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Mattino Developments Inc. Block 21, Mattino Way

Servicing Design Brief



SERVICING DESIGN BRIEF MATTINO DEVELOPMENTS INC. BLOCK 21, MATTINO WAY



Prepared By:

NOVATECH

Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa, Ontario K2M 1P6

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Novatech File: 112021-10 Ref: R-2019-189



December 21, 2022

City of Ottawa Infrastructure Services and Community Sustainability 110 Laurier Avenue West, 4th Floor Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1

Attention: Mr. Kelby Lodoen Unseth, Planner II

Dear Mr. Lodoen Unseth:

Reference: Mattino Developments Inc.

Block 21, Mattino Way Servicing Design Brief Our File No.: 112021-10

Enclosed for your review and approval is the revised Servicing Design Brief for the proposed Block 21 development.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

NOVATECH

Lucas Wilson, P.Eng. Project Manager

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The subject site is located within the Longfields community and is municipally known as 591 Via Mattino Way. The site is approximately 1.04 hectares and is bounded by a Transitway and Rail Corridor to the north and west, existing residential to the east, and the existing Longfields Central subdivision to the south. A key plan of the area is presented below in **Figure 1-1**.



Figure 1-1: Key Plan

The site is currently vacant. The proposed development will consist of 88 units in five three-storey apartment buildings (three 16-unit, two 20-unit apartments). The proposed site plan is shown in **Figure 2**.

This Servicing Design Brief provides information on the considerations and approach by which Novatech has analyzed the existing site information for the subject site, and details how the development lands will be serviced while meeting the City requirements and all other relevant regulations.

This report should be read in conjunction with the following:

- Geotechnical Investigation, 'Proposed Residential Development, Mountshannon Drive, Ottawa, Ontario' prepared by Paterson dated January 31, 2013.
- Geotechnical Review Block 21 Existing Soils Information Memorandum, prepared by Paterson dated November 12, 2019 (PG2306-MEMO.08).
- Geotechnical Review Block 21 Existing Information Memorandum, prepared by Paterson dated November 23, 2020 (PG2306-MEMO.09).

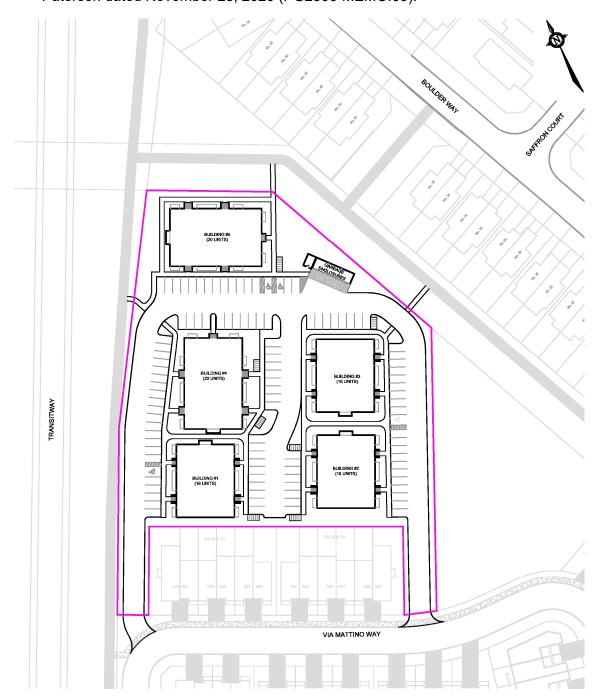


Figure 1-2: Site Plan

2.0 ROADWAYS

2.1 Existing Conditions

Currently there is access to the site through Via Mattino Way (Local Road).

2.2 Proposed Conditions

The development will be accessed from two entrances along Via Mattino Way.

All roads within the development are 6.7m private roads with at-grade parking.

2.3 Roadway Design

Paterson has prepared a Geotechnical Investigation report for the development (January 2013) that provides recommendations for roadway structure, servicing and foundations. The site consists of private roads and at-grade parking; the recommended roadway structure is as follows:

Table 2-1: Roadway Structure

Roadway Material Description	Pavement Structure Layer Thickness (mm) Private Road	
Asphalt Wear Course: Superpave 12.5 (Class B)	40	
Asphalt Binder Course: Superpave 19.0 (Class B)	50	
Base: Granular A	150	
Sub-Base: Granular B – Type II	<u>400</u>	
Total	640	

3.0 GRADING

3.1 Existing Conditions

The site has a high point along the centre (north to south) and slopes approximately 1.0% easterly and westerly.

A Geotechnical investigation was carried out by Paterson which included 10 test pits within the Longfields Central subdivision (4 within the subject site). Test pits were dug at depths ranging from 6.10m to 6.70m below existing grade with no bedrock encountered. Each test pit was dry upon completion; therefore, groundwater levels were estimated based on moisture levels and colour of the recovered soil samples and expected to be between 2m to 3m below existing ground.

3.2 Proposed Conditions

The design grades will tie into existing elevations along the Transitway to the west, Parkland to the north and east and the adjacent residential lands to the south. For detailed grading refer to drawing 112021-10-GR.

The proposed grading will fall within these ranges:

- Landscaped Area: Minimum 1% Maximum 7%
- Roadway and Parking: Minimum 1.0%
- Maximum Terracing Grade of 3H:1V

4.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

The following erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during construction in accordance with the "Guidelines on Erosion and Sediment Control for Urban Construction Sites" (Government of Ontario, May 1987).

- A qualified inspector should conduct regular visits to ensure the contractor is working in accord with the drawings and that mitigation measures are implemented as specified;
- Filter socks are to be placed under all new and existing catchbasins and storm manhole covers;
- Mud mats are to be placed at the construction entrances;
- Silt fences around the area under construction to be placed per OPSS 577 and OPSD 219.110;
- Application of topsoil and sod to disturbed areas; and,
- After complete build-out, all sewers are to be inspected and cleaned and all sediment and construction fencing is to be removed.

The proposed erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented prior to construction and will remain in place during construction until vegetation is established. There will be regular inspection and maintenance of the sediment control measures. It is important that precautions be taken during construction to prevent sediment from entering the proposed stormwater management systems. The erosion and sediment control plan is provided in **Appendix C**.

5.0 SANITARY SEWERS

5.1 Existing Conditions

An existing 200mm diameter sanitary stub is located at the eastern access to the site (MH119). There is also an existing 400mm diameter trunk sewer located north of the site.

5.2 Proposed Conditions

The peak design flow parameters in **Table 5-1** have been used in the sewer capacity analysis.

Unit and population densities and all other design parameters are specified in the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012) and Technical bulletin ISTB-2018-01.

Sanitary flow from Block 21 is proposed to connect into the existing 200mm diameter sanitary stub that was provided during the construction of Longfields Central. The sanitary sewer layout is shown on 112021-10-GP (**Appendix C**), and the design sheet is attached in **Appendix A**. The site (approx. 1.04ha) will outlet at MH 119 (east entrance) with a peak design flow of 2.5 L/s. The wastewater flow is routed through the Longfields Central Subdivision, directing flow to the East Barrhaven Trunk (EBHT) sanitary sewer. The EBHT drains into the West Rideau Collector Sewer (WRCS) on Merivale Road and eventually makes its way to the Robert O. Pickard Environmental Centre to be treated before being released to the Ottawa River.

Table 5-1: Sanitary Sewer Design Parameters

Parameter	Design Parameter
Apartment (2 bedroom) Unit Population	2.1 people/unit
Apartment Unit Density	88 Units (per Site Plan)
Residential Flow Rate, Average Daily	280 L/cap/day
Residential Peaking Factor	Harmon Equation (min=2.0, max=4.0)
Total Infiltration Rate	0.33 L/s/ha
Minimum Pipe Size	200 mm
Minimum Velocity	0.6 m/s
Maximum Velocity	3.0 m/s

5.3 Offsite Requirements

For the design of Longfields Central, a peak design flow of 4.0 L/s was calculated from MH 119 to MH 117, accounting for future flows from Block 21 (Longfields Central sanitary design sheet excerpt included in **Appendix A**). With the detailed design of Block 21 being complete, the peak design flow calculated from MH 119 to MH 117 is now 3.2 L/s. Since the proposed flows are lower than previously accounted for in the Longfields Central Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Study, there will be sufficient capacity offsite to service the proposed development.

