



Hydrogeological Assessment for 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario site

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1 Introduction

1.1 Project Description

EXP Services Inc. (EXP) was retained by 11421247 Canada Inc. (the client) to prepare a Hydrogeological Assessment for 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario site Report associated with the proposed development located at 1740-1760 Saint Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, Ontario (hereinafter referred to as the 'Site'). EXP understands that 11421247 Canada Inc. is completing this work in support of site re-development at 1740-1760 St. Laurent Boulevard in Ottawa, Ontario. EXP understands that a hydrogeological study is required to address comment B15 of the City of Ottawa's 1st Round of Technical Comments on the Site Plan Application (SPA).

It is our understanding that the Site is currently occupied by four (4) structures (St. Hubert Restaurant, 168 Sushi and Petro-Canada service station (two buildings) which will be demolished as part of the proposed development. The proposed development will consist of four (4) towers that will include two (2) 20 storey (Towers 1 and 3) and two (2) 13 storey (Towers 2 and 4) high-rise residential towers. The Towers 1 and 2 will include three-levels of shared underground parking garage with the lowest slab at approximately 9.75 m [(3 m x 3 levels) + 0.75 m for foundation subgrade] depth below the ground floor level based on preliminary design plan communicated to EXP. Towers 3 and 4 include two (2) levels (P2 level) of shared underground parking structure with lowest slab at approximately 6.75 mbgs. The Site location plan is shown in Figure 1. The four (4) towers will be constructed in two (2) phases, Towers 1 and 2 will be constructed first then Towers 3 and 4.

EXP conducted a Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation and Environmental Site Assessments (ESA) and this investigation is required to address City of Ottawa planning department comments. The pertinent information gathered from the noted investigations are utilized for this report.

1.2 Project Objectives

The main objectives of this Hydrogeological Assessment for 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario site are as follows:

- Establish the local hydrogeological setting within the Site;
- Assess preliminary construction dewatering flow rates and potential impacts; and
- Prepare a Hydrogeological Investigation report to support a SPA and construction dewatering permitting requirement.

1.3 Scope of Work

To achieve the investigation objectives, EXP has completed the following scope of work:

- Reviewed available geological and hydrogeological information for the Site;
- Conducted Single Well Response Tests (SWRT) at accessible and functioning monitoring wells to evaluate hydraulic properties of the saturated stratigraphic units at the Site.
- Collected one (1) groundwater sample for laboratory testing for comparison to the City of Ottawa sanitary and storm Sewer By-Law discharge limits;
- Completed one (1) round of groundwater level measurements;
- Evaluated the information collected during the field investigation program, including borehole geological information, SWRT results, Water Well Records, groundwater level measurements and groundwater water quality;
- Estimated construction dewatering flow rates and long-term foundation drainage rates.
- Assessed potential impacts and recommend mitigation measures; and
- Prepared a Hydrogeological Assessment for 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario site

This Hydrogeological Assessment for 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario site report was prepared in accordance with the Ontario Water Resources Act, Ontario Regulation 387/04 and the City of Ottawa Hydrogeological and Terrain Analysis guidelines (March 2021).

1.4 Review of Previous Reports

The following reports were reviewed as part of this Hydrogeological Assessment for 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario site:

2001 and 2002 - Phase I and Phase II ESA reports completed by AMEC Earth & Environmental Ltd. (AMEC).

- Phase I ESAs were conducted for the 1740 and 1760 St Laurent site & 1757 Russell Road, Ottawa, in November 2001 by AMEC for M.R. Denison Associates Ltd.
- In January 2002, a Phase II ESA was completed by AMEC for the 1740 and 1760 St Laurent site and 1757 Russell St. Ottawa. Nine boreholes were drilled at the gas station property and three monitoring wells were installed. As part of the work, groundwater samples were collected for analysis of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes (BTEX), total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) (gas/diesel), TPH (heavy oil, volatile organic compounds (VOC), and metals.
- Low level PHC concentrations were identified in the groundwater from the monitoring wells near the gas station, however all concentrations were less than their respective Table B criteria at the time.

2009 – Phase II ESA by Terrapex Inc.

- Ten boreholes were advanced five of which were completed as monitoring wells. One soil sample was collected at each borehole and one groundwater sample was collected from each monitoring well. All collected soil and groundwater samples were analyzed for BTEX and PHC and had concentrations of the analyzed parameters that were less than the Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) Table 3 site condition standards (SCS) for commercial land use and fine-grained soil.
- No liquid phase petroleum product or free product was observed during drilling program.

2020 – Phase II by Terrapex Inc.

- Terrapex drilled eight boreholes in the vicinity of the gas station infrastructure for investigation of site soil conditions at 1740 St. Laurent Boulevard site. Soil samples were analyzed for BTEX and PHC.
- Collected groundwater samples from all the existing monitoring wells for analysis of BTEX and PHC.
- Based on the analysis of soil and groundwater samples, Terrapex concluded that concentrations of any of the analyzed parameters did not exceed any of the then MECP (2011) Table 3 SCS for the submitted samples.

2020 – Phase One ESA and Phase Two ESA by EXP

- A Phase One ESA was completed by EXP in December 2020 to update previous studies.
- A Phase Two ESA completed by EXP in October 2020 during which four boreholes were drilled
- Three soil samples and three groundwater samples were submitted for analysis of BTEX and PHC, metals and VOC.
- It was concluded in the report that the areas of the Site south and west of the gas station did not show any impacts from the operation of the gas station.

2 Regional Geological Setting

2.1 Regional Setting

2.1.1 Regional Physiography

The Site is located within the physiographic region identified as Ottawa Valley Clay Plains. Another physiographic region identified as Till Plains (drumlinized) borders just the west of the Site.

2.1.2 Surficial and Bedrock Geology

The regional scale surficial geology which are identified as glacial till at the Site and glaciomarine and marine deposits (Ontario Geological Survey, 2011) south of the Site as mapped. The till is composed of undifferentiated, predominantly sandy silt to silt matrix, commonly rich in clasts, often high in total matrix carbonate content. The marine deposit is composed of silt and clay, originating as basin and quiet water deposits most likely in a glacial lake environment.

Regional bedrock geology, as identified, is composed of shale, limestone, dolostone and siltstone from Carlsbad Formation from middle to upper Ordovician time, which at depth is underlain by granite and metamorphic rocks of the Precambrian-aged Canadian Shield.

Surficial Geology and Bedrock Geology are shown in Figures 2 and 3, respectively.

2.1.3 Hydrogeology

On a very large-scale hydrogeological region mapping by Natural Resources Canada (2007) the area is located within the Saint Lawrence Lowlands area. The bedrock in the area forms the major water supply aquifer. The bedrock in the area is considered the major aquifer and there is potential of good hydraulic connectivity with the Ottawa River.

2.1.4 MECP Water Well Records

Water Well Records (WWRs) from the database maintained by the MECP were reviewed to determine the number of water wells within a 500 m search distance from the Site perimeter. The locations of the MECP WWR are shown in Figure 4. A summary of the WWR is included in Appendix A.

The MECP WWR database search indicated that a total of twenty-three (23) water wells are located within a distance of 500 m from the Site perimeter. This included five (5) wells recorded as drinking water supply wells. The remaining (18) records are for non-water supply wells that includes test, monitoring, observation and abandoned wells, and wells of unidentified usage and of unknown use.

The reported depth to groundwater for all well recorded as water supply wells vary between (12.2) and (44.2) meters below ground surface (mbgs). The noted groundwater or potentiometric surface based on recorded information from (56.8) and (36.2) ranges between (69.0) masl to (80.4) masl which after urbanization may be higher as the use of private water supply wells stopped over the years when municipal services became available.

Table 2-1 Summary of MECP Water Well Record Search

Well Usage (as recorded)	Number of Wells	Well Construction Period	Ground Elevation (masl)	Groundwater Elevation (masl)	Water Found Depth (mbgs)	Water Found Elevation (masl)	Well Completion Material
Water Supply	5	1948-1961	Min – 69.0 Max – 80.4	Min – 68.1 Max – 76.8	Min – 12.2 Max – 44.2	Min –36.2 Max –56.8	All the wells are completed in bedrock
Non-water supply wells (test wells, observation wells, monitoring wells, abandoned wells and unspecified wells)	18	2006-2016	No groundwater elevation information available	No groundwater elevation information available	No information available	No information available	No information available

The pumping test rates for the water supply wells varied between 9.1 liters/minute (LPM) to 36.4 LPM sustainable through 0.5-hour to 1-hour duration.

Some of the location information as recorded in the database are not correct or accurate (reliability code of 9 or higher identified as UTM RC in the water well report, lower the value higher the accuracy of the recorded well locations), however the reviewed MECP water well information provides a general understanding of the hydrogeological conditions within the searched area.

Since the area is municipally serviced and these water wells were installed in the between 1940s to 1960s, it is unlikely that the noted water supply wells are still active.

2.2 Site Setting

2.2.1 Site Topography

The Site is in an urbanized land use setting. The topography of the site gradually slopes down in a south to north direction and in an easterly direction towards St. Laurent Boulevard. Based on 2020 borehole ground surface elevations, the ground surface in the west end of the site slopes down from south to north from 72.37 masl to 71.07 masl and slopes down towards the east to St. Laurent Boulevard to 69.35 masl.

2.2.2 Local Surface Water Features

The Site is located within the Ottawa River West sub watershed. No surface water features exist on the Site. The nearest surface water feature is Green Creek, located approximately 1.7 km northeast of the Site boundary. Based on the MECP Website, the Site is not within the flood plain or within a regulated area.

2.2.3 Local Geology and Hydrogeology

A geotechnical investigation was completed at the site in August of 2020 and ten (10) boreholes were drilled. The following is a summary of site geology and hydrogeology based on review of geological mapping information and MECP water well records and borehole logs of wells drilled during site investigations. Figure 5 shows the borehole location plan and Figure 6 shows generalized cross-sections showing the stratigraphy of the Site.

Table 2-2 Site Stratigraphy

Geological Material	Soil Material	Top and Bottom Surface Elevation (masl)
Anthropogenic Material	Fill – overlain by pavement, silty sand with gravel to a mixture of silty sand, clayey silt and silty clay with gravel	66.1 to 70.6
Native Overburden	Sand Layer contains some silt and clay	68.3 to 68.9
	Silty Clay	64.9 to 70.6
	Sand, silt and clay	66.9 to 67.7
	Glacial Till contains varying amounts of gravel, sand, silt and clay	63.4 to 69.8
Bedrock	Shale of Carlsbad or Billings Formation	Top of bedrock encountered between 63.4 masl to 65.5 masl

2.2.3.1 Fill

Fill is encountered at the surface and extends to depths of 0.8 m to 4.5 mbgs (70.6 masl to 66.1 masl) and it is composed of silty sand with gravel to a mixture of silty sand, clayey silt and silty clay with gravel.

2.2.3.2 Sand Layer

A native sand layer was encountered at two borehole locations between 1.4 mbgs to 2.0 mbgs (68.9 masl to 68.3 mal). The sand contains some silt and clay and is loose.

2.2.3.3 Silty Clay

Native silty clay soil was encountered at seven (7) borehole locations. This soil type was encountered at 0.2 mbgs and extended to 4.5 mbgs (70.6 masl to 64.9 masl). This soil layer is brown moist to wet and very stiff to stiff and does not have any staining or odour.

2.2.3.4 Sand, Silt and Clay

Beneath the silty clay layer at BH MW19-04, a thin layer of sand, silt and clay was encountered between 2.3 mbgs to 3.1 mbgs (67.7 masl to 66.9 masl). This mixed soil layer brown, wet and loose and wet and does not show staining or have an odour.

2.2.3.5 Glacial Till

The glacial till was encountered at all borehole locations between depths of 1.6 mbgs to 4.5 mbgs (69.8 masl to 64.9 masl) and extends to 5.3 mbgs to 7.0 mbgs (65.5 masl to 63.4 masl). The till is composed of various amounts of gravel, sand, silt and clay with soil cementing matrix ranging from silty sand with gravel to clayey sand to silty clay. The SPT-N values of the till ranged between 2 to 51 indicating a very loose to very dense, soft to hard consistency, moist to wet.

2.2.3.6 Shale Bedrock

The shale bedrock identified as Carlsbad Formation was inferred based on auger and soil sampler refusal encountered at all the borehole locations. The top of the inferred bedrock was confirmed by coring (0.1 m to 1.4 m length) into the bedrock at all locations.

3 Groundwater Conditions

Groundwater as recorded at the Site is summarized below.

Table 3-1 Summary of Groundwater Elevations

BH ID	Ground Surface Elevation (masl)	Groundwater Elevation 03-Sep-20	Groundwater Elevation 26-Sep-23
MW 19-01	70.4	68.9	NA
MW 19-02	70.3	68.2	67.7
MW 19-03	70.3	67.9	67.9
MW 19-04	70.0	68.8	NA
BH 20-05(shallow)	72.4	69.3	NA
BH 20-05(Deep)	72.4	69.4	NA
BH 20-10	69.9	68.1	NA
BH 20-11	70.9	69.0	NA
BH 20-13	71.1	68.5	NA
BH 20-14	71.9	70.3	NA

Note: NA – Not Accessible or Not Available.

Elevations are rounded off to the nearest decimal digits.

The above is a summary of two snapshots (3-year interval) of groundwater levels measured at the Site, however they appear to be consistent. The minimum as recorded was 68.2 masl and maximum is 70.3 masl. During a recent site visit on September 26, 2023, only two monitoring wells were accessible. The remaining wells were not accessible or could not be located.

4 Hydraulic Conductivity Test

Hydraulic conductivity or single well response testing (SWRT) was conducted at MW19-02, MW19-03 and in a well without Well ID. The well is located near the vicinity of previously drilled BH20-10. Since the geology and well construction detail were not available for the well without any ID, the results of the test performed at this well will not be used.

Falling head and rising head tests were performed. In falling head test a solid slug of known volume is inserted or a known volume of distilled water is poured into the well to raise the water level temporarily. The well recovery was monitored using electronic dataloggers and manual water level measurements. In the rising head test a known volume of water is removed from the well and the well recovery is monitored.

Collected data was analyzed using AqteSolve Pro V 4.5 and Hvorslev (1951) solution for confined aquifer condition. The results are included in Appendix – C.

The following is a summary of the results of the SWRT performed.

Table 4-1 Summary of Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity

Test Well ID	Rising Head Test Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity (K) in m/sec, Hvorslev	Falling Head Test Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity (K) in m/sec, Hvorslev
MW19-02	2.98×10^{-6}	4.95×10^{-6}
MW19-03	6.25×10^{-6}	6.25×10^{-6}
Geometric Mean K =	4.90×10^{-6}	

The estimated hydraulic conductivity values are within the range of values estimated for the fractured bedrock material. Based on the estimated range of K values, three dewatering scenarios will be evaluated considering low-end, high-end and geometric mean K values for the Site.

5 Preliminary Construction Plan and Potential Groundwater Issues

It is our understanding that Towers 1 and 2 will have 3 levels and Towers 3 and 4 will have 2 levels of underground parking. The excavation will extend to the underside of foundations for the underground parking structures. The elevations will be 9.75 mbgs for the P3 level and 6.75 mbgs for the P2 level, including 0.75 m under the underside for placement of subbase grade. Considering the lowest ground surface elevation of 69.8 masl on the Site was measured at BH20-10, the excavations for P3 and P2 will extend to 63.1 masl and 60.1 masl, respectively. The maximum groundwater elevation as measured on September 26, 2023 at accessible monitoring wells was 67.8 masl. Considering the groundwater and required excavation elevations, drawdown in the range of 5 to 8 m from initial water levels will be required and construction dewatering and long-term foundation drainage may be required. Preliminary site plan is shown in Figures 7 and 8.

6 Dewatering Assessment

The dimensions of the proposed structure to support the dewatering assessment are summarized in Table 4-1 below. The foundation of the P3 and P2 parking structures will extend into the groundwater and into the fractured bedrock aquifer which is identified as confined at the site.

Table 6-1 Dimensions for Dewatering Assessment

Input Parameter	Input Parameters	Units	Notes
Perimeter of excavations	295 m – Towers 1 & 2 355 m – Towers 3&4	-	Total areas of excavations – 4,580 sq m – Towers 1 & 2 7,450 sq m – Towers 3 & 4
Ground Elevation	69.86	masl	Lowest ground elevation (BH20-10) based on the ground surface elevations surveyed at drilled borehole locations
Deepest Foundation Excavation Elevation	P3 – 60.1 masl P2 – 63.1 masl	masl	Based on the lowest ground surface elevation 69.86 masl and includes 0.75 below the assumed underside of the foundation for placement of foundation subbase material
Groundwater Elevation Considered	67.8	masl	September 26, 2023, measured at MW19-03

It should be noted that the water level in September 2023 is from early fall season when water levels are usually at low levels. Spring and melting season water levels will be higher than this level and this shall be considered when scheduling construction as the assessed pumping volume will be different and higher.

6.1 Dewatering Flow Rate Estimate and Zone of Influence

The dewatering flow rates are estimated based on some key parameters such as groundwater levels, hydraulic conductivity value, size and depth of the excavations. It is expected that the initial dewatering rate will be higher to remove groundwater from within the formation. The dewatering rates are expected to decrease once the target water level is achieved in the excavation footprint area as groundwater will have been removed, primarily from storage, resulting in lower seepage rates into the excavation and the pumping volume reaches an equilibrium state. For the dewatering assessment at a location, careful review of water level information, the highest inferred water level was used in the calculations. The required hydraulic conductivity (K) values used in the calculations is estimated from the results of SWRT data analysis.

The dewatering flow equation is based on the following general hydrogeological and construction considerations and assumptions:

- Aquifer top, bottom and initial ground water levels and aquifer type were established based on borehole logs and monitoring well information;
- The bottom of the aquifer is the limit of dewatering;
- In situations where the aquifer bottom was not encountered within the borehole depths, the aquifer was assumed to continue a few metres below the foundation elevation;
- The hydraulic conductivity 'K' for the aquifer is estimated by analyzing the SWRT data. Other aquifer parameter such as storage coefficient 'S' were estimated based on field evidence and aquifer type;
- The aquifer is assumed to be isotropic and homogenous in both the horizontal and vertical directions. In reality, the aquifers are anisotropic and heterogeneous in all directions;

- The aquifer is assumed to be infinite in extent. In reality, the extent of the aquifer is limited by high horizontal variability fracture zones and the variations in the overburden sediments;
- It was assumed that dewatering occurs across the full vertical extent of the aquifer (i.e., assumes fully penetrating wells). In practice, dewatering will occur only a limited thickness within the upper portion of the aquifer; and,
- Excavations will extend to 0.75 m below the underside of the foundations for placement of subgrade or bedding material and that is the target groundwater lowering elevation.

Dewatering in a source area will create a zone within which the groundwater will be lowered from its initial water level. Each zone of influence (ZOI) is dependent on the anticipated pumping duration, continuity of the aquifer, aquifer parameters (hydraulic conductivity, storativity) and required drawdown. For the purposes of this report, the limit of the ZOI is considered the distance beyond which the predicted drawdown will be 0.5 m or less. This drawdown cut-off criterion is considered reasonable and appropriate considering 0.5 m of drawdown is within the range of natural groundwater variation range. The estimated ZOIs are based on reasonable worst-case scenarios assumed for the dewatering evaluation. The dewatering equations are shown in Figure DW-1 in Appendix E.

For dewatering flow volume calculations, usually a Factor of Safety (FoS) approach is used and a sensitivity analysis is performed. In this approach, the flow volume requested for permit or EASR application will be 1.25 times of what is estimated by the modified non-equilibrium flow equation by Cooper and Jacob (Powers et al., 2007). The FoS approach provides a higher than calculated volume of flow and provides the dewatering contractor flexibility to compensate for unforeseen groundwater conditions that they may encounter during construction. For sensitivity analysis the flow rates will be assessed by applying a range of K values and the most reasonable rate will be used for permitting purposes.

6.2 Cooper-Jacob's Radius of Influence

The radius of influence (R_{cj}) for the construction dewatering was calculated based on Cooper-Jacob's equation. This equation is used to predict the distance at which the drawdown resulting from pumping is negligible.

The estimated radius of influence due to pumping is based on Cooper-Jacob's formula as follows:

$$R_{cj} = \sqrt{2.25KDt/s}$$

Where:

- R_o = Estimated radius of influence (m)
- D = Aquifer thickness (original saturated thickness) (m)
- K = Hydraulic conductivity (m/s)
- S = Storage coefficient
- t = Duration of pumping (s)

6.3 Stormwater

Additional pumping capacity may be required to maintain dry conditions within the excavation during and following significant precipitation events. Therefore, the dewatering rates at the Site should also include removing stormwater from the excavation. To estimate stormwater volume data available online IDF Curve Look-up - Ministry of Transportation (gov.on.ca) was reviewed. To estimate the additional stormwater volume a reasonable storm recurrence period and rain fall amount was used. For this site a rainfall of 17.8 mm over a 10-minute interval resulting from a once in ten-year storm event was used. This modelling approach resulted in 81,560 Litres of stormwater over excavations for Towers 1 and 2 and 132,610 litres of stormwater over excavations for Towers 3 and 4.

Since these are relatively large and deep excavations and considering the frequency of weather events, it is reasonable to include an estimate of stormwater volume resulting from direct precipitation over the excavated areas in the pumping scenario.

6.4 Results of Dewatering Rate Estimates

6.4.1 Construction Dewatering Rate Estimate

For this assessment, it was assumed that the proposed construction plans include an excavation with shoring extending to the Site boundaries. EXP should be retained to review the assumptions outlined in this section, should the assumed shoring design change. Estimated dewatering rates are presented in Appendix E

Based on the assumptions provided in this report, and the sensitivity analysis performed the dewatering rate using the higher K value is reasonable. The results of the dewatering rate estimate are summarized as follows:

Table 6-2 Summary of Construction Dewatering Rates

Peak Dewatering Flow Rate (Litres/day) and Zone of Influence (ZOI) in m based on using higher value of K		
Description	Dewatering Source Towers 1 and 2 P3 Level UG parking structure	Dewatering Source Towers 3 and 4 P2 Level UG parking structure
Total Volume (L/day) Discharge of Groundwater (Construction dewatering) (excluding precipitation)	246,690 LPD	126,470 LPD
Grand Total Pumping Rate (excluding precipitation)	373,160 LPD	
Peak Volume (L/day) of Dewatering Discharge of Groundwater + Stormwater (Construction dewatering)	328,250 LPD	259,080 LPD
Dewatering Rate to be registered for the EASR	400,000 LPD	
Predicted ZOI (in m) due to short-term construction dewatering pumping	58 m	56 m

Three dewatering pumping scenarios were evaluated using minimum, geometric mean, and maximum hydraulic conductivity values estimated from single well response tests. Most reasonable pumping volume estimate is considered the one using the high-end K value (6.25×10^{-6} m/sec) of the four estimated hydraulic conductivity values. It is our understanding that the construction of the towers will occur in phases. The initial pumping rate will be high which over time will gradually reduce to a lower volume to a steady state rate. The above rate is for initial drawdown and lowering of water level to the target levels for each of the structures in around 3 day's timeframe. Over the longer time during construction the required pumping rates will be reduced. As soon as the target water level is reached the pumping rate can be decreased to maintain the water table. Using a sequential or phased construction approach dewatered ground condition could be achieved and maintained below EASR limit of 400,000 LPD.

The estimated pumping rate in the above table considers potential stormwater volume and that concurrent or pumping simultaneously from both the excavations are not possible. Pumping from only one area will be allowed. However, if dryer weather prevails during construction, pumping concurrently from both of the excavations is potentially possible provided the maximum rate of 400,000 LPD is not exceeded or the works shall be adjusted or limited so that the allowed rate is not exceeded at any time.

These rates were estimated based on the highest fall season water level. The spring season water levels are generally higher than this fall season. These rate estimates need to be re-evaluated when spring season water levels are available.

The pumping rates provided in Table 4-2 above are the result of using high end hydraulic conductivity value. The detail of the dewatering rate calculations and the results are provided Table DW-1 in Appendix E.

In terms of permitting requirements, it should be noted that with an estimated maximum pumping rate of 400,000 LPD, each of the underground parking structures can be dewatered separately but not simultaneously as in that case the total pumping rate from the Site will exceed the EASR limit and a Category 3 permit to take water (PTTW) will be required.

All gradings around the perimeter of the excavation should be graded away from the excavations. The contractor is responsible for the design of the dewatering systems (depth of wells, screen length, number of wells, spacing, sand pack around screens, prevent soil loss etc.) to ensure that dry conditions are always maintained within the excavation at all costs.

Discharge rates should be monitored using calibrated flow meters and records of dewatering progress, and daily precipitation as per MECP requirements. Discharge flow rates must be recorded via a totalizing flow meter and also manually by measuring the instantaneous flow during the day the pump is operational.

Dewatering should be monitored using dedicated monitoring wells within and around the perimeter of the excavation, and these wells should be monitored by manual measurements. Records of pumping, groundwater level monitoring and EASR registration should be maintained on site to track dewatering progress.

7 Potential Long-term Foundation Drainage

It is anticipated that dewatering pumping during construction will be required in the short-term, however foundation drainage in the long-term will be required for the proposed construction. Because the foundation of the proposed structures will be extending into the local groundwater table, it will be subjected to hydrostatic buoyancy pressure in the long-term. To reduce this pressure the groundwater will need to be removed using foundation drainage collection (FDC) subdrain system under the foundations. The groundwater will be collected in a sump pit and then pumped out to the city sewers if allowed. The following table summarizes the long-term foundation drainage rates for each of the towers.

Table 7-1 Summary of Long-Term Foundation Drainage Rates

Drainage Source ID	Long-Term Drainage Rate (LPD)
Towers 1 and 2 P3 parking	162,815
Towers 3 and 4 P2 parking	83,470

Unfortunately, we do not have long-term (at least for 1-year) seasonal groundwater level information. These rates were estimated based on the highest of the fall season water level. The spring season water levels are generally higher than fall season. These rate estimates need to be re-evaluated when spring season water levels are available.

If the City does not approve long-term discharge (due to under-capacity of the services or any other reasons) into the City sewers, then alternative foundation design (watertight bathtub) may have to be considered.

The long-term foundation drainage rates in Table 7-1 are estimated rates which will be confirmed and updated based on actual pumping data from the site which will be available after construction dewatering commences.

8 Dewatering Permit

Considering the size (Towers 1 and 2 - 4,580 m², Towers 3 and 4 – 7,450 m²) and depth of proposed excavations (6.8 to 9.8 mbgs), the estimated maximum pumping rates including allowance for stormwater volume during construction, and pumping from only one portion of the site (either Towers 1 and 2 or Towers 3 and 4 areas), an EASR registration is deemed adequate. Simultaneous pumping will exceed the EASR permit threshold limit of 400,000 LPD allowance and a Category 3 Permit to Take Water (PTTW) will be required which will allow pumping at rates higher than 400,000 LPD. However, for our study, we assumed that the construction will occur in phases and an EASR registration will be adequate to address groundwater issues during each phase of construction. For pumping rates between 50,000 and 400,000 LPD registration on the Environmental Activity and Sector Registration (EASR) with the MECP will be required. This type of permit is registered online and issued instantaneously for a fee of CAD \$ 1,190.

Pumping at rates higher than 50,000 LPD for long-term drainage during the life of the building will require a permit issued by the MECP and will also need a Private Water Discharge Agreement (PWDA) with the City of Ottawa. If the City does not allow discharge into their sewers over the long-term, then alternative foundation design (raise the foundation, bathtub or water-tight foundation) shall be explored.

9 Groundwater Quality

One groundwater sample was collected from the Site during fieldwork in September 2023 for analysis by a Canadian Association of Laboratory Accreditation (CALA). The water sample was tested for comparison to City of Ottawa Sewer Use By-Law (2003-514) Schedule A, Table 1 and Table 2 parameters. The results indicate that the groundwater is fit to discharge into the sanitary sewers but not suitable to discharge to the storm sewers without treatment for manganese as the concentration (0.057 mg/L) was slightly elevated compared to the storm sewer use limit of 0.05 mg/L. The discharge needs to be treated to reduce the concentration of manganese before it can be discharged into the storm sewer. The results of the analysis are included in Appendix-D.

Manganese is a naturally occurring metal that is found in many types of rocks. It also is considered a background element in the groundwater in the region. In water, manganese tends to attach to particles in the water or settle into the sediment. It is likely that the noted slight exceedance may be treated effectively by utilizing best management practice measures (settling tanks, fine mesh filter bags, adding polymer agents or flocculants) for removal of total suspended solids (TSS).

Based on the review of available data (City of Ottawa Water Quality - Baseline Surface Water Monitoring Program data 1998-2017) for the region [Water Quality – Baseline Surface Water Monitoring Program | Open Ottawa](#), the average concentration of dissolved manganese in surface water for the period is 1.99 mg/L.

A resampling and analysis of groundwater from the site is recommended to confirm the detection of manganese. The sample shall be filtered before the analysis for metals to determine treatment options.

10 Groundwater Discharge Management Plan

The groundwater quality analysis indicates that the discharge from the Site is suitable to discharge into the sanitary sewers but not suitable to discharge into the storm sewers without treatment for manganese, however it is worth noting that manganese is detected in the groundwater as background element in the region as the underlying rock is considered the source of manganese and other background metals detected in the groundwater in the region.

A private water discharge agreement will be required with the city to direct groundwater from the Site during both the short- and long-term dewatering operation into the City sewers provided the water quality complies to the applicable discharge guideline standards. Discharge water quality must comply with either Table 1 or Table 2 standards of the City of Ottawa Sewer use By-Law (2003-514) depending on the discharge location (storm or sanitary sewers).

Pre-construction and during construction groundwater sampling and analysis will be required to comply with the sewer use guidelines. If the water quality complies with the City of Ottawa Sewer Use By-Law guidelines (By-Law No. 2003-514) and the City issues a private water discharge agreement, then the discharge can be routed towards the city services. A discharge water quality management plan will need to be developed. This plan will be adaptive and will be effective during the dewatering period. Anytime any exceedances are identified the discharge to the city services will be suspended until corrective action is implemented and water quality indicates compliance.

Table 10-1 Groundwater Discharge Management Plan

Potential Issue	Monitoring Aspect	Sampling and Suggested Frequency	Potential Mitigation Approach
Discharge Water Quality Management Plan			
<p><u>TSS in discharge</u> TSS was 5 mg/L which is below the City of Ottawa sewer by-law standards however the method of excavation, low level rock blasting, has the potential to generate a large volume of particulates which when wet has the potential to exceed the limit.</p>	<p>Due to the nature of work (low level rock blasting and hauling using large and heavy construction equipment) TSS will be a potential issue during construction period specially during post-storm events.</p>	<p>The dewatering discharge – should be routed through a fine mesh filter bag as best management practice (BMP) approach. The discharge shall be sampled every day for the first week of pumping and in the post-storm time at the outlet location to monitor compliance. If the discharge is compliant than the sampling frequency could be expanded to two-times a week. If it indicates compliance then sampling frequency can be expanded to once-a-week. A field turbidity probe can also be used to calibrate with the laboratory measured TSS concentrations for frequent site discharge turbidity measurements.</p>	<p>As a basic BMP approach, the discharge must be routed through fine mesh filter bags. If the discharge is non-compliant with the applicable receptor guidelines, then additional treatment options such as a settling tank, on-site settling basin or enviro-tank™, flocclog™ should be utilized to enhance the mitigation process.</p>
<p><u>Manganese in discharge</u> Manganese was detected at slightly elevated (0.057 mg/L) concentrations which is higher than the storm sewer standard of 0.05 mg/L.</p>	<p>Manganese is an earth element and is found naturally in groundwater in low concentrations. The presence of this element does not impart any health-related issues on the environment other than aesthetic issues.</p>	<p>Visual inspection of the discharge area and downslope area of outlet location every week for signs of impact from manganese (black particles).</p> <p><i>Note: No sensitive aquatic habitat has been identified within 100 m of the site.</i></p>	<p>Additional treatment may be required to reduce the concentration of manganese.</p>

Potential Issue	Monitoring Aspect	Sampling and Suggested Frequency	Potential Mitigation Approach
Erosion and Sediment Control Plan			
<p><u>Erosion and Sediment Control</u></p> <p>Erosion is not anticipated to be an issue from the proposed dewatering operation. However, due to the nature of the work there is potential for high levels of particulates to be generated and transported from the site.</p>	<p><u>Sediment Control</u></p> <p><i>Adaptive</i> sediment control measures must be in place to reduce transport of sediments offsite (through vehicular traffic to and from the site and storm runoff).</p>	<p>Basic sediment control measures such as installing silt fences around the work area and the site perimeter shall be applied. Siltsox™ or woodchip logs maybe used instead of silt fences at the perimeter to prevent sediment transport offsite. After every storm event, the site must be inspected for sediment control measures.</p> <p>The sediment control measures shall be in place before construction commences and shall be inspected prior to the beginning of construction. Thereafter, the measures shall be inspected every week or within 24 to 48 hours of a storm event and be maintained or upgraded or modified as necessary.</p>	<p>If there is excessive particulates/sediments generated from the site, that have the potential to be transported offsite via construction vehicular traffic, then a portable vehicle wheel wash system and a street sweeper may be employed for cleaning operations.</p>

A discharge sampling and monitoring plan as recommended in Table 10-1 shall be in place during the anticipated short-term dewatering operation to ensure compliance of discharge water quality to the receptor standards. Erosion will not be an issue at the Site given the proposed dewatering operation, however the sediments that will be generated due to excavation has the potential to be an issue. An adaptive sediment control plan shall be developed and be implemented at the site during construction to control impacts from sediments as best management practice (BMP). So therefore, sediment control measures as outlined in the Table 10-1) will need to be installed at the site that will be inspected on regular intervals and within 24 to 48 hours after storm events.

11 Potential of Impact from Anticipated Dewatering

Any dewatering pumping operation will generate a zone within which the groundwater is lowered with the maximum drawdown at the pumping location even during short-term operation. The further the distance away from the pumping location the drawdown is less and eventually at a certain distance from the pumping location the zone of influence (ZOI) diminishes because of reaching equilibrium condition.

The lowering of groundwater has the potential to impact sensitive features such as utilities, environmental habitats, water wells and engineered structures that are located within the predicted ZOI and are founded on compressible soils. Most of the construction dewatering operations will occur only for short-term (1 month to 12 months duration) and the impacts will be temporary.

