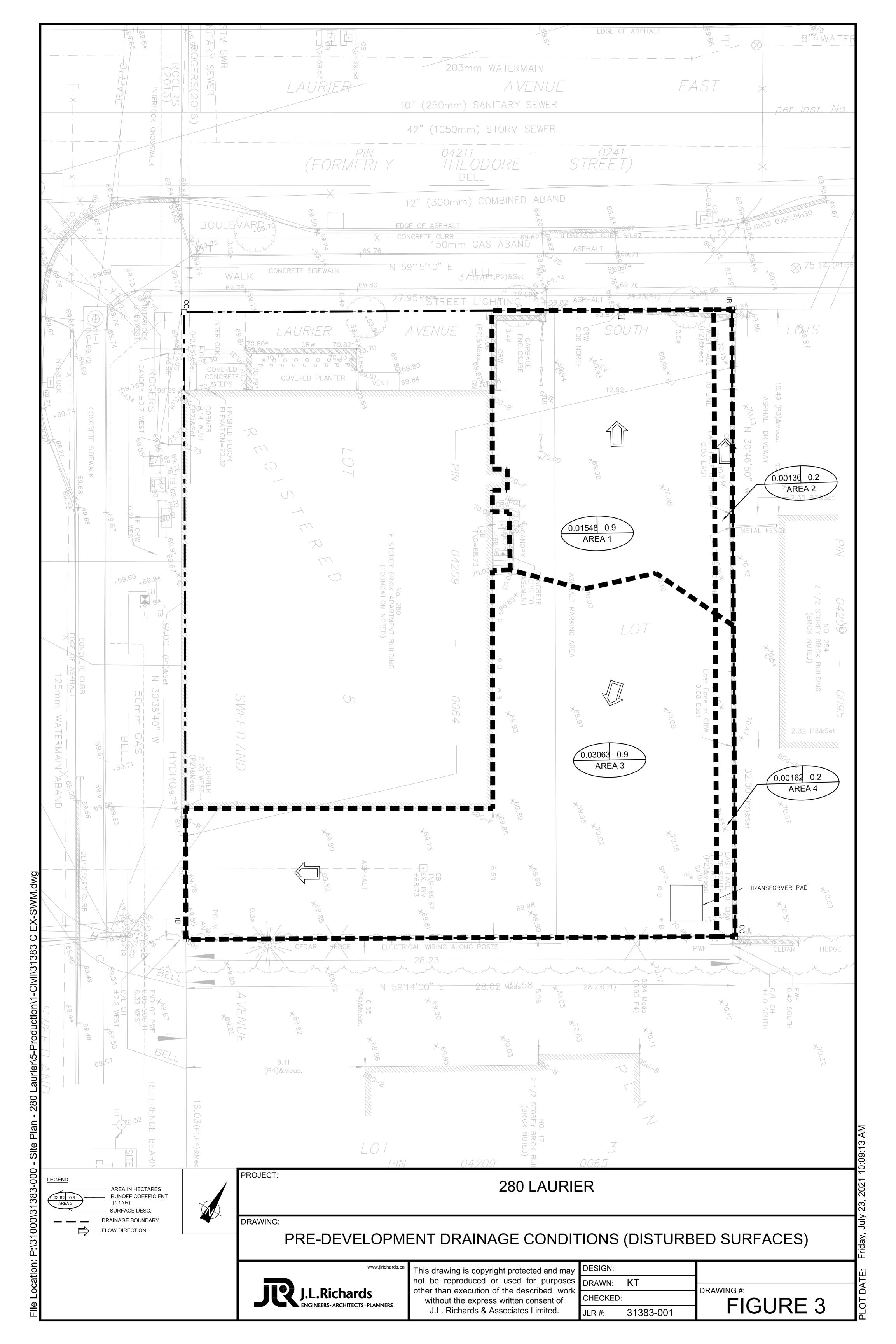
Storm runoff generated by the disturbed portion of the site will be conveyed either to Laurier Avenue East or to Sweetland Avenue. The storm sewers on these two streets are not connected at the ROW intersection and are therefore considered as two separate systems. The disturbed portion of the site currently drains towards both systems as shown in Figure 3. As such, the allowable release rates for each separate system were respected in the post-development design for the site. Under post-development conditions, there will be a portion of uncontrolled sheet flow to Laurier Avenue East. The building addition will outlet stormwater via roof drains which will be connected to the existing building system and conveyed to Laurier Avenue East. Runoff from the south portion of the site will be collected by three (3) on-site catch basins which will discharge into the Sweetland Avenue storm sewer system via the existing catch basin lead. A small area in front of the garbage enclosure structure will sheet flow uncontrolled to Sweetland Avenue.

Storm flows generated from the disturbed surfaces are to be controlled to the criterion described in the pre-consultation meeting notes that have been provided by the City (refer to Appendix 'B' for a copy of the email summary).

4.2 Storm Criteria

Storm servicing for the proposed redevelopment shall be designed to comply with the storm criteria provided by the City, which consists of the following (Appendix 'B'):

- The Coefficient (C) of runoff determined as per existing conditions but in no case more than 0.5.
- Time of Concentration (TC) to be calculated, with a minimum of TC = 10 minutes.
- Any storm events greater than 5 year, up to 100 year, and including 100-year storm event must be detained on site.
- Foundation drains are to be independently connected to sewer main unless being pumped with appropriate back up power, a sufficiently sized pump and back flow prevention.
- Roof drains are to be connected downstream of any incorporated ICD within the SWM system.



Stormwater quality control measures not required per the RVCA.

The storm servicing identified on Drawings C1 and SWM have been developed to meet the above criteria.

4.3 Allowable Release Rate

Storm servicing and stormwater management for the subject site (disturbed areas) is to be controlled to the 1:5 year peak flow based on the criteria listed in Section 4.2. As per the preconsult criterion, the allowable peak flow was determined under existing conditions using a maximum runoff coefficient of 0.5. A review of aerial imagery of the existing site and the site topography indicates that the rear parking lot of the existing building and the southern portion of the parking lot directly east of the existing building are draining to Sweetland Avenue. The remaining northern portion of the east parking lot is draining to Laurier Avenue East. A Pre-Development Drainage Plan for the disturbed surfaces is shown on Figure 3. As illustrated, drainage areas 1 and 2 are tributary to the Laurier Avenue East sewer system while drainage areas 3 and 4 are tributary to the Sweetland Avenue storm sewer system. Table 4-1 summarizes the areas for the various surface types and their associated runoff coefficients under existing conditions for both the Laurier Avenue East and Sweetland Avenue sewer systems.

Area No **Type** Runoff Area Coefficient (C) (ha) **Laurier Avenue East** 1 Pavement 0.01548 0.90 2 0.00136 Grass 0.20 Total 0.01684 0.84 **Sweetland Avenue** 3 Pavement 0.03063 0.90 4 Grass 0.00162 0.20 Total 0.03225 0.86

Table 4-1: Existing Condition Surfaces

The allowable peak flow shall be estimated based on calculated C-Factors reflecting the existing conditions and shall not exceed 0.50. Based on the weighted C-Factors of 0.84 and 0.86 shown above, the allowable release rates shall be calculated based on C-Factors of 0.50 for both Laurier Avenue East and Sweetland Avenue (refer to Appendix 'F1' for Pre-Development Calculations).

The calculations included in Appendix 'F1' show a time of concentration of 0.30 minutes for the Laurier Avenue East system and 0.80 minutes for the Sweetland Avenue system, using the Uplands method. Hence, the allowable peak flow was calculated based on the minimum time of concentration of 10.00 minutes. Based on the above, allowable release rates under a 1:5 year design event was estimated at 2.44 L/s and 4.67 L/s for the Laurier Avenue East and Sweetland Avenue systems, respectively. Hence, the 1:100 year post-development peak flows must be detained on-site and be limited to these aforementioned release rates.

4.4 Storm Servicing

The general storm and stormwater servicing constraints used to develop the detailed design for the site are listed in Table 4-2.

Table 4-2: Storm Servicing Design Criteria

General Design Criteria

Storm drains are to be designed by the mechanical engineer to convey the calculated flows presented herein in accordance with the Ontario Building Code. The calculated peak flows were estimated with the Rational Method and the City of Ottawa Intensity-Duration-Frequency (IDF) curves.

Peak flows estimated based on an inlet time of ten (10) minutes, as per the Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2012-4.

Calculated peak flows to be estimated based on weighted average C-Factors. The weighted C-Factors have been calculated based on 0.90 for all hard surfaces and 0.20 for all landscaped areas.

The 1:100-year peak flows to be detained by means of on-site retention measures; i) rooftop storage, ii) at grade surface ponding.

Provide measures to ensure that site preparation and construction is in accordance with the current Best Management Practices for Erosion and Sediment Control.

4.5 Proposed Stormwater Management Solution and Calculations

4.5.1 Water Quantity

Storm servicing and stormwater management was developed to limit the 1:100 year post-development flows to the allowable peak flow of 2.44 L/s for the Laurier Avenue East system and 4.67 L/s for the Sweetland Avenue system. In order to achieve this criterion, on-site restrictions (i.e., inlet control device (ICD) and rooftop restrictors) were deemed necessary to allow for rooftop storage and surface ponding.

The disturbed surfaces under post-development conditions are shown on the Storm Drainage and Ponding Plan (Drawing SWM). This drawing illustrates the various drainage areas along with their C-Factor and outlet. Drawing SWM also shows the surface ponding at the rear lot as described in the detailed stormwater management calculations (Appendix 'F2') using the Modified Rational Method (MRM). In accordance with the OSDG, the runoff coefficients under the 1:100-year MRM calculation were increased by 25% up to the maximum of 0.90. The grass areas were therefore, accounted for at a C-Factor of 0.25 (125% x 0.20). For the uncontrolled sheet flow to Laurier Avenue East, a 1:5-year peak flow was deducted from the allowable release rate due to the limited flow available. Table 4-3 and Table 4-4 summarize the runoff volume requirements as estimated by the MRM and detailed in Appendix 'F2'.

Table 4-3: Flow to Laurier Avenue East

Area Type	Area (m²)	Controlled Peak Flow (L/s)	Uncontrolled Peak Flow (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)	Storage Provided (m³)
Uncontrolled Sheet Flow	76.78	N/A	1.32	N/A	N/A
Roof Top	193.60	1.12	N/A	6.34	17.42

Table 4-4: Flow to Sweetland Avenue

Area Type	Area (m²)	Controlled Peak Flow (L/s)	Uncontrolled Peak Flow (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)	Storage Provided (m³)
Uncontrolled Sheet Flow	3.40	N/A	0.15	N/A	N/A
Controlled Surface	210.77	4.52	N/A	1.07	2.30

Based on the SWM calculations, and the assumption that 60% of the rooftop is available to be used as storage (17.42 cubic meters), sufficient storage will be provided to detain the 1:100 year storm event that is tributary to the Laurier Avenue East storm sewer. Furthermore, the available surface storage of 2.30 cubic meters will be able to detain the 1:100-year storm event that is tributary to the Sweetland Avenue storm sewer.

