



TIA Strategy Report OCDSB - Stittsville High School 700 Cope Drive





OCDSB – Stittsville High School 700 Cope Drive

TIA Strategy Report

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TIA Plan Reports

On 14 June 2017, the Council of the City of Ottawa adopted new Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Guidelines. In adopting the guidelines, Council established a requirement for those preparing and delivering transportation impact assessments and reports to sign a letter of certification.

Individuals submitting TIA reports will be responsible for all aspects of development-related transportation assessment and reporting, and undertaking such work, in accordance and compliance with the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, the Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines.

By submitting the attached TIA report (and any associated documents) and signing this document, the individual acknowledges that s/he meets the four criteria listed below.

CERTIFICATION

- 1. I have reviewed and have a sound understanding of the objectives, needs and requirements of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines;
- 2. I have a sound knowledge of industry standard practice with respect to the preparation of transportation impact assessment reports, including multi modal level of service review;
- 3. I have substantial experience (more than 5 years) in undertaking and delivering transportation impact studies (analysis, reporting and geometric design) with strong background knowledge in transportation planning, engineering or traffic operations; and
- I am either a licensed¹ or registered² professional in good standing, whose field of expertise [check √ appropriate field(s)] is either transportation engineering or transportation planning □.

^{1,2} License of registration body that oversees the profession is required to have a code of conduct and ethics guidelines that will ensure appropriate conduct and representation for transportation planning and/or transportation engineering works.

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Dated at _	Ottawa	this	22	_day of	July	, 201 <u>9</u> .
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TIA Strategy Report

1. SCREENING

The Screening Form was prepared for the subject development and included as part of the subsequent report. The screening form confirmed the need for a Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) based on the Trip Generation Trigger (approximately 1,460 projected students at full build-out), the Location Trigger (development proposes access to Cope Drive which is a designated Spine Route), and the Safety Trigger (proposed driveway is within 150m of the Cope/Robert Grant roundabout). The Screening Form is provided in Appendix A.

2. SCOPING

2.1. EXISTING AND PLANNED CONDITIONS

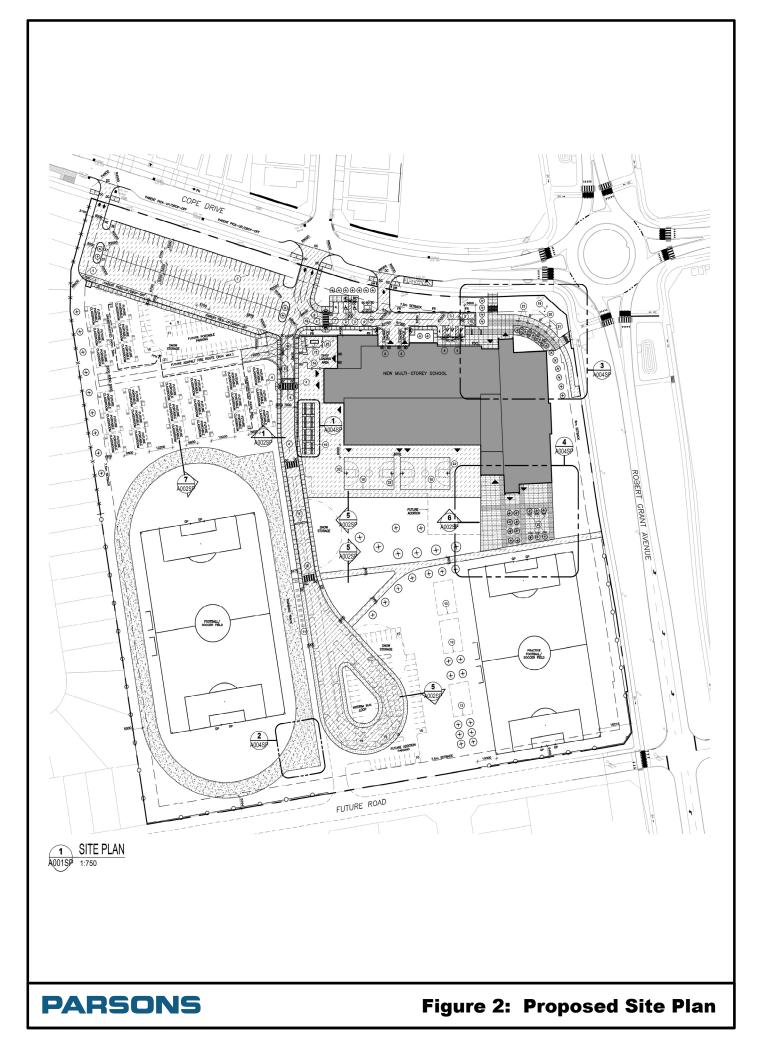
2.1.1. PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

Based on the proposed Site Plan provided by OCDSB, it is our understanding that the proponent is proposing a two-phase High School (grades 7-12) development with an initial date of occupancy by 2022 and full build-out by 2024. The school will initially be opened to grades 7-10 with upper grades added each year. Students will be transported using a combination of school buses and OC Transpo buses, as well as walk, bicycle and private vehicle pick-up/drop-off. Currently, 123 vehicle parking spaces are provided, and 180 bicycle parking spaces are provided. The site is currently vacant and zoned as I1 – Minor Institutional Zone. The local context of the site is provided as Figure 1 and the proposed site is provided as Figure 2.

All vehicular traffic to/from the proposed development is envisioned via three driveway connections at Cope Drive with no access to Robert Grant Avenue. There are three proposed accesses to the site. The west access is proposed as inbound-only and accesses the main parking lot. The middle access is proposed as all-movement and also accesses the main parking lot and bus loop. The east access is outbound-only and only services a small parking lot mainly providing access to handicap spaces.



Figure 1: Local Context



2.1.2. EXISTING CONDITIONS

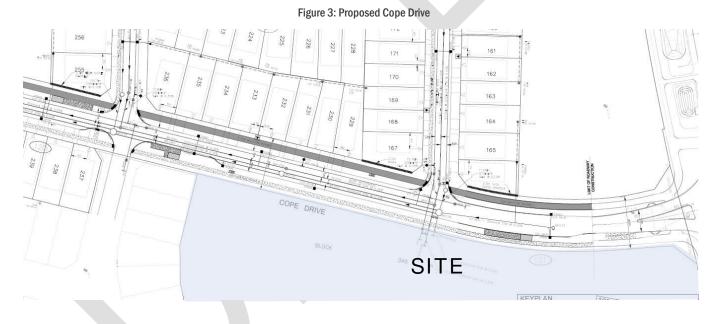
Area Road Network

Fernbank Road is a city-owned east-west arterial road that runs between Dwyer Hill Road and Eagleson Road. Fernbank Road has a two-lane undivided rural cross section with paved shoulders. The posted speed limit is 60km/h east of Hartsmere Drive and 40km/h west of Hartsmere Drive.

Robert Grant Avenue is a city-owned north-south arterial roadway that extends from Fernbank Road in the south to Abbott St E in the north. The roadway currently has a two-lane cross-section the posted speed limit is 60 km/h.

Abbott Street E is a city-owned east-west major collector roadway east of Stittsville Main Street and a collector roadway west of Stittsville Main Street. Within the study area, it has a two-lane cross-section with auxiliary turn lanes provided at major intersections. The posted speed limit is 50 km/h.

Cope Road west of Robert Grant Avenue is proposed as a city-owned east-west major collector roadway with a two-lane cross-section and parking on the south side. Figure 3 below shows the proposed concept of Cope Drive west of Robert Grant Avenue. East of Robert Grant Avenue, Cope Drive is a city-owned roadway with a two-lane cross-section with parking provided on the south side. The unposted speed limit is understood to be 50km/h.



Existing Study Area Intersections

Cope/Robert Grant

The Cope/Robert Grant intersection is a four-legged roundabout intersection. All approaches consist of a single approach lane. It should be noted that the west leg of the Cope/Robert Grant intersection is closed to the public as a new subdivision is under construction west of Robert Grant Avenue.

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Abbott E/Robert Grant

The Abbott E/Robert Grant intersection is a three-legged, single lane roundabout intersection. All approaches consist of a single approach lane. All movements are permitted at this location.

Fernbank/Robert Grant

The Fernbank/Robert Grant intersection is a signalized 'T' intersection. The southbound approach consists of a left-turn lane and a right-turn lane. The eastbound approach consists of a left-turn lane and a through lane. The westbound approach consists of a through lane and a right-turn lane. All movements are permitted at this location.

Existing Driveways to Adjacent Developments

There are no existing driveways within 200m of the proposed school accesses. There will be a residential driveway providing access to the future subdivision on the north side of Cope Drive.

Existing Area Traffic Management Measures

There are no existing area traffic management measures along the site frontage as this section of Cope Drive has not been built yet.

Pedestrian/Cycling Network

Sidewalks are provided on both sides of Robert Grant Avenue, on the north side of Abbott Street E. There are no existing sidewalks on Fernbank Road. A multi-use pathway exists on the south side of Abbott Street E. The Ottawa Pedestrian Plan (2013) does not identify any future projects within the study area.

The City of Ottawa's 2013 Cycling Plan identifies Robert Grant Avenue and Fernbank Road as Spine Routes and Abbott Street E as a major pathway. Cycling facilities include cycle tracks on Robert Grant Avenue and a pathway on the south side of Abbott Street E. There are no existing cycling facilities on Fernbank Road however a multi-use pathway (MUP) is planned along the north side of Cope Drive.

Transit Network and Bus Services

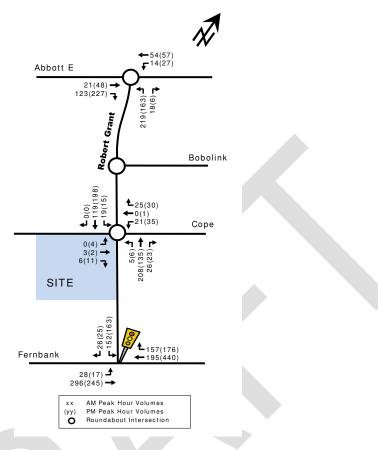
Transit in the area include transit routes are OC Transpo Routes #61, 167, and 252. Bus stops for Local Route #61 are located on Abbott Street E at Iber Road and all-day service is provided. Bus stops for Connexion Route #167 and Local Route #252 are located on Robert Grant Avenue at Haliburton Heights. All-day service is provided for Route #167 and peak-hour service is provided for Route #252. The current transit area network is provided as Figure 4.



Peak Hour Travel Demands

The existing peak hour traffic volumes within the study area, obtained from the City of Ottawa and Parsons count, are illustrated in Figure 5. The peak hour traffic volume count data is included as Appendix B.





Existing Road Safety Conditions

As the study area is relatively new, the five-year collision history on boundary streets does not exist. The collision data available for Robert Grant Avenue indicates that there were two collisions since the road was built: a sideswipe collision in July 2016 and an angle collision in October 2017. Both collisions resulted in property damage only and no pedestrians and cyclists were involved. The source collision data as provided by the City of Ottawa and related analysis is provided as Appendix C.

2.1.3. PLANNED CONDITIONS

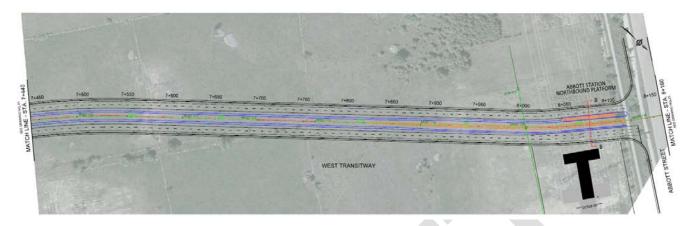
Planned Study Area Transportation Network Changes

Fernbank Road is identified as a transit priority corridor with isolated measures (City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (TMP) 2013, Ultimate Network) and widening has been proposed in the Network Concept Map 10 (TMP).

Robert Grant Avenue is identified as a transit priority corridor with isolated measures in the Affordable Network Plan and a future Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) corridor in the Network Concept Plan. Additionally, Park and Rides have been proposed at the Abbot E/Robert Grant and Fernbank/Robert Grant intersections in the Affordable Network Plan, the Network Concept Plan and the Fernbank Community Design Plan.

A high-level design for Robert Grant Ave was completed as part of the West Transit Way Connections (Terry Fox Dr. to Fernbank Rd) EA study. The section of this design, along the proposed development frontage is shown in Figure 6. This section includes exclusive bus lanes along the roadway centreline, the future Abbott BRT station, and park and ride location.

Figure 6: Future Robert Grant Ave Concept



Other Area Developments

The following developments are planned near the subject site based on the latest information from the City. The location of the site and the adjacent future developments are shown below in Figure 7.



Figure 7: Other Area Developments

1000 Robert Grant Avenue

Lépine Corps. is proposing a residential development consisting three towers ranging from five to fourteen storeys with 566 units in total, located 600m north of the subject development. The Transportation Impact Assessment (prepared by Parsons) projected approximately 164 veh/h during the morning peak hour and 205 veh/h during the afternoon peak hour.

365 Haliburton Heights (Abbott-Fernbank Lands)

Eight two-storey buildings comprised of 96 apartments are proposed at the above noted address, located adjacent to the subject development. The Transportation Impact Assessment (prepared by Novatech) projected approximately 45 to 50 veh/h during peak hours.

5611 Fernbank Road (Abbott-Fernbank Lands)

eQHomes is proposing a residential development, also in the Abbott-Fernbank Lands, located at the above address, adjacent to the subject development. Based on a site visit completed January 14th, 2019, it was determined that this development has almost reached full build-out. As such, it is reasonable to assume the majority of traffic generated by this development has been captured by the traffic counts completed in January 2019 and will not be accounted for in background traffic.

570 Hazeldean Road

Mattamy Homes is proposing a subdivision development consisting of approximately 227 single homes and 518 townhomes, located 1km north of the subject development. The Transportation Brief (prepared by Stantec) projected approximately 230 veh/h during the morning peak hour and 360 veh/h during the afternoon peak hour.

590 Hazeldean Road

Richcraft Homes is proposing a subdivision development consisting of approximately 600 units, located 1km north of the subject development. The Transportation Impact Study (prepared by Stantec) projected approximately 300 veh/h during the morning peak hour and 375 veh/h during the afternoon peak hour.

5505 Fernbank Road (Blackstone South)

Mattamy Homes is proposing a subdivision development consisting of approximately 609 units, located 700m east of the subject development. The Transportation Impact Assessment (prepared by Parsons) projected approximately 264 veh/h during the morning peak hour and 327 veh/h during the afternoon peak hour.

5786 Fernbank Road (CRT Lands)

In 2011, the IBI Group submitted a Transportation Letter to the City of Ottawa for the development known as Claridge Homes – Fernbank Subdivision consisting of an elementary school, high school and housing, taking place west of Robert Grant Avenue. The Transportation Overview projected approximately 700 veh/h during the morning and afternoon peak hours.

2.2. STUDY AREA AND TIME PERIODS

Given that the proposed site is that of a secondary school, the time periods being assessed will be based on the school's peak periods, as opposed to regular commuter peak hours. As such, the weekday morning and afternoon peak periods to be analyzed are 7:00 am – 9:00 am, which may include the regular commuter morning peak hour, and 2:00 pm – 4:00 pm, which is in advance of regular commuter afternoon peak hours. The proposed study area to be used in analysis is outlined below and highlighted in Figure 8. Note that Robert Grant Avenue adjacent to the site has not been included as there are no proposed accesses to this roadway.

The estimated date of initial occupancy is projected to be 2022, when the school is only offering grades 7-10. Full occupancy is projected to be 2024 when the school is offering all grades (7-12). The year 2029 will be analyzed as the five-year horizon beyond build-out year.

Figure 8: Study Area



- Abbott E/Robert Grant intersection;
- Cope/Robert Grant intersection;
- Fernbank/Robert Grant intersection;
- Access 1/Cope intersection;
- Access 2/Cope intersection; and,
- Cope Drive adjacent to the site.

2.3. EXEMPTION REVIEW

Based on the City's TIA guidelines and the subject site, the following modules/elements of the TIA process, summarized in Table 1, are recommended to be exempt in the subsequent steps of the TIA process:

Table 1: Exemptions Review Summary

Module	Element	Exemption Consideration
4.1 Development Design	4.1.3 New Streets Network	Not required for applications involving site plans.
4.2 Parking	4.2.2 Spillover Parking	The parking is expected to meet By-Law requirements.
4.8 Review of Network Concept	All elements	The site is not expected to generate 200 trips more than the established zoning. This will be confirmed in Step 3.

3. FORECASTING

3.1.1. TRIP GENERATION AND MODE SHARES

The proposed high school is expected to accommodate up to 875 students at the time of opening in 2022 with enrollment increasing each year. OCDSB's preliminary projected enrollment for the following years is provided in Appendix D. Traffic from the high school land use will be generated using the ITE Trip Generation Manual 10th Edition. Table 2 summarizes the vehicle trip generation rates for a high school land-use and the person trip generation for the proposed site is summarized in Table 3.

Table 2. ITF Trin	Generation Rates	(10th Edition)
Table 2. IIC IIIP	Generation Rates	

Land Use	ITE Land Use	Trip F	Trip Rates		
Lanu Use	Code	AM Peak	PM Peak		
High Cohool	ITE 530	T = 0.55(X)	T = 0.33(X)		
High School	TE 530	Ln(T) = 0.67Ln(X) + 1.72	Ln(T) = 0.69Ln(X) + 1.07		
Notes: T = Average Vehicle Trip Ends					

X = Number of Students

Horizo		Horizon AM Peak (person/h)				PM Peak (person/h)			
Phase	Year	Students	In Out Total			In	Out	Total	
High School (Gr. 7-10)	2022	875	454	215	669	128	272	400	
High School (Gr. 7-12)	2024	1,460	641	302	943	182	387	569	
High School (Future Addition)	2029	1,800	737	347	1,084	210	448	658	

Table 3: Projected Person-Trip Generation

Mode Shares

The expected mode share percentages for the 2022 horizon year were provided by OCDSB and have been summarized in Table 4. As the surrounding area develops and matures, the percentage of non-motorized trips is expected to increase, and the percentage of school bus trips expected to decrease. The school is expecting to use OC Transpo only on a small scale as it is more cost effective to use traditional school buses. Additionally, OCDSB had indicated that there will be 20 yellow school buses initially. With regard to auto driver, note that at 2022 there are no eligible student drivers (highest student age is 15-16).

Table 4: Projected Mode Shares

Traval Mada	Mode Share				
Travel Mode	2022	2024	2029		
Auto-Driver	5%	10%	10%		
Drop-Off	10%	10%	15%		
School Bus	80%	60%	45%		
Transit and Non-Motorized (Bike/Walk)	5%	20%	30%		

Using the mode shares presented in Table 4 above, the person trips by mode for the 2022, 2024, and 2029 horizon years were estimated and summarized below in Table 5, Table 6, and Table 7, respectively.

Travel Mode	Mode	AM Pe	ak (Person Tri	ips/hr)	PM Pe	eak (Person Trips/hr)		
	Share	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
Auto-Driver	5%	23	11	34	7	14	21	
Drop-Off	10%	46	22	68	13	28	41	
School Bus	80%	363	172	535	102	217	319	
School Bus Equivalent		20	20	40	20	20	40	
Non-Motorized (Bike/Walk)	5%	22	10	32	6	13	19	
Total Person Trips	100%	454	215	669	128	272	400	
Total 'New' Auto Trips		89	53	142	40	62	102	

Table 5: 2022 Site Trip Generation

Table 6: 2024 Site Trip Generation

Travel Mode	Mode	AM Pe	ak (Person Tri	ips/hr)	PM Pe	ak (Person Tri	ps/hr)
	Share	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Auto-Driver	10%	65	31	96	19	39	58
Drop-Off	10%	64	30	94	18	39	57
School Bus	60%	384	181	565	109	232	341
School B	us Equivalent	20	20	40	20	20	40
Transit and Non- Motorized (Bike/Walk)	20%	128	60	188	36	77	113
Total Person Trips	100%	641	302	943	182	387	569
Total 'New' Auto Trips		149	81	230	57	98	155

Table 7: 2029 Site Trip Generation

Travel Mode	Mode	AM Pe	ak (Person Tri	ps/hr)	PM Peak (Person Trips/hr)			
	Share	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
Auto-Driver	10%	74	35	109	21	45	66	
Drop-Off	15%	111	52	163	32	68	100	
School Bus	45%	331	156	487	94	201	295	
School B	us Equivalent	20	20	40	20	20	40	
Transit and Non- Motorized (Bike/Walk)	30%	221	104	325	63	134	197	
Total Person Trips	100%	737	347	1,084	210	448	658	
Total 'Ne	ew' Auto Trips	205	107	312	73	133	206	

At initial build-out in 2022, the total number of person trips expected to be generated is approximately 669 and 400 persons/h during weekday school peak hours. This will increase to approximately 943 and 569 persons/h by 2024 and approximately 1,084 and 658 persons/h by 2029.

The estimated total two-way vehicle trips generated by this site are approximately 142 and 102 veh/h during weekday school peak hours. This will increase to approximately 230 and 155 veh/h by 2024 and approximately 312 and 206 veh/h by 2029.

3.1.2. TRIP DISTRIBUTION AND ASSIGNMENT

Based on the 2011 NCR Household Origin-Destination Survey (Kanata – Stittsville district) and the location of adjacent arterial roadways and neighbourhoods, the distribution of site-generated traffic volumes was estimated as follows:

- 45% to/from the north;
- 25% to/from the east; and,
- 30% to/from the west.

Based on these distributions, 'new' site-generated trips were assigned to the study area intersections, which are illustrated as Figure 9 for the 2022 initial build-out, Figure 10 for the 2024 full build-out, and Figure 11 for the 2029 full build-out plus 5 years.

There are three proposed accesses to the site. The west access is proposed as inbound-only and accesses the main parking lot. The middle access is proposed as all-movement and also accesses the main parking lot and bus loop. The east access is outbound-only and only services a small parking lot mainly providing access to handicap spaces. As such, no traffic has been assigned to this driveway. Also note that drop-offs are assumed to be entering the site to remain conservative.

3.2. BACKGROUND NETWORK TRAVEL DEMANDS

3.2.1. TRANSPORTATION NETWORK PLANS

See Section 2.1.3.

3.2.2. BACKGROUND GROWTH

The following background traffic growth (summarized in Table 8) was calculated based on historical traffic count data (years 2010, 2012, 2014, and 2017) provided by the City of Ottawa at the Fernbank/Eagleson intersection east of the site. Detailed background traffic growth analysis is included as Appendix E.

	Percent Annual Change							
Time Period	North Leg	South Leg	West Leg	Overall				
8 hrs	1.03%	2.16%	0.43%	1.41%				
AM Peak	1.25%	3.41%	-3.12%	1.56%				
PM Peak	1.14%	1.90%	1.46%	1.52%				

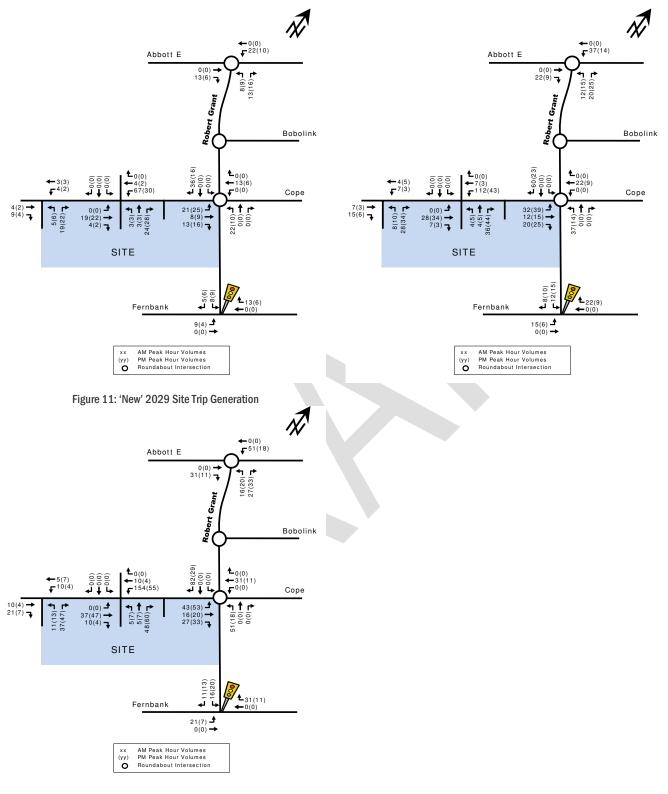
Table 8: Fernbank/Eagleson Historical Traffic Growth (2009-2017)

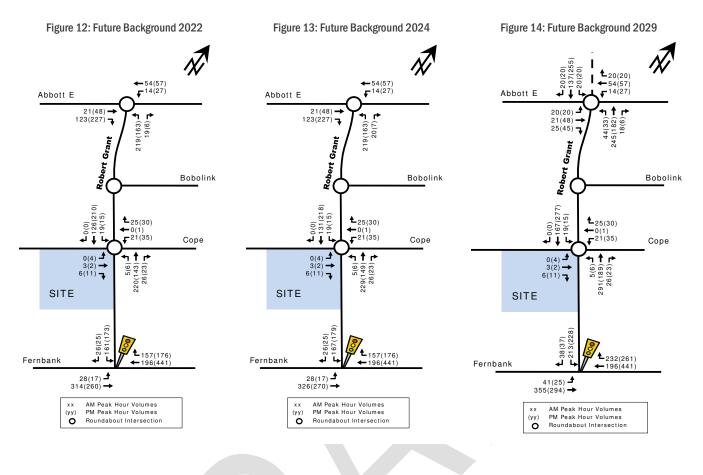
As shown in Table 8, the Fernbank/Eagleson intersection has experienced an overall increase in traffic of approximately 1.5% annually within recent years (calculated as a weighted average). Accounting for future developments, which are expected to reach full build-out by 2025, a 2% background growth rate per annum on Fernbank Road and Robert Grant Avenue was considered appropriate to estimate interim traffic growth along existing roadways within the study area for the 2022 and 2024 horizon years. As the Robert Grant Avenue extension north of Abbott Street E to Hazeldean Road is projected to be completed by 2025, a 4% background growth rate per annum has been applied to Robert Grant Avenue for the 2029 horizon year.

Figure 12, Figure 13, and Figure 14 show the estimated future background peak hour traffic volumes in the 2022, 2024, and 2029 horizons, respectively.

Figure 9: 'New' 2022 Site Trip Generation

Figure 10: 'New' 2024 Site Trip Generation





3.2.3. OTHER DEVELOPMENTS

The additional traffic associated with the surrounding developments mentioned above in Section 2.1.3 is shown below in Figure 15, Figure 16, Figure 17, and Figure 18. These trips will be included in the foregoing traffic analysis. As a conservative estimate of the build-out of the area it has been assumed that all of the developments would occur by the 2022 horizon. See Appendix F for the trip distribution analysis for Figure 15, Figure 16, and Figure 17 and Appendix G for the trip distribution analysis for Figure 18.

3.2.4. TOTAL BACKGROUND TRAFFIC

With the addition of the 2% background traffic growth rate and the other area development traffic, the resultant 2022, 2024, and 2029 background traffic volumes are depicted in Figure 19, Figure 20, and Figure 21 respectively.

3.3. DEMAND RATIONALIZATION

The study area road network is expected to accommodate projected volumes. There are currently no anticipated capacity issues. The capacity of the roadways will be further explored in a more detailed review of the total projected traffic volumes and intersection design in the ensuing Strategy Report.