The proposed construction and related dewatering activities will be occurring in a highly urbanized area and there is less potential to impact water wells since municipal services are available and there are no active or in use private water wells in the area. Our preliminary assessment indicates that there are no sensitive environmental features within 500 m distance of the site.

A geotechnical assessment of consolidation and settlement of soils due to short-term groundwater lowering will be required to assess the potential of settlement of utilities.

11.1 Short-Term Construction Dewatering

For the short-term dewatering (construction phase), it is anticipated that total suspended solids (TSS) levels and some other parameters (for example, Total Metals) in the pumped groundwater may become elevated and exceed both, Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use By-Law limits. To control the concentration of TSS and associated metals, it is recommended that a suitable and a basic best management practice (BMP) treatment method (source control and outlet control) be implemented (fine mesh filter bags settlement tank and/ or any other applicable treatment system) during construction dewatering activities to discharge to the applicable sewer system. The specifications of the treatment system will need to be adjusted to the reported water quality results by the treatment contractor/process engineer.

11.2 Long-Term Construction Dewatering

For the long-term dewatering discharge into the city of Ottawa sewer services in the post-development phase Since the foundation will be extending into the local groundwater table, there is potential for development of hydrostatic buoyancy pressure (uplift pressure). To counterbalance the uplift pressure a system of foundation drainage collection subdrains will be required to collect the groundwater and pump it out to reduce the buildup of uplift pressure.

Alternatively, if the City does not allow long-term discharge into their sewers, the building foundation may be designed as a water-tight bathtub like foundation to counterbalance the uplifting hydrostatic pressure.

11.3 Contaminant Migration

Dewatering (short and long-term) may induce migration of contaminants within the zone of influence and beyond due to changing hydraulic gradients, hydrogeological conditions beyond Site boundaries and preferential pathways in utility beddings etc. The water quality sampling conducted as part of this assessment was performed under static conditions. As a result, monitoring may be required during dewatering activities (short and long-term) to monitor potential migration, and this should be performed more frequently during early dewatering stages.

For the long-term dewatering discharge to the city sewer system (post-development phase) and based on the water quality results, it is recommended to implement a suitable pre-treatment, as required.

The water quality results presented in this report may not be representative of the long-term condition of groundwater quality onsite. As such, regular water quality monitoring is recommended for the post-construction phase as required by the City. An agreement to discharge into the sewers owned by the City of Ottawa will be required prior to releasing dewatering effluent.

11.4 Well Decommissioning

In conformance with Regulation 903 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, the installation and eventual decommissioning of any dewatering system wells or monitoring wells must be completed by a licensed well contractor. This will be required for all wells that are no longer in use.

12 Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the findings of this Hydrogeological Assessment for 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario site, the following conclusions and recommendations are provided:

- Based on anticipated phasing of construction activities, an EASR is deemed adequate to pump only from one excavation area at a time considering stormwater volume. A Category 3 PTTW will be required for simultaneous or concurrent pumping from both the excavation areas. Alternatively concurrent pumping may be possible during dry weather days however pumping volume shall be limited to 400,000 LPD rate;
- The estimated pumping rates are based on low water season or fall (month of September) water levels. Water levels are usually high in the spring and snow melting season. So, if the construction is scheduled during spring season the estimated rates will need to be re-evaluated;
- As per Schedule A, Table 1 and 2 standards of the City of Ottawa Sewer use By-Law 2003-514 standards, the discharge from the site may be directed to the city sanitary sewers without treatment. However basic BMP measures must be in place to address potentially high levels of particulates (TSS) generated at the site due to the very nature of the construction activities. Before discharging pumped water into the city sewers, the tested parameters shall comply with the applicable standards;
- A recommended discharge management plan is provided in Section 10 and a detail of the recommended plan is provided in Table 10-1. This plan is adaptive and will be evaluated at regular intervals for its effectiveness;
- Since there are no sensitive environmental features nearby (private water well user, natural significant habitat) there would be no concern or issues;
- There is potential for shallow buried utilities and building foundations adjacent to the site which may be vulnerable to impacts (settlement or subsidence) due to temporary lowering of groundwater. A geotechnical assessment of consolidation and settlement may be required to assess the potential impact;
- In the absence of suitable groundwater monitoring wells new wells may have to be drilled for monitoring of water levels during construction; and
- The daily dewatering rates must be recorded by the dewatering contractor and provided to the hydrogeologist which will be used to update the foundation drainage volume estimates and to reassess and determine the long-term foundation drainage volume for the site.

The followings are recommended:

- A resampling and analysis of groundwater is recommended to confirm the exceedance of manganese. The sample shall be filtered prior to analysis for dissolved metals. Based on the results of the analysis a treatment specialist may be consulted for suggestions about potential treatment system that may be required for treatment of manganese;
- Determination of dewatering method is the responsibility of the specialist dewatering contractor however a dewatering plan must be prepared by the contractor and reviewed by the hydrogeologist on record before dewatering operation commences;
- The estimated rates (provided in (Table 7-1) for long-term foundation drainage will need to be updated based on pumping data from the site after construction dewatering commences; and
- Long-term (over 1-year period) groundwater monitoring is recommended to measure the seasonal variability of groundwater at the site. This information will allow a better estimation of dewatering pumping rates for construction scheduling. The estimated rates would be higher in the spring season and higher volume shall be anticipated from the site if the construction is scheduled during spring season.

The conclusions and recommendations provided above should be reviewed in conjunction with the entirety of the report. We assume that the present design concept described throughout the report will proceed to construction. This preliminary report

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October 19, 2023

is solely intended for the site plan approval application. Any changes to the design concept may result in a modification to the recommendations provided in this report.

13 Limitations

This report is based on a limited investigation designed to provide information to support an assessment of the current hydrogeological conditions within the study area. The conclusions and recommendations presented within this report reflect Site conditions existing at the time of the assessment. EXP must be contacted immediately if any unforeseen Site conditions are experienced during construction activities. This will allow EXP to review the new findings and provide appropriate recommendations to allow the construction to proceed in a timely and cost-effective manner.

Our undertaking at EXP, therefore, is to perform our work within limits prescribed by our clients, with the usual thoroughness and competence of the geoscience/engineering profession. No other warranty or representation, either expressed or implied, is included or intended in this report.

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We trust that this information is satisfactory for your purposes. Should you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact this office.

Sincerely,

EXP Services Inc.

Shahynaz Abdelmohsen,
 Environmental Technician, Earth and Environmental
 Services

Delwar Ahmed, P. Geo.
 Senior Hydrogeologist, Earth and Environmental
 Services



Mark McCalla, P. Geo.
 Senior Geoscientist, Earth and Environmental Services

14 References

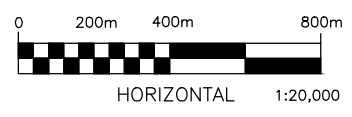
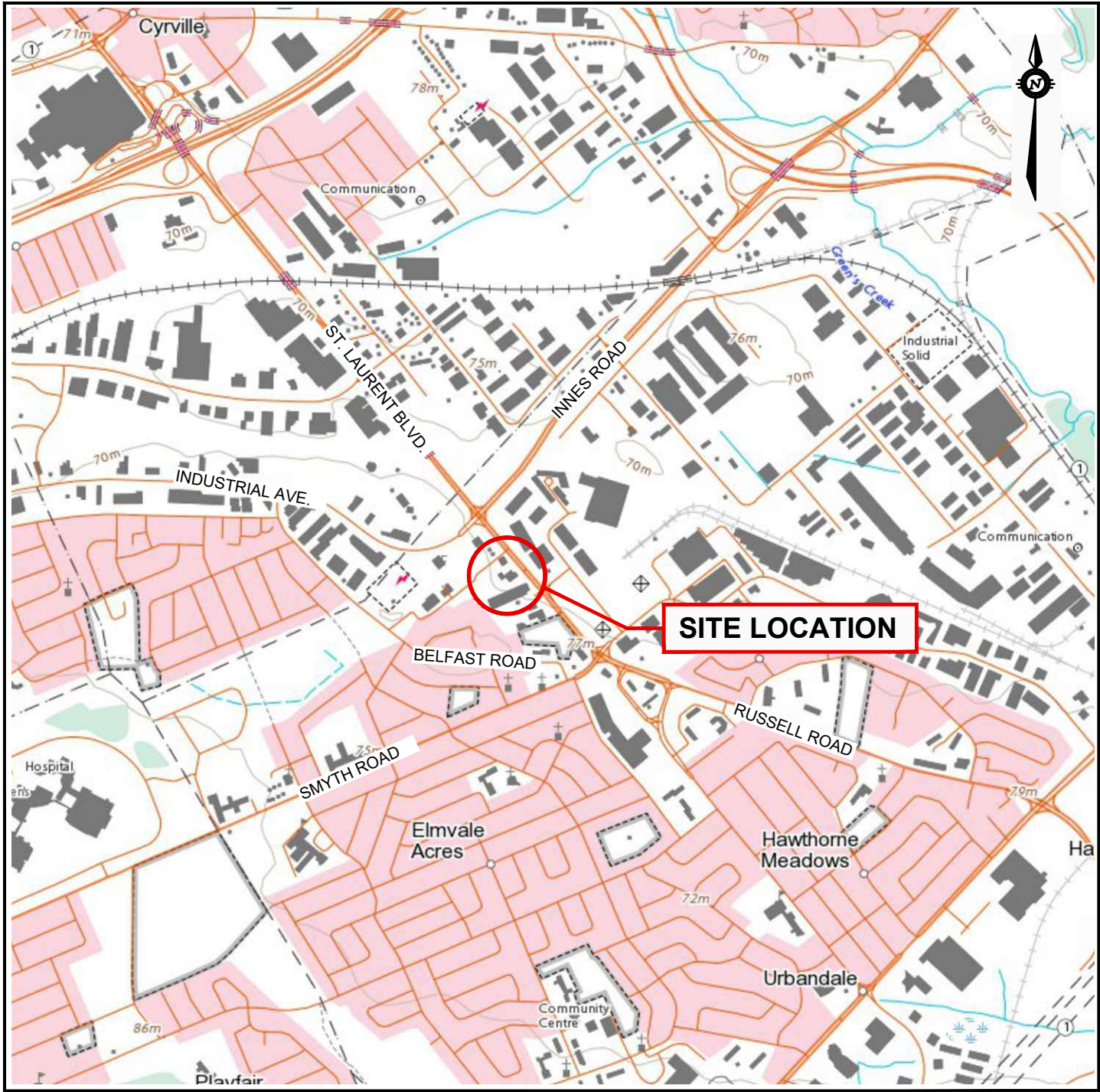
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- EXP Services Inc., (October 2020), So and Groundwater Sampling Program, Property Adjacent to 1740 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, Ontario

EXP Services Inc.

1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario
Hydrogeological Investigation
OTT-00260579-B0
October 17, 2023

Figures

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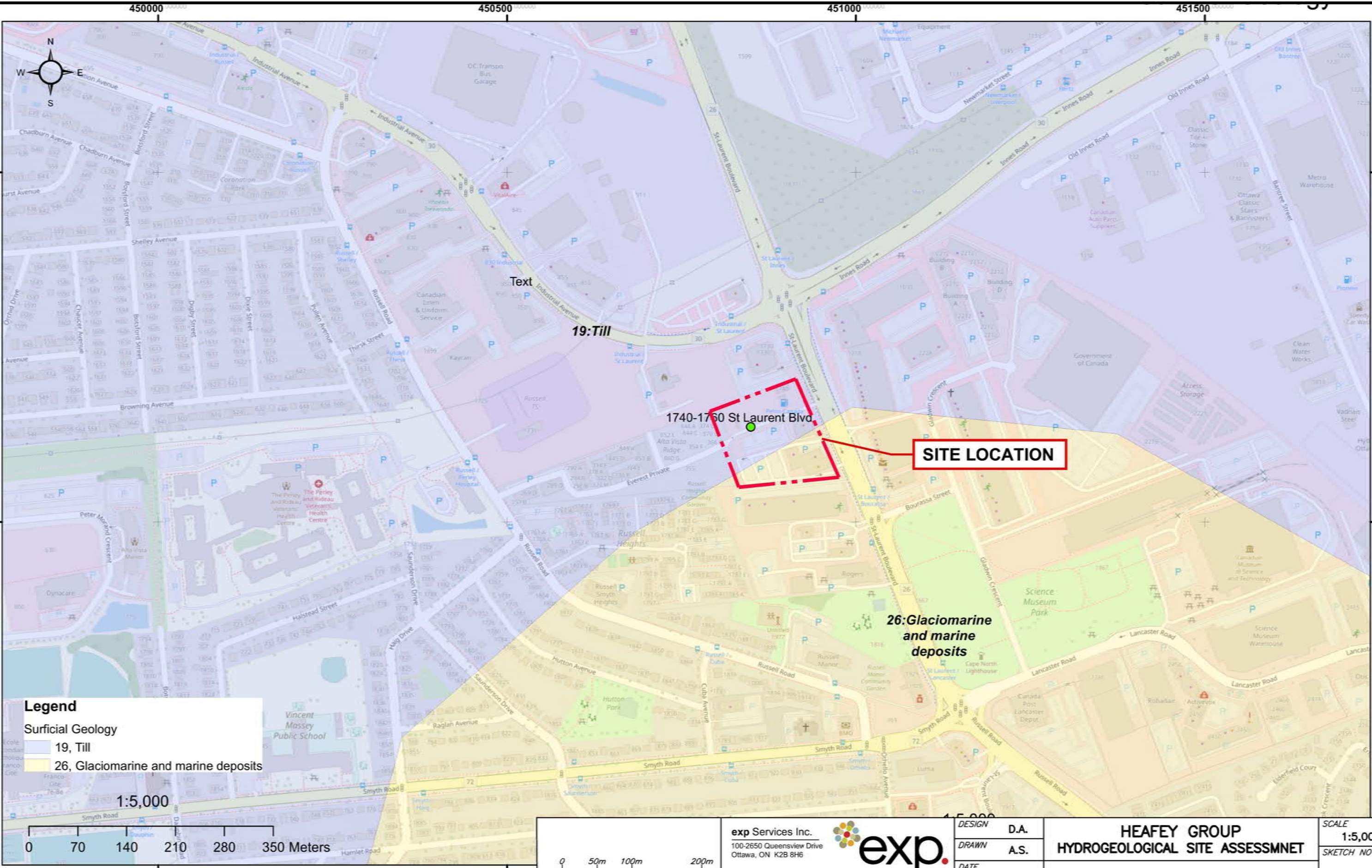


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 DATE OCTOBER 2023
 FILE NO OTT-00260579-CO

HEAFEY GROUP
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SITE LOCATION PLAN
 1740-1760 ST. LAURENT BLVD., OTTAWA, ON

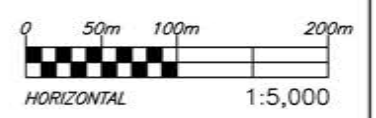
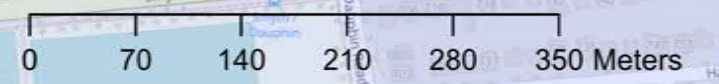
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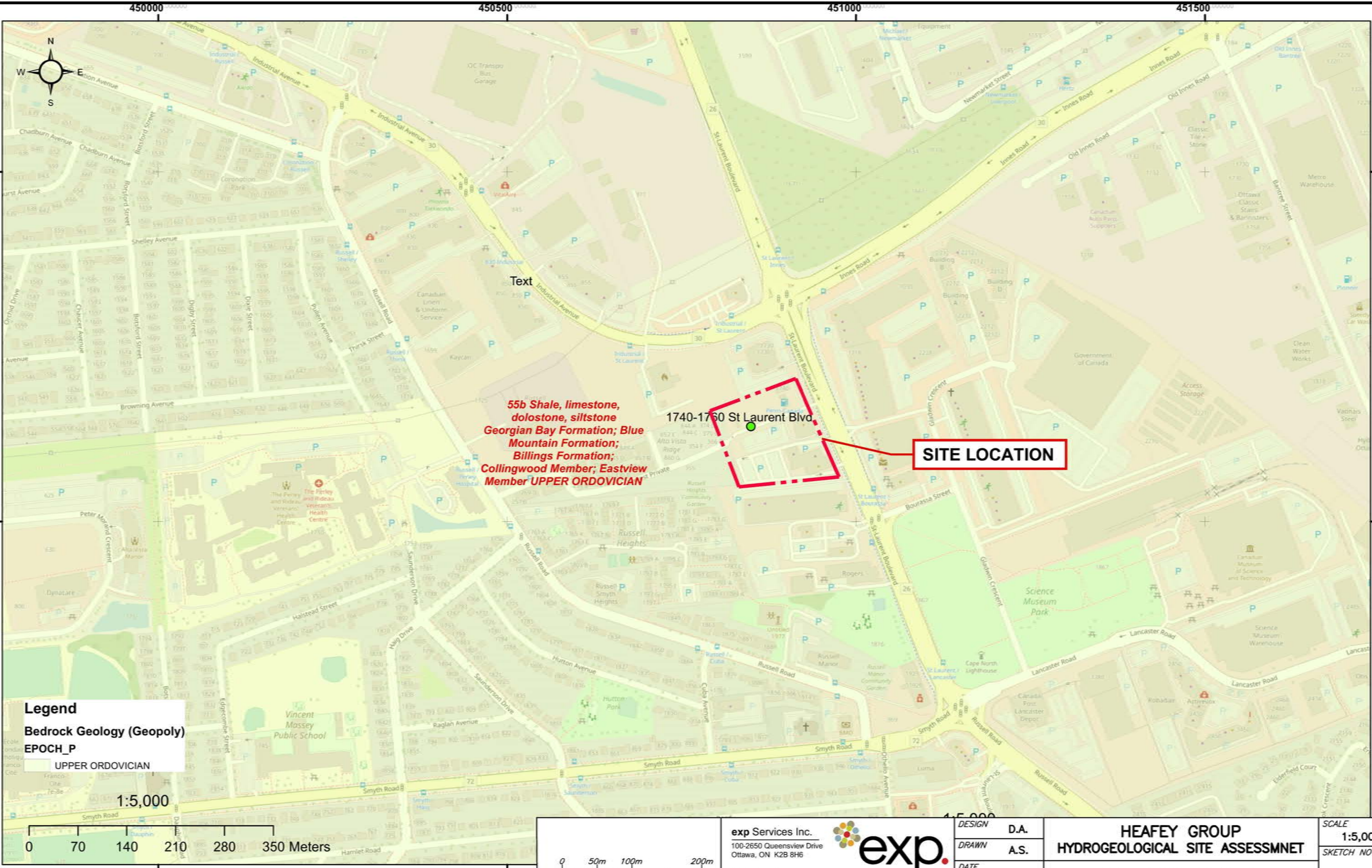
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HYDROGEOLOGICAL SITE ASSESSMENT
SURFICIAL GEOLOGY
 1740-1760 ST. LAURENT BLVD., OTTAWA, ON

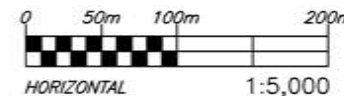
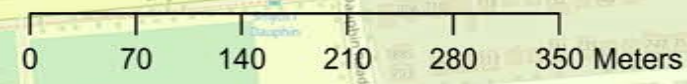
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FIG 3

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Legend
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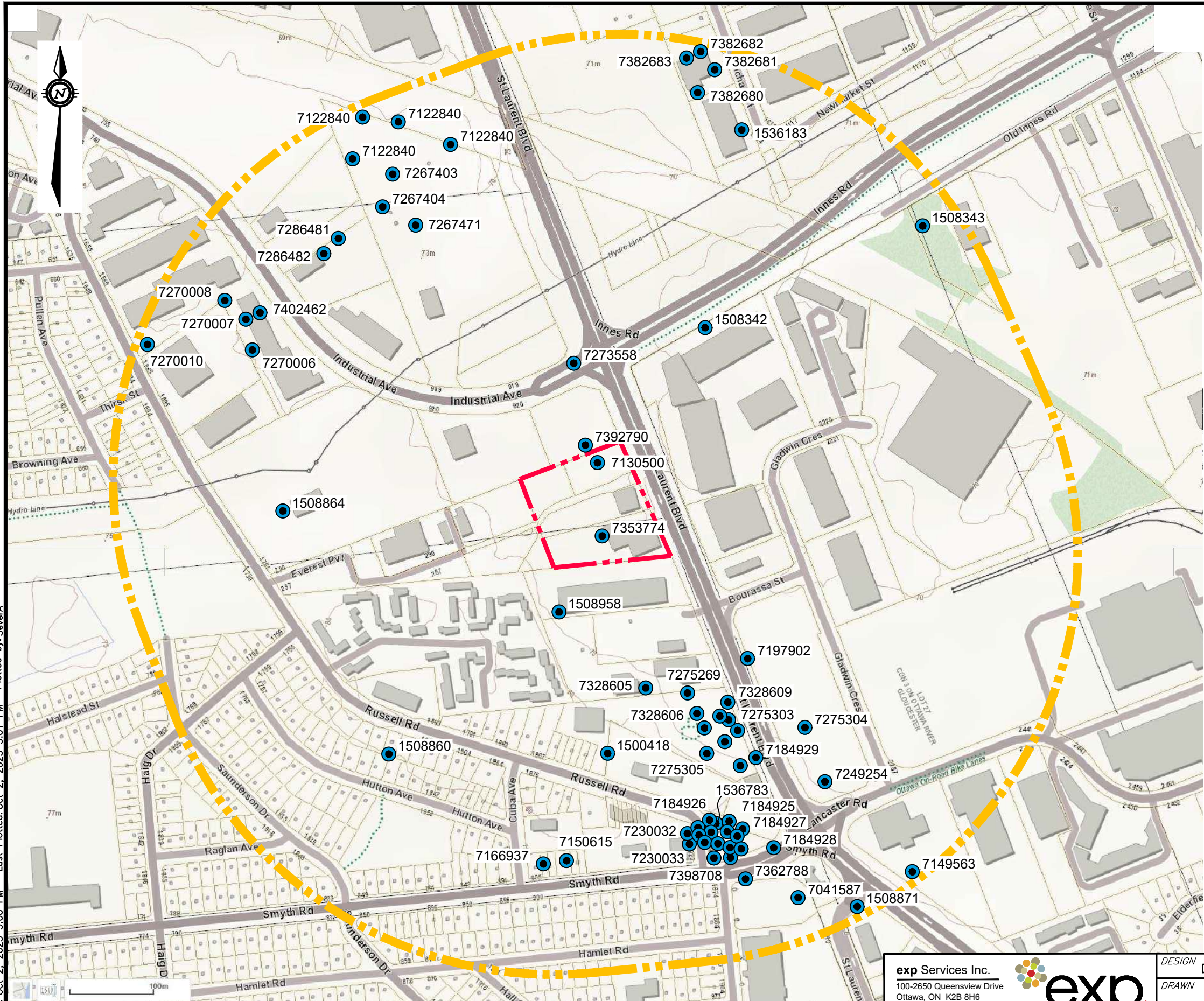
HEAFEY GROUP
HYDROGEOLOGICAL SITE ASSESSMENT

BEDROCK GEOLOGY
 1740-1760 ST. LAURENT BLVD., OTTAWA, ON

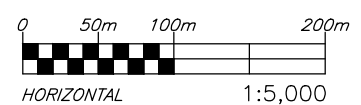
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FIG 4

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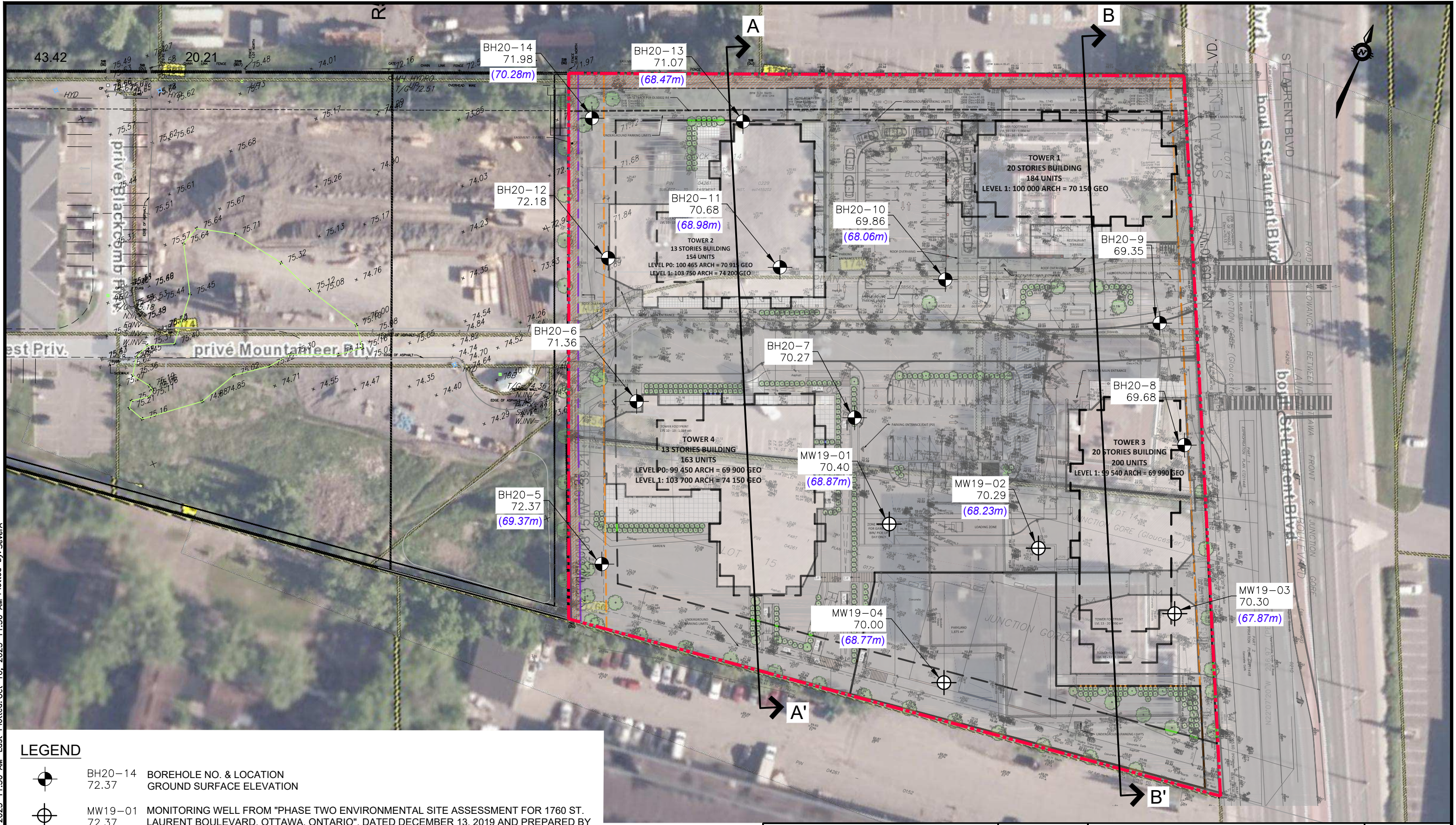


- LEGEND**
- - - SITE BOUNDARIES
 - - - 500m (OF-SITE) RADIUS
 - 7130500 RESIDENTIAL (MECP) WELL



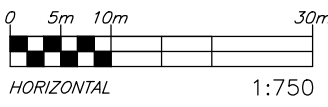
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					FIG 4	

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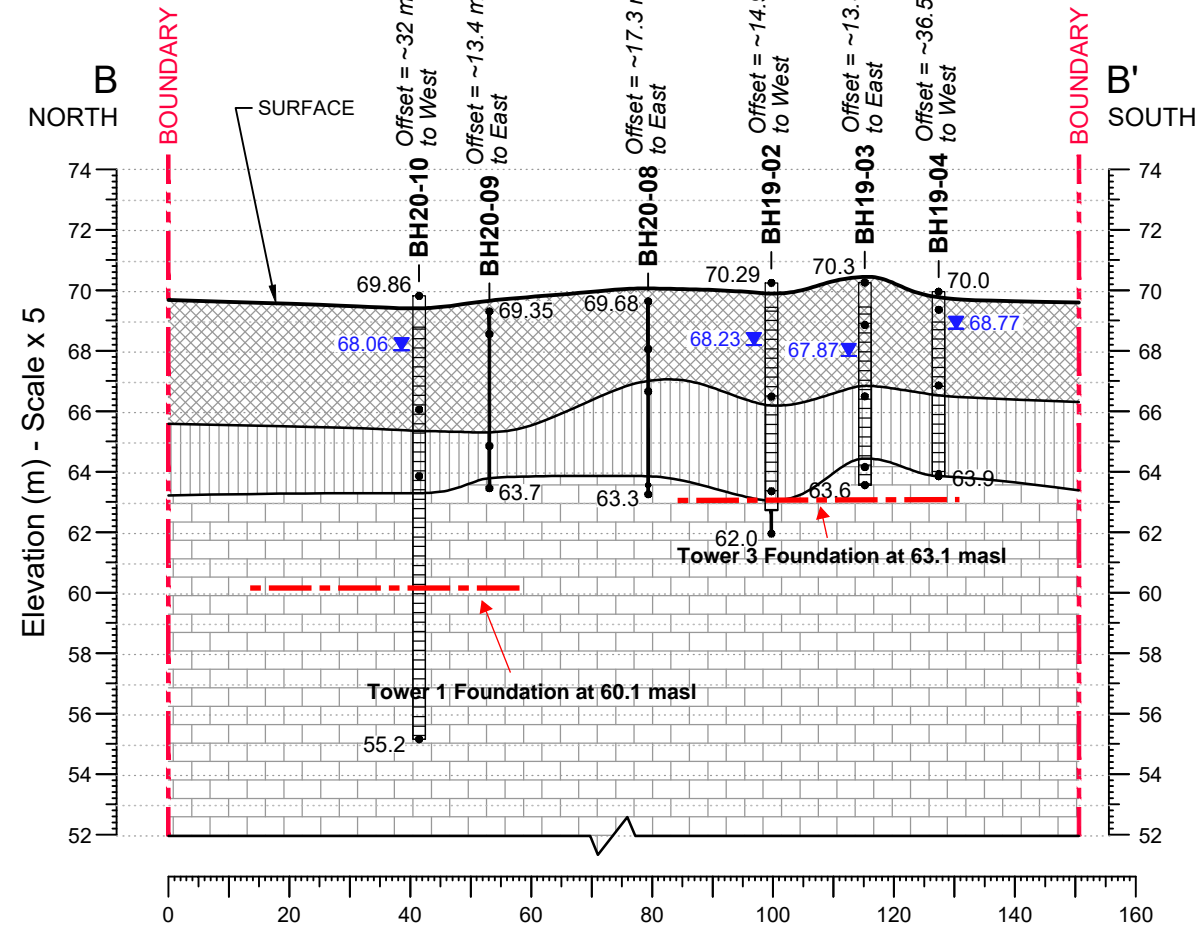
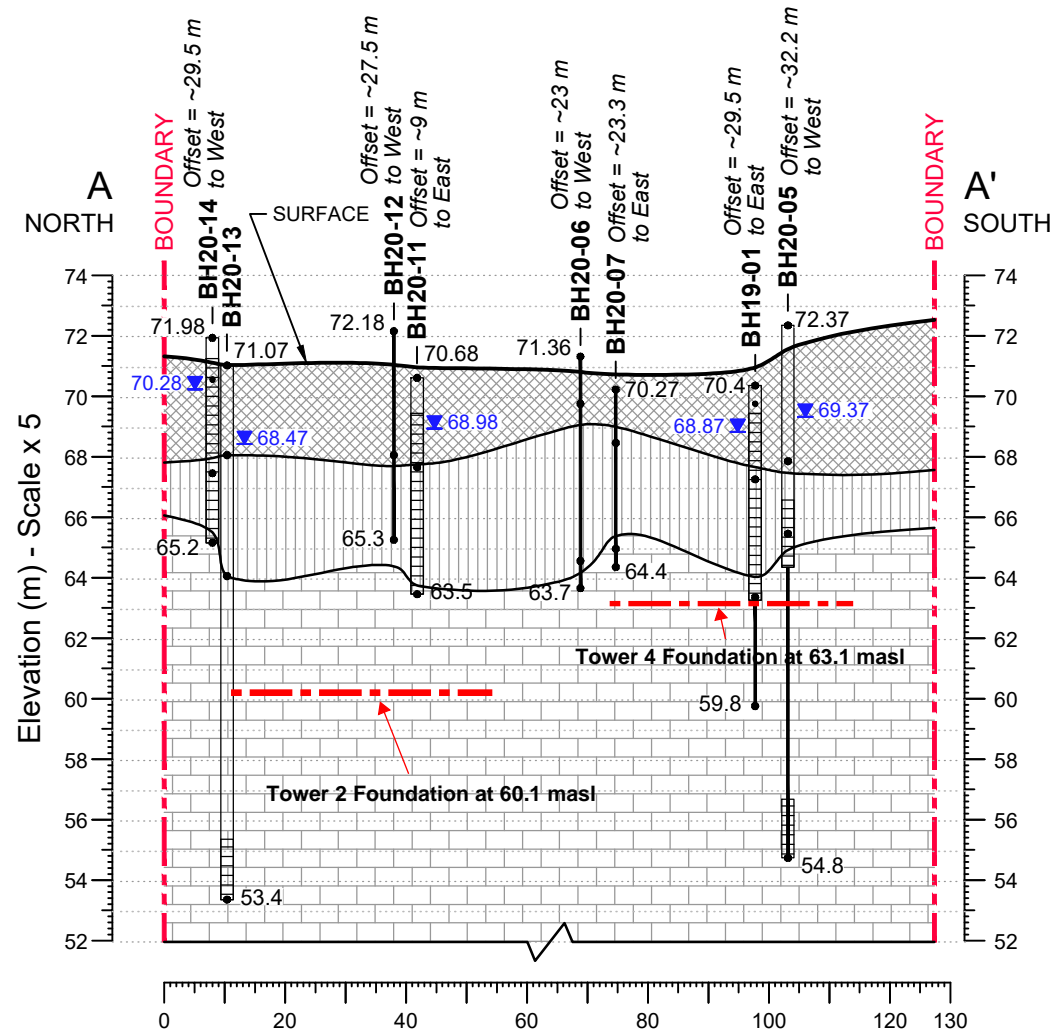
LEGEND