4.5.2 Climate Change

Under a climate change event (CCE - +20% above the 1:100 year), the stormwater management calculations (Appendix 'F2') show the available storage difference between the CCE and 1:100-year storm. Table 4-5 and Table 4-6 summarize the runoff volume requirements as estimated by the MRM and detailed in Appendix 'F2'.

Table 4-5: Flow to Laurier Avenue East (CCE Event)

Area Type	Area (m²)	Controlled Peak Flow (L/s)	Uncontrolled Peak Flow (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)	Storage Provided (m³)
Uncontrolled Sheet Flow	76.78	N/A	1.59	N/A	N/A
Roof Top	193.60	1.12	N/A	8.18	17.42

Table 4-6: Flow to Sweetland Avenue (CCE Event)

Area Type	Area (m²)	Controlled Peak Flow (L/s)	Uncontrolled Peak Flow (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)	Storage Provided (m³)
Uncontrolled Sheet Flow	3.40	N/A	0.18	N/A	N/A
Controlled Surface	210.77	4.52	N/A	1.83	2.30

It is noted that the proposed design can detain the climate change event on-site.

4.5.3 Water Quality

The RVCA was consulted to determine whether quality measures were necessary for this redevelopment. Based on an email correspondence from the RVCA (Appendix 'B'), the stormwater servicing does not require any quality measures.

4.6 Summary and Conclusions

The detailed storm and stormwater servicing as well as the proposed grading will meet the allowable release rates of 2.44 L/s and 4.67 L/s for the Laurier Avenue East and Sweetland Avenue outlets, respectively. Excess runoff will be contained by means of rooftop storage and surface storage which will be controlled by roof drains and an inlet control device within the catch basin.

5.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Erosion and sediment control measures, as outlined in the Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR) Guidelines on Erosion and Sediment Control for Urban Construction Sites, will be implemented to trap sediment on site. The following erosion and sediment control measures could be implemented during construction (refer to Drawing C1):

- Supply and installation of a silt fence barrier, as per OPSD 219.110, if required;
- Supply and installation of filter fabric between the frame and cover of catch basins and maintenance holes adjacent to the project area during construction, to prevent sediment from entering the sewer system. The filter fabric is to be inspected regularly and corrected as required;
- Sandbags are to be placed blocking part of the sewer pipe in the existing catch basin to eliminate construction debris from entering the existing storm sewer system. The sandbags are to be removed after the proposed storm sewers have been fully cleaned.

The proposed removal and reinstatement measures as well as the erosion control measures shall conform to the following documents:

 "Guidelines on Erosion and Sediment Control for Urban Construction Sites" published by Ontario Ministries of Natural Resources, Environment, Municipal Affairs, and Transportation & Communication, Association of Construction Authorities of Ontario and Urban Development Institute, Ontario, May 1987.

- "MTO Drainage Manual", Chapter F: "Erosion of Materials and Sediment Control", Ministry of Transportation & Communications, 1985.
- "Erosion and Sediment Control" Training Manual by Ministry of Environment, Spring 1998.
- Applicable Regulations and Guidelines of the Ministry of Natural Resources.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Smart Living Properties (SLP) for the stated purpose, for the named facility. Its discussions and conclusions are summary in nature and cannot be properly used, interpreted or extended to other purposes without a detailed understanding and discussions with the client as to its mandated purpose, scope and limitations. This report was prepared for the sole benefit and use of SLP and may not be used or relied on by any other party without the express written consent of J.L. Richards & Associates Limited.

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J.L. RICHARDS & ASSOCIATES LIMITED

Prepared by:

Mahad Musse Civil Engineering Intern Reviewed by:

A. WILLIAMS 100218983
2021-07-23

Annie Williams, P.Eng. Civil Engineer

Appendix 'A'

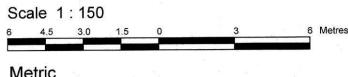
Site Topography and Site Servicing Checklist

AVENUE RUSSELL N 30°40'20" W_{SIB} (II75) 192.08 P68Meas. (192.02 PI) 32.00 (P5)&Set LOT 12 CARLETON CONDOMINIUM PLAN 328 PART 2 PLAN 4R-12568 6.58 (P9)&Set LOT WEST RUSSELL AVENUE LOTS PART 4 ○ MH-ST T\G=69.64 PLAN 5R-8523 04209 No. 254 2 1/2 Storey Brick Building (Brick Noted) _____ PWF 0.42 South 10.49 (P3)&Meas. PART 2 PLAN 5R-8523 x^{70.13}N 30°46'50" W 32.00 (P3)&Set 70.33 CRW East Face of CRW 0.36 South 0.12 West (P2)8Meas. T\G=69.60 East Face of CRW_ 0.08 East PART ! PLAN 5R-8523 _____ 5.94 Meas. (5.90 P4) 0 9.68 69.90 BF X BF X 70.00 No. 17 2 1/2 Storey Brick Building (Brick Noted) ов ов ов 0064 ---107 0.74 (P6)&Set ---LOTS SWEETLAND AVENUE 16.03 (PI,P4)&Meas. 192.05 Meas. (192.02 PI) N 30°38'40" W Interlock Crosswalk SITE BENCHMARK No.1
FIRE HYDRANT
Top of Spindle
Elevation=70.52 AVENUE 04209 Approximate Crown of Road ○ MH-S T\G=69.58 O MH-ST T\G=69.55 SITE BENCHMARK No.2 Nail in Utility Pole Elevation=70.09 MH-ST T\G=69.70

TOPOGRAPHICAL PLAN OF SURVEY OF

LOT 5 AND
PART OF LOT 6
(SOUTH LAURIER AVENUE)
REGISTERED PLAN 14349
CITY OF OTTAWA

Surveyed by Annis, O'Sullivan, Vollebekk Ltd.



DISTANCES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE IN METRES AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048

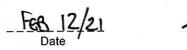
Surveyor's Certificate

This survey and plan are correct and in accordance with the Surveys

Act and the Surveyors Act and the regulations made under them

Act and the Surveyors Act and the regulations made under them.

2. The survey was completed on the 5th day of February, 2021.



T. Hartwick
Ontario Land Surveyor

SITE AREA = 895.8 m²

Bearings are astronomic, derived from the easterly limit of Sweetland Avenue, shown as N30°38'40"W on Plan 5R-6213.

ELEVATION NOTES

Elevations shown are geodetic and are referred to the CGVD28 geodetic datum.
 It is the responsibility of the user of this information to verify that the job benchmark has not been altered or disturbed and that it's relative elevation and description

UTILITY NOTES

 This drawing cannot be accepted as acknowledging all of the utilities and it will be the responsibility of the user to contact the respective utility authorities for confirmation.

Only visible surface utilities were located.

agrees with the information shown on this drawing.

A field location of underground plant by the pertinent utility authority is mandatory before any work involving breaking ground, probing, excavating etc.

Notes & Legend

		Denotes		
		"	Survey Monument Planted	
		**	Survey Monument Found	
	SIB		Standard Iron Bar	
	SSIB		Short Standard Iron Bar	
	IB		Iron Bar	
	CC	n	Cut Cross	
	(WIT)		Witness	
	Meas.	n .	Measured	
	(AOG)		Annis, O'Sullivan, Vollebekk L	td.
	(PI)	•	Registered Plan 14349	
	(P2)	111	(647) Plan dated March 20,19	69 (Ref. Lot 5 & W1/2 Lot 6)
	(P3)	u	(647) Plan dated January 7,19	970 (Ref. E1/2 Lot 6)
	(P4)	n .	(647) Plan dated August 12,19	982 (Ref. Lot 3)
	(P5)		Carleton Condominium Plan 3	328
	(P6)		(AOG) Plan dated January 14	, 2015
	(P7)		(647) Notes dated August 198	30
	(P8)	ii .	(1319) Plan dated June 1981	
	(P9)	ii	(647) Notes dated November	10, 1978
	()	n.	Deciduous Tree	
	1.1			
	*	u	Coniferous Tree	
	-O	100	Fire Hydrant	
	→ FH	"	Water Valve	
	O MH-ST	W.	Maintenance Hole (Storm Sev	wer)
	O MH-S		Maintenance Hole (Sanitary)	,
	O MH-B	ur	Maintenance Hole (Bell Telep	hone)
	O MH-T		Maintenance Hole (Traffic)	inone)
	O MH		Maintenance Hole (Unidentific	ed)
	⊖ vc		Valve Chamber (Watermain)	ou)
		***	Overhead Wires	
	—— онw -		Catch Basin	
	СВ			
	□ TB		Unidentified Terminal Box	
	DO TSP		Traffic Signal Post	
	□ GM		Gas Meter	
	о В		Bollard	
	0 P	u	Pillar	
	+65.00		Location of Elevations	
	+ 65.00*		Location of Wall Elevations	
	+ 65.00		Top of Concrete Curb Elevation	on
9	C/L		Centreline	
		- 11	Property Line	
	→	n.	Gate	
	CRW	gr.	Concrete Retaining Wall	
	ΔS	N.	Sign	F. 22.22
	CH	и	Cedar Hedge	ASSOCIATION OF ONTARI
	BF	u	Board Fence	PLAN SUBMISSION FORM
	₩		Gate	2150228
	O PO-M		Metal Pole	Z 100220
	OUP	W	Utility Pole	

© Annis, O'Sullivan, V

ANNIS, O'SULLIVAN, VOLLEBEKK LTD.