Figure 15: Fernbank Crossing, Phases 3 and 4

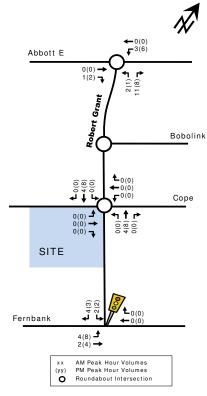


Figure 17: Lépine Fernbank, 1000 Robert Grant Ave

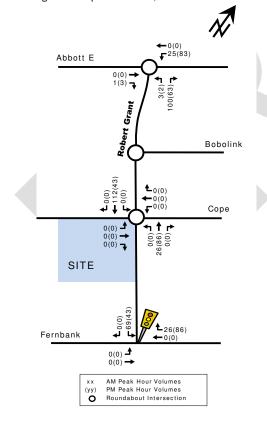
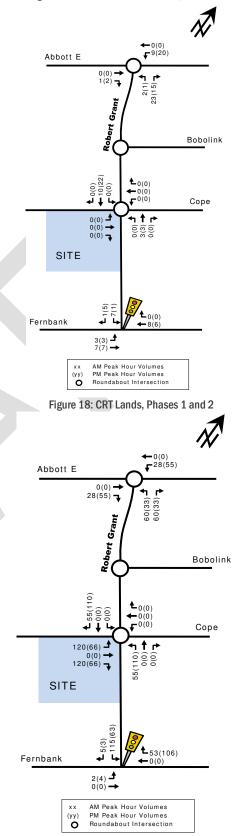
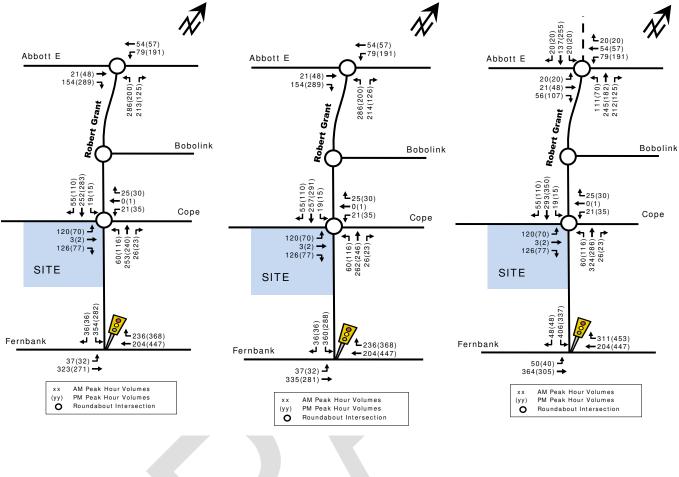


Figure 16: Blackstone Subdivision, Phases 4-8



Source: CRT Lands Phase 1 and 2 Fernbank Community Transportation Letter, IBI Group

Figure 19: 2022 Total Background Traffic Volume Figure 20: 2024 Total Background Traffic Volume Figure 21: 2029 Total Background Traffic Volume



ANALYSIS 4.

4.1. DEVELOPMENT DESIGN

Vehicle parking is proposed in a surface parking lot and bicycle parking is proposed in exterior bike racks. A total of 118 parking spaces will be provided at the initial build-out, meeting the minimum of spaces required outlined in the Parking By-Law. With regard to bicycle parking, 180 spaces will be provided which meets the City's Bylaw Requirements. Additionally, an interim bus loop has been provided for school buses to pick-up/drop-off students and turn around on-site. Should the school expand and the road along the south frontage be built, the bus loop will be replaced with a through-roadway and additional parking lot.

Existing sidewalk facilities are provided along the Robert Grant Avenue frontage. The Cope Drive extension west of Robert Grant Avenue will include a sidewalk on the south side of the roadway and a MUP on the north side of the roadway.

Transit service within the area is provided by OC Transpo. Additional service and/or stop locations may be required as the school increases in size.

DESIGN FOR SUSTAINABLE MODES 4.1.1.

Vehicle and Bicycle Parking Refer to Section 4.2.1

Transit and Pedestrians Refer to Section 2.1.2 for the Pedestrian/Cycling Network. Refer to Section 4.7 for Transit.

4.1.2. CIRCULATION AND ACCESS

There are three proposed accesses to the Stittsville High School site: two all-movement accesses and an outbound-only access. According to the City's Private Approach By-law, the number of accesses and location are appropriate. Section 4.4 will go into further detail regarding the design, location, and control of these driveways.

4.2. PARKING

4.2.1. PARKING SUPPLY

Vehicle Parking

As mentioned previously, vehicle parking is proposed in a surface parking lot and bicycle parking is proposed in exterior bike racks. A total of 118 parking spaces will be provided at the initial build-out, meeting the minimum of spaces required outlined in the Parking By-Law. With regard to bicycle parking, 180 spaces will be provided which meets the City's By-law Requirements. Parking space dimensions are noted to be 2.6m by 5.2m and drive aisles are noted to be 6.7m which meets By-law requirements.

In the event that the future portables are constructed, 58 additional parking spaces will be provided to serve the expansion.

Bicycle Parking

A total of 180 bicycle parking spaces are proposed to serve the proposed development, meeting the minimum outlined in City By-laws.

4.3. BOUNDARY STREET DESIGN

The boundary street for the proposed development is the future Cope Drive extension west of Robert Grant Avenue. While Robert Grant Avenue is along the east frontage of the site, there are no accesses to it and as such is not included as a boundary street.

A complete street design has been completed for the Cope Drive extension. Elements included in the design include a MUP on the north side of the roadway and a sidewalk on the south side of the roadway. The projected multi-modal level of service (MMLoS) for the boundary street is provided in Table 9, with detailed analyses provided in Appendix H.

				Level of	Service			
Road Segment	Pedestrian (PLoS)		Bicycle (BLoS)		Transit (TLoS)		Truck (TkLoS)	
	PLoS	Target	BLoS	Target	TLoS	Target	TkLoS	Target
Cope Drive	А	А	А	А	D	No Target	В	No Target

Table 9.	MML0S -	Future Cope Drive
Table J.	WINTLOS -	ruture cope prive

Given the development is a school, the target levels of service for pedestrians and cyclists is high (PLoS 'A' and BLoS 'A'). There are no transit priority plans for the boundary street identified within the City's Affordable Network and as such there is no TLoS target. There is no truck level of service target for Cope Drive as it is not a designated truck route. As shown in Table 9, the target levels of service for pedestrians and cyclists are met.

4.4. ACCESS INTERSECTION DESIGN

4.4.1. LOCATION AND DESIGN OF ACCESS

There are three proposed accesses to the site:

- West Access This access is proposed as an all-movement "T" access. It is located approximately 225m from the Cope/Robert Grant intersection;
- Middle Access This access is proposed as an all-movement four-legged intersection, with the north leg providing access to the future subdivision. It is located approximately 110m from the Cope/Robert Grant intersection; and,
 - A left-turn lane warrant was completed for the westbound left-turn using the 2029 total projected volumes and it was determined that the left-turn lane warrant was not met. It is provided in Appendix I.
- East Access This access is proposed as an out-bound only "T" access. It is located approximately 75m from the Cope/Robert Grant intersection.

4.4.2. INTERSECTION CONTROL

Based on the roadway design and project vehicle volumes, the planned driveways would likely be proposed with STOP control on the minor approaches only.

An All-Way-Stop-Control (AWSC) warrant was completed using the 2029 total projected volumes for the Middle Access and an AWSC is only 71% warranted and as such, it is not recommended. The AWSC warrant is provided in Appendix I.

4.5. TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT

The TDM checklist is provided as Appendix J. Some of the TDM measures that the proponent is providing/considering are as follows:

- Sidewalks provided om the north and east frontages;
- Marked cross-walks provided at designated areas on-site crossing internal laneways;
- Direct and attractive walking routes provided from building entrances to adjacent future transit stop on Cope Drive;
- On-site bicycle parking provided according to the City's By-Law requirements;
- Landscaping and benches provided along walking and cycling routes; and,
- Designated drop-off/pick-up areas provided on-site for carpool drivers/parents.

4.6. NEIGHBOURHOOD TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

The following section discusses the development's impact on the surrounding neighbourhood and local and collector access routes. Table 10 summarizes each roadway's classification, the TIA Guideline's roadway threshold, and the approximate existing and projected traffic on main access routes to the site.

Roadway	Classification	Daily Threshold	Peak Hour Peak Direction	Peak Hour Peak I AM Peak	Direction Volumes (PM Peak)
Noauway	(veh/day)		Threshold (veh/h)	Background 2029	Projected 2029
Cope Drive (adjacent to site)	Major Collector	5,000	600	250 (150)	335 (255)

Table 10: Roadway Classification Analysis of Site Access Route

As shown in Table 10, the addition of development related traffic does not increase the peak hour volume in the peak direction such that it would exceed the roadway threshold of a major collector.

4.7. TRANSIT

See Section 2.1.2 for a description of existing transit within the study area. At the time if initial build-out, there is expected to be minimal students using transit facilities as the majority of students are expected to take a school bus. As the school population increases and the Robert Grant Avenue Transitway is completed, it is anticipated that there will be a modal shift for students to use OC Transpo. However, the construction of this transitway is not expected to occur within the horizon years of this development.

4.8. REVIEW OF NETWORK CONCEPT

Exempt - See Section 2.3.

4.9. INTERSECTION DESIGN

4.9.1. BACKGROUND CONDITIONS

The following Table 11 provides a summary of the background traffic operations for all horizon years (2022, 2024, and 2029) at study area intersections based on the Synchro (V10) and SIDRA traffic analysis software and the background traffic volumes (Figure 19, Figure 20, and Figure 21). The subject signalized intersections were assessed in terms of the volume-to-capacity (v/c) ratio and the corresponding Level of Service (LoS) for the critical movement(s). The subject signalized intersections 'as a whole' were assessed based on weighted v/c ratio. The unsignalized intersections were assessed based on delay and the corresponding level of service. The Synchro and SIDRA model output of background conditions is provided within Appendix K.

		Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak)							
Interaction	С	ritical Moveme	ent	Intersection 'as a whole'					
Intersection	LoS	max. v/c or avg. delay (s)	Movement	Delay (s)	LoS	v/c			
2022 Horizon Year									
Fernbank/Robert Grant (S)	A(A)	0.57(0.60)	SBL(WBT)	14.5(15.4)	A(A)	0.50(0.56)			
Abbott E/Robert Grant (R)	A(A)	8.9(9.0)	NBL(NBL)	6.0(6.0)	A(A)	-			
Cope/Robert Grant (R)	B(B)	11.0(11.0)	EBL(EBL)	6.1(6.1)	A(A)	-			
2024 Horizon Year						·			
Fernbank/Robert Grant (S)	A(B)	0.58(0.61)	SBL(WBT)	14.6(15.5)	A(A)	0.51(0.57)			
Abbott E/Robert Grant (R)	A(A)	8.9(9.0)	NBL(NBL)	6.0(6.0)	A(A)	-			
Cope/Robert Grant (R)	B(B)	11.0(11.0)	EBL(EBL)	6.1(6.1)	A(A)	-			
2029 Horizon Year						·			
Fernbank/Robert Grant (S)	A(B)	0.58(0.62)	SBL(SBL)	15.6(16.3)	A(A)	0.54(0.59)			
Abbott E/Robert Grant (R)	B(B)	10.0(10.2)	SBL(SBL)	6.1(6.3)	A(A)	-			
Cope/Robert Grant (R)	B(B)	11.4(11.3)	WBL(WBL)	6.1(6.1)	A(A)	-			
Analysis of signalized intersection Note: S - Signalized Intersection R - Roundabout Intersection	ons assumes a PHF of	0.95 and a satura	ion flow rate of 1	.800 veh/h/lane.					

Table 11:	Background	Intersection	Performance
-----------	------------	--------------	-------------

As shown in Table 11, all study area intersections 'as a whole' are projected to operate at an acceptable LoS 'A' during the morning and afternoon peak hours for all horizon years. Regarding critical movements, the study area intersections are projected to operate at an acceptable LoS 'B' or better during morning and afternoon peak hours for all horizon years.

Multi-Modal Level of Service – Background Conditions

The MMLOS analysis for the signalized intersection identified in Section 2.2.1 is summarized in Table 20. The background detailed MMLoS analysis is provided as Appendix H.

		Level of Service								
Intersection		lestrian PLoS) Bicycle (BLoS)		(BLoS)	Transit (TLoS)		Truck (TkLoS)		Vehicle (LoS)	
	PLoS	Target	BLoS	Target	TLoS	TLoS	TkLoS	Target	LoS	Target
Fernbank/Robert Grant	Е	С	А	С	С	No Target	E	No Target	А	Е

Table 12: MMLOS - Signalized Fernbank/Robert Grant Intersection, Background Conditions

The letters identified in red text in Table 12 do not meet the MMLoS Targets for their designated area (General Urban Area). While there are plans for transit priority measures identified in the TMP along Robert Grant Avenue, there is currently no build-out date and, as such, there is no target TLoS. Fernbank Road and Robert Grant Avenue do not form part of the truck route and, as such, there is no TkLoS target for this intersection.

With regard to pedestrians, the low effective walk time for pedestrians crossing east-west result in a PLoS 'E'. Should the effective walk time increase, the overall PLoS would increase to a 'C', meeting the target.

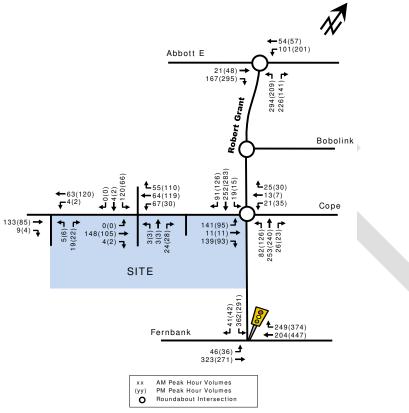
As there is no expected completion date for the Robert Grant Transitway, the existing geometry of Fernbank Road and Robert Grant Avenue was assumed to be the same for all horizon years. As such, the projected background MMLoS analysis will remain constant for all horizon years (2022, 2024, and 2029).

4.9.2. TOTAL PROJECTED CONDITIONS

2022 Horizon Year

The total projected traffic volumes for the 2022 horizon year were derived by superimposing the 2022 site-generated traffic volumes (Figure 9) onto the total 2022 background traffic volumes (Figure 19). The resulting total projected traffic volumes for the 2022 horizon year is illustrated in Figure 22.

Figure 22: Total Projected 2022 Traffic Volumes



The following Table 13 provides a summary of the total 2022 projected operations at the study area intersections based on the Synchro (V10) and SIDRA traffic analysis software. The Synchro and SIDRA model output of total 2022 projected conditions is provided within Appendix L.

	Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak)							
Interpection	Ci	ritical Moveme	ent	Inters	Intersection 'as a whole'			
Intersection	LoS	max. v/c or avg. delay (s)	Movement	Delay (s)	LoS	v/c		
Fernbank/Robert Grant (S)	A(B)	0.57(0.61)	SBL(WBT)	14.7(15.7)	A(A)	0.50(0.57)		
Abbott E/Robert Grant (R)	A(A)	8.9(9.0)	NBL(NBL)	6.1(6.1)	A(A)	-		
Cope/Robert Grant (R)	B(B)	11.3(11.2)	EBL(EBL)	6.4(6.4)	A(A)	-		
West Access/Cope (U)	A(A)	9.3(9.1)	NBR(NBR)	1.1(1.1)	A(A)	-		
Middle Access/Cope (U)	B(B)	14.4(12.5)	SBL(SBL)	5.3(3.0)	A(A)	-		
Note: Note: Analysis of signalized intersections as: S – Signalized Intersection R – Roundabout Intersection U – Unsignalized Intersection	sumes a PHF of C	.95 and a satura	tion flow rate of 1	.800 veh/h/lane.				

Table 13: Total Projected 2022 Performance at Study Area Intersections

As shown in Table 13, study area intersections are projected to operate similar to 2022 background conditions with slight increases to v/c ratios and delay. Study area intersections 'as a whole' are projected to operate at an acceptable LoS 'A' during the morning and afternoon peak hours for all horizon years. Regarding critical movements, the study area intersections are projected to operate at an acceptable LoS 'B' or better during morning and afternoon peak hours for all horizon years.



2024 Horizon Year

The total projected traffic volumes for the 2024 horizon year were derived by superimposing the 2024 site-generated traffic volumes (Figure 10) onto the total 2024 background traffic volumes (Figure 20). The resulting total projected traffic volumes for the 2024 horizon year is illustrated in Figure 23.

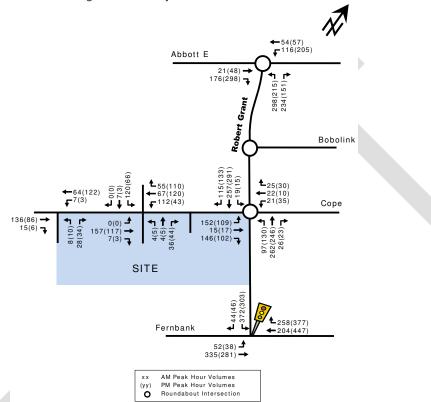


Figure 23: Total Projected 2024 Traffic Volumes

The following Table 14 provides a summary of the total 2024 projected operations at the study area intersections based on the Synchro (V10) and SIDRA traffic analysis software. The Synchro and SIDRA model output of total projected conditions is provided within Appendix L.

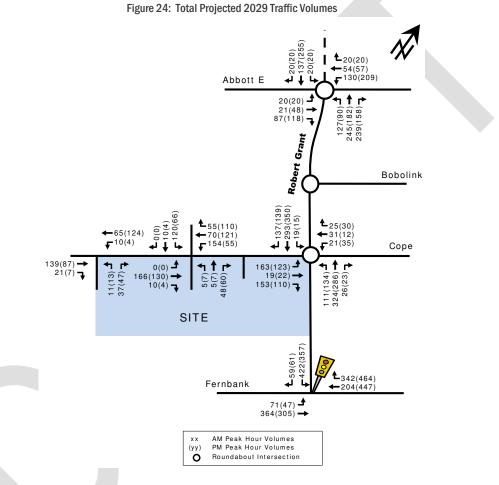
Table 14: To	tal Projected 2024	Performance at Stud	y Area Intersections
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	Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak)							
Interpetien	Cr	ritical Moveme	ent	Intersection 'as a whole'				
Intersection	LoS	max. v/c or avg. delay (s)	Movement	Delay (s)	LoS	v/c		
Fernbank/Robert Grant (S)	A(B)	0.58(0.61)	SBL(WBT)	15.1(15.9)	A(A)	0.51(0.58)		
Abbott E/Robert Grant (R)	A(A)	8.9(9.0)	NBL(NBL)	6.2(6.1)	A(A)	-		
Cope/Robert Grant (R)	B(B)	11.5(11.4)	EBL(EBL)	6.6(6.6)	A(A)	-		
West Access/Cope (U)	A(A)	9.4(9.2)	NBR(NBR)	1.5(1.6)	A(A)	-		
Middle Access/Cope (U)	C(B)	18(13.5)	SBL(SBL)	6.3(3.5)	A(A)	-		
East Access/Cope (U)	A(A)	0(0)	-	0(0)	A(A)	-		
Note: Analysis of signalized intersections ass S – Signalized Intersection R – Roundabout Intersection U – Unsignalized Intersection	sumes a PHF of C).95 and a saturat	tion flow rate of 1	.800 veh/h/lane.				

As shown in Table 14, study area intersections are projected to operate similar to 2024 background conditions with slight increases to v/c ratios and delay. Study area intersections 'as a whole' are projected to operate at an acceptable LoS 'A' during the morning and afternoon peak hours for all horizon years. Regarding critical movements, the study area intersections are projected to operate at an acceptable LoS 'B' or better during morning and afternoon peak hours for all horizon years.

2029 Horizon Year

The total projected traffic volumes for the 2029 horizon year were derived by superimposing the 2029 site-generated traffic volumes (Figure 11) onto the total 2029 background traffic volumes (Figure 21). The resulting total 2024 projected traffic volumes for the 2029 horizon year is illustrated in Figure 24.



The following Table 15 provides a summary of the total 2029 projected operations at the study area intersections based on the Synchro (V10) and SIDRA traffic analysis software. The Synchro and SIDRA model output of total2029 projected conditions is provided within Appendix L

		Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak)					
Intersection -	Critical Movement			Intersection 'as a whole'			
	LoS	max. v/c or avg. delay (s)	Movement	Delay (s)	LoS	v/c	
Fernb	ank/Robert Grant (S)	A(B)	0.60(0.64)	SBL(SBL)	16.7(17.0)	A(B)	0.57(0.61)
Abbot	t E/Robert Grant (R)	B(B)	10.4(11.0)	SBL(SBL)	6.0(6.5)	A(A)	-
Cope/	Robert Grant (R)	B(B)	12.3(11.8)	WBL(WBL)	6.7(6.7)	A(A)	-
West Access/Cope (U)		A(A)	9.5(9.3)	NBR(NBR)	1.9(2.1)	A(A)	-
Middle Access/Cope (U)		C(B)	23.4(14.7)	SBL(SBL)	7.6(3.9)	A(A)	-
East Access/Cope (U)		A(A)	0(0)	-	0(0)	A(A)	-
Note:	Analysis of signalized intersections ass S – Signalized Intersection R – Roundabout Intersection U – Unsignalized Intersection	sumes a PHF of C	.95 and a satura	tion flow rate of 1	800 veh/h/lane.		

Table 15: Total Projected 2029 Performance at Study Area Intersections

As shown in Table 14, study area intersections are projected to operate similar to 2029 background conditions with slight increases to v/c ratios and delay. Study area intersections 'as a whole' are projected to operate at an acceptable LoS 'B' or better during the morning and afternoon peak hours for all horizon years. Regarding critical movements, the study area intersections are projected to operate at an acceptable LoS 'B' or better during morning and afternoon peak hours for all horizon years.

Multi-Modal Level of Service - Projected Conditions

As there is no expected completion date for the Robert Grant Transitway, the existing geometry of Fernbank Road and Robert Grant Avenue was assumed to be the same for all horizon years. As such, the projected background MMLoS analysis will remain constant for all horizon years (2022, 2024, and 2029).

5. FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results summarized herein, the following transportation related conclusions are offered for each travel mode:

Proposed Site

- OCDSB is proposing a new high school accommodating grades 7-12 at 700 Cope Drive with the initial date of occupancy in 2022. The school will initially be opened to grades 7-10 with upper grades added each year;
- A surface parking lot is provided a total of 123 parking spaces are proposed. Additionally, a total of 180 bicycle parking spaces are proposed;
- The proposed development is projected to generate 'new' two-way vehicle volumes of approximately 145 veh/h and 102 veh/h during the weekday morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively, in the 2022 build-out year. This will increase to approximately 230 and 155 veh/h by 2024 and approximately 312 and 206 veh/h by 2029; and,
- Vehicle access to the development is proposed via three new driveway connections to Cope Drive: two allmovement accesses and one outbound-only access.

Background and Projected Conditions

- The study area intersections are projected to operate 'as a whole' with a LoS 'B' or better during peak hours for the background conditions for all horizon years. The total projected conditions are expected to continue operating similar to background conditions for all horizon years;
- The boundary street segment MMLoS and intersection MMLoS targets are met with the exception of the PLoS at the Fernbank/Robert Grant intersection;
 - The pedestrian level of service 'A' is not achieved due to low effective walk time for pedestrians crossing on the east and west legs at the intersection.

Site Plan

- Cycling facilities are provided on Robert Grant Avenue in the form of cycle tracks and on Cope Drive in the form of a MUP on the north side of the roadway;
- Pedestrian facilities include pathways connecting the building entrances/exits to the public sidewalks along Cope Drive and Robert Grant Avenue; and,
- The number of vehicle and bicycle parking spaces meets the City's minimum By-Law requirement for residents.

Based on the foregoing, the proposed development fits well into the context of the surrounding area, and its location and design serve to promote use of walking, cycling, and transit modes, thus supporting City of Ottawa policies, goals and objectives with respect to redevelopment, intensification and modal share. Therefore, approval from a transportation perspective of the proposed high school development is recommended.

Prepared By:

a No

Rani Nahas, E.I.T. Transportation Analyst

Reviewed by:

Austin Shih, M.A.Sc., P.Eng. Senior Transportation Engineer

Appendix A Screening Form



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City of Ottawa 2017 TIA Guidelines	Date	6/10/2019
TIA Screening Form	Project	OCDSB Stittsville TIA
	Project Number	908489-50054
Results of Screening	Yes/No	
Development Satisfies the Trip Generation Trigger	Yes	
Development Satisfies the Location Trigger	Yes	
Development Satisfies the Safety Trigger	Yes	

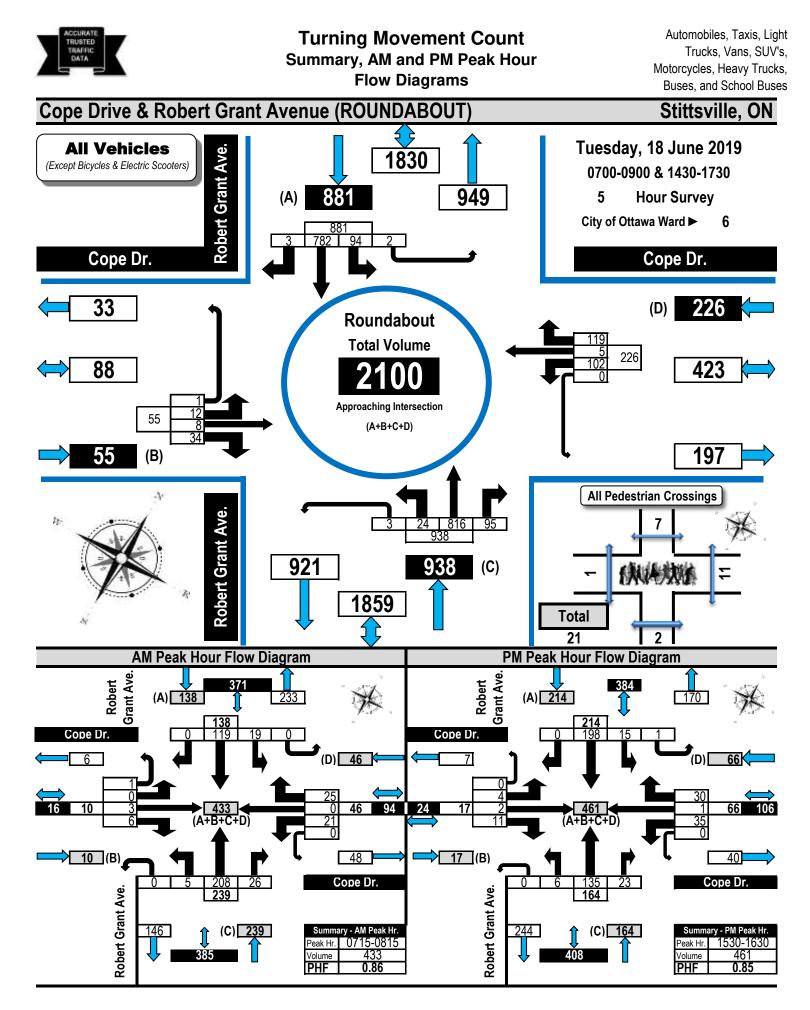
Module 1.1 - Description of Proposed Development	
Municipal Address	700 Cope Drive
Description of location	Located in the southwest quadrant of the Cope/Robert Grant roundabout intersection (vacant lot currently). Cope Drive west of Robert Grant is not built as of yet.
Land Use	Instituional (High School, grades 7-12)
Development Size	Approximately 1,300 students
Number of Accesses and Locations	Two new full-movement driveways proposed to Cope Drive
Development Phasing	Two phases (Grade 7-9 only opening year)
Buildout Year	Inital occupancy by 2021; full build-out 2024
Sketch Plan / Site Plan	See attached

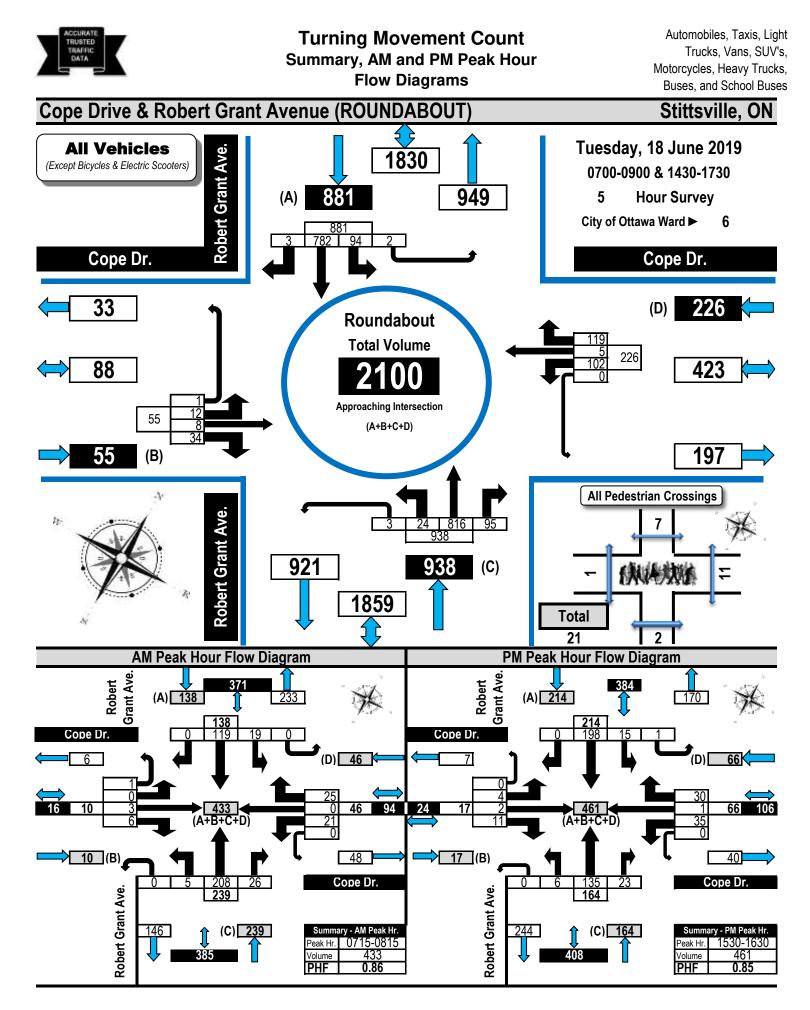
Module 1.2 - Trip Generation Trigger				
Land Use Type	Institutional (High School)			
Development Size	1,300 students			
Trip Generation Trigger Met?	Yes			