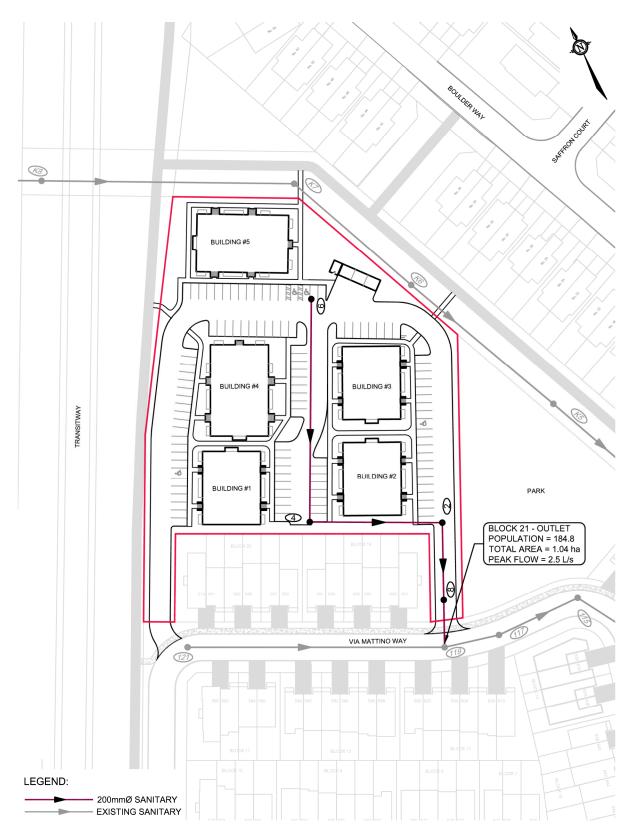


Figure 5-1: Sanitary Sewer Network

6.0 WATER

6.1 Existing Conditions

The proposed development is located inside the 2W Pressure Zone. Reconfiguration of the existing pressure zone from 2W to 3C is anticipated in 2020. Existing 200mm diameter stubs are located at both entrances to the site off Via Mattino Way. An existing 200mm diameter watermain run along Boulder Way north of the site.

6.2 Proposed Conditions

Block 21 will be connected to the existing watermain network by way of two separate feed points. The two connections are proposed to the existing 200mm diameter stubs located at the entrances off Via Mattino Way.

The development will be serviced by 200mm diameter watermains and will provide sufficient capacity to maintain appropriate pressures and fire flows throughout the development. **Figure 4** provides a high-level schematic of the proposed water distribution system.

The watermain boundary conditions below were obtained from the City of Ottawa and have been included in **Appendix A**:

Boundary Condition #1 – Located at Mountshannon Drive Existing 200mm x 400mm diameter watermain connection (Shown in **Appendix A**)

	Existing Zone 2W	Future Zone 3C
Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Head (m)
Maximum HGL	133.0	147.8
Peak Hour	126.0	146.3
Max Day + FF of 200 L/s	124.3	145.9
Max Day + FF of 250 L/s	123.2	145.4

Boundary Condition #2 – Located at Campanale Avenue (Shown in **Appendix A**)

	Existing Zone 2W	Future Zone 3C
Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Head (m)
Maximum HGL	133.0	147.8
Peak Hour	125.9	146.6
Max Day + FF of 200 L/s	119.4	141.6
Max Day + FF of 250 L/s	115.8	138.9

Construction of the first building within Block 21 is anticipated to be completed within 2021, later than what is anticipated for the reconfiguration to the future Zone 3C pressure zone. As such, the future Zone 3C boundary conditions will be used in the modelling for Block 21.

City of Ottawa watermain design Parameters are outlined in **Table 6-1**.



Figure 6-1: Watermain Layout

Table 6-1: Watermain Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Design Criteria
Apartment (2 bedroom) Unit Population	2.1 people/unit
Density	88 units
Residential Demand	280 L/c/d
Maximum Day Demand	2.5 x Average Day
Peak Hour Demand	2.2 x Maximum Day
Fire Demand	200 L/s (Building 5) 217 L/s (Building 2 and 3) 233 L/s (Building 1) 250 L/s (Building 4)
Maximum Pressure	690 kPa (100psi) unoccupied areas
Maximum Pressure	552 kPa (80psi) occupied areas outside of ROW
Minimum Pressure	275 kPa (40 psi) except during fire flow
Minimum Pressure	140 kPa (20 psi) fire flow conditions

Table 6-2: Water Flow Summary

Unit Type	Units	Population	Average Day Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Demand (L/s)
Apartments	88	185	0.599	1.497	3.294
Total	88	185	0.599	1.497	3.294

Based on the fire underwriters survey, the fire flows were calculated as 200 L/s (Building 5), 217 L/s (Building 2 and 3), 233 L/s (Building 1) and 250 L/s (Building 4). Hydrant spacing and locations per City of Ottawa guidelines are illustrated on the Fire Hydrant Coverage Plan in **Appendix A**. Fire flow calculations are provided in **Appendix A**.

The proposed watermain was modeled using EPANET 2 (See 112021-10-GP for detailed watermain layout).

A summary of the model results are shown below in **Table 6-3**, **Table 6-4** and **Table 6-5**. Full model results are included in **Appendix A**.

Table 6-3: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results - Maximum Day + Fire Flow

Operating Condition	Minimum Pressure
Building #1 (233 L/s)	277.43 kPa (HYD2)
Building #2 (217 L/s)	300.48 kPa (HYD2)
Building #3 (217 L/s)	285.96 kPa (HYD2)
Building #4 (250 L/s)	222.79 kPa (HYD2)
Building #5 (200 L/s)	316.18 kPa (HYD2)

Table 6-4: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results - Peak Hour Demand

Operating Condition	Maximum Pressure	Minimum Pressure
3.294 L/s through system	523.76 kPa (HYD1)	519.73 kPa (T1)

The hydraulic modeling summarized above highlights the maximum and minimum system pressures during Peak Hour/Maximum Pressure Check conditions, and the minimum system pressures during the Maximum Day + Fire conditions. Since the Maximum Day + Fire Flow pressures are above the minimum 140 kPa and the Peak Hour Pressures onsite fall within the normal operating pressure range (345 kPa to 552 kPa) we conclude the proposed water design will adequately service the development

Table 6-5: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results - Maximum Pressure Check

Operating Condition	Maximum Pressure	Minimum Pressure
0.599 L/s through system	559.07 kPa (HYD3)	532.29 kPa (CAP1)

Average day pressures at HYD3 are slightly above 552 kPa at 559.07 kPa. Since the average day pressures are modelled within the watermain and not the service to the units, lower pressures will be encountered at the upper levels. Pressures at the first floor were modelled at Building 1, nearest HYD3. The average day pressures within the units are below 552 kPa. We conclude that pressure reducing valves are not necessary to reduce the modelled pressure below 552 kPa within the watermain as the modelled average day pressures within the services to the units are within the required range.

7.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

7.1 Stormwater Management Criteria

The following stormwater management criteria for the proposed development was prepared in accordance with the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012) and the Longfields Central Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Study (Novatech, 2014). This report was prepared in accordance with the Longfields Davidson Heights Serviceability Study Update Report (1998).

- Provide a dual drainage system (i.e. minor and major system flows);
- Maximize the use of surface storage available on site;
- Control the runoff to MH122 to the allowable release rates Specified in Section 7.1.1
 using on-site storage;
- Ensure that no surface ponding will occur on the paved surfaces (i.e., private drive aisles or parking lots) during the 2-year storm event;
- Ensure that ponding is confined within the parking areas at a maximum depth of 0.35 m for both static ponding and dynamic flow; and,
- Provide guidelines to ensure that site preparation and construction is in accordance with the current Best Management Practices for Erosion and Sediment Control.

For the approval of the Longfields Central Subdivision, the following assumptions were made for the future development of Block 21 (see **Appendix B** for Longfields Central report excerpts):

- Restricted minor system flow of 37.5 L/s/ha;
- On-Site storage of 270 m³ (270 m³/ha);
 - o 100 m³ of surface storage;
 - o 170 m³ of underground storage (superpipe and/or storage chambers).

7.1.1 Allowable Release Rate

The allowable release rate for Block 21 (1.04 ha) was established based on the restricted minor system flow of 37.5 L/s/ha (37.6 L/s) for all storms up-to and including the 100-year storm event.