14 Concourse Gate, Suite 500

Nepean, Ont. K2E 7S6

Phone: (613) 727-0850 / Fax: (613) 727-1079

Email: Nepean@aovitd.com

Job No. 21105-20 SmtLvg PrtLts5,6RP14349 280LaurierAveE T DI DG

THIS PLAN IS NOT VALID UNLESS IT IS AN EMBOSSED ORIGINAL COPY ISSUED BY THE SURVEYOR In accordance with

Anchor Light Standard

SMART LIVING PROPERTIES – 280 LAURIER AVENUE EAST

DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCED STUDIES AND REPORTS	REFERENCE
Site Servicing Report for Smart Living Properties, 280 Laurier Avenue East (J.L. Richards & Associates Limited, July 23, 2021)	SSR

4.1	GENERAL CONTENT	REFERENCE
	Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A
	Date and revision number of the report.	SSR (Title Page)
	Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	SSR (Figure 1) Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1)
	Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1)
\boxtimes	Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.	SSR (Section 1.3)
	Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	SSR (Appendix 'B')
	Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defendable design criteria.	N/A
	Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	SSR (Section 1.5, 2.1, 3.2, 4.2, 4.4)
	Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	SSR (Section 1.4, 2.3, 3.3, 4.5) Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1)
	Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	SSR (Section 1.5, 4.2) Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1)
	Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1)

Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	N/A
Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/A
Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	To be confirmed
All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information: Metric scale North arrow (including construction North) Key plan Name and contact information of applicant and property owner Property limits, including bearings and dimensions Existing and proposed structures and parking areas Easements, road widening and rights-of-way Adjacent street names	All Drawings

4.2	DEVELOPMENT SERVICING REPORT: WATER	REFERENCE
	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available.	N/A
	Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development.	SSR (Section 1.4, 2.3) Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1)
\boxtimes	Identification of system constraints.	SSR (Section 2.4)
	Identify boundary conditions.	SSR (Section 2.4, Appendix 'D')
	Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure.	SSR (Section 2.5)
	Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.	SSR (Section 2.5, Appendix 'D')
	Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	SSR (Section 2.5)
	Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modelling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project, including the ultimate design.	N/A
	Address reliability requirements, such as appropriate location of shutoff valves.	SSR (Section 2.3)
	Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification.	N/A

Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range.	SSR (Section 2, Appendix 'D')
Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants), including special metering provisions.	SSR (Section 2.3) Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1)
Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	N/A
Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	SSR (Section 2.1, 2.2)
Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	SSR (Appendix 'D')

4.3	DEVELOPMENT SERVICING REPORT: WASTEWATER	REFERENCE
	Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	SSR (Section 3.2)
	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.	N/A
	Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the Guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.	SSR (Section 3.2)
\boxtimes	Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.	SSR (Section 1.4, 3.1, 3.3)
	Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable.)	SSR (Section 3.3)
\boxtimes	Calculations related to dry weather and wet weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.	SSR (Appendix 'E')
\boxtimes	Description of proposed sewer network, including sewers, pumping stations and forcemains.	SSR (Section 3.3) Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1)

Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).	SSR (Appendix 'B')
Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A
Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity.	N/A
Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/A
Special considerations, such as contamination, corrosive environment, etc.	N/A

4.4	DEVELOPMENT SERVICING REPORT: STORMWATER	REFERENCE
	Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints, including legality of outlets (i.e., municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property).	SSR (Section 1.4, 4.1)
\boxtimes	Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	SSR (Section 4.2, 4.3)
\boxtimes	A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern.	Storm Drainage and Ponding Plan (SWM)
	Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	SSR (Section 4.3)
	Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	SSR (Section 4.5.3)
\boxtimes	Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information.	SSR (Section 4) Storm Drainage and Ponding Plan (SWM)
	Setback from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A
	Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	N/A
	Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	SSR (Appendix 'B')

	Confirm consistency with subwatershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A
	Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:2 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period).	SSR (Section 4, Appendix 'F')
	Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	N/A
	Calculate pre- and post-development peak flow rates, including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	SSR (Section 4, Appendix 'F')
	Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	SSR (Section 4, Appendix 'F')
	Proposed minor and major systems, including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities.	Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1) Storm Drainage and Ponding Plan (SWM)
	If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	Quantity control proposed per SSR (Section 4)
	Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses.	N/A
	Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/A
\boxtimes	Description of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	SSR (Section 4)
	100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	SSR (Section 4) Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1) Storm Drainage and Ponding Plan (SWM)
\boxtimes	Inclusion of hydraulic analysis, including hydraulic grade line elevations.	SSR (Section 4, Appendix 'F')
	Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.	SSR (Section 5) Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1)
	Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A

	Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	N/A
--	--	-----

4.5	APPROVAL AND PERMIT REQUIREMENTS	REFERENCE
develop	The Servicing Study shall provide a list of applicable permits and regulatory approvals necessary for the proposed development, as well as the relevant issues affecting such approval. The approval and permitting shall include but not be limited to the following:	
	Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams, as defined in the Act.	SSR (Section 1.5, Appendix 'B')
	Application for Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A
	Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A
	Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation, etc.).	N/A

4.6	CONCLUSION CHECKLIST	REFERENCE
\boxtimes	Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations.	SSR (Section 2.6, 3.4, 4.6)
	Comments received from review agencies, including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	At a later date
	All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a Professional Engineer registered in Ontario.	SSR Site Servicing, Grading, ESC Plan (C1) Storm Drainage and Ponding Plan (SWM)

Appendix 'B'

Pre-Consultation Notes and Email Correspondences



Pre-Application Consultation Meeting Notes

Property Address: 280 Laurier Ave. E. File No: PC2021-0121

Date: April 30, 2021, Via Microsoft Teams

Attendees:

City of Ottawa: Kimberley Baldwin (File Lead – Planner), Christopher Moise (Urban Design), Mohammed Fawzi (Project Manager – Infrastructure)

Applicant Team: Jeremy Silbert (Smart Living Properties), Tamer Abaza (Smart Living Properties), Lisa Dalla Rosa (FOTENN – Planner)

Action Sandy Hill: John Verbaas

Meeting notes:

Opening & attendee introduction

- o Introduction of meeting attendees
- Overview of proposal:
 - The proposal is for a three-storey, 15-unit addition on the east side of the 6 storey residential building. The existing building currently contains 41 residential units (for a total of 56 units)
 - Proposal would be subject to a Site Plan Control, Complex process. Relief from the zoning by-Law will also be required.

Preliminary comments and questions from staff and agencies, including follow-up actions:

- Planning (Kimberley Baldwin)
 - Official Plan
 - Designated General Urban Area
 - Policies found in Section 3.6.1. See also Section 2.5.1 and 4.11 (Urban Design and Compatibility policies)
 - Sandy Hill Secondary Plan
 - Designated 'Low Profile Residential Area'
 - See 'Site Development' policies in 5.3.6 of Secondary Plan.
 - Provide internal and external on-site amenity areas
 - Enhance development with landscaping
 - New development respecting the scale of Laurier Avenue.

Zoning Bylaw

- Residential Fourth Density Zone, Subzone UD [R4UD (480)]
 - Several new zoning regulations about front façade articulation, landscaping in front and rear yards, and waste management.
 Please review and confirm compliance in your planning rationale
 - Interior side yard for low-rise apartment is 1.5m. Relief required.
 - Variety of unit sizes? Zoning requires at least 25% of the dwelling units to have at least two bedrooms.
- Area X for parking

General planning comments

- Proposed addition would help fill in a gap in the Laurier streetscape
- Carefully consider how 56 units on this relatively small lot will function (ie. provide sufficient area for waste management, amenities, vehicle/ bicycle parking relative to the number of units existing/proposed)
- What is the planning rationale for providing few vehicle parking spaces? Site is not within 600 m of rapid transit. Will ample bicycle parking spaces be provided to compensate for the low vehicle parking rate?
- Large mature trees along Laurier Ave. Entrance and assumed pathway leading to the sidewalk potentially conflict. Consider providing a pathway that loops around the tree
- As the driveway along Laurier would be removed, the curb would need to reinstated to sidewalk height through the site plan control process.
- Consider relocating the garbage enclosure to behind the addition so that
 it is not visible from the street. If it is to remain in that location, it will have
 to have an enclosure as per the Property Maintenance Bylaw.
- Cash-in-lieu of parkland will be required for the net increase in units

Urban Design (Christopher Moise)

- This proposal is replacing surface parking with a new residential building and we have the following comments/questions:
 - Building separation: We recommend some illustration showing that sufficient space is being provided between the two buildings to maintain access to natural light to the existing building units;
 - Amenity: Where will amenity space be provided for this project? Rear yard is one option while providing balconies may also achieve some relief from the over-all need;
 - Landscaping/Trees: We recommend that the proposal indicate where the landscaping requirement will be met. Trees are also an important element to help soften the project into the neighbourhood;
 - Bike parking: We encourage a ratio of 1:1 bike parking to units for the over-all development;
 - Vehicular parking: Is it better to keep 4 spaces or provide landscaping and trees in the rear yard?

- **Side yard setback**: We recommend that this not be reduced below 1.5m as this may be encroached by side-yard window wells;
- Window wells: Please show window wells on the drawings. We would like to understand how much surrounding landscaping would be lost with these encroachments;
- Amenity on the roof: Although there is some concern with roof-top amenity in the neighbourhood, amenity space is currently very deficient in the proposal and there may be an argument for providing it in this case where the building is adjacent to a mid-rise built form which may provide some protection to the surrounding community;
- Street facade articulation: Adding balconies (projecting, Juliet or inset) will provide additional articulation, however, we recommend moving forward with the material choice, scale and proportion of the proposed as it fits well with the existing building and will work towards transitioning the non-conforming mid-rise to the neighbouring low-rise properties on Laurier;
- Scale: We recommend the neighbouring property (outline) be illustrated in the elevation drawings to better understand the future relationship in design and scale;
- A Design Brief is a required submittal for all Site Plan/Re-zoning applications.
 Please see the Design Brief Terms of Reference provided and consult the City's website for details regarding the UDRP schedule (if applicable).

This is an exciting project in an area full of potential. We look forward to helping you achieve its goals with the highest level of design resolution. We are happy to assist and answer any questions regarding the above. Good luck.

Heritage (Luis Juarez)

- I have reviewed the Pre-Con submission for 280 Laurier with my team and we do
 not have any major issues with the proposed addition. The property is not
 designated under Part IV or V of the Ontario Heritage Act, and not listed on the
 City's Heritage Register.
- We provide the following general comments for the applicant:
 - Heritage Staff are supportive of infill on this property and encourage the removal of the portion of the parking lot that fronts onto Laurier Avenue.
 - 280 Laurier Avenue is located within the Sandy Hill Cultural Heritage Character Area. Please refer to sections 5.3 (alterations and additions), 5.4 (infill), and 5.5 (streetscape) of the Character Area guidelines (attached) to help inform the detailed design.
 - Ensure that the existing street trees are maintained to preserve the continuity of streetscape that exists within the Character Area.
 - The proposed addition is located immediately adjacent to the Sweetland Avenue Heritage Conservation District (to the south) and to 284 Laurier Street (to the east), a property listed on the City's Heritage Register. Ensure that the addition is sympathetic to the character of these heritage resources and the overall neighbourhood.

Engineering (Mohammed Fawzi)

 Detailed comments will be attached as a separate document in the pre-con follow-up email, including plan and study requirements.

Available Infrastructure:

Laurier Avenue:

Sanitary: 250mm PVC (Install 1997) Storm: 1050mm Conc (Install 1997) Water: 200mm PVC (Install 1997)

- Noise study required property fronts on Major Collector Road (Laurier Avenue)
- If the property is not to be severed only one set of municipal services are permitted.