Module 1.3 - Location Triggers Development Proposes a new driveway to a boundary street
that is designated as part of the City's Transit Priority, Rapid Yes Cope Drive is designated as a Spine
Route. No access to Robert Grant. Transit, or Spine Bicycle Networks (See Sheet 3) Development is in a Design Priority Area (DPA) or Transit-
oriented Development (TOD) zone. (See Sheet 3) No Location Trigger Met? Yes

Module 1.4 - Safety Triggers			
Posted Speed Limit on any boundary road	<80	km/h	
Horizontal / Vertical Curvature on a boundary street limits sight lines at a proposed driveway	No		
A proposed driveway is within the area of influence of an adjacent traffic signal or roundabout (i.e. within 300 m of intersection in rural conditions, or within 150 m of intersection in urban/ suburban conditions) or within auxiliary lanes of an intersection;	Yes		
A proposed driveway makes use of an existing median break that serves an existing site	No		
There is a documented history of traffic operations or safety concerns on the boundary streets within 500 m of the development	No		
The development includes a drive-thru facility	No		
Safety Trigger Met?	Yes		

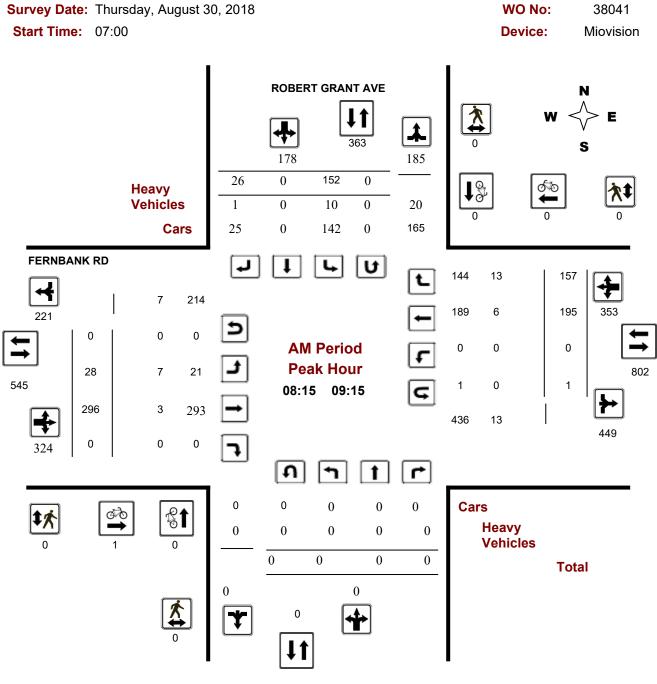
Appendix B Traffic Counts







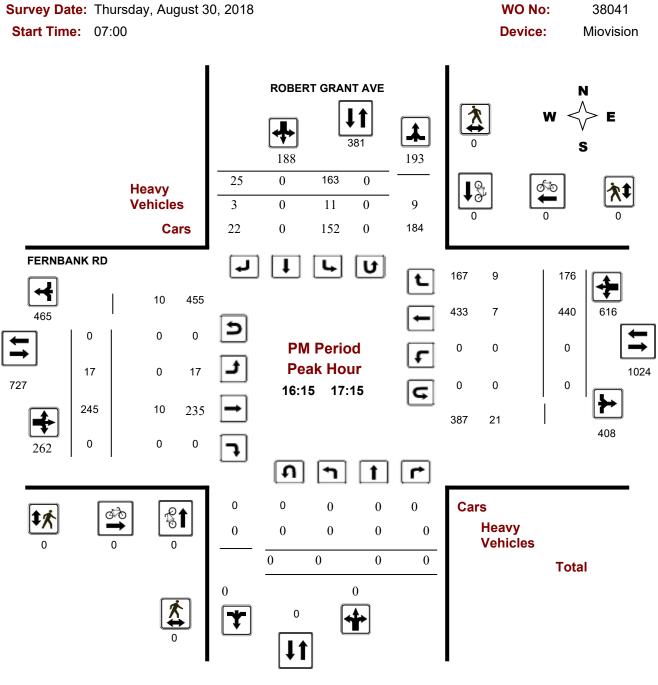
Turning Movement Count - Peak Hour Diagram FERNBANK RD @ ROBERT GRANT AVE



Comments



Turning Movement Count - Peak Hour Diagram FERNBANK RD @ ROBERT GRANT AVE



Comments

Appendix C



City Operations - Transportation Services Collision Details Report - Public Version

From: January 1, 2013 To: December 31, 2017

Total Collisions: 1

Location: BOBOL	_INK RDG @ I	ROBERT GRAN	T AVE							
Traffic Control: Rou	undabout				Total Collisions: 1					
Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuve	er Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped	
2017-Oct-05, Thu,12:40	Clear	Angle	P.D. only	Dry	West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle		
					North	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle		

Location: FERNBANK RD @ ROBERT GRANT AVE

Traffic Control: Traffic signal

Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuve	r Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped
2016-Jun-23, Thu,20:08	Clear	Sideswipe	P.D. only	Dry	West	Changing lanes	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	

Appendix D OCDSB Preliminary Projected Enrollment

PRELIMINARY STITTSVILLE SS ENROLMENT PROJECTIONS

without market share increase

School Year	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
2022-2023	242	255	180	195	0	0	873
2023-2024	254	242	260	191	201	0	1148
2024-2025	249	255	249	275	197	235	1460
2025-2026	252	250	256	263	284	230	1535
2026-2027	302	253	249	272	271	332	1679

INTERMEDIATE ENROLMENT by PROGRAM - GRADE 7 & 8

ENGLISH

School Year	7	8	SE	7-8
2022-2023	91	83	0	174
2023-2024	92	91	0	183
2024-2025	87	92	0	179
2025-2026	88	87	0	175
2026-2027	107	88	0	195

EFI

School Year	7	8	SE	7-8
2022-2023	136	147	0	283
2023-2024	148	136	0	284
2024-2025	148	148	0	296
2025-2026	147	148	0	295
2026-2027	176	147	0	323

MFI

School Year	7	8	SE	7-8
2022-2023	15	25	0	40
2023-2024	14	15	0	29
2024-2025	14	15	0	29
2025-2026	17	15	0	32
2026-2027	19	18	0	37

ALL Programs

School Year	7	8	SE	7-8
2022-2023	242	255	0	497
2023-2024	254	242	0	496
2024-2025	249	255	0	504
2025-2026	252	250	0	502
2026-2027	302	253	0	555

Source: Planning Department - 6 June 2019

Appendix E Background Traffic Growth

Fernbank/ Eagleson <u>8 hrs</u>

Maran	Data	Nort	h Leg	South	Leg	East	Leg	Wes	t Leg	T
Year	Date	SB	NB	NB	SB	WB	EB	EB	WB	Total
2010	Monday 17 May	4540	4502	4110	4375			2139	1912	21578
2012	Thursday 23 August	4030	3716	3334	4025			1620	1242	17967
2014	Friday 27 June	4081	3910	4092	4398			1577	1442	19500
2017	Tuesday 11 April	4584	4865	4840	4559			1984	1984	22816
		Year		Cou					nange	
	North Leg		NB	SB	NB+ SB	INT	NB	SB	NB+ SB	INT
		2010	4502	4540	9042	21578				
		2012	3716	4030	7746	17967	-17.5%	-11.2%	-14.3%	-16.7%
		2014	3910	4081	7991	19500	5.2%	1.3%	3.2%	8.5%
		2017	4865	4584	9449	22816	24.4%	12.3%	18.2%	17.0%
	Regression Estimate	2010	4017	4253	8271					
	Regression Estimate	2017	4515	4373	8888					
	Average Annual Change		1.68%	0.40%	1.03%					
	Г			Cou	nto		1		nange	
	Westlag	Year	EB	WB	EB+WB	INT	EB	WB	EB+WB	INT
	West Leg	0010				<u> </u>	EB	VV B	EB+WB	1 IN 1
		2010	2139	1912	4051	21578	04.004	05.00/	00.444	10 70
		2012	1620	1242	2862	17967	-24.3%	-35.0%	-29.4%	-16.7%
		2014	1577	1442	3019	19500	-2.7%	16.1%	5.5%	8.5%
		2017	1984	1984	3968	22816	25.8%	37.6%	31.4%	17.0%
	L		I <u>I</u>				1	ļ	!	
	Regression Estimate	2010	1873	1553	3426					
	Regression Estimate	2017	1780	1751	3531					
	Average Annual Change		-0.72%	1.73%	0.43%					
	Γ	Veer		Cou	nts			% Cł	nange	
	East Leg	Year	EB	WB	EB+WB	INT	EB	WB	EB+WB	INT
	C C	2010				21578				
		2012				17967				-16.7%
		2014				19500				8.5%
		2017				22816				17.0%
		2017				22010				17.070
	-									
	Regression Estimate	2010								
	Description Estimates	0017								
	Regression Estimate	2017								
	Average Annual Change	2017								
	0	2017	1	-			ſ			
	Average Annual Change	Year		Cou					ange	
	0	Year	NB	SB	NB+ SB	INT	NB	% Cr SB	nange NB+SB	INT
	Average Annual Change	Year 2010	4110	<i>SB</i> 4375	<i>NB+ SB</i> 8485	21578		SB	NB+ SB	
	Average Annual Change	Year 2010 2012	4110 3334	<i>SB</i> 4375 4025	NB+ SB	21578 17967	-18.9%			<i>INT</i> -16.7%
	Average Annual Change	Year 2010	4110	<i>SB</i> 4375	<i>NB+ SB</i> 8485	21578		SB	NB+ SB	
	Average Annual Change	Year 2010 2012	4110 3334	<i>SB</i> 4375 4025	<i>NB+ SB</i> 8485 7359	21578 17967	-18.9%	<i>SB</i> -8.0%	-13.3%	-16.7%
	Average Annual Change	Year 2010 2012 2014	4110 3334 4092	<i>SB</i> 4375 4025 4398	NB+ SB 8485 7359 8490	21578 17967 19500	-18.9% 22.7%	<i>SB</i> -8.0% 9.3%	NB+ SB -13.3% 15.4%	-16.7% 8.5%
	Average Annual Change South Leg	Year 2010 2012 2014 2017	4110 3334 4092	<i>SB</i> 4375 4025 4398	NB+ SB 8485 7359 8490 9399	21578 17967 19500	-18.9% 22.7%	<i>SB</i> -8.0% 9.3%	NB+ SB -13.3% 15.4%	-16.7% 8.5%
	Average Annual Change South Leg Regression Estimate	Year 2010 2012 2014 2017 2010	4110 3334 4092 4840 3645	SB 4375 4025 4398 4559 4200	NB+ SB 8485 7359 8490 9399 7845	21578 17967 19500	-18.9% 22.7%	<i>SB</i> -8.0% 9.3%	NB+ SB -13.3% 15.4%	-16.7% 8.5%
	Average Annual Change South Leg Regression Estimate Regression Estimate	Year 2010 2012 2014 2017	4110 3334 4092 4840 3645 4612	SB 4375 4025 4398 4559 4200 4500	NB+ SB 8485 7359 8490 9399 7845 9112	21578 17967 19500	-18.9% 22.7%	<i>SB</i> -8.0% 9.3%	NB+ SB -13.3% 15.4%	-16.7% 8.5%
	Average Annual Change South Leg Regression Estimate	Year 2010 2012 2014 2017 2010	4110 3334 4092 4840 3645	SB 4375 4025 4398 4559 4200	NB+ SB 8485 7359 8490 9399 7845	21578 17967 19500	-18.9% 22.7%	<i>SB</i> -8.0% 9.3%	NB+ SB -13.3% 15.4%	-16.7% 8.5%

Fernbank/ Eagleson <u>AM Peak</u>

		Nort	h Leg	South		Fact	Leg	Wes	t Leg	[]
Year	Date	SB	NB	NB	SB	WB	EB	EB	WB	Total
2010	Monday 17 May	361	908	794	366	WD	LD	380	261	3070
2010	Thursday 23 August	326	589	476	328			229	114	2062
2012		334	619	628	344			158	157	2240
2014	Tuesday 11 April	437	876	882	453			258	248	3154
2017	Tuesday IT April	437	070	002	400			250	240	3154
<u> </u>			Į	Į			ł	L	ł	۰I
				Cou	nts			% Cł	nange	
	North Leg	Year	NB	SB	NB+ SB	INT	NB	SB	NB+ SB	INT
		2010	908	361	1269	3070		-		
		2012	589	326	915	2062	-35.1%	-9.7%	-27.9%	-32.8%
		2014	619	334	953	2240	5.1%	2.5%	4.2%	8.6%
		2017	876	437	1313	3154	41.5%	30.8%	37.8%	40.8%
		2017	070	437	1010	5154	41.576	50.078	57.078	40.078
	Ľ		1 1							I
	Regression Estimate	2010	740	327	1067					
	Regression Estimate	2017	757	408	1164					
	Average Annual Change		0.31%	3.20%	1.25%					
	-		1	-			1			
		Year		Cou					nange	
	West Leg		EB	WB	EB+WB	INT	EB	WB	EB+WB	INT
		2010	380	261	641	3070				
		2012	229	114	343	2062	-39.7%	-56.3%	-46.5%	-32.8%
		2014	158	157	315	2240	-31.0%	37.7%	-8.2%	8.6%
		2017	258	248	506	3154	63.3%	58.0%	60.6%	40.8%
	ļ									ļl
	Regression Estimate	2010	309	188	497					
	Regression Estimate	2010	195	203	398					
	Average Annual Change	2017	-6.35%	1.10%	-3.12%					
	Average Annual Change		-0.35%	1.10%	-3.12%					
		N/		Cou	nts			% Cł	nange	
	East Leg	Year	EB	WB	EB+WB	INT	EB	WB	EB+WB	INT
		2010				3070				
		2012				2062				-32.8%
		2014				2240				8.6%
		2017				3154				40.8%
	Regression Estimate	2010								
	Regression Estimate	2017								
	Average Annual Change									
	r		1	0.00			1	0/ Ok		n
	South Leg	Year	ND	Cou		INT	ND		nange	INT
	South Leg	0010	NB	SB	NB+SB	<u> </u>	NB	SB	NB+SB	1 IN 1
		2010	794	366	1160	3070	40.111	10.11	00 T-1	
		2012	476	328	804	2062	-40.1%	-10.4%	-30.7%	-32.8%
		2014	628	344	972	2240	31.9%	4.9%	20.9%	8.6%
		2017	882	453	1335	3154	40.4%	31.7%	37.3%	40.8%
	l						1	l	1	
	Pographian Estimate	2010	600	329	0.5.1					
	Regression Estimate	2010	622		951					
	Regression Estimate	2017	780	423	1202					
	A									
	Average Annual Change		3.28%	3.63%	3.41%					

Fernbank/ Eagleson <u>PM Peak</u>

		North	1 Lea	South	nlea	Fast	Leg	Wes	t Leg	
Year	Date	SB	NB	NB	SB	WB	EB	EB	WB	Total
2010	Monday 17 May	1010	532	563	955	110	LD	283	369	3712
2010	Thursday 23 August	865	411	366	891			284	213	3030
2012	Friday 27 June	915	544	618	1065			317	213	3700
2014		998	591	631	971			307	374	3872
2017	Tuesday 11 April	990	291	031	971			307	374	3072
ļ									ļ	
	Г			0.00	- 1 -			0/ Oh		
	North Las	Year	NB	Cou SB			NB	SB	nange	INT
	North Leg	0010			NB+ SB	1 N T	NB	58	NB+ SB	1 IN 1
		2010	532	1010	1542	3712	00 70		17.00/	10.101
		2012	411	865	1276	3030	-22.7%	-14.4%	-17.3%	-18.4%
		2014	544	915	1459	3700	32.4%	5.8%	14.3%	22.1%
		2017	591	998	1589	3872	8.6%	9.1%	8.9%	4.6%
	l									
			(=0							
	Regression Estimate	2010	473	939	1412					
	Regression Estimate	2017	573	956	1529					
	Average Annual Change		2.77%	0.26%	1.14%					
	r									
		Year		Cou					nange	
	West Leg		EB	WB	EB+WB	INT	EB	WB	EB+WB	INT
		2010	283	369	652	3712				
		2012	284	213	497	3030	0.4%	-42.3%	-23.8%	-18.4%
		2014	317	241	558	3700	11.6%	13.1%	12.3%	22.1%
		2017	307	374	681	3872	-3.2%	55.2%	22.0%	4.6%
	l									
	Regression Estimate	2010	284	285	569					
	Regression Estimate	2017	314	316	630					
	Average Annual Change		1.44%	1.48%	1.46%					
	r									
		Year		Cou					ange	
	East Leg		EB	WB	EB+WB	INT	EB	WB	EB+WB	INT
		2010				3712				
		2012				3030				-18.4%
		2014				3700				22.1%
		2017				3872				4.6%
	Regression Estimate	2010								
	Regression Estimate	2017								
	Average Annual Change									
	_									
		Year		Cou	nts			% Ch	nange	
	South Leg		NB	SB	NB+ SB	INT	NB	SB	NB+SB	INT
		2010	563	955	1518	3712				
		2012	366	891	1257	3030	-35.0%	-6.7%	-17.2%	-18.4%
		2014	618	1065	1683	3700	68.9%	19.5%	33.9%	22.1%
		2017	631	971	1602	3872	2.1%	-8.8%	-4.8%	4.6%
					-					
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	•	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Regression Estimate	2010	479	943	1422					
	Regression Estimate	2017	621	1002	1622					
	Average Annual Change		3.78%	0.86%	1.90%					
			3.7070	3.00/0	1.00/0					

Appendix F Trip Generation Analysis for Fernbank Crossing, Blackstone Subdivision, and Lépine Fernbank

The following surrounding developments were expected to be fully constructed within the analysis periods of the proposed development, based on the latest information available from the City.

- Lépine Fernbank (2019)
- Fernbank Crossing, Phase 3 (2015)
- Fernbank Crossing, Phase 4 (2017)
- Blackstone Subdivision, Phases 4-8 (2017) 5505 Fernbank Rd

Lépine Fernbank

The proposed development will consist of 566 apartment dwelling units, housed within one mid-rise and two high-rise buildings. Appropriate trip generation rates were obtained from the 2009 TRANS Trip Generation Residential Trip Rates report, **Table 6.3**, which have been summarized in **Table 1**.

Land Use	Data	ata Trip Rates					
Land Use	Source	AM Peak	PM Peak				
Mid-Rise Apartments (3-10 floors)	TRANS	T = 0.29(du);	T = 0.37(du);				
High-Rise Apartments (10+ floors)	TRANS	T = 0.29(du);	T = 0.36(du);				
Notes: T = Average Vehicle Trip Ends du = Dwelling unit							

Table 1: TRANS Trip Gener	ation Residential Trip Rates

Using the trip rates shown in **Table 1**, the number of vehicles per hour were determined as shown in **Table 2** below.

Table 2: Apartment Units Vehicle Trip Generation

Land Use	Dwelling	AM P	eak (Vehicl	es/h)	PM P	eak (Vehicl	es/h)
Land Use	Units	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Mid-Rise Apartments (3-10 floors)	146	10	32	42	33	21	54
High-Rise Apartments (10+ floors)	420	29	93	122	93	58	151

The total vehicle trips shown in **Table 2** for the apartment units were then converted to total person trips using the auto mode share values in Table 3.13 of the TRANS report. New mode share percentages were then applied to the resulting total person trips values, based on the 2011 NCR Household Origin-Destination (OD) Survey and the Kanata/Stittsville district. **Table 3** provides the resulting person trips/h values for each of the travel modes.

Table 2. Made Cl	have fouth a Dec	ويتباد المناجب المناجب	- Development
Table 3: Mode Sh	nares for the Res	sidential Building	s Development

Travel Mode	Mode AM Pe		Peak (Person Trips/h)		PM Peak (Person Trips/h)		
Traver Moue	Share	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Auto Driver	60%	53	171	224	172	107	279
Auto Passenger	15%	14	41	55	42	27	69
Transit	15%	12	44	56	43	28	71
Non-motorized	10%	8	29	37	28	19	47
Total Person Trips	100%	87	285	372	285	181	466
Total 'New' A	uto Trips	53	171	224	172	107	279

As shown in **Table 3**, the resulting number of total person trips expected to be generated by the proposed development are approximately 370 and 465 in the morning and afternoon peak hours respectively. The projected 'new' vehicle trips are approximately 225 and 280 in the weekday morning and afternoon peak hours respectively.

To produce the most accurate analysis results, the estimated trips generated by the Fernbank Crossing and Blackstone Subdivision were recalculated and redistributed according to the current (2017) TIA requirements from the City. These traffic studies supporting these developments were completed using the previous 2006 TIA requirements.

The most relevant changes were the trip generation rates and the mode share percentages; both were updated to follow the same trip generation process as the Lépine development. Additionally, the trip distribution applied to the adjacent developments was assumed to be the same as the percentages applied to the Lépine development.

Fernbank Crossing, Phases 3 and 4

A site visit confirmed the majority of Phase 3 was already constructed by the time traffic counts were conducted at intersections within the study area in January of 2019. However, it was assumed approximately 10% (20 Single-Detached Units) of Phase 3 have yet to be constructed, as a conservative estimate. These remaining residential units were added to the trip generation calculations of Phase 4, which has not begun construction at the time of the report. Phase 4 proposes 100 Single-Detached units and 46 Townhouse units. **Table 4** below provides the expected number of auto trips generated by Phases 3 and 4.

Land Use	Dwelling	Dwelling AM Peak (Vehicles/h)			PM Peak (Vehicles/h)		
Lanu Use	Units	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Single-Detached Units	120	26	66	92	62	39	101
Townhouse Units	46	9	18	27	16	16	32
Total	166	35	84	119	78	55	133

Table 4: Fernbank Crossing Total New Auto Trips Generated

As shown in **Table 4** the expected number of trips generated by the remainder of Phase 3 and the entirety of Phase 4 are 119 and 133 veh/h in the morning and afternoon peak hours of travel. These auto trips are then distributed at Haliburton Heights, future Defense St and future Cope Dr extension. The majority of the trips would use the future Cope Dr to access eastern and northern regions of Ottawa. The remaining trips would access Defense St via Fernbank Rd (or vice-versa) and a small percentage would utilize Robert Grant Ave.

Blackstone South, Phase 4-8

The Blackstone South development is expected to reach full build-out by 2025 and features a total of 376 Townhouses, 423 Single-Detached Houses, a Residential Condominium Block, a Public High School and a Public Elementary School. Since this future development will connect to Fernbank Rd, Terry Fox Dr and the future extensions of Cope Dr and Rouncey Rd, it was assumed the majority of this development traffic will use those access points. For the following analysis, it was assumed approximately 10% of Townhouse units (45 Units) and 10% of Single-Detached units (40 Units) would utilize Robert Grant Ave. **Table 5** below provides the expected number of auto trips generated by the Blackstone South Development.

Land Llag	Dwelling	Dwelling AM Peak (Vehicles/h)			PM Peak (Vehicles/h)		
Land Use	Units	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Single-Detached Units	40	8	23	31	20	13	33
Townhouse Units	45	9	18	27	16	15	31
Total	166	17	41	58	36	28	64

Table 5: Blackstone South Total New Auto Trips Generated

As shown in **Table 5**, the expected number of auto trips generated by the Blackstone South Development within the vicinity of the Lépine Development study area are 58 and 64 veh/h during the morning and afternoon peak hours of travel. The auto trips were then distributed reasonably at intersections within the study area.

Appendix G Trip Generation Analysis for CRT Lands



January 28, 2011

Amira Shetata, M. Eng., P.Eng. Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals

Planning and Growth Management Department City of Ottawa 110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1

Dear Ms. Shetata:

Re: CRT Lands Phase 1 and 2 Fernbank Community Transportation Letter

CRT Development Inc. (CRT) wishes to proceed with the urban development of the subject lands in accordance with the policies set out by the Planning Department of the City of Ottawa. Part of the Plan of Subdivision process for the City includes provision of several documents in support of the subject development. IBI Group was retained by the Owners to complete a Transportation Letter in support of the application. The proposed development is located within the Fernbank Community in Stittsville Ward, as shown in Exhibit 1. The land-use policy is governed by the Fernbank Community Design Plan (FCDP).

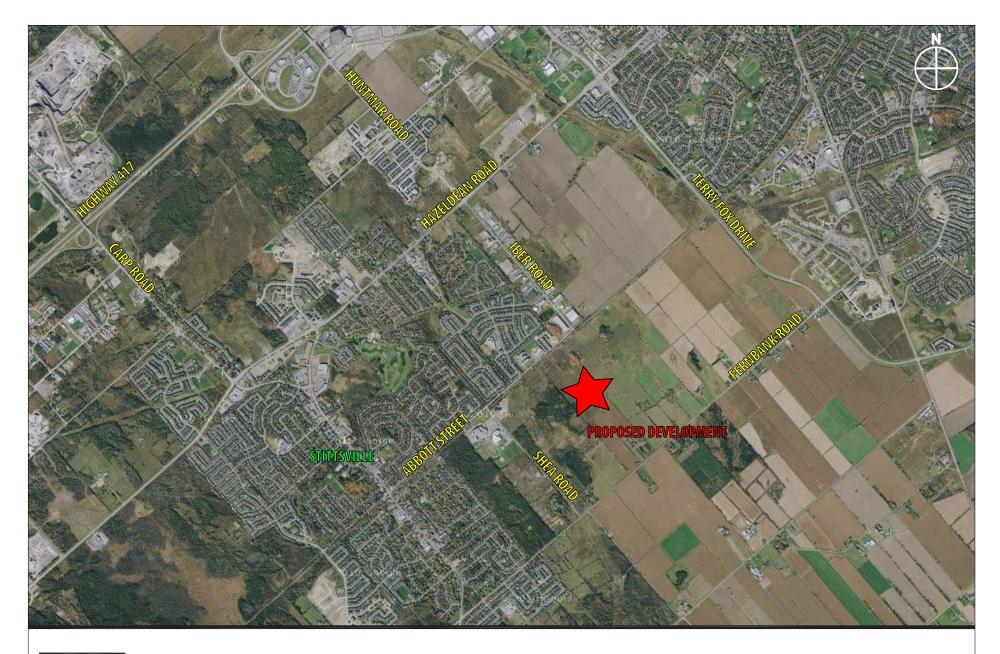
REPORT CONTEXT

Based on the City of Ottawa Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines (2006), a Transportation Impact Study (TIS) would normally be required to support a draft plan application for a subdivision of this size. However, the location of the proposed development is currently undeveloped, with no existing intersections in the vicinity. The primary access intersections are proposed along the future North-South Arterial Road. The detailed design, including required intersection capacity analysis, of this roadway is currently underway, which is expected to account for traffic generated by the proposed development as well as adjacent residential developments in the Fernbank Community. As a result, it was agreed by City staff that a traditional TIS was not required; a modified Transportation Brief Letter was considered acceptable.

Based on the pre-consultation discussions with the City, the following objectives were formulated:

- Summarize the nature and extent of Phase 1 and 2 of the Claridge Fernbank Subdivision, and demonstrate how it is coherent with the transportation objectives and recommendations outlined in the Fernbank Community Design Plan (CDP);
- Review/ comment on the proposed site design with respect to infrastructure, geometrics, internal operation and active transportation; and,
- Analyze the trip generation and traffic distribution for Phase 1 and 2 of the Claridge Fernbank Subdivision.

All relevant support information and data have been attached.





Claridge Homes - Fernbank Subdivision Transportation Impact Study EXHIBIT 1 Site Location PROJECT No. 27970 DATE: JANUARY 2011 SCALE: -100m 0 500m

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The current draft plan for the subject property is located in the Fernbank Community and is identified on Exhibit 2. The property covers a total area of about 60 ha and is bounded by Fernbank Road to the south, Abbott Street and the Trans Canada Trail to the north, Shea Road to the east and the North-South Collector Road in the FCDP to the east. The proposed land use for the subject property, which is in general conformance with the FCDP, will include a residential mix of single family units, townhouses and stacked townhouses. The draft plan also provides land for both an elementary and secondary school and both a neighbourhood and community park. Phase 1 and 2 of the CRT Lands are expected to be developed by the 2014 horizon year.

It is the Owners intent to develop the subject lands in at least two phases; Phase 1 immediately upon receipt of approvals, while the development timing of Phase 2 will be market determined.