- BH20-14 BOREHOLE NO. & LOCATION
72.37 GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION
- MW19-01 MONITORING WELL FROM "PHASE TWO ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT FOR 1760 ST. LAURENT BOULEVARD, OTTAWA, ONTARIO", DATED DECEMBER 13, 2019 AND PREPARED BY EXP SERVICES INC. (PROJECT NO. OTT-00256275-B0)
- (68.87m) GROUNDWATER LEVEL (m)
- APPROXIMATE PROPERTY LINE
- CROSS-SECTION MARK



exp Services Inc. 100-2650 Queensview Drive Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6 www.exp.com	DESIGN D.A.	HEAFY GROUP HYDROGEOLOGICAL SITE ASSESSMNET BOREHOLE LOCATION PLAN 1740-1760 ST. LAURENT BLVD., OTTAWA, ON	SCALE 1:750
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	DATE OCTOBER 2023		FIG 2
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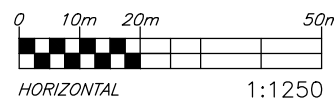
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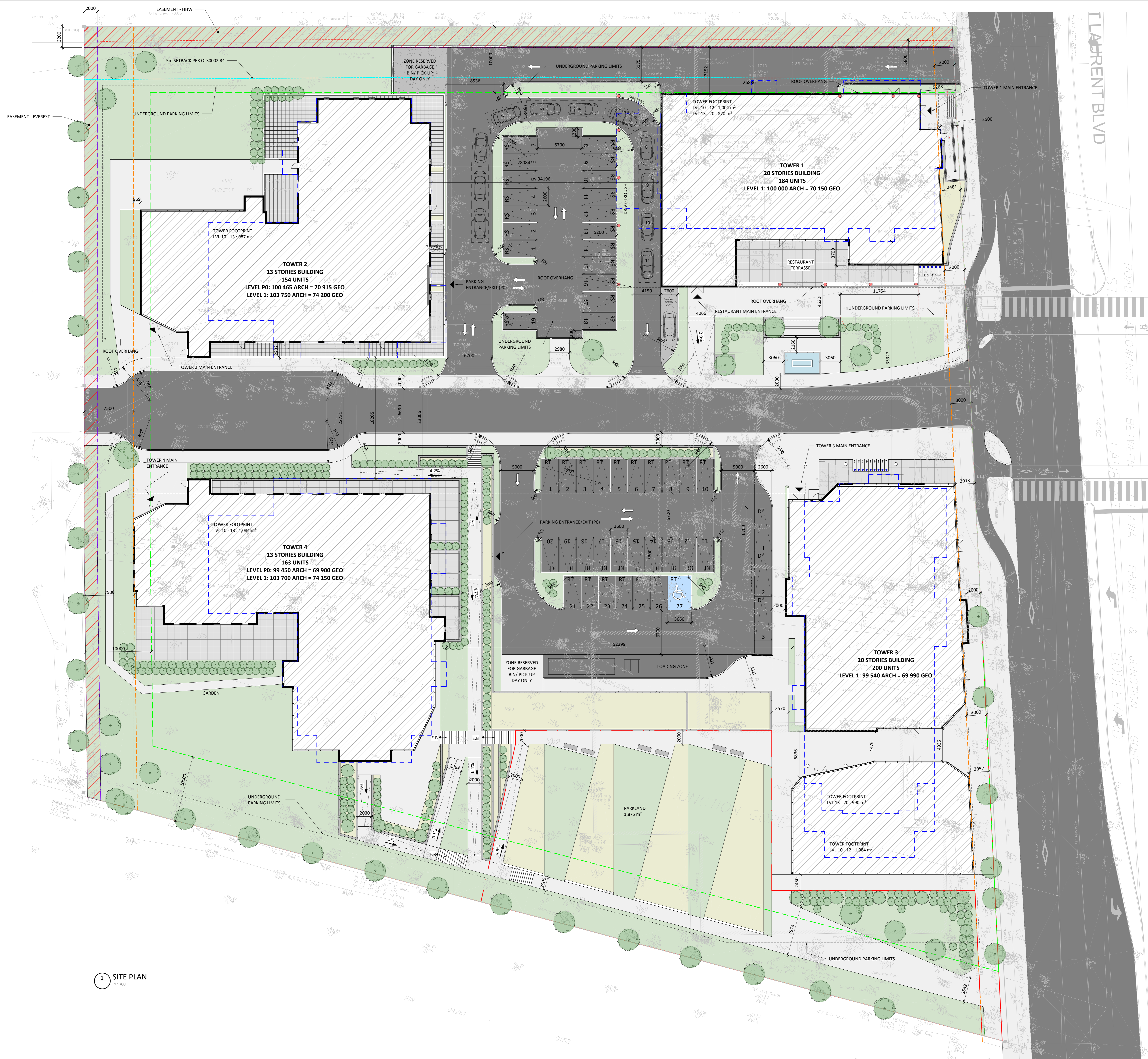
NOTE:
 Towers 1 & 2 shares the same P3 UG structure with underside of foundation at 60.1 masl
 Towers 3 & 4 shares the same P2 UG structure with underside of foundation at 63.1 masl
 See Figure 8 for reference

LEGEND

- FILL / TOPSOIL
- GLACIAL TILL / SILT
- LIMESTONE BEDROCK
- BOREHOLE
- BOREHOLE / MONITORING WELL
- SCREEN
- 68.87 ▼ GROUNDWATER LEVEL



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	DATE	OCTOBER 2023	GEOLOGICAL CROSS-SECTIONS: A-A' & B-B'		FIG 6	
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SITE PLAN LEGEND

- LOT LINE
- SETBACKS
- TOWER FOOTPRINT
- 5m SETBACKS PER OLS0002 R4
- 10m TOWER SETBACKS
- EASEMENT - HHW
- EASEMENT EVEREST PROJECT
- HYDRO LINES
- 0000 GEO
- EXISTING TREE
- NEW TREE
- LANDSCAPE AREAS
- CONCRETE SIDE WALK
- SNOWMELT SYSTEM ZONE
- TERRACE
- EXISTING TREE TO BE CUT DOWN
- NEW PLANTATION
- WASHED AGGREGATE
- ASPHALT ROADWAYS
- PLATBAND
- WATER

SITE PLAN
1:200

ST. LAURENT DEVELOPMENT
1740-1760 St. Laurent boulevard
Ottawa, ON K1G 1A2

OWNER
Heafey GROUP

ARCHITECTURAL
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LAPALME RHEULT ARCHITECTES ASSOCIES

STRUCTURAL

MECHANICAL

CIVIL
exp.

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS
JAMES B. LENNOX & ASSOCIATES INC.

SURVEYOR
ANNIS, O'SULLIVAN, VOLLEBEK LTD.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR

KEY PLAN

ARCHITECT SEAL

REVISIONS		
NO	DESCRIPTION	DATE
1	FOR CITY REVIEW	2023-10-03
2	FOR CITY REVIEW	2023-10-03

NOTE
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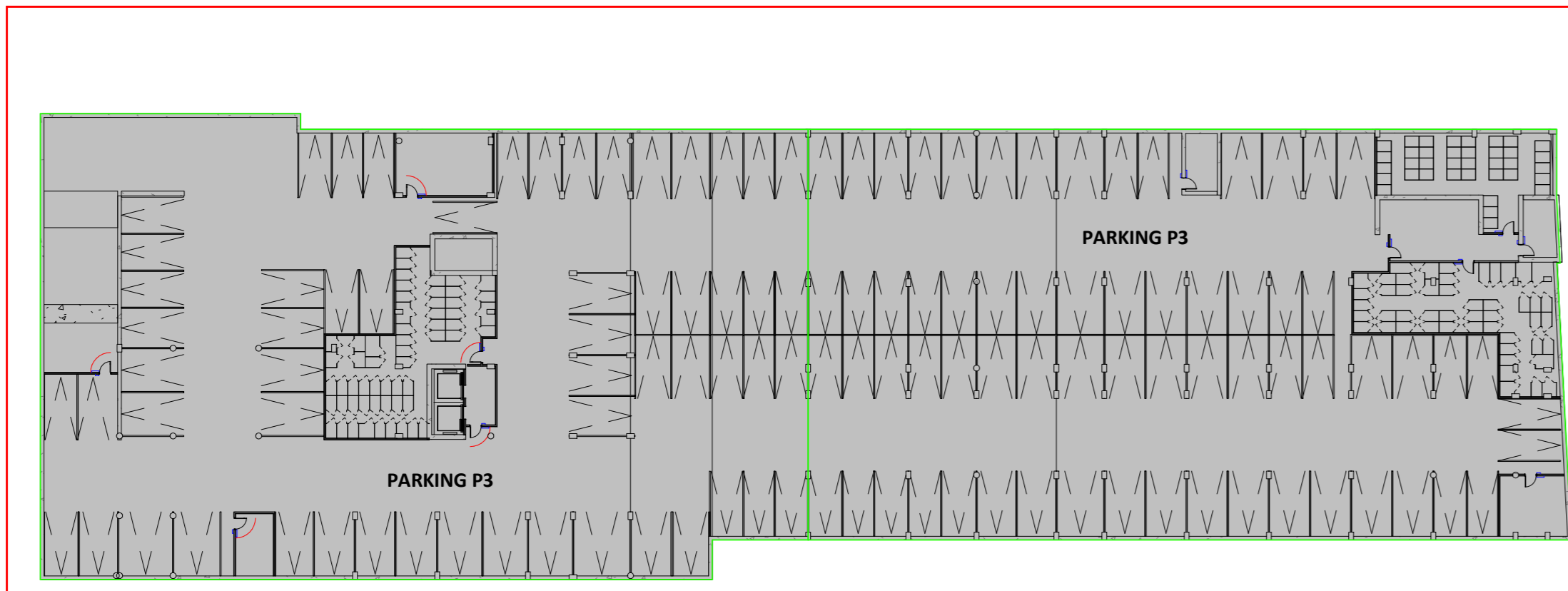
DATE	DESIGNED
2023-10-03	P.POMERLEAU
PROJECT No	CHECKED
20095	P.MARTIN
SHEET TITLE	
SITE PLAN	

SHEET No
A101

Figure 7

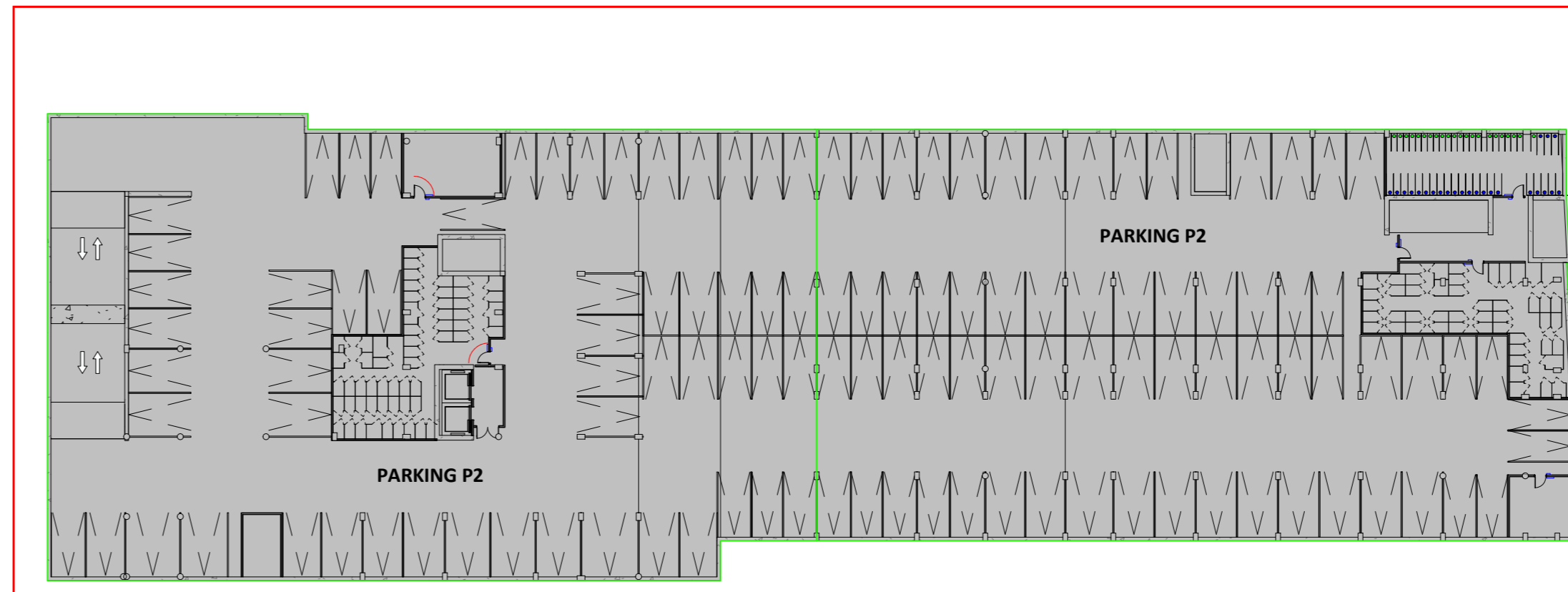
BIM 360://DEV/ST-LAURENT/OTTAWA/2005_A-SITE_R21.rvt

TOWER 2
LEVEL P3



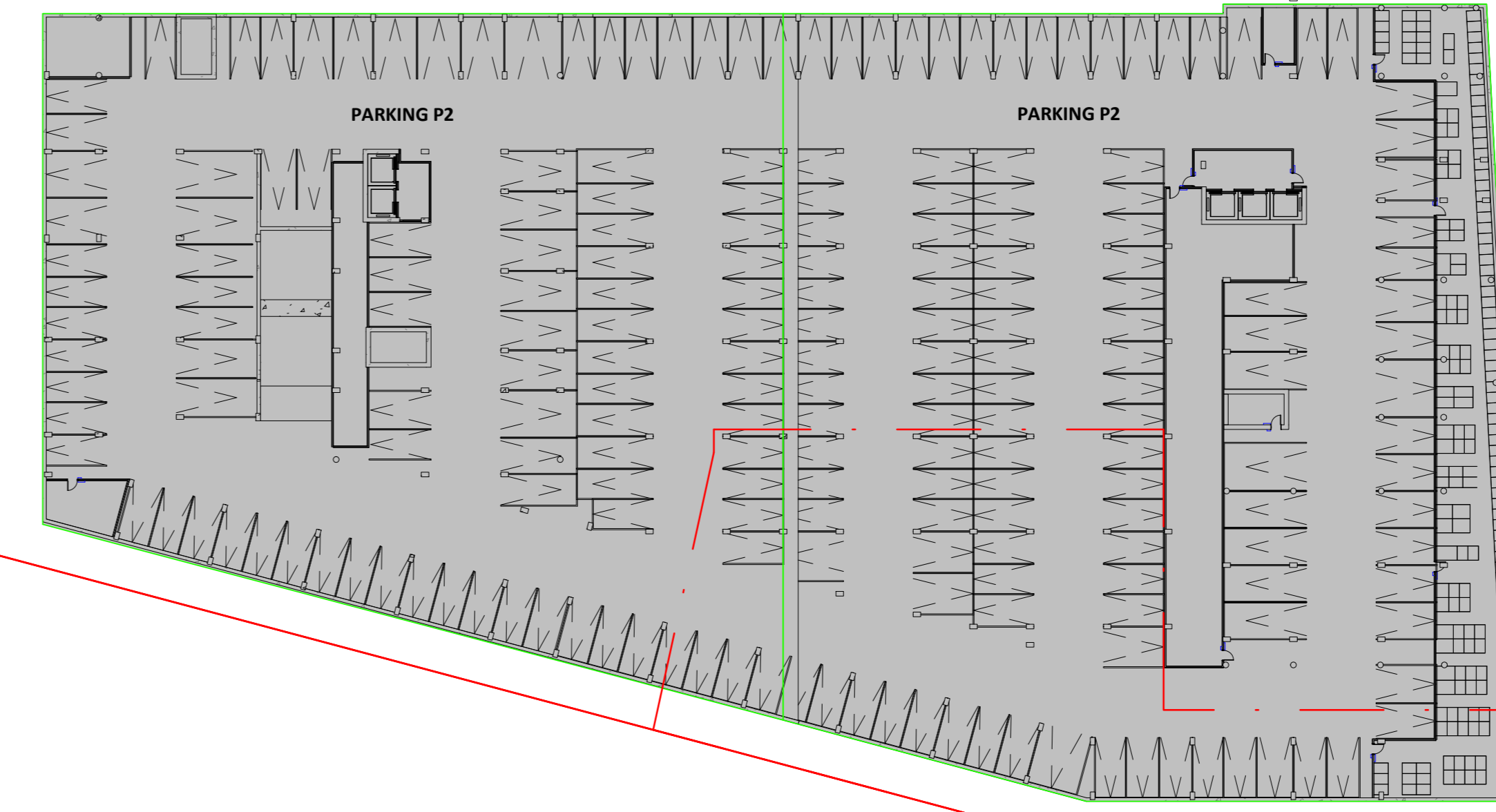
TOWER 1
LEVEL P3

TOWER 2
LEVEL P2



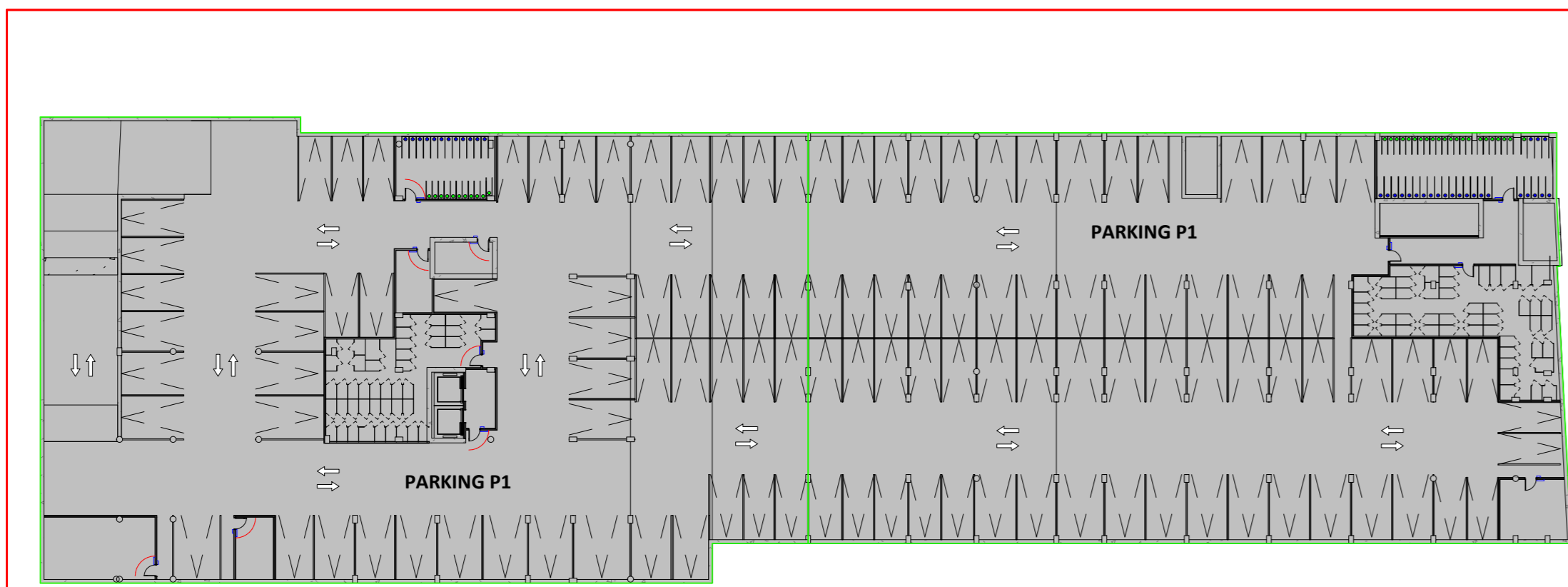
TOWER 1
LEVEL P2

TOWER 4
LEVEL P2



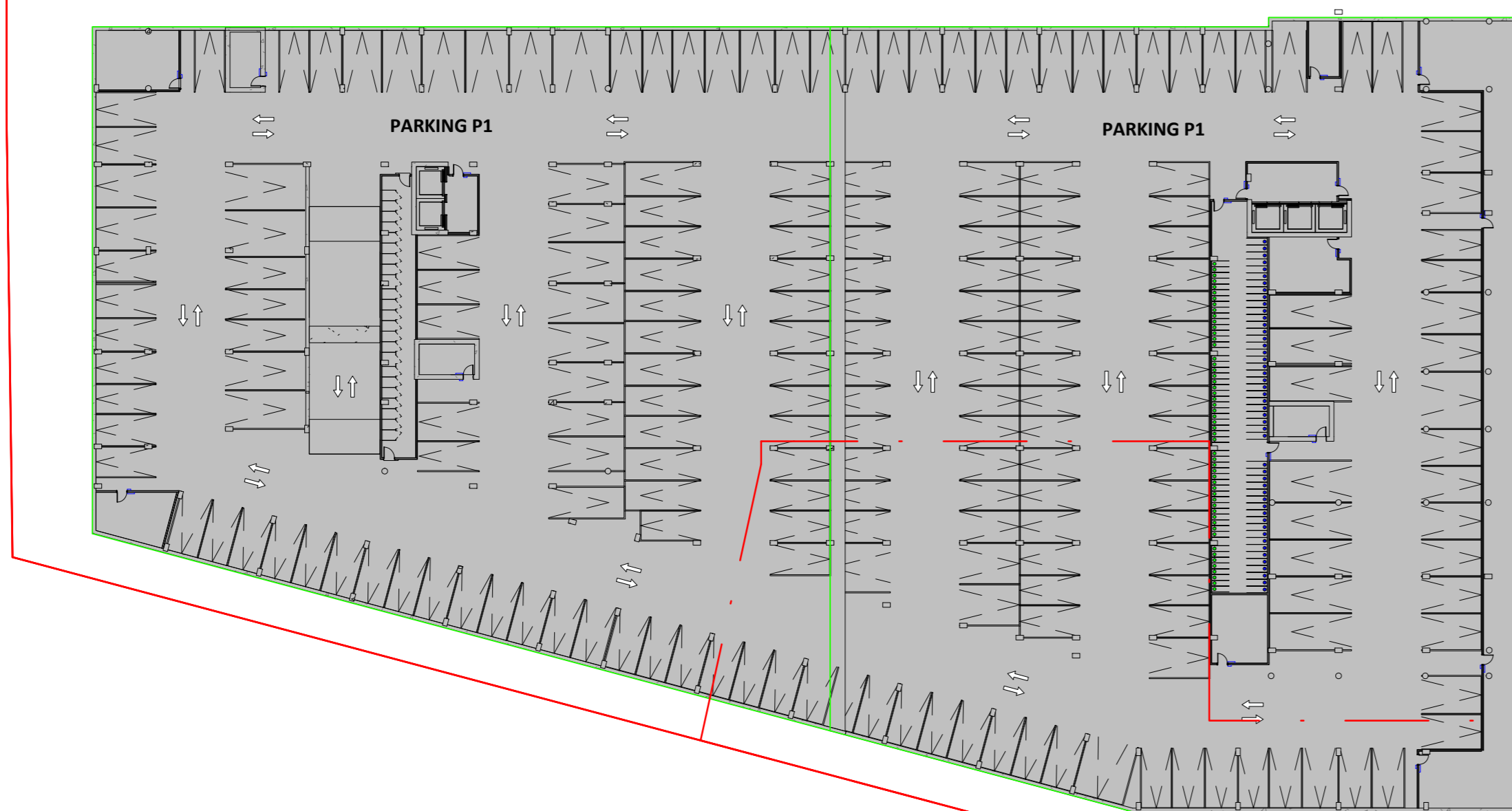
TOWER 3
LEVEL P2

TOWER 2
LEVEL P1



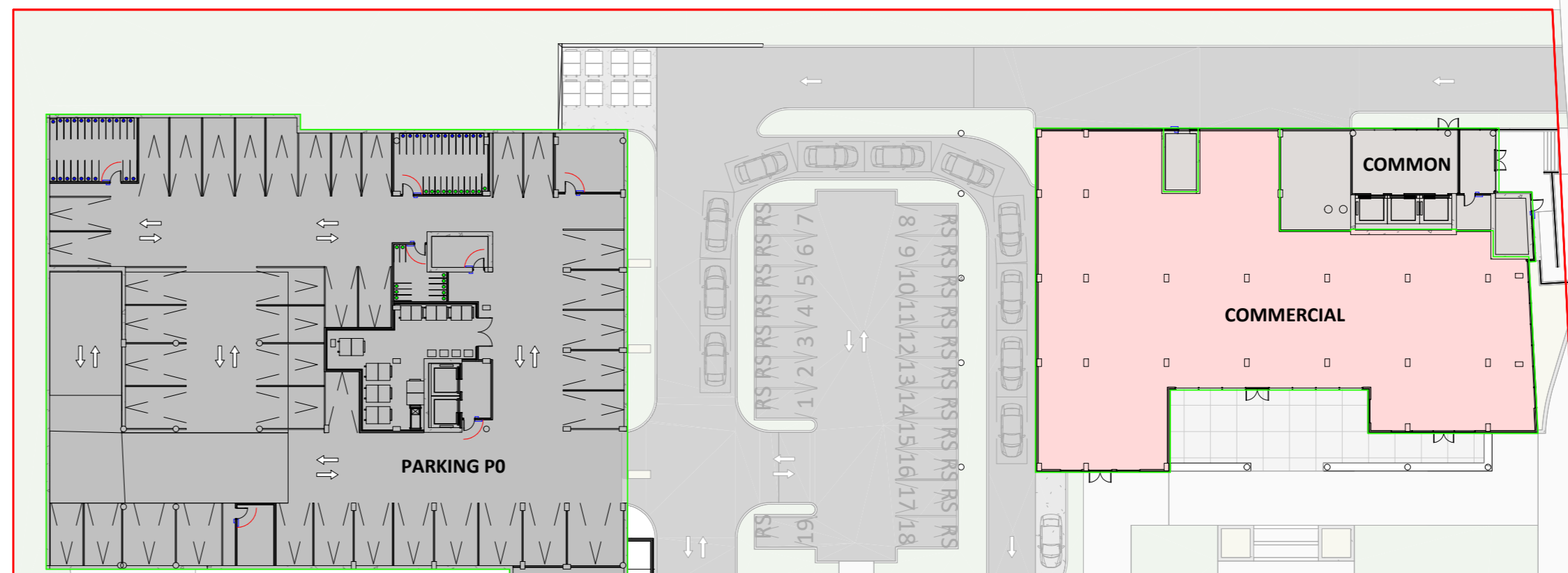
TOWER 1
LEVEL P1

TOWER 4
LEVEL P1



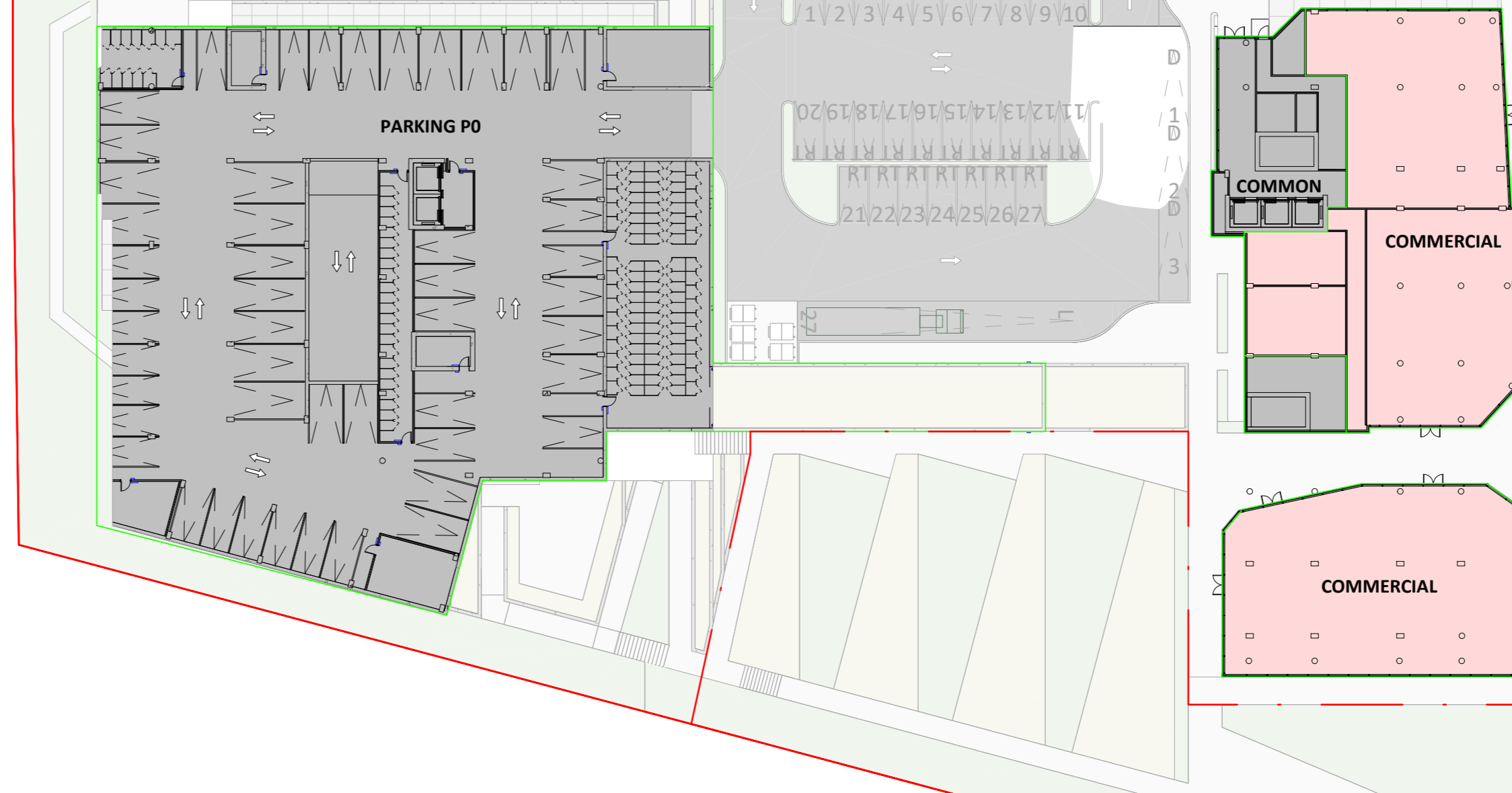
TOWER 3
LEVEL P1

TOWER 2
LEVEL P0



TOWER 1
LEVEL 1

TOWER 4
LEVEL P0



TOWER 3
LEVEL 1

PROJECT
ST. LAURENT
DEVELOPMENT
1740-1760 St. Laurent boulevard
Ottawa, ON K1G 1A2

OWNER
GROUPE Heafey
100 - 768, BULV. SAINT-JOSEPH,
GATINEAU, QC J8Y 4B8

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SURVEYOR
ANNIS,
O'SULLIVAN,
VOLLEBEK LTD.
14 CONCOURSE GATE, SUITE 500,
NEPEAN, ON K2E 7S6

GENERAL CONTRACTOR

KEY PLAN

ARCHITECT SEAL

REVISIONS

NO	FOR CITY REVIEW	DESCRIPTION	DATE
1			2023-10-03

NOTE
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DATE	DESIGNED
2023-10-03	P.POMERLEAU
	DRAWN
	P.POMERLEAU
PROJECT No	CHECKED
2009	P.MARTIN
	SHEET TITLE

STATISTICS

SHEET No
A003

Figure 8

EXP Services Inc.

1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario
Hydrogeological Investigation
OTT-00260579-B0
October 17, 2023

Appendix A – MECP WWR Summary Table

Water Well Records

Well Record

Based on Ministry of Environment Water Well Information Database June 30, 2022, available online.

1500418	Lot 015	Conc	OTTAWA CITY (GLOUCESTER) / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing? N			
Date	5/20/1948	Elev	80.1 (masl)	Easting	450901	Northing	5027822	SWL	4.6 (mbgs)	75.5 (masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	39.0144004821777	UTM RC	9	unknown UTM		Pumping WL	22.9 (mbgs)	57.2 (masl)
								Pump Rate	22.7 (LPM)	0 / 30
								Spec. Cap.	1.24 (LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		/ Domestic	Water Supply				Depth (m)	Elev (masl)		
		Water Found	39.0 (mbgs)	41.1 (masl)	FRESH		0.0	80.1	Color	Soil Descriptions
		Street								
		Town/City								
							1.8	78.3		TOPSOIL / /
							7.3	72.8		CLAY / /
							11.3	68.8		FINE SAND / /
							39.0	41.1		ROCK / SLATE /

1508342	Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing? N			
Date	12/30/1952	Elev	69.0 (masl)	Easting	451021	Northing	5028347	SWL	0.9 (mbgs)	68.1 (masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	12.1920003890991	UTM RC	5	margin of error : 100 m - 300 m		Pumping WL	2.7 (mbgs)	66.3 (masl)
								Pump Rate	36.4 (LPM)	1 / 0
								Spec. Cap.	19.89 (LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Domestic / Livestock	Water Supply				Depth (m)	Elev (masl)		
		Water Found	12.2 (mbgs)	56.8 (masl)	MINERIAL		0.0	69.0	Color	Soil Descriptions
		Street								
		Town/City								
							0.6	68.4		TOPSOIL / CLAY /
							12.2	56.8	BLACK	SHALE / /

1508860	Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing? N			
Date	6/30/1950	Elev	80.4 (masl)	Easting	450631	Northing	5027822	SWL	3.7 (mbgs)	76.8 (masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	44.1959991455078	UTM RC	5	margin of error : 100 m - 300 m		Pumping WL	8.5 (mbgs)	71.9 (masl)
								Pump Rate	36.4 (LPM)	1 / 0
								Spec. Cap.	7.46 (LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		/ Domestic	Water Supply				Depth (m)	Elev (masl)		
		Water Found	44.2 (mbgs)	36.2 (masl)	FRESH		0.0	80.4	Color	Soil Descriptions
		Street								
		Town/City								
							1.8	78.6		TOPSOIL / MEDIUM SAND /
							14.9	65.5	BLUE	CLAY / /
							16.5	64.0	BLACK	MEDIUM SAND / /
							44.2	36.2	GREY	SLATE / /

1508864	Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing? N			
Date	3/1/1954	Elev	75.7 (masl)	Easting	450501	Northing	5028122	SWL	4.3 (mbgs)	71.4 (masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	22.2504005432129	UTM RC	5	margin of error : 100 m - 300 m		Pumping WL	8.5 (mbgs)	67.2 (masl)
								Pump Rate	36.4 (LPM)	1 / 0
								Spec. Cap.	8.52 (LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		/ Domestic	Water Supply				Depth (m)	Elev (masl)		
		Water Found	22.3 (mbgs)	53.5 (masl)	FRESH		0.0	75.7	Color	Soil Descriptions
		Street								
		Town/City								
							0.6	75.1		TOPSOIL / MEDIUM SAND /
							2.7	73.0	RED	MEDIUM SAND / /
							7.0	68.7	BLUE	CLAY / /
							9.1	66.6		CLAY / STONES /
							10.7	65.0	GREY	FINE SAND / /
							22.3	53.5	GREY	LIMESTONE / /

Well Record #

Based on Ministry of Environment Water Well Information Database June 30, 2022, available online.

