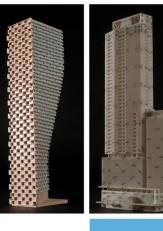
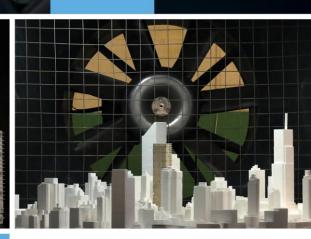
ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

ROADWAY TRAFFIC NOISE FEASIBILITY ASSESSMENT

8 Withrow Avenue – 7 Rossland Avenue Ottawa, Ontario

Report: 23-135 - Traffic Noise Feasibility





June 7th, 2023

DRAF

PREPARED FOR **Figurr Architects Collective** 190 Somerset St W #206 Ottawa, ON K2P 0J4

PREPARED BY

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report describes a roadway traffic noise feasibility assessment undertaken in support of a Zoning By-Law Amendment (ZBA) application submission for the proposed residential development located at 8 Withrow Avenue / 7 Rossland Avenue in Ottawa, Ontario. The proposed development comprises an 8storey residential building and two 3-storey stacked townhomes. The primary sources of roadway traffic noise are Withrow Avenue to the north and Merivale Road to the east. Figure 1 illustrates a complete site plan with surrounding context.

The assessment is based on (i) theoretical noise prediction methods that conform to the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP); (ii) noise level criteria as specified by the City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG); (iii) future vehicular traffic volumes based on the City of Ottawa's Official Plan roadway classifications; and (iv) site plan drawings provided by Figurr Architects Collective, in May 2023.

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 60 and 72 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 52 and 64 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (72 dBA) occurs at the east façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Merivale Road. The noise levels predicted due to roadway traffic exceed the criteria listed in ENCG for building components and upgraded building components will be required for the midrise building and the Withrow Avenue stacked townhomes.

Results of the calculations also indicate that the midrise building and the Withrow Avenue stacked townhomes will require central air conditioning, or a similar ventilation system, due to roadway traffic noise. This will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. A Warning Clause Type D will also be required on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarised in Section 6.

As noise levels are expected to be between 55 dBA and 65 dBA during the daytime period for the Rossland Stacked Townhomes, these units will require forced air heating with provisions for air conditioning, or a similar ventilation system, due to roadway traffic noise. If air conditioning was provided at the owner's discretion, this will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living

environment. A Warning Clause Type C will also be required on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarised in Section 6.

Noise level at the midrise building rooftop terrace is below criteria; therefore, acoustic mitigation for this area is not required. A detailed roadway traffic noise study will be required at the time of site plan approval to determine specific noise control measures for the development.

Stationary noise impacts from the environment onto the proposed development are expected to be minimal. The site is surrounded by low rise residential and small retail buildings and is not in close proximity to any large mechanical equipment. Furthermore, the setback distance from neighbouring midrise buildings is sufficient in attenuating noise from the rooftop units. Therefore, negative noise impacts are not anticipated.

With regards to stationary noise impacts from the site on the surroundings and the development itself, this will be controlled to ensure ENCG sound level limits are maintained. The stacked townhomes are not anticipated to have any significant pieces of equipment and will be serviced with conventional forced air heating systems or internal heat pumps / fan coil units. Equipment associated with the midrise would be placed on the high roof away form noise sensitive areas. Noise impacts can generally be minimized by judicious selection and placement of the equipment. Where necessary, noise screens and silencers can be placed into the design. A review of the proposed equipment and locations should be reviewed by a qualified acoustic consultant prior to the installation of the equipment.

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1. INTRODUCTION

Gradient Wind Engineering Inc. (Gradient Wind) was retained by Figurr Architects Collective to undertake a roadway traffic noise feasibility assessment in support of a Zoning By-Law Amendment (ZBA) application for the proposed residential development located at 8 Withrow Avenue / 7 Rossland Avenue in Ottawa, Ontario. This report summarizes the methodology, results, and recommendations related to a roadway traffic noise feasibility assessment of exterior noise levels generated by local roadway traffic.

The assessment was performed on the basis of theoretical noise calculation methods conforming to the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP)¹ guidelines. Noise calculations were based on site plan drawings provided Figurr Architects Collective, in May 2023, with future traffic volumes corresponding to the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) roadway classifications.