In accordance with the FCDP, the draft plan proposes two new collector roads; one major collector road with a 26m right-of-way (designated Street No.9 on the draft plan) and one minor collector road with an 22m right-of-way (designated Street No.1). Street No.15 will be classified a local road with an 18m right-of-way. All remaining streets will be local roads with 16.5m rights-of-way. In all, three new community accesses will be provided to the adjacent network. Two accesses will be provided off the future North-South Arterial Road via Street No.9 and Street No.15. The specific geometry and operation of these intersections are being examined as part of the detailed design of the North-South Arterial Road, along with intersection capacity analysis. At this time, it is our understanding that two lanes of the North-South Arterial between the Trans Canada Trail and Fernbank Road, and the extension of Abbott Street between the North-South Arterial and Iber Road will be constructed by an adjacent developer (for the Abbott-Fernbank Lands) as a condition of approval. The initial phase of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands is scheduled to be occupied by the 2014 horizon year, which coincides with the development schedule of the CRT Lands. A copy of the Transportation Brief for the Abbott-Fernbank Lands, completed by Novatech Engineering Consulting Ltd. (Novatech), is attached to this letter. A third access to the CRT Lands will be provided off Abbott Street via Street No.1.

The access intersections off the North-South Arterial Road (at Street No.9 and Street No.15) are spaced approximately 270m apart, which should be sufficient for signalization and arterial traffic progression should future signalization warrants be met.

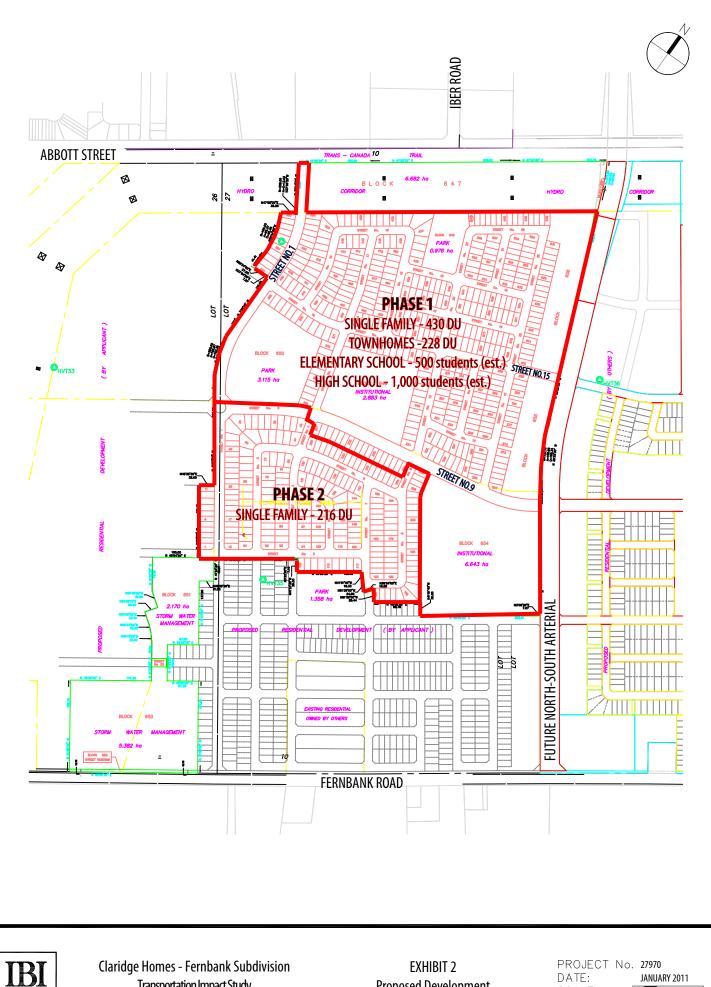
OVERALL DEVELOPMENT CONTEXT.

The proposed CRT Lands is contained within the Fernbank Community, and is subject to the policies and recommendations outlined in the FCDP. One of the major supporting documents for the FCDP is the Fernbank Transportation Master Plan (FTMP). This document outlines the projects and initiatives that will be required to meet the specific transportation needs of the Fernbank Community, and help to service future growth in the surrounding region.

A major element in the FTMP is the North-South Arterial Road, which will bisect the Fernbank Community and provide it with links to the existing major arterial corridors in the area, such as Hazeldean Road and Fernbank Road. The City of Ottawa TMP outlines the need for this arterial link in the updated City of Ottawa TMP, 2008. The FTMP states a 2-lane cross-section is required for the North-South Arterial Road in order to accommodate estimated future demand by the 2031 horizon year. A right-of-way of 41.5m has been provisioned to facilitate widening the roadway to a 4-lane urban cross-section when traffic volumes warrant it beyond the 2031 horizon year. The building setbacks within the CRT Lands will be set appropriately to provide for the future right-of-way.

ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION

The FTMP established a transit modal split of 20% as a reasonable minimum target for the Hazeldean South Screenline. However, the level of transit ridership required to achieve this goal is only expected closer to the 2031 horizon year. As such, it is anticipated that the transit modal split for the CRT Lands will be low initially, but will increase over time as new transit facilities



Transportation Impact Study

GROUP

Proposed Development

PROJECT No. 27970 Date: Januar JANUARY 2011 SCALE: -50m 100m 0

and services (such as the extension of bus rapid transit on the North-South Arterial Road) are implemented in the Fernbank Community.

In the short term, transit facilities such as bus stops may be provided within the subject lands. Strategic placement of stops along Street No.9 and Street No.1 should ensure all units within the development are within 400m of a bus stop, which is considered to be the maximum ideal walking distance for mobility impaired commuters using public transit. Existing transit service routes operating on Abbott Street may be diverted to accommodate the proposed development. The diverted route only impacts the section of Abbott Street between Iber Road and the proposed development access.

Concrete sidewalks should be provided along both sides of Street No.9 and Street No.1. The location of sidewalks and pedestrian walkways will be determined at the detailed design stage. All streets shall conform to City of Ottawa standards. The FTMP identifies the requirement to provide on-road cycling facilities along the North-South Arterial Road. This will provide the Fernbank Community with a link to nearby cycle routes in the area that are proposed in the City of Ottawa's Primary Urban Cycling Network. On-site bicycle racks and storage areas should be provided at the proposed elementary school and high school as per the City of Ottawa Zoning By-law. These locations should be located near entrances.

TRIP GENERATION

The updated site generated trips were calculated using the ITE Trip Generation Manual, 8th Edition. The results are shown in Table 1 below.

Land Use	Size (DU or Code		Peak Hour	Directio	nal Split	Traffic	Generated	(veh/h)
	students)			In	Out	In	Out	Total
Single Family Detected	510	210	AM	25%	75%	92	275	367
Single Family Detached	510	210	PM	63%	37%	287	168	<mark>455</mark>
—	004	230	AM	17%	83%	25	120	<mark>145</mark>
Townhome	364		PM	67%	33%	116	57	173
			AM	55%	45%	102	84	186
Elementary School	500	520	PM	49%	51%	37	38	75
Ulah Oshaal	1000	500	AM	68%	32%	286	134	420
High School	1000	530	PM	47%	53%	61	69	130
			AM			504	614	1,118
SUBTOT	AL		PM			501	333	834
			AM			-194	-109	-303
Internal (Elementary	School: 50%)		PM			-49	-54	-103
Transit Market O			AM			-16	-25	-41
Transit Modal Split (TMS 5%)			PM			-23	-14	-27
			AM			295	479	774
TOTAL NEW	IRIPS		PM			429	265	695

TABLE 1 - Claridge Fernbank Subdivision Phase 1 and 2 Traffic Generation

Notes:

veh/h = vehicles per hour; DU = dwelling units

T = 0.70(X) + 9.74

Formula for Land Uses: Single Family:

AM PМ

Townhouse: $T = e^{\Lambda}(0.80^*LN(X) + 0.26$ $T = e^{(0.90Ln(X) + 0.51)} \qquad T = e^{(0.82*LN(X) + 0.32)}$

Elementary School High School T=e^(1.14*LN*(X)-1.86) T=0.42(X) $T=0.15^{*}(X)$ T=0.13(X)

At the time of the report, no information was available pertaining to the size of each school proposed onsite. As a result, it was assumed the elementary school and high school would have 500 and 1,000 enrolled students respectively. Based on these assumptions, the total traffic generation analysis results for the subject site are shown in Table 1. The CRT Lands is expected to generate approximately 770 vehicles and 700 vehicles in the morning and afternoon peak hours respectively. It is worth noting the afternoon peak hour of generation for the elementary school and high school occur well before the peak hour of generation for residential development, which is reflected in the lower trip generation results in Table 1.

Subsequent adjustment factors were applied to these results to account for the mixed-use nature and overall design of the proposed site. These adjustments are summarized below.

Internalization - A 50% internal reduction factor was applied to the elementary school trip generation results; accounting for alternate modes. This factor also reflects the likelihood that many trips may travel within the development and never venture onto the adjacent road network.

Transit Modal Split (TMS) Reduction - Trip generation data in the ITE Manual was derived from local surveys, where the locations often have limited transit use. As noted previously, based on existing transit ridership levels and the lack of significant transit facilities in the immediate area, a lower TMS was assumed in the analysis than the 20% minimum threshold established in the FTMP. In this case, a 5% transit modal split was considered reasonable and relatively conservative to apply in all horizon years.

TRIP DISTRIBUTION

The external trip distribution was based on the Novatech Study, since the adjacent site possesses very similar land use characteristics. The assumed external trip distribution from the Novatech Study was summarized as follows:

- 85% to/ from the east and north (Hazeldean Road, Palladium Drive, Highway 417)
- 10% to/ from the south (Fernbank Road, Terry Fox Drive, Eagleson Road)
- 5% to/ from the west (Abbott Road, Fernbnak Road and Stittsville Main Street)

Based on the external trip distribution assumptions above and the design characteristics of the internal road network, the distribution of site generated traffic between the proposed access intersections was assumed to be as follows:

- 50% to/ from Street No.9
- 35% to/from Street No.15
- 15% from Street No.1

The North-South Arterial Road is expected to be the primary route for residents of the CRT Lands to enter and exit the development, as per the FTMP. As a result, the majority of trips (85%) are expected to use these access intersections.

SUMMARY

The key findings of this Transportation may be summarized as follows:

• The proposed land use for the subject property will include a residential mix of single family units, townhouses and stacked townhouses. The draft plan also provides land for both an elementary and secondary school and both a neighbourhood and community park.

the 2014 horizon year.

•

- The draft plan proposes three access intersections, two off the future North-South Arterial Road and one off Abbott Street.
- The detailed design of the North-South Arterial Road between Fernbank Road and Iber Road is currently underway, which is being completed as part of the conditions of approval for the adjacent Abbott-Fernbank Lands. The specific geometry and assessment of operation of intersections along the North-South Arterial Road are being reviewed during this process.
- The subject site is estimated to generate approximately 770 vehicles and 700 vehicles in the morning and afternoon peak hours respectively.
- The majority of site generated trips are expected to originate and depart to and from the north and east, where the North-South Arterial Road will provided the most direct connection to commercial and industrial centres, as well as the adjacent arterial network.
- The FTMP target transit modal split at the Hazeldean South Screenline is 20%. This target is considered achievable if appropriate transit facilities and services (as outlined in teh FTMP) are provided to the area.
- The exact location and design of on-site transit, pedestrian and bicycle facilities (such as bus stops and sidewalks) shall be determined at the site plan stage.
- Coordination and communication between adjacent developers should be encouraged to achieve a final design of the North-South Arterial Road, and the associated intersections.

Should you have any questions or require clarification regarding the above letter, please do not hesitate to contact me at (613)-225-1311.

Yours Truly,

IBI Group



Austin Shih, MASc., P.Eng. Project Engineer January 28, 2010

January 28, 2010

ATTACHMENTS

Austin Shih

From:	Shehata, Amira [Amira.Shehata@ottawa.ca]
Sent:	January 19, 2011 2:10 PM
To:	Austin Shih
Subject:	RE: Claridge Fernbank Residential Subdivision

Austin,

I assume that the analysis would be completed sometime in the near future. If the Claridge Lands Development is incorporated into the analysis you may need to refer to it in your report, no need for repetition. It should be noted that coordination and communication between each developer and consultants is required to achieve a final intersection design.

It would be acceptable to present a brief similar to that of the Regional Transportation Impact Brief.

Amira Shehata, P.Eng, M. Eng. | Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals

Development Review - Rural Services T. 613.580.2424 x 27737 | Fax: 613-580-2576 Amira.Shehata@ottawa.ca

CITY OF OTTAWA - Planning and Growth Management City Hall 110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1 Canada

From: Austin Shih [mailto:austin.shih@IBIGroup.com]
Sent: January 19, 2011 12:30 PM
To: Shehata, Amira
Subject: RE: Claridge Fernbank Residential Subdivision

Thanks Amira. I hope you had a wonderful vacation.

Your direction on the scope of work would be appreciated. If analysis on the NS arterial intersections is still ongoing, I assume they would be incorporating Claridge's lands. Do we require repeating this work? Would it be acceptable to present a letter, similar to the Regional Traffic Letter attached, that outlines the characteristics of the development and confirms trip generation/assignment? I've attached the proposed draft plan w/ phasing for your information. Note the enrolment numbers for the schools are estimates, no data on the size is currently available.

I would like to reduce the amount of throw-away work involved with this project, but at the same time provide you with the level of comfort that the development can be accommodated on the network.

Regards,

Austin Shih M.A.Sc., P.Eng. IBI Group

NOTE: This e-mail message and attachments may contain privileged and confidential information. If you have received this message in error, please immediately notify the sender and delete this e-mail message. NOTE: Ce courriel peut contenir de l'information privilégiée et confidentielle. Si vous avez recu ce message par erreur, veuillez le mentionner immédiatement à l'expéditeur et effacer ce courriel. From: Shehata, Amira [mailto:Amira.Shehata@ottawa.ca]
Sent: January 19, 2011 11:56 AM
To: Austin Shih
Subject: RE: Claridge Fernbank Residential Subdivision

Hi Austin,

Thank you for your message, I look forward to working on this project. Analysis for the NS arterial intersections is not available yet.

Please note that I was away on vacation and just got back this week hence the delay in my response.

Contact me should you have questions.

Amira Shehata, P.Eng, M. Eng. | Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals Development Review - Rural Services T. 613.580.2424 x 27737 | Fax: 613-580-2576 Amira.Shehata@ottawa.ca

CITY OF OTTAWA - Planning and Growth Management City Hall 110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1 Canada

From: Austin Shih [mailto:austin.shih@IBIGroup.com] Sent: January 10, 2011 4:07 PM To: Shehata, Amira Subject: Claridge Fernbank Residential Subdivision

Hi Amira,

I wanted to let you know that I will be work for on behalf of Claridge to assist in their draft plan application for residential lands in the Fernbank Community. I've attached a site plan showing the phases Claridge is planning to register. When I have more details, I will prepare a terms of reference.

I've also attached a brief completed by Novatech for the adjacent Regional Lands. It states that intersection analysis will be completed for hte NS arterial intersections during design. I was wondering if this information was available since I would need to include that in my analysis as background traffic. I would like to ensure my study is consistent with established approved studies.

Best regards,

Austin Shih M.A.Sc., P.Eng.

IBI Group 400-333 Preston Street Ottawa ON K1S 5N4 Canada

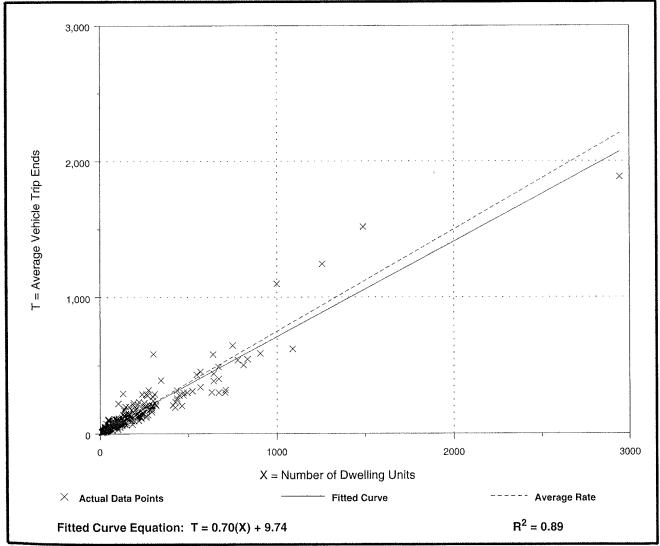
tel 613 225 1311 ext 564 fax 613 225 9868 email <u>austin.shih@IBIGroup.com</u> web <u>www.ibigroup.com</u>

Single-Family Detached Housing (210)		
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: On a:	Dwelling Units Weekday, Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.	
Number of Studies: Avg. Number of Dwelling Units: Directional Distribution:		

Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.75	0.33 - 2.27	0.90

Data Plot and Equation



Trip Generation, 8th Edition

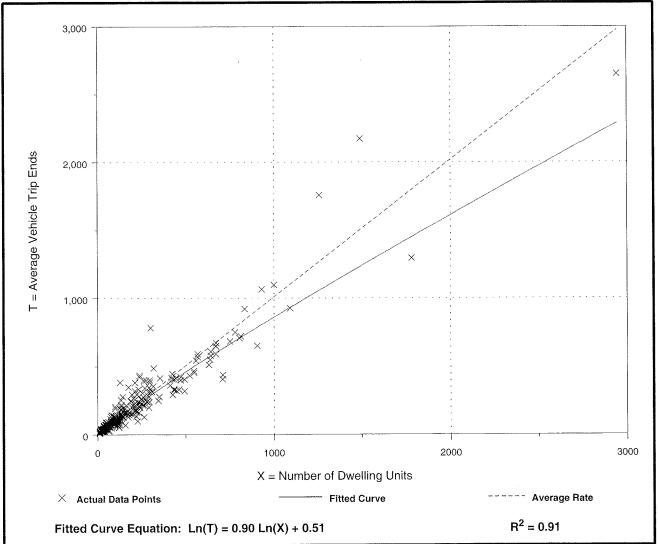
Institute of Transportation Engineers

Single-Family Detached Housing (210)		
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: On a:	Dwelling Units Weekday, Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.	
Number of Studies: Avg. Number of Dwelling Units:		
•	63% entering, 37% exiting	

Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
1.01	0.42 - 2.98	1.05

Data Plot and Equation



Residential Condominium/Townhouse

(230)

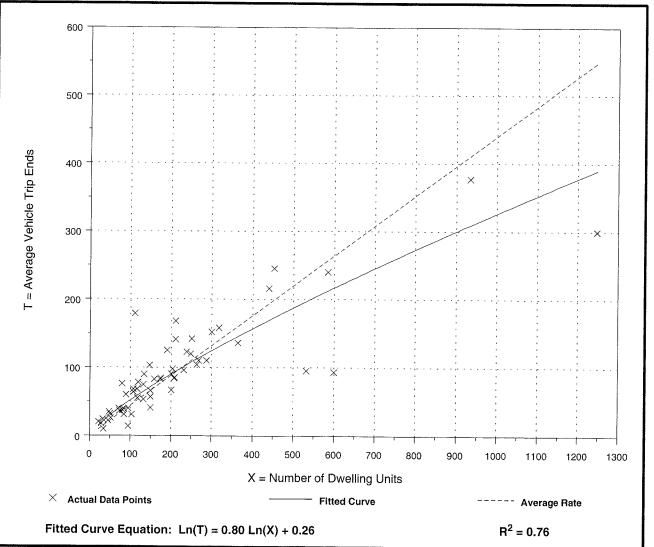
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: On a:	Dwelling Units Weekday, Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,
	One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.

Number of Studies: 59 Avg. Number of Dwelling Units: 213 Directional Distribution: 17% entering, 83% exiting

Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.44	0.15 - 1.61	0.69

Data Plot and Equation



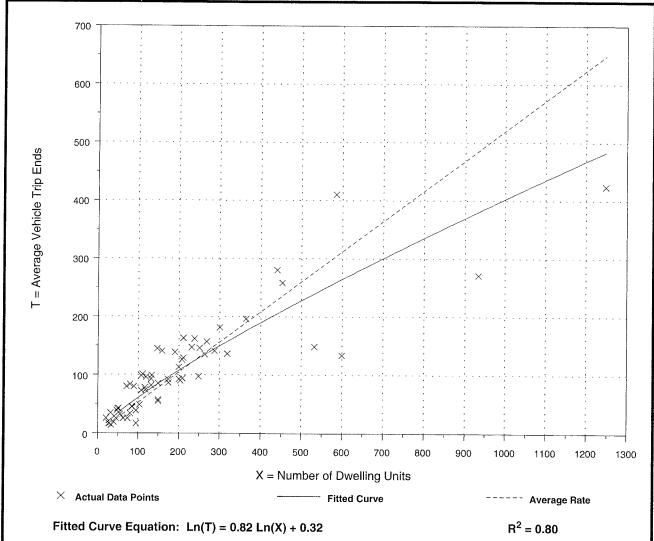
Residential Condominium/Townhouse (230) Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Dwelling Units On a: Weekday, Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m. Number of Studies: 62

rumber of otudica.	02
Avg. Number of Dwelling Units:	205
Directional Distribution:	67% entering, 33% exiting

Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.52	0.18 - 1.24	0.75





Trip Generation, 8th Edition

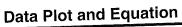
Elementary School (520)

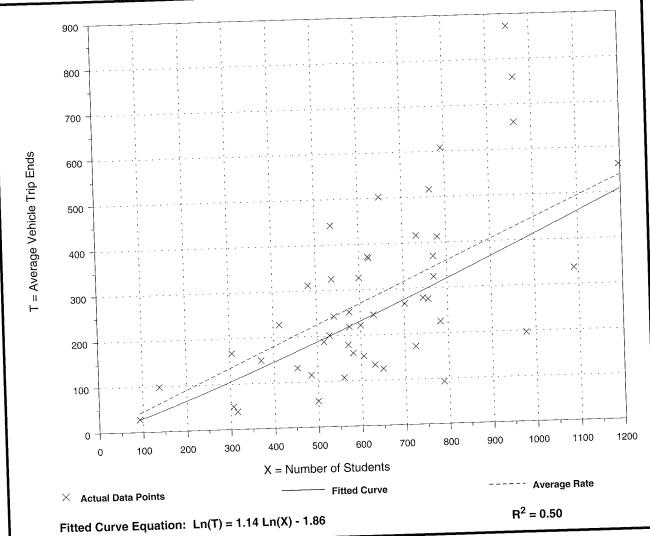
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Students On a: Weekday, A.M. Peak Hour

Number of Studies: 48 Average Number of Students: 630 Directional Distribution: 55% entering, 45% exiting

Trip Generation per Student

Average Rate Range of Rates Standard Devi	
Average male	ation
0.45 0.11 - 0.92 0.70	





Elementary School (520)

Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Students On a: Weekday, Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.

Number of Studies: 20 Average Number of Students: 687 Directional Distribution: 49% entering, 51% exiting

Trip Generation per Student

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.15	0.05 - 0.37	0.40

Data Plot and Equation

200 X 190 180 170 160 150 T = Average Vehicle Trip Ends 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 400 500 600 700 800 900 1000 X = Number of Students imes Actual Data Points -- Average Rate Fitted Curve Equation: Not given $R^2 = ****$

High School (530)

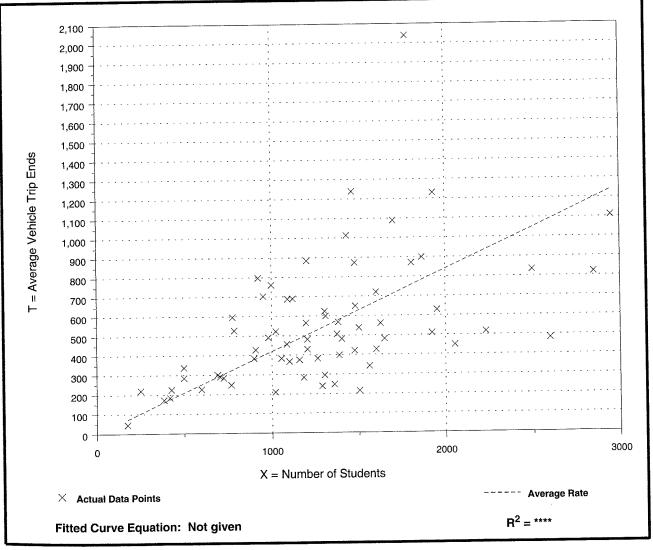
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Students On a: Weekday, A.M. Peak Hour

Number of Studies: 68 Average Number of Students: 1,292 Directional Distribution: 68% entering, 32% exiting

Trip Generation per Student

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.42	0.14 - 1.15	0.68

Data Plot and Equation

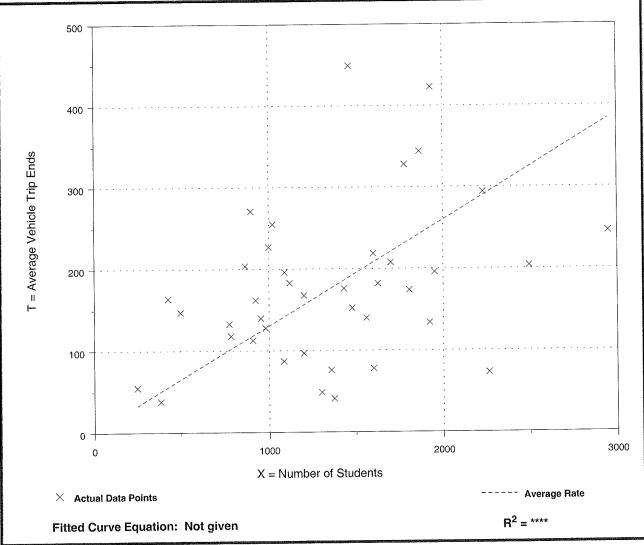


High School (530)		
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: On a:	Students Weekday, Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.	
Number of Studies: Average Number of Students: Directional Distribution:		

Trip Generation per Student

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.13	0.03 - 0.38	0.37

Data Plot and Equation





November 11, 2009

BY E-MAIL

Planning and Growth Management Department 110 Laurier Avenue West, 4th Floor Ottawa, Ontario K1P 1J1

Attention: Mr. Don Herweyer

Dear Mr. Herweyer:

Reference: Abbott-Fernbank Holdings – Fernbank Community Lands Transportation Brief (R-2009-139) Our File No: 108180

This Transportation Brief is prepared in support of a Draft Plan application to develop Phase 1A of the development of lands located between Abbott Street and Fernbank Road (henceforth referred to as the Abbott-Fernbank Lands).

1.0 Report Context

The objective of this report is to summarise the nature and extent of this phase of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands, and demonstrate how it is coherent with the transport-related objectives and recommendations as stated in the prevailing Fernbank Community Design Plan (CDP). A trip generation analysis and traffic distribution has been performed as part of this brief. Intersection analysis will be completed as part of the draft plan process, during the preliminary design of the North-South Arterial road.

2.0 Proposed Development

The location of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands is Lot 28, Concession 10 in the geographic township of Goulbourn, now in the City of Ottawa. The site is bounded by Fernbank Road to the south, the Trans Canada Trail to the north, the proposed North-South Arterial road to the west, and future residential development to the east as identified in the Fernbank CDP.

Phase 1A of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands will consist of the following:

- 126 single dwelling units,
- 63 private road townhouse units,
- 3 street townhouse units.
- An elementary school.

Phase 1A includes seven public roadways. Street 14 will be a major collector road with a 26m rightof-way, Street 20 will be a local road with an 18m right-of-way, and the remaining streets will have 16.5m rights-of-way. The proposed access configuration for Phase 1A consists of two roadway intersections along the proposed North-South Arterial Road. The specific geometry and operation

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of each intersection is not being examined at this time; this will be completed as part of the preliminary design of the North-South Arterial Road, along with the intersection capacity analysis. The locations of the proposed intersections are shown on the attached draft plan. Two lanes of the North-South Arterial Road between the Trans Canada Trail and Fernbank Road, and the extension of Abbott Street between the North-South Arterial and Iber Road will be constructed for the Phase 1A development.

The site area for Phase 1A is approximately 14.04 hectares. The site area for the entire Abbott-Fernbank Lands is approximately 67.31 hectares. The remainder of the site will be developed later in Phases 1B and 2, which will add another 640 residential units, a second elementary school, and a mixed-use development. Phase 1A is located centrally within the Abbott-Fernbank Lands as shown in the attached site plan.

The lands to the east of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands are to be developed by the Monarch Corporation on a phased basis. Phase 1A of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands and Phase 1 of Monarch's development are scheduled for 2014. Phase 1 of the Monarch development will consist of 359 residential units. The remainder of the Monarch development will be completed in up to six additional phases, with the full development totalling approximately 1280 residential units. Phase 1 of the Monarch development is located adjacent to Phase 1A of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands, with full road connectivity to be provided between them.

The effect of the traffic generated by Phase 1 of the Monarch development has been acknowledged and accounted for in this study. The study parameters of the IBI Group's Transportation Impact Study for Phase 1 of the Monarch development have been used for assistance in this regard, to ensure that the respective analyses for both developments are consistent and coherent.