1508958		Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing? N		
Date	8/8/1961	Elev	74.3 (masl)	Easting	450841	Northing	5027997	SWL	16.8 (mbgs)	57.5 (masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	30.4799995422363	UTM RC	5	margin of error :	100 m - 300 m	Pumping WL	29.0 (mbgs)	45.3 (masl)
			/ Commerical	Water Supply				Pump Rate	9.1 (LPM)	1 / 0
		Water Found	10.7 (mbgs)	63.6 (masl)	FRESH	Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Spec. Cap.	0.75 (LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street								Soil Descriptions
		Town/City								
						7.6	66.7	BLUE	CLAY /	/
								BLUE	CLAY /	/
						30.5	43.8	BLACK	SHALE /	/
								BLACK	SHALE /	/

1536783		Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	9/21/2006	Elev	78.5 (masl)	Easting	451034	Northing	5027736	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	6	UTM RC	3	margin of error :	10 - 30 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
			/	Observation Wells				Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)	Depth (m)	Elev (masl)		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street	969 SMYTH ROAD							Soil Descriptions
		Town/City	OTTAWA							
						0.6	77.9	BROWN	SAND /	GRAVEL / FILL
						4.2	74.3	GREY	SILT /	/
						6.0	72.5	GREY	CLAY /	SILTY /

7041587		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	11/13/2006	Elev	77.9 (masl)	Easting	451137	Northing	5027644	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	4.42000007629395	UTM RC	3	margin of error :	10 - 30 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
			/	Test Hole				Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)	Depth (m)	Elev (masl)		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street	1910 ST LAURENT BLVD							Soil Descriptions
		Town/City	OTTAWA							
						0.2	77.8		/	/
						0.7	77.3		SAND /	GRAVEL / FILL
						0.8	77.2	BROWN	SAND /	FILL / LOOSE
						4.4	73.5	GREY	CLAY /	/

7130500		Lot 014	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	5/6/2009	Elev	(masl)	Easting	450889	Northing	5028181	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	5.19999980926514	UTM RC	2	margin of error :	3 - 10 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
			/ Test Hole	Test Hole				Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)	Depth (m)	Elev (masl)		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street	1740 ST. LAURENT BLVD.							Soil Descriptions
		Town/City	Ottawa							
						0.1			OTHER /	/
						0.9		BROWN	SAND /	SILTY / GRAVEL
						1.7		BROWN	SAND /	SILTY /
						2.4		BROWN	CLAY /	/ SILTY
						3.2		BROWN	CLAY /	/ SILTY
						4.1		GREY	SAND /	/ CLAYEY
						4.3		BLACK	COARSE SAND /	/

Well Record #

Based on Ministry of Environment Water Well Information Database June 30, 2022, available online.

7150615		Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	6/3/2010	Elev	79.2 (masl)	Easting	450850	Northing	5027692	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	5.59999990463257	UTM RC	4	margin of error : 30 m - 100 m		Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
								Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
								Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		/ Test Hole		Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Color	Soil Descriptions	
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)		0.0	79.2			
		Street 907 SMYTH RD.								
		Town/City OTTAWA								
						0.2	79.0	BROWN	TOPSOIL /	/
						0.6	78.6	BROWN	CLAY /	SILT /
						0.8	78.5	BROWN	SAND /	/
						5.0	74.2	GREY	CLAY /	SILT /
						5.6	73.6		CLAY /	SILT / GRAVEL

7166373		Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	7/12/2011	Elev	(masl)	Easting	450822	Northing	5027689	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	3.70000004768372	UTM RC	3	margin of error : 10 - 30 m		Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
								Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
								Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		/		Abandoned-Other		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Color	Soil Descriptions	
		Water Found	1.5 (mbgs)	(masl)		0.0				
		Street SMYTH RD 905/907								
		Town/City Ottawa								
						3.7		BROWN	SAND /	FILL /

7166937		Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	4/12/2011	Elev	(masl)	Easting	450822	Northing	5027689	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	3.70000004768372	UTM RC	3	margin of error : 10 - 30 m		Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
								Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
								Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		/ Test Hole		Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Color	Soil Descriptions	
		Water Found	1.5 (mbgs)	(masl)		0.0				
		Street 905 SMYTH RD								
		Town/City								
						3.7		BROWN	SAND /	FILL /

7184925		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	6/18/2012	Elev	(masl)	Easting	451051	Northing	5027738	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	7.32000017166138	UTM RC	4	margin of error : 30 m - 100 m		Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
								Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
								Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		/ Monitoring and Te Monitoring and Test Hole		Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Color	Soil Descriptions	
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)		0.0				
		Street 1929 RUSSELL ROAD								
		Town/City Ottawa								
						0.6		BLACK	TOPSOIL /	/ LOOSE
						2.1		BROWN	CLAY /	/ HARD
						4.0		GREY	CLAY /	/ HARD
						7.3		GREY	CLAY /	/

Well Record #

Based on Ministry of Environment Water Well Information Database June 30, 2022, available online.

7184926		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	6/18/2012	Elev	(masl)	Easting	451027	Northing	5027739	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
DDMMYY		Well_Depth_m:	6.09999990463257	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
		/ Monitoring and Te		Monitoring and Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found		(mbgs) (masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street		1929 RUSSEL ROAD		Color		Soil Descriptions		
		Town/City		Ottawa						
						0.6	BLACK	TOPSOIL /	/ LOOSE	
						2.1	BROWN	CLAY /	/ SOFT	
						4.0	GREY	CLAY /	/ HARD	
						6.1	GREY	CLAY /	/ HARD	

7184927		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	6/18/2012	Elev	(masl)	Easting	451067	Northing	5027728	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
DDMMYY		Well_Depth_m:	7.32000017166138	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
		/ Monitoring and Te		Monitoring and Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found		(mbgs) (masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street		1929 RUSSEL ROAD		Color		Soil Descriptions		
		Town/City		Ottawa						
						0.6	BLACK	TOPSOIL /	/ LOOSE	
						2.1	BROWN	CLAY /	/ HARD	
						4.0	GREY	CLAY /	/ HARD	
						7.3	GREY	CLAY /	/	

7184928		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	6/18/2012	Elev	(masl)	Easting	451107	Northing	5027707	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
DDMMYY		Well_Depth_m:	7.92999982833862	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
		/ Monitoring and Te		Monitoring and Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found		(mbgs) (masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street		1929 RUSSEL ROAD		Color		Soil Descriptions		
		Town/City		Ottawa						
						0.6	BLACK	TOPSOIL /	/	
						7.9	BROWN	MEDIUM SAND /	SAND	/ LOOSE

7184929		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?		
Date	6/16/2012	Elev	(masl)	Easting	451083	Northing	5027817	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
DDMMYY		Well_Depth_m:	7.32000017166138	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
		/ Monitoring and Te		Monitoring and Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found		(mbgs) (masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street		1929 RUSSEL ROAD		Color		Soil Descriptions		
		Town/City		Ottawa						
						0.6	BLACK	TOPSOIL /	/ LOOSE	
						2.1	BROWN	CLAY /	/ HARD	
						4.0	GREY	CLAY /	/ HARD	
						7.3	GREY	CLAY /	/	

Well Record #

Based on Ministry of Environment Water Well Information Database June 30, 2022, available online.

7197902		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?			
Date		Elev	(masl)	Easting	451073	Northing	5027940	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)	
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	3.66000008583069	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)	
			/ Monitoring	Observation Wells		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/	
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min	
		Street	CORNER OF ST. LAURANT BLVD. & BOURASSA S					Color		Soil Descriptions	
		Town/City	OTTAWA								
						0.1			/	/	
						0.6	BROWN	TOPSOIL /	CLAY /	SAND / FILL	
						1.2	BROWN	SILT /	GRAVEL	/ FILL	
						1.8	BROWN	CLAY /	GRAVEL	/ FILL	
						2.4	BROWN	CLAY /	SAND	/ FILL	
						3.7	BROWN	CLAY /		/	

7230032		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?			
Date	9/16/2014	Elev	(masl)	Easting	450999	Northing	5027723	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)	
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	7.61999988555908	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)	
			/ Monitoring and Te	Monitoring and Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/	
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min	
		Street	945 SMYTH RD					Color		Soil Descriptions	
		Town/City	Ottawa								
						1.5	BROWN	SAND /		/ SOFT	
						4.6	GREY	SILT /	CLAY	/ SOFT	
						7.6	GREY	CLAY /		/ SOFT	

7230033		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?			
Date	9/16/2014	Elev	(masl)	Easting	451002	Northing	5027711	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)	
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	7.61999988555908	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)	
			/ Monitoring and Te	Monitoring and Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/	
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min	
		Street	945 SMYTH RD					Color		Soil Descriptions	
		Town/City	Ottawa								
						1.5	BROWN	FINE SAND /		/ SOFT	
						4.6	GREY	SILT /	CLAY	/ SOFT	
						7.6	GREY	CLAY /		/ SOFT	

7249254		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON				Flowing?			
Date	9/8/2015	Elev	(masl)	Easting	451169	Northing	5027787	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)	
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	6.09999990463257	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)	
			Monitoring / Test Hole	Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/	
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min	
		Street	2290 GLADWIN GRES.					Color		Soil Descriptions	
		Town/City	OTTAWA								
						0.3	BROWN	/	SOFT	/	
						5.5	GREY	CLAY /	SILT	/ SOFT	
						6.1	BLACK	SILT /	GRAVEL	/ SOFT	

Well Record #

Based on Ministry of Environment Water Well Information Database June 30, 2022, available online.

7267404		Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON			Flowing?			
Date	6/15/2016	Elev	(masl)	Easting	450624	Northing	5028495	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	3.96000003814697	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
		Monitoring / Test Hole		Monitoring and Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street	911 INDUSTRIAL AVE				Color		Soil Descriptions	
		Town/City	OTTAWA							
						0.3	BLACK	OTHER /	GRAVEL	/ HARD
						2.1	GREY	CLAY /	GRAVEL	/ LOOSE
						3.0	GREY	CLAY /	SILT	/ SOFT
						4.0	GREY	SAND /	SILT	/ SOFT

7267471		Lot	Conc	OTTAWA CITY / OTTAWA-CARLETON			Flowing?			
Date	6/15/2016	Elev	(masl)	Easting	450664	Northing	5028474	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	4.88000011444092	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
		Monitoring / Test Hole		Monitoring and Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street	911 INDUSTRIAL AVE				Color		Soil Descriptions	
		Town/City	OTTAWA							
						0.9	BROWN	GRAVEL /	SAND	/ SOFT
						2.4	GREY	SILT /	CLAY	/ SOFT
						3.3	GREY	SILT /	CLAY	/ SOFT
						4.9	GREY	SAND /	SILT	/ SOFT

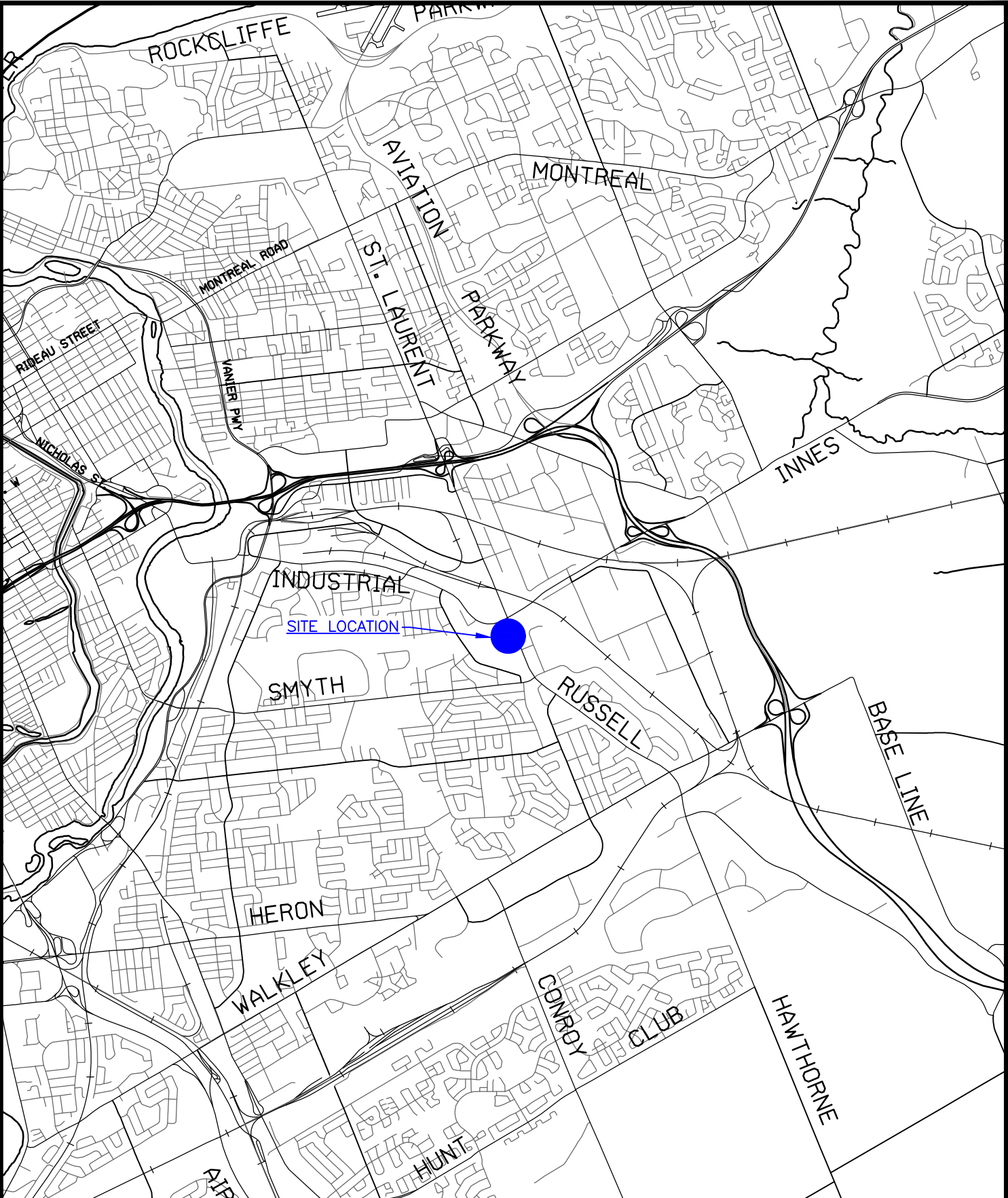
7270006		Lot	Conc	GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP / OTTAWA-CARLETON			Flowing?			
Date	8/9/2016	Elev	(masl)	Easting	450463	Northing	5028321	SWL	(mbgs)	(masl)
	DDMMYY	Well_Depth_m:	4.26999998092651	UTM RC	4	margin of error :	30 m - 100 m	Pumping WL	(mbgs)	(masl)
		Monitoring / Test Hole		Monitoring and Test Hole		Depth (m)	Elev (masl)	Pump Rate	(LPM)	/
		Water Found	(mbgs)	(masl)		0.0		Spec. Cap.	(LPM/m)	Hr / Min
		Street	740 INDUSTRIAL AVENUE				Color		Soil Descriptions	
		Town/City	Ottawa							
						0.3	BLACK	GRAVEL /		/ HARD
						1.8	GREY	SAND /	SILT	/ DENSE
						4.0	GREY	CLAY /	SILT	/ DENSE
						4.3	GREY	TILL /	GRAVEL	/ HARD

EXP Services Inc.

1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario
Hydrogeological Investigation
OTT-00260579-B0
October 17, 2023

Appendix B – Borehole Logs

Filename: E:\OTT-00260579-A0\60 Execution\65 Drawings\260579 2020 BH PLAN.dwg
 Last Saved: Aug 27, 2020 11:39 AM Last Plotted: Aug 27, 2020 11:41 AM Plotted By: HewsonJ



exp Services Inc.
 100-2650 Queensview Drive
 Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6
 www.exp.com



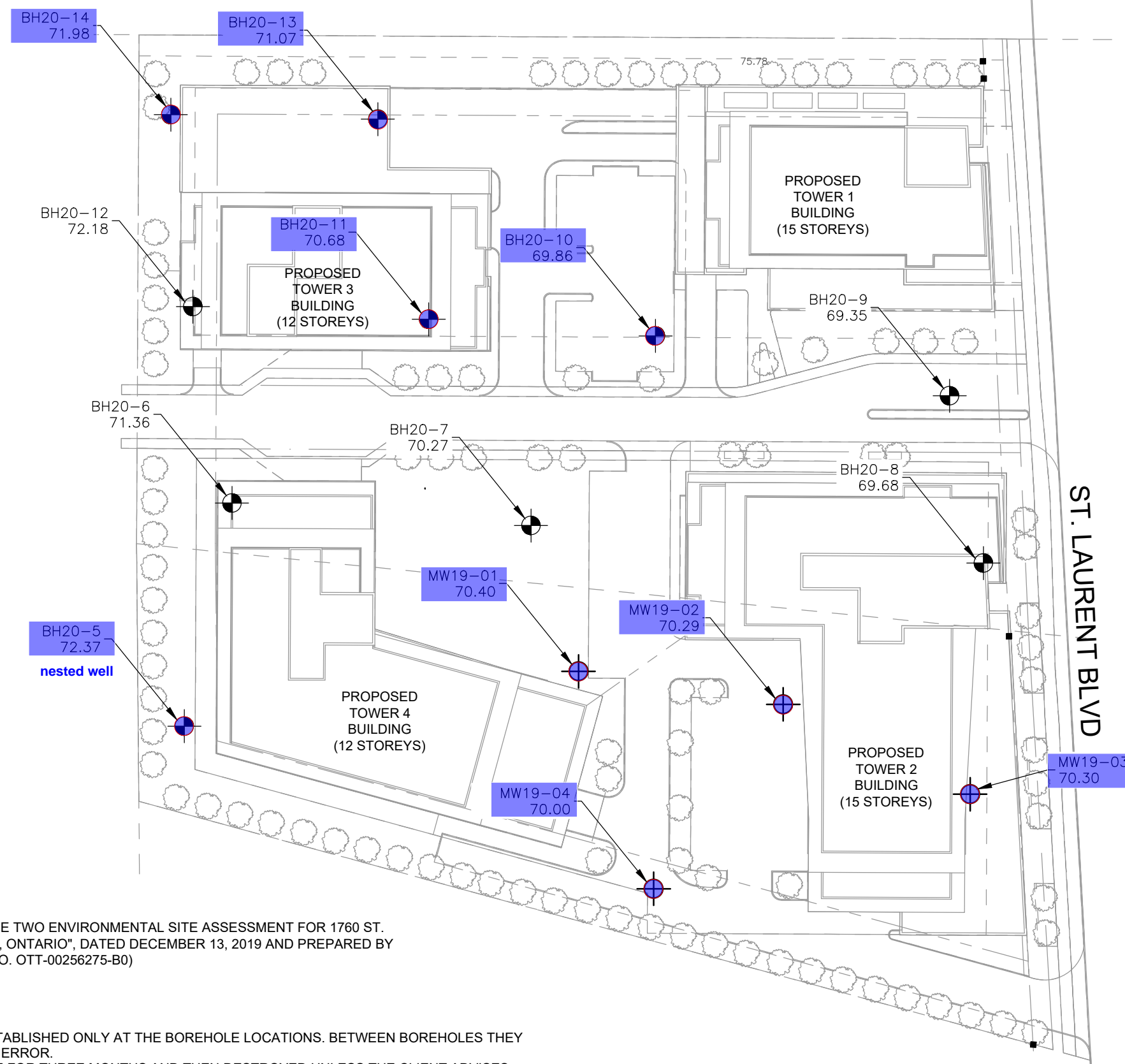
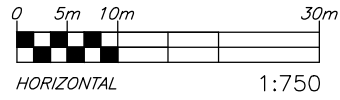
DESIGN	EXP
DRAWN	JH
DATE	AUG 2020
FILE NO	260579-A0

**1740-1760 ST. LAURENT BOULEVARD
 GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION**



SITE LOCATION PLAN

SCALE
 1:50,000
 SKETCH NO

FIG 1



LEGEND

-  BH20-14 72.37 BOREHOLE NO. & LOCATION GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION
-  MW19-01 72.37 MONITORING WELL FROM "PHASE TWO ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT FOR 1760 ST. LAURENT BOULEVARD, OTTAWA, ONTARIO", DATED DECEMBER 13, 2019 AND PREPARED BY EXP SERVICES INC. (PROJECT NO. OTT-00256275-B0)

NOTES:

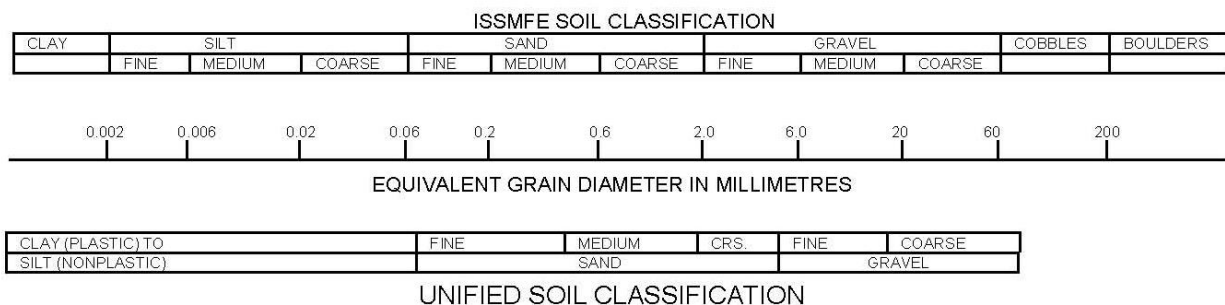
1. THE BOUNDARIES AND SOIL/ROCK TYPES HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED ONLY AT THE BOREHOLE LOCATIONS. BETWEEN BOREHOLES THEY ARE ASSUMED AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CONSIDERABLE ERROR.
2. SOIL SAMPLES AND ROCK WILL BE RETAINED IN STORAGE FOR THREE MONTHS AND THEN DESTROYED UNLESS THE CLIENT ADVISES THAT AN EXTENDED TIME PERIOD IS REQUIRED.
3. ASPHALT QUANTITIES SHOULD NOT BE ESTABLISHED FROM THE INFORMATION PROVIDED AT THE TEST PIT AND BOREHOLE LOCATIONS.
4. BOREHOLE ELEVATIONS SHOULD NOT BE USED TO DESIGN BUILDING(S) OR FLOOR SLABS OR PARKING LOT(S) GRADES.
5. THIS DRAWING FORMS PART OF THE REPORT PROJECT NUMBER AS REFERENCED AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY IN CONJUNCTION WITH THIS REPORT.
6. BASE PLAN OBTAINED FROM JANET ROSENBERG AND STUDIO, GLOBAL PLAN 1.

exp Services Inc. 100-2650 Queensview Drive Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6 www.exp.com	DESIGN	EXP	1740-1760 ST. LAURENT BOULEVARD GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION	SCALE	1:750
	DRAWN	JH		SKETCH NO	
	DATE	AUG 2020	BOREHOLE LOCATION PLAN	FIG 2	
	FILE NO	260579-A0			

Filename: E:\OTT-00260579-A0\60_Execution\65 Drawings\260579 2020 BH PLAN.dwg
 Last Saved: Sep 17, 2020 12:26 PM Last Plotted: Sep 17, 2020 12:28 PM Plotted by: HewsonJ

Notes On Sample Descriptions

1. All sample descriptions included in this report follow the Canadian Foundations Engineering Manual soil classification system. This system follows the standard proposed by the International Society for Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering. Laboratory grain size analyses provided by **exp** Services Inc. also follow the same system. Different classification systems may be used by others; one such system is the Unified Soil Classification. Please note that, with the exception of those samples where a grain size analysis has been made, all samples are classified visually. Visual classification is not sufficiently accurate to provide exact grain sizing or precise differentiation between size classification systems.



2. **Fill:** Where fill is designated on the borehole log it is defined as indicated by the sample recovered during the boring process. The reader is cautioned that fills are heterogeneous in nature and variable in density or degree of compaction. The borehole description may therefore not be applicable as a general description of site fill materials. All fills should be expected to contain obstruction such as wood, large concrete pieces or subsurface basements, floors, tanks, etc., none of these may have been encountered in the boreholes. Since boreholes cannot accurately define the contents of the fill, test pits are recommended to provide supplementary information. Despite the use of test pits, the heterogeneous nature of fill will leave some ambiguity as to the exact composition of the fill. Most fills contain pockets, seams, or layers of organically contaminated soil. This organic material can result in the generation of methane gas and/or significant ongoing and future settlements. Fill at this site may have been monitored for the presence of methane gas and, if so, the results are given on the borehole logs. The monitoring process does not indicate the volume of gas that can be potentially generated nor does it pinpoint the source of the gas. These readings are to advise of the presence of gas only, and a detailed study is recommended for sites where any explosive gas/methane is detected. Some fill material may be contaminated by toxic/hazardous waste that renders it unacceptable for deposition in any but designated land fill sites; unless specifically stated the fill on this site has not been tested for contaminants that may be considered toxic or hazardous. This testing and a potential hazard study can be undertaken if requested. In most residential/commercial areas undergoing reconstruction, buried oil tanks are common and are generally not detected in a conventional geotechnical site investigation.
3. **Till:** The term till on the borehole logs indicates that the material originates from a geological process associated with glaciation. Because of this geological process the till must be considered heterogeneous in composition and as such may contain pockets and/or seams of material such as sand, gravel, silt or clay. Till often contains cobbles (60 to 200 mm) or boulders (over 200 mm). Contractors may therefore encounter cobbles and boulders during excavation, even if they are not indicated by the borings. It should be appreciated that normal sampling equipment cannot differentiate the size or type of any obstruction. Because of the horizontal and vertical variability of till, the sample description may be applicable to a very limited zone; caution is therefore essential when dealing with sensitive excavations or dewatering programs in till materials.

Log of Borehole MW19-01



Project No: OTT-000256275-B0

Figure No. 3

Project: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment

Page. 1 of 2

Location: 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa

Date Drilled: November 18th, 2019

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME 55 Rubber Track

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

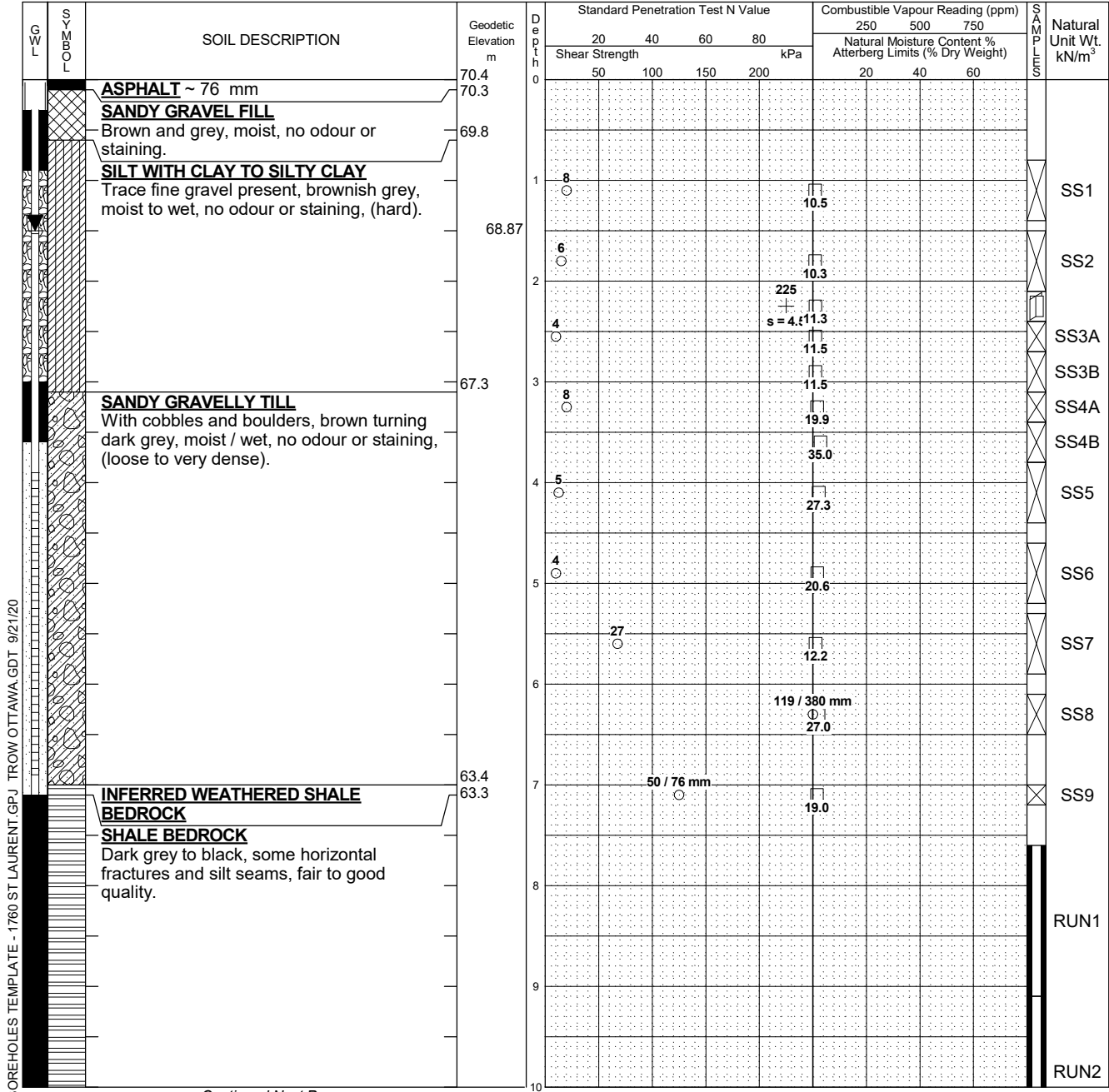
Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure

Shelby Tube

Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

Logged by: MD Checked by: PS

Shear Strength by Vane Test



Continued Next Page

NOTES:

- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
- A flushmount monitoring well with a 51 mm slotted standpipe was installed in the borehole upon completion.
- Field work was supervised by an EXP representative.
- See Notes on Sample Descriptions
- Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-000256275-B0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS

Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Nov. 22, 2019	1.7	-
Nov. 25, 2019	2.1	-
Sept. 3, 2020	1.5	-

CORE DRILLING RECORD

Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7.57 - 9.07	100	71
2	9.07 - 10.59	100	84

LOG OF BOREHOLE - 1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 9/21/20

Log of Borehole MW19-01



Project No: OTT-000256275-B0

Figure No. 3

Project: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment

Page. 2 of 2

G W L	S Y M B O L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	D e p t h	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			S A M P L E S	Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
					20	40	60	80	250	500	750		
					Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)				
			60.4	10	50	100	150	200	20	40	60		
		End of Borehole at 10.59 m Depth, Borehole Terminated	59.8										

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES TEMPLATE - 1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 9/21/20

NOTES:

- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
- A flushmount monitoring well with a 51 mm slotted standpipe was installed in the borehole upon completion.
- Field work was supervised by an EXP representative.
- See Notes on Sample Descriptions
- Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-000256275-B0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS

Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Nov. 22, 2019	1.7	-
Nov. 25, 2019	2.1	-
Sept. 3, 2020	1.5	

CORE DRILLING RECORD

Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7.57 - 9.07	100	71
2	9.07 - 10.59	100	84