2. TERMS OF REFERENCE

The subject site is located at 8 Withrow Avenue / 7 Rossland Avenue in Ottawa, Ontario; situated at the southwest intersection of Merivale Road and Withrow Avenue. The proposed development features an 8-storey residential building located towards the east of the property parcel, connected to a church fronting Rossland Avenue. A community shed/pavilion can be found north of the church and to the west of the midrise building. The development also includes two 3-storey stacked townhouse buildings. The building fronting Withrow Avenue is referred to as 'Withrow Stacked Townhome' and contains 12 units. The building fronting Rossland Avenue is referred to as 'Rossland Stack Townhomes' and contained 15 units. Above ground parking is provided with access from Rossland Avenue and Withrow Avenue.

The site is surrounded by residential dwellings to the north and west, a gas station towards the south, and various low-rise commercial buildings towards the east, across from Merivale Road. From aerial imagery, no large mechanical equipment is in close proximity to the study site. As such, negative stationary noise impacts onto the study site are not expected.

¹ Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change – Environmental Noise Guidelines, Publication NPC-300, Queens Printer for Ontario, Toronto, 2013

The major sources of roadway traffic noise are Merivale Road to the east and Withrow Avenue to the north. As the site is not within 75 m of any existing or future proposed LRT lines, a ground vibration impact assessment is not required.

3. **OBJECTIVES**

The principal objectives of this study are to (i) calculate the future noise levels on the study buildings produced by local roadway traffic, and (ii) explore potential noise mitigation where required.

4. METHODOLOGY

4.1 Background

Noise can be defined as any obtrusive sound. It is created at a source, transmitted through a medium, such as air, and intercepted by a receiver. Noise may be characterized in terms of the power of the source or the sound pressure at a specific distance. While the power of a source is characteristic of that particular source, the sound pressure depends on the location of the receiver and the path that the noise takes to reach the receiver. Measurement of noise is based on the decibel unit, dBA, which is a logarithmic ratio referenced to a standard noise level (2×10^{-5} Pascals). The 'A' suffix refers to a weighting scale, which better represents how the noise is perceived by the human ear. With this scale, a doubling of power results in a 3 dBA increase in measured noise levels and is just perceptible to most people. An increase of 10 dBA is often perceived to be twice as loud.

4.2 Roadway Traffic Noise

4.2.1 Criteria for Roadway Traffic Noise

For surface roadway traffic noise, the equivalent sound energy level, L_{eq} , provides a measure of the time varying noise levels, which is well correlated with the annoyance of sound. It is defined as the continuous sound level, which has the same energy as a time varying noise level over a period of time. For roadways, the L_{eq} is commonly calculated on the basis of a 16-hour (L_{eq16}) daytime (07:00-23:00) / 8-hour (L_{eq8}) nighttime (23:00-07:00) split to assess its impact on residential buildings. The City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG) specifies that the recommended indoor noise limit range is 50, 45, and 40 dBA for reception/retail, living rooms, and sleeping quarters, respectively, as listed in Table 1. Based on Gradient Wind's experience, more comfortable indoor noise levels should be targeted,

towards 47, 42, and 37 dBA, respectively, to control peak noise and deficiencies in building envelope construction.

Type of Space	Time Period	L _{eq} (dBA)
General offices, reception areas, retail stores, etc.	07:00 - 23:00	50
Living/dining/den areas of residences , hospitals, schools, nursing/retirement homes, day-care centres, theatres, places of worship, libraries, individual or semi-private offices, conference rooms, etc.	07:00 - 23:00	45
Sleeping quarters of hotels/motels	23:00 - 07:00	45
Sleeping quarters of residences , hospitals, nursing/retirement homes, etc.	23:00 - 07:00	40

TABLE 1: INDOOR SOUND LEVEL CRITERIA (ROAD)²

Predicted noise levels at the plane of window (POW) dictate the action required to achieve the recommended sound levels. An open window is considered to provide a 10 dBA reduction in noise, while a standard closed window is capable of providing a minimum 20 dBA noise reduction³. A closed window due to a ventilation requirement will bring noise levels down to achieve an acceptable indoor environment⁴. Therefore, where noise levels exceed 55 dBA daytime and 50 dBA nighttime, the ventilation for the building should consider the need for having windows and doors closed, which triggers the need for forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning. Where noise levels exceed 65 dBA daytime and 60 dBA nighttime, air conditioning will be required and building components will require higher levels of sound attenuation⁵.

The sound level criterion for outdoor living areas is 55 dBA, which applies during the daytime (07:00 to 23:00). When noise levels exceed 55 dBA, mitigation must be provided to reduce noise levels where technically and administratively feasible to acceptable levels at or below the criterion.