City Surveyor

- The determination of property boundaries, minimum setbacks and other regulatory constraints are a critical component of development. An Ontario Land Surveyor (O.L.S.) needs to be consulted at the outset of a project to ensure properties are properly defined and can be used as the geospatial framework for the development.
- Topographic details may also be required for a project and should be either carried out by the O.L.S. that has provided the Legal Survey or done in consultation with the O.L.S. to ensure that the project is integrated to the appropriate control network.

Questions regarding the above requirements can be directed to the City's Surveyor, Bill Harper, at Bill.Harper@ottawa.ca

Forestry (Mark Richardson)

TCR requirements:

- Tree Conservation Report (TCR) must be supplied for review along with the suite of other plans/reports required by the City
 - an approved TCR is a requirement of Site Plan approval.
- As of January 1 2021, any removal of privately or publicly (City) owned trees 10cm or larger in diameter requires a tree permit issued under the Tree Protection Bylaw (Bylaw 2020 – 340); the permit will be based on an approved TCR and made available at or near plan approval.
- The Planning Forester from Planning and Growth Management as well as foresters from Forestry Services will review the submitted TCR
 - If tree removal is required, both municipal and privately-owned trees will be addressed in a single permit issued through the Planning Forester
 - Compensation may be required for city owned trees if so, it will need to be paid prior to the release of the tree permit
- the TCR must list all trees on site by species, diameter and health condition
- the TCR must list all trees on adjacent sites if they have a critical root zone that extends onto the development site

- If trees are to be removed, the TCR must clearly show where they are, and document the reason they cannot be retained
- All retained trees must be shown and all retained trees within the area impacted by the development process must be protected as per City guidelines available at Tree-Protection-Specification or by searching Ottawa.ca
 - securities may be required for retained trees
 - the location of tree protection fencing must be shown on a plan
 - show the critical root zone of the retained trees
 - if excavation will occur within the critical root zone, please show the limits of excavation
- the City encourages the retention of healthy trees; if possible, please seek
 opportunities for retention of trees that will contribute to the design/function of the
 site.
- For more information on the process or help with tree retention options, contact Mark Richardson mark.richardson@ottawa.ca or on City of Ottawa

LP tree planting requirements:

For additional information on the following please contact Tracy.Smith@Ottawa.ca

Minimum Setbacks

- Maintain 1.5m from sidewalk or MUP/cycle track.
- Maintain 2.5m from curb
- Coniferous species require a minimum 4.5m setback from curb, sidewalk or MUP/cycle track/pathway.
- Maintain 7.5m between large growing trees, and 4m between small growing trees. Park or open space planting should consider 10m spacing.
- Adhere to Ottawa Hydro's planting guidelines (species and setbacks) when planting around overhead primary conductors.

Tree specifications

- Minimum stock size: 50mm tree caliper for deciduous, 200cm height for coniferous.
- Maximize the use of large deciduous species wherever possible to maximize future canopy coverage
- Tree planting on city property shall be in accordance with the City of Ottawa's Tree Planting Specification; and include watering and warranty as described in the specification (can be provided by Forestry Services).
- Plant native trees whenever possible
- No root barriers, dead-man anchor systems, or planters are permitted.
- No tree stakes unless necessary (and only 1 on the prevailing winds side of the tree)

Hard surface planting

- Curb style planter is highly recommended
- No grates are to be used and if guards are required, City of Ottawa standard (which can be provided) shall be used.
- Trees are to be planted at grade

Soil Volume

• Please ensure adequate soil volumes are met:

Tree	Single Tree Soil	Multiple Tree
Type/Size	Volume (m3)	Soil Volume
		(m3/tree)
Ornamental	15	9
Columnar	15	9
Small	20	12
Medium	25	15
Large	30	18
Conifer	25	15

Please note that these soil volumes are not applicable in cases with Sensitive Marine Clay.

Sensitive Marine Clay

Please follow the City's 2017 Tree Planting in Sensitive Marine Clay guidelines

Action Sandy Hill Community Association Comments

John Verbaas

- Does the design meet the articulation requirements of the R4 zone?
- Improve landscaping, add trees across the whole frontage
- If there's a tradeoff for parking and amenity space, on-site amenity space would be desirable.

Next steps

- City Staff encourage the applicant to discuss the proposal with Councillor, community groups and neighbours
- City staff to send follow-up email confirming submission requirements

Application Submission Information

Development Application(s) Required:

Site Plan Control, Complex, Managed Approval with Public Consultation Application

Zoning By-law Amendment Application

For information on Site Plan Control Thresholds under the Site Plan Control By-law, please visit: https://documents.ottawa.ca/sites/documents/files/siteplan thresholds en.pdf

For information on Applications, including fees, please visit: https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development-application-review-process/development-application-review-process/development-application-fees

The application processing timeline generally depends on the quality of the submission. For more information on standard processing timelines, please visit: https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/information-development-application-review-process/development-application-submission/development-application-forms#site-plan-control

Application Submission Requirements

For information on the preparation of Studies and Plans and the City's Planning and Engineering requirements, please visit: https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/information-development-application-review-process/development-application-submission/guide-preparing-studies-and-plans

Please provide electronic copy (PDF) of all plans and studies required.

Note that many of the plans and studies collected with this application must be signed, sealed and dated by a qualified engineer, architect, surveyor, planner or designated specialist.

280 Laurier Avenue - Infrastructure Notes

Available Infrastructure:

Laurier Avenue:

Sanitary: 250mm PVC (Install 1997) Storm: 1050mm Conc (Install 1997) Water: 200mm PVC (Install 1997)

Water Boundary Conditions:

Will be provided at request of consultant. Requests must include the location of the service and the expected loads required by the proposed development. Please provide the following and <u>submit Fire Flow Calculation Sheet</u> per FUS method with the request:

- Location of service
- Type of development and amount of required fire flow (per FUS method <u>include FUS</u> calculation sheet with request)
- Average Daily Demand (I/s)
- Maximum Hourly Demand (I/s)
- Maximum Daily Demand (I/s)
- Water Supply Redundancy Fire Flow:
 Applicant to ensure that a second service with an inline valve chamber be provided where the average daily demand exceeds 50 m³ / day (0.5787 l/s per day)

Water services larger than 19 mm require a Water Data Card. Please complete card and submit.

Stormwater Management (Quantity Control):

- Coefficient (C) of runoff determined as per existing conditions but in no case more than 0.5.
- TC = To be calculated, minimum 10 minutes
- Any storm events greater than 5 year, up to 100 year, and including 100-year storm event must be detained on site.
- Foundation drains are to be independently connected to sewer main unless being pumped with appropriate back up power, sufficient sized pump and back flow prevention.
- Roof drains are to be connected downstream of any incorporated ICD within the SWM system.

Stormwater Management (Quality Control):

Rideau Valley Conservation Authority to provide Quality Controls.

Noise Study:

Noise study required – property fronts Major Collector Road (Laurier Avenue)

Phase I and Phase II ESA:

- Phase I ESA is required; Phase II ESA may be required depending on the results of the Phase I ESA. Phase I ESA must include an EcoLog ERIS Report.
- Phase I ESA and Phase II ESAs must conform to clause 4.8.4 of the Official Plan that requires that development applications conform to Ontario Regulation 153/04.

Required Studies

- Stormwater Management Report
- Site Servicing Study
- Geotechnical Study
- Phase I ESA
- Phase II ESA (depends on outcome of Phase I)
- Noise Study

Required Plans

- Site Servicing Plan
- Grade Control and Drainage Plan
- Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (Can be combined with Grading Plan)

Relevant information

- The Servicing Study Guidelines for Development Applications are available at the following address: https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/information-development-application-submission/guide-preparing-studies-and-plans#servicing-study-guidelines-development-applications
- 2. Servicing and site works shall be in accordance with the following documents:
 - ⇒ Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012)
 - ⇒ Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution (2010)
 - ⇒ Geotechnical Investigation and Reporting Guidelines for Development Applications in the City of Ottawa (2007)
 - ⇒ City of Ottawa Slope Stability Guidelines for Development Applications (revised 2012)
 - ⇒ City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (January 2016)
 - ⇒ City of Ottawa Park and Pathway Development Manual (2012)
 - ⇒ City of Ottawa Accessibility Design Standards (2012)
 - Ottawa Standard Tender Documents (latest version)
 - ⇒ Ontario Provincial Standards for Roads & Public Works (2013)
- 3. Record drawings and utility plans are also available for purchase from the City (Contact the City's Information Centre by email at lnformationCentre@ottawa.ca or by phone at (613) 580-2424 x.44455).
- 4. Any proposed work in utility easements requires written consent of easement owner.
- 5. If the property is not to be severed only one set of municipal services are permitted.

Mahad Musse

From: Annie Williams

Sent: July 14, 2021 2:19 PM

To: Eric Lalande

Cc: Jeremy Silburt; Mahad Musse

Subject: RE: 280 Laurier Avenue East - Stormwater Quality

Hi Eric.

Thank you for confirming.

Take care, Annie

From: Eric Lalande <eric.lalande@rvca.ca>
Sent: Wednesday, July 14, 2021 1:55 PM
To: Annie Williams <awilliams@jlrichards.ca>

Subject: RE: 280 Laurier Avenue East - Stormwater Quality

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Hi Annie,

The RVCA has reviewed the site plan provided. Based on this plan the RVCA would have no water quality control requirements. Best management practices are encouraged to be implemented where possible to encourage on-site protection and low impact design.

Thanks,

Eric Lalande, MCIP, RPP Planner, RVCA 613-692-3571 x1137

From: Matt Jokiel < matt.jokiel@rvca.ca > Sent: Friday, June 25, 2021 3:48 PM

To: Eric Lalande < eric.lalande@rvca.ca; Hal Stimson < hal.stimson@rvca.ca>

Subject: FW: 280 Laurier Avenue East - Stormwater Quality

Hi all,

Please see below and attached.

Given the proposal, do either of you have any concerns to note? Please let me know if you would like me to respond direct to JL Richards, as I'd be happy to do so.

Take care, and enjoy the weekend.