Log of Borehole MW19-02



Project No: OTT-000256275-B0

Figure No. 4

Project: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment

Page. 1 of 1

Location: 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa

Date Drilled: November 18th, 2019

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME 55 Rubber Track

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

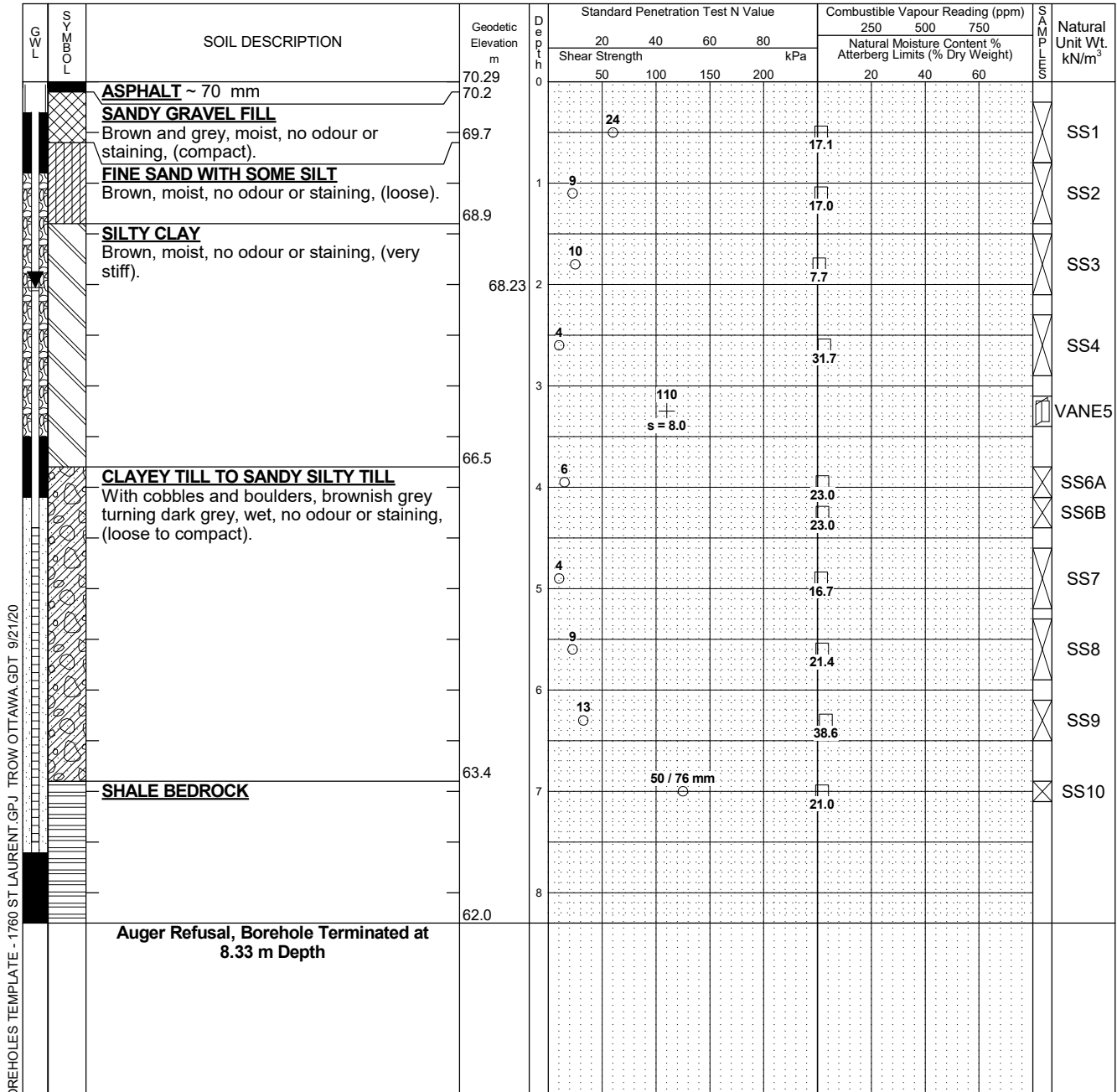
Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure

Shelby Tube

Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

Logged by: MD Checked by: PS

Shear Strength by Vane Test



- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A flushmount monitoring well with a 51 mm slotted standpipe was installed in the borehole upon completion.
 - Field work was supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-000256275-B0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Nov. 22, 2019	2.2	-
Nov. 25, 2019	2.3	-
Sept. 3, 2020	2.1	-

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

LOG OF BOREHOLE - 1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 9/21/20

Log of Borehole MW19-03



Project No: OTT-000256275-B0

Figure No. 5

Project: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment

Page. 1 of 1

Location: 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa

Date Drilled: November 19th, 2019

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME 55 Rubber Track

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

Undrained Triaxial at

Shelby Tube

% Strain at Failure

Logged by: MD Checked by: PS

Shear Strength by

Penetrometer Test

Vane Test

G W L L O M E S	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth m	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³	
				Shear Strength				Natural Moisture Content %				
				20	40	60	80	250	500	750		
	ASPHALT	70.3	0									
	SANDY GRAVEL FILL Brown and grey, moist, no odour or staining, (compact).	70.2	0	18								SS1A
	SAND WITH SOME GRAVEL FILL Brown, moist, no odour or staining, (compact).	69.5	1	13				29.5				SS1B
	FINE SAND WITH SOME SILT AND CLAY Brown with some orange mottling at 1.4 to 1.5 m depth, moist, no odour or staining, (loose).	68.9	1					21.8				SS2A
	SILTY CLAY TO CLAY WITH SOME SILT Brown turning grey, moist, no odour or staining, (very stiff).	68.3	2	6				29.4				SS2B
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	67.87	2					22.0				SS3A
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	67.87	2					29.5				SS3B
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	66.5	3					67.0				SS3B
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	66.5	3					11.7				SS4
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	66.5	3					150				VANE5
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	66.5	3					s = 4.7				VANE5
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	66.5	4	4				16.5				SS6
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	66.5	4	4				31.4				SS6
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	66.5	5	4				32.0				SS7
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	66.5	5	4				25.0				SS8
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	66.5	5	4				25.0				SS8
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	64.2	6					62 / 355 mm				S9A
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	64.2	6					65.0				S9A
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	63.6	6					70.0				SS9B
	CLAYEY TILL With stratified layers of silt, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, no odour or staining, (loose).	63.6	6					70.0				SS9B
	Auger Refusal, Borehole Terminated at 6.71 m Depth											

LOG OF BOREHOLE - 1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 9/21/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A flushmount monitoring well with a 51 mm slotted standpipe was installed in the borehole upon completion.
 - Field work was supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-000256275-B0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Nov. 22, 2019	2.6	-
Nov. 25, 2019	2.7	-
Sept. 3, 2020	2.4	-

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole MW19-04



Project No: OTT-000256275-B0

Figure No. 6

Project: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment

Page. 1 of 1

Location: 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa

Date Drilled: November 19th, 2019

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME 55 Rubber Track

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

Undrained Triaxial at

Shelby Tube

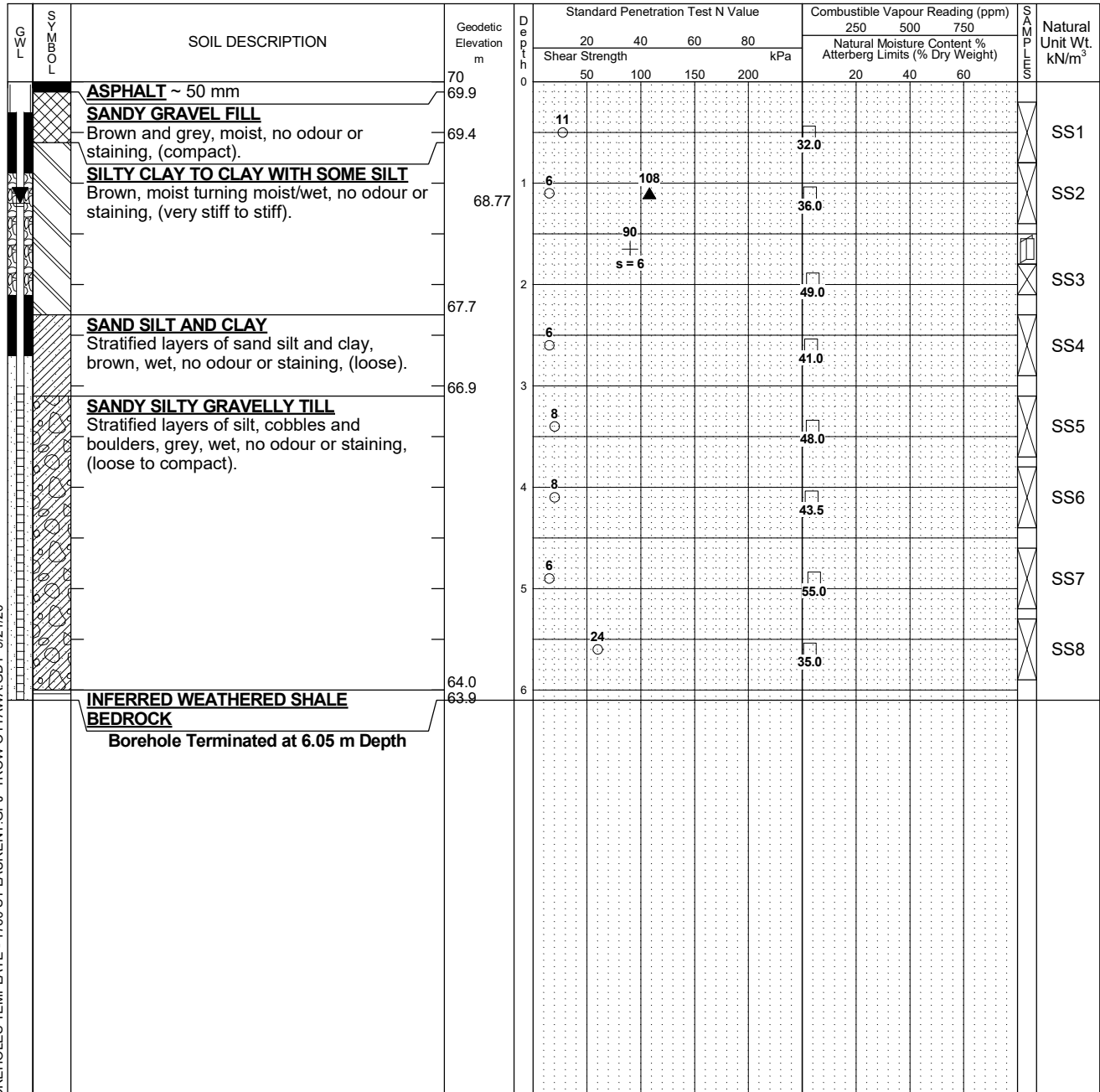
% Strain at Failure

Logged by: MD Checked by: PS

Shear Strength by

Shear Strength by

Vane Test



LOG OF BOREHOLE - 1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 9/21/20

- NOTES:**
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A flushmount monitoring well with a 51 mm slotted standpipe was installed in the borehole upon completion.
 - Field work was supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-000256275-B0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Nov. 22, 2019	1.5	-
Nov. 25, 2019	2.1	-
Sept. 3, 2020	1.2	-

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

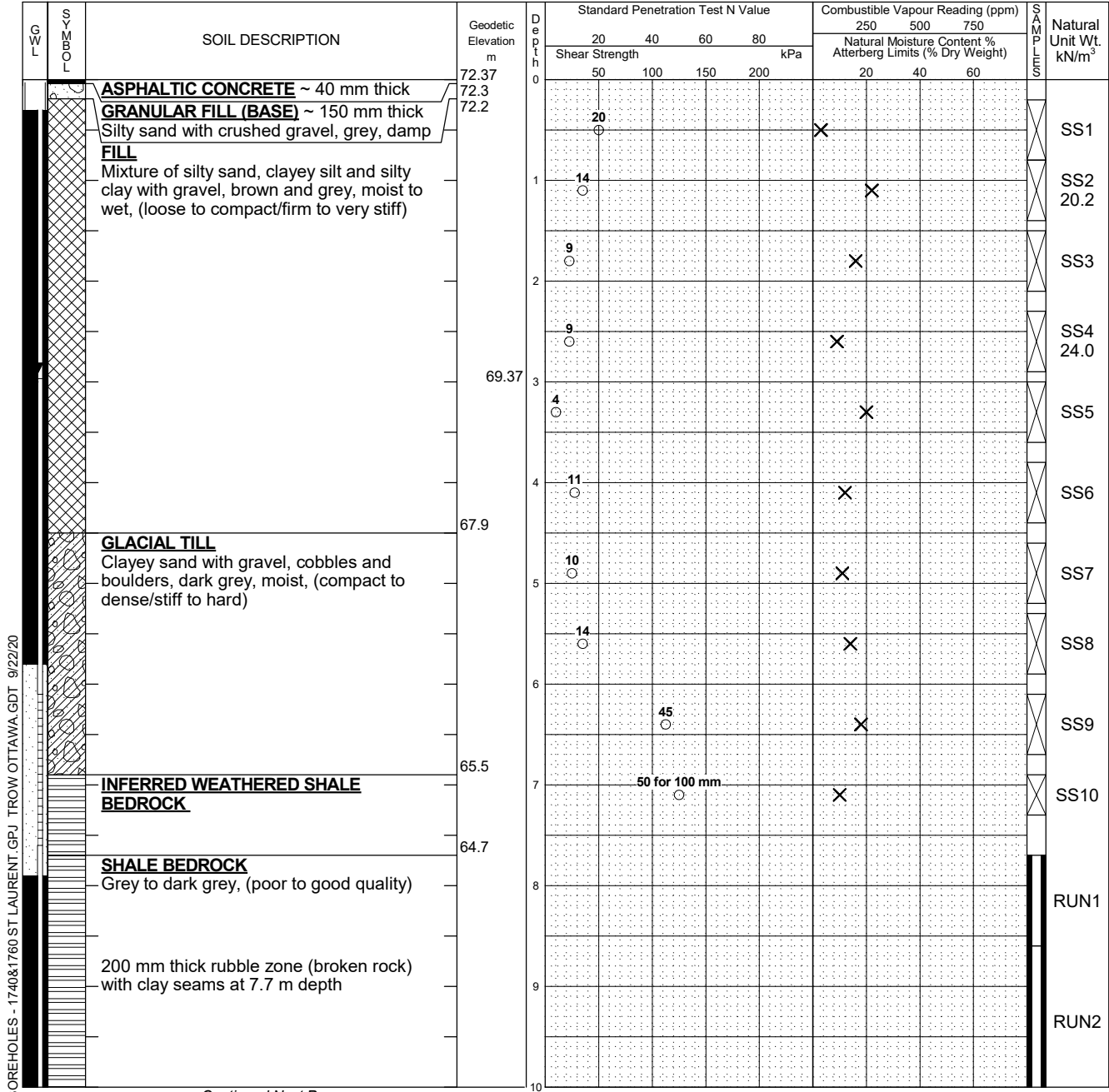
Log of Borehole BH20-05



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.
 Date Drilled: August 21, 2020
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Figure No. 7
 Page. 1 of 2

- Split Spoon Sample
- Auger Sample
- SPT (N) Value
- Dynamic Cone Test
- Shelby Tube
- Shear Strength by Vane Test
- Combustible Vapour Reading
- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
- Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test



NOTES:
 1. Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 2. Two (2) - 19 mm diameter standpipes installed to 7.6 m and 17.6 m depths as shown.
 3. Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 4. See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 5. Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Aug. 21, 2020	2.5	5.5
Sept. 3, 2020	3.1/3.0	
Sept. 10, 2020	3.2/3.0	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7.7 - 8.6	97	76
2	8.6 - 10.1	100	70
3	10.1 - 11.6	100	67
4	11.6 - 13.2	100	19
5	13.2 - 14.7	100	47
6	14.7 - 16.1	100	15
7	16.1 - 17.6	100	71

LOG OF BOREHOLE - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA GDT 9/22/20

Continued Next Page

Log of Borehole BH20-05



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0

Figure No. 7

Project: Residential Development

Page. 2 of 2

G W L	S O B Y L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	D e p t h	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			N a t u r a l U n i t W t. kN/m ³
					20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
					Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
					50	100	150	200	20	40	60	
		SHALE BEDROCK Grey to dark grey, (poor to good quality) (continued) 200 mm thick clay layer at 10.7 m depth	62.37	10								
				11								RUN3
				12								RUN4
		250 mm thick rubble zone (broken rock) at 12.3 m depth		13								RUN5
				14								RUN6
		Rubble zone (broken rock) from 14.7 m to 16.3 m depths		15								RUN7
				16								
		50 mm thick clay seam at 16.2 m depth		17								
			54.8									
		Borehole Terminated at 17.6 m Depth										

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW/OTTAWA.GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Two (2) - 19 mm diameter standpipes installed to 7.6 m and 17.6 m depths as shown.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Aug. 21, 2020	2.5	5.5
Sept. 3, 2020	3.1/3.0	
Sept. 10, 2020	3.2/3.0	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7.7 - 8.6	97	76
2	8.6 - 10.1	100	70
3	10.1 - 11.6	100	67
4	11.6 - 13.2	100	19
5	13.2 - 14.7	100	47
6	14.7 - 16.1	100	15
7	16.1 - 17.6	100	71

Log of Borehole BH20-06



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0

Figure No. 8

Project: Residential Development

Page. 1 of 1

Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.

Date Drilled: August 20, 2020

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

Undrained Triaxial at

Shelby Tube

% Strain at Failure

Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Shear Strength by Vane Test

Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

GWL	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
				Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
				20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ~ 75 mm thick	71.36	0								
	GRANULAR FILL (BASE) ~ 150 mm thick	71.3	0								
	Silty sand with gravel, brown, damp	71.2	0	4				X			SS1
	FILL										
	Mixture of silty sand, clayey silt and silty clay with gravel, brown and grey, moist to wet, (loose/firm)		1	4				X			SS2
	GLACIAL TILL	69.8	2	9				X			SS3
	Silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, dark grey, moist, (compact to dense/ stiff to hard)										
			3	14				X			SS4
			4	26				X			SS5
											24.2
			5	36				X			SS6
			6	23				X	X		SS7
			7	38				X			SS8
			8	32				X			SS9
											24.5
	INFERRED WEATHERED SHALE BEDROCK	64.6	7	50 for 100 mm				X			SS10
	Auger Refusal at 7.7 m Depth	63.7	8	50 for 50 mm				X			SS11

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH20-07



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.

Figure No. 9
 Page. 1 of 1

Date Drilled: August 20, 2020
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Split Spoon Sample
 Auger Sample
 SPT (N) Value
 Dynamic Cone Test
 Shelby Tube
 Shear Strength by Vane Test
 Combustible Vapour Reading
 Natural Moisture Content
 Atterberg Limits
 Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
 Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

GWL	LOGS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
					Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
					20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
		ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ~ 35 mm thick	70.27	0								
		GRANULAR FILL (BASE) ~ 150 mm thick	70.2	0						X		
		Silty sand with crushed gravel, grey, damp	70.1	0	5							
		SILTY CLAY		1							X	
		Brown, moist, (very stiff)		1	4							SS1
				1							X	SS2
				1								18.6
			68.5	2	7						X	SS3
		GLACIAL TILL		2						X		
		Clayey sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, brown, moist, (loose to compact/stiff)		2								
				2	12					X		SS4
				3						X		
		GLACIAL TILL	67.2	3	12					X		SS5
		Clayey sand with gravel, shale fragments, cobbles and boulders, dark grey, moist to wet, (loose to compact/stiff)		3						X		
				4	8					X		SS6
				4						X		
				5	10					X	X	SS7
		with a 150 mm thick silty sand layer at 4.6 m depth		5						X		
			65.0	5						X		SS8
		INFERRED WEATHERED SHALE BEDROCK		5						X		
			64.4	5								
		Auger Refusal at 5.9 m Depth		5								
				5								

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW/OTTAWA.GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH20-08



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.

Figure No. 10
 Page. 1 of 1

Date Drilled: August 20, 2020
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Split Spoon Sample
 Auger Sample
 SPT (N) Value
 Dynamic Cone Test
 Shelby Tube
 Shear Strength by Vane Test
 Combustible Vapour Reading
 Natural Moisture Content
 Atterberg Limits
 Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
 Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

G W L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
				Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content %			
				20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ~ 50 mm thick	69.68	0								
	GRANULAR FILL (BASE) ~ 450 mm thick	69.6									
	Silty sand with crushed gravel, grey, damp	69.2	0	13				X			SS1
	FILL										
	Mixture of silty sand, clayey silt and silty clay with gravel, brown and grey, moist to wet, (compact/stiff to very stiff)		1	16				X			SS2
	SILTY CLAY										
	Low plasticity, brown, moist, (firm)	68.1	2	4	48			X			SS3 17.5
			2	2	36				X		SS4
	GLACIAL TILL										
	Silty clay with gravel, low plasticity, cobbles and boulders, grey to dark grey, (very loose to compact/soft to stiff)	66.7	3	10				X			SS5
			4	5					X		SS6
			5	2					X		SS7
			5	13				X			SS8
	INFERRED WEATHERED SHALE BEDROCK	63.6	6								SS9
	Auger Refusal at 6.4 m Depth	63.3						X			

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW/OTTAWA.GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH20-09



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0

Figure No. 11

Project: Residential Development

Page. 1 of 1

Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.

Date Drilled: August 25, 2020

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

Undrained Triaxial at

Shelby Tube

% Strain at Failure

Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Shear Strength by Vane Test

Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

G W L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth m	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
				Shear Strength kPa				250	500	750	
				20	40	60	80	Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ~ 60 mm thick	69.35	0								
	GRANULAR FILL (BASE) ~ 200 mm thick	69.3									
	Silty sand with crushed gravel, grey, damp	69.1									
	FILL	68.6									
	Silty sand with gravel, brown, moist		1								
	SILTY CLAY										
	Brown, moist, (stiff)			8				X			SS1
			2								
				6	72				X		SS2 18.2
			3								
		66.9		7	48				X		SS3
	SILTY CLAY										
	With silt partings, grey, wet, (soft to firm)		4								
				5				X			SS4
			5								
		64.9		2				X			SS5
	GLACIAL TILL										
	Clayey sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (compact/stiff)		5					X			SS6
				13							
		63.5									
	Auger Refusal at 5.9 m Depth										

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
completion	2.5	5.8

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH20-10



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0

Figure No. 12

Project: Residential Development

Page. 1 of 2

Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.

Date Drilled: August 24, 2020

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

Undrained Triaxial at

Shelby Tube

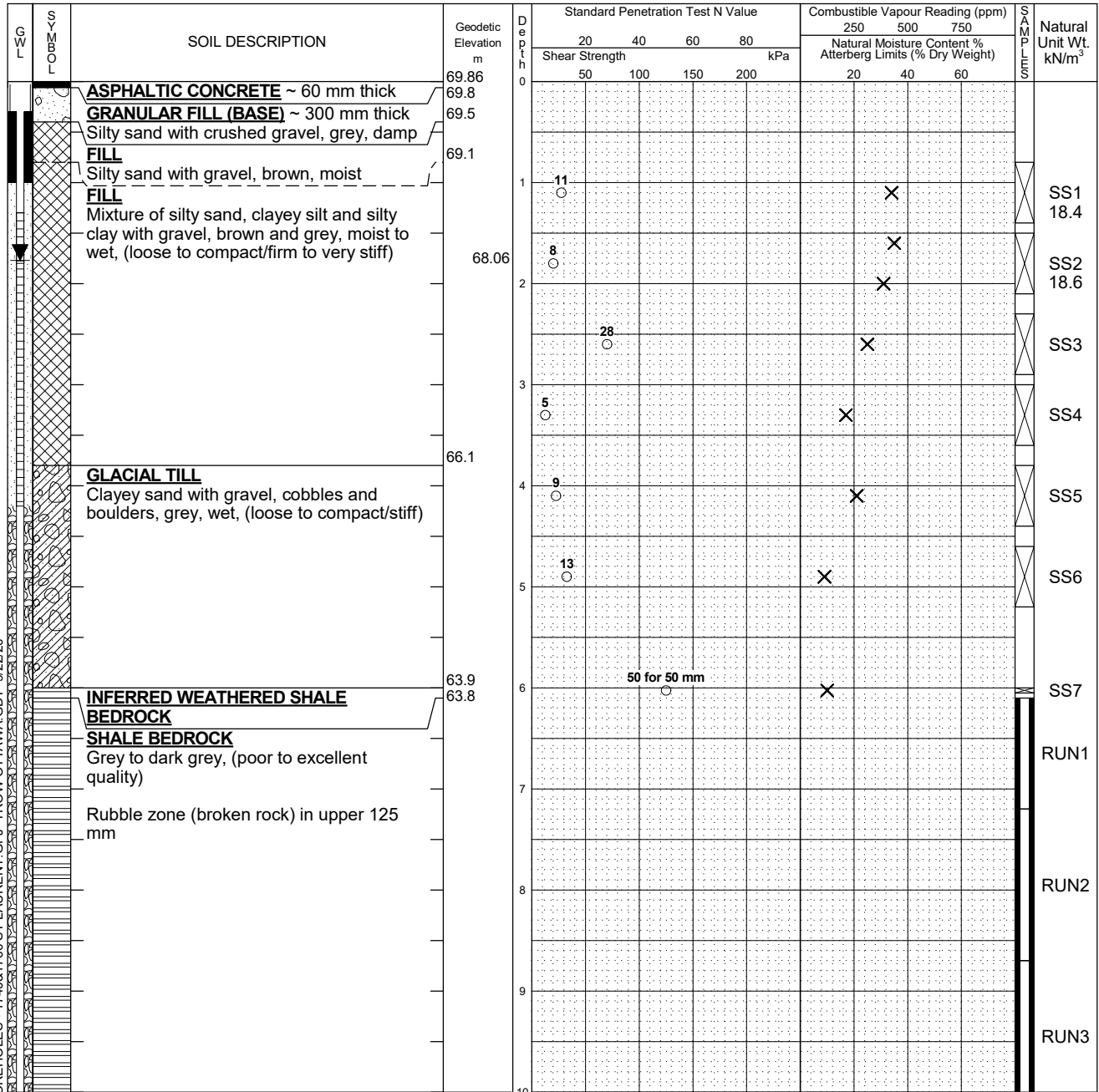
% Strain at Failure

Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Shear Strength by

Shear Strength by

Vane Test



Continued Next Page

NOTES:

- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
- A 50 mm diameter monitoring well installed to a 4.2 m depth as shown.
- Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
- See Notes on Sample Descriptions
- Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS

Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Aug. 24, 2020	2.3	6.0
Sept. 3, 2020	1.8	
Sept. 10, 2020	1.8	

CORE DRILLING RECORD

Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	6.1 - 7.2	100	36
2	7.2 - 8.7	100	68
3	8.7 - 10.2	98	98
4	10.2 - 11.7	100	95
5	11.7 - 13.2	100	92
6	13.2 - 14.7	100	96

LOG OF BOREHOLE - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 9/22/20

Log of Borehole BH20-10



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0

Figure No. 12

Project: Residential Development

Page. 2 of 2

SOIL LOG	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
				20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
				Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
	SHALE BEDROCK Grey to dark grey, (poor to excellent quality) Rubble zone (broken rock) in upper 125 mm (<i>continued</i>)	59.86	10	50	100	150	200	20	40	60	
			11								RUN4
			12								RUN5
			13								
			14								RUN6
		55.2									
	Borehole Terminated at 14.7 m Depth										

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 50 mm diameter monitoring well installed to a 4.2 m depth as shown.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Aug. 24, 2020	2.3	6.0
Sept. 3, 2020	1.8	
Sept. 10, 2020	1.8	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	6.1 - 7.2	100	36
2	7.2 - 8.7	100	68
3	8.7 - 10.2	98	98
4	10.2 - 11.7	100	95
5	11.7 - 13.2	100	92
6	13.2 - 14.7	100	96

Log of Borehole BH20-11



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0

Figure No. 13

Project: Residential Development

Page. 1 of 1

Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.

Date Drilled: August 25, 2020

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

Undrained Triaxial at

Shelby Tube

% Strain at Failure

Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Shear Strength by

Penetrometer Test

Vane Test

G W L	S O M E S	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	D e p t h	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			S M P T L I M I T S	Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
					Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)				
					20	40	60	80	250	500	750		
		FILL Silty sand with gravel, brown, damp	70.68	0									
		FILL Silty sand, brown and grey, moist to wet, (loose/firm)	69.9	1	6					X			SS1
			68.98	2	4					X			SS2
				3	4								SS3
		GLACIAL TILL Silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (loose to dense/stiff to hard)	67.7	3	9					X			SS4
				4	15					X			SS5
				5	13					X			SS6
				6		41				X			SS7
				7		48				X			SS8
		Auger Refusal at 7.2 m Depth	63.5	7									

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 50 mm diameter monitoring well installed to a 4.2 m depth as shown.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Aug. 25, 2020	3.0	-
Sept. 3, 2020	1.7	-

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH20-12



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.
 Date Drilled: August 25, 2020
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Figure No. 14
 Page. 1 of 1

- Split Spoon Sample
- Auger Sample
- SPT (N) Value
- Dynamic Cone Test
- Shelby Tube
- Shear Strength by Vane Test
- Combustible Vapour Reading
- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
- Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

G W L	S O I L D E S C R I P T I O N	Geodetic Elevation m	D e p t h m	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			S O I L T E S T R E S S	Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
				Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)				
				20	40	60	80	250	500	750		
	FILL Mixture of silty sand, clayey silt and silty clay with gravel, brown and grey, moist to wet, (very loose to loose/soft to stiff)	72.18	0	9					X			SS1
			1									
			2	8					X			SS2
			3									
			4	2					X			SS3
			5									
	GLACIAL TILL Silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (compact/stiff to very stiff)	68.1	6	14					X			SS4
			7									
			8	24					X			SS5
			9									
	Auger Refusal at 6.9 m Depth	65.3	10									

LOG OF BOREHOLE - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT. GPJ TROW OTTAWA GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
completion	3.0	6.7

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH20-13



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.
 Date Drilled: August 20 and 21, 2020
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Figure No. 15
 Page. 1 of 2

Split Spoon Sample
 Auger Sample
 SPT (N) Value
 Dynamic Cone Test
 Shelby Tube
 Shear Strength by Vane Test
 Combustible Vapour Reading
 Natural Moisture Content
 Atterberg Limits
 Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
 Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

GWL	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth m	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³	
				Shear Strength kPa				250	500	750		
				20	40	60	80	Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)				
	FILL Mixture of silty sand, clayey silt and silty clay with gravel, brown and grey, moist to wet, (compact to dense/very stiff to hard)	71.07	0	21					X			SS1
			1		35				X			SS2
			2	15					X			SS3 20.9
		68.47		20					X			SS4
		68.1	3	7					X			SS5
	GLACIAL TILL Silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (loose to very dense/firm to hard)		4	13					X			SS6 23.9
			5		51				X			SS7
			6	25					X			SS8
			6	19					X			SS9
		64.1	7									
	INFERRED WEATHERED SHALE BEDROCK											
		63.5	8									
	SHALE BEDROCK Grey to dark grey, (very poor to excellent quality) Very poor quality bedrock with numerous clay seams and rubble zone (broken rock) from 7.6 m to 14.9 m depths		8									RUN1
			9									
			9									RUN2
			10									

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA GDT 9/22/20

NOTES:
 1. Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 2. A 19 mm diameter standpipe installed to a 17.7 m depth as shown.
 3. Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 4. See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 5. Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

Continued Next Page

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
-	-	-
Sept. 3, 2020	2.6	
Sept. 10, 2020	2.6	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7.6 - 8.8	22	0
2	8.8 - 10.3	71	0
3	10.3 - 11.8	92	13
4	11.8 - 13.4	92	6
5	13.4 - 14.7	67	0
6	14.7 - 16.3	100	77
7	16.3 - 17.7	100	100

Log of Borehole BH20-13



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0

Figure No. 15

Project: Residential Development

Page. 2 of 2

SOIL TYPE	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
				20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
				Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
	SHALE BEDROCK Grey to dark grey, (very poor to excellent quality) Very poor quality bedrock with numerous clay seams and rubble zone (broken rock) from 7.6 m to 14.9 m depths (<i>continued</i>)	61.07	10	50	100	150	200	20	40	60	
			11								RUN3
			12								RUN4
			13								RUN5
			14								RUN6
			15								RUN6
			16								RUN7
			17								RUN7
	Borehole Terminated at 17.7 m Depth	53.4									

LOG OF BOREHOLE LOGS OF BOREHOLES - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 19 mm diameter standpipe installed to a 17.7 m depth as shown.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
-	-	-
Sept. 3, 2020	2.6	
Sept. 10, 2020	2.6	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7.6 - 8.8	22	0
2	8.8 - 10.3	71	0
3	10.3 - 11.8	92	13
4	11.8 - 13.4	92	6
5	13.4 - 14.7	67	0
6	14.7 - 16.3	100	77
7	16.3 - 17.7	100	100

Log of Borehole BH20-14



Project No: OTT-00260579-A0

Figure No. 16

Project: Residential Development

Page. 1 of 1

Location: 1740 - 1760 St. Laurent Boulevard, Ottawa, On.