² Adapted from ENCG 2016 – Tables 2.2b and 2.2c

³ Burberry, P.B. (2014). Mitchell's Environment and Services. Routledge, Page 125

⁴ MOECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.8

⁵ MOECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.1.3

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4.2.2 **Theoretical Roadway Noise Predictions**

Noise predictions were performed with the aid of the MECP computerized noise assessment program, STAMSON 5.04, for road analysis. Appendix A includes the STAMSON 5.04 input and output data.

Roadway traffic noise calculations were performed by treating each roadway segment as separate line sources of noise. In addition to the traffic volumes summarized in Table 2, theoretical noise predictions were based on the following parameters:

- Truck traffic on all roadways was taken to comprise 5% heavy trucks and 7% medium trucks. •
- The day/night split for all streets was taken to be 92%/10%, respectively.
- Ground surfaces were taken to be reflective due to the presence of hard (paved) ground.
- Topography was assumed to be a flat/gentle slope surrounding the study building. ٠
- For select receptors, the proposed building and surrounding existing buildings were considered • as noise barriers partially obstructing exposure to the roadway.
- Noise receptors were strategically placed at 9 locations around the study area (see Figure 2). ٠
- Receptor distances and exposure angles are illustrated in Figures A1-A4.

4.2.3 **Roadway Traffic Volumes**

The ENCG dictates that noise calculations should consider future sound levels based on a roadway's classification at the mature state of development. Therefore, traffic volumes are based on the roadway classifications outlined in the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) and Transportation Master Plan⁶ which provide additional details on future roadway expansions. Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes are then based on data in Table B1 of the ENCG for each roadway classification. Table 2 (below) summarizes the AADT values used for each roadway included in this assessment.

TABLE 2: ROADWAY TRAFFIC DATA

Segment	Roadway Traffic Data	Speed Limit (km/h)	Traffic Volume
Merivale Road	4-Lane Urban Arterial Divided (4-UAD)	60	35,000
Withrow Avenue	2-Lane Urban Collector (2-UCU)	40	8,000

⁶ City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan, November 2013

5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

5.1 Roadway Traffic Noise Levels

The results of the roadway traffic noise calculations are summarized in Table 3 below. A complete set of input and output data from all STAMSON 5.04 calculations are available in Appendix A.

Receptor	Receptor Height Above Grade/Roof (m)	Receptor Location	STAMSON 5.04 Noise Level (dBA)	
Number			Day	Night
1	22.5	POW – Midrise Building, 8 th Floor – East Façade	72	64
2	22.5	POW – Midrise Building, 8 th Floor – South Façade	68	61
3	22.5	POW – Midrise Building, 8 th Floor – West Façade	60	52
4	22.5	POW – Midrise Building, 8 th Floor – North Façade	70	62
5	7.5	POW – Withrow Stacked Townhomes, 3 rd Floor – East Façade	66	59
6	7.5	POW – Withrow Stacked Townhomes, 3 rd Floor – South Façade	62	55
7	7.5	POW – Withrow Stacked Townhomes, 3 rd Floor – North Façade	66	59
8	7.5	POW – Withrow Stacked Townhomes, 3 rd Floor – West Façade	60	53
9	7.5	POW – Rossland Stacked Townhomes, 3 rd Floor – East Façade	64	56
10	25.5	OLA – Midrise Building, Potential Rooftop Terrace	55	N/A*

TABLE 3: EXTERIOR NOISE LEVELS DUE TO ROAD TRAFFIC

*OLA noise levels during the nighttime are not considered as per ENCG

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 60 and 72 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 52 and 64 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (72 dBA) occurs at the east façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Merivale Road.

6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The noise levels predicted due to roadway traffic exceed the criteria listed in ENCG for building components, therefore, upgraded building components will be required for select facades of the midrise building and the Withrow Townhomes. Due to the limited information available at the time of the study, which was prepared for a ZBA application, detailed STC calculations could not be performed at this time. A detailed review of the window and wall assemblies should be performed by a qualified engineer with expertise in acoustics during the detailed design stage of the building. For feasibility purposes, windows having an STC rating of 35 will generally be sufficient to attenuate indoor noise levels. This can often be achieved with commercially available glazing elements comprising of 6 mm glass, 13 mm air space, and 6 mm glass.

Results of the calculations also indicate that the midrise building and the Withrow Stacked Townhomes will require central air conditioning, or a similar ventilation system, due to roadway traffic noise. This will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. A Warning Clause Type D will also be required on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as seen below:

Type D:

"This dwelling unit has been supplied with a central air conditioning system which will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the Municipality and the Ministry of the Environment."