Matt

From: LRC Info < info@Irconline.com > Sent: Friday, June 25, 2021 3:43 PM
To: Matt Jokiel < matt.jokiel@rvca.ca >

Subject: FW: 280 Laurier Avenue East - Stormwater Quality

From: RVCA Info < info@rvca.ca >
Sent: Friday, June 25, 2021 3:27 PM
To: LRC Info < info@lrconline.com >

Subject: Fw: 280 Laurier Avenue East - Stormwater Quality

From: Annie Williams < awilliams@jlrichards.ca >

Sent: June 25, 2021 1:52 PM
To: RVCA Info <info@rvca.ca>

Cc: Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca <Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca>; Mahad Musse <mmusse@jlrichards.ca>

Subject: 280 Laurier Avenue East - Stormwater Quality

Good afternoon,

We are completing the detailed design for a proposed site plan located at 280 Laurier Avenue East in downtown Ottawa (see attached Site Plan). The redevelopment consists of constructing a 3-storey building addition to the east side of an existing 6-storey building. The new residential building addition would replace the current asphalt parking area, with rooftop stormwater storage being provided for the new building addition.

The existing building contains 40 residential units, while the proposed 3-storey addition will add 19 units, resulting in a total of 59 residential units. Currently, it appears that some stormwater runoff drains overland towards Laurier Avenue East (there is also an existing catch basin that picks up a low area at the basement stairs), while another portion of the runoff drains to an existing on-site catch basin which presumably outlets to Sweetland Avenue.

Based on the above description of the site and the accompanying site plan and considering that we are replacing an asphalt parking area with a building rooftop, we would like to confirm that the proposed project will not require any stormwater quality control measures.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

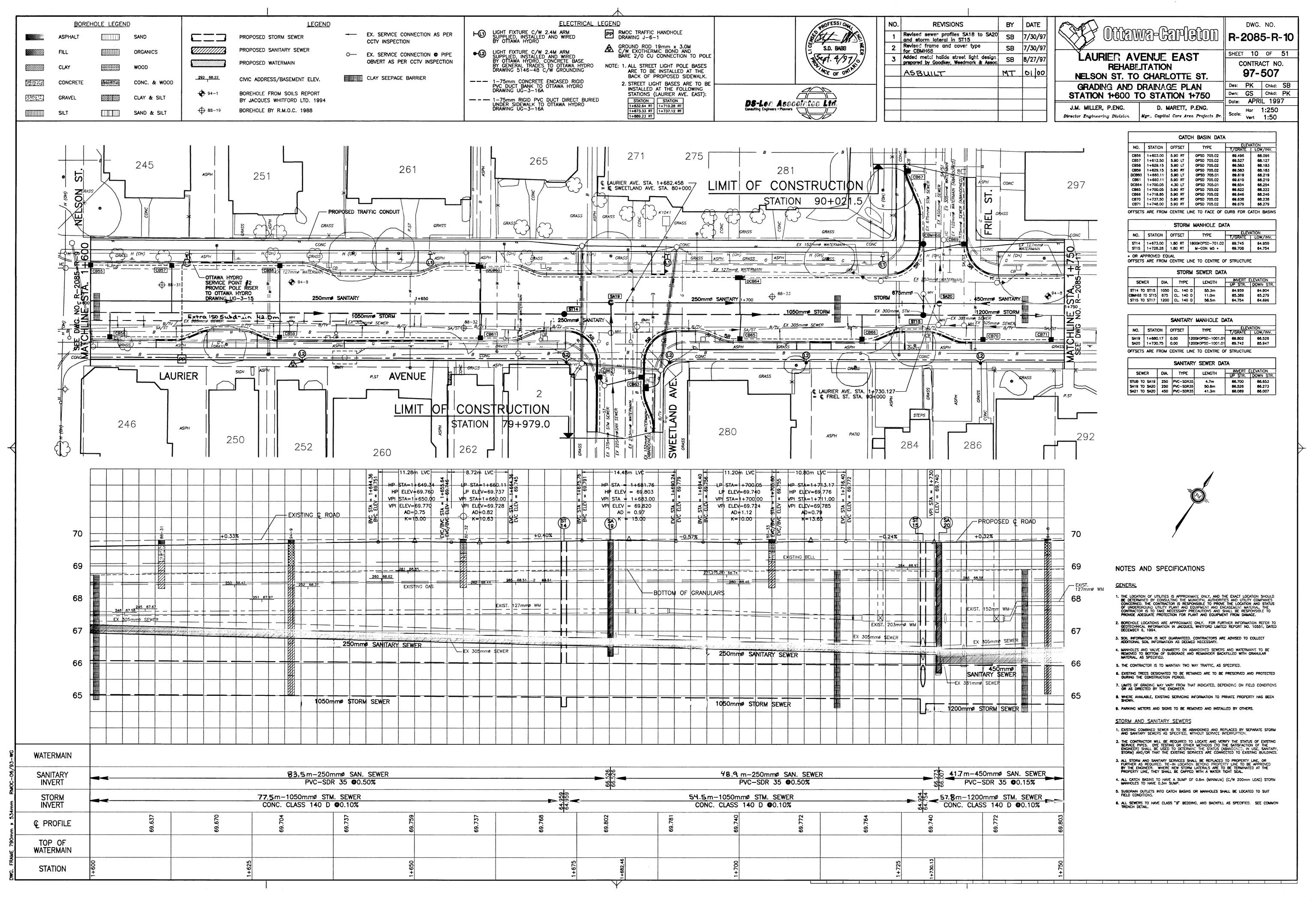
Thank you, Annie

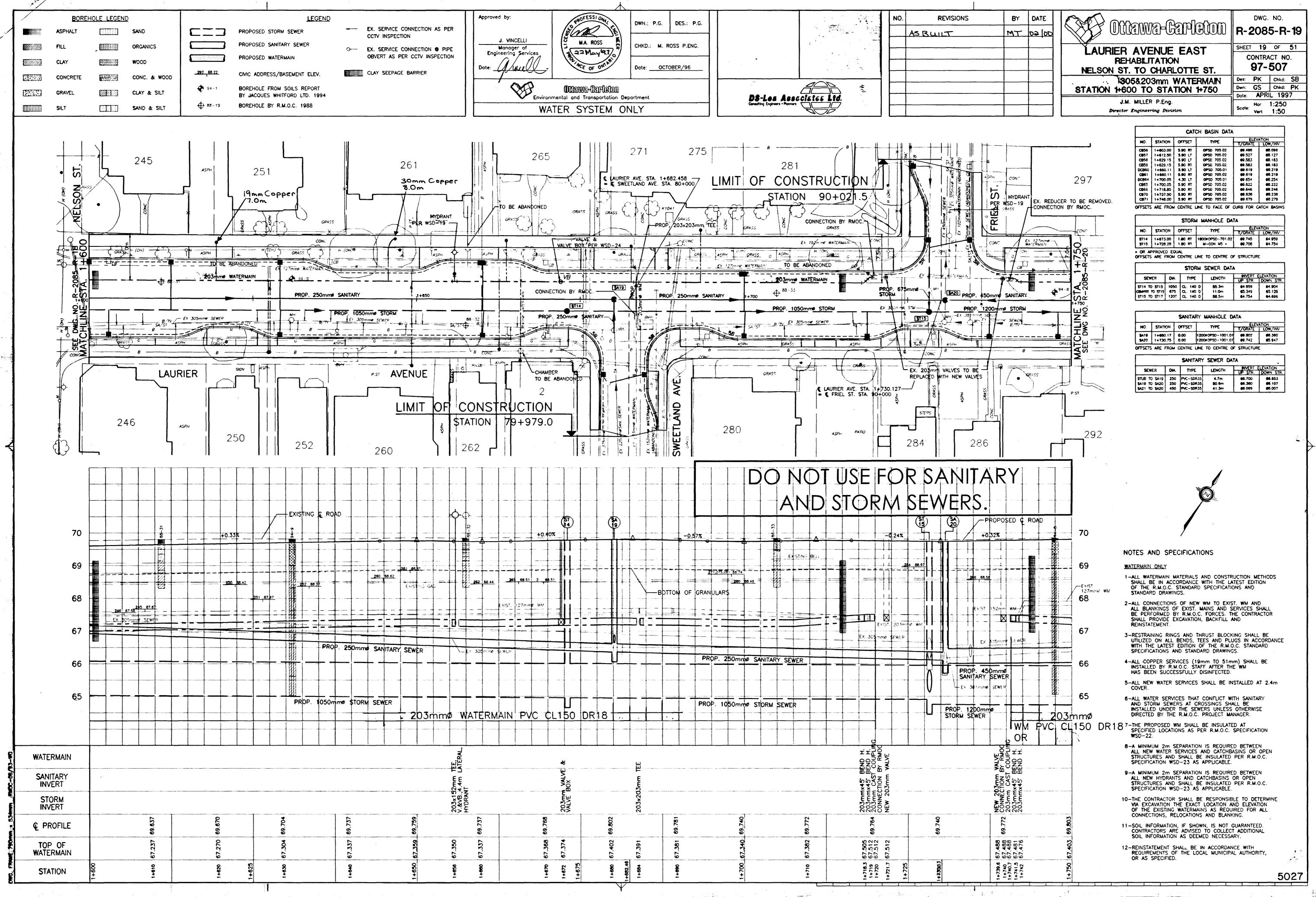
Annie Williams, P.Eng. Civil Engineer

J.L. Richards & Associates Limited 700 - 1565 Carling Avenue, Ottawa, ON K1Z 8R1 Direct: 343-803-4523

Appendix 'C'

Background Drawings





Appendix 'D1'

Water Demand Calculations

J.L. Richards & Associates Limited 2021-07-13

WATERMAIN DEMAND CALCULATION SHEET

PROJECT: 280 LAURIER LOCATION: **CITY OF OTTAWA**

DEVELOPER: SMART LIVING PROPERTIES

RESIDENTIAL							RESIDE	NTIAL	AVERAGE DAILY		
NODE		UNITS				COMM.	INST. Park		DEMAND (I/s)		
	Bachelor	1-Bedroom	2-Bedroom	Total Units	POP'N	(ha.)	(ha.)		Res.	Non-res.	T
280 Laurier											
	44	12	3	59	85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.
TOTALS	44	12	3	59	85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.

MA	XIMUM DA	ILY	PEAK HOUR					
D	EMAND (I/	s)	DEMAND (I/s)					
Res.	Non-res.	Total	Res.	Non-res.	Total			
1.31	0.00	1.31	1.97	0.00	1.97			
1.31	0.00	1.31	1.97	0.00	1.97			

ASSUMPTIONS

RESIDENTIAL DENSITIES

- 2-Bedroom

- Bachelor & 1-Bedroom

<u>1.4</u> p/p/u

<u>2.1</u> p/p/u

AVG. DAILY DEMAND

280 I / cap / day - Residential

TABLE 3-3, MOE 2008 Mx Day Pk Hr Eq Units 4.9 7.4 3.6 100 5.4

PEAKING FACTORS

- Maximum Day Peaking Factor
- Peak Hour Peaking Factor
 - 7.04 x Avg Day (Table 3-3, MOE 2008)

4.67 x Avg Day (Table 3-3, MOE 2008)

Total

0.28

0.28

Appendix 'D2'

Hydraulic Boundary Conditions
– Email Correspondences

Annie Williams

From: Fawzi, Mohammed <mohammed.fawzi@ottawa.ca>

Sent: Monday, July 12, 2021 2:58 PM

To: Mahad Musse

Cc:Annie Williams; Guy Forget; Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.caSubject:RE: 280 Laurier Ave E. - Request for Boundary Conditions

Attachments: 280 Laurier Avenue E July 2021.pdf

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Hi Mahad,

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 280 Laurier Avenue East (zone 1W) assumed to be connected to 203 mm watermain on Laurier Avenue (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL: 106.1 m

Maximum HGL: 115.4 m

Max Day + Fire Flow (383 L/s): 97.6 m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

Please note that the fire demand is high –ways to reduce the fire demand should be investigated.