Date Drilled: August 25, 2020

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

Undrained Triaxial at

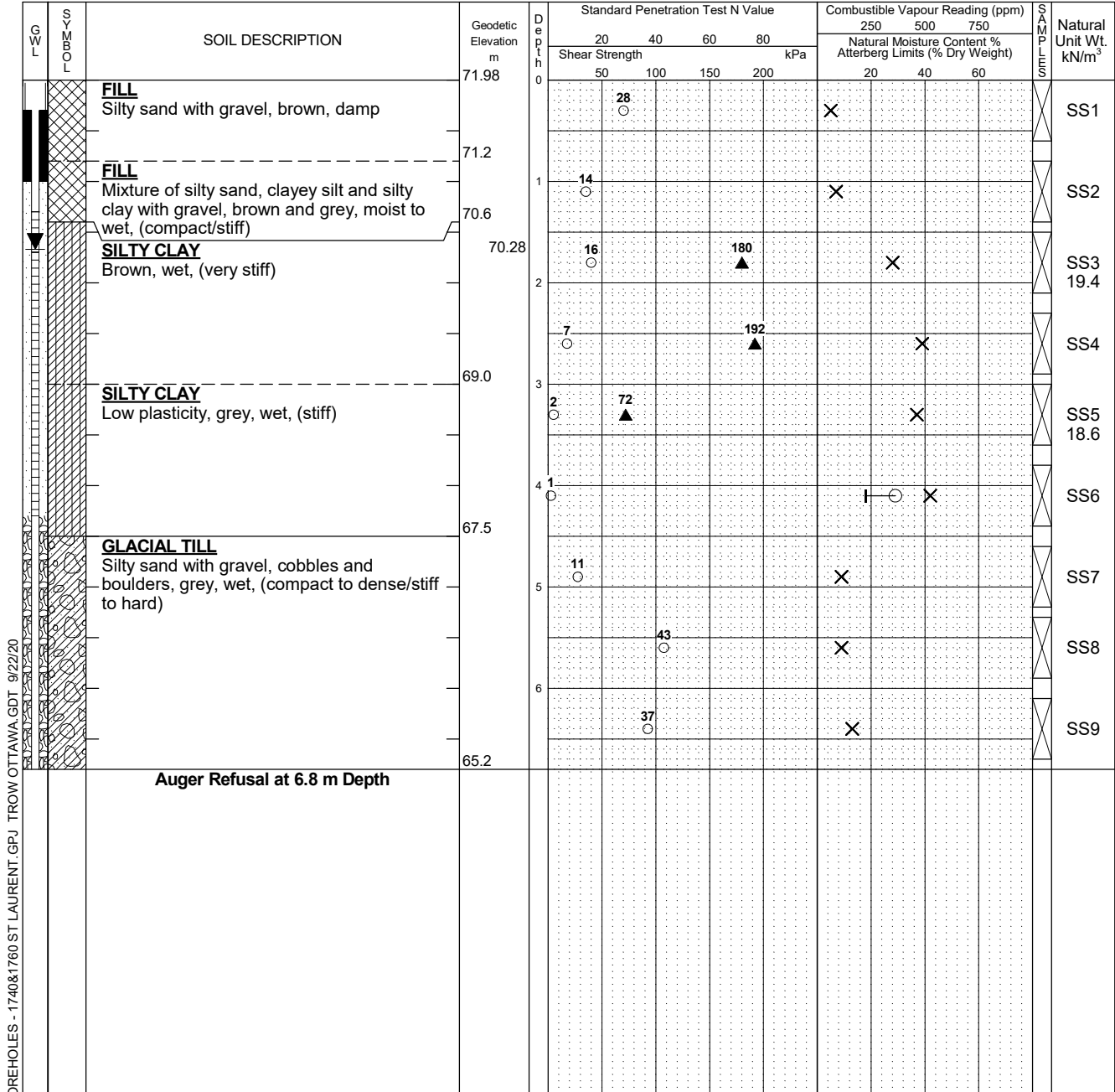
Shelby Tube

% Strain at Failure

Logged by: ML Checked by: SMP

Shear Strength by Vane Test

Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test



LOG OF BOREHOLE - 1740&1760 ST LAURENT.GPJ TROW OTTAWA GDT 9/22/20

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 50 mm diameter monitoring well installed to a 4.2 m depth as shown.
 - Fieldwork supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00260579-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Aug. 25, 2020	3.0	-
Sept. 3, 2020	1.7	-

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

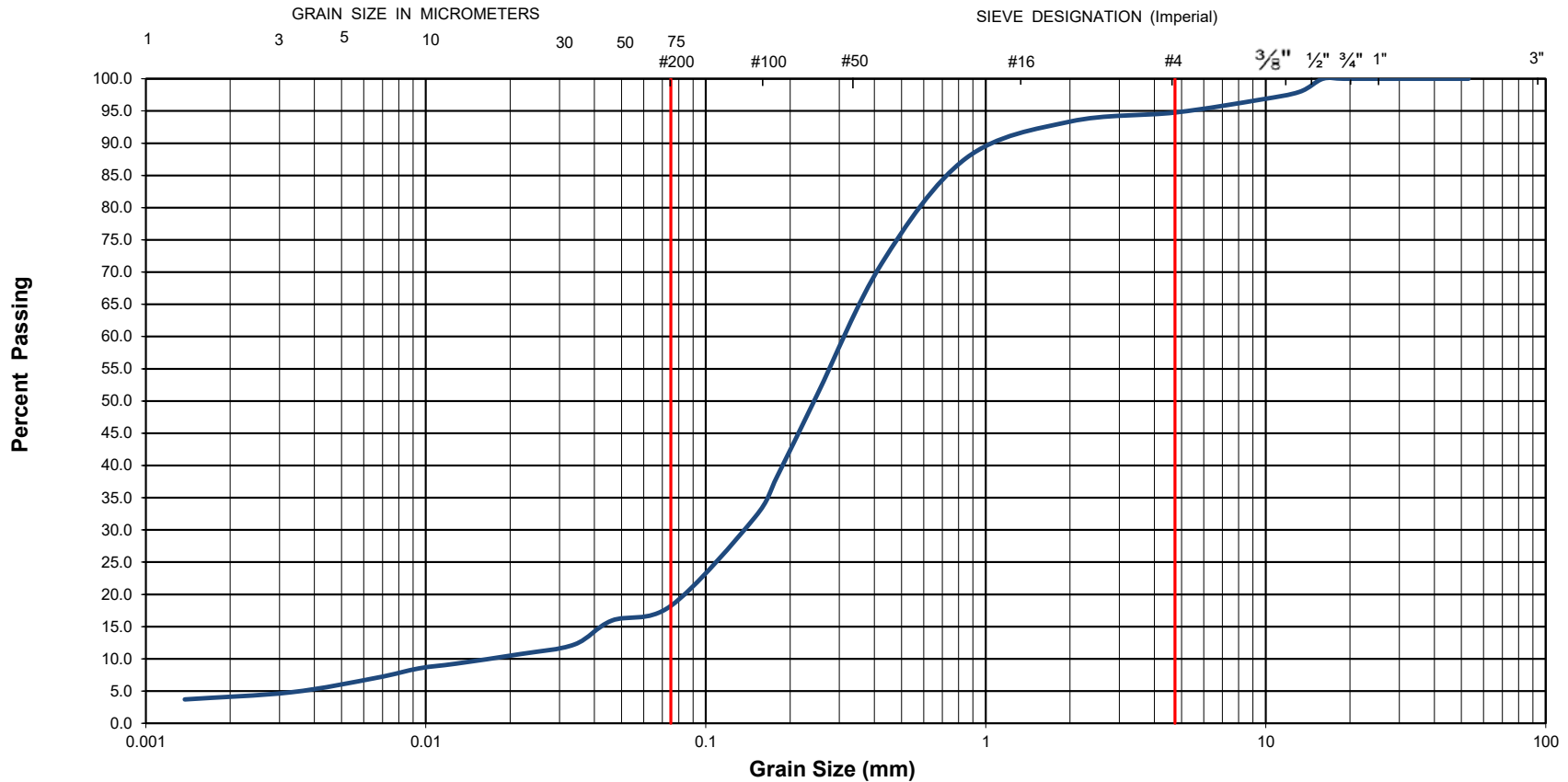


Grain-Size Distribution Curve Method of Test For Particle Size Analysis of Soil ASTM C-136/ASTM D422

EXP Services Inc.
100-2650 Queensview Drive
Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

Unified Soil Classification System

CLAY AND SILT	SAND			GRAVEL	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse



EXP Project No.:	OTT-00260579	Project Name :	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed Residential Development	
Client :	Heafy Group	Project Location :	1740-1760 St. Laurent Blvd. Ottawa, Ontario	
Date Sampled :	August 25, 2020	Borehole No:	BH20-11	Sample No.: SS2
Sample Description :	% Silt and Clay	18	% Sand	77
Sample Description :	FILL: Silty Sand (SM)			% Gravel
				5
			Figure :	17

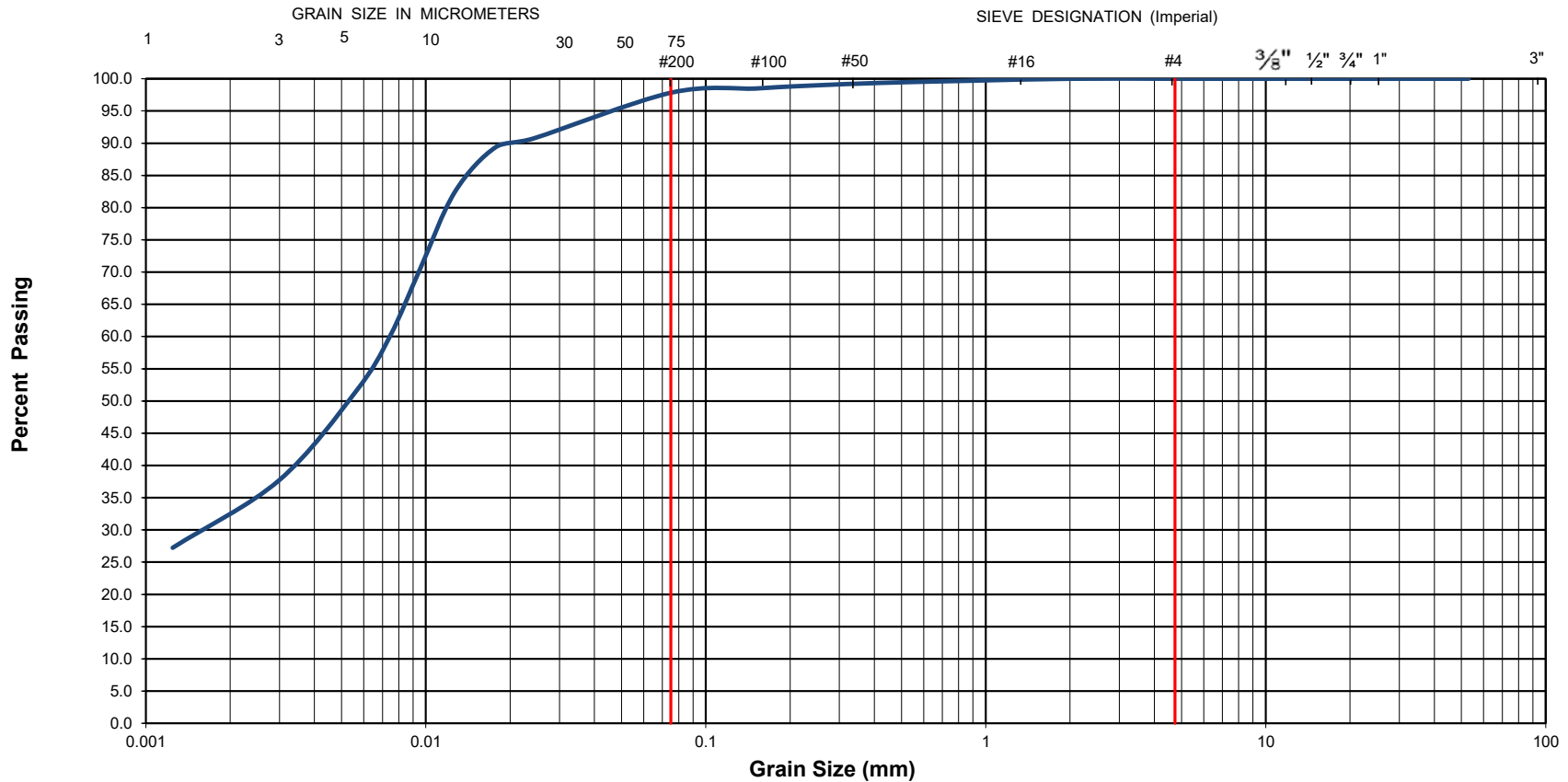


Grain-Size Distribution Curve Method of Test For Particle Size Analysis of Soil ASTM C-136/ASTM D422

EXP Services Inc.
100-2650 Queensview Drive
Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

Unified Soil Classification System

CLAY AND SILT	SAND			GRAVEL	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse



EXP Project No.:	OTT-00260579	Project Name :	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed Residential Development		
Client :	Heafy Group	Project Location :	1740-1760 St. Laurent Blvd. Ottawa, Ontario		
Date Sampled :	August 25, 2020	Borehole No:	BH20-08	Sample No.: SS4	
Sample Description :	% Silt and Clay	98	% Sand	2	
Sample Description :	BROWN SILTY CLAY CRUST: Low Plasticity (CL)			% Gravel	0
Sample Description :				Depth (m) :	2.3-2.9
Sample Description :				Figure :	18

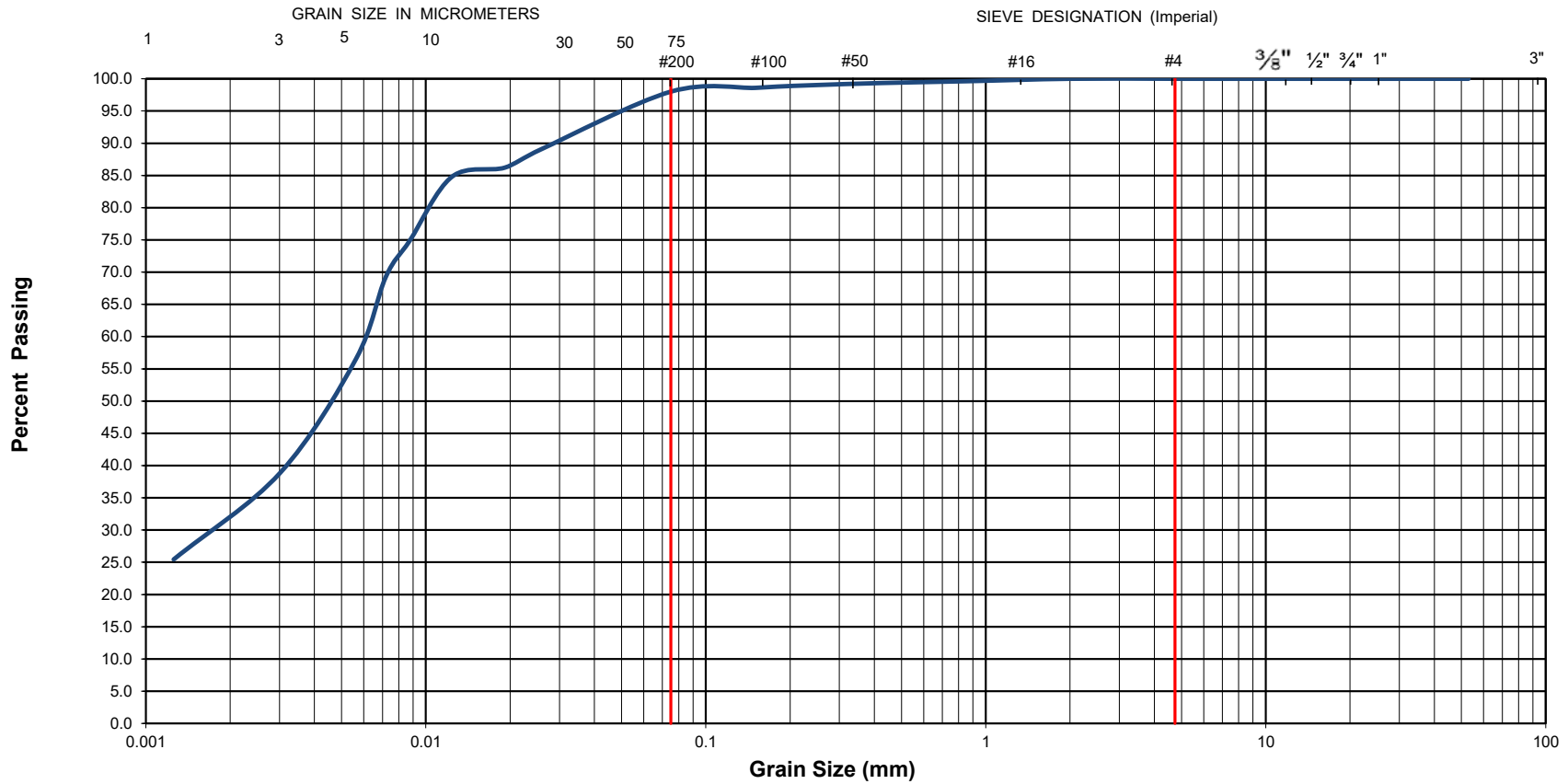


Grain-Size Distribution Curve Method of Test For Particle Size Analysis of Soil ASTM C-136/ASTM D422

EXP Services Inc.
100-2650 Queensview Drive
Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

Unified Soil Classification System

CLAY AND SILT	SAND			GRAVEL	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse



EXP Project No.:	OTT-00260579	Project Name :	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed Residential Development				
Client :	Heafy Group	Project Location :	1740-1760 St. Laurent Blvd, Ottawa, Ontario				
Date Sampled :	August 25, 2020	Borehole No:	BH20-14	Sample No.:	SS6	Depth (m) :	3.8-4.4
Sample Description :	% Silt and Clay	98	% Sand	2	% Gravel	0	Figure : 19
Sample Description :	GREY SILTY CLAY: Low Plasticity (CL)						

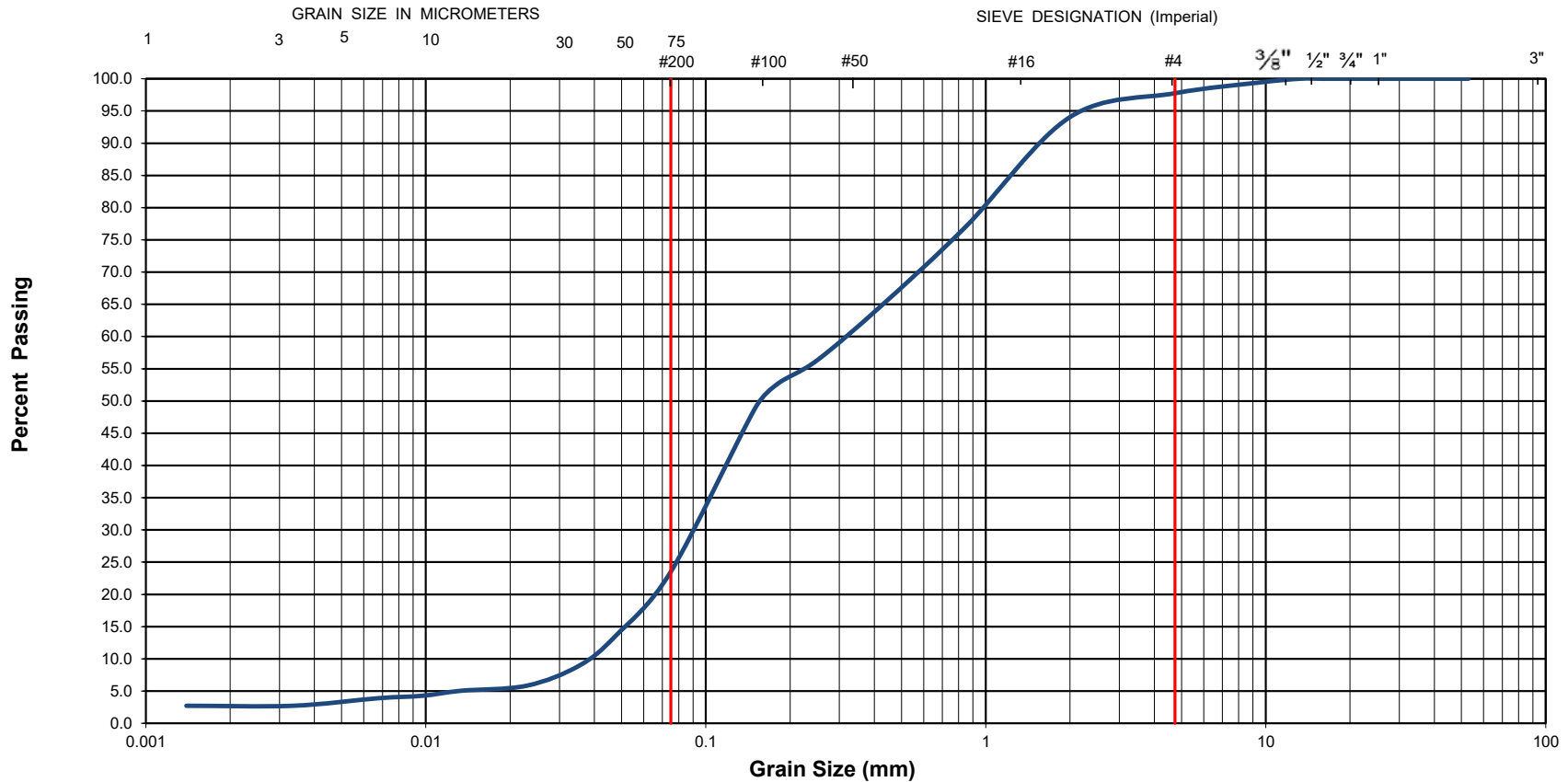


Grain-Size Distribution Curve Method of Test For Particle Size Analysis of Soil ASTM C-136/ASTM D422

EXP Services Inc.
100-2650 Queensview Drive
Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

Unified Soil Classification System

CLAY AND SILT	SAND			GRAVEL	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse



EXP Project No.:	OTT-00260579	Project Name :	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed Residential Development		
Client :	Heafy Group	Project Location :	1740-1760 St. Laurent Blvd. Ottawa, Ontario		
Date Sampled :	August 25, 2020	Borehole No:	BH20-06	Sample No.: SS8	
Sample Description :	% Silt and Clay	24	% Sand	74	
Sample Description :			% Gravel	2	
Sample Description :	GLACIAL TILL: Silty Sand (SM)			Depth (m) :	5.3-5.9
				Figure :	20

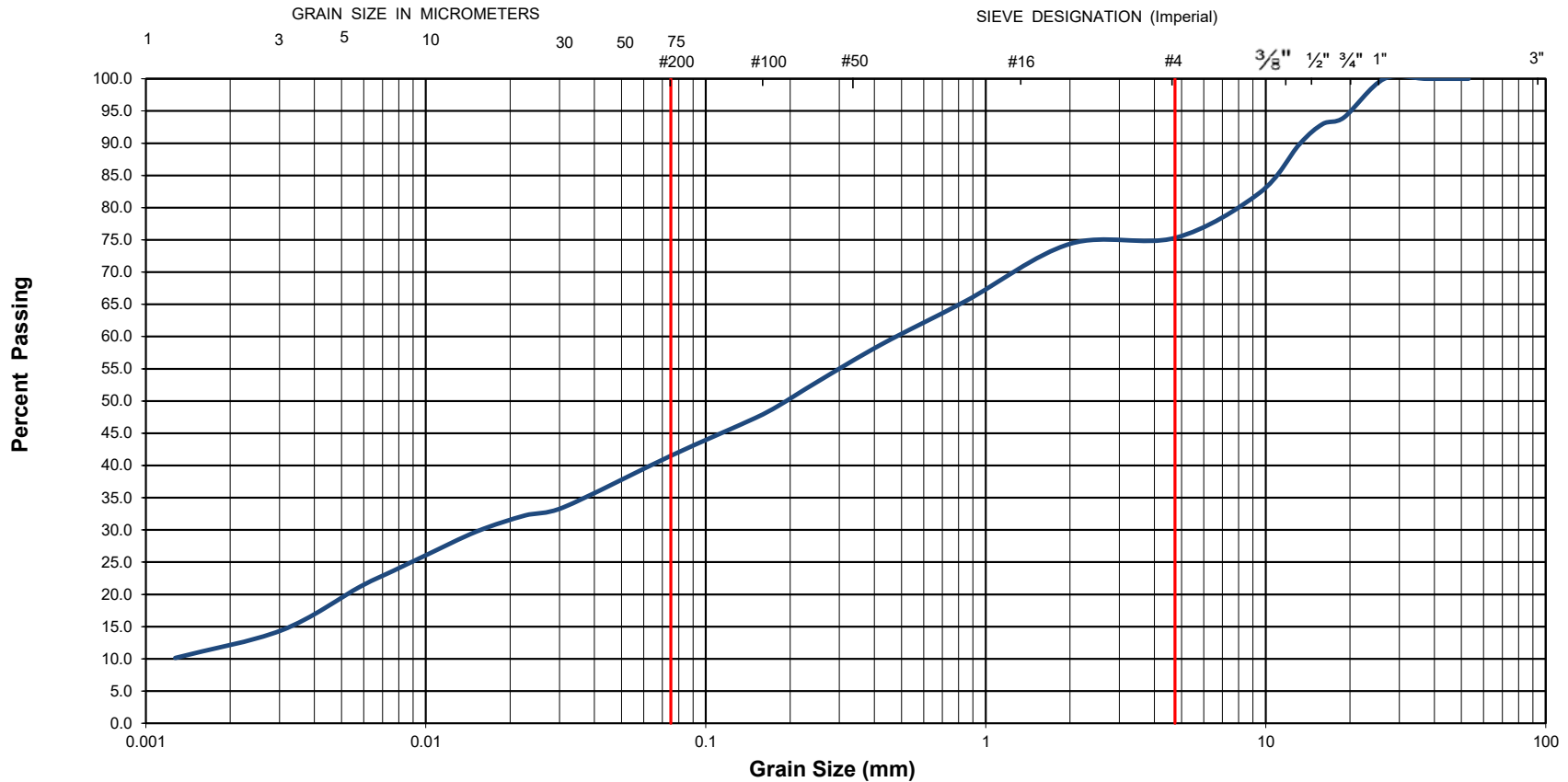


Grain-Size Distribution Curve Method of Test For Particle Size Analysis of Soil ASTM C-136/ASTM D422

EXP Services Inc.
100-2650 Queensview Drive
Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

Unified Soil Classification System

CLAY AND SILT	SAND			GRAVEL	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse



EXP Project No.:	OTT-00260579	Project Name :	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed Residential Development		
Client :	Heafy Group	Project Location :	1740-1760 St. Laurent Blvd. Ottawa, Ontario		
Date Sampled :	August 25, 2020	Borehole No:	BH20-07	Sample No.: SS4-SS6	
Sample Description :	% Silt and Clay	42	% Sand	33	
Sample Description :			% Gravel	25	
Sample Description :	GLACIAL TILL: Clayey Sand with Gravel (SC)			Figure :	21

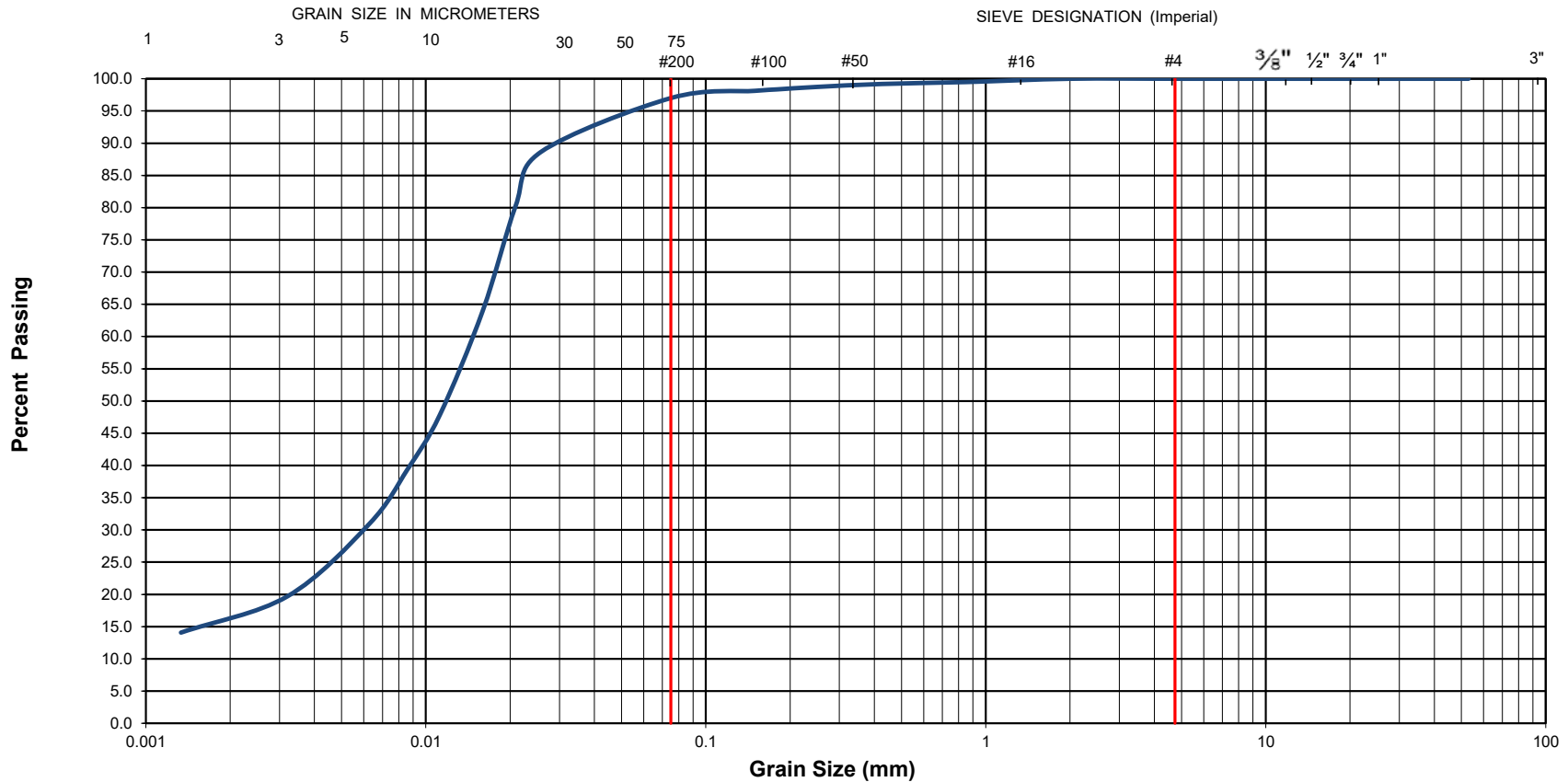


Grain-Size Distribution Curve Method of Test For Particle Size Analysis of Soil ASTM C-136/ASTM D422

EXP Services Inc.
100-2650 Queensview Drive
Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

Unified Soil Classification System

CLAY AND SILT	SAND			GRAVEL	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse



EXP Project No.:	OTT-00260579	Project Name :	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed Residential Development		
Client :	Heafy Group	Project Location :	1740-1760 St. Laurent Blvd. Ottawa, Ontario		
Date Sampled :	August 25, 2020	Borehole No:	BH20-08	Sample No.: SS6	
Sample Description :		Depth (m) :	3.8-4.4		
Sample Description :		% Silt and Clay	97	% Sand	
Sample Description :		% Gravel	3	0	
Sample Description :	GLACIAL TILL: Silty Clay of Low Plasticity (CL-ML)			Figure :	22

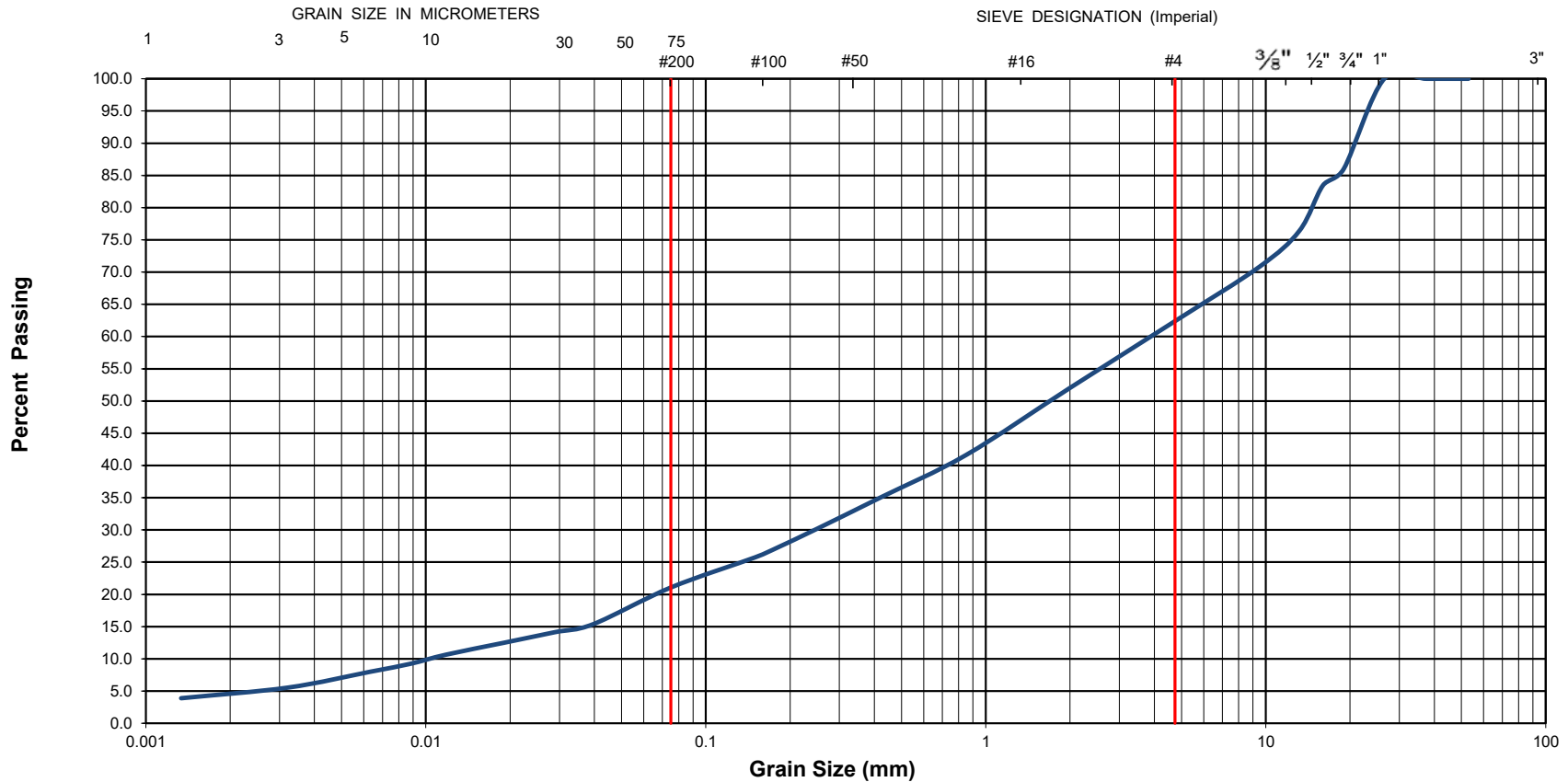


Grain-Size Distribution Curve Method of Test For Particle Size Analysis of Soil ASTM C-136/ASTM D422

EXP Services Inc.
100-2650 Queensview Drive
Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

Unified Soil Classification System

CLAY AND SILT	SAND			GRAVEL	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse

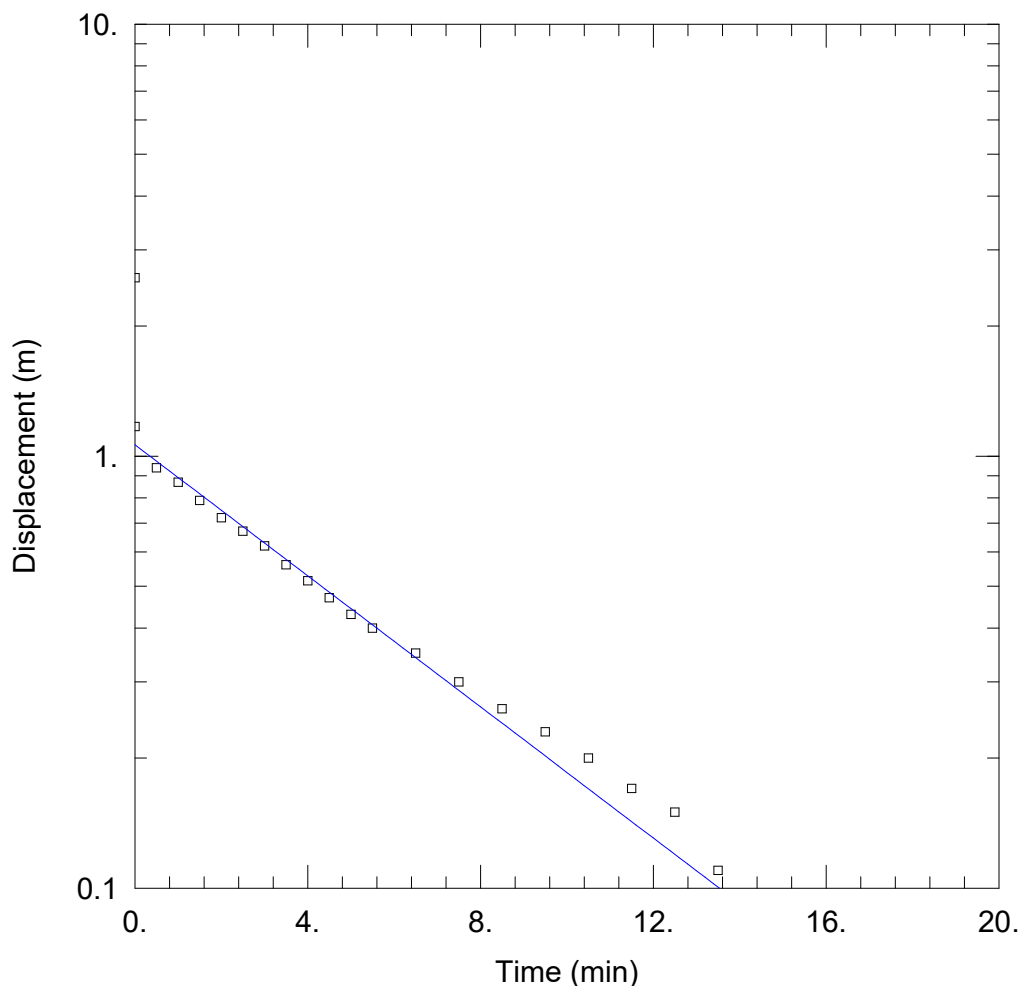


EXP Project No.:	OTT-00260579	Project Name :	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed Residential Development			
Client :	Heafy Group	Project Location :	1740-1760 St. Laurent Blvd. Ottawa, Ontario			
Date Sampled :	August 25, 2020	Borehole No:	BH20-14	Sample No.:	SS8	
Sample Description :	% Silt and Clay	21	% Sand	41	% Gravel	38
	Sample Description :	GLACIAL TILL: Silty Sand with Gravel (SM)				Figure :

EXP Services Inc.