7.2 Existing Conditions

Existing 525mm and 675mm diameter storm sewers run along Via Mattino Way adjacent to the proposed development. Stubs were provided at both entrances to the site (MH122 and MH124), a 250mm diameter storm sewer at the west entrance (MH124) and a 525mm diameter storm sewer at the east entrance (MH122). An existing 1350mm diameter trunk storm sewer runs along the adjacent parkland to the north.

7.3 Proposed Conditions

Runoff from Block 21 will be routed to the existing storm sewer system in Via Mattino Way through the existing 525mm diameter stub located at the private entrance to the east (MH122). The storm system within Longfields Central is directed to the 1350mm diameter trunk storm sewer within Mountshannon Drive and ultimately outlets to the Longfields Davidson Heights Stormwater Management Facility located southwest of the Leikin Drive and Bill Leathem Drive intersection. This existing facility provides water quality control prior to discharging to the Rideau

River via Barrhaven Creek. As such, on-site stormwater quality controls are not required. **Figure 5** outlines the proposed storm sewer system layout, and how it will connect to the existing network along Via Mattino Way.

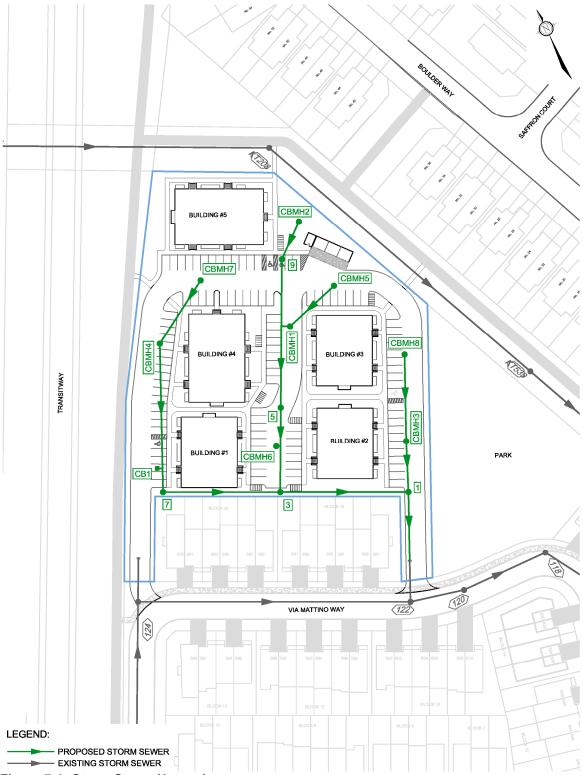


Figure 7-1: Storm Sewer Network

7.3.1 Quality Control

As previously discussed, the Lonfields Davidson Heights SWM Facility provides the Quality Control for the site. The proposed site has a drainage area of approximately 1.04 ha and a runoff coefficient of 0.71. The site was previously referred to as areas 2A & 2B in the Longfields Central Design, which had a drainage area of 1.00 ha and runoff coefficient of 0.80 ha (refer to excerpt provided in **Appendix B**). When comparing the area x runoff coefficient values the proposed site has the same area, but a lower runoff coefficient than what was previously allocated, as shown below:

<u>Parameter</u>	Longfields Central Design	Current Design
Drainage Area Runoff Coefficient	1.00 ha 0.80	1.00 ha 0.71
Area x Runoff Coefficient	0.80	0.71

7.3.2 Minor System Design

Storm Sewers

The storm sewers comprising the minor system have been designed based on the criteria outlined in the Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines using the principals of dual drainage. The design criteria used in sizing the storm sewers are summarized in **Table 6.1**.

The proposed storm sewers have been designed using the rational method to convey peak flows associated with a 2-year rainfall event. The storm sewer design sheets are provided in **Appendix A**. The corresponding Storm Drainage Area Plan (Drawing 112021-10-STM) is provided in **Appendix C**.

Table 7-1: Storm Sewer Design Parameters

Parameter	Design Criteria
Private Roads	2 Year Return Period
Storm Sewer Design	Rational Method
IDF Rainfall Data	Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines
Initial Time of Concentration (Tc)	10 min
Minimum Velocity	0.8 m/s
Maximum Velocity	3.0 m/s
Minimum Diameter	250 mm

Underground Storage

The allowable release rate is quite restrictive, as such underground storage will be required to attenuate runoff from the site. Underground storage will be provided using a series of 600mm diameter storm sewers and 1200mm diameter structures providing approximately 67 m³ of storage. Refer to the proposed General Plan of Services (112021-10-GP) for storage pipe layout.

7.3.3 Major System Design

The site has been designed to convey runoff from storms that exceed the minor system capacity to Via Mattino Way. The roadway and parking areas have been graded to ensure that the 100-year peak overland flows are confined within the parking area at a maximum flow depth of 300mm.

The site has been graded to provide an emergency overland flow route that spills along the roadway and outlets to Via Mattino Way at the eastern entrance to the site.

Surface Storage

The stage-storage curves for each inlet were calculated based on the proposed Grading Plan (drawing 112021-10-GR). The total surface storage shown in the stage-storage curves at each inlet is provided in **Appendix B**. Approximately 278 m³ of total surface storage is available within the low-points of the parking areas and amenity space.

The total storage provided underground and on the surface is as follows:

Structure ID	Underg Storag	ground ge (m³)		Storage 1 ³)	Total Storage (m³)					
	Required (100-YR)	Provided	Required (100-YR)	Provided	Required (100-YR)	Provided				
CBMH1*	13	13	8	22	21	35				
CBMH5	8	8	25	22	33	30				
TOTAL	21	21	33	44	54	65				
CBMH2*	-	-	14	15	14	15				
TOTAL	-	-	14	15	14	15				
MH7*	17	17	-	-	17	17				
CBMH4	10	10	17	26	27	36				
CBMH7	-	-	36	35	36	36				
CB1	-	-	39	39	39	39				
TOTAL	27	27	92	100	119	128				
CBMH3*	11	11	41	39	52	50				
CBMH8	-	-	20	36	20	36				
TOTAL	11	11	61	75	67	86				
CBMH6*	8	8	38	44	46	52				
TOTAL	8	8	38	44	46	52				
TOTAL OVERALL	67	67	239	278	300	346				

^{*}Structure with ICD.

7.4 Hydrologic & Hydraulic Modeling

The City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012) require hydrologic modeling for all dual drainage systems. The performance of the proposed storm drainage system for Block 21 was evaluated using the PCSWMM hydrologic/hydraulic modeling software.

Design Storms

The hydrologic analysis was completed using the following synthetic design storms and historical storms. The IDF parameters used to generate the design storms were taken from the Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012).

3-Hour Chicago Storms:

25mm 3-hr Chicago storm 2-year 3-hr Chicago storm 5-year 3-hr Chicago storm 100-year 3-hr Chicago storm

100-year (+20%) 3-hr Chicago storm

12-Hour SCS Storms:

2-year 12-hr SCS storm 5-year 12-hr Chicago storm 100-year 12-hr Chicago storm

100-year (+20%) 12-hour SCS storm

The 3-hour Chicago distribution generates the highest peak flows for both the minor and major systems and was determined to be the critical storm distribution for the design of the storm drainage system.

The proposed drainage system has also been stress tested using a 3-hour Chicago design storm that has a 20% higher intensity and total volume compared to the 100-year event.

Model Development

The PCSWMM model accounts for both minor and major system flows (dual drainage), including the routing of flows through the storm sewer network (minor system), and overland along the road network (major system). The results of the analysis were used to:

- Ensure no ponding in the paved areas following a 2-year event;
- Calculate the storm sewer hydraulic grade line for the 100-year storm event;
- Evaluate overland flow depths and ponding volumes in the paved areas during the 100year event; and
- Determine the total major and minor system runoff from the site to Via Mattino Way.

The model is capable of accounting for both static and dynamic storage within the private roadways and parking areas, including the overland flow across all high points and capture/bypass curves for inlets on continuous grade. The 100-year flow depths computed by the model represent the total (static + dynamic) ponding depths at low points for areas in road sags.

Storm Drainage Area Plan & Subcatchment Parameters

The Block 21 development has been divided into subcatchments based on the drainage areas tributary to each inlet of the proposed storm sewer system. The catchment areas are shown on the Storm Drainage Area Plan provided as drawing 112021-10-STM in Appendix C.