As noise levels are expected to be between 55 dBA and 65 dBA during the daytime period for the Rossland Stacked Townhomes, these units will require forced air heating with provisions for air conditioning, or a similar ventilation system, due to roadway traffic noise. This will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. A Warning Clause Type C will also be required on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as seen below:

Type C:

"This dwelling unit has been designed with the provision for adding central air conditioning at the occupant's discretion. Installation of central air conditioning by the occupant in low and medium

density developments will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the Municipality and the Ministry of the Environment."

The noise level at the midrise building rooftop terrace is below criteria, therefore, acoustic mitigation for this area is not required. A detailed roadway traffic noise study will be required at the time of site plan approval to determine specific noise control measures for the development.

Stationary noise impacts from the environment onto the proposed development are expected to be minimal. The site is surrounded by low rise residential and small retail buildings and is not in close proximity to any large mechanical equipment. Furthermore, the setback distance from neighbouring midrise buildings is sufficient in attenuating noise from the rooftop units. Therefore, negative noise impacts are not anticipated.

With regards to stationary noise impacts from the site on the surroundings and the development itself, this will be controlled to ensure ENCG sound level limits are maintained. The stacked townhomes are not anticipated to have any significant pieces of equipment and will be serviced with conventional forced air heating systems or internal heat pumps / fan coil units. Equipment associated with the midrise would be placed on the high roof away form noise sensitive areas. Noise impacts can generally be minimized by judicious selection and placement of the equipment. Where necessary, noise screens and silencers can be placed into the design. A review of the proposed equipment and locations should be reviewed by a qualified acoustic consultant prior to the installation of the equipment.

This concludes our roadway traffic noise feasibility assessment and report. If you have any questions or wish to discuss our findings, please advise us. In the interim, we thank you for the opportunity to be of service.

Sincerely,

Gradient Wind Engineering Inc.

DRAFT

Essraa Alqassab, BASc Junior Environmental Scientist Joshua Foster, P.Eng. Lead Engineer