3.0 Overall Development Context

The Abbott-Fernbank Lands form a part of a larger area that is to become the Fernbank Community, and is subject to the objectives and recommendations of the Fernbank CDP. One of the major supporting documents for the CDP is the Fernbank Transportation Master Plan (TMP). This document outlines the projects and initiatives that will be required to meet the specific transport needs of the fully built-out Fernbank Community, and help to service future growth of the West Urban Community.

A major element of this transportation plan is the North-South Arterial road, which will bisect the Fernbank Community and provide it with links to the existing major arterial links in the area. The need to provide this road has been identified in the City of Ottawa's 2008 update to their Transportation Master Plan.

The Fernbank TMP concludes that a 2-lane cross-section will be required for the North-South Arterial, in order to accommodate estimated future transport needs up to and including 2031. A right-of-way of 41.5m is identified to ensure that this road can be widened to a divided four-lane roadway when the traffic volumes warrant it in the years beyond 2031. The building setbacks of the proposed Phase 1A development along the North-South Arterial road shall be sufficient so as to provide this recommended right-of-way.

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4.0 Provisions for Non-Auto Modes

A transit modal split of 20% is identified in the Fernbank TMP as the reasonable minimum target for the Hazeldean South Screenline. However, it is stated that the level of transit ridership required to achieve this split is unlikely to be achieved until towards the end of the planning period. As such, it is anticipated that the transit modal split for Phase 1A of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands will be quite low initially, but will increase over time as the extent and quality of the public transit service improves in line with the overall development of the Fernbank Community. In order to achieve the target modal split for transit, an exclusive rapid transit corridor along the North-South Arterial has been identified as a viable transit solution.

Due to the proximity of the Phase 1A site to the North-South Arterial road, the implementation of such a project is expected to have a significant effect on the future transit modal split of trips generated by the development within Phase 1A. To assist in meeting the modal split targets outlined in the Fernbank TMP, it is recommended that OC Transpo bus stops are provided midway along Street 14 such that all Phase 1A development will be within 400m of a bus stop – this is considered to be the maximum ideal walking distance for mobility impaired commuters using public transit. Future bus stop locations should be reviewed and determined by OC Transpo.

Concrete sidewalks should be provided along both sides of Street 14 and along one side of Street 20. The location of sidewalks and pedestrian walkways will be determined at the detailed design stage. The streets will be consistent with the ideal roadway cross-sections shown in the Fernbank CDP, and sufficient right-of-way widths will be provided to allow for their construction.

The Fernbank TMP identifies the requirement to provide on-road cycling facilities along the North-South Arterial. This will provide the Fernbank Community with a link to nearby cycle routes in the Kanata area that are proposed as part of the City of Ottawa's Primary Urban Cycling Network.

It is recommended that on-site bicycle parking should be provided for the proposed elementary school as per the bicycle parking requirements identified in the City of Ottawa's Zoning By-law. The bicycle parking spaces should be located as near as is practicable to the main entrances to the proposed school. Exact locations should be determined at the detailed design stage.

5.0 Trip Generation and Distribution

Trips generated by Phase 1A of the development have been calculated for the weekday AM and PM peak hours using the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual (8th Edition).

It should be noted that the peak hours of generation for the school and the residential development are not necessarily coincidental. The AM peak hours of generation for a school and residential development are comparable, and the summation of their respective trip volumes is considered to represent an accurate estimation of the volume of trips likely to be generated by the entire development during the AM peak. However, during the afternoon the peak hour of generation for an elementary school generally occurs well before the peak hour of generation for residential development. Nevertheless, in the interest of providing a robust assessment no reduction factor has been applied to the 'critical' PM trip volumes.

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It has been assumed that the school will generate 20 two-way external trips during each of the peak hours, with the remaining trips attributable to the school assumed to be generated internally throughout the adjacent residential development. The internal trips will not be added onto the external road network when the intersection capacity analysis is performed. The following table outlines the trip generation based on the aforementioned draft plan.

Land Use	ITE # of			AM Peak	(PM Peak		
	Code	units	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Single Residential Units	210	126	25	72	97	82	46	129
Private Road Townhouses	230	63	5	22	28	21	12	33
Public Street Townhouses	230	3	0	1	1	1	1	2
Elementary School	Elementary School 520		20	20	40	20	20	40
Total	51	115	166	124	79	203		

Table 1: Trip Generation of Phase 1A

As shown in Table 1, all elements of the Phase 1A development are expected to generate a total of 166 trips during the weekday AM peak hour of generation, and 203 trips in the PM peak hour of generation. This is consistent with the Fernbank TMP's assumption that the trip rate for residential development within the Fernbank Community will be 1.1 trips per dwelling unit during the PM peak hour.

Based on the above table, the arrival-departure split is approximately 70/30 in favour of departures in the AM, and 65/35 in favour of arrivals in the PM. This is consistent with the findings of the Fernbank TMP, which states that residential trips will be split 65/35 in the AM and PM peak hours of generation.

External trip distribution has been estimated based on a number of factors. These include:

- the objectives and recommendations of the Fernbank TMP;
- the nature of the proposed development within Phase 1A of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands;
- the existing and proposed transport infrastructure in the vicinity of the site and its current capacity;
- the demographic characteristics of the surrounding area and the likely location of future development sites that will generate transport demand.

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The assumed external trip distribution can be summarized thus:

- 85% to/from the east and north (Hazeldean Rd, Palladium Drive, Hwy 417)
- 10% to/from the south (Fernbank Rd, Terry Fox Drive, Eagleson Rd)
- 5% to/from the west (Abbott Rd, Fernbank Rd, Stittsville Main St)

This distribution of development generated traffic is considered to be consistent with the findings of the Fernbank TMP, and is also broadly comparable to the trip distribution assumptions for the aforementioned Phase 1 Monarch development. Approximately 10% of all trips generated by Phase 1 of the Monarch development are expected to originate from or depart to the west and south. These trips will likely pass through Phase 1A of the Abbott-Fernbank Lands to reach the North-South Arterial road, and should be accounted for at each of the proposed intersections when the intersection capacity analysis is performed.

By applying the same relevant trip generation rates to the Monarch development as those used for the Abbott-Fernbank Lands, it has been determined that Phase 1 of the Monarch development is expected to generate 221 and 283 trips in the AM and PM peak hours respectively. Assuming that 10% of these trips will be to/from the west/south, the number of trips generated by this development that will pass through the Abbott-Fernbank Lands in the AM and PM peak hours will be 22 and 28 respectively.

The distribution of site generated traffic between each of the proposed intersections (including the extra through trips generated by the Monarch development) is assumed to be 50/50.

6.0 Conclusions

In summary, the findings of our assessment of the proposed development are as follows:

- the total area of the Phase 1A development makes up approximately 20% of the area of the entire Abbott-Fernbank Lands, and it consists of 192 residential units and a school;
- the proposed access configuration consists of two intersections with the proposed North-South Arterial road;
- the development of Phase 1A is forecast to generate 166 trips during the weekday AM peak, and 203 trips during the weekday PM peak;
- the construction of Phase 1 of the adjacent Monarch development will result in 22 and 28 trips passing through the Abbott-Fernbank Lands during the AM and PM peak hours respectively;
- most of the generated trips are expected to originate and depart to and from the north and east, where the North-South Arterial road will provide the quickest connection to commercial and industrial centres in the Kanata area, as well as other major arterial routes;

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- the Fernbank TMP's target modal split for public transit for the Hazeldean South Screenline is 20%, and this is considered achievable if public transit facilities of sufficient quality and coverage are provided throughout the area;
- bus stops, sidewalks, and locations for on-site bicycle parking will be determined at the detailed design stage.

We trust this letter adequately addresses the transportation characteristics of the proposed development. Please contact the undersigned if you have any questions or comments.

Yours truly,

NOVATECH ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS LTD.

Prepared by:

anh O'Nell

Graham O'Neill, BE E.I.T.

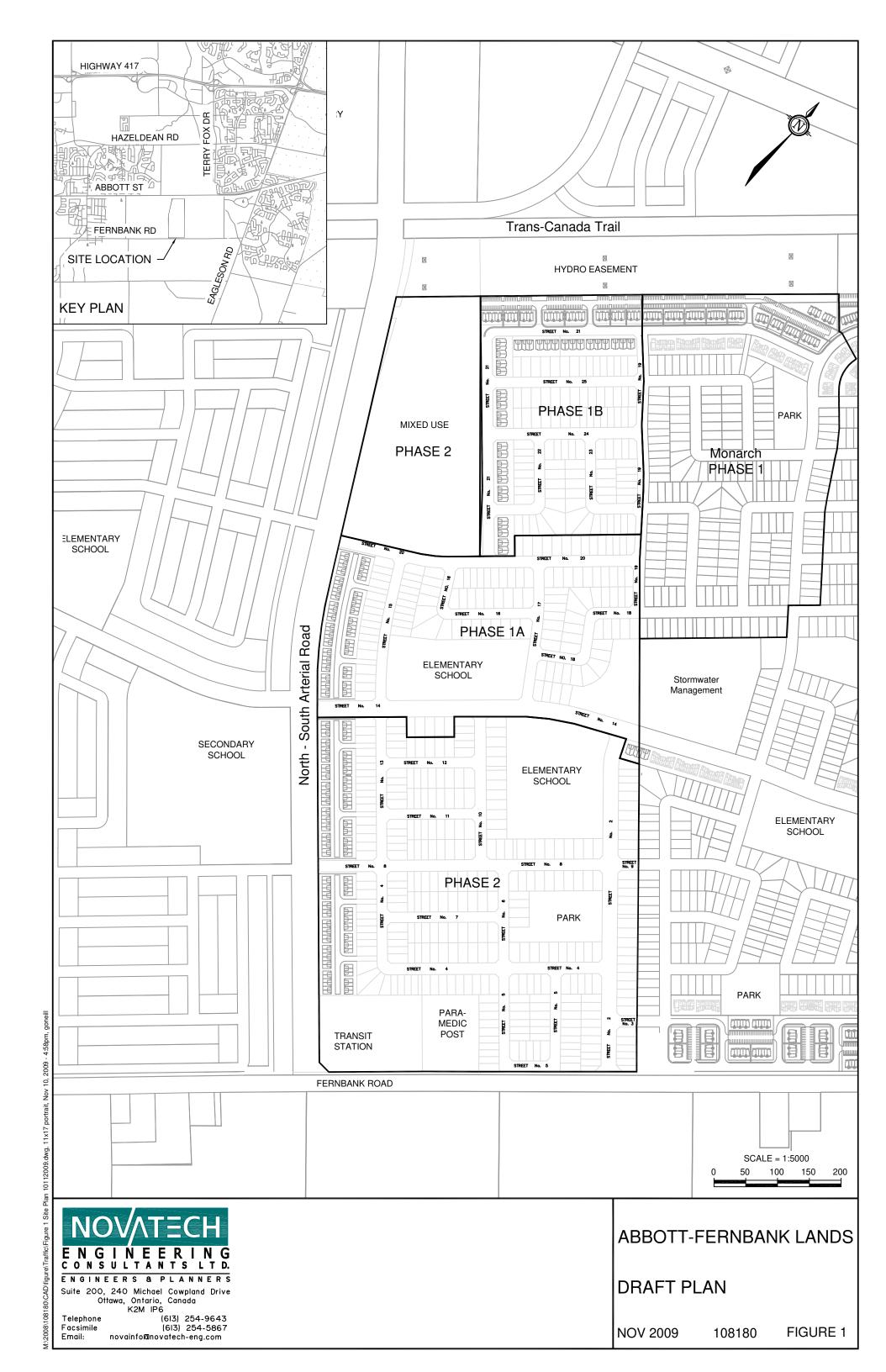
Reviewed by:

Gennifer Lung

Jennifer Luong, P.Eng. Project Manager

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Appendix H MMLoS Analysis

Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMI

Version 1.0 beta Released 6 June 2017

Instructions

Identify the project properties at the top of each sheet

For each travel mode proceed from top to bottom (upper selections influence lower lists of drop-downs) Select the most relevant description from the drop-down lists; refer to MMLoS guideline (September 2015) and N Changes to entries to proceed top to bottom for each travel mode (upper selections influence lower lists of drop-c

Notes

Segments Row 29 - bad formula corrected (24 Nov 2017)

Feedback

Multi-Modal Level of Service - Intersections Form

PARSONS 477180-01000 Consultant Project Scenario Stittsville HS TIA Date July-19 Comments INTERSECTIONS Fernbank/Robert Grant **Crossing Side** NORTH SOUTH EAST WEST Lanes 3 3 3 Median No Median - 2.4 m No Median - 2.4 m No Median - 2.4 m Conflicting Left Turns Protected Permissive No left turn / Prohib. Permissive or yield Permissive or yield Permissive or yield Conflicting Right Turns control control control Right Turns on Red (RToR)? RTOR allowed RTOR allowed RTOR allowed Ped Signal Leading Interval? No No No Pedestrian Right Turn Channel No Channel No Channel No Channel Corner Radius 10-15m 10-15m 10-15m Std transverse Std transverse Std transverse Crosswalk Type markings markings markings **PETSI Score** 78 70 78 С в Ped. Exposure to Traffic LoS в Cycle Length 119 119 119 Effective Walk Time 41 13 13 Average Pedestrian Delay 26 47 47 С **Pedestrian Delay LoS** F E С Е Ε -**Level of Service** Ε **Direction of Travel** NORTHBOUND SOUTHBOUND EASTBOUND WESTBOUND Curb Bike Lane, Curb Bike Lane, Curb Bike Lane, Bicycle Lane Arrangement on Approach Cycletrack or MUP Cycletrack or MUP Cycletrack or MUP Right Turn Lane Configuration Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Right Turning Speed **Cyclist relative to RT motorists Not Applicable** Not Applicable Not Applicable Bicycle Separated or Mixed Traffic Separated Separated Separated Left Turn Approach 2-stage, LT box 2-stage, LT box 2-stage, LT box > 40 to ≤ 50 km/h $\geq 60 \text{ km/h}$ $\geq 60 \text{ km/h}$ Operating Speed Left Turning Cyclist . А Α Α Α Α Α **Level of Service** Α Average Signal Delay ≤ 30 sec ≤ 10 sec Transit D В **Level of Service** D Effective Corner Radius 10 - 15 m 10 - 15 m 10 - 15 m Number of Receiving Lanes on Departure 1 1 1 Truck from Intersection Ε Ε Ε **Level of Service** Ε 0.0 - 0.60 Volume to Capacity Ratio Auto Α **Level of Service**

Multi-Modal Level of Service - Segments Form

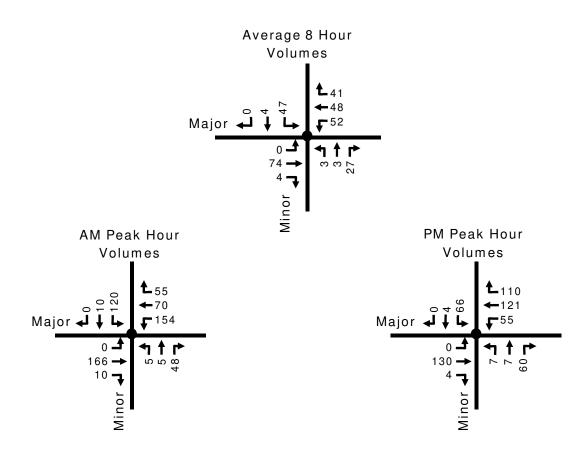
Consultant Scenario	PARSONS Stittsvile HS TIA	Project Date	477180-01000 July-19		
Comments		-			
SEGMENTS		Street A	Cope Drive South Side	Cope Drive North Side	Section 3
	Sidewalk Width Boulevard Width		≥ 2 m > 2 m	≥ 2 m > 2 m	
	Avg Daily Curb Lane Traffic Volume		≤ 3000	≤ 3000	
Pedestrian	Operating Speed On-Street Parking		> 30 to 50 km/h yes	≤ 30 km/h no	
est	Exposure to Traffic PLoS	-	А	А	-
ed	Effective Sidewalk Width Pedestrian Volume				
	Crowding PLoS		-	-	-
	Level of Service		-	-	-
	Type of Cycling Facility		Mixed Traffic	Physically Separated	
	Number of Travel Lanes		≤ 2 (no centreline)		
	Operating Speed		≤ 40 km/h		
	# of Lanes & Operating Speed LoS		Α	-	-
Bicycle	Bike Lane (+ Parking Lane) Width	_			
cy	Bike Lane Width LoS	Α	-	-	-
Ö	Bike Lane Blockages Blockage LoS		-	_	_
	Median Refuge Width (no median = < 1.8 m)		< 1.8 m refuge		
	No. of Lanes at Unsignalized Crossing		≤ 3 lanes		
	Sidestreet Operating Speed		≤ 40 km/h		
	Unsignalized Crossing - Lowest LoS	,	A	A	-
	Level of Service		A	Α	-
și.	Facility Type		Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	
Transit	Friction or Ratio Transit:Posted Speed	D	Vt/Vp ≥ 0.8	Vt/Vp ≥ 0.8	
Ë	Level of Service		D	D	-
	Truck Lane Width		> 3.7 m	> 3.7 m	
nck	Travel Lanes per Direction	В	1	1	
Truck	Level of Service	В	В	-	

Appendix I Warrant Analysis

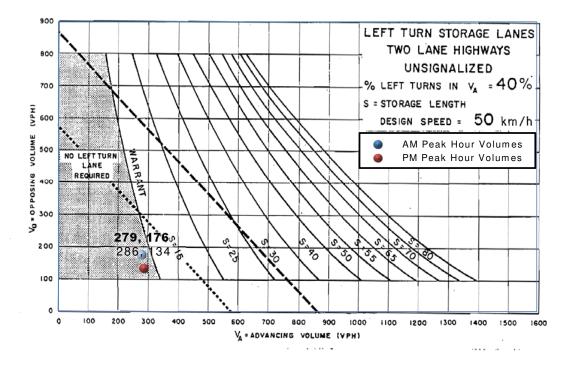
Cope/ Middle Access - Future Conditions

AWSC Warrant			Description	Minimum Requirement for a four-leg intersection	Compliance			
					Sectional %	Entire %	Warrant	
	1. Minimum Volume Criterion	A	Vehicle Volume, All Approaches for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of on Average Day, <u>or</u>	200	152%			
c		В	Vehicle Volume, All Approaches for the Heaviest Peak Hour, <u>and</u>	350	184%	71%	No	
ersection		С	Vehicle and pedestrian Volume, Along Minor Streets for Each of the Same 8 Hours, <u>and</u>	80	105%	, 1 ,0		
Into		D	The volume split between the major and minor streets	65/35	71%			
	2. Minimum Collision Criterion	A	Vehicle Volume, Along Major Street for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of an Average Day, and	9	0%	0%		

Note: 0 preventable by AWSC collisions (i.e. right angle and turning movement collisions) were reported during a 3 year time period



				Design Speed		ng Traffic ne (V _A)		ng Traffic ne (V _o)		n Traffic 1e (V _L)		t Turning Iffic	Warrant Left Turn
				-1	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	Lane
Existing													
Cope/Middl	le Access			50	279	286	176	134	154	55	55%	19%	No
		•	t	▶	4	ŧ	₽		->	-	F	+	▲
-	Peak	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR
											Warrant?		
	AM	5	5	48	120	0	0	0	166	10	154	70	55
	PM	7	7	60	66	0	0	0	130	4	55	121	110



Appendix J

TDM-Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist:

Non-Residential Developments (office, institutional, retail or industrial)

Legend							
REQUIRED	The Official Plan or Zoning By-law provides related guidance that must be followed						
BASIC	The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users						
BETTER	The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance						

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	1.	WALKING & CYCLING: ROUTES	
	1.1	Building location & access points	
BASIC	1.1.1	Locate building close to the street, and do not locate parking areas between the street and building entrances	
BASIC	1.1.2	Locate building entrances in order to minimize walking distances to sidewalks and transit stops/stations	
BASIC	1.1.3	Locate building doors and windows to ensure visibility of pedestrians from the building, for their security and comfort	
	1.2	Facilities for walking & cycling	
REQUIRED	1.2.1	Provide convenient, direct access to stations or major stops along rapid transit routes within 600 metres; minimize walking distances from buildings to rapid transit; provide pedestrian-friendly, weather-protected (where possible) environment between rapid transit accesses and building entrances; ensure quality linkages from sidewalks through building entrances to integrated stops/stations <i>(see Official Plan policy 4.3.3)</i>	
REQUIRED	1.2.2	Provide safe, direct and attractive pedestrian access from public sidewalks to building entrances through such measures as: reducing distances between public sidewalks and major building entrances; providing walkways from public streets to major building entrances; within a site, providing walkways along the front of adjoining buildings, between adjacent buildings, and connecting areas where people may congregate, such as courtyards and transit stops; and providing weather protection through canopies, colonnades, and other design elements wherever possible <i>(see Official</i> <i>Plan policy 4.3.12)</i>	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
REQUIRED	1.2.3	Provide sidewalks of smooth, well-drained walking surfaces of contrasting materials or treatments to differentiate pedestrian areas from vehicle areas, and provide marked pedestrian crosswalks at intersection sidewalks (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.4	Make sidewalks and open space areas easily accessible through features such as gradual grade transition, depressed curbs at street corners and convenient access to extra-wide parking spaces and ramps (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.5	Include adequately spaced inter-block/street cycling and pedestrian connections to facilitate travel by active transportation. Provide links to the existing or planned network of public sidewalks, multi-use pathways and on- road cycle routes. Where public sidewalks and multi-use pathways intersect with roads, consider providing traffic control devices to give priority to cyclists and pedestrians (see Official Plan policy 4.3.11)	
BASIC	1.2.6	Provide safe, direct and attractive walking routes from building entrances to nearby transit stops	
BASIC	1.2.7	Ensure that walking routes to transit stops are secure, visible, lighted, shaded and wind-protected wherever possible	
BASIC	1.2.8	Design roads used for access or circulation by cyclists using a target operating speed of no more than 30 km/h, or provide a separated cycling facility	
	1.3	Amenities for walking & cycling	•
BASIC	1.3.1	Provide lighting, landscaping and benches along walking and cycling routes between building entrances and streets, sidewalks and trails	
BASIC	1.3.2	Provide wayfinding signage for site access (where required, e.g. when multiple buildings or entrances exist) and egress (where warranted, such as when directions to reach transit stops/stations, trails or other common destinations are not obvious)	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	2.	WALKING & CYCLING: END-OF-TRIP FACILI	TIES
	2.1	Bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.1.1	Provide bicycle parking in highly visible and lighted areas, sheltered from the weather wherever possible <i>(see Official Plan policy 4.3.6)</i>	
REQUIRED	2.1.2	Provide the number of bicycle parking spaces specified for various land uses in different parts of Ottawa; provide convenient access to main entrances or well- used areas <i>(see Zoning By-law Section 111)</i>	
REQUIRED	2.1.3	Ensure that bicycle parking spaces and access aisles meet minimum dimensions; that no more than 50% of spaces are vertical spaces; and that parking racks are securely anchored <i>(see Zoning By-law Section 111)</i>	
BASIC	2.1.4	Provide bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of commuter cyclists (assuming the cycling mode share target is met), plus the expected peak number of customer/visitor cyclists	
BETTER	2.1.5	Provide bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of commuter and customer/visitor cyclists, plus an additional buffer (e.g. 25 percent extra) to encourage other cyclists and ensure adequate capacity in peak cycling season	
	2.2	Secure bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.2.1	Where more than 50 bicycle parking spaces are provided for a single office building, locate at least 25% of spaces within a building/structure, a secure area (e.g. supervised parking lot or enclosure) or bicycle lockers (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	
BETTER	2.2.2	Provide secure bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of commuter cyclists (assuming the cycling mode share target is met)	
	2.3	Shower & change facilities	
BASIC	2.3.1	Provide shower and change facilities for the use of active commuters	
BETTER	2.3.2	In addition to shower and change facilities, provide dedicated lockers, grooming stations, drying racks and laundry facilities for the use of active commuters	
	2.4	Bicycle repair station	
BETTER	2.4.1	Provide a permanent bike repair station, with commonly used tools and an air pump, adjacent to the main bicycle parking area (or secure bicycle parking area, if provided)	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	3.	TRANSIT	
	3.1	Customer amenities	
BASIC	3.1.1	Provide shelters, lighting and benches at any on-site transit stops	
BASIC	3.1.2	Where the site abuts an off-site transit stop and insufficient space exists for a transit shelter in the public right-of-way, protect land for a shelter and/or install a shelter	
BETTER	3.1.3	Provide a secure and comfortable interior waiting area by integrating any on-site transit stops into the building	
	4.	RIDESHARING	
	4.1	Pick-up & drop-off facilities	
BASIC	4.1.1	Provide a designated area for carpool drivers (plus taxis and ride-hailing services) to drop off or pick up passengers without using fire lanes or other no-stopping zones	
	4.2	Carpool parking	
BASIC	4.2.1	Provide signed parking spaces for carpools in a priority location close to a major building entrance, sufficient in number to accommodate the mode share target for carpools	
BETTER	4.2.2	At large developments, provide spaces for carpools in a separate, access-controlled parking area to simplify enforcement	
	5.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
	5.1	Carshare parking spaces	
BETTER	5.1.1	Provide carshare parking spaces in permitted non- residential zones, occupying either required or provided parking spaces (see Zoning By-law Section 94)	
	5.2	Bikeshare station location	
BETTER	5.2.1	Provide a designated bikeshare station area near a major building entrance, preferably lighted and sheltered with a direct walkway connection	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	6.	PARKING	
	6.1	Number of parking spaces	
REQUIRED	6.1.1	Do not provide more parking than permitted by zoning, nor less than required by zoning, unless a variance is being applied for	
BASIC	6.1.2	Provide parking for long-term and short-term users that is consistent with mode share targets, considering the potential for visitors to use off-site public parking	
BASIC	6.1.3	Where a site features more than one use, provide shared parking and reduce the cumulative number of parking spaces accordingly <i>(see Zoning By-law</i> <i>Section 104)</i>	
BETTER	6.1.4	Reduce the minimum number of parking spaces required by zoning by one space for each 13 square metres of gross floor area provided as shower rooms, change rooms, locker rooms and other facilities for cyclists in conjunction with bicycle parking <i>(see Zoning By-law Section 111)</i>	
	6.2	Separate long-term & short-term parking areas	
BETTER	6.2.1	Separate short-term and long-term parking areas using signage or physical barriers, to permit access controls and simplify enforcement (i.e. to discourage employees from parking in visitor spaces, and vice versa)	
	7.	OTHER	
	7.1	On-site amenities to minimize off-site trips	
BETTER	7.1.1	Provide on-site amenities to minimize mid-day or mid-commute errands	

Appendix K Synchro and SIDRA Background Analysis

BG 2022 AM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2: Fernbank & Robert Gran	<u> </u>	→	+	×.	4	~
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	<u> </u>	<u>EBI</u>	•••B1		<u>, 36</u>	<u>300</u>
Traffic Volume (vph)	37	323	204	236	354	36
Future Volume (vph)	37	323	204	236	354	36
Lane Group Flow (vph)	39	340	204	230	373	38
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6		4	i enn
Permitted Phases		2	U	6	-	4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase	5	2	U	0	-	
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Initial (s) Minimum Split (s)	5.0 11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
	26.2	24.6 83.4	24.6 57.2	24.6 57.2	24.0 36.0	24.0 36.0
Total Split (s)		83.4 69.8%	57.2 47.9%	57.2 47.9%		
Total Split (%)	21.9%				30.2%	30.2%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead		Lag	Lag		
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	9.9	24.7	17.7	17.7	20.9	20.9
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.18	0.45	0.33	0.33	0.38	0.38
v/c Ratio	0.13	0.42	0.37	0.38	0.57	0.06
Control Delay	26.2	12.2	20.3	5.1	19.1	5.6
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	26.2	12.2	20.3	5.1	19.1	5.6
LOS	С	В	С	А	В	А
Approach Delay		13.6	12.1		17.9	
Approach LOS		В	В		В	
Queue Length 50th (m)	3.6	20.5	18.7	0.0	31.2	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	13.0	46.8	42.9	15.1	64.8	5.1
Internal Link Dist (m)		137.3	306.8		567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0			115.0	95.0	
Base Capacity (vph)	762	1784	1579	1371	1098	996
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.05	0.19	0.14	0.18	0.34	0.04
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 119.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 54.4						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinate	ed					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.57						
Intersection Signal Delay: 14.5				Int	tersection L	OS' B
Intersection Capacity Utilization 46.2	10/_				U Level of S	
	. 70			iU	O Level of S	DEI VICE A
Analysis Period (min) 15						

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

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83.4 s		36 s	
1 A 195	<u>.</u> Ø6		
26.2 s	57.2 s		