The hydrologic parameters for each subcatchment were developed based on the Site Plan (Figure 2) and the Storm Drainage Area Plan specified above. Subcatchment parameters are outlined in Table 7-2.

Area ID	Catchment Area	Runoff Coefficient	Percent Impervious	Zero Imperv.	Flow Length	Equivalent Width	Average Slope
	(ha)	(C)	(%)	(%)	(m)	(m)	(%)
1	0.08	0.79	84%	25%	25	32	1%
2	0.14	0.75	79%	30%	25	52	1%
3	0.09	0.74	77%	40%	20	45	1%
4	0.12	0.76	80%	45%	20	60	1%
5	0.08	0.74	77%	30%	20	40	1%
6	0.11	0.72	74%	25%	20	55	1%
7	0.15	0.71	73%	40%	20	75	1%
8	0.13	0.69	70%	30%	20	65	1%
9	0.05	0.34	20%	25%	15	47	1%
10	0.04	0.70	71%	10%	15	27	1%
TOTAL	1.00 ha	0.71	73%	-	-	-	-

Table 7-2: Subcatchment Model Parameters

Infiltration

Infiltration losses for all catchment areas were modeled using Horton's infiltration equation, which defines the infiltration capacity of the soil over the duration of a precipitation event using a decay function that ranges from an initial maximum infiltration rate to a minimum rate as the storm progresses. The default values for the Sewer Design Guidelines were used for all catchments.

Horton's Equation: Initial infiltration rate: $f_o = 76.2 \text{ mm/hr}$ $f(t) = f_c + (f_o - f_c)e^{-k(t)}$ Final infiltration rate: $f_c = 13.2 \text{ mm/hr}$ Decay Coefficient: k = 4.14/hr

Depression Storage

The default values for depression storage in the Sewer Design Guidelines were used for all catchments. Rooftops were assumed to provide no depression storage (Zero Imperv. Parameter).

Depression Storage (pervious areas): 4.67 mm
Depression Storage (impervious areas): 1.57 mm

Equivalent Width

Equivalent Width' refers to the width of the sub-catchment flow path. This parameter is calculated as described in the Sewer Design Guidelines, Section 5.4.5.6. The flow paths used to calculate the equivalent widths are shown on the PCSWMM schematics provided in **Appendix B**.

Impervious Values

Impervious values for each subcatchment area were calculated based on the proposed Site Plan (**Figure 2**) and correspond to the Runoff Coefficients using the following equation:

$$\%imp = \frac{C - 0.2}{0.7}$$

7.5 Results of Hydrologic / Hydraulic Analysis

The model was used to evaluate the performance of the proposed storm drainage system for Block 21.

7.5.1 Minor System

Inflows to the storm sewer were modeled based on the characteristics of each inlet. All the catchbasins in the parking areas are located at low points. Inflows to the storm sewer are based on the ICD specified for the inlet and the maximum depth of ponding. ICDs have been sized to limit the outlet peak flows to the allowable release rate. Details are outlined as follows in **Table 6.4**. ICDs information is indicated on the General Plan of Services (drawing 112021-10-GP).

Table 7-3: Inlet Control Devices & Design Flows

				ICD Size	& Inlet Rate		
Structure ID	ICD Type	T/G	Orifice Invert	100-year Head on Orifice	2-year Orifice Peak Flow*	5-year Orifice Peak Flow*	100-year Orifice Peak Flow*
		(m)	(m)	(m)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)
CBMH1	Tempest LMF (Vortex 78)	92.95	90.70	2.38	5.8	7.5	8.1
CBMH2	Tempest LMF (Vortex 70)	92.95	91.19	2.02	3.9	5.4	6.0
СВМН3	Tempest LFM (Vortex 86)	92.60	90.48	2.37	8.9	9.8	9.8
СВМН6	Tempest LMF (Vortex 72)	92.95	90.70	2.53	6.3	6.9	7.1
MH7	Tempest LMF (Vortex 69)	93.21	90.74	2.46	5.3	6.2	6.4

^{*}PCSWMM model results for a 3-hour Chicago storm distribution.

7.5.2 Major System

The major system network was evaluated using the PCSWMM model to ensure that the ponding depths conform to City standards. A summary of ponding depths at each inlet for the 2-year, 5-year, 100-year and 100-year (+20%) events are provided in **Appendix B**. The maximum static and dynamic ponding depths are less than 0.35m during all events, thereby meeting the major system criteria. In addition, there is no cascading flow over the highpoint during the 100-year storm event.

Table 7-4: Overland Flow Results (100-year, 3-hour Chicago storm event)

	T/G	Max. Stati	c Ponding	100-yr Event							
Structure	1/G	Elev.	Spill Depth	Elev.	Depth	Cascading	Cascade				
	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	Flow?	Depth (m)				
CB1	92.95	93.20	0.25	93.20	0.25	N	0.00				
CBMH1	92.95	93.17	0.22	93.08	0.13	N	0.00				
CBMH2	92.95	93.22	0.27	93.20	0.25	N	0.00				
СВМН3	92.60	92.85	0.25	92.85	0.25	N	0.00				
СВМН4	92.95	93.25	0.30	93.20	0.25	N	0.00				
CBMH5	92.85	93.07	0.22	93.08	0.23	Υ	0.01				
СВМН6	92.95	93.25	0.30	93.23	0.28	N	0.00				
СВМН7	92.95	93.20	0.25	93.20	0.25	N	0.00				
CBMH8	92.60	92.92	0.32	92.85	0.25	N	0.00				

An expanded table of the ponding depths at low points in the roadway (including the stress-test event) is provided in **Appendix B**. Based on these results, the proposed storm drainage system will not experience any adverse flooding even with a 20% increase to the 100-year event.

7.5.3 Hydraulic Grade Line

The results of the analysis were used to determine if there would be any surcharging from the storm sewer system during the 100-year storm event. **Appendix B** provides a summary of the 100-year HGL elevation at each storm manhole within the proposed development, as well as a summary of the HGL elevations for a 20% increase (rainfall intensity and total precipitation) in the 100-year design event. The results of the HGL analysis and the stress testing indicates that the storm sewer does not surcharge during the 100-year event and 100-year+20% storm event

The results of the HGL analysis were used to ensure that a minimum freeboard of 0.30m is provided between the 100-year HGL and the designed underside of footing elevations. The 100-year HGL elevations at each storm manhole with respect to the lowest adjacent underside of footing elevation are provided in **Table 7-5**.

Table 7-5: 100-year HGL Elevations

Manhole ID	MH Invert Elevation	T/G Elevation	HGL Elevation (100yr)	Design USF	Clearance (100yr)
	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)
HGL - Block 21					
MH01	90.01	92.75	90.68	91.51	0.83
MH03	90.19	93.40	90.69	91.51	0.82
MH05	90.32	93.23	90.69	91.53	0.84
MH07	90.74	93.21	90.79	91.70	0.91
MH09	90.52	93.23	90.70	91.74	1.04
EX MH122*	89.77	92.85	90.68	91.03	0.35

^{*}Downstream 'fixed' outfall condition set at 100-year HGL within EX MH122 (90.68m). Initial depths based on fixed outfall elevation of 90.68m.

An expanded table showing the results of the stress test (100-year +20% event) and the HGL elevations is provided in **Appendix B**. The stress test indicates that the HGL elevations will be below the USF elevations for this event.

7.5.4 Peak Flows

The overall release rates from the ICDs were added to determine the overall release rate from the site. The results of this analysis indicate that the allowable release rates will be met for each storm event. Refer to **Table 7-6** for the modelled peak flows for each storm event.

The results of the PCSWMM analysis indicate that outflows from the proposed development will not exceed the allowable release rate for all storm events.

Table 7-6: Summary of Peak Flows

Design Event	Allowable Release Rate (L/s)	Controlled Minor System Release Rate (L/s)	Major System Release Rate (L/s)
2-year		29.4	0
5-year	37.6	35.6	0
100-year		37.4	0
100-year (+20%)	-	37.6	102.9

^{*}PCSWMM Model results for a 3-hr Chicago storm distribution; normal outfall condition.