Gradient Wind File 23-135 - Traffic Noise Feasibility







APPENDIX A

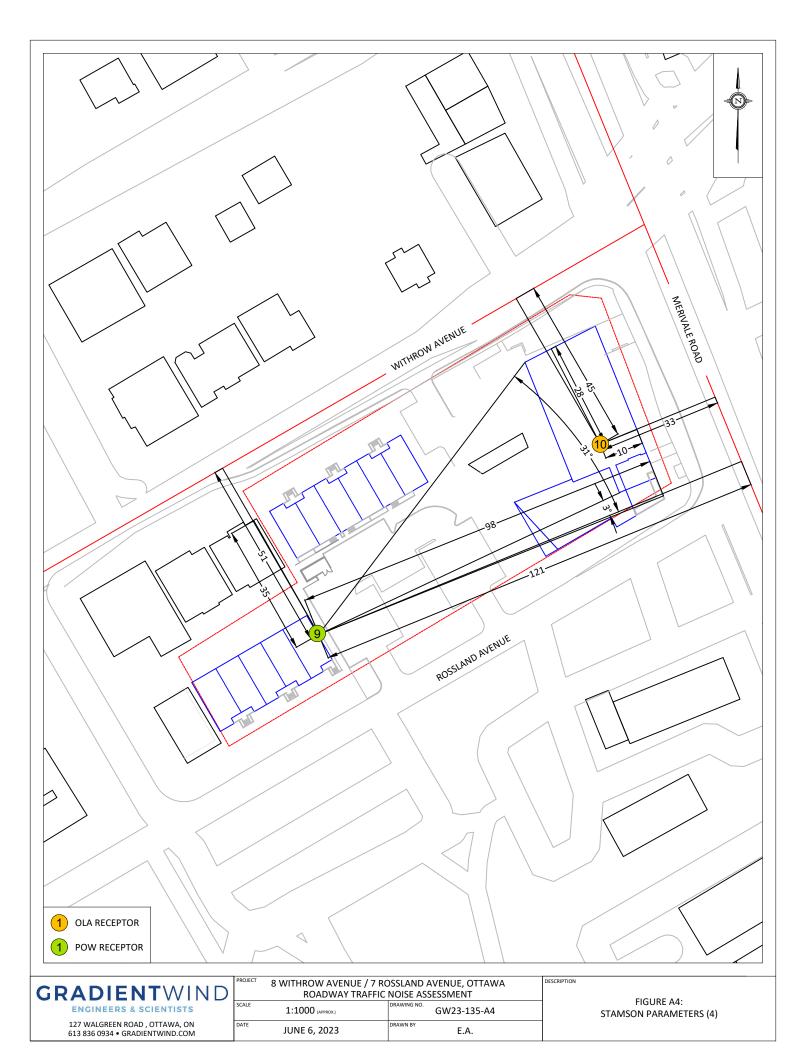
STAMSON CALCULATIONS

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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 06-06-2023 13:26:53 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r1.te Description: Road data, segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) -----Car traffic volume : 28336/2464 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 2254/196 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 60 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 35000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth0.00Medium Truck % of Total Volume7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume5.00Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) -----Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg90.00 degWood depth: 0(No woods.)No of house rows: 0 / 0Surface: 2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance..2(Reflective ground surface)Receiver height:24.00 / 24.00 mTopography:22.50 / 22.50 mReference angle:0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit:40 km/hRoad gradient:0 %Road pavement:1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000

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Percentage of Annual Growth: 0.00Number of Years of Growth: 0.00Medium Truck % of Total Volume: 7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume: 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2:8.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woods Wood depth:0(No woods.)No of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 23.00 / 23.00 m Receiver height : 22.50 / 23.00 m Topography : 1 (Flat 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: Merivale (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 71.63 + 0.00) = 71.63 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq 90 0.00 73.68 0.00 -2.04 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -90 71.63 _____ Segment Leq : 71.63 dBA Results segment # 2: Withrow (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 58.68 + 0.00) = 58.68 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ 8 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -1.86 -3.41 0.00 0.00 0.00 58.68 _____ ___

A2

Segment Leq : 58.68 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 71.84 dBA Results segment # 1: Merivale (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 64.04 + 0.00) = 64.04 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ 90 0.00 66.08 0.00 -2.04 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -90 64.04 _____ Segment Leq : 64.04 dBA Results segment # 2: Withrow (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 51.09 + 0.00) = 51.09 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ 90 0.00 56.36 0.00 -1.86 -3.41 0.00 0.00 0.00 8 51.09 _____ ___ Segment Leq : 51.09 dBA Total Leg All Segments: 64.25 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 71.84 (NIGHT): 64.25

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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 06-06-2023 13:27:12 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r2.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 28336/2464 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 2254/196 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 60 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 35000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth:0.00Medium Truck % of Total Volume:7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume:5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2:0.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woods.)No of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 27.00 / 27.00 m Receiver height : 22.50 / 22.50 m : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: Merivale (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 68.11 + 0.00) = 68.11 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ 0 90 0.00 73.68 0.00 -2.55 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 68.11



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_____ ___ Segment Leg : 68.11 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 68.11 dBA Results segment # 1: Merivale (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 60.52 + 0.00) = 60.52 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ ____. ___ 0 90 0.00 66.08 0.00 -2.55 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.52 _____ ___ Segment Leq : 60.52 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 60.52 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 68.11 (NIGHT): 60.52



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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 06-06-2023 13:37:25 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r3.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Withrow (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth:0.00Medium Truck % of Total Volume:7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume:5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Withrow (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg8.00 degWood depth: 0(No woods.)No of house rows: 0 / 0Surface: 2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 22.00 / 22.00 m Receiver height : 22.50 / 22.50 m : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: Withrow (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 59.65 + 0.00) = 59.65 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 8 0.00 63.96 0.00 -1.66 -2.64 0.00 0.00 0.00 59.65

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_____ ___ Segment Leg : 59.65 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 59.65 dBA Results segment # 1: Withrow (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 52.06 + 0.00) = 52.06 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ ____ ___ -90 8 0.00 56.36 0.00 -1.66 -2.64 0.00 0.00 0.00 52.06 _____ _ _ Segment Leq : 52.06 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 52.06 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 59.65 (NIGHT): 52.06



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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 06-06-2023 13:37:48 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r4.te Description: Road data, segment # 1: Withrow (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit :40 km/hRoad gradient :0 %Road pavement :1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth Medium Truck % of Total Volume:7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume:5.00Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume:92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Withrow (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woods.)No of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 17.00 / 17.00 m Receiver height:22.50 / 22.50 mTopography:1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)Reference angle:0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Merivale (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 28336/2464 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 2254/196 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 60 km/h : 0 % : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road gradient : Road pavement * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 35000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00

A8

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Medium Truck % of Total Volume: 7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume: 5.00Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume: 92.00 Data for Segment # 2: Merivale (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg0.00 degWood depth: 0(No woods (No woods.) No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 26.00 / 26.00 m Receiver height : 22.50 / 22.50 m Topography : 1 Reference angle : 0.00 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Results segment # 1: Withrow (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 63.41 + 0.00) = 63.41 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -0.54 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 63.41 _____ Segment Leg : 63.41 dBA Results segment # 2: Merivale (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 68.28 + 0.00) = 68.28 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 0 0.00 73.68 0.00 -2.39 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 68.28 ___