Thank you.

Best Regards,

Mohammed Fawzi, E.I.T.

Project Manager

Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department - Services de la planification, de l'infrastructure et du développement économique Development Review - Central Branch

City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa

110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue. Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1 613.580.2424 ext./poste 20120, Mohammed.Fawzi@ottawa.ca

Please note that due to the current situation, I am working remotely. Email is currently the best way to contact me

From: Fawzi, Mohammed Sent: July 06, 2021 1:37 PM

To: Mahad Musse <mmusse@jlrichards.ca>

Cc: Annie Williams <awilliams@jlrichards.ca>; Guy Forget <gforget@jlrichards.ca>; Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca

Subject: RE: 280 Laurier Ave E. - Request for Boundary Conditions

Hi Mahad,

Thank you for reaching out.

This email is to confirm the request has been initiated – results will be forwarded when completed.

Thank you.

Best Regards,

Mohammed Fawzi, E.I.T.

Project Manager

Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department - Services de la planification, de l'infrastructure et du développement économique

Development Review - Central Branch

City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa

110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue. Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1 613.580.2424 ext./poste 20120, Mohammed.Fawzi@ottawa.ca

Please note that due to the current situation, I am working remotely. Email is currently the best way to contact me

From: Mahad Musse <mmusse@jlrichards.ca>

Sent: July 06, 2021 1:25 PM

To: Fawzi, Mohammed < mohammed.fawzi@ottawa.ca>

Cc: Annie Williams <a williams@jlrichards.ca>; Guy Forget <gforget@jlrichards.ca>; Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca

Subject: 280 Laurier Ave E. - Request for Boundary Conditions

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ATTENTION : Ce courriel provient d'un expéditeur externe. Ne cliquez sur aucun lien et n'ouvrez pas de pièce jointe, excepté si vous connaissez l'expéditeur.

We are carrying out a detailed design for a proposed site plan located at 280 Laurier Avenue East in downtown Ottawa (see attached Location Plan). The redevelopment consists of constructing a 3-storey building addition with 19 apartment units on the east side of an existing 6-storey apartment building with 40 units.

The building is serviced by an existing 200 mm watermain on Laurier Avenue, while another 200 mm watermain is available on Sweetland Avenue. Since the property will not be severed, the entire property will be supplied by the existing water service.

We request hydraulic boundary conditions for the building at 280 Laurier Avenue East at the existing water service connection location on Laurier Avenue East (see attached RFF Results).

Based on the City Design Guidelines, the following demands are anticipated:

Average Day = 0.28 L/s

Maximum Day = 1.31 L/s

Peak Hour = 1.97 L/s

Required Fire Flow (RFF) = 383 L/s

The RFF was calculated in accordance with the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) and City Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02. The water demand and fire flow calculations are attached.

It is noted that the RFF was also calculated per the Ontario Building Code (OBC) which yielded a requirement of 9,000 L/min (150 L/s). The fire flow calculations per the OBC are attached.

If we could receive the requested boundary conditions at your earliest convenience it would be much appreciated.

Should you have any questions or require anything further, please do not hesitate to call.

Regards,

Mahad

Civil Engineering Designer

J.L. Richards & Associates Limited 700 - 1565 Carling Avenue, Ottawa, ON K1Z 8R1 Direct: 343-633-1501

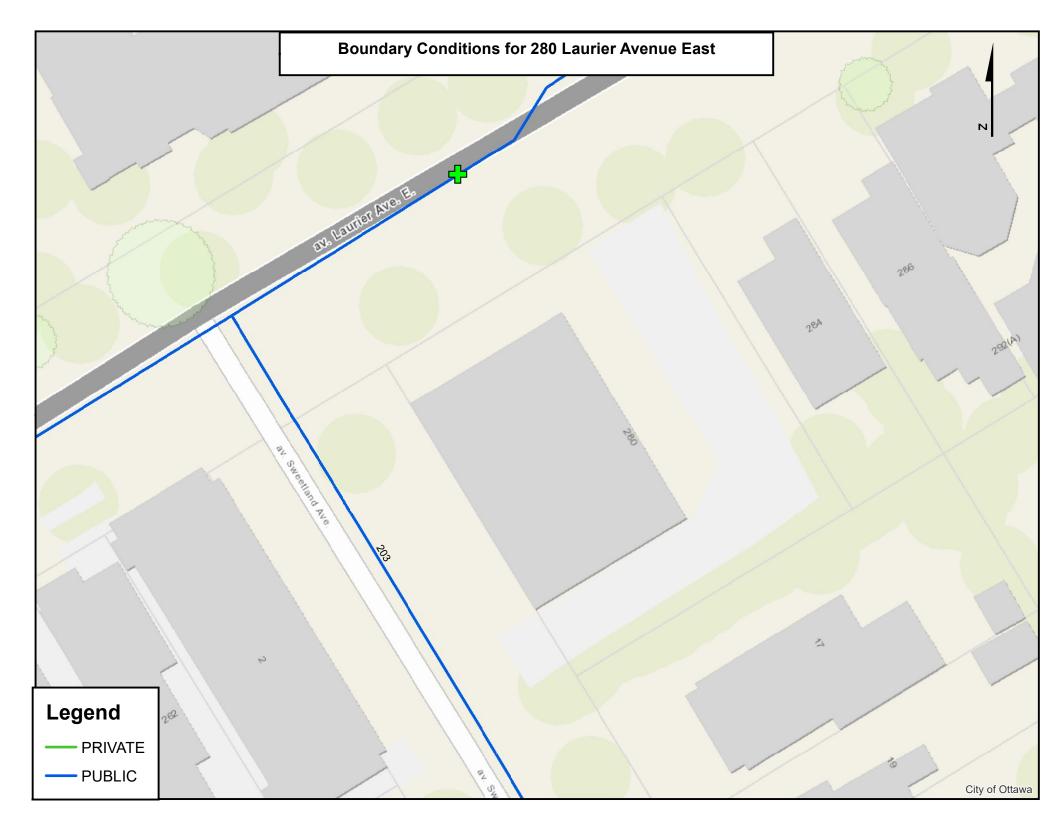




J.L. Richards & Associates Limited is proactively doing our part to protect the wellbeing of our staff and communities while improving our communication technology. We are pleased to announce that we have implemented direct phone lines for all of our staff, allowing you to connect with us regardless of whether we are working remotely or in the office. We are dedicated to delivering quality services to you through value and commitment, as always. Please reach out to us if you have any questions about your project.

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Appendix 'D3'

Fire Flow Requirements

J.L. RICHARDS & ASSOCIATES LIMITED 2021-07-22

FUS Fire Flow Calculations

280 Laurier - Apartment (JLR 31383-000)

Step	Parameter	Value		Note
A	Type of Construction	Wood Frame		
	Coefficient (C)	1.5		
3	Floor Area	193.6	m ²	Floors 1-3 of Building Addition are 193.6 sq-m (Basement not included)
:	Height in storeys	3	storeys	Basement is excluded.
	Total Floor Area	581	m ²	
)	Fire Flow Formula	F=220C√A		
	Fire Flow	7953	L/min	
	Rounded Fire Flow	8000	L/min	Flow rounded to nearest 1000 L/min.
	Occupancy Class	Limited Combustible		Mid-Rise Residential
	Occupancy Charge	-15%		
	Occupancy Increase or	-1200		
	Decrease			
	Fire Flow	6800	L/min	No rounding applied.
:	Sprinkler Protection	None		<u></u>
	Sprinkler Credit	0%		<u></u>
	Decrease for Sprinkler	0	L/min	
ì	South Side Exposure			
	Exposing Wall:	Wood Frame		
	Exposed Wall:	Wood Frame		
	Length of Exposed Wall:	8.0	m	
	Height of Exposed Wall:	3	storeys	
	Length-Height Factor	24.0	m-storeys	
	Separation Distance	11.92	m	
	South Side Exposure	12%		
	Charge			<u> </u>
	West Side Exposure	15		
	Exposing Wall:	Wood Frame		
	Exposed Wall:	Non-combustible		
	Length of Exposed Wall:	22.5	m	
	Height of Exposed Wall:	6	storeys	
	Length-Height Factor	135.0	m-storeys	
	Separation Distance	0	m	<u> </u>
	West Side Exposure Charge	25%		
	North Side Exposure			_
	Exposing Wall:	Wood Frame		
	Exposed Wall:	Wood Frame		
	Length of Exposed Wall:	8.5	m	
	Height of Exposed Wall:	3	storeys	
	Length-Height Factor	25.5	m-storeys	
	Separation Distance	20	m	
	North Side Exposure			
	<u>Charge</u>	12%		<u>_</u>
	East Side Exposure			 -
	Exposing Wall:	Wood Frame		
	Exposed Wall:	Wood Frame		
	Length of Exposed Wall:	13.0	m	
	Height of Exposed Wall:	3	storeys	
	Length-Height Factor	39.0	m-storeys	
	Separation Distance	3.72	m	<u>_</u>
	East Side Exposure	18%		_
	Charge	10/0		The total everyone shares in historial
	Total Exposure Charge	67%		The total exposure charge is below the maximum value of 75%.
	Increase for Exposures	4556	L/min	
1	Fire Flow	11356	L/min	
	Rounded Fire Flow	11000	L/min	Flow rounded to nearest 1000 L/min.
City Cap	Required Fire Flow (RFF)	11000	L/min	The City of Ottawa's cap does not apply since the building is a mid-rise apartment.

Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Fire Flow Calculations

In accordance with City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 dated March 21, 2018

A=

280 Laurier Apartment Fire Flow Calculation (per OFM/OBC Guidelines)

Type of Structure: Mid rise apartment building of combustible construction and no fire-resistance rating

Existing building has an area of 2387 m2 (incl. basement area), proposed extension has an area of

774.4 m2 (incl. basement area)

Existing building is 6 storeys (plus basement), proposed extension is 3 storeys (plus basement)

Wood Frame Combustible Construction

Exposure: 10.02 m northside, 2.09 m eastside, 6.98 m southside, 10 m westside

9046

Q= = Required fire flow (litres) 374496 L $= K V S_{tot}$

"K" - Water Supply Coefficient from Table 1 23

"V" - Total building volume in cubic meters 9046 m³

341 m^2 x 2.88 m x 6-storeys for existing building + 199.6 m2 x 2.73 m x 3 storeys for proposed extension + 540.6 m2 x 2.90 m x 1 floor for

"S_{tot}" - total of spatial coefficient values from Figure 1 1.8

1 + 0.5 (for eastside exposure) + 0.3 (for southside exposure) + 0 for northside and westside exposure

Fire Flow Requirement from Table 2 = 9000 L/min Since Q > 270,000 L required fire flow = 9,000 L/min 2378 USGPM 150 L/s

Mahad Musse

From: Annie Williams

Sent: June 24, 2021 1:34 PM

To: Mahad Musse

Subject: FW: 280 Laurier Street - JLR Fee Proposals - Civil and Noise

From: Jeremy Silburt < Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca>

Sent: Wednesday, June 23, 2021 12:43 PM **To:** Guy Forget <gforget@jlrichards.ca>

Cc: Annie Williams <awilliams@jlrichards.ca>; Lucie Dalrymple <ldalrymple@jlrichards.ca>

Subject: RE: 280 Laurier Street - JLR Fee Proposals - Civil and Noise

That is correct.

Jeremy Silburt

Senior Consultant, Developments



226 Argyle Avenue | Ottawa, ON | K2P 1B9

Mob: 613-880-5491 | Tel: (613) 244-1551 | Fax: (613) 900 -1100

Email: <u>jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca</u> Website: <u>www.smartlivingproperties.ca</u>

COVID-19 Update

We will be encouraging our people to practice **Social Distancing** and as a way to minimize COVID-19 transmission in the community, the Smart Living Team will be working remotely. We remain fully accessible by phone and email, but this means minimizing face to face meetings and encouraging electronic delivery of all information.

From: Guy Forget <gforget@jlrichards.ca>
Sent: Wednesday, June 23, 2021 12:37 PM

To: Jeremy Silburt < Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca>

Cc: Annie Williams <a williams@jlrichards.ca>; Lucie Dalrymple <ldalrymple@jlrichards.ca>

Subject: RE: 280 Laurier Street - JLR Fee Proposals - Civil and Noise

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Great, so the 40 units are maintained and the building addition will include 19 units

Thanks

Guy

Mahad Musse

From: Jeremy Silburt < Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca>

Sent: June 25, 2021 4:33 PM **To:** Annie Williams; Levent Tatar

Cc: Mahad Musse

Subject: RE: 280 Laurier - Building Properties **Attachments:** Basement - Existing building.jpg

Hi Annie,

New construction will be part 9 building, wood – non sprinklered.

No windows on the west side of the addition.

I have attached a layout of the basement. I can only suspect that the water supply is in the boiler room.

Cheers,

Jeremy Silburt

Senior Consultant, Developments



226 Argyle Avenue | Ottawa, ON | K2P 1B9

Mob: 613-880-5491 | Tel: (613) 244-1551 | Fax: (613) 900 -1100

Email: <u>jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca</u> Website: <u>www.smartlivingproperties.ca</u>

COVID-19 Update

We will be encouraging our people to practice **Social Distancing** and as a way to minimize COVID-19 transmission in the community, the Smart Living Team will be working remotely. We remain fully accessible by phone and email, but this means minimizing face to face meetings and encouraging electronic delivery of all information.

From: Annie Williams <a williams@jlrichards.ca>

Sent: Friday, June 25, 2021 4:02 PM

To: Levent Tatar < levent@ottawacarletonconstruction.com>

Cc: Jeremy Silburt < Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca>; Mahad Musse < mmusse@jlrichards.ca>

Subject: 280 Laurier - Building Properties

EXTERNAL EMAIL Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Levent,

Thank you for the quick response!

With regards to the building properties, we would like to confirm some information which will allow us to carry out fire flow calculations for our water supply analysis.

- What is the Construction type for both existing and proposed building (wood frame, ordinary, non-combustible, fire-resistive)?
 - o From inspection report of existing building: The exterior curtain wall consists of brick veneer.
- Are there windows on all 4 sides of the building addition (or no openings on west side)?
- Assumed no sprinkler system please confirm.
- Assumed no firewalls please confirm.
- Where is the mechanical room located within the existing building (existing water supply entrance)?

Thank you, Annie

Annie Williams, P.Eng.

Civil Engineer

J.L. Richards & Associates Limited 700 - 1565 Carling Avenue, Ottawa, ON K1Z 8R1 Direct: 343-803-4523





J.L. Richards & Associates Limited is proactively doing our part to protect the wellbeing of our staff and communities while improving our communication technology. We are pleased to announce that we have implemented direct phone lines for all of our staff, allowing you to connect with us regardless of whether we are working remotely or in the office. We are dedicated to delivering quality services to you through value and commitment, as always. Please reach out to us if you have any questions about your project.

From: Levent Tatar < levent@ottawacarletonconstruction.com>

Sent: Friday, June 25, 2021 11:22 AM

To: Annie Williams <a williams@jlrichards.ca>

Cc: Jeremy@smartlivingproperties.ca; Mahad Musse <mmusse@jlrichards.ca>; Kendra Tyhurst <ktyhurst@jlrichards.ca>

Subject: RE: 280 Laurier - Request for CAD

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Hi,

Attached the cad file.

Thank you,



Appendix 'D4'

Headloss Calculations

HEAD LOSS - HAZEN-WILLIAMS

280 Laurier - Apartment (JLR 31383-000)

Information to City (July 6, 2021)

Demand Scenario	Demand (L/s)
Average Day	0.28
Maximum Day	1.31
Required FF (OBC)**	150.0
Required FF (FUS)	383.0
Peak Hour	1.97

Boundary Conditions (Email from City, July 12, 2021):

Water Demand Scenario	Demands (L/s)	Head (m) on Laurier Ave. E.
Peak Hour	1.97	106.1
Maximum HGL	0.00	115.4
Max Day + FF (FUS)	384.31	97.6

Headloss Calculations (Hazen Williams Equation)

Hazen Williams equation (Mays, 1999; Streeter et al., 1998; Viessman and Hammer, 1993) where k=0.85 for meter and seconds units or 1.318 for feet and seconds units:

$$H = L \left[\frac{V}{kC} \left(\frac{4}{D} \right)^{0.63} \right]^{1/0.54} \qquad V = \frac{Q}{A} \quad A = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2$$

Where,

HL = Headloss (m)

Q - Flow (m³/s) L - Length (m)

C - Hazen Williams "C"

D - Watermain Diameter (m)

V - Velocity (m/s)

A - Watermain Cross-Sectional Area (m²)

280 Laurier Avenue E. Headloss Calculations

Water Demand	Flow (Q)	Flow (Q)	Length	С	D	V	Α	Head Loss	HGL (m)	Calculated HGL (m)	Elevation (m)	Pre	ssure @ Nod	е	ODG 4.2.2	Criteria
Condition	(L/s)	(m ³ /s)	(m)		(m)	(m/s)	(m ²)	(m)	on Laurier Ave. E.	at 280 Laurier	at 280 Laurier	(m)	(kPa)	(psi)	Requirement	Acheived?
Peak Hour	1.97	0.00197	17	100	0.108	0.215	0.00916	0.01773	106.100	106.082	70.32	35.762	351	50.9	276 kPa	Yes
Maximum HGL	0.00	0.00000	17	100	0.108	0.000	0.00916	0.00000	115.400	115.400	70.32	45.080	442	64.1	552 kPa	Yes

Appendix 'E'

Wastewater Peak Flow Calculations

Wastewater Calculations 280 Laurier - Apartment

(JLR 31383-000)

MID-RISE APARTMENT

0.04909 Ha

Unit Breakdown	No.	
Bachelor	44	1.4 persons/unit (Table 4.1)
1 Bedroom	12	1.4 persons/unit (Table 4.1)
2 Bedroom	3	2.1 persons/unit (Table 4.1)
Total Unit Count	59	
Total Population	85	ppl
Theoretical Wastewater Flow	280	L/c/d
Average Wastewater Flow	0.27	L/s
Harmon Peaking Factor	3.610	
Peak Wastewater Flow	0.99	L/s
Commercial/Office Area (ha)	0.00	
Commercial PF =	1	
Peak Flow (Comm) =	0.00	L/s
Dry & Wet I/I (0.33 L/s/ha)	0.02	L/s

Peak WW Flow (L/s)	1.01	L/s

Appendix 'F1'

Existing Peak Flow and Allowable Peak Flow Calculations



280 Laurier **Exisitng Peak Flow Calculations**

Guidance on Approach to Estimate Allowable Peak Flow and SWM Calculations:

- 1 Allowable peak flow shall be estimated based on a 1:5 year intensity and based on a C-Factor of 0.5. 2 The 1:5-year intensity shall be calculated based on IDF statistics (per the OSDG). 3 Time of Concentration (Tc) calculated based on current conditions. Tc shall not be less than 10 mins.

- 4 Any storm events greater than 5-year, up to and including 100-year, must be detained on site.
 5 Foundation drains are to be independently connected to sewer main unless being pumped with appropriate back up power, sufficient sized pump and back flow prevention.
 6 Roof drains are to be connected downstream of any incorporated ICD within the SWM system.