8.0 TEMPORARY FLOW CONTROLS DURING CONSTRUCTION

As specified in the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October, 2012), temporary flow controls are required during construction. This is to prevent the possibility of new incomplete sewer infrastructure from causing excessive flows within the existing / operational downstream sewer system.

8.1 Temporary Sanitary Flow Controls During Construction

During construction the incomplete sanitary sewer system will require a temporary flow control within the most downstream maintenance hole from the site (SAN MH-8). As the total sanitary flows from the proposed development are estimated to be 2.5 L/s a Tempest LMF ICD (Vortex – 45) will be required.

The design head for the Tempest LMF ICD (Vortex – 45) is 2.0m, as per the Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, as the depth in SAN MH-8 is 3.8m. Supporting correspondence and documentation for the Tempest LMF ICD is provided in **Appendix B**.

9.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The report conclusions are as follows:

- 1) The proposed storm system will control post-development flow to the allowable release rate of 37.5 L/s/ha. All runoff volume from the 100-year storm event is stored on site using underground and above ground storage. Underground storage will be provided using a series of 600mm diameter storm sewers and 1200mm diameter structures. The Longfields Davidson Heights Stormwater Management Facility provides water quality control.
- 2) The proposed sanitary sewer conforms to City design criteria and provides a gravity outlet for the development site. There is sufficient capacity in the downstream sanitary sewers to accommodate the flows outletting to the existing Mattino Way sanitary sewers.
- 3) Connection to the existing watermains in Mattino Way will provide municipal water service to the development.
- 4) There is adequate fire protection to the proposed development, in accordance with the Fire Underwriter's Survey.
- 5) The proposed infrastructure (sanitary, storm and water) complies with City of Ottawa design standards.

10.0 CLOSURE

This report is respectfully submitted for review and approval. Please contact the undersigned should you have questions or require additional information.

Sincerely,

NOVATECH

Prepared By:



Lucas Wilson, P.Eng. Project Manager

Reviewed By:



Mark Bissett, P.Eng. Senior Project Manager

APPENDIX A: Design Sheets

Storm Sewer Design Sheet (Rational Method)

Sanitary Sewer Design Sheets

Excerpt from Longfields Central Site Servicing Report (Sanitary

Design Sheet)

Watermain Boundary Conditions

Watermain Boundary Conditions Verification Correspondence

Watermain Modelling

Fire Flow Calculations

Figure 1: Fire Hydrant Coverage Plan

Block 21, Mattino Way: Storm Sewer Design Sheet (Rational Method)

LO	CATION					AREA							FL	.OW		PROPOSED SEWER								
Location	From Node	To Node	Hard Surface	Soft Surface	Towns Front Yard	Towns Front Yard	Towns Rear Yard	Towns Rear Yard	Total Area	Weighted Runoff Coefficient	Indivi 2.78 AR	Accum 2.78 AR	Time of Concentration		ain Intensity (mm/hr) 5yr 10yr	Total Peak Flow (Q)	Pipe	Size	Grade	Length	Capacity	Full Flow Velocity	Time of Flow	Q/Qfull
			0.90	0.20	Area	С	Area	С	(ha)						(L/s)	(L/s)	Туре	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(l/s)	(m/s)	(min.)	(%)
Block 21																								
			0.26	0.08					0.34	0.74	0.70	0.70	10.00	76.81	53.4									
2, 3, 6	CBMH4	7							0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0	53.4	CONC	600	0.20	50.4	286.5	0.98	0.86	18.6%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0									
0.0.0	7	2							0.00		0.00	0.70	10.86	73.67	51.2	51.2	PVC	200	4.00	39.7	100.9	1.38	0.40	EO 00/
2, 3, 6	/	3							0.00		0.00	0.00	10.86 10.86		0.0	51.2	PVC	300	1.00	39.7	100.9	1.38	0.48	50.8%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0									
			0.20	0.09					0.29	0.68	0.55	0.55	10.00	76.81	42.3									
1, 4, 9, 10	9	5							0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0	42.3	PVC	375	0.25	50.3	91.5	0.80	1.05	46.2%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0									
_	_	•	0.11	0.04					0.15	0.71	0.30	0.85	11.05	73.01	61.9	24.0	00110	450	0.05	00.7	4.40.7	0.04	0.50	44.00/
/	5	3							0.00		0.00	0.00	11.05		0.0	61.9	CONC	450	0.25	28.7	148.7	0.91	0.53	41.6%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	11.05		0.0									
									0.00		0.00	1.54	11.57	71.25	109.9									
	3	1							0.00		0.00	0.00	11.57		0.0	109.9	CONC	450	0.25	43.4	148.7	0.91	0.80	73.9%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	11.57		0.0									
			0.15	0.06					0.21	0.71	0.41	1.96	12.37	68.76	134.5									
5, 8	1	EX122							0.00		0.00	0.00	12.37		0.0	134.5	CONC	525	0.25	37.2	224.3	1.00	0.62	59.9%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	12.37		0.0									
Longfields Cen	tral																							
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0									
17, 27	EX126	EX124			0.22	0.62	0.05	0.54	0.27	0.61	0.45	0.45	10.00		104.19 47.3	47.3	PVC	300	0.40	45.0	63.8	0.87	0.86	74.2%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.86		0.0									
4, 5, 6	EX124	EX122			0.36	0.66	0.12	0.62	0.48	0.65	0.87	1.32	10.86		99.9 132.0	132.0	CONC	525	0.25	92.3	224.3	1.00	1.53	58.8%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.86		0.0									
									0.00		0.00	1.96	12.99	66.96	130.9									
	EX122	EX120							0.00		0.00	1.32	12.99		90.67 119.8	250.8	CONC	675	0.30	18.6	480.3	1.30	0.24	52.2%
				_					0.00		0.00	0.00	12.99		0.0									

Q = 2.78 AIR WHERE: Q = PEAK FLOW IN LITRES PER SECOND (L/s)

A = AREA IN HECTARES (ha)

I = RAINFALL INTENSITY IN MILLIMETERS PER HOUR (mm/hr)

R = WEIGHTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

Q = (1/n) A R^(2/3)So^(1/2)

WHERE: Q = CAPACITY (L/s)

n = MANNING COEFFICIENT OF ROUGHNESS (0.013)

 $A = FLOW AREA (m^2)$

Project: Block 21 (112021-10) Designed: LRW

> Checked: MAB Date: June 16, 2022





Block 21, Mattino Way - Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet

	AREA					RESI	DENT	IAL			INF	ILTRATIC	N		PIPE							
			Tow	/ns	Apartm	ents																
ID	From	То	Units	Pop.	Units	Pop.	Pop.	Accum. Pop.	Peak Factor	Peak Flow (l/s)	Total Area (ha)	Accum. Area (ha)	Infilt. Flow (I/s)	Total Flow (I/s)	Size (mm)	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (I/s)	Full Flow Vel. (m/s)	Actual Vel. (m/s)	Q/Q _{full} (%)	d/D
Block	k 21																					
	6	4	0	0.0	88	184.8	184.8	184.8	3.5	2.1	0.86	0.86	0.3	2.4	200	0.65	73.0	27.6	0.85	0.43	8.7%	0.216
	4	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	184.8	3.5	2.1	0.02	0.88	0.3	2.4	200	0.65	43.4	27.6	0.85	0.43	8.7%	0.077
	2	EX119	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	184.8	3.5	2.1	0.15	1.03	0.3	2.5	200	0.65	40.8	27.6	0.85	0.43	8.9%	0.077
Via Matti	no Way																					
	EX121	EX119	24	64.8	0	0.0	64.8	64.8	3.6	0.8	0.70	0.70	0.2	1.0	200	1.00	84.1	34.2	1.06	0.40	2.9%	0.108
	EX119	EX117	4	10.8	0	0.0	10.8	260.4	3.5	2.9	0.10	0.80	0.3	3.2	200	0.35	18.2	20.2	0.62	0.38	15.8%	0.297
Dooises Do						-				Denulation	D !!	1						l .	1	D	DII- 04 /	112021 10\

Design Parameters: Population Density: Project: Block 21 (112021-10)

 Avg Flow/Person =
 280
 I/day
 ppl/unit
 units/net ha

 Comm./Inst. Flow =
 35000
 I/ha/day
 Apartment (2 Bedroom)
 2.10
 90

 Infiltration =
 0.33
 I/s/ha
 Singles
 3.40

 Pipe Friction n =
 0.013
 Towns
 2.70
 60

Residential Peaking Factor = Harmon Equation (max 4, min 2)