1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario
Hydrogeological Investigation
OTT-00260579-B0
October 17, 2023

Appendix C – SWRT Results



WELL TEST ANALYSIS

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt BH19-02 RH.aqt
 Date: 10/06/23 Time: 11:56:20

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Well: MW19-02 FH
 Test Date: September 26, 2023

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (MW19-02 RH)

Initial Displacement: 2.59 m Static Water Column Height: 6.2 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m Well Radius: 0.07 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 4.955E-6 m/sec y0 = 1.062 m

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt MW19-02 FH.aqt
Date: 10/06/23
Time: 12:28:31

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
Project: OTT-00260579-B0
Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
Test Date: September 26, 2023
Test Well: MW19-02 FH

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m
Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

SLUG TEST WELL DATA

Test Well: MW19-02 FH

X Location: 0. m
Y Location: 0. m

Initial Displacement: 2.59 m
Static Water Column Height: 6.2 m
Casing Radius: 0.05 m
Well Radius: 0.07 m
Well Skin Radius: 0.1 m
Screen Length: 3. m
Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m

No. of Observations: 20

Observation Data			
Time (min)	Displacement (m)	Time (min)	Displacement (m)
0.	1.17	5.	0.43
0.5	0.94	5.5	0.4
1.	0.87	6.5	0.35
1.5	0.79	7.5	0.3
2.	0.72	8.5	0.26
2.5	0.67	9.5	0.23
3.	0.62	10.5	0.2
3.5	0.56	11.5	0.17
4.	0.515	12.5	0.15
4.5	0.47	13.5	0.11

SOLUTION

Slug Test
Aquifer Model: Confined
Solution Method: Hvorslev
Log Factor: 0.1887

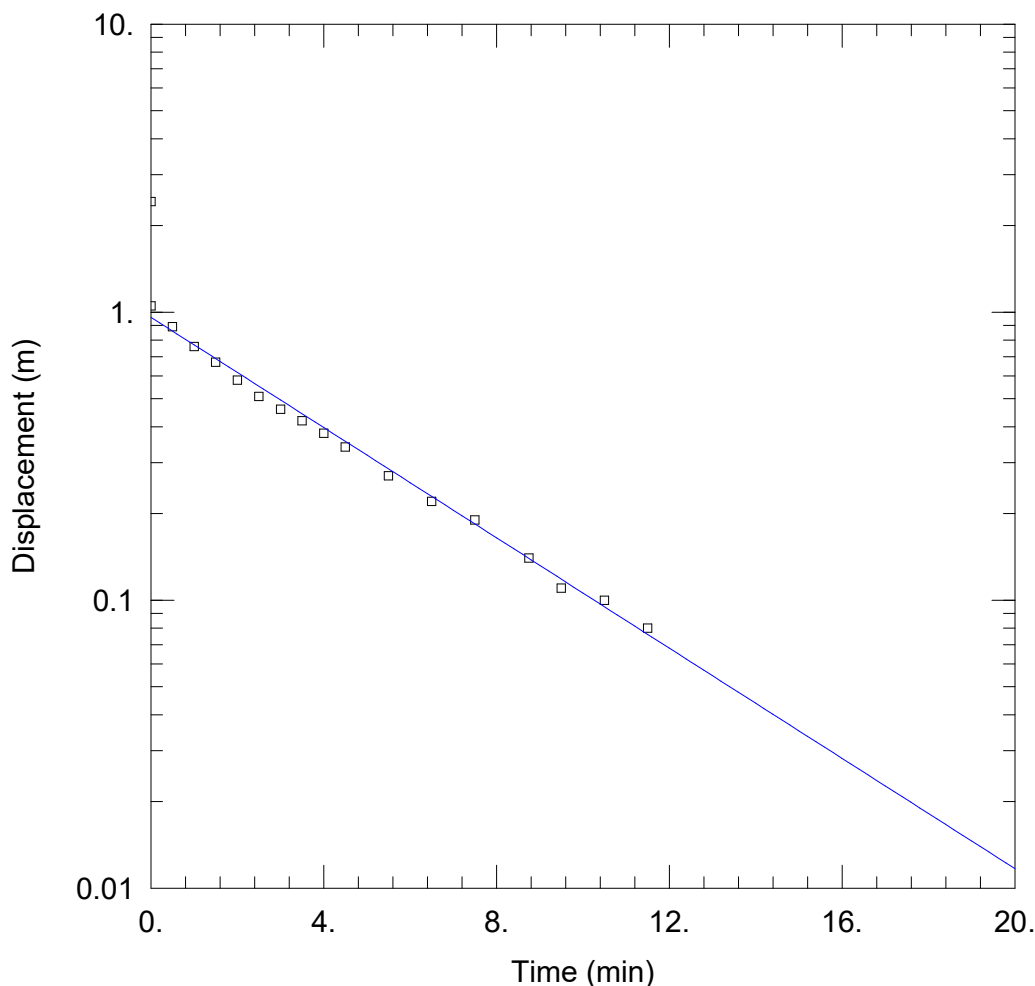
VISUAL ESTIMATION RESULTS

Estimated Parameters

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	
K	4.955E-6	m/sec
y0	1.062	m

K = 0.0004955 cm/sec

T = K*b = 6.937E-6 m²/sec (0.06937 sq. cm/sec)



MULTI WELL SLUG TEST

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt MW19-03 FH.aqt
 Date: 10/06/23 Time: 12:18:59

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Well: MW19-03 FH
 Test Date: September 26, 2023

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (MW19-03 FH)

Initial Displacement: 2.42 m Static Water Column Height: 4.27 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m Well Radius: 0.07 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 6.253E-6 m/sec y0 = 0.9589 m

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt MW19-03 FH.aqt
 Title: Multi Well Slug Test
 Date: 10/06/23
 Time: 12:22:53

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Date: September 26, 2023
 Test Well: MW19-03 FH

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m
 Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

SLUG TEST WELL DATA

Test Well: MW19-03 FH

X Location: 0. m
 Y Location: 0. m

Initial Displacement: 2.42 m
 Static Water Column Height: 4.27 m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m
 Well Radius: 0.07 m
 Well Skin Radius: 0.1 m
 Screen Length: 3. m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m

No. of Observations: 17

Time (min)	Observation Data	
	Displacement (m)	Time (min)
0.	1.05	4.5
0.5	0.89	5.5
1.	0.76	6.5
1.5	0.67	7.5
2.	0.58	8.75
2.5	0.51	9.5
3.	0.46	10.5
3.5	0.42	11.5
4.	0.38	

SOLUTION

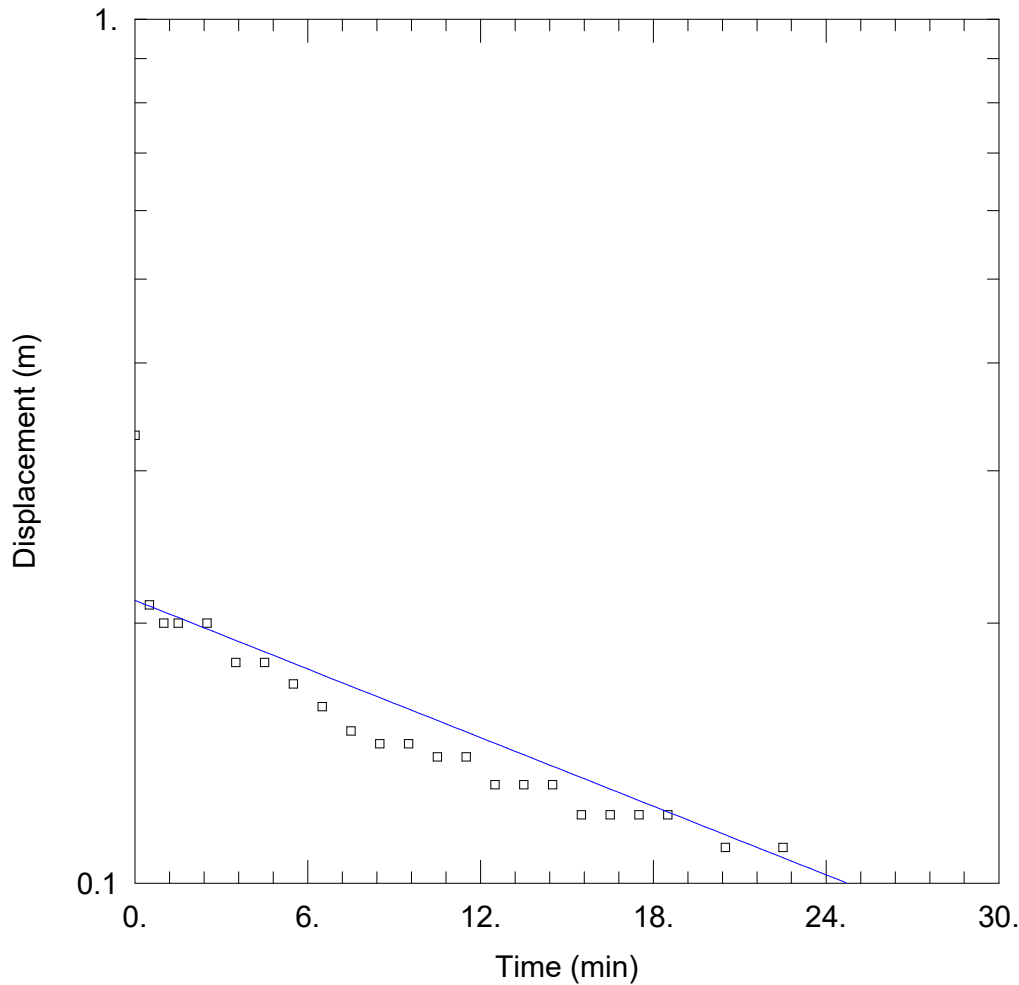
Slug Test
 Aquifer Model: Confined
 Solution Method: Hvorslev
 Log Factor: 0.1887

VISUAL ESTIMATION RESULTSEstimated Parameters

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	
K	6.253E-6	m/sec
y0	0.9589	m

K = 0.0006253 cm/sec

T = K*b = 8.754E-6 m²/sec (0.08754 sq. cm/sec)



MULTI WELL SLUG TEST

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt UNK ID FH.aqt
 Date: 10/06/23 Time: 12:26:44

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Well: UNK ID
 Test Date: September 26, 2023

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (UNK ID FH)

Initial Displacement: 2.42 m Static Water Column Height: 4.27 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m Well Radius: 0.07 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 8.653E-7 m/sec y0 = 0.2125 m

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt UNK ID FH.aqt
 Title: Multi Well Slug Test
 Date: 10/06/23
 Time: 12:27:08

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Date: September 26, 2023
 Test Well: UNK ID

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m
 Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

SLUG TEST WELL DATA

Test Well: UNK ID FH

X Location: 0. m
 Y Location: 0. m

Initial Displacement: 2.42 m
 Static Water Column Height: 4.27 m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m
 Well Radius: 0.07 m
 Well Skin Radius: 0.1 m
 Screen Length: 3. m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m

No. of Observations: 23

Time (min)	Observation Data		Time (min)	Displacement (m)
	Displacement (m)	Displacement (m)		
0.	0.33		10.5	0.14
0.5	0.21		11.5	0.14
1.	0.2		12.5	0.13
1.5	0.2		13.5	0.13
2.5	0.2		14.5	0.13
3.5	0.18		15.5	0.12
4.5	0.18		16.5	0.12
5.5	0.17		17.5	0.12
6.5	0.16		18.5	0.12
7.5	0.15		20.5	0.11
8.5	0.145		22.5	0.11
9.5	0.145			

SOLUTION

Slug Test
 Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Hvorslev
Log Factor: 0.1887

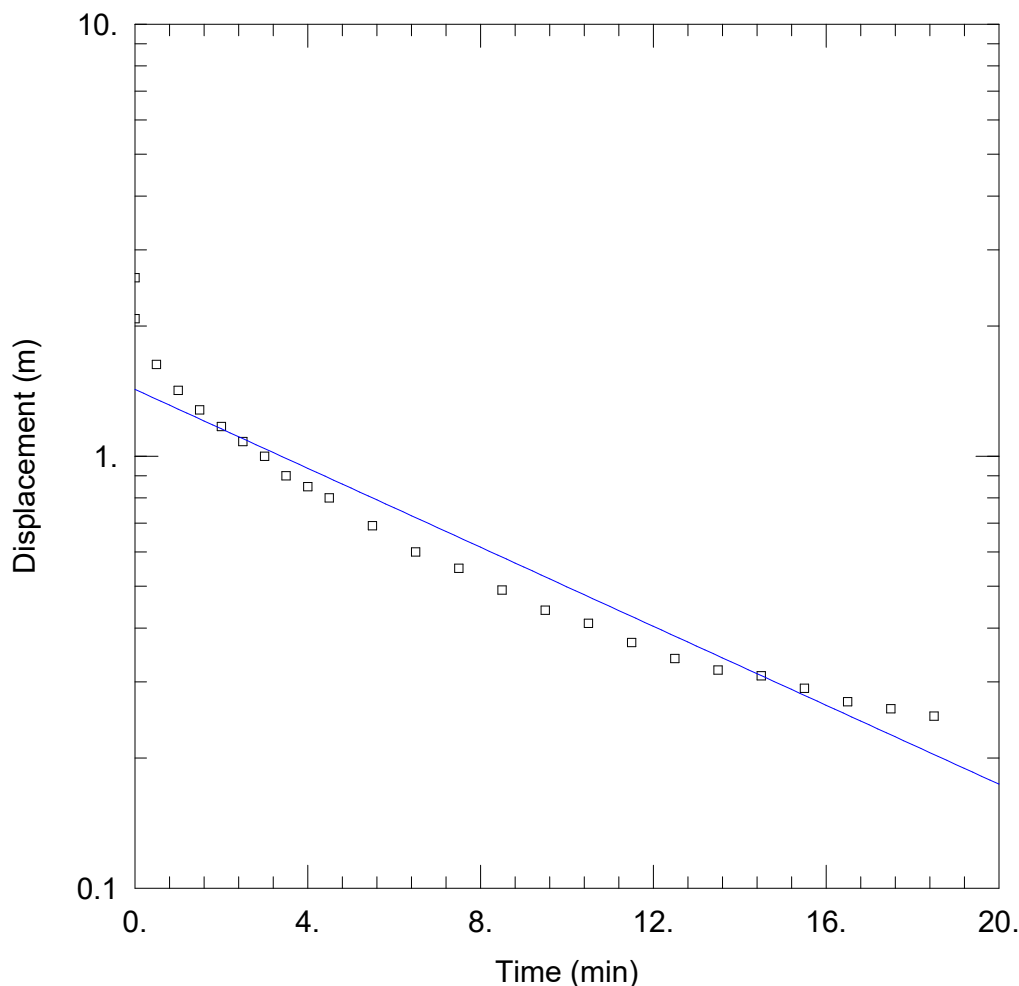
VISUAL ESTIMATION RESULTS

Estimated Parameters

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	
K	8.653E-7	m/sec
y0	0.2125	m

$K = 8.653E-5$ cm/sec

$T = K*b = 1.211E-6$ m²/sec (0.01211 sq. cm/sec)



MULTI WELL SLUG TEST

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt MW19-02 RH.aqt
 Date: 10/06/23 Time: 14:36:04

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Well: MW19-02 RH
 Test Date: September 26, 2023

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (MW19-02 RH)

Initial Displacement: 2.59 m Static Water Column Height: 6.2 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m Well Radius: 0.07 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 2.985E-6 m/sec y0 = 1.427 m

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt MW19-02 RH.aqt
 Title: Multi Well Slug Test
 Date: 10/06/23
 Time: 14:36:26

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Date: September 26, 2023
 Test Well: MW19-02 RH

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m
 Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

SLUG TEST WELL DATA

Test Well: MW19-02 RH

X Location: 0. m
 Y Location: 0. m

Initial Displacement: 2.59 m
 Static Water Column Height: 6.2 m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m
 Well Radius: 0.07 m
 Well Skin Radius: 0.1 m
 Screen Length: 3. m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m

No. of Observations: 24

Time (min)	Observation Data		Time (min)	Displacement (m)
	Displacement (m)	Displacement (m)		
0.	2.08		7.5	0.55
0.5	1.63		8.5	0.49
1.	1.42		9.5	0.44
1.5	1.28		10.5	0.41
2.	1.17		11.5	0.37
2.5	1.08		12.5	0.34
3.	1.		13.5	0.32
3.5	0.9		14.5	0.31
4.	0.85		15.5	0.29
4.5	0.8		16.5	0.27
5.5	0.69		17.5	0.26
6.5	0.6		18.5	0.25

SOLUTION

Slug Test
 Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Hvorslev
Log Factor: 0.1887

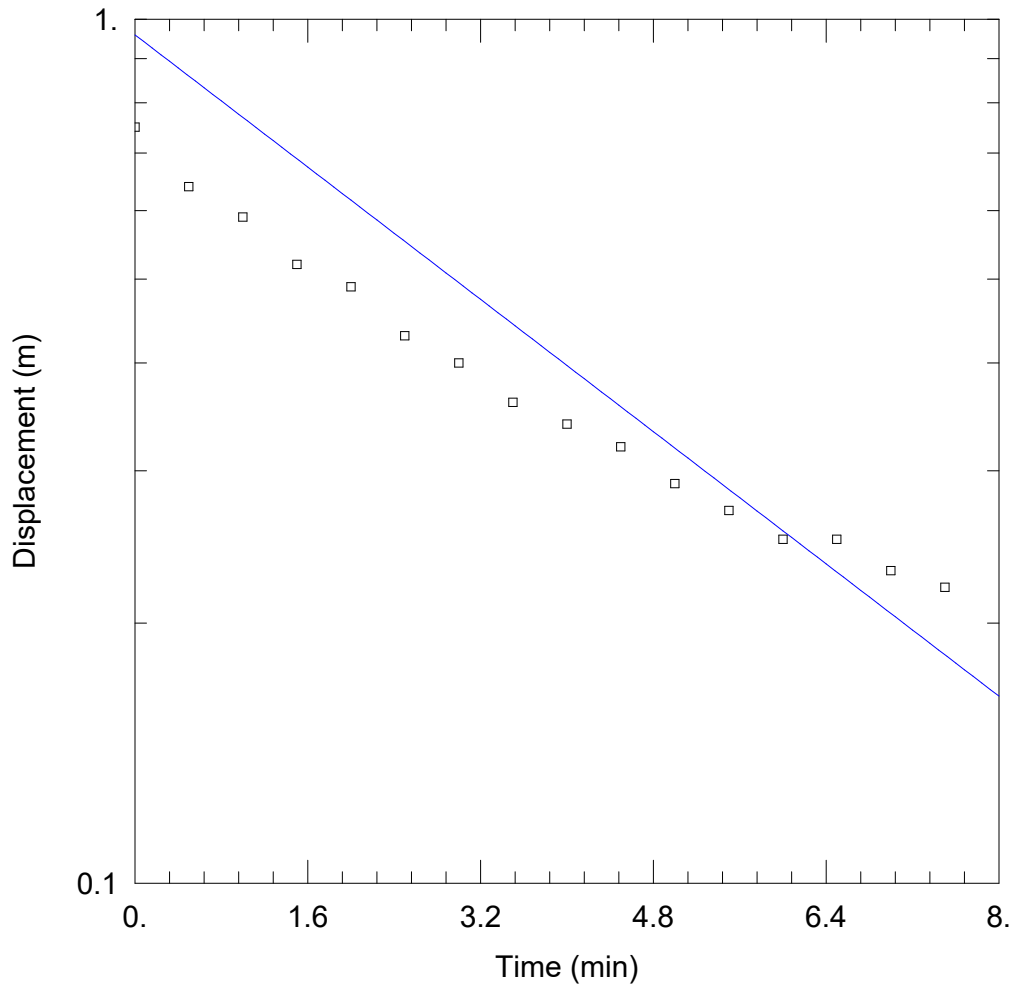
VISUAL ESTIMATION RESULTS

Estimated Parameters

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	
K	2.985E-6	m/sec
y0	1.427	m

$K = 0.0002985 \text{ cm/sec}$

$T = K*b = 4.179\text{E-}6 \text{ m}^2/\text{sec} (0.04179 \text{ sq. cm/sec})$



MULTI WELL SLUG TEST

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt MW19-03 FH.aqt
 Date: 10/06/23 Time: 14:39:00

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Well: MW19-03
 Test Date: September 26, 2023

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (MW19-03 RH)

Initial Displacement: 2.42 m Static Water Column Height: 4.27 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m Well Radius: 0.07 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 6.253E-6 m/sec y0 = 0.9589 m

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt MW19-03 FH.aqt
 Title: Multi Well Slug Test
 Date: 10/06/23
 Time: 14:39:37

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Date: September 26, 2023
 Test Well: MW19-03

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m
 Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

SLUG TEST WELL DATA

Test Well: MW19-03 RH

X Location: 0. m
 Y Location: 0. m

Initial Displacement: 2.42 m
 Static Water Column Height: 4.27 m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m
 Well Radius: 0.07 m
 Well Skin Radius: 0.1 m
 Screen Length: 3. m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m

No. of Observations: 16

Time (min)	Observation Data		Time (min)	Displacement (m)
	Displacement (m)	Displacement (m)		
0.	0.75		4.	0.34
0.5	0.64		4.5	0.32
1.	0.59		5.	0.29
1.5	0.52		5.5	0.27
2.	0.49		6.	0.25
2.5	0.43		6.5	0.25
3.	0.4		7.	0.23
3.5	0.36		7.5	0.22

SOLUTION

Slug Test
 Aquifer Model: Confined
 Solution Method: Hvorslev
 Log Factor: 0.1887

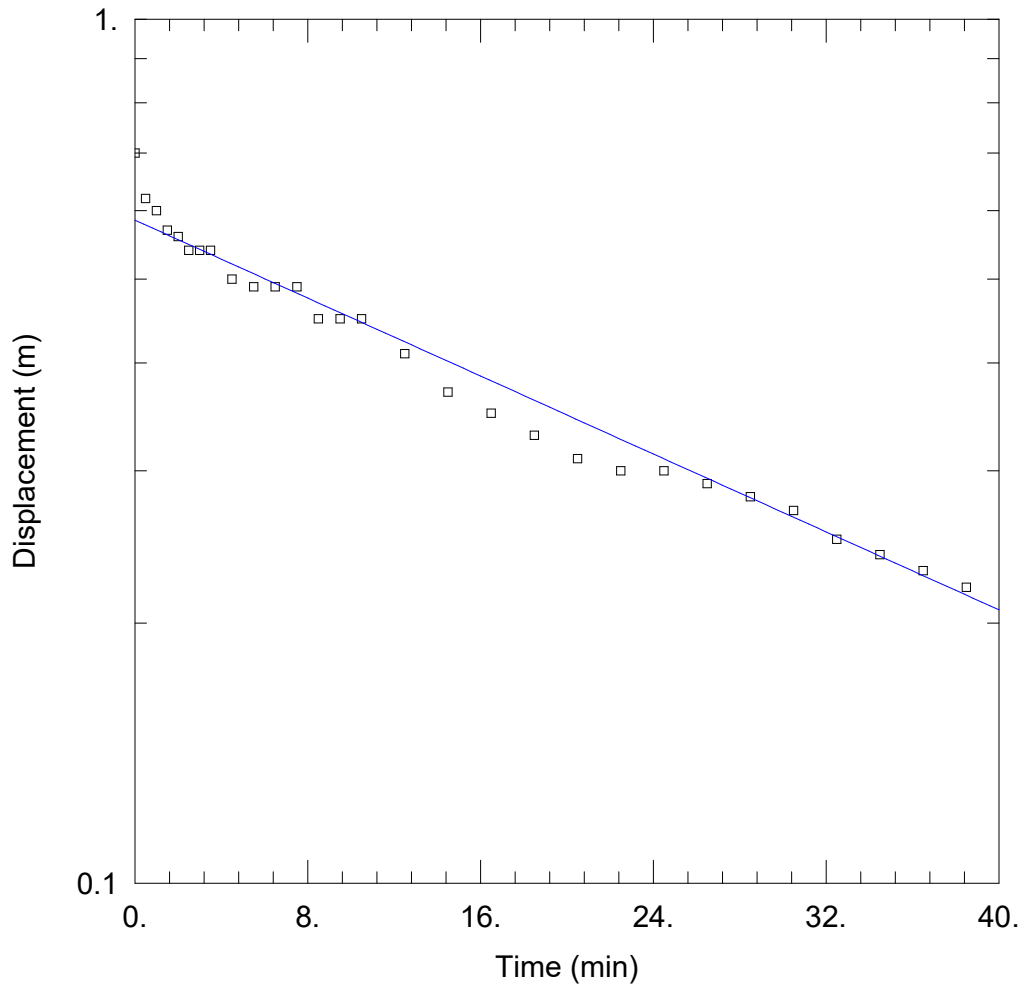
VISUAL ESTIMATION RESULTS

Estimated Parameters

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	
K	6.253E-6	m/sec
y0	0.9589	m

$K = 0.0006253 \text{ cm/sec}$

$T = K*b = 8.754E-6 \text{ m}^2/\text{sec} (0.08754 \text{ sq. cm/sec})$



MULTI WELL SLUG TEST

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt UNK ID FH.aqt
 Date: 10/06/23 Time: 14:41:24

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Well: UNK ID
 Test Date: September 26, 2023

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (UNK ID RH)

Initial Displacement: 2.42 m Static Water Column Height: 4.27 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m Well Radius: 0.07 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 7.365E-7 m/sec y0 = 0.5851 m

Data Set: C:\Users\AhmedD\OneDrive - EXP\Desktop\St Laurent Blvd\AqtSolve\Aqt UNK ID FH.aqt
 Title: Multi Well Slug Test
 Date: 10/06/23
 Time: 14:41:56

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc.
 Project: OTT-00260579-B0
 Location: 1740 St Laurent Blvd
 Test Date: September 26, 2023
 Test Well: UNK ID

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 1.4 m
 Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

SLUG TEST WELL DATA

Test Well: UNK ID RH

X Location: 0. m
 Y Location: 0. m

Initial Displacement: 2.42 m
 Static Water Column Height: 4.27 m
 Casing Radius: 0.05 m
 Well Radius: 0.07 m
 Well Skin Radius: 0.1 m
 Screen Length: 3. m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 6.3 m

No. of Observations: 29

Time (min)	Observation Data		Time (min)	Displacement (m)
	Displacement (m)	Displacement (m)		
0.	0.7		12.5	0.41
0.5	0.62		14.5	0.37
1.	0.6		16.5	0.35
1.5	0.57		18.5	0.33
2.	0.56		20.5	0.31
2.5	0.54		22.5	0.3
3.	0.54		24.5	0.3
3.5	0.54		26.5	0.29
4.5	0.5		28.5	0.28
5.5	0.49		30.5	0.27
6.5	0.49		32.5	0.25
7.5	0.49		34.5	0.24
8.5	0.45		36.5	0.23
9.5	0.45		38.5	0.22
10.5	0.45			

SOLUTION

Slug Test
Aquifer Model: Confined
Solution Method: Hvorslev
Log Factor: 0.1887

VISUAL ESTIMATION RESULTS

Estimated Parameters

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	
K	7.365E-7	m/sec
y0	0.5851	m

$K = 7.365E-5$ cm/sec

$T = K*b = 1.031E-6$ m²/sec (0.01031 sq. cm/sec)

EXP Services Inc.

1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario
Hydrogeological Investigation
OTT-00260579-B0
October 17, 2023

Appendix D – Laboratory Certificates of Analysis

Table 1A: Metals and General Physical Parameters					
	Client ID:		City of Ottawa	City of Ottawa	1740 SLB
	Sample ID:		Sewer Use By-Law	Sewer Use By-Law	23-026159-1
	Date Collected:		Sanitary	Storm	26-Sep-23
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Limits	Limits	
pH @25°C	pH units		5.5 to 11	6 to 9	7.23
Fluoride	mg/L	0.1	10		<0.7
Sulphate	mg/L	1	1500		279
BOD5	mg/L	3	300	25	<3
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	3	350	15	5
Phosphorus (Total)	mg/L	0.01	10	0.4	<0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	0.1	100		0.4
Sulphide	mg/L	0.01	2		<0.01
Cyanide (Total)	mg/L	0.005	2	0.02	<0.005
Phenolics	mg/L	0.001	1	0.008	<0.002
Aluminum (Total)	mg/L	0.01	50		0.14
Bismuth (Total)	mg/L	0.02	5		<0.02
Boron (Total)	mg/L	0.005	25		0.195
Cadmium (Total)	mg/L	0.005	0.02	0.008	<0.005
Chromium (Total)	mg/L	0.002	5	0.08	<0.002
Cobalt (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5		<0.005
Copper (Total)	mg/L	0.002	3	0.04	<0.002
Lead (Total)	mg/L	0.02	5	0.12	<0.02
Manganese (Total)	mg/L	0.001	5	0.05	0.057
Molybdenum (Total)	mg/L	0.01	5		<0.01
Nickel (Total)	mg/L	0.01	3	0.08	<0.01
Silver (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5	0.12	<0.005
Tin (Total)	mg/L	0.05	5		<0.05
Titanium (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5		<0.005
Vanadium (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5		<0.005
Zinc (Total)	mg/L	0.005	3	0.04	<0.005
Antimony (Total)	mg/L	0.0005	5		<0.0005
Arsenic (Total)	mg/L	0.0005	1		<0.0005
Selenium (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5		<0.005
Mercury	mg/L	2E-05	0.001		<0.00002
BOLD Exceedance compared to Storm Sewer Guidelines Table 2, Schedule A					
R.L. = Reporting Limit					

Table 1B: VOC Parameters

	Client ID:		City of Ottawa	City of Ottawa	1740 SLB
	Sample ID:		Sewer Use By-Law	Sewer Use By-Law	23-026159-1
	Date Collected:		Sanitary	Storm	26-Sep-23
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Limits	Limits	
Benzene	mg/L	0.0005	0.01	0.002	<0.0005
Bromodichloromethane	mg/L	0.002	0.35		<0.002
Bromoform	mg/L	0.005	0.63		<0.005
Bromomethane	mg/L	0.0005	0.11		<0.0005
Carbon Tetrachloride	mg/L	0.0002	0.057		<0.0002
Chlorobenzene	mg/L	0.0005	0.057		<0.0005
Chloroethane	mg/L	0.003	0.27		<0.003
Chloroform	mg/L	0.001	0.08	0.002	<0.001
Chloromethane (Methyl Chloride)	mg/L	0.002	0.19		<0.002
Dibromochloromethane	mg/L	0.002	0.057		<0.002
Ethylene Dibromide	mg/L	0.0002			<0.0002
Dichlorobenzene,1,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.088	0.0056	<0.0005
Dichlorobenzene,1,3-	mg/L	0.0005	0.036		<0.0005
Dichlorobenzene,1,4-	mg/L	0.0005	0.017	0.0068	<0.0005
Dichloroethane,1,1-	mg/L	0.0005	0.2		<0.0005
Dichloroethane,1,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.21		<0.0005
Dichloroethylene,1,1-	mg/L	0.0005	0.04		<0.0005
Dichloroethylene,1,2-cis-	mg/L	0.0005	0.2	0.0056	<0.0005
Dichloroethylene,1,2-trans-	mg/L	0.0005	0.2		<0.0005
Dichloropropane,1,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.85		<0.0005
Dichloropropene,1,3-cis-	mg/L	0.0005	0.07		<0.0005
Dichloropropene,1,3-trans-	mg/L	0.0005	0.07		<0.0005
Ethylbenzene	mg/L	0.0005	0.057	0.002	<0.0005
Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride)	mg/L	0.005	0.211	0.0052	<0.005
Styrene	mg/L	0.0005	0.04		<0.0005
Tetrachloroethane,1,1,2,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.04	0.017	<0.0005
Tetrachloroethylene	mg/L	0.0005	0.05	0.0044	<0.0005
Toluene	mg/L	0.0005	0.08	0.002	<0.0005
Trichloroethane,1,1,1-	mg/L	0.0005	0.054		<0.0005
Trichloroethane,1,1,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.8		<0.0005
Trichloroethylene	mg/L	0.0005	0.054	0.0076	<0.0005
Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	mg/L	0.005	0.02		<0.005
Trimethylbenzene,1,3,5-	mg/L	0.0001	0.003		<0.0001
Vinyl Chloride	mg/L	0.0002	0.4		<0.0002
Xylene, m,p-	µg/L	1			<1
Xylene, m,p,o-	mg/L	0.0011			<0.0011
Xylene, o-	µg/L	0.5			<0.5
Oil & Grease (Total)	mg/L	1			11.8
Oil and Grease (Mineral)	mg/L	1	15		<1.0
Oil and Grease (Anim/Veg)	mg/L	1	150		11.8
Poly-Chlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's)	µg/L	0.05		4	<0.05

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Table 1C: SVOC Parameters

	Client ID:		City of Ottawa	City of Ottawa	1740 S.L.B
	Sample ID:		Sewer Use By-Law	Sewer Use By-Law	23-026588-1
	Date Collected:		Sanitary	Storm	30-Sep-23
Parameter	Units	R.L.			
Acenaphthene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Anthracene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Benzo[a]anthracene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Benzo(a)pyrene	µg/L	0.01			<0.01
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	µg/L	0.1			<0.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	µg/L	1			<1
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	µg/L	2	0.036		<2
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	µg/L	0.2			<0.2
Chrysene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	µg/L	1	0.057		<1
Dichlorophenol,2,4-	µg/L	0.2	0.044		<0.2
Diethyl Phthalate	µg/L	1	0.2		<1
Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	µg/L	1	0.03		<1
Fluoranthene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Fluorene	µg/L	0.05	0.059		<0.05
Indeno(1,2,3,-cd)Pyrene	µg/L	0.05			<0.05
Indole	µg/L	2	0.05		<2
Methylnaphthalene,1-	µg/L	0.05	0.032		<0.05
Methylnaphthalene,2-(1-)	µg/L	1			<1
Methylnaphthalene,2-	µg/L	0.05	0.022		<0.05
Naphthalene	µg/L	0.05	0.059	6.4	<0.05
Phenanthrene	µg/L	0.05	included in Total PAHs		<0.05
Pyrene	µg/L	0.05	included in Total PAHs		<0.05
Total PAH	µg/L	0.1	0.015	6	<0.1
Hexachlorobenzene	µg/L	0.01	0.001	0.04	<0.01

R.L. = Reporting Limit

GENERAL SAMPLE SUBMISSION FORM



SAMPLES SUBMITTED TO:

- Kingston
- Ottawa
- Richmond Hill
- Barrie
- Windsor

TESTING REQUIREMENTS

- O'Reg 153/04 Table (1 - 9) Record of Site
- O'Reg 406/19 Table (1 - 9.1) SPLP Table (1-9.1)
- RPI ICC Agricultural
- Coarse Medium/Fine O'Reg 558 TCLP
- MISA PWQO Landfill Monitoring
- Other: Sewer Use - Sewi (Ottawa)

REPORT NUMBER (Lab Use)

23109126
23-026159

Are any samples to be submitted intended for Human Consumption under any Drinking Water Regulations?