BG 2022 PM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2: Fernbank & Robert Gra			,			,
	٦	-	-	•	•	-
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	1	1	•	1	<u> </u>	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	32	271	447	368	282	36
Future Volume (vph)	32	271	447	368	282	36
Lane Group Flow (vph)	34	285	471	387	297	38
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6		4	
Permitted Phases				6		4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase						
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Split (s)	11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Total Split (s)	26.2	78.4	52.2	52.2	36.0	36.0
Total Split (%)	22.9%	68.5%	45.6%	45.6%	31.5%	31.5%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead	1.0	Lag	Lag	1.0	1.0
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	10.5	35.9	29.0	29.0	21.2	21.2
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.16	0.54	0.44	0.44	0.32	0.32
v/c Ratio	0.13	0.34	0.44	0.44	0.52	0.02
Control Delay	35.8	9.0	20.6	3.6	27.1	8.6
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	35.8	9.0	20.6	3.6	27.1	8.6
LOS	00.0 D	3.0 A	20.0 C	3.0 A	27.1 C	0.0 A
Approach Delay	J	11.8	13.0	~	25.0	-
Approach LOS		н.о	10.0 B		23.0 C	
Queue Length 50th (m)	4.0	16.2	48.3	0.0	33.1	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	4.0	37.7	48.3 99.5	15.6	75.2	7.0
Internal Link Dist (m)	13.2	137.3	306.8	10.0	567.1	7.0
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0	107.0	000.0	115.0	95.0	
Base Capacity (vph)	662	1652	1335	1233	95.0 954	871
Starvation Cap Reductn	062 0	1652	1335	1233	954 0	871
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn Reduced v/c Ratio	0.05	0.17	0.35	0.31	0.31	0.04
	0.00		0.00	0.01	0.07	0.01
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 114.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 66.5						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordina	ited					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.61						
Intersection Signal Delay: 15.4					tersection L	
Intersection Capacity Utilization 51.	2%			IC	U Level of S	Service A
Analysis Period (min) 15						

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

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	4 [▲] Ø6		
26.2 s	52.2 s		

BG 2024 AM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2: Fernbank & Robert Gra						J
	≯	-	-	•	•	-
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	٢	1	•	1	۲	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	37	335	204	236	360	36
Future Volume (vph)	37	335	204	236	360	36
Lane Group Flow (vph)	39	353	215	248	379	38
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6		4	
Permitted Phases				6		4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase						
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Split (s)	11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Total Split (s)	26.2	83.4	57.2	57.2	36.0	36.0
Total Split (%)	21.9%	69.8%	47.9%	47.9%	30.2%	30.2%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead	т. J	Lag	Lag	т.0	÷.0
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	9.8	24.9	17.9	17.9	21.3	21.3
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.18	0.45	0.33	0.33	0.39	0.39
v/c Ratio	0.18	0.45	0.33	0.33	0.58	0.39
Control Delay	26.5	12.6	20.5	5.1	19.1	5.5
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	26.5	12.6	20.5	5.1	19.1	5.5
LOS	20.3 C	12.0 B	20.5 C	5.1 A	19.1 B	5.5 A
	U	В 14.0	12.3	A	В 17.9	A
Approach Delay		14.0 B	12.3 B		17.9 B	
Approach LOS	07			0.0		0.0
Queue Length 50th (m)	3.7	21.9	19.0	0.0	31.9	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	13.1	49.4	43.3	15.1	65.7	5.1
Internal Link Dist (m)	100.0	137.3	306.8	115.0	567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0	470.4	4.570	115.0	95.0	000
Base Capacity (vph)	751	1784	1573	1367	1082	982
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.05	0.20	0.14	0.18	0.35	0.04
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 119.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 55						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinat	ted					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.58						
Intersection Signal Delay: 14.6				Int	tersection L	OS: B
Intersection Capacity Utilization 46.6	5%				U Level of S	
Analysis Period (min) 15				10		

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

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83.4 s		36 s	
1 A 195	<u>.</u> Ø6		
26.2 s	57.2 s		

BG 2024 PM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2: Fernbank & Robert Gra	٠	-	+	×.	1	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	<u> </u>	<u></u>	•••B1		<u>36</u>	<u> </u>
Traffic Volume (vph)	" 32	T 281	T 447	f 368	288	r 36
Future Volume (vph)	32	281	447	368	288	36
Lane Group Flow (vph)	32	296	447	387	303	38
1 (17)	34 Prot		471 NA	Perm	Prot	38 Perm
Turn Type		NA		Perm		Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6	0	4	
Permitted Phases	5	2	0	6 6	4	4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase		40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Split (s)	11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Total Split (s)	26.2	78.4	52.2	52.2	36.0	36.0
Total Split (%)	22.9%	68.5%	45.6%	45.6%	31.5%	31.5%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead		Lag	Lag		
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	10.5	36.0	29.1	29.1	21.4	21.4
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.16	0.54	0.44	0.44	0.32	0.32
v/c Ratio	0.13	0.34	0.61	0.44	0.56	0.02
Control Delay	35.9	9.2	20.7	3.6	27.4	8.6
Queue Delay	0.0	9.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
,	35.9	9.2	20.7	3.6	27.4	0.0 8.6
Total Delay						
LOS	D	A	C	А	C	А
Approach Delay		11.9	13.0		25.3	
Approach LOS		В	В		С	
Queue Length 50th (m)	4.1	17.1	48.9	0.0	34.2	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	15.2	39.2	99.5	15.6	76.8	7.0
Internal Link Dist (m)		137.3	306.8		567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0			115.0	95.0	
Base Capacity (vph)	659	1649	1332	1230	951	867
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.05	0.18	0.35	0.31	0.32	0.04
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 114.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 66.8						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinat	tod					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.61	ieu					
				1		
Intersection Signal Delay: 15.5	20/				tersection L	
	3%			IC	U Level of S	Service A
Intersection Capacity Utilization 51.6 Analysis Period (min) 15	570					

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

→ _{Ø2}		<i>≪</i> ≻ ø4	
78.4 s		36 s	
	4 [▲] Ø6		
26.2 s	52.2 s		

BG 2029 AM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2: Fembank & Robert Gran	<u> </u>	-	+	×.	1	~
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	<u> </u>	<u>LD1</u>	•••••	7	<u></u>	<u></u>
Traffic Volume (vph)	50	364	204	311	406	48
Future Volume (vph)	50	364	204	311	406	48
Lane Group Flow (vph)	53	383	204	327	400	40 51
	Prot	NA	215 NA	Perm	427 Prot	Perm
Turn Type Protected Phases	Prot 5	NA 2	NA 6	remi	Prot 4	renn
Permitted Phases	5	2	0	6	4	4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase	5	2	0	0	4	4
	50	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Split (s)	11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Total Split (s)	26.2	83.4	57.2	57.2	36.0	36.0
Total Split (%)	21.9%	69.8%	47.9%	47.9%	30.2%	30.2%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead		Lag	Lag		
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	10.1	26.5	18.8	18.8	26.8	26.8
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.16	0.43	0.30	0.30	0.43	0.43
v/c Ratio	0.19	0.50	0.40	0.48	0.58	0.07
Control Delay	28.9	15.4	23.1	5.5	19.2	5.0
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	28.9	15.4	23.1	5.5	19.2	5.0
LOS	C	B	C	A	B	A
Approach Delay	U	17.1	12.5	л	17.7	-
Approach LOS		В	12.3 B		В	
Queue Length 50th (m)	5.8	30.5	22.4	0.0	39.3	0.0
o ()	5.8 16.7	30.5 55.5	22.4 44.6	0.0 17.4	39.3 79.9	0.0 6.1
Queue Length 95th (m)	10.7			17.4		0.1
Internal Link Dist (m)	100.0	137.3	306.8	115.0	567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0			115.0	95.0	
Base Capacity (vph)	647	1782	1502	1329	933	857
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.08	0.21	0.14	0.25	0.46	0.06
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 119.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 61.8						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinate	d					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.58						
Intersection Signal Delay: 15.6				Int	tersection L	OS: B
Intersection Capacity Utilization 50.69	10				U Level of S	
Analysis Period (min) 15	.0			10		
mayoo renou (mm) 15						

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

→ _{Ø2}		<i>₹</i> • Ø4	
83.4 s		36 s	
1 A 195	<u>.</u> Ø6		
26.2 s	57.2 s		

1.3

Т

BG 2029 PM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2: Fernbank & Robert Gra						J
	≯	-	-	•	•	-
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	۲	1	•	1	۲	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	40	305	447	453	337	48
Future Volume (vph)	40	305	447	453	337	48
Lane Group Flow (vph)	42	321	471	477	355	51
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6		4	
Permitted Phases	-			6		4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase						
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Split (s)	11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Total Split (s)	26.2	78.4	52.2	52.2	36.0	36.0
Total Split (%)	22.9%	68.5%	45.6%	45.6%	31.5%	31.5%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead	т. 0	Lag	Lag	т.0	÷.0
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	10.9	37.8	30.6	30.6	23.9	23.9
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.15	0.53	0.43	0.43	0.34	0.34
v/c Ratio	0.15	0.33	0.43	0.43	0.62	0.09
Control Delay	37.8	10.1	22.0	3.9	29.6	7.9
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.0	0.0
Total Delay	37.8	10.1	22.0	3.9	29.6	7.9
LOS	37.8 D	10.1 B	22.0 C	3.9 A	29.6 C	7.9 A
	U	В 13.3	12.9	A	26.9	A
Approach Delay		13.3 B	12.9 B		26.9 C	
Approach LOS	5.0			0.0		0.0
Queue Length 50th (m)	5.6	21.9	54.3	0.0	44.6	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	18.1	42.5	100.6	16.9	94.3	8.3
Internal Link Dist (m)	100.0	137.3	306.8	115.0	567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0	1001	1001	115.0	95.0	000
Base Capacity (vph)	618	1604	1291	1229	891	822
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.07	0.20	0.36	0.39	0.40	0.06
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 114.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 71.1						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinat	ed					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.62						
Intersection Signal Delay: 16.3				Int	tersection L	OS: B
Intersection Capacity Utilization 58.7	7%				U Level of S	
Analysis Period (min) 15						

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

→ _{Ø2}		<i>≪</i> ≻ ø4	
78.4 s		36 s	
	4 [▲] Ø6		
26.2 s	52.2 s		

Site: [B2022 AM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ment Per	formance -	Vehicle	s							
Mov ID	OD Mov	Demand I Total veh/h	Flows HV %	Deg. Satn v/c	Average Delay sec	Level of Service	95% Back o Vehicles veh	of Queue Distance m	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop Rate per veh	Average Speed km/ł
South	Robert G	rant Avenue									
1	L2	301	2.0	0.331	8.9	LOS A	2.2	15.9	0.13	0.56	54.3
3	R2	224	2.0	0.331	4.0	LOS A	2.2	15.9	0.13	0.56	53.1
Appro	ach	525	2.0	0.331	6.8	LOS A	2.2	15.9	0.13	0.56	53.8
East: /	Abbott Stre	eet East									
4	L2	83	2.0	0.129	8.8	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.45	0.60	46.7
5	T1	57	2.0	0.129	4.3	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.45	0.60	46.5
Appro	ach	140	2.0	0.129	7.0	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.45	0.60	46.6
West:	Abbott Stre	eet E									
11	T1	22	2.0	0.140	3.2	LOS A	0.8	5.6	0.25	0.41	48.6
12	R2	162	2.0	0.140	3.2	LOS A	0.8	5.6	0.25	0.41	47.4
Appro	ach	184	2.0	0.140	3.2	LOS A	0.8	5.6	0.25	0.41	47.6
All Vel	nicles	849	2.0	0.331	6.0	LOS A	2.2	15.9	0.21	0.53	51.0

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2022 AM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles												
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average	
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed	
South	: Robert C	veh/h	%	V/C	sec		veh	m		per veh	km/h	
	L2	63	2.0	0.286	0.0	LOS A	1.8	13.0	0.39	0.51	54.5	
1			-		9.6		-			0.51		
2	T1	266	2.0	0.286	5.0	LOS A	1.8	13.0	0.39	0.51	54.5	
3	R2	27	2.0	0.286	4.7	LOS A	1.8	13.0	0.39	0.51	53.2	
Appro	ach	357	2.0	0.286	5.8	LOS A	1.8	13.0	0.39	0.51	54.4	
East:	Соре											
4	L2	22	2.0	0.052	11.0	LOS B	0.3	2.0	0.54	0.64	53.4	
5	T1	1	2.0	0.052	6.3	LOS A	0.3	2.0	0.54	0.64	53.4	
6	R2	26	2.0	0.052	6.1	LOS A	0.3	2.0	0.54	0.64	52.2	
Appro	ach	49	2.0	0.052	8.3	LOS A	0.3	2.0	0.54	0.64	52.7	
North	: Robert G	Grant										
7	L2	20	2.0	0.252	9.2	LOS A	1.5	10.8	0.27	0.45	55.4	
8	T1	265	2.0	0.252	4.6	LOS A	1.5	10.8	0.27	0.45	55.4	
9	R2	58	2.0	0.252	4.3	LOS A	1.5	10.8	0.27	0.45	54.1	
Appro	ach	343	2.0	0.252	4.8	LOS A	1.5	10.8	0.27	0.45	55.2	
West:	Cope											
10	L2	126	2.0	0.246	10.5	LOS B	1.4	10.2	0.51	0.66	53.5	
11	T1	3	2.0	0.246	5.9	LOS A	1.4	10.2	0.51	0.66	53.5	
12	R2	133	2.0	0.246	5.6	LOS A	1.4	10.2	0.51	0.66	52.3	
Appro	ach	262	2.0	0.246	8.0	LOS A	1.4	10.2	0.51	0.66	52.9	
All Ve	hicles	1012	2.0	0.286	6.1	LOS A	1.8	13.0	0.39	0.53	54.2	

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2022 PM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles													
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average		
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed		
South	: Robert G	veh/h	%	V/C	sec		veh	m		per veh	km/h		
1	L2	122	2.0	0.294	9.2	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.30	0.51	54.4		
2	T1	253	2.0	0.294	4.6	LOSA	1.9	13.7	0.30	0.51	54.5		
3	R2	200	2.0	0.294	4.4	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.30	0.51	53.2		
Appro		399	2.0	0.294	6.0	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.30	0.51	54.4		
		000	2.0	0.201	0.0	20071	1.0	10.7	0.00	0.01	0		
East:	•												
4	L2	37	2.0	0.073	11.0	LOS B	0.4	2.7	0.54	0.66	53.1		
5	T1	1	2.0	0.073	6.3	LOS A	0.4	2.7	0.54	0.66	53.2		
6	R2	32	2.0	0.073	6.1	LOS A	0.4	2.7	0.54	0.66	51.9		
Appro	ach	69	2.0	0.073	8.7	LOS A	0.4	2.7	0.54	0.66	52.6		
North	: Robert G	irant											
7	L2	16	2.0	0.342	9.7	LOS A	2.2	15.7	0.40	0.50	54.9		
8	T1	298	2.0	0.342	5.1	LOS A	2.2	15.7	0.40	0.50	55.0		
9	R2	116	2.0	0.342	4.8	LOS A	2.2	15.7	0.40	0.50	53.6		
Appro	ach	429	2.0	0.342	5.2	LOS A	2.2	15.7	0.40	0.50	54.6		
West:	Cope												
10	L2	74	2.0	0.153	10.6	LOS B	0.9	6.1	0.52	0.65	53.5		
11	T1	2	2.0	0.153	5.9	LOS A	0.9	6.1	0.52	0.65	53.5		
12	R2	81	2.0	0.153	5.7	LOS A	0.9	6.1	0.52	0.65	52.3		
Appro	ach	157	2.0	0.153	8.0	LOS A	0.9	6.1	0.52	0.65	52.9		
All Ve	hicles	1055	2.0	0.342	6.1	LOS A	2.2	15.7	0.39	0.54	54.1		

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2022 PM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles													
Mov ID	OD Mov	Demand I Total veh/h	Flows HV %	Deg. Satn v/c	Average Delay sec	Level of Service	95% Back o Vehicles veh	of Queue Distance m	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop Rate per veh	Average Speed km/r		
South	: Robert G	rant Avenue											
1	L2	211	2.0	0.237	9.0	LOS A	1.5	10.7	0.21	0.56	53.9		
3	R2	132	2.0	0.237	4.1	LOS A	1.5	10.7	0.21	0.56	52.7		
Appro	ach	342	2.0	0.237	7.1	LOS A	1.5	10.7	0.21	0.56	53.4		
East: /	Abbott Stre	et East											
4	L2	201	2.0	0.225	8.5	LOS A	1.3	9.1	0.42	0.60	46.3		
5	T1	60	2.0	0.225	3.9	LOS A	1.3	9.1	0.42	0.60	46.2		
Appro	ach	261	2.0	0.225	7.4	LOS A	1.3	9.1	0.42	0.60	46.3		
West:	Abbott Stre	eet E											
11	T1	51	2.0	0.302	4.0	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.45	0.50	48.0		
12	R2	304	2.0	0.302	4.0	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.45	0.50	46.9		
Appro	ach	355	2.0	0.302	4.0	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.45	0.50	47.1		
All Vel	nicles	958	2.0	0.302	6.0	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.36	0.55	48.9		

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2024 AM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ement Pe	rformance -	Vehicle	es							
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
South	: Robert G	veh/h	%	V/C	Sec	_	veh	m	_	per veh	km/h
1	L2	63	2.0	0.293	9.6	LOS A	1.9	13.4	0.39	0.51	54.5
2	T1	276	2.0	0.293	5.0	LOSA	1.9	13.4	0.39	0.51	54.5
3	R2	27	2.0	0.293	4.7	LOSA	1.9	13.4	0.39	0.51	53.2
Appro		366	2.0	0.293	5.7	LOS A	1.9	13.4	0.39	0.51	54.4
East:	Cope										
4	L2	22	2.0	0.053	11.0	LOS B	0.3	2.0	0.55	0.64	53.3
5	T1	1	2.0	0.053	6.4	LOS A	0.3	2.0	0.55	0.64	53.4
6	R2	26	2.0	0.053	6.2	LOS A	0.3	2.0	0.55	0.64	52.2
Appro	bach	49	2.0	0.053	8.3	LOS A	0.3	2.0	0.55	0.64	52.7
North	: Robert G	irant									
7	L2	20	2.0	0.255	9.2	LOS A	1.6	11.1	0.27	0.45	55.4
8	T1	271	2.0	0.255	4.6	LOS A	1.6	11.1	0.27	0.45	55.4
9	R2	58	2.0	0.255	4.3	LOS A	1.6	11.1	0.27	0.45	54.1
Appro	bach	348	2.0	0.255	4.8	LOS A	1.6	11.1	0.27	0.45	55.2
West:	Cope										
10	L2	126	2.0	0.247	10.5	LOS B	1.4	10.2	0.51	0.66	53.4
11	T1	3	2.0	0.247	5.9	LOS A	1.4	10.2	0.51	0.66	53.5
12	R2	133	2.0	0.247	5.7	LOS A	1.4	10.2	0.51	0.66	52.3
Appro	bach	262	2.0	0.247	8.0	LOS A	1.4	10.2	0.51	0.66	52.8
All Ve	hicles	1026	2.0	0.293	6.1	LOS A	1.9	13.4	0.39	0.53	54.2

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2024 AM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles													
Mov ID	OD Mov	Demand Total veh/h	Flows HV %	Deg. Satn v/c	Average Delay sec	Level of Service	95% Back o Vehicles veh	of Queue Distance m	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop Rate per veh	Average Speed km/r		
South	: Robert G	rant Avenue											
1	L2	301	2.0	0.332	8.9	LOS A	2.2	15.9	0.13	0.56	54.3		
3	R2	225	2.0	0.332	4.0	LOS A	2.2	15.9	0.13	0.56	53.1		
Appro	ach	526	2.0	0.332	6.8	LOS A	2.2	15.9	0.13	0.56	53.8		
East: /	Abbott Stre	et East											
4	L2	83	2.0	0.129	8.8	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.45	0.60	46.7		
5	T1	57	2.0	0.129	4.3	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.45	0.60	46.5		
Appro	ach	140	2.0	0.129	7.0	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.45	0.60	46.6		
West:	Abbott Stre	eet E											
11	T1	22	2.0	0.140	3.2	LOS A	0.8	5.6	0.25	0.41	48.6		
12	R2	162	2.0	0.140	3.2	LOS A	0.8	5.6	0.25	0.41	47.4		
Appro	ach	184	2.0	0.140	3.2	LOS A	0.8	5.6	0.25	0.41	47.6		
All Vel	nicles	851	2.0	0.332	6.0	LOS A	2.2	15.9	0.21	0.53	51.0		

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2024 PM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles													
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average		
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed		
South	: Robert G	veh/h	%	V/C	sec		veh	m		per veh	km/h		
1	L2	122	2.0	0.301	9.3	LOS A	2.0	14.2	0.32	0.51	54.4		
2	T1	259	2.0	0.301	4.6	LOS A	2.0	14.2	0.32	0.51	54.5		
2	R2	209 24	-		-		-						
			2.0	0.301	4.4	LOS A	2.0	14.2	0.32	0.51	53.2		
Appro	ach	405	2.0	0.301	6.0	LOS A	2.0	14.2	0.32	0.51	54.4		
East:	Cope												
4	L2	37	2.0	0.073	11.0	LOS B	0.4	2.8	0.55	0.66	53.1		
5	T1	1	2.0	0.073	6.4	LOS A	0.4	2.8	0.55	0.66	53.1		
6	R2	32	2.0	0.073	6.1	LOS A	0.4	2.8	0.55	0.66	51.9		
Appro	ach	69	2.0	0.073	8.7	LOS A	0.4	2.8	0.55	0.66	52.5		
North	: Robert G	irant											
7	L2	16	2.0	0.348	9.7	LOS A	2.3	16.1	0.41	0.51	54.9		
8	T1	306	2.0	0.348	5.1	LOS A	2.3	16.1	0.41	0.51	54.9		
9	R2	116	2.0	0.348	4.8	LOS A	2.3	16.1	0.41	0.51	53.6		
Appro	ach	438	2.0	0.348	5.2	LOS A	2.3	16.1	0.41	0.51	54.6		
West:	Cope												
10	L2	74	2.0	0.160	10.6	LOS B	0.9	6.4	0.52	0.66	53.5		
11	T1	7	2.0	0.160	6.0	LOS A	0.9	6.4	0.52	0.66	53.5		
12	R2	81	2.0	0.160	5.8	LOS A	0.9	6.4	0.52	0.66	52.3		
Appro	ach	162	2.0	0.160	8.0	LOS A	0.9	6.4	0.52	0.66	52.9		
All Ve	hicles	1075	2.0	0.348	6.2	LOS A	2.3	16.1	0.40	0.54	54.1		

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2024 PM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles													
Mov ID	OD Mov	Demand Total veh/h	Flows HV %	Deg. Satn v/c	Average Delay sec	Level of Service	95% Back o Vehicles veh	of Queue Distance m	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop Rate per veh	Average Speed km/ł		
South	: Robert G	rant Avenue											
1	L2	211	2.0	0.238	9.0	LOS A	1.5	10.7	0.21	0.56	53.9		
3	R2	133	2.0	0.238	4.1	LOS A	1.5	10.7	0.21	0.56	52.7		
Appro	ach	343	2.0	0.238	7.1	LOS A	1.5	10.7	0.21	0.56	53.4		
East: /	Abbott Stre	et East											
4	L2	201	2.0	0.225	8.5	LOS A	1.3	9.1	0.42	0.60	46.3		
5	T1	60	2.0	0.225	3.9	LOS A	1.3	9.1	0.42	0.60	46.2		
Appro	ach	261	2.0	0.225	7.4	LOS A	1.3	9.1	0.42	0.60	46.3		
West:	Abbott Stre	eet E											
11	T1	51	2.0	0.302	4.0	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.45	0.50	48.0		
12	R2	304	2.0	0.302	4.0	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.45	0.50	46.9		
Appro	ach	355	2.0	0.302	4.0	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.45	0.50	47.1		
All Vel	nicles	959	2.0	0.302	6.0	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.36	0.55	48.9		

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2029 AM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ement Pe	rformance -	Vehicle	es							
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
South	: Robert G	veh/h	%	V/C	sec	_	veh	m	_	per veh	km/h
1	L2	63	2.0	0.343	9.6	LOS A	2.3	16.7	0.41	0.51	54.4
2	T1	341	2.0	0.343	5.0	LOSA	2.3	16.7	0.41	0.51	54.5
3	R2	27	2.0	0.343	4.8	LOSA	2.3	16.7	0.41	0.51	53.2
Appro		432	2.0	0.343	5.7	LOSA	2.3	16.7	0.41	0.51	54.4
									••••		
East:											
4	L2	22	2.0	0.056	11.4	LOS B	0.3	2.2	0.59	0.66	53.0
5	T1	1	2.0	0.056	6.8	LOS A	0.3	2.2	0.59	0.66	53.1
6	R2	26	2.0	0.056	6.6	LOS A	0.3	2.2	0.59	0.66	51.9
Appro	bach	49	2.0	0.056	8.7	LOS A	0.3	2.2	0.59	0.66	52.4
North	: Robert G	irant									
7	L2	20	2.0	0.282	9.2	LOS A	1.8	12.6	0.28	0.45	55.3
8	T1	308	2.0	0.282	4.6	LOS A	1.8	12.6	0.28	0.45	55.4
9	R2	58	2.0	0.282	4.3	LOS A	1.8	12.6	0.28	0.45	54.1
Appro	bach	386	2.0	0.282	4.8	LOS A	1.8	12.6	0.28	0.45	55.2
West:	Cope										
10	L2	126	2.0	0.254	10.8	LOS B	1.5	10.6	0.54	0.68	53.3
11	T1	3	2.0	0.254	6.1	LOS A	1.5	10.6	0.54	0.68	53.4
12	R2	133	2.0	0.254	5.9	LOS A	1.5	10.6	0.54	0.68	52.2
Appro	bach	262	2.0	0.254	8.2	LOS A	1.5	10.6	0.54	0.68	52.7
All Ve	hicles	1129	2.0	0.343	6.1	LOS A	2.3	16.7	0.41	0.54	54.2

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2029 AM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles													
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average		
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed		
South	· Pohort (veh/h Grant Avenue	%	V/C	sec		veh	m		per veh	km/h		
	L2	117	2.0	0.409	0.4	LOS A	3.0	21.2	0.27	0.40	55.1		
1			-		9.1				-	0.48			
2	T1	258	0.0	0.409	4.5	LOS A	3.0	21.2	0.27	0.48	55.2		
3	R2	223	2.0	0.409	4.3	LOS A	3.0	21.2	0.27	0.48	53.8		
Appro	ach	598	1.1	0.409	5.3	LOS A	3.0	21.2	0.27	0.48	54.6		
East:	Abbott Str	eet East											
4	L2	83	2.0	0.161	9.6	LOS A	0.9	6.3	0.54	0.64	47.0		
5	T1	57	2.0	0.161	5.1	LOS A	0.9	6.3	0.54	0.64	46.9		
6	R2	21	0.0	0.161	5.0	LOS A	0.9	6.3	0.54	0.64	48.9		
Appro	ach	161	1.7	0.161	7.4	LOS A	0.9	6.3	0.54	0.64	47.2		
North	: RoadNar	ne											
7	L2	21	0.0	0.166	10.0	LOS B	0.9	6.4	0.44	0.55	54.5		
8	T1	144	0.0	0.166	5.4	LOS A	0.9	6.4	0.44	0.55	54.5		
9	R2	21	0.0	0.166	5.2	LOS A	0.9	6.4	0.44	0.55	53.2		
Appro	ach	186	0.0	0.166	5.9	LOS A	0.9	6.4	0.44	0.55	54.4		
West:	Abbott St	reet E											
10	L2	21	0.0	0.091	8.8	LOS A	0.5	3.4	0.41	0.53	51.7		
11	T1	22	2.0	0.091	4.3	LOS A	0.5	3.4	0.41	0.53	48.4		
12	R2	59	2.0	0.091	4.2	LOS A	0.5	3.4	0.41	0.53	47.2		
Appro	ach	102	1.6	0.091	5.2	LOS A	0.5	3.4	0.41	0.53	48.3		
All Ve	hicles	1047	1.1	0.409	5.7	LOS A	3.0	21.2	0.35	0.52	52.6		