Designed: LRW

Checked: MAB

Date: June 16, 2020



									SANIT	ARY SI	EWER D	ESIGN S	HEET										
	AREA				RES	SIDENTI	AL				CI	INF	ILTRATIO	N						PIPE			
AREA ID	From	То	Towns	Stacked Towns	Java	Pop.	Accum. Pop.	Peak Factor	Peak Flow (I/s)	C/I Area (Ha)	Peak Flow (I/s)	Total Area (ha)	Accum. Area (ha)	Infilt. Flow (I/s)	Total Flow (I/s)		Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (l/s)	Full Flow Vel. (m/s)	Q/Q _{full} (%)	d/D _{full}	v/V _{full} (%)
645 Longfields	s Drive																						
C1	C32	109	16			43.2	43.2	4.00	0.70			0.52	0.52	0.15	0.85	200	2.60	65.2	55.17	1.70	1.5%	0.08	33.0%
A20	111	109	4			10.8	10.8	4.00	0.18			0.20	0.20	0.06	0.23	200	2.00	24.9	48.39	1.49	0.5%	0.00	0.0%
																						<u> </u>	
A1	109	107	10			27.0	81.0	4.00	1.31			0.29	1.01	0.28	1.60	200		55.8	24.19	0.75	6.6%	0.16	54.0%
A2	107	105	10			27.0	108.0	4.00	1.75			0.27	1.28	0.36	2.11	200		35.4	25.38	0.78	8.3%	0.19	60.0%
A3	105	103	6			16.2	124.2	4.00	2.01			0.17	1.45	0.41	2.42	200	1.75	41.8	45.26	1.40	5.3%	0.16	54.0%
																					/		
A5	121	119	25			67.5	67.5	4.00	1.09			0.70	0.70	0.20	1.29	200	1.00	84.1	34.22	1.06	3.8%	0.12	45.0%
A6,A7	119	117	2		80	149.4	216.9	4.00	3.51			1.10	1.80	0.50	4.02	200	0.35	18.2	20.24	0.62	19.9%	0.30	78.0%
A11,A21	117	115	1			2.7	219.6	4.00	3.56	0.20	0.17	0.28	2.08	0.58	4.31		0.35	28.5	20.24	0.62	21.3%	0.30	78.0%
A12	115	113	3			8.1	227.7	4.00	3.69			0.09	2.17	0.61	4.30	-	0.35	18.8	20.24	0.62	21.2%	0.30	78.0%
A4	113	103	21			56.7	284.4	4.00	4.61			0.57	2.74	0.77	5.38	200	0.35	75.5	20.24	0.62	26.6%	0.34	83.0%
140 144	400	404	44	40		50.7	105.0	0.00	7.50			0.50	4.74	4.00	0.04	000	0.05	07.0	00.04	0.00	40.70/		00.00/
A13,A14	103	101	11	10		56.7	465.3	3.99	7.52			0.52	4.71	1.32	8.84	200	0.35	67.9	20.24	0.62	43.7%	0.44	96.0%

Longfields Central

Design Parameters:

Infiltration =

Connection to EBHT

Avg Flow/Person = 350 I/day 0.28 l/s/ha

0.0

465.3 3.99

0.0 508.5 3.97 8.18

7.52

Residential Peaking Factor = Harmon Equation (max 4, min 2)

MS3

0.013 Pipe Friction n =

50000 I/ha/day Comm./Inst. Flow =

Peaking Factor Comm./Inst. = 1.5

101

Existing in Mountshannon Drive

Population Density:

0.00

2.7 ppl/unit Towns Stacked Towns 2.7 ppl/unit Java 1.8 ppl/unit

4.71

5.17

1.32

1.45



300 | 0.32 | 15.5 | 57.07

20.24

0.62

0.67

0.78

43.7%

200 0.35 13.8

Project: 112021 Designed: LRW Checked: MAB Date: May 16, 2014

0.27 73.0%

0.44

96.0%



Boundary Conditions for Longfields Block 21

Information Provided:

Date provided: Oct 2019

	Demand	
Scenario	L/min	L/s
Average Daily Demand	36	0.6
Maximum Daily Demand	90	1.5
Peak Hour	198	3.3
Fire Flow Demand #1	12000	200
Fire Flow Demand #2	15000	250

Location:



Results

Connection 1 - Boulder Way

	Existing	Zone 2W	Future Zone 3C					
Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)				
Maximum HGL	133.0	57.8	147.8	78.8				
Peak Hour	125.9	47.9	146.2	76.6				
Max Day plus Fire #1	117.4	35.7	138.6	65.9				
Max Day plus Fire #2	112.7	29.1	134.5	60.0				

¹ Ground Elevation = 92.3 m

Connection 2 - Mountshannon

	Existing	Zone 2W	Future Zone 3C			
Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Head (m) Pressure ¹ (psi)		Pressure ¹ (psi)		
Maximum HGL	133.0	58.2	147.8	79.3		
Peak Hour	126.0	48.2	146.3	77.1		
Max Day plus Fire #1	124.3	45.9	145.9	76.6		
Max Day plus Fire #2	123.2	44.3	145.4	75.9		

¹ Ground Elevation = 92 m

Connection 3 - Campanale

	Existing	Zone 2W	Future Zone 3C			
Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)		
Maximum HGL	133.0	56.0	147.8	77.0		
Peak Hour	125.9	46.0	146.6	75.4		
Max Day plus Fire #1	119.4	36.7	141.6	68.2		
Max Day plus Fire #2	115.8	31.6	138.9	64.4		

¹ Ground Elevation = 93.6 m

Notes:

- 1) Confirm pressure reducing valves are not required once the pressure zone is reconfigured in 2020.
- 2) A 203 mm watermain was inserted in the model as shown on page 1.
- 3) Use the HGLs provided above to interpolate results for fires ranging from 200 l/s to 250 l/s, respectively.

Disclaimer

The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the

absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation. Fire Flow analysis is a reflection of available flow in the watermain; there may be additional restrictions that occur between the watermain and the hydrant that the model cannot take into account.

		Block 2 Water Der				
	Area			Average Day Demand	Maximum Day Demand	Peak Hour Demand
	(ha)	Units	Population		(L/s)	(L/s)
Apartments	N/A	88	185	0.599	1.497	3.294
Total	0.00	88	185	0.599	1.497	3.294

Water Demand Parameters

Apartments (2 Bedroom)	2.1	ppl/unit
Residential Demand	280	L/c/day
Residential Max Day	2.5	x Avg Day
Residential Peak Hour	2.2	x Max Day
Residential Fire Flow	200, 217,	I/s
Residential Fire Flow	233, 250	L/S

Block 21 - Watermain Demand

Node	Apartments	Total Population	Average Day Residential Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Residential Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Residential Demand (L/s)	Fire Flow (L/s)
HYD1		0	0.000	0.000	0.000	233
HYD2	20	42	0.136	0.340	0.749	250
HYD3		0	0.000	0.000	0.000	250
NODE1	68	143	0.463	1.157	2.545	N/A
Total	88	185	0.599	1.497	3.294	
Water Demand Param	eters					·
Singles	3.4	ppl/unit	Residential Max Day		2.5	x Avg Day
Apartments	2.1	ppl/unit	Residential Peak Hour		2.2	x Max Day
Residential Demand	280	L/c/day	Residential Fire Flow		200 - 250	L/s



Block 21 - Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes	s - (Peak Hour)						
	Elevation	Demand	Head	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure	
Node ID	m	LPS	m	m	kPa	psi	
Junc HYD1	92.91	0	146.3	53.39	523.76	75.96	
Junc HYD2	93.27	0.75	146.3	53.03	520.22	75.45	
Junc HYD3	93.04	0	146.3	53.26	522.48	75.78	
Junc T1	93.32	0	146.3	52.98	519.73	75.38	
Junc NODE1	93.27	2.55	146.3	53.03	520.22	75.45	
Resvr RES1	146.3	-0.37	146.3	0	0.00	0.00	
Resvr RES2	146.6	-18.23	146.6	0	0.00	0.00	
Network Table - Links	- (Peak Hour)						
	Length	Diameter	Roughness	Flow	Velocity	Headloss	Fri
Link ID	m	mm		LPS	m/s	m/km	Fa
Pipe P1	40	204	110	3.07	0.09	0.09	0.
Pipe P2	31	204	110	3.07	0.09	0.09	0.
Pipe P3	39	204	110	0.75	0.02	0.01	0.
Pipe P4	50	204	110	2.32	0.07	0.05	0.
Pipe P5	51	204	110	-0.23	0.01	0.00	0
Pipe P6	72	204	110	-0.23	0.01	0.00	0



Network Table - Nodes	s - (Max Pressure Check	- Future Zone C3)				
	Elevation	Demand	Head	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure
Node ID	m	LPS	m	m	kPa	psi
Junc HYD1	92.91	0	147.8	54.89	538.47	78.10
Junc HYD2	93.27	0.14	147.8	54.53	534.94	77.59
Junc HYD3	93.04	0	147.8	54.76	559.07	81.09
Junc CAP1	93.54	0.11	147.8	54.26	532.29	77.20
Junc T1	93.32	0	147.8	54.48	534.45	77.52
Junc NODE1	93.27	0.35	147.8	54.53	534.94	77.59
Resvr RES1	147.8	-0.96	147.8	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr RES2	147.8	-0.87	147.8	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links -	(Max Pressure Check	k - Future Zone 3C)					
	Length	Diameter	Roughness	Flow	Velocity	Headloss	Friction
Link ID	m	mm		LPS	m/s	m/km	Factor
Pipe P1	40	204	110	-0.34	0.01	0.00	0.061
Pipe P2	31	204	110	-0.34	0.01	0.00	0.055
Pipe P3	39	204	110	-0.14	0.00	0.00	0.055
Pipe P4	50	204	110	-0.10	0.01	0.00	0.075
Pipe P5	51	204	110	0.26	0.01	0.00	0.058
Pipe P6	72	204	110	-0.26	0.01	0.00	0.058



Network Table - Nodes - (Fire Flow Summary)

Fire	Flow	Minimum Pressure				
Node	Flow (L/s)	Pressure (kPa)	Pressure (PSI)	Node		
BLDG #1	233	277.43	40.24	HYD2		
BLDG #2	217	300.48	43.58	HYD2		
BLDG #3	217	285.96	41.48	HYD2		
BLDG #4	250	222.79	32.31	HYD2		
BLDG #5	200	316.18	45.86	HYD2		



Network Table - Nodes	(Max Day + FF 'Bldg 1')	,				
	Elevation	Demand	Head	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure
Node ID	m	LPS	m	m	kPa	psi
Junc HYD1	92.91	95	122.06	29.15	285.96	41.48
Junc HYD2	93.27	43.34	121.55	28.28	277.43	40.24
Junc HYD3	93.04	95	122.33	29.29	287.33	41.67
Junc T1	93.32	0	122.03	28.71	281.65	40.85
Junc NODE1	93.27	1.16	122.04	28.77	282.23	40.93
Resvr RES1	145.6	-143.62	145.6	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr RES2	139.8	-94.4	139.8	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Link	- Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 1')						
	Length	Diameter	Roughness	Flow	Velocity	Headloss	Friction
Link ID	m	mm		LPS	m/s	m/km	Factor
Pipe P1	40	204	110	133.29	4.08	97.57	0.023
Pipe P2	31	204	110	38.29	1.17	9.69	0.028
Pipe P3	39	204	110	43.34	1.33	12.18	0.028
Pipe P4	50	204	110	5.05	0.15	0.23	0.038
Pipe P5	51	204	110	6.20	0.19	0.33	0.037
Pine P6	72	204	110	-101 20	3 10	58 59	0.024



	Elevation	Demand	Head	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure
Node ID	m	LPS	m	m	kPa	psi
Junc HYD1	92.91	95	124.82	31.91	313.04	45.40
Junc HYD2	93.27	61.34	123.9	30.63	300.48	43.58
Junc HYD3	93.04	61	125.5	32.46	318.43	46.18
Junc T1	93.32	0	124.81	31.49	308.92	44.80
lunc NODE1	93.27	1.16	124.81	31.54	309.41	44.88
Resvr RES1	145.7	-133.6	145.7	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr RES2	140.7	-88.42	140.7	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Lin	e - Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 2')						
	Length	Diameter	Roughness	Flow	Velocity	Headloss	Friction
Link ID	m	mm		LPS	m/s	m/km	Factor
Pipe P1	40	204	110	120.89	3.70	81.42	0.024
Pipe P2	31	204	110	59.89	1.83	22.17	0.026
Pipe P3	39	204	110	61.34	1.88	23.18	0.026
Pipe P4	50	204	110	1.45	0.04	0.02	0.046
Pipe P5	51	204	110	2.61	0.08	0.07	0.042
Pipe P6	72	204	110	-97.61	2.99	54.79	0.025



Network Table - Nodes (Max Day + FF 'Bidg 3')						
	Elevation	Demand	Head	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure
Node ID	m	LPS	m	m	kPa	psi
Junc HYD1	92.91	61	125.16	32.25	316.37	45.89
Junc HYD2	93.27	95.34	122.42	29.15	285.96	41.48
Junc HYD3	93.04	61	125.26	32.22	316.08	45.84
Junc T1	93.32	0	124.47	31.15	305.58	44.32
Junc NODE1	93.27	1.16	124.8	31.53	309.31	44.86
Resvr RES1	145.7	-133.58	145.7	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr RES2	140.7	-88.45	140.7	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links	s (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 3	i')					
	Length	Diameter	Roughness	Flow	Velocity	Headloss	Friction
Link ID	m	mm		LPS	m/s	m/km	Factor
Pipe P1	40	204	110	125.26	3.83	86.96	0.024
Pipe P2	31	204	110	64.26	1.97	25.26	0.026
Pipe P3	39	204	110	95.34	2.92	52.45	0.025
Pipe P4	50	204	110	31.08	0.95	6.58	0.029
Pipe P5	51	204	110	32.24	0.99	7.04	0.029
Pipe P6	72	204	110	-93.24	2.85	50.33	0.025



	Elevation	Demand	Head	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure
Node ID	m	LPS	m	m	kPa	psi
Junc HYD1	92.91	60	119.21	26.3	258.00	37.42
Junc HYD2	93.27	95.34	115.98	22.71	222.79	32.31
Junc HYD3	93.04	95	118.61	25.57	250.84	36.38
Junc T1	93.32	0	118.04	24.72	242.50	35.17
Junc NODE1	93.27	1.16	118.6	25.33	248.49	36.04
Resvr RES1	145.4	-153.49	145.4	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr RES2	138.9	-101.53	138.9	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links	s (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 4	')					
	Length	Diameter	Roughness	Flow	Velocity	Headloss	Friction
Link ID	m	mm		LPS	m/s	m/km	Factor
Pipe P1	40	204	110	148.84	4.55	119.68	0.023
Pipe P2	31	204	110	53.84	1.65	18.20	0.027
Pipe P3	39	204	110	95.34	2.92	52.45	0.025
Pipe P4	50	204	110	41.50	1.27	11.24	0.028
Pipe P5	51	204	110	42.66	1.31	11.83	0.028
Pipe P6	72	204	110	-102.66	3.14	60.15	0.024



	Elevation	Demand	Head	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure
Node ID	m	LPS	m	m	kPa	psi
Junc HYD1	92.91	53	128.23	35.32	346.49	50.25
Junc HYD2	93.27	94.34	125.5	32.23	316.18	45.86
Junc HYD3	93.04	53	128.27	35.23	345.61	50.13
Junc T1	93.32	0	127.52	34.2	335.50	48.66
Junc NODE1	93.27	1.16	127.86	34.59	339.33	49.22
Resvr RES1	145.9	-123.3	145.9	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr RES2	141.6	-81.73	141.6	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links	s (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 5	')					
	Length	Diameter	Roughness	Flow	Velocity	Headloss	Friction
Link ID	m	mm		LPS	m/s	m/km	Factor
Pipe P1	40	204	110	115.81	3.54	75.20	0.024
Pipe P2	31	204	110	62.81	1.92	24.22	0.026
Pipe P3	39	204	110	94.34	2.89	51.44	0.025
Pipe P4	50	204	110	31.53	0.96	6.76	0.029
Pipe P5	51	204	110	32.69	1.00	7.22	0.029
Pipe P6	72	204	110	-85.69	2.62	43.05	0.025