Pre-Development Area Breakdown:

To Laurier Ave. E. 1050 mm dia. Storm Sewer

Type of Area	Area (ha)	C-Factor	C-Factor (Eff)
Pavement	0.01548	0.9	
Grass	0.00136	0.2	
Total	0.01684	0.84	0.50

Time of Concentration (existing):

Flow Path 1: From high point on parking surface to off site on Laurier

Flow Path 1 Length of Sheet Surface Slope Velocity (V) Travel Time ±1.7% ±0.75 m/s 0.30 minutes

Tc (existing) 10.00 minutes

Intensity_(5yr) (I) 104.19 mm/hr

Allowable Peak Flow (5 Yr) Calculations (C-Factor = 0.50)

Q_{5yr} = 2.78CAI

Q_{5yr} = (2.78) x (0.50) x (0.01684 ha) x (104.19)

Q_{5yr} = 2.44 L/s

To Sweetland Ave. 375 mm dia. Storm Sewer

Type of Area	Area (ha)	C-Factor	C-Factor (Eff)
Pavement	0.03063	0.9	
Grass	0.00162	0.2	
Total	0.03225	0.86	0.50

Time of Concentration (existing):

Flow Path 1: From high point on parking surface to on site CB Flow Path 2: From on site CB to Main on Sweetland

Flow Path 1 Length of Sheet Surface 26.9 m ±1.6% ±0.75 m/s 0.60 minutes Slope Velocity (V) Travel Time

 Flow Path 2

 Length from CB to Sweetla 12.2 m

 Slope
 ±1.0%

 Velocity
 ±1.00 m

 Travel Time
 0.20 min
 ±1.0% ±1.00 m/s 0.20 minutes

Total Tc, Total Tc, (existing) Intensity_(5yr) (I) = 0.80 minutes 10.00 minutes ** min Tc = 10 minutes 104.19 mm/hr

Allowable Peak Flow (5 Yr) Calculations (C-Factor = 0.50)

Q_{5yr} = 2.78CAI

Q_{5yr} = (2.78) x (0.50) x (0.03225 ha) x (104.19)

Q_{5yr} = 4.67 L/s

Appendix 'F2'

Stormwater Management Calculations



280 Laurier Allowable Peak Flow & SWM Calculations

Allowable Peak Flow Calculation:

To Laurier Ave. E. 1050 mm dia. Storm Sewer
Q_{allowable} (1:5-year) = 2.44 L/s

Allowable Peak Flow Calculation:

To Sweetland Ave. 375 mm dia. Storm Sewer
Q_{allowable} (1:5-year) = 4.67 L/s

Post-Development Drainage Areas

To Laurier Ave. E. 1050 mm dia. St	o Laurier Ave. E. 1050 mm dia. Storm Sewer									
Type of Area	Area (ha)	C-Factor (5 yr)	C-Factor (100 yr)							
Roof Top of Proposed 3-Storey	0.02000	0.90	0.90							
Pavers/Hard Surface	0.00432	0.90	0.90							
SOD	0.00336	0.20	0.25							
Total	0.02768	0.82	0.82							

To Sweetland Ave. 375 mm dia. Storm Sewer								
Type of Area	Area (ha)	C-Factor (5 yr)	C-Factor (100 yr)					
Pavement/Hard Surface	0.01179	0.90	0.90					
SOD	0.00963	0.20	0.25					
-	-	-	-					
Total	0.02142	0.59	0.61					

SWM Calcs for Areas Tributary to Laurier Ave. E. 1050 mm dia. Storm Sewer

Uncontrolled Sheet Flow to Laurier Avenue E.						
Paved Area (m2)	43.21					
SOD Area (m2)	33.57					
Total Area (m2)	76.78					
C Factor (5 Yr)	0.59					
Storage Volume (m3)	0.00					

Time (min)	Intensity 1:5 Yr (mm/hr)	Qp 1:5 Yr (L/s)	Qp ICD (L/s)	Qp stored (L/s)	Max Volume Requirement (m³)	Qp CCE (L/s)	Qp stored (L/s)	Volume CCE Requirement (m³)
10	104.19	1.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.59	N/A	N/A
15	83.56	1.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.27	N/A	N/A
20	70.25	0.89	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.07	N/A	N/A
25	60.90	0.77	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.93	N/A	N/A
30	53.93	0.68	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.82	N/A	N/A
35	48.52	0.62	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.74	N/A	N/A
40	44.18	0.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.67	N/A	N/A
45	40.63	0.52	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.62	N/A	N/A
50	37.65	0.48	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.57	N/A	N/A
55	35.12	0.45	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.53	N/A	N/A
60	32.94	0.42	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.50	N/A	N/A
65	31.04	0.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.47	N/A	N/A
70	29.37	0.37	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.45	N/A	N/A

Roof Top of Proposed 3-Storey					
Roof Top Area (sq-m)	200.00				
C Factor (100 Yr)	0.90				
Roof Flow (L/s)	1.12				
Available Storage Volume (m3)	17.42				

Time	Intensity	Qp	Qp	Qp	Max Volume	Qp	Qp	Volume CCE	Qp CCE
(min)	1:100 Yr	1:100 Yr	Rooftop ICD	stored	Requirement	CCE	stored	Requirement	- Qp100yr
	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(L/s)
10	178.56	8.94	1.12	7.82	4.69	10.72	9.60	5.76	1.79
15	142.89	7.15	1.12	6.03	5.43	8.58	7.46	6.72	1.43
20	119.95	6.00	1.12	4.88	5.86	7.20	6.08	7.30	1.20
25	103.85	5.20	1.12	4.08	6.12	6.24	5.12	7.68	1.04
30	91.87	4.60	1.12	3.48	6.26	5.52	4.40	7.92	0.92
35	82.58	4.13	1.12	3.01	6.33	4.96	3.84	8.06	0.83
40	75.15	3.76	1.12	2.64	6.34	4.51	3.39	8.15	0.75
45	69.05	3.46	1.12	2.34	6.31	4.15	3.03	8.18	0.69
50	63.95	3.20	1.12	2.08	6.25	3.84	2.72	8.17	0.64
55	59.62	2.98	1.12	1.87	6.16	3.58	2.46	8.12	0.60
60	55.89	2.80	1.12	1.68	6.04	3.36	2.24	8.06	0.56
65	52.65	2.63	1.12	1.52	5.91	3.16	2.04	7.97	0.53
70	49.79	2.49	1.12	1.37	5.77	2.99	1.87	7.86	0.50

The following assumptions were made in regard to rooftop configuration:

Proposed Building Addition						
Rooftop flow (L/s)	1.12					
Area of Roof (m2)	193.60					
60% of roof for storage (m2)	116.16					
Vol. @ 0.15 m ponding (m3)	17.42					

The SWM Calculations (above) show rooftop storage volume requirements of 6.34 m3 under the 1:100 year event and 8.18 m3 under the climate change event

Based on the above assumption (60% of rooftop used as storage), sufficient rooftop storage (17.42 m3) will be provided to detain the 1:100 year event and the climate change event



280 Laurier Allowable Peak Flow & SWM Calculations

SWM Calcs for Areas Tributary to Sweetland Ave. 375 mm dia. Storm Sewer										
Uncontrolled Sheet Flow to Sweet	Uncontrolled Sheet Flow to Sweetland Avenue									
Paved Area (m2)	3.40									
SOD Area (m2)	0.00									
Total Area (m2)	3.40									
C Factor (100 Yr)	0.90									
Storage Volume (m3)	0.00									

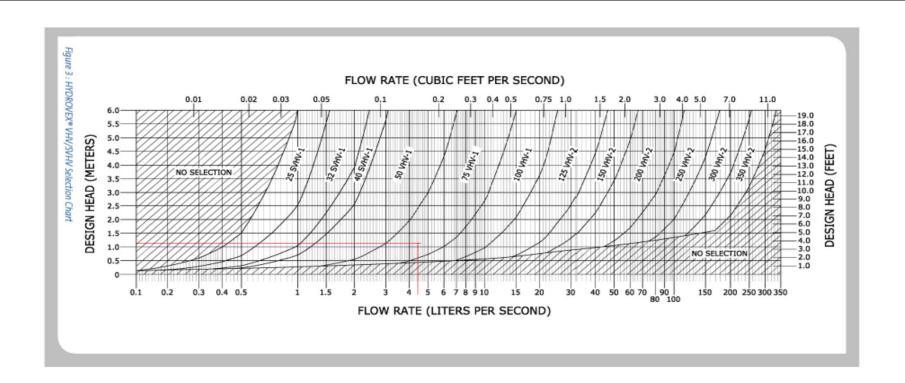
Time (min)	Intensity 1:100 Yr (mm/hr)	Qp 1:100 Yr (L/s)	Qp ICD (L/s)	Qp stored (L/s)	Max Volume Requirement (m³)	Qp CCE (L/s)	Qp stored (L/s)	Volume CCE Requirement (m³)	Qp CCE - Qp100yr (L/s)
10	178.56	0.15	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.18	N/A	N/A	0.03
15	83.56	0.07	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.09	N/A	N/A	0.01
20	70.25	0.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.07	N/A	N/A	0.01
25	60.90	0.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.06	N/A	N/A	0.01
30	53.93	0.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.06	N/A	N/A	0.01
35	48.52	0.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05	N/A	N/A	0.01
40	44.18	0.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05	N/A	N/A	0.01
45	40.63	0.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.04	N/A	N/A	0.01
50	37.65	0.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.04	N/A	N/A	0.01
55	35.12	0.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.04	N/A	N/A	0.01
60	32.94	0.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.03	N/A	N/A	0.01
65	31.04	0.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.03	N/A	N/A	0.01
70	29.37	0.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.03	N/A	N/A	0.00

Controlled Flow to Sweetland Avenue					
Paved Area (m2)	114.46				
SOD Area (m2)	96.31				
Total Area (m2)	210.77				
C (weighted)	0.60				
Max Ponding (m3)	2.30				

Time (min)	Intensity 1:100 Yr	Qp 1:100 Yr	Qp ICD	Qp stored	Max Volume Requirement	Qp CCE	Qp stored	Volume CCE Requirement	Qp CCE - Qp100yr
()	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(L/s)
10	178.56	6.31	4.52	1.79	1.07	7.57	3.05	1.83	1.26
15	142.89	5.05	4.52	0.53	0.48	6.06	1.54	1.39	1.01
20	119.95	4.24	4.52	N/A	N/A	5.09	0.57	0.68	0.85
25	103.85	3.67	4.52	N/A	N/A	4.40	N/A	N/A	0.73
30	91.87	3.25	4.52	N/A	N/A	3.90	N/A	N/A	0.65
35	82.58	2.92	4.52	N/A	N/A	3.50	N/A	N/A	0.58
40	75.15	2.65	4.52	N/A	N/A	3.19	N/A	N/A	0.53
45	69.05	2.44	4.52	N/A	N/A	2.93	N/A	N/A	0.49
50	63.95	2.26	4.52	N/A	N/A	2.71	N/A	N/A	0.45
55	59.62	2.11	4.52	N/A	N/A	2.53	N/A	N/A	0.42
60	55.89	1.97	4.52	N/A	N/A	2.37	N/A	N/A	0.39
65	52.65	1.86	4.52	N/A	N/A	2.23	N/A	N/A	0.37
70	49.79	1.76	4.52	N/A	N/A	2.11	N/A	N/A	0.35

The SWM Calculations (above) show surface storage volume requirements of 1.07 m3 under the 1:100 year event and 1.83 m3 under the climate change event

Based on the available surface storage of (2.30 m3), sufficient storage will be provided to detain the 1:100 year event and the climate change event.



ICD#	Qr (L/s)	Outlet Invert	Top of Grate	Max Ponding	Design Head	Hydrovex
1	4.52	68.73	69.67	69.78	1.05	75 VHV-1



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