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2029 PM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ement Pe	erformance -	Vehicle	es							
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
South	: Robert C	veh/h	%	V/C	Sec		veh	m		per veh	km/h
1	L2	122	2.0	0.328	9.3	LOS A	2.3	16.1	0.32	0.50	54.5
2	T1	301	2.0	0.328	4.6	LOSA	2.3	16.1	0.32	0.50	54.5
3	R2	24	2.0	0.328	4.4	LOS A	2.3	16.1	0.32	0.50	53.3
Appro		447	2.0	0.328	5.9	LOS A	2.3	16.1	0.32	0.50	54.5
		++7	2.0	0.020	5.5	LOGA	2.0	10.1	0.02	0.50	54.5
East:	Cope										
4	L2	37	2.0	0.076	11.3	LOS B	0.4	2.9	0.57	0.67	52.9
5	T1	1	2.0	0.076	6.6	LOS A	0.4	2.9	0.57	0.67	52.9
6	R2	32	2.0	0.076	6.4	LOS A	0.4	2.9	0.57	0.67	51.7
Appro	ach	69	2.0	0.076	9.0	LOS A	0.4	2.9	0.57	0.67	52.4
North	: Robert G	arant									
7	L2	16	2.0	0.395	9.8	LOS A	2.7	19.2	0.43	0.51	54.8
8	T1	368	2.0	0.395	5.1	LOS A	2.7	19.2	0.43	0.51	54.9
9	R2	116	2.0	0.395	4.9	LOS A	2.7	19.2	0.43	0.51	53.5
Appro	ach	500	2.0	0.395	5.2	LOS A	2.7	19.2	0.43	0.51	54.5
West:	Cope										
10	L2	74	2.0	0.163	11.0	LOS B	0.9	6.6	0.57	0.68	53.2
11	T1	2	2.0	0.163	6.4	LOS A	0.9	6.6	0.57	0.68	53.3
12	R2	81	2.0	0.163	6.1	LOS A	0.9	6.6	0.57	0.68	52.1
Appro	ach	157	2.0	0.163	8.4	LOS A	0.9	6.6	0.57	0.68	52.6
All Ve	hicles	1174	2.0	0.395	6.1	LOS A	2.7	19.2	0.41	0.54	54.1

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [B2029 PM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ement Pe	erformance -	Vehicle	es							
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
Couth	· Dohort (veh/h Grant Avenue	%	v/c	Sec	_	veh	m		per veh	km/h
			0.0	0.000	0.0		1.0	10.7	0.01	0.40	540
1	L2	74	2.0	0.292	9.2	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.31	0.49	54.9
2	T1	192	0.0	0.292	4.6	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.31	0.49	55.0
3	R2	132	2.0	0.292	4.4	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.31	0.49	53.7
Appro	ach	397	1.0	0.292	5.4	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.31	0.49	54.6
East:	Abbott Str	eet East									
4	L2	201	2.0	0.260	9.1	LOS A	1.5	10.9	0.50	0.64	46.6
5	T1	60	2.0	0.260	4.5	LOS A	1.5	10.9	0.50	0.64	46.4
6	R2	21	0.0	0.260	4.5	LOS A	1.5	10.9	0.50	0.64	48.4
Appro	ach	282	1.9	0.260	7.8	LOS A	1.5	10.9	0.50	0.64	46.7
North	: RoadNar	me									
7	L2	21	0.0	0.297	10.7	LOS B	1.9	13.0	0.56	0.61	54.0
8	T1	268	0.0	0.297	6.1	LOS A	1.9	13.0	0.56	0.61	54.1
9	R2	21	0.0	0.297	5.8	LOS A	1.9	13.0	0.56	0.61	52.8
Appro	ach	311	0.0	0.297	6.4	LOS A	1.9	13.0	0.56	0.61	54.0
West:	Abbott St	reet E									
10	L2	21	0.0	0.200	10.2	LOS B	1.2	8.3	0.62	0.66	50.7
11	T1	51	2.0	0.200	5.7	LOS A	1.2	8.3	0.62	0.66	47.5
12	R2	113	2.0	0.200	5.7	LOS A	1.2	8.3	0.62	0.66	46.4
Appro	ach	184	1.8	0.200	6.2	LOS A	1.2	8.3	0.62	0.66	47.2
All Ve	hicles	1174	1.1	0.297	6.3	LOS A	1.9	13.7	0.47	0.58	51.1

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Appendix L Synchro and SIDRA Total Projected Analysis

FT 2022 AM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2: Fernbank & Roben Gra	•	-	-	×.	1	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 	1	1	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	46	323	204	249	362	41
Future Volume (vph)	46	323	204	249	362	41
Lane Group Flow (vph)	48	340	215	262	381	43
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6	r cim	4	r crim
Permitted Phases	5	2	0	6		4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase	5	2	U	0	-	-
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
	5.0 11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Minimum Split (s)	26.2					
Total Split (s)		83.4	57.2	57.2	36.0	36.0
Total Split (%)	21.9%	69.8%	47.9%	47.9%	30.2%	30.2%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead		Lag	Lag		
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	10.2	25.1	17.7	17.7	22.3	22.3
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.18	0.45	0.32	0.32	0.40	0.40
v/c Ratio	0.16	0.43	0.38	0.40	0.57	0.07
Control Delay	26.7	12.7	21.2	5.3	19.0	5.3
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	26.7	12.7	21.2	5.3	19.0	5.3
LOS	С	В	С	Α	В	А
Approach Delay		14.5	12.4		17.6	
Approach LOS		В	В		В	
Queue Length 50th (m)	4.6	21.2	19.3	0.0	32.6	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	15.2	47.7	44.0	15.7	67.4	5.4
Internal Link Dist (m)		137.3	306.8		567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0			115.0	95.0	
Base Capacity (vph)	735	1784	1561	1360	1059	964
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	ů 0	0 0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.07	0.19	0.14	0.19	0.36	0.04
	0.07	0.19	0.14	0.15	0.00	0.04
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 119.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 56.1						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinat	ted					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.57						
Intersection Signal Delay: 14.7				Int	ersection L	OS: B
Intersection Capacity Utilization 46.	7%				U Level of S	
Analysis Period (min) 15	170			10		

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

→ _{Ø2}		<i>₹</i> • Ø4	
83.4 s		36 s	
1 A 195	<u>.</u> Ø6		
26.2 s	57.2 s		

1.3

Stage 1

Stage 2

Mov Cap-1 Maneuver

Mov Cap-2 Maneuver

Stage 1

Stage 2

HCM Control Delay, s

Approach

HCM LOS

Platoon blocked, %

-

-

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EB

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1432

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WB

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882

949

767

767

882

946

NB

9.3

А

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902

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Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	1.1					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	÷.			- କୀ	- M	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	133	9	4	63	5	19
Future Vol, veh/h	133	9	4	63	5	19
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	140	9	4	66	5	20
Major/Minor	Major1		Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	149	0	219	145
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	145	-
Stage 2		-	-	-	74	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.12	-	6.42	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.218	-	3.518	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1432	-	769	902

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
	NDEITI		LDIT	WDL	WDI
Capacity (veh/h)	870	-	-	1432	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.029	-	-	0.003	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	9.3	-	-	7.5	0
HCM Lane LOS	А	-	-	Α	Α
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.1	-	-	0	-

Intersection Int Delay, s/yeh

Int Delay, s/veh	5.3											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		\$			÷			\$			\$	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	148	4	67	64	55	3	3	24	120	4	0
Future Vol, veh/h	0	148	4	67	64	55	3	3	24	120	4	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	-	None									
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	156	4	71	67	58	3	3	25	126	4	0

Major/Minor	Major1			Major2			Minor1			Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	125	0	0	160	0	0	398	425	158	410	398	96
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	158	158	-	238	238	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	240	267	-	172	160	-
Critical Hdwy	4.12	-	-	4.12	-	-	7.12	6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	-	-	2.218	-	-	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1462	-	-	1419	-	-	562	521	887	552	540	960
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	844	767	-	765	708	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	763	688	-	830	766	-
Platoon blocked, %		-	-		-	-						
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1462	-	-	1419	-	-	536	493	887	512	511	960
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	-	536	493	-	512	511	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	844	767	-	765	670	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	717	651	-	803	766	-
Approach	EB			WB			NB			SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	0			2.8			9.8			14.4		
HCM LOS							А			В		

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBLn1
Capacity (veh/h)	774	1462	-	-	1419	-	-	512
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.041	-	-	-	0.05	-	-	0.255
HCM Control Delay (s)	9.8	0	-	-	7.7	0	-	14.4
HCM Lane LOS	А	А	-	-	А	Α	-	В
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.1	0	-	-	0.2	-	-	1

Intersection Int Delay, s/veh 0 Movement EBT EBR WBL WBT NBL NBR ŧ ŧ Y Lane Configurations Traffic Vol, veh/h 291 0 186 0 0 0 Future Vol, veh/h 291 0 0 186 0 0 Conflicting Peds, #/hr 0 0 0 0 0 0 Sign Control Free Free Free Free Stop Stop RT Channelized -None -None -None Storage Length 0 ----Veh in Median Storage, # 0 -0 0 --Grade, % 0 0 0 . . . Peak Hour Factor 95 95 95 95 95 95 Heavy Vehicles, % 2 2 2 2 2 2 Mvmt Flow 306 0 0 0 196 0

Major/Minor	Major1	1	Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	-	-	-	502	306
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	306	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	196	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	-	-	6.42	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	-	-	3.518	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	0	0	-	529	734
Stage 1	-	0	0	-	747	-
Stage 2	-	0	0	-	837	-
Platoon blocked, %	-			-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	529	734
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	529	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	747	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	837	-
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s	0		0		0	
HCM LOS	0		•		A	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	1	NBLn1	EBT	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		-	-	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-	-	-		
HCM Control Delay (s)		0	-	-		
HCM Lane LOS		Α	-	-		

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HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	ň	•	•	1	5	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	36	271	447	374	291	42
Future Volume (vph)	36	271	447	374	291	42
Lane Group Flow (vph)	38	285	471	394	306	44
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6		4	
Permitted Phases		_	-	6		4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase			-	-		
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Split (s)	11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Total Split (s)	26.2	78.4	52.2	52.2	36.0	36.0
Total Split (%)	22.9%	68.5%	45.6%	45.6%	31.5%	31.5%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	31.3 %
All-Red Time (s)	4.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0 4.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0 Lead	4.0			4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag			Lag	Lag		
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes	Neze	Yes	Yes	Neze	News
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	10.7	36.5	29.4	29.4	21.6	21.6
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.16	0.54	0.44	0.44	0.32	0.32
v/c Ratio	0.14	0.30	0.61	0.45	0.56	0.09
Control Delay	36.2	9.0	20.8	3.6	27.8	8.3
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	36.2	9.0	20.8	3.6	27.8	8.3
LOS	D	Α	С	Α	С	Α
Approach Delay		12.2	13.0		25.4	
Approach LOS		В	В		С	
Queue Length 50th (m)	4.7	16.7	49.7	0.0	35.6	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	16.5	37.7	100.3	15.8	78.2	7.6
Internal Link Dist (m)		137.3	306.8		567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0			115.0	95.0	
Base Capacity (vph)	655	1644	1323	1227	944	864
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.06	0.17	0.36	0.32	0.32	0.05
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 114.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 67.5						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordina	ated					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.61						
				Int	tersection L	OS: B
Intersection Signal Delay: 15.7						
Intersection Signal Delay: 15.7 Intersection Capacity Utilization 55	5.3%			IC	U Level of S	Service B

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

→ _{Ø2}		≪ > Ø4
78.4 s		36 s
	<u>≁</u> Ø6	
26.2 s	52.2 s	

1.1

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	1.1					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	4	1		र्भ	Y	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	85	4	2	120	6	22
Future Vol, veh/h	85	4	2	120	6	22
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length		-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-		0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	89	4	2	126	6	23
	03	+	2	120	0	20
Major/Minor	Major1		Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	93	0	221	91
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	91	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	130	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.12	-	6.42	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.218	-	3.518	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1501	-	767	967
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	933	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	896	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-		-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1501	-	766	967
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	766	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	933	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	895	-
Ŭ						
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
	0		0.1		9.1	
HCM Control Delay, s	0		0.1			
HCM LOS					A	

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)	916	-	-	1501	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.032	-	-	0.001	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	9.1	-	-	7.4	0
HCM Lane LOS	А	-	-	Α	А
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.1	-	-	0	-

Intersection

Int Delay, s/veh	3											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		÷			\$			\$			¢	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	105	2	30	119	110	3	3	28	66	2	0
Future Vol, veh/h	0	105	2	30	119	110	3	3	28	66	2	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	-	None									
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	111	2	32	125	116	3	3	29	69	2	0

Major/Minor	Major1			Major2			Minor1			Minor2			
Conflicting Flow All	241	0	0	113	0	0	360	417	112	375	360	183	
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	112	112	-	247	247	-	
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	248	305	-	128	113	-	
Critical Hdwy	4.12	-	-	4.12	-	-	7.12	6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22	
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	-	-	2.218	-	-	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318	
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1326	-	-	1476	-	-	596	527	941	582	567	859	
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	893	803	-	757	702	-	
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	756	662	-	876	802	-	
Platoon blocked, %		-	-		-	-							
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1326	-	-	1476	-	-	583	514	941	551	553	859	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	-	583	514	-	551	553	-	
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	893	803	-	757	684	-	
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	735	645	-	845	802	-	
Approach	EB			WB			NB			SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	0			0.9			9.5			12.5			
HCM LOS							А			В			

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBLn1
Capacity (veh/h)	835	1326	-	-	1476	-	-	551
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.043	-	-	-	0.021	-	-	0.13
HCM Control Delay (s)	9.5	0	-	-	7.5	0	-	12.5
HCM Lane LOS	А	А	-	-	Α	Α	-	В
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.1	0	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.4

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	1			1	۰Y	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	199	0	0	259	0	0
Future Vol, veh/h	199	0	0	259	0	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	209	0	0	273	0	0

Major/Minor	Major1		Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	-	-	-	482	209
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	209	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	273	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	-	-	6.42	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	-	-	3.518	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	0	0	-	543	831
Stage 1	-	0	0	-	826	-
Stage 2	-	0	0	-	773	-
Platoon blocked, %	-			-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	543	831
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	543	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	826	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	773	-
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i						
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s	0		0		0	
HCM LOS					Α	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	N	NBLn1	EBT	WBT		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			EDI			
Capacity (veh/h) HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-	-	-		
		-	-	-		
HCM Control Delay (s)		0	-	-		

HCM Lane LOS

HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)

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2: Fernbank & Robert Gra	٦	-	+	×.	1	4				
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR				
Lane Configurations	<u> </u>		•••B1		<u>, 36</u>	<u>366</u>				
Traffic Volume (vph)	52	335	204	258	372	44				
Future Volume (vph)	52	335	204	258	372	44				
Lane Group Flow (vph)	55	353	204	238	392	44				
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm				
Protected Phases	5	2	6	i eiiii	4	i eiiii				
Permitted Phases	5	2	0	6	-	4				
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4				
Switch Phase	5	2	0	0	+	+				
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0				
Minimum Initial (s) Minimum Split (s)	5.0 11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0				
Total Split (s)	26.2	24.6 83.4	24.6 57.2	24.6 57.2	24.0 36.0	24.0 36.0				
Total Split (S) Total Split (%)	26.2 21.9%	83.4 69.8%	57.2 47.9%	57.2 47.9%	36.0 30.2%	36.0 30.2%				
1 ()										
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3				
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7				
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0				
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Lead/Lag	Lead		Lag	Lag						
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes						
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None				
Act Effct Green (s)	10.4	25.8	18.2	18.2	23.4	23.4				
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.18	0.45	0.31	0.31	0.40	0.40				
v/c Ratio	0.18	0.44	0.38	0.41	0.57	0.07				
Control Delay	27.5	13.3	21.7	5.3	19.4	5.3				
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Total Delay	27.5	13.3	21.7	5.3	19.4	5.3				
LOS	С	В	С	А	В	А				
Approach Delay		15.2	12.5		17.9					
Approach LOS		В	В		В					
Queue Length 50th (m)	5.4	23.4	20.2	0.0	34.2	0.0				
Queue Length 95th (m)	17.2	50.5	44.7	16.1	71.9	5.9				
Internal Link Dist (m)		137.3	306.8		567.1					
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0			115.0	95.0					
Base Capacity (vph)	709	1781	1538	1345	1023	933				
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.08	0.20	0.14	0.20	0.38	0.05				
Intersection Summary										
Cycle Length: 119.4										
Actuated Cycle Length: 57.9										
Natural Cycle: 60										
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordina	ated									
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.57										
Intersection Signal Delay: 15.1				Int	tersection L	S. B				
	0.0/									
Intersection Capacity Utilization 47	.3%	ICU Level of Service A								
Analysis Period (min) 15										

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

→ _{Ø2}		<i>*</i> ™ Ø4	
83.4 s		36 s	
	4 [∞] Ø6		
26.2 s	57.2 s		

1.3

FT 2024 AM 4: West Access & Cope

	-	+	1
Lane Group	EBT	WBT	NBL
Lane Configurations	4	<u>स</u>	Y
Traffic Volume (vph)	136	64	8
Future Volume (vph)	136	64	8
Lane Group Flow (vph)	159	74	37
Sign Control	Free	Free	Stop
Intersection Summary			
Control Type: Unsignalized			
Intersection Canacity Litilization 19.7%			

Intersection Capacity Utilization 19.7% Analysis Period (min) 15

ICU Level of Service A

Parsons

FT 2024 AM 5: Middle Access & Cope

	→	+	1	Ļ
Lane Group	EBT	WBT	NBT	SBT
Lane Configurations	\$	\$	\$	¢
Traffic Volume (vph)	157	67	4	7
Future Volume (vph)	157	67	4	7
Lane Group Flow (vph)	172	247	46	133
Sign Control	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
Intersection Summary				
Control Type: Unsignalized				

Intersection Capacity Utilization 47.0% Analysis Period (min) 15

ICU Level of Service A

	+	Ļ		
Lane Group	EBT	WBT		
Lane Configurations	↑	1		
Traffic Volume (vph)	314	234		
Future Volume (vph)	314	234		
Lane Group Flow (vph)	331	246		
Sign Control	Free	Free		
Intersection Summary				
Control Type: Unsignalized				
Intersection Capacity Utilization 20	0.8%		ICU Level of Service A	

Analysis Period (min) 15

FT 2024 PM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2: Fernbank & Robert Gra	<u>م</u>	-	+	×	6	1
	-	-			-	
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	<u> </u>	†	†	1	<u> </u>	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	38	281	447	377	303	46
Future Volume (vph)	38	281	447	377	303	46
Lane Group Flow (vph)	40	296	471	397	319	48
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6		4	
Permitted Phases				6		4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase						
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Split (s)	11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Total Split (s)	26.2	78.4	52.2	52.2	36.0	36.0
Total Split (%)	22.9%	68.5%	45.6%	45.6%	31.5%	31.5%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead		Lag	Lag		
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	10.8	36.8	29.7	29.7	22.1	22.1
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.16	0.54	0.43	0.43	0.32	0.32
v/c Ratio	0.15	0.31	0.61	0.45	0.58	0.09
Control Delay	36.4	9.3	21.1	3.7	28.3	8.1
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	36.4	9.3	21.1	3.7	28.3	8.1
LOS	D	А	С	А	С	А
Approach Delay		12.5	13.1		25.7	
Approach LOS		В	В		С	
Queue Length 50th (m)	5.0	18.0	50.9	0.0	37.9	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	17.3	39.1	100.5	15.9	82.4	8.0
Internal Link Dist (m)		137.3	306.8		567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0			115.0	95.0	
Base Capacity (vph)	647	1638	1314	1222	932	856
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0 0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.06	0.18	0.36	0.32	0.34	0.06
	0.00	50	5.00	5.02	2.0.	5.00
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 114.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 68.3						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordina	ated					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.61						
Intersection Signal Delay: 15.9				Int	tersection L	OS: B
				10		
Intersection Capacity Utilization 56	6.7%			IC	U Level of S	bervice B

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

→ _{Ø2}		<i>≪</i> ≻ ø4	
78.4 s		36 s	
	4 [▲] Ø6		
26.2 s	52.2 s		

1.1

Т

Platoon blocked, %

Mov Cap-1 Maneuver

Mov Cap-2 Maneuver

Stage 1

Stage 2

Approach HCM Control Delay, s

HCM LOS

-

-

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-

-

EB

0

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-

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- 1496

-

-

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WB

0.2

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758

758

930

890

NB

9.2

А

963

-

-

-

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	1.6					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	€Î,			् 4	Y	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	86	6	3	122	10	34
Future Vol, veh/h	86	6	3	122	10	34
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	91	6	3	128	11	36
Major/Minor	Major1		Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	97	0	228	94
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	94	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	134	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.12	-	6.42	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.218	-	3.518	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1496	-	760	963
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	930	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	892	-

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)	907	-	-	1496	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.051	-	-	0.002	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	9.2	-	-	7.4	0
HCM Lane LOS	А	-	-	Α	А
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.2	-	-	0	-

3.5

Intersection

nt	De	lay,	s/	veh	

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations		¢			\$			\$			¢		
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	117	3	43	120	110	5	5	44	66	3	0	
Future Vol, veh/h	0	117	3	43	120	110	5	5	44	66	3	0	
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	
RT Channelized	-	-	None										
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	0	123	3	45	126	116	5	5	46	69	3	0	

Major/Minor	Major1			Major2			Minor1			Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	242	0	0	126	0	0	401	457	125	424	400	184
Stage 1		-	-		-	-	125	125		274	274	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	276	332	-	150	126	-
Critical Hdwy	4.12	-	-	4.12	-	-	7.12	6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	-	-	2.218	-	-	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1324	-	-	1460	-	-	560	500	926	540	538	858
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	879	792	-	732	683	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	730	644	-	853	792	-
Platoon blocked, %		-	-		-	-						
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1324	-	-	1460	-	-	542	482	926	495	519	858
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	-	542	482	-	495	519	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	879	792	-	732	658	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	700	621	-	805	792	-
Approach	EB			WB			NB			SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	0			1.2			9.8			13.5		
HCM LOS							А			В		

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBLn1
Capacity (veh/h)	805	1324	-	-	1460	-	-	496
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.071	-	-	-	0.031	-	-	0.146
HCM Control Delay (s)	9.8	0	-	-	7.5	0	-	13.5
HCM Lane LOS	А	А	-	-	Α	А	-	В
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.2	0	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.5

Intersection Int Delay, s/veh 0 Movement EBT EBR WBL WBT NBL NBR Lane Configurations ŧ ŧ Y 227 Traffic Vol, veh/h 0 0 273 0 0 Future Vol, veh/h 227 0 0 273 0 0 Conflicting Peds, #/hr 0 0 0 0 0 0 Sign Control Free Free Free Free Stop Stop RT Channelized -None -None -None Storage Length 0 ----Veh in Median Storage, # 0 -0 0 --Grade, % 0 0 0 . . . Peak Hour Factor 95 95 95 95 95 95 Heavy Vehicles, % 2 2 2 2 2 2 Mvmt Flow 239 0 0 0 287 0

Major/Minor	Major1		Major2		Minor1	
	0	-	viajurz		526	239
Conflicting Flow All		-		-	526 239	
Stage 1	-	-	-	-		-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	287	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	-	-	6.42	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	-	-	3.518	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	0	0	-	512	800
Stage 1	-	0	0	-	801	-
Stage 2	-	0	0	-	762	-
Platoon blocked, %	-			-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	512	800
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	512	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	801	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	762	-
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i						
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s	0		0		0	
HCM LOS					Α	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	Ν	VBLn1	EBT	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		-	-	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-	-	-		
HCM Control Delay (s)		0	-	-		
HCM Lane LOS		Ă	-	-		
		~~				

HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)

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FT 2029 AM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2: Fernbank & Robert Gra	<u>بر</u>	-	+	×.	1	1
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•	1	<u> </u>	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	71	364	204	342	422	59
Future Volume (vph)	71	364	204	342	422	59
Lane Group Flow (vph)	71	383	215	360	444	62
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6	1 Cill	4	1 CIIII
Permitted Phases	5	2	0	6	4	4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase	5	2	0	0	+	+
	E 0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0			10.0	10.0	10.0
Minimum Split (s)	11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Total Split (s)	26.2	83.4	57.2	57.2	36.0	36.0
Total Split (%)	21.9%	69.8%	47.9%	47.9%	30.2%	30.2%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead		Lag	Lag		
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	11.0	29.5	18.0	18.0	29.4	29.4
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.16	0.44	0.27	0.27	0.44	0.44
v/c Ratio	0.27	0.49	0.45	0.54	0.60	0.09
Control Delay	30.8	15.6	26.4	6.2	20.8	4.8
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0 0.0
Total Delay	30.8	15.6	26.4	6.2	20.8	4.8
LOS	30.8 C	15.6 B	20.4 C	6.2 A	20.8 C	4.0 A
	U	В 18.1	13.7	A	18.8	А
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS		В	В		В	
Queue Length 50th (m)	8.8	33.3	24.3	0.0	43.0	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	21.8	55.1	45.9	18.3	87.7	6.9
Internal Link Dist (m)		137.3	306.8		567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0			115.0	95.0	
Base Capacity (vph)	584	1773	1410	1274	842	785
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.13	0.22	0.15	0.28	0.53	0.08
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 119.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 67.2						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordina	ited					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.60	licu					
Intersection Signal Delay: 16.7				اسرا	tersection L	
· ·	C 0/					
Intersection Capacity Utilization 51.	6%			IC	U Level of S	Service A
Analysis Period (min) 15						

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

→ _{Ø2}		<i>₹</i> • Ø4	
83.4 s		36 s	
	4 [∞] Ø6		
26.2 s	57.2 s		

1.3

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	1.9					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	4Î			ا	Y	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	139	21	10	65	11	37
Future Vol, veh/h	139	21	10	65	11	37
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	146	22	11	68	12	39

Major1		Major2		Minor1	
0	0	168	0	247	157
-	-	-	-	157	-
-	-	-	-	90	-
-	-	4.12	-	6.42	6.22
-	-	-	-	5.42	-
-	-	-	-	5.42	-
-	-	2.218	-	3.518	3.318
-	-	1410	-	741	889
-	-	-	-	871	-
-	-	-	-	934	-
-	-		-		
-	-	1410	-	735	889
-	-	-	-	735	-
-	-	-	-	871	-
-	-	-	-	927	-
FB		WB		NB	
		1			
0					
				~	
					WDT
	0 	0 0 	0 0 168 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 1410 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <tr tr=""> - -</tr>	0 0 168 0 - - - - - - 4.12 - - - 4.12 - - - - - - - - - - - 2.218 - - - 1410 - - - - - - - 1410 - - - 1410 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <	0 0 168 0 247 - - - 157 - - - 157 - - - 157 - - - 157 - - - 90 - - 4.12 - 6.42 - - - 5.42 - - - 5.42 - - 2.218 - 3.518 - - 1410 - 741 - - - 871 - - - 934 - - - 735 - - - 735 - - - 927 EB WB NB 0 1 9.5 A - - A

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)	848	-	-	1410	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.06	-	-	0.007	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	9.5	-	-	7.6	0
HCM Lane LOS	А	-	-	А	А
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.2	-	-	0	-

Intersection Int Delay, s/veh

Int Delay, s/veh	7.6											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		\$			\$			\$			¢	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	166	10	154	70	55	5	5	48	120	10	0
Future Vol, veh/h	0	166	10	154	70	55	5	5	48	120	10	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	-	None									
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	175	11	162	74	58	5	5	51	126	11	0

Major/Minor	Major1			Major2			Minor1			Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	132	0	0	186	0	0	614	637	181	636	613	103
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	181	181	-	427	427	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	433	456	-	209	186	-
Critical Hdwy	4.12	-	-	4.12	-	-	7.12	6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	-	-	2.218	-	-	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1453	-	-	1388	-	-	404	395	862	391	408	952
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	821	750	-	606	585	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	601	568	-	793	746	-
Platoon blocked, %		-	-		-	-						
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1453	-	-	1388	-	-	357	345	862	328	356	952
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	-	357	345	-	328	356	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	821	750	-	606	511	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	514	496	-	741	746	-
Approach	EB			WB			NB			SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	0			4.4			10.7			23.4		
HCM LOS							В			С		

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBLn1
Capacity (veh/h)	689	1453	-	-	1388	-	-	330
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.089	-	-	-	0.117	-	-	0.415
HCM Control Delay (s)	10.7	0	-	-	7.9	0	-	23.4
HCM Lane LOS	В	А	-	-	Α	Α	-	С
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.3	0	-	-	0.4	-	-	2

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	1			1	Y	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	335	0	0	279	0	0
Future Vol, veh/h	335	0	0	279	0	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	353	0	0	294	0	0

Major/Minor	Major1	N	Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	-	-	-	647	353
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	353	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	294	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	-	-	6.42	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	-	-	3.518	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	0	0	-	436	691
Stage 1	-	0	0	-	711	-
Stage 2	-	0	0	-	756	-
Platoon blocked, %	-			-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	436	691
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	436	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	711	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	756	-
		_	_			
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s	0		0		0	
HCM LOS					Α	
			EDT	WDT		
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	N	IBLn1	EBT	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		-	-	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-	-	-		
HCM Control Delay (s)		0	-	-		

HCM Lane LOS

HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)