	Elevation	Demand	Head	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure
Node ID	m	LPS	m	m	kPa	psi
Junc H1	92.91	97	111.32	18.41	180.60	26.19
Junc H2	93.27	97.34	108.62	15.35	150.58	21.84
Junc H3	93.04	97	111.67	18.63	182.76	26.51
Junc T1	93.32	0	110.76	17.44	171.09	24.81
Junc NODE1	93.27	1.16	111.02	17.75	174.13	25.26
Resvr RES1	145.4	-171.72	145.4	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr RES2	138.9	-124.31	138.9	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links (Max	Day + FF '20 psi'))					
	Length	Diameter	Roughness	Flow	Velocity	Headloss	Friction
Link ID	m	mm		LPS	m/s	m/km	Factor
Pipe P1	40	204	110	166.67	5.10	147.58	0.023
Pipe P2	31	204	110	69.67	2.13	29.34	0.026
Pipe P3	39	204	110	97.34	2.98	54.51	0.025
Pipe P4	50	204	110	27.67	0.85	5.31	0.030
Pipe P5	51	204	110	28.83	0.88	5.72	0.029
Pipe P6	72	204	110	-125.83	3.85	87.69	0.024



As per 2020 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Novatech Project #: 112021-10

Project Name: Block 21
Date: 12/14/2022

Input By: Lucas Wilson
Reviewed By: Mark Bissett

Building Description: Bldg 1, 16 Unit Apartment



Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)
	1	Base Fire Flo	W			(=//////
	Construction Ma	terial		Mult	plier	
1	Coefficient related to type of construction	Type V - Wood frame Type IV - Mass Timber Type III - Ordinary construction Type II - Non-combustible construction Type I - Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)	Yes	1.5 Varies 1 0.8 0.6	1.5	
	Floor Area	Type 1 - 1 lie resistive constituction (2 ms)		0.0		
2	Α	Building Footprint (m²) Number of Floors/Storeys Area of structure considered (m²)	460 3		1,380	
	F	Base fire flow without reductions F = 220 C (A) ^{0.5}				12,000
		Reductions or Surc	harges			
	Occupancy haza	rd reduction or surcharge	FUS Table 3	Reduction	Surcharge	
3	(1)	Non-combustible Limited combustible Combustible Free burning Rapid burning	Yes	-25% -15% 0% 15% 25%	-25%	9,000
	Sprinkler Reduct		FUS Table 4		ction	
4	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13) Standard Water Supply Fully Supervised System Area of Sprinklered Coverage (m²)	0	-30% -10% -10% ve Sub-Total 0% ulative Total	0%	0
	Exposure Surch	arge	FUS Table 5		Surcharge	
5	(3)	North Side East Side South Side West Side	3.1 - 10 m 20.1 - 30 m 3.1 - 10 m >30m		20% 10% 20% 0%	4,500
			Cum	ulative Total	50%	
	1	Results				
		Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nea	rest 1000L/mir	1	L/min	14,000
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or or	L/s USGPM	233 3,699

As per 2020 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Novatech Project #: 112021-10

Project Name: Block 21
Date: 12/14/2022

Input By: Lucas Wilson
Reviewed By: Mark Bissett

Building Description: Bldg 2, 16 Unit Apartment



Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)	
		Base Fire Flo)W		<u> </u>		
	Construction Ma	terial		Mult	iplier		
	Coefficient	Type V - Wood frame	Yes	1.5			
1	related to type	Type IV - Mass Timber		Varies			
	of construction	Type III - Ordinary construction		1	1.5		
	C	Type II - Non-combustible construction		0.8			
		Type I - Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)		0.6			
	Floor Area						
		Building Footprint (m ²)	460				
_	Α	Number of Floors/Storeys	3				
2		Area of structure considered (m ²)			1,380		
	F	Base fire flow without reductions				12,000	
	Г	$F = 220 \text{ C } (A)^{0.5}$				12,000	
		Reductions or Sur	charges				
	Occupancy haza	rd reduction or surcharge	FUS Table 3	Reduction	Reduction/Surcharge		
		Non-combustible	Yes	-25%			
3		Limited combustible		-15%			
	(1)	Combustible		0%	-25%	9,000	
		Free burning		15%			
		Rapid burning		25%			
	Sprinkler Reduction		FUS Table 4	Redu	ction		
		Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)		-30%			
		Standard Water Supply		-10%			
4	(2)	Fully Supervised System		-10%		0	
	(2)		Cumulati	ve Sub-Total	0%	U	
		Area of Sprinklered Coverage (m²)	0	0%			
			Cum	ulative Total	0%		
	Exposure Surch	arge	FUS Table 5		Surcharge		
	·	North Side	3.1 - 10 m		20%		
		East Side	>30m		0%		
5	(2)	South Side	10.1 - 20 m		15%	4.050	
	(3)	West Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	4,050	
			Cum	ulative Total	45%		
	•	Results					
		Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to ne	arest 1000L/mir	1	L/min	13,000	
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	(2 000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45 000 L/min)		or	L/s	217	
	1	(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or	USGPM	3,435	

As per 2020 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Novatech Project #: 112021-10

Project Name: Block 21
Date: 12/14/2022

Input By: Lucas Wilson Reviewed By: Mark Bissett

Building Description: Bldg 3, 16 Unit Apartment



Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)	
		Base Fire Flo)W		<u> </u>		
	Construction Ma	terial		Mult	iplier		
	Coefficient	Type V - Wood frame	Yes	1.5			
1	related to type	Type IV - Mass Timber		Varies			
	of construction	Type III - Ordinary construction		1	1.5		
	C	Type II - Non-combustible construction		0.8			
		Type I - Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)		0.6			
	Floor Area						
		Building Footprint (m ²)	460				
_	Α	Number of Floors/Storeys	3				
2		Area of structure considered (m ²)			1,380		
	F	Base fire flow without reductions				12,000	
	•	$F = 220 \text{ C } (A)^{0.5}$				12,000	
		Reductions or Sur	charges				
	Occupancy haza	rd reduction or surcharge	FUS Table 3	Reduction	/Surcharge		
	(1)	Non-combustible	Yes	-25%			
3		Limited combustible		-15%			
		Combustible		0%	-25%	9,000	
		Free burning		15%			
		Rapid burning		25%			
	Sprinkler Reduction		FUS Table 4	Redu	ction		
		Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)		-30%			
		Standard Water Supply		-10%			
4	(2)	Fully Supervised System		-10%		0	
	(2)		Cumulati	ve Sub-Total	0%	U	
		Area of Sprinklered Coverage (m²)	0	0%			
			Cum	ulative Total	0%		
	Exposure Surch	arge	FUS Table 5		Surcharge		
		North Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%		
		East Side	>30m		0%		
5	(3)	South Side	3.1 - 10 m		20%	3,600	
	(3)	West Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	3,000	
			Cum	ulative Total	40%		
	•	Results					
		Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to ne	arest 1000L/mir	1	L/min	13,000	
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or	L/s	217	
	1	(2,000 L/IIIII > 1 II 6 1 IOW > 40,000 L/IIIIII)		or	USGPM	3,435	

As per 2020 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Novatech Project #: 112021-10

Project Name: Block 21
Date: 12/14/2022

Input By: Lucas Wilson
Reviewed By: Mark Bissett

Building Description: Bldg 4, 20 Unit Apartment



Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire	
		Base Fire Flo)W			(L/min)	
	Construction Ma	terial		Multi	plier		
	Coefficient	Type V - Wood frame	Yes	1.5			
1	related to type	Type IV - Mass Timber		Varies			
•	of construction	Type III - Ordinary construction		1	1.5		
	C	Type II - Non-combustible construction		0.8			
	U	Type I - Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)		0.6			
	Floor Area						
		Building Footprint (m ²)	570				
_	A	Number of Floors/Storeys	3				
2		Area of structure considered (m ²)			1,710		
	F	Base fire flow without reductions				14,000	
	Г	$F = 220 \text{ C } (A)^{0.5}$				14,000	
		Reductions or Sur	charges				
	Occupancy haza	rd reduction or surcharge	FUS Table 3	Reduction/	Surcharge		
	(1)	Non-combustible	Yes	-25%			
3		Limited combustible		