Segment Leq : 68.28 dBA



Total Leq All Segments: 69.50 dBA Results segment # 1: Withrow (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 55.82 + 0.00) = 55.82 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeg P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ ___ -90 90 0.00 56.36 0.00 -0.54 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.82 _____ ___ Segment Leq : 55.82 dBA Results segment # 2: Merivale (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 60.68 + 0.00) = 60.68 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ _____ _ _ -90 0 0.00 66.08 0.00 -2.39 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.68 _____ Segment Leg : 60.68 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 61.91 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 69.50 (NIGHT): 61.91



ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 06-06-2023 15:57:47 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r5.te Description: Road data, segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 28336/2464 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 2254/196 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 60 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 35000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume:7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume:5.00Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume:92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woods.)No of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 79.00 / 79.00 m Receiver height7.50 / 7.50 mTopography2Barrier angle1-14.00 degBarrier height24.00 m Barrier receiver distance : 57.00 / 57.00 m Source elevation : 0.00 m Receiver elevation:0.00 mBarrier elevation:0.00 mReference angle:0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

Figurr Architects Collective 8 WITHROW AVENUE / 7 ROSSLAND AVENUE, OTTAWA: TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT



ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2:0.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woodsNo of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective) (No woods.) (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 20.00 / 20.00 m Receiver height : 7.50 / 7.50 m Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: Merivale (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence _____ Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) _____+ 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 3.17 ! 3.17 ROAD (62.72 + 40.34 + 61.69) = 65.26 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeg P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 -14 0.00 73.68 0.00 -7.22 -3.74 0.00 0.00 0.00 62.72 _____ -14 30 0.00 73.68 0.00 -7.22 -6.12 0.00 0.00 -20.00 40.34 _____ 30 90 0.00 73.68 0.00 -7.22 -4.77 0.00 0.00 0.00 61.69 _____ ___



Segment Leq : 65.26 dBA Results segment # 2: Withrow (day) -----Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 59.70 + 0.00) = 59.70 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -1.25 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0 59.70 _____ ___ Segment Leg : 59.70 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 66.33 dBA Barrier table for segment # 1: Merivale (day) _____ Barrier ! Elev of ! Road ! Tot Leq ! Height ! Barr Top! dBA ! dBA ! ----+ 25.50 ! 25.50 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! 26.00 ! 26.00 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! 26.50 ! 26.50 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! 27.00 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! 27.00 ! 27.50 ! 27.50 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! 28.00 ! 28.00 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! 28.50 ! 28.50 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! 29.00 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! 29.00 ! 29.50 ! 29.50 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! 30.00 ! 30.00 ! 65.26 ! 65.26 ! Results segment # 1: Merivale (night) -----Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence -----Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

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_____+ 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 3.17 ! 3.17 ROAD (55.12 + 32.75 + 54.09) = 57.66 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ _ _ -90 -14 0.00 66.08 0.00 -7.22 -3.74 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.12 _____ ___ -14 30 0.00 66.08 0.00 -7.22 -6.12 0.00 0.00 -20.00 32.75 _____ 90 0.00 66.08 0.00 -7.22 -4.77 0.00 0.00 0.00 30 54.09 _____ ___ Segment Leq : 57.66 dBA Results segment # 2: Withrow (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 52.10 + 0.00) = 52.10 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ 0 90 0.00 56.36 0.00 -1.25 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 52.10 _____ _ _ Segment Leq : 52.10 dBA Total Leg All Segments: 58.73 dBA TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 66.33

(NIGHT): 58.73



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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 06-06-2023 13:40:39 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r6.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 28336/2464 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 2254/196 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 60 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 35000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth: 0.00Medium Truck % of Total Volume: 7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume: 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2:0.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woods.)No of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 85.00 / 85.00 m Receiver height : 7.50 / 7.50 m Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Barrier height : 24.00 m Barrier receiver distance : 63.00 / 63.00 m Source elevation : 0.00 m Receiver elevation:0.00 mBarrier elevation:0.00 mReference angle:0.00 Results segment # 1: Merivale (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence _____



ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) ____+ 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 3.05 ! 3.05 ROAD (0.00 + 36.14 + 62.16) = 62.17 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ _____ 0 18 0.00 73.68 0.00 -7.53 -10.00 0.00 0.00 -20.00 36.14 _____ 90 0.00 73.68 0.00 -7.53 -3.98 0.00 0.00 0.00 18 62.16 _____ ___ Segment Leg : 62.17 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 62.17 dBA Results segment # 1: Merivale (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence _____ Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) _____ 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 3.05 ! 3.05 ROAD (0.00 + 28.55 + 54.57) = 54.58 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq 0 18 0.00 66.08 0.00 -7.53 -10.00 0.00 0.00 -20.00 28.55 _____ 18 90 0.00 66.08 0.00 -7.53 -3.98 0.00 0.00 0.00 54.57 _____ ___

Segment Leq : 54.58 dBA



Total Leq All Segments: 54.58 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 62.17 (NIGHT): 54.58



ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 06-06-2023 15:57:12 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r7.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 28336/2464 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 2254/196 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 60 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 35000 Percentage of Annual Growth: 0.00Number of Years of Growth: 0.00 Number of Years of Growth: 0.00Medium Truck % of Total Volume: 7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume: 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg0.00 degWood depth: 0(No woods.)No of house rows: 0 / 0Surface: 2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 88.00 / 88.00 m Receiver height:7.50 / 7.50 mTopography:2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)Barrier angle1:-7.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 degBarrier height:24.00 m Barrier receiver distance : 66.00 / 66.00 m Source elevation : 0.00 m Receiver elevation:0.00 mBarrier elevation:0.00 mReference angle:0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h Road gradient : 0 %



ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth0.00Medium Truck % of Total Volume7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume5.00Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume92.00 Data for Segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woods.)No of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 16.00 / 16.00 m Receiver height : 7.50 / 7.50 m Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: Merivale (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence _____ Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) _____+ 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 3.00 ! 3.00 ROAD (62.63 + 31.89 + 0.00) = 62.63 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ _____ -90 -7 0.00 73.68 0.00 -7.68 -3.36 0.00 0.00 0.00 62.63 _____ 0 0.00 73.68 0.00 -7.68 -14.10 0.00 0.00 -20.00 -7 31.89 _____ ___

Segment Leq : 62.63 dBA

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Results segment # 2: Withrow (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 63.68 + 0.00) = 63.68 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ _____ -90 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -0.28 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 63.68 _____ Segment Leq : 63.68 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 66.20 dBA Results segment # 1: Merivale (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence -----! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Source Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) 3.00 ! 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 3.00 ROAD (55.03 + 24.29 + 0.00) = 55.04 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 -7 0.00 66.08 0.00 -7.68 -3.36 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.03 -7 0 0.00 66.08 0.00 -7.68 -14.10 0.00 0.00 -20.00 24.29 _____ Segment Leq : 55.04 dBA

Results segment # 2: Withrow (night)



Total Leq All Segments: 58.60 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 66.20 (NIGHT): 58.60



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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 06-06-2023 13:41:43 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r8.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Withrow (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth:0.00Medium Truck % of Total Volume:7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume:5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Withrow (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg0.00 degWood depth: 0(No woods.)No of house rows: 0 / 0Surface: 2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 18.00 / 18.00 m Receiver height : 7.50 / 7.50 m Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: Withrow (day) Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 60.15 + 0.00) = 60.15 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 0 0.00 63.96 0.00 -0.79 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.15

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ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

_____ ___ Segment Leg : 60.15 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 60.15 dBA Results segment # 1: Withrow (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 52.56 + 0.00) = 52.56 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ _____ ___ -90 0 0.00 56.36 0.00 -0.79 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 52.56 _____ _ _ Segment Leq : 52.56 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 52.56 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 60.15 (NIGHT): 52.56



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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 06-06-2023 13:43:25 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r9.te Description: Road data, segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 28336/2464 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 2254/196 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 60 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 35000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume: 7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume: 5.00Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume: 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Merivale (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woods.)No of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 121.00 / 121.00 m Receiver height7.50 / 7.50 mTopography2Barrier angle1: -31.00 degBarrier height: 24.00 m Barrier receiver distance : 98.00 / 98.00 m Source elevation:0.00 mReceiver elevation:0.00 mBarrier elevation:0.00 mReference angle:0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

Figurr Architects Collective 8 WITHROW AVENUE / 7 ROSSLAND AVENUE, OTTAWA: TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT A24