А

-

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FT 2029 PM 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

2. Fembank & Robert Gra	٦	+	Ļ	•	*	~
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	5	•	•	1	٦	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	47	305	447	464	357	61
Future Volume (vph)	47	305	447	464	357	61
Lane Group Flow (vph)	49	321	471	488	376	64
Turn Type	Prot	NA	NA	Perm	Prot	Perm
Protected Phases	5	2	6	1 0111	4	1 0111
Permitted Phases	- V	-	Ū	6		4
Detector Phase	5	2	6	6	4	4
Switch Phase		2	0	0	Ŧ	
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
()	11.2	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.0	24.0
Minimum Split (s)			24.6 52.2	24.6 52.2	24.0 36.0	24.0 36.0
Total Split (s)	26.2	78.4	-	-		
Total Split (%)	22.9%	68.5%	45.6% 4.6	45.6% 4.6	31.5%	31.5%
Yellow Time (s)	4.6	4.6		-	3.3	3.3
All-Red Time (s)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.7
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lead/Lag	Lead		Lag	Lag		
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes		Yes	Yes		
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None
Act Effct Green (s)	11.1	39.5	31.9	31.9	25.8	25.8
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.15	0.53	0.43	0.43	0.35	0.35
v/c Ratio	0.20	0.34	0.62	0.53	0.64	0.11
Control Delay	38.5	10.7	23.0	4.0	30.5	7.3
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	38.5	10.7	23.0	4.0	30.5	7.3
LOS	D	В	С	А	С	А
Approach Delay		14.3	13.4		27.2	
Approach LOS		В	В		С	
Queue Length 50th (m)	6.8	23.4	57.4	0.0	49.1	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	20.0	42.4	101.8	17.3	102.7	9.3
Internal Link Dist (m)		137.3	306.8		567.1	
Turn Bay Length (m)	100.0	. 57.10	0000	115.0	95.0	
Base Capacity (vph)	578	1581	1230	1198	833	778
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.08	0.20	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.08
Intersection Summary						
Cycle Length: 114.4						
Actuated Cycle Length: 74.5						
Natural Cycle: 60						
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordina	ated					
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.64						
				Int	tersection L	OS: B
Intersection Signal Delay: 17.0						
Intersection Signal Delay: 17.0 Intersection Capacity Utilization 59	.9%			IC	U Level of S	Service B

Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank & Robert Grant

→ _{Ø2}		<i>≪</i> ≻ ø4	
78.4 s		36 s	
	4 [▲] Ø6		
26.2 s	52.2 s		

1.1

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	2.1					
Int Delay, S/Ven	2.1					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	₽			- କୀ	Y	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	87	7	4	124	13	47
Future Vol, veh/h	87	7	4	124	13	47
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	92	7	4	131	14	49
Major/Minor	Major1		Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	99	0	235	96
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	96	-
Stage 2			-		139	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.12	-	6.42	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.218	-	3.518	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1494	-	753	960
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	928	
Stage 2			-		888	-

Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-	
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-	
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.218	-	3.518	3.318	
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1494	-	753	960	
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	928	-	
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	888	-	
Platoon blocked, %	-	-		-			
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1494	-	751	960	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	751	-	
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	928	-	
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	885	-	
Approach	EB		WB		NB		
HCM Control Delay, s	0		0.2		9.3		
HCM LOS			,		A		
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	
Capacity (veh/h)		905		-	1494	-	

Capacity (veh/h)	905	-	-	1494	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.07	-	-	0.003	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	9.3	-	-	7.4	0
HCM Lane LOS	А	-	-	А	А
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.2	-	-	0	-

Intersection

Int Delay, s/veh	3.9											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		\$			\$			\$			¢	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	130	4	55	121	110	7	7	60	66	4	0
Future Vol, veh/h	0	130	4	55	121	110	7	7	60	66	4	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	-	None									
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	137	4	58	127	116	7	7	63	69	4	0

Major/Minor	Major1			Major2			Minor1			Minor2			
Conflicting Flow All	243	0	0	141	0	0	442	498	139	475	442	185	
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	139	-	301	301	-	
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	303	359	-	174	141	-	
Critical Hdwy	4.12	-	-	4.12	-	-	7.12	6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22	
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	-	-	2.218	-	-	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318	
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1323	-	-	1442	-	-	526	474	909	500	510	857	
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	864	782	-	708	665	-	
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	706	627	-	828	780	-	
Platoon blocked, %		-	-		-	-							
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1323	-	-	1442	-	-	504	452	909	443	486	857	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	-	504	452	-	443	486	-	
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	864	782	-	708	634	-	
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	668	598	-	763	780	-	
Approach	EB			WB			NB			SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	0			1.5			10.2			14.7			
HCM LOS							В			В			

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBLn1
Capacity (veh/h)	776	1323	-	-	1442	-	-	445
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.1	-	-	-	0.04	-	-	0.166
HCM Control Delay (s)	10.2	0	-	-	7.6	0	-	14.7
HCM Lane LOS	В	А	-	-	Α	А	-	В
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.3	0	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.6

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	1			1	Y	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	255	0	0	285	0	0
Future Vol, veh/h	255	0	0	285	0	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	95	95	95	95	95	95
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	268	0	0	300	0	0

Major/Minor	Major1		Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	-	-	-	568	268
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	268	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	300	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	-	-	6.42	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	-	-	3.518	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	0	0	-	484	771
Stage 1	-	0	0	-	777	-
Stage 2	-	0	0	-	752	-
Platoon blocked, %	-			-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	484	771
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	484	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	777	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	752	-
A	FD				ND	
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s	0		0		0	
HCM LOS					A	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBLn1	EBT	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		-	LDI	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-	-	-		
HCM Control Delay (s)		0	-	-		
How Control Delay (S)		0	-	-		

HCM Lane LOS

HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)

А

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Site: [F2022 AM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ement Pe	erformance -	Vehicle	s							
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
South	: Robert G	veh/h	%	V/C	sec		veh	m		per veh	km/h
	L2	86	0.0	0.015	0.0	LOS A	2.1	147	0.44	0.55	54.1
1			2.0	0.315	9.8			14.7	0.44	0.55	-
2	T1	266	2.0	0.315	5.2	LOS A	2.1	14.7	0.44	0.55	54.2
3	R2	27	2.0	0.315	4.9	LOS A	2.1	14.7	0.44	0.55	52.9
Appro	ach	380	2.0	0.315	6.2	LOS A	2.1	14.7	0.44	0.55	54.1
East:	Cope										
4	L2	22	2.0	0.068	11.3	LOS B	0.4	2.6	0.58	0.65	53.3
5	T1	14	2.0	0.068	6.6	LOS A	0.4	2.6	0.58	0.65	53.4
6	R2	26	2.0	0.068	6.4	LOS A	0.4	2.6	0.58	0.65	52.1
Appro	ach	62	2.0	0.068	8.2	LOS A	0.4	2.6	0.58	0.65	52.8
North:	: Robert G	Grant									
7	L2	20	2.0	0.292	9.4	LOS A	1.8	13.1	0.34	0.48	55.1
8	T1	265	2.0	0.292	4.8	LOS A	1.8	13.1	0.34	0.48	55.2
9	R2	96	2.0	0.292	4.6	LOS A	1.8	13.1	0.34	0.48	53.8
Appro	ach	381	2.0	0.292	5.0	LOS A	1.8	13.1	0.34	0.48	54.8
West:	Соре										
10	L2	148	2.0	0.289	10.6	LOS B	1.8	12.5	0.53	0.67	53.4
11	T1	12	2.0	0.289	5.9	LOS A	1.8	12.5	0.53	0.67	53.4
12	R2	146	2.0	0.289	5.7	LOS A	1.8	12.5	0.53	0.67	52.2
Appro	ach	306	2.0	0.289	8.1	LOS A	1.8	12.5	0.53	0.67	52.8
All Ve	hicles	1129	2.0	0.315	6.4	LOS A	2.1	14.7	0.44	0.56	53.9

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2022 AM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ment Per	formance -	Vehicle	s							
Mov ID	OD Mov	Demand I Total veh/h	Flows HV %	Deg. Satn v/c	Average Delay sec	Level of Service	95% Back o Vehicles veh	of Queue Distance m	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop Rate per veh	Average Speed km/h
South	: Robert G	rant Avenue									
1	L2	309	2.0	0.342	8.9	LOS A	2.4	16.9	0.13	0.56	54.3
3	R2	235	2.0	0.342	4.0	LOS A	2.4	16.9	0.13	0.56	53.1
Appro	ach	544	2.0	0.342	6.8	LOS A	2.4	16.9	0.13	0.56	53.8
East: /	Abbott Stre	et East									
4	L2	106	2.0	0.152	8.9	LOS A	0.8	5.7	0.46	0.61	46.5
5	T1	57	2.0	0.152	4.4	LOS A	0.8	5.7	0.46	0.61	46.3
Appro	ach	163	2.0	0.152	7.3	LOS A	0.8	5.7	0.46	0.61	46.4
West:	Abbott Stre	eet E									
11	T1	22	2.0	0.155	3.3	LOS A	0.9	6.3	0.29	0.42	48.5
12	R2	176	2.0	0.155	3.4	LOS A	0.9	6.3	0.29	0.42	47.3
Appro	ach	198	2.0	0.155	3.4	LOS A	0.9	6.3	0.29	0.42	47.5
All Vel	nicles	905	2.0	0.342	6.1	LOS A	2.4	16.9	0.23	0.54	50.8

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2022 PM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ement Pe	rformance -	Vehicle	es							
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
South	: Robert G	veh/h	%	V/C	sec	_	veh	m	_	per veh	km/h
1	L2	133	2.0	0.317	9.5	LOS A	2.1	15.1	0.37	0.53	54.1
2	T1	253	2.0	0.317	4.8	LOSA	2.1	15.1	0.37	0.53	54.2
3	R2	24	2.0	0.317	4.6	LOSA	2.1	15.1	0.37	0.53	52.9
Appro		409	2.0	0.317	6.3	LOSA	2.1	15.1	0.37	0.53	54.1
				0.017	0.0	20071			0.07	0.00	• …
East:	•										
4	L2	37	2.0	0.082	11.2	LOS B	0.4	3.2	0.57	0.67	53.0
5	T1	7	2.0	0.082	6.6	LOS A	0.4	3.2	0.57	0.67	53.1
6	R2	32	2.0	0.082	6.4	LOS A	0.4	3.2	0.57	0.67	51.9
Appro	ach	76	2.0	0.082	8.7	LOS A	0.4	3.2	0.57	0.67	52.5
North	: Robert G	irant									
7	L2	16	2.0	0.362	9.8	LOS A	2.4	17.1	0.44	0.52	54.8
8	T1	298	2.0	0.362	5.2	LOS A	2.4	17.1	0.44	0.52	54.8
9	R2	133	2.0	0.362	5.0	LOS A	2.4	17.1	0.44	0.52	53.5
Appro	ach	446	2.0	0.362	5.3	LOS A	2.4	17.1	0.44	0.52	54.4
West:	Cope										
10	L2	100	2.0	0.206	10.7	LOS B	1.2	8.5	0.54	0.67	53.4
11	T1	12	2.0	0.206	6.0	LOS A	1.2	8.5	0.54	0.67	53.4
12	R2	98	2.0	0.206	5.8	LOS A	1.2	8.5	0.54	0.67	52.2
Appro	ach	209	2.0	0.206	8.1	LOS A	1.2	8.5	0.54	0.67	52.8
All Ve	hicles	1141	2.0	0.362	6.4	LOS A	2.4	17.1	0.44	0.56	53.9

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2022 PM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ment Per	formance -	Vehicle	s							
Mov ID	OD Mov	Demand Total veh/h	Flows HV %	Deg. Satn v/c	Average Delay sec	Level of Service	95% Back o Vehicles veh	of Queue Distance m	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop Rate per veh	Average Speed km/r
South	: Robert Gi	rant Avenue									
1	L2	220	2.0	0.254	9.0	LOS A	1.7	11.8	0.21	0.56	53.9
3	R2	148	2.0	0.254	4.1	LOS A	1.7	11.8	0.21	0.56	52.7
Appro	ach	368	2.0	0.254	7.0	LOS A	1.7	11.8	0.21	0.56	53.5
East: /	Abbott Stre	et East									
4	L2	212	2.0	0.236	8.5	LOS A	1.4	9.6	0.43	0.61	46.3
5	T1	60	2.0	0.236	4.0	LOS A	1.4	9.6	0.43	0.61	46.1
Appro	ach	272	2.0	0.236	7.5	LOS A	1.4	9.6	0.43	0.61	46.3
West:	Abbott Stre	eet E									
11	T1	51	2.0	0.311	4.0	LOS A	2.0	14.2	0.47	0.51	48.0
12	R2	311	2.0	0.311	4.1	LOS A	2.0	14.2	0.47	0.51	46.9
Appro	ach	361	2.0	0.311	4.1	LOS A	2.0	14.2	0.47	0.51	47.0
All Vel	hicles	1001	2.0	0.311	6.1	LOS A	2.0	14.2	0.36	0.56	49.0

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2024 AM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ement Pe	rformance -	Vehicle	es							
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
South	: Robert G	veh/h	%	V/C	sec		veh	m		per veh	km/h
1	L2	102	2.0	0.342	9.9	LOS A	2.3	16.4	0.47	0.57	53.9
	T1	-							-		
2		276	2.0	0.342	5.3	LOS A	2.3	16.4	0.47	0.57	54.0
3	R2	27	2.0	0.342	5.1	LOS A	2.3	16.4	0.47	0.57	52.7
Appro	ach	405	2.0	0.342	6.4	LOS A	2.3	16.4	0.47	0.57	53.9
East:	Cope										
4	L2	22	2.0	0.081	11.5	LOS B	0.5	3.2	0.60	0.66	53.2
5	T1	23	2.0	0.081	6.9	LOS A	0.5	3.2	0.60	0.66	53.3
6	R2	26	2.0	0.081	6.7	LOS A	0.5	3.2	0.60	0.66	52.1
Appro	ach	72	2.0	0.081	8.3	LOS A	0.5	3.2	0.60	0.66	52.8
North	: Robert G	irant									
7	L2	20	2.0	0.325	9.6	LOS A	2.1	15.0	0.39	0.50	54.9
8	T1	271	2.0	0.325	5.0	LOS A	2.1	15.0	0.39	0.50	55.0
9	R2	121	2.0	0.325	4.7	LOS A	2.1	15.0	0.39	0.50	53.7
Appro	ach	412	2.0	0.325	5.1	LOS A	2.1	15.0	0.39	0.50	54.6
West:	Cope										
10	L2	160	2.0	0.313	10.6	LOS B	2.0	14.0	0.55	0.67	53.3
11	T1	16	2.0	0.313	6.0	LOS A	2.0	14.0	0.55	0.67	53.4
12	R2	154	2.0	0.313	5.8	LOS A	2.0	14.0	0.55	0.67	52.1
Appro	ach	329	2.0	0.313	8.2	LOS A	2.0	14.0	0.55	0.67	52.7
All Ve	hicles	1218	2.0	0.342	6.6	LOS A	2.3	16.4	0.47	0.58	53.7

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2024 AM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ment Per	formance -	Vehicle	s							
Mov ID	OD Mov	Demand I Total veh/h	Flows HV %	Deg. Satn v/c	Average Delay sec	Level of Service	95% Back o Vehicles veh	of Queue Distance m	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop Rate per veh	Average Speed km/r
South	: Robert G	rant Avenue									
1	L2	314	2.0	0.352	8.9	LOS A	2.5	17.8	0.14	0.56	54.3
3	R2	246	2.0	0.352	4.0	LOS A	2.5	17.8	0.14	0.56	53.1
Appro	ach	560	2.0	0.352	6.7	LOS A	2.5	17.8	0.14	0.56	53.8
East: /	Abbott Stre	et East									
4	L2	122	2.0	0.167	8.9	LOS A	0.9	6.4	0.47	0.62	46.4
5	T1	57	2.0	0.167	4.4	LOS A	0.9	6.4	0.47	0.62	46.2
Appro	ach	179	2.0	0.167	7.5	LOS A	0.9	6.4	0.47	0.62	46.4
West:	Abbott Stre	eet E									
11	T1	22	2.0	0.165	3.4	LOS A	1.0	6.8	0.32	0.43	48.4
12	R2	185	2.0	0.165	3.4	LOS A	1.0	6.8	0.32	0.43	47.3
Appro	ach	207	2.0	0.165	3.4	LOS A	1.0	6.8	0.32	0.43	47.4
All Vel	nicles	946	2.0	0.352	6.2	LOS A	2.5	17.8	0.24	0.54	50.7

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2024 PM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ement Pe	erformance -	Vehicle	s							
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
South	: Robert G	veh/h Grant	%	V/C	sec	_	veh	m	_	per veh	km/h
1	L2	137	2.0	0.334	9.6	LOS A	2.3	16.2	0.41	0.55	54.0
2	 T1	259	2.0	0.334	5.0	LOS A	2.3	16.2	0.41	0.55	54.0
3	R2	24	2.0	0.334	4.8	LOS A	2.3	16.2	0.41	0.55	52.8
Appro	ach	420	2.0	0.334	6.5	LOS A	2.3	16.2	0.41	0.55	53.9
East:	Cope										
4	L2	37	2.0	0.087	11.4	LOS B	0.5	3.4	0.59	0.68	52.9
5	T1	11	2.0	0.087	6.8	LOS A	0.5	3.4	0.59	0.68	53.0
6	R2	32	2.0	0.087	6.5	LOS A	0.5	3.4	0.59	0.68	51.8
Appro	ach	79	2.0	0.087	8.8	LOS A	0.5	3.4	0.59	0.68	52.5
North	: Robert G	irant									
7	L2	16	2.0	0.378	9.9	LOS A	2.6	18.2	0.45	0.53	54.7
8	T1	306	2.0	0.378	5.3	LOS A	2.6	18.2	0.45	0.53	54.8
9	R2	140	2.0	0.378	5.0	LOS A	2.6	18.2	0.45	0.53	53.5
Appro	ach	462	2.0	0.378	5.4	LOS A	2.6	18.2	0.45	0.53	54.4
West:	Cope										
10	L2	115	2.0	0.237	10.8	LOS B	1.4	10.1	0.56	0.68	53.3
11	T1	18	2.0	0.237	6.1	LOS A	1.4	10.1	0.56	0.68	53.3
12	R2	107	2.0	0.237	5.9	LOS A	1.4	10.1	0.56	0.68	52.1
Appro	ach	240	2.0	0.237	8.3	LOS A	1.4	10.1	0.56	0.68	52.7
All Ve	hicles	1201	2.0	0.378	6.6	LOS A	2.6	18.2	0.47	0.57	53.8

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2024 PM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles												
Mov ID	OD Mov	Demand Total veh/h	Flows HV %	Deg. Satn v/c	Average Delay sec	Level of Service	95% Back o Vehicles veh	of Queue Distance m	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop Rate per veh	Average Speed km/h	
South	South: Robert Grant Avenue											
1	L2	226	2.0	0.265	9.0	LOS A	1.7	12.4	0.21	0.56	54.0	
3	R2	159	2.0	0.265	4.1	LOS A	1.7	12.4	0.21	0.56	52.8	
Appro	ach	385	2.0	0.265	7.0	LOS A	1.7	12.4	0.21	0.56	53.5	
East: /	East: Abbott Street East											
4	L2	216	2.0	0.241	8.6	LOS A	1.4	9.9	0.44	0.61	46.3	
5	T1	60	2.0	0.241	4.1	LOS A	1.4	9.9	0.44	0.61	46.1	
Appro	ach	276	2.0	0.241	7.6	LOS A	1.4	9.9	0.44	0.61	46.2	
West:	Abbott Stre	eet E										
11	T1	51	2.0	0.315	4.1	LOS A	2.0	14.5	0.48	0.52	48.0	
12	R2	314	2.0	0.315	4.1	LOS A	2.0	14.5	0.48	0.52	46.8	
Appro	ach	364	2.0	0.315	4.1	LOS A	2.0	14.5	0.48	0.52	47.0	
All Vel	hicles	1025	2.0	0.315	6.1	LOS A	2.0	14.5	0.37	0.56	49.0	

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2029 AM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles												
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average	
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed	
South	: Robert G	veh/h Grant	%	V/C	sec	_	veh	m	_	per veh	km/h	
1	L2	117	2.0	0.405	10.0	LOS A	2.9	21.0	0.50	0.57	53.8	
2	T1	341	2.0	0.405	5.4	LOS A	2.9	21.0	0.50	0.57	53.9	
3	R2	27	2.0	0.405	5.1	LOS A	2.9	21.0	0.50	0.57	52.6	
Appro	ach	485	2.0	0.405	6.5	LOS A	2.9	21.0	0.50	0.57	53.8	
East:	Cope											
4	L2	22	2.0	0.100	12.3	LOS B	0.6	4.1	0.67	0.70	52.9	
5	T1	33	2.0	0.100	7.6	LOS A	0.6	4.1	0.67	0.70	52.9	
6	R2	26	2.0	0.100	7.4	LOS A	0.6	4.1	0.67	0.70	51.7	
Appro	ach	81	2.0	0.100	8.8	LOS A	0.6	4.1	0.67	0.70	52.5	
North	: Robert G	rant										
7	L2	20	2.0	0.381	9.8	LOS A	2.6	18.6	0.44	0.52	54.7	
8	T1	308	2.0	0.381	5.2	LOS A	2.6	18.6	0.44	0.52	54.8	
9	R2	144	2.0	0.381	5.0	LOS A	2.6	18.6	0.44	0.52	53.5	
Appro	ach	473	2.0	0.381	5.3	LOS A	2.6	18.6	0.44	0.52	54.4	
West:	Cope											
10	L2	172	2.0	0.330	10.9	LOS B	2.1	15.1	0.59	0.70	53.1	
11	T1	3	2.0	0.330	6.3	LOS A	2.1	15.1	0.59	0.70	53.2	
12	R2	161	2.0	0.330	6.1	LOS A	2.1	15.1	0.59	0.70	51.9	
Appro	ach	336	2.0	0.330	8.5	LOS A	2.1	15.1	0.59	0.70	52.5	
All Ve	hicles	1375	2.0	0.405	6.7	LOS A	2.9	21.0	0.51	0.59	53.6	

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2029 AM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles											
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn v/c	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
South: Robert Grant Avenue		V/C	sec	_	veh	m	_	per veh	km/h		
1	L2	134	2.0	0.438	9.1	LOS A	3.4	23.9	0.28	0.48	55.0
2	T1	258	0.0	0.438	4.5	LOS A	3.4	23.9	0.28	0.48	55.1
3	R2	252	2.0	0.438	4.3	LOS A	3.4	23.9	0.28	0.48	53.7
Appro	ach	643	1.2	0.438	5.4	LOS A	3.4	23.9	0.28	0.48	54.5
East:	Abbott Str	eet East									
4	L2	137	2.0	0.218	9.8	LOS A	1.3	8.9	0.57	0.68	46.6
5	T1	57	2.0	0.218	5.2	LOS A	1.3	8.9	0.57	0.68	46.4
6	R2	21	0.0	0.218	5.2	LOS A	1.3	8.9	0.57	0.68	48.4
Appro	ach	215	1.8	0.218	8.1	LOS A	1.3	8.9	0.57	0.68	46.7
North	RoadNar	ne									
7	L2	21	0.0	0.176	10.4	LOS B	1.0	7.0	0.50	0.58	54.2
8	T1	144	0.0	0.176	5.8	LOS A	1.0	7.0	0.50	0.58	54.2
9	R2	21	0.0	0.176	5.6	LOS A	1.0	7.0	0.50	0.58	53.0
Appro	ach	186	0.0	0.176	6.3	LOS A	1.0	7.0	0.50	0.58	54.1
West:	Abbott St	reet E									
10	L2	21	0.0	0.126	9.0	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.46	0.55	51.5
11	T1	22	2.0	0.126	4.5	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.46	0.55	48.2
12	R2	92	2.0	0.126	4.5	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.46	0.55	47.1
Appro	ach	135	1.7	0.126	5.2	LOS A	0.7	4.8	0.46	0.55	47.9
All Ve	hicles	1179	1.2	0.438	6.0	LOS A	3.4	23.9	0.39	0.54	52.0

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2029 PM - Cope/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Movement Performance - Vehicles												
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average	
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed	
South	: Robert C	veh/h	%	V/C	Sec		veh	m		per veh	km/h	
1	L2	141	2.0	0.379	9.8	LOS A	2.7	19.4	0.46	0.56	53.8	
								-				
2	T1	301	2.0	0.379	5.2	LOS A	2.7	19.4	0.46	0.56	53.9	
3	R2	24	2.0	0.379	4.9	LOS A	2.7	19.4	0.46	0.56	52.6	
Appro	ach	466	2.0	0.379	6.5	LOS A	2.7	19.4	0.46	0.56	53.8	
East:	Cope											
4	L2	37	2.0	0.095	11.8	LOS B	0.5	3.8	0.63	0.70	52.6	
5	T1	13	2.0	0.095	7.2	LOS A	0.5	3.8	0.63	0.70	52.7	
6	R2	32	2.0	0.095	7.0	LOS A	0.5	3.8	0.63	0.70	51.5	
Appro	ach	81	2.0	0.095	9.2	LOS A	0.5	3.8	0.63	0.70	52.2	
North:	Robert G	Grant										
7	L2	16	2.0	0.435	10.0	LOS B	3.1	22.4	0.49	0.54	54.5	
8	T1	368	2.0	0.435	5.4	LOS A	3.1	22.4	0.49	0.54	54.6	
9	R2	146	2.0	0.435	5.2	LOS A	3.1	22.4	0.49	0.54	53.3	
Appro	ach	531	2.0	0.435	5.5	LOS A	3.1	22.4	0.49	0.54	54.2	
West:	Cope											
10	L2	129	2.0	0.281	11.2	LOS B	1.8	12.5	0.62	0.72	53.0	
11	T1	23	2.0	0.281	6.6	LOS A	1.8	12.5	0.62	0.72	53.0	
12	R2	116	2.0	0.281	6.4	LOS A	1.8	12.5	0.62	0.72	51.8	
Appro	ach	268	2.0	0.281	8.8	LOS A	1.8	12.5	0.62	0.72	52.5	
All Ve	hicles	1346	2.0	0.435	6.7	LOS A	3.1	22.4	0.52	0.59	53.6	

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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Site: [F2029 PM - Abbott/Robert Grant]

Roundabout

Move	ement Pe	erformance -	Vehicle	es							
Mov	OD	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.	Effective	Average
ID	Mov	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service	Vehicles	Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	Speed
South	· Robert (veh/h Grant Avenue	%	V/C	Sec		veh	m		per veh	km/h
1	L2	95	2.0	0.331	9.3	LOS A	2.3	16.3	0.32	0.50	54.8
2	T1	192	0.0	0.331	4.6	LOSA	2.3	16.3	0.32	0.50	54.9
3	R2	166	2.0	0.331	4.4	LOSA	2.3	16.3	0.32	0.50	53.6
Appro		453	1.2	0.331	5.5	LOSA	2.3	16.3	0.32	0.50	54.4
Аррго	ach	400	1.2	0.551	5.5	LUGA	2.0	10.5	0.52	0.50	54.4
East:	Abbott Str	eet East									
4	L2	220	2.0	0.282	9.2	LOS A	1.7	12.1	0.53	0.66	46.4
5	T1	60	2.0	0.282	4.7	LOS A	1.7	12.1	0.53	0.66	46.3
6	R2	21	0.0	0.282	4.7	LOS A	1.7	12.1	0.53	0.66	48.2
Appro	ach	301	1.9	0.282	8.0	LOS A	1.7	12.1	0.53	0.66	46.5
North	: RoadNar	me									
7	L2	21	0.0	0.307	11.0	LOS B	1.9	13.5	0.59	0.64	53.9
8	T1	268	0.0	0.307	6.3	LOS A	1.9	13.5	0.59	0.64	53.9
9	R2	21	0.0	0.307	6.1	LOS A	1.9	13.5	0.59	0.64	52.7
Appro	ach	311	0.0	0.307	6.6	LOS A	1.9	13.5	0.59	0.64	53.8
West:	Abbott St	reet E									
10	L2	21	0.0	0.217	10.3	LOS B	1.3	9.1	0.63	0.67	50.6
11	T1	51	2.0	0.217	5.9	LOS A	1.3	9.1	0.63	0.67	47.4
12	R2	124	2.0	0.217	5.9	LOS A	1.3	9.1	0.63	0.67	46.3
Appro	ach	196	1.8	0.217	6.4	LOS A	1.3	9.1	0.63	0.67	47.1
All Ve	hicles	1260	1.1	0.331	6.5	LOS A	2.3	16.3	0.49	0.60	51.0

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: SIDRA Roundabout LOS.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay per movement.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: SIDRA Standard.

SIDRA Standard Delay Model is used. Control Delay includes Geometric Delay.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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