Yes No (If yes, submit all Drinking Water Samples on a Drinking Water Chain of Custody)

Organization: EXP Services Inc.
 Contact: Delwar Ahmed
 Tel: 613 688 1899 Fax: 613 289 404 3187
 Email: delwar.ahmed@exp.com
 Additional Info (email, cell, etc): mackenzie.russell@exp.com

Address: 2650 Queenston dr. Ottawa
 Invoicing Address (if different):
 Quote #: OTT-00260579
 P.O. #:
 Project Name or #: OTT-00260579
 Additional Info:

ANALYSES REQUESTED

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	General Chem
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Total Metals
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	VOCs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SVOCs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PAHs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PCB

TURNAROUND SERVICE

- REQUESTED (see back page)
- Platinum* 200% Surcharge
 - Gold* 100% Surcharge
 - Silver 50% Surcharge
 - Bronze 25% Surcharge
 - Standard 5-7 days
 - Specific Date: _____

Lab No.	Sample Source and/or Sample Identification	S.P.L. (Watertrax)	Sample Matrix *	Date Collected (yy-mm-dd)	Time Collected	Indicate Test For Each Sample										Field pH	Field Temp.	# Bottles/Sample	Field Filtered Y/N
						By Using A Check Mark In The Box Provided													
1	1740 SLB		GW	23-09-26	16:35	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			12	N
	SVOC + OCP not needed																		

VERIFIED

SAMPLE SUBMISSION INFORMATION		SHIPPING INFORMATION		REPORTING / INVOICING		SAMPLE RECEIVING INFORMATION (LABORATORY USE ONLY)			
Sampled by: _____	Submitted by: _____	Courier (Client account) <input type="checkbox"/>	Invoice <input type="checkbox"/>	Report by Fax <input type="checkbox"/>	Received By (print): <u>Sabina</u>	Signature: <u>[Signature]</u>			
Print: <u>Mackenzie Russell</u>		Courier (Caduceon account) <input type="checkbox"/>		Report by Email <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Date Received (yy-mm-dd): <u>Sept 26</u>	Time Received: <u>5:00</u>			
Sign: <u>[Signature]</u>		Drop Off <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	# of Pieces _____	Invoice by Email <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Laboratory Prepared Bottles: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No				
Date (yy-mm-dd)/Time: _____	Date (yy-mm-dd)/Time: <u>23-09-26/17:00</u>	Caduceon (Pick-up) <input type="checkbox"/>		Invoice by Mail <input type="checkbox"/>	Sample Temperature °C: <u>9.6</u>	Labeled by: <u>[Signature]</u>			
Comments: <u>Sewer Use by-law (2003-514), Schedule A, Tables 1 & 2</u> <u>1L Amber, O+G, pet, R, NP, H₂S, M, CN, Hg, phenol, 2VOC-BL</u>								Page _____ of _____	G 110101

Table 1. Limits for Sanitary and Combined Sewers I

Parameter	Limit (mg/L)
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	300
Cyanide (total)	2
Fluoride	10
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	100
Oil & Grease . Animal & Vegetable	150
Oil & Grease . Mineral & Synthetic	15
Phenolics (4AAP)	1
Phosphorous (total)	10
Sulphates	1500
Sulphides	2
Suspended Solids (total)	350
Aluminum (total)	50
Antimony (total)	5
Arsenic (total)	1
Bismuth (total)	5
Boron (total)	25
Cadmium (total)	0.02
Chromium (total)	5
Cobalt (total)	5
Copper (total)	3
Lead (total)	5
Manganese (total)	5
Mercury (total)	0.001
Molybdenum (total)	5
Nickel (total)	3
Selenium (total)	5
Silver (total)	5
Tin (total)	5
Titanium (total)	5
Vanadium	5
Zinc (total)	3
Benzene	0.01
Bromodichloromethane	0.35
Bromoform	0.63

Pet
 CN
 R
 NP
 O+G
 Phenol
 H₂S
 Metal
 Hg
 2VOC (Blank)
 XIL

} X 2

QUOTATION FOR ANALYTICAL SERVICES

Quote #:	
Organization:	
Contact:	
Telephone:	
Email:	
Project #:	
Address:	City of Ottawa Sewer Use By-law 2003-514
Invoice To:	
Date:	Valid Until:

Item #	Quantity	Analysis Request	Matrix	Unit Cost, \$	Amount, \$
Schedule A: Sanitary and Combined Sewer Discharge					
1	1	General Chemistry (pH, BOD5, TSS, CN, F, TP/TKN, Total Oil & Grease (Animal/Vegetable/Mineral/Synthetic), Phenols (4AAP), SO4, S ²⁻)	WW	173.45	173.45
2	1	Metals (Al, Sb, As, Bi, B, Cd, Cr, Co, Cu, Pb, Mn, Hg, Mo, Ni, Se, Ag, Sn, Ti, V, Zn)	WW	52.50	52.50
3	1	VOC's (Benzene, Bromodichloromethane, Bromoform, Bromomethane, Carbon Tetrachloride, Chloroform, Chloromethane, Chlorobenzene, 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, Dibromochloromethane, cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene, 1,2-Dibromoethane, 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, 1,1-Dichloroethane, 1,2-Dichloroethane, 1,1-Dichloroethylene, Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene, 1,2-Dichloropropane, Methylene Chloride, Ethylbenzene, Tetrachloroethylene, Trichlorofluoromethane, 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, Toluene, Trichloroethylene, Xylenes (total) Styrene, Trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, Vinyl Chloride, Chloroethane)	WW	87.15	87.15
4	1	SVOC's and PAH's (Bis(2-Chloroethyl)meth, Bis(2-ethylhexyl Phthalate), Butyl Benzyl Phthalate, 2,4-Dichlorophenol, Diethyl Phthalate, Dibutyl Phthalate, Dioctylphthalate, Fluorene, Hexachlorobenzene, Indole, 1-Methyl-Naphthalene, 2-Methyl-Naphthalene, Naphthalene, PAH (Total))	WW	\$204.75	\$204.75
5	1	Dioxins and Furans (sub-contracted)	WW	1300.00	1300.00
6	1	Formaldehyde (sub-contracted)	WW	275.00	260.00
7	1	Nitrosodimethylamine (NDMA) (sub-contracted)	WW	500.00	500.00
8	1	Nonylphenols & Nonylphenol Ethoxylates (sub-contracted)	WW	330.00	330.00
-	-	Sample Supplies Surcharge	Surcharge	5%	\$145.39
-	1	Sample Disposal Surcharge	Surcharge	\$2.00	\$2.00
Subtotal					\$3,055.24
HST					\$397.18
Total Cost					\$3,452.42

SG

Steve Garrett
 Director of Laboratory Services
 Caduceon Environmental Laboratories
 E-mail: sgarrett@caduceonlabs.com

C.O.C.: G 110101

REPORT No: 23-026159 - Rev. 0

Report To:

EXP Services Inc - Ottawa
 2650 Queensview Drive
 Suite 100
 Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

CADUCEON Environmental Laboratories

2378 Holly Lane
 Ottawa, ON K1V 7P1

Attention: Delwar Ahmed

DATE RECEIVED: 2023-Sep-26
 DATE REPORTED: 2023-Oct-04
 SAMPLE MATRIX: Ground Water

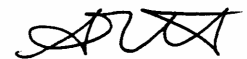
CUSTOMER PROJECT: OTT-00260579
 P.O. NUMBER:

Analyses	Qty	Site Analyzed	Authorized	Date Analyzed	Lab Method	Reference Method
Anions (Liquid)	1	OTTAWA	VKASYAN	2023-Sep-27	A-IC-01	SM 4110B
BOD5 (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	JWOLFE	2023-Sep-29	BOD-001	SM 5210B
Cond/pH/Alk Auto (Liquid)	1	OTTAWA	SBOUDREAU	2023-Sep-27	COND-02/PH-02/A LK-02	SM 2510B/4500H/ 2320B
Cyanide Total (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	JMACINNES	2023-Sep-29	CN-001	SM 4500-CN-E
ICP/MS Total (Liquid)	1	OTTAWA	AOZKAYMAK	2023-Sep-28	D-ICPMS-01	EPA 6020
ICP/OES Total (Liquid)	1	OTTAWA	APRUDYVUS	2023-Sep-28	D-ICP-01	SM 3120B
Mercury (Liquid)	1	OTTAWA	TBENNETT	2023-Oct-02	D-HG-02	SM 3112B
Oil & Grease (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	MLANE	2023-Sep-28	O&G-001	SM 5520
PCB's (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	CSUMMERHAYS	2023-Oct-02	PCB-001	EPA 8081
Phenols (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	JMACINNES	2023-Oct-04	PHEN-01	MECP E3179
Sulphide (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	EHINCH	2023-Sep-28	H2S-001	SM 4500-S2
TP & TKN (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	KDIBBITS	2023-Sep-29	TPTKN-001	MECP E3516.2
TSS (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	AMANIYA	2023-Sep-28	TSS-001	SM 2540D
VOC-Volatiles Full (Water)	1	RICHMOND_HILL	JEVANS	2023-Sep-29	C-VOC-02	EPA 8260

R.L. = Reporting Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an *

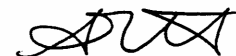


Steve Garrett
Director of Laboratory Services

CADUCEON Environmental Laboratories Certificate of Analysis

Final Report
REPORT No: 23-026159 - Rev. 0

Parameter	Units	R.L.	Limits	Client I.D.	1740 SLB
				Sample I.D.	23-026159-1
				Date Collected	2023-Sep-26
					-
pH @25°C	pH units	-	11.0	SAN	7.23
Fluoride	mg/L	0.1	10	SAN	<0.7
Sulphate	mg/L	1	1500	SAN	279
BOD5	mg/L	3	300	SAN	<3
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	3	350	SAN	5
Phosphorus (Total)	mg/L	0.01	10	SAN	<0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	0.1	100	SAN	0.4
Sulphide	mg/L	0.01	2	SAN	<0.01
Cyanide (Total)	mg/L	0.005	2	SAN	<0.005
Phenolics	mg/L	0.001	1	SAN	<0.002
Aluminum (Total)	mg/L	0.01	50	SAN	0.14
Bismuth (Total)	mg/L	0.02	5	SAN	<0.02
Boron (Total)	mg/L	0.005	25	SAN	0.195
Cadmium (Total)	mg/L	0.005	0.02	SAN	<0.005
Chromium (Total)	mg/L	0.002	5	SAN	<0.002
Cobalt (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5	SAN	<0.005
Copper (Total)	mg/L	0.002	3	SAN	<0.002
Lead (Total)	mg/L	0.02	5	SAN	<0.02
Manganese (Total)	mg/L	0.001	5	SAN	0.057
Molybdenum (Total)	mg/L	0.01	5	SAN	<0.01
Nickel (Total)	mg/L	0.01	3	SAN	<0.01



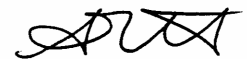
Steve Garrett
Director of Laboratory Services

The analytical results reported herein refer to the samples as received. Reproduction of this analytical report in full or in part is prohibited without prior consent from Caduceon Environmental Laboratories.

CADUCEON Environmental Laboratories Certificate of Analysis

Final Report
REPORT No: 23-026159 - Rev. 0

Parameter	Units	R.L.	Limits	Date Collected	Client I.D.
					1740 SLB
					Sample I.D.
					23-026159-1
					Date Collected
					2023-Sep-26
					-
Silver (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5	SAN	<0.005
Tin (Total)	mg/L	0.05	5	SAN	<0.05
Titanium (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5	SAN	<0.005
Vanadium (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5	SAN	<0.005
Zinc (Total)	mg/L	0.005	3	SAN	<0.005
Antimony (Total)	mg/L	0.0005	5	SAN	<0.0005
Arsenic (Total)	mg/L	0.0005	1	SAN	<0.0005
Selenium (Total)	mg/L	0.005	5	SAN	<0.005
Mercury	mg/L	0.00002	0.001	SAN	<0.00002



Steve Garrett
Director of Laboratory Services

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CADUCEON Environmental Laboratories Certificate of Analysis

Final Report
REPORT No: 23-026159 - Rev. 0

Parameter	Units	R.L.	Limits	Client I.D.	1740 SLB
				Sample I.D.	23-026159-1
				Date Collected	2023-Sep-26
					-
Benzene	mg/L	0.0005	0.01	SAN	<0.0005
Bromodichloromethane	mg/L	0.002	0.35	SAN	<0.002
Bromoform	mg/L	0.005	0.63	SAN	<0.005
Bromomethane	mg/L	0.0005	0.11	SAN	<0.0005
Carbon Tetrachloride	mg/L	0.0002	0.057	SAN	<0.0002
Chlorobenzene	mg/L	0.0005	0.057	SAN	<0.0005
Chloroethane	mg/L	0.003	0.27	SAN	<0.003
Chloroform	mg/L	0.001	0.08	SAN	<0.001
Chloromethane (Methyl Chloride)	mg/L	0.002	0.19	SAN	<0.002
Dibromochloromethane	mg/L	0.002	0.057	SAN	<0.002
Ethylene Dibromide	mg/L	0.0002	0.028	SAN	<0.0002
Dichlorobenzene,1,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.088	SAN	<0.0005
Dichlorobenzene,1,3-	mg/L	0.0005	0.036	SAN	<0.0005
Dichlorobenzene,1,4-	mg/L	0.0005	0.017	SAN	<0.0005
Dichloroethane,1,1-	mg/L	0.0005	0.2	SAN	<0.0005
Dichloroethane,1,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.21	SAN	<0.0005
Dichloroethylene,1,1-	mg/L	0.0005	0.04	SAN	<0.0005
Dichloroethylene,1,2-cis-	mg/L	0.0005	0.2	SAN	<0.0005
Dichloroethylene,1,2-trans-	mg/L	0.0005	0.2	SAN	<0.0005
Dichloropropane,1,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.85	SAN	<0.0005
Dichloropropene,1,3-cis-	mg/L	0.0005	0.07	SAN	<0.0005



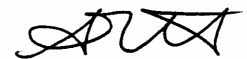
Steve Garrett
Director of Laboratory Services

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CADUCEON Environmental Laboratories Certificate of Analysis

Final Report
REPORT No: 23-026159 - Rev. 0

Parameter	Units	R.L.	Limits	Client I.D.	1740 SLB
				Sample I.D.	23-026159-1
				Date Collected	2023-Sep-26
					-
Dichloropropene, 1,3-trans-	mg/L	0.0005	0.07	SAN	<0.0005
Ethylbenzene	mg/L	0.0005	0.057	SAN	<0.0005
Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride)	mg/L	0.005	0.211	SAN	<0.005
Styrene	mg/L	0.0005	0.04	SAN	<0.0005
Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.04	SAN	<0.0005
Tetrachloroethylene	mg/L	0.0005	0.05	SAN	<0.0005
Toluene	mg/L	0.0005	0.08	SAN	<0.0005
Trichloroethane, 1,1,1-	mg/L	0.0005	0.054	SAN	<0.0005
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-	mg/L	0.0005	0.8	SAN	<0.0005
Trichloroethylene	mg/L	0.0005	0.054	SAN	<0.0005
Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	mg/L	0.005	0.02	SAN	<0.005
Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	mg/L	0.0001	0.003	SAN	<0.0001
Vinyl Chloride	mg/L	0.0002	0.4	SAN	<0.0002
Xylene, m,p-	µg/L	1			<1
Xylene, m,p,o-	mg/L	0.0011	0.32	SAN	<0.0011
Xylene, o-	µg/L	0.5			<0.5
Oil & Grease (Total)	mg/L	1.0			11.8
Oil and Grease (Mineral)	mg/L	1.0	15	SAN	<1.0
Oil and Grease (Anim/Veg)	mg/L	1.0	150	SAN	11.8



Steve Garrett
Director of Laboratory Services

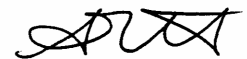
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CADUCEON Environmental Laboratories Certificate of Analysis

Final Report
REPORT No: 23-026159 - Rev. 0

					Client I.D.	1740 SLB
					Sample I.D.	23-026159-1
					Date Collected	2023-Sep-26
						-
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Limits			
Poly-Chlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's)	µg/L	0.05				<0.05

: City of Ottawa
SAN: Sanitary Sewer By Law



Steve Garrett
Director of Laboratory Services

The analytical results reported herein refer to the samples as received. Reproduction of this analytical report in full or in part is prohibited without prior consent from Caduceon Environmental Laboratories.

TESTING REQUIREMENTS				REPORT NUMBER (Lab Use)
<input type="checkbox"/> O.Reg 153	Table _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Medium/Fine	<input type="checkbox"/> Coarse	23109130 23-026588
<input type="checkbox"/> RPI <input type="checkbox"/> ICC	<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural	(O.Reg 153)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Record of Site Condition		(O.Reg 153)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Provincial Water Quality Objectives			<input type="checkbox"/> Landfill Monitoring	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sewer Use By-Law:			<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____	

Are any samples to be submitted intended for Human Consumption under any Drinking Water Regulations? Yes No (If yes, submit all Drinking Water Samples on a Drinking Water Chain of Custody)

Indicate Laboratory Samples are submitted to: Kingston Ottawa Richmond Hill Windsor Barrie London

Organization: Exp Service Inc.
 Contact: Delwar Ahmed
 Tel: 613-688-1899
 Fax: 613-289-404-3187
 Email: delwar.ahmed@exp.com

Address and Invoicing Address (if different): 2650 Queensview Dr., Ottawa

Quote No.: _____ Project Name: # OTT-00260579

P.O. No.: _____ Additional Info: _____

ANALYSES REQUESTED (Print Test in Boxes)	TURNAROUND SERVICE REQUESTED (see back page)
Suspected Highly Contaminated	<input type="checkbox"/> Platinum 200% Surcharge
	<input type="checkbox"/> Gold 100% Surcharge
SVOC OC pesticide	<input type="checkbox"/> Silver 50% Surcharge
	<input type="checkbox"/> Bronze 25% Surcharge
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard 5-7 days
	<input type="checkbox"/> Specific Date: _____

* Sample Matrix Legend: WW=Waste Water, SW=Surface Water, GW=Groundwater, LS=Liquid Sludge, SS=Solid Sludge, S=Soil, Sed=Sediment, PC=Paint Chips, F=Filter, Oil = Oil

Lab No.	Sample Identification	S.P.L.	Sample Matrix *	Date Collected (yy-mm-dd)	Time Collected	Indicate Test For Each Sample									Field		# Bottles/ Sample	Field Filtered (Y/N)	
						By Using A Check Mark In The Box Provided								✓	pH	Temp.			
	1740 S-L-B		GW	23-09-30	11:15													2	NO

SAMPLE SUBMISSION INFORMATION	SHIPPING INFORMATION	REPORTING / INVOICING	SAMPLE RECEIVING INFORMATION (LABORATORY USE ONLY)
Sampled by: <u>Shahyna Z</u>	Submitted by: <u>Shahyna Z</u>	Client's Courier <input type="checkbox"/> Invoice <input type="checkbox"/>	Received By (print): <u>Asma Hird</u> Signature: <u>Asma Hird</u>
Print: <u>Shahyna Z</u>	Caduceon's Courier <input type="checkbox"/>	Drop Off <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> # of Pieces _____	Date Received (yy-mm-dd): <u>23-09-30</u> Time Received: <u>11:28</u>
Sign: <u>Shahyna Z</u>	Caduceon (Pick-up) <input type="checkbox"/>	Report by Fax <input type="checkbox"/> Report by Email <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Invoice by Email <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Invoice by Mail <input type="checkbox"/>	Laboratory Prepared Bottles: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Date (yy-mm-dd)/Time: _____	Date (yy-mm-dd)/Time: _____		Sample Temperature °C: <u>18.1</u> Labeled by: _____

Comments: City of Ottawa Sewer by law 2x 1L (blank)
 Page _____ of _____
G 90848

C.O.C.: G 90848

REPORT No: 23-026588 - Rev. 1

Report To:

EXP Services Inc - Ottawa
 2650 Queensview Drive
 Suite 100
 Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

CADUCEON Environmental Laboratories

2378 Holly Lane
 Ottawa, ON K1V 7P1

Attention: Delwar Ahmed

DATE RECEIVED: 2023-Sep-30
 DATE REPORTED: 2023-Oct-05
 SAMPLE MATRIX: Ground Water

CUSTOMER PROJECT: OTT-00260579
 P.O. NUMBER:

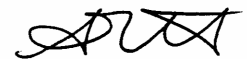
Analyses	Qty	Site Analyzed	Authorized	Date Analyzed	Lab Method	Reference Method
OC Pesticides (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	CSUMMERHAYS	2023-Oct-05	PESTCL-001	EPA 8081
SVOC - Semi-Volatiles (Liquid)	1	KINGSTON	PRANA	2023-Oct-04	NAB-W-001	EPA 8270D

R.L. = Reporting Limit

NC = Not Calculated

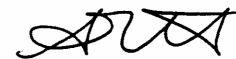
Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an *

Parameter	Units	R.L.	Client I.D.
			1740 S.L.B
			Sample I.D.
			23-026588-1
			Date Collected
			2023-09-30
			-
Acenaphthene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Anthracene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Benzo[a]anthracene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Benzo(a)pyrene	µg/L	0.01	<0.01
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	µg/L	0.1	<0.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	µg/L	1	<1




Steve Garrett
 Director of Laboratory Services

Parameter	Units	R.L.	Client I.D.
			1740 S.L.B
			Sample I.D.
			23-026588-1
			Date Collected
			2023-09-30
			-
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	µg/L	2	<2
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	µg/L	0.2	<0.2
Chrysene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	µg/L	1	<1
Dichlorophenol,2,4-	µg/L	0.2	<0.2
Diethyl Phthalate	µg/L	1	<1
Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	µg/L	1	<1
Fluoranthene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Fluorene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Indeno(1,2,3,-cd)Pyrene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Indole	µg/L	2	<2
Methylnaphthalene,1-	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Methylnaphthalene,2-(1-)	µg/L	1	<1
Methylnaphthalene,2-	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Naphthalene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Phenanthrene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Pyrene	µg/L	0.05	<0.05
Total PAH	µg/L	0.1	<0.1



Steve Garrett
 Director of Laboratory Services

		Client I.D.	1740 S.L.B
		Sample I.D.	23-026588-1
		Date Collected	2023-09-30
Parameter	Units	R.L.	-
Hexachlorobenzene	µg/L	0.01	<0.01



Steve Garrett
 Director of Laboratory Services

EXP Services Inc.

1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, Ontario
Hydrogeological Investigation
OTT-00260579-B0
October 17, 2023

Appendix E – Dewatering and Drainage Flow Rate Calculations

Figure DW-2: Dewatering Flow Estimation Equations

Basic Dewatering Equations Used

Consistent Units

Equation for Confined Aquifer		Refer to Table 6.1, p. 67, Po
Radial Flow Confined Aquifer $Q_{cr} = [2\pi KB(H-h)]/\ln(R_o/r_w)$	<---Radial flow = contributions from end	
Trench Flow Confined Aquifer $Q_{ct} = 2xKB(H-h)/L$	<---Trench flow = contributions from both	
where	K = hydraulic conductivity in m/day	
	B = saturated thickness of the aquifer in m	
	H = initial GW elevation measured from ref. datum in m	<---Initial GW elevation
	h = Target GW elevation in the well measured from ref. datum in m	<---Target to lower the GW to!
	R_o = radius of influence in m	<--- Sichart & Kryelis Eq. $R_o = 3000(H-h)$ and K in m/sec . R_o will be in metres . Alternative equation by Bear (Bear, J., 1 McGraw-Hill, New York, 569p) $R_o = 1.5(Tt)^{0.5}$ m^2/day , t is pumping duration in days , S coefficient. R_o will be in metres .
	r_w = radius of the well in m	
	L = distance of influence for trench flow in m	<--- Similar to $R_o = ZOI$ for radial flow
Q = volume in m³/day		
Equation for Unconfined Aquifer		
Radial Flow Unconfined Aquifer $Q_{ur} = \pi K(H^2 - h^2)/\ln(R_o/r_w)$	<---Radial flow = contributions from end	
Trench Flow Unconfined $Q_{ut} = xK(H^2 - h^2)/L$	<---Trench flow = contributions from both	
These eqs have been used in dewatering calculations.		

Refer to Figs 6.7 and 6.8, p.70, Powers et al., 2007

Equivalent Radius Approximation

Circular System

$$r_s = (ab/\pi)^{0.5}$$

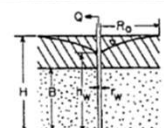
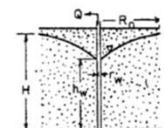
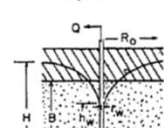
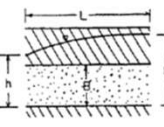
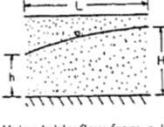
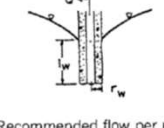
<--- Circular system with aspect ratio a/b close to 1 [Figure 6.7(a), p-70, Construction Dewatering & Groundwater Control, 3rd Ed, 2007, Powers et al].

Rectangular System

$$r_s = a+b/\pi$$

<--- Where the system is rectangular with unequal dimensions of length 'a' and width 'b' and when the aspect ratio is > 1.5 or large and the well array is double sided as shown in Fig. 6.8, use the equations 6.10a and 6.10b shown on p. 71 of Powers et al., 2007.

If the well array is as shown in Fig. 6.7 substitute r_w with r_s and use the equation for radial flow shown above based on confined or unconfined aquifer. Where the aspect ratio is > 1.5 or large and the well array is double sided as shown in Fig. 6.8, use the equations 6.10a and 6.10b shown on p. 71 of Powers et al., 2007.

DEWATERING DESIGN USING ANALYTICAL METHODS 67			
Table 6.1 Summary of Analytical Models			
Model	Basic equation	U.S. units ^a	Metric units ^b
 <p>Radial flow, confined aquifer</p>	$Q_w = \frac{2\pi KB(H - h_w)}{\ln R_o/r_w}$	$Q_w = \frac{KB(H - h_w)}{229 \ln R_o/r_w}$	$Q_w = \frac{KB(H - h_w)}{2.65 \times 10^{-6} \ln R_o/r_w}$
 <p>Radial flow, water table aquifer</p>	$Q_w = \frac{\pi K(H^2 - h_w^2)}{\ln R_o/r_w}$	$Q_w = \frac{K(H^2 - h_w^2)}{458 \ln R_o/r_w}$	$Q_w = \frac{K(H^2 - h_w^2)}{5.31 \times 10^{-6} \ln R_o/r_w}$
 <p>Radial flow, mixed aquifer</p>	$Q_w = \frac{\pi K(2BH - B^2 - h_w^2)}{\ln R_o/r_w}$	$Q_w = \frac{K(2BH - B^2 - h_w^2)}{458 \ln R_o/r_w}$	$Q_w = \frac{K(2BH - B^2 - h_w^2)}{5.31 \times 10^{-6} \ln R_o/r_w}$
 <p>Confined flow from a line source to a drainage trench</p>	$\frac{Q}{x} = \frac{KB(H - h)}{L}$	$\frac{Q}{x} = \frac{KB(H - h)}{1440L}$	$\frac{Q}{x} = \frac{KB(H - h)}{1.67 \times 10^{-5} L}$
 <p>Water table flow from a line source to a drainage trench</p>	$\frac{Q}{x} = \frac{K(H^2 - h^2)}{2L}$	$\frac{Q}{x} = \frac{K(H^2 - h^2)}{2880L}$	$\frac{Q}{x} = \frac{K(H^2 - h^2)}{3.34 \times 10^{-5} L}$
 <p>Recommended flow per unit length of wet borehole (Sichart)</p>	$Q = 2\pi l_w C \sqrt{K}$	$Q_w = 0.035 l_w r_w \sqrt{K}$	$Q_w = 24.91 l_w r_w \sqrt{K}$

^a Except where noted: Q in gpm; H, B, R_o, r_w in ft; K in gpd/ft²
^b Except where noted: Q in L/min; H, B, R_o, r_w in m; K in m³/sec

Figure 6.7

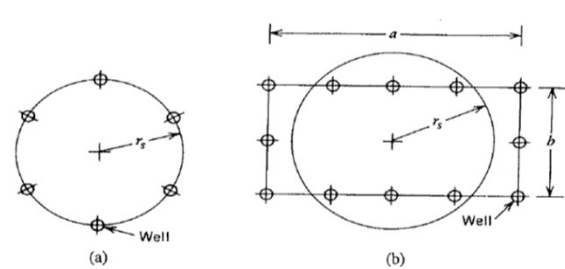


Figure 6.7 Approximation of equivalent radius r_s . (a) Circular systems. (b) Rectangular systems.

Figure 6.8

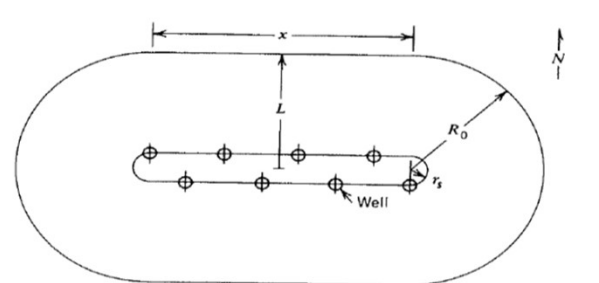


Figure 6.8 Approximate analysis of long, narrow systems.

Equations 6.10a and 6.10b

$$Q = \frac{2\pi KB(H - h)}{\ln R_o/r_s} + 2 \left[\frac{xKB(H - h)}{L} \right] \quad (6.10a)$$

$$Q = \frac{\pi K(H^2 - h^2)}{\ln R_o/r_s} + 2 \left[\frac{xK(H^2 - h^2)}{2L} \right] \quad (6.10b)$$

Table DW-1: Summary of Short- Term Construction Dewatering and and Long-Term Drainage Volume, 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd., Ottawa, ON		
REFERENCE AREA	Towers 1 and 2 P3 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd	Towers 3 and 4 P2 1740-1760 St Laurent Blvd
DEWATERING SYSTEM CONFIGURATION =	Linear dewatering system High end K	Linear dewatering system High end K
Aquifer Type =	Confined	Confined
Foundation Elevation (assumed) =	60.11	63.11
Active Dewatering Segment Length (m) =	295	355
Aquifer Top Elevation (masl) =	64.2	64.2
Aquifer Bottom Elevation (masl) =	59	59
K (m/day) =	0.5403	0.5403
K (m/sec) =	6.25E-06	6.25E-06
Initial GW Elevation (masl) =	67.8	67.8
GW Elevation at Invert (masl) =	59.61	62.11
Drawdown (m) =	8.19	5.69
Excavation Bottom Elevation (masl) =	59.61	62.11
Target GW Elevation (masl) =	59.61	62.11
Ro from Sichart & Kryieleis (1982) =	61	43
Zone of Influence (m) =	61	43
Radius of the well rw =	0.25	0.25
Storage Coefficient 'S' =	0.005	0.005
Pumping Duration 't' in days =	3	3
rw (m) =	0.25	0.25
Initial State Distance of influence 'L' in m =	58	56
t (day) =	3	3
S =	0.005	0.005
ESTIMATED INITIAL STATE =	246,690	126,470
PTTW Category =	EASR	EASR
STEADY STATE/LONG-TERM DRAINAGE RATE=	162,815	83,470
Maximum Dewatering Rate (excludngStormwater) (LPD) =		373,160
Stormwater Volume from 17.8 mm of rainfall over a 10-min interval from a 10-yr storm event =	81,560	132,610
Total Volume for each Excacavtion Area (includes Stormwater) (LPD) =	328,250	259,080
Total without Stormwater Voume (LPD) =		
Maximum Total Permit Application Dewatering Rate (inc. Stormwater) (LPD) =		587,330