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 : Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2:0.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woodsNo of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective) (No woods.) (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 51.00 / 51.00 m Receiver height : 7.50 / 7.50 m : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Topography Barrier angle1:0.00 degAngle2:90.00 degBarrier height:9.00 m Barrier receiver distance : 35.00 / 35.00 m Source elevation:0.00 mReceiver elevation:0.00 mBarrier elevation:0.00 mReference angle:0.00 Results segment # 1: Merivale (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence _____ Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) _____ 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 2.64 ! 2.64 ROAD (59.76 + 36.53 + 61.74) = 63.88 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 -31 0.00 73.68 0.00 -9.07 -4.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 59.76 -31 -3 0.00 73.68 0.00 -9.07 -8.08 0.00 0.00 -20.00 36.53

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_____ -3 90 0.00 73.68 0.00 -9.07 -2.87 0.00 0.00 0.00 61.74 _____ _ _ Segment Leq : 63.88 dBA Results segment # 2: Withrow (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence -----Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 3.38 ! 3.38 ROAD (0.00 + 41.07 + 0.00) = 41.07 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeg P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -5.31 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -14.56 0 41.07 _____ Segment Leq : 41.07 dBA Total Leg All Segments: 63.90 dBA Results segment # 1: Merivale (night) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence -----Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) _____+ 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 2.64 ! 2.64 ROAD (52.17 + 28.93 + 54.14) = 56.29 dBA



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Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 -31 0.00 66.08 0.00 -9.07 -4.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 52.17 _____ -31 -3 0.00 66.08 0.00 -9.07 -8.08 0.00 0.00 -20.00 28.93 _____ 90 0.00 66.08 0.00 -9.07 -2.87 0.00 0.00 0.00 -3 54.14 _____ Segment Leg : 56.29 dBA Results segment # 2: Withrow (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) _____+ 1.50 ! 7.50 ! 3.38 ! 3.38 ROAD (0.00 + 33.48 + 0.00) = 33.48 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ 90 0.00 56.36 0.00 -5.31 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -14.56 0 33.48 _____ ___ Segment Leq : 33.48 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 56.31 dBA TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 63.90 (NIGHT): 56.31



ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 07-06-2023 12:05:28 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r10.te Description: Road data, segment # 1: Merivale Rd (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 28336/2464 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 2254/196 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 60 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 35000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume: 7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume: 5.00Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume: 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Merivale Rd (day/night) -----Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg90.00 degWood depth:0(No woods.)No of house rows:0 / 0Surface:2(Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 33.00 / 33.00 m Receiver height:25.50 / 25.50 mTopography:2Barrier angle1:-90.00 degBarrier height:24.00 m Barrier receiver distance : 10.00 / 10.00 m Source elevation:0.00 mReceiver elevation:0.00 mBarrier elevation:0.00 mReference angle:0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)



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* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 : Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 2: Withrow (day/night) _____ Angle1Angle2: -90.00 deg90.00 degWood depth: 0(No woodsNo of house rows: 0 / 0Surface: 2(Reflective) (No woods.) (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 45.00 / 45.00 m Receiver height : 25.50 / 25.50 m Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Barrier angle1: -90.00 degAngle2 : 90.00 degBarrier height: 24.00 m Barrier receiver distance : 28.00 / 28.00 m Source elevation:0.00 mReceiver elevation:0.00 mBarrier elevation:0.00 mReference angle:0.00 Results segment # 1: Merivale Rd (day) -----Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence _____ Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) _____+ 1.50 ! 25.50 ! 18.23 ! 18.23 ROAD (0.00 + 55.30 + 0.00) = 55.30 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ 90 0.00 73.68 0.00 -3.42 0.00 0.00 0.00 -14.95 -90 55.30 _____ ___

Segment Leq : 55.30 dBA



Results segment # 2: Withrow (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence -----Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) 25.50 ! 1.50 ! 10.56 ! 10.56 ROAD (0.00 + 41.23 + 0.00) = 41.23 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -4.77 0.00 0.00 0.00 -17.95 41.23 _____ Segment Leq : 41.23 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 55.47 dBA Results segment # 1: Merivale Rd (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence -----Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) _____+ 1.50 ! 25.50 ! 18.23 ! 18.23 ROAD (0.00 + 47.70 + 0.00) = 47.70 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 90 0.00 66.08 0.00 -3.42 0.00 0.00 0.00 -14.95 47.70 _____ ___

Segment Leq : 47.70 dBA

Results segment # 2: Withrow (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence _____ Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) 1.50 ! 25.50 ! 10.56 ! 10.56 ROAD (0.00 + 33.64 + 0.00) = 33.64 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ ___ -90 90 0.00 56.36 0.00 -4.77 0.00 0.00 0.00 -17.95 33.64 _____ ___ Segment Leq : 33.64 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 47.87 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 55.47 (NIGHT): 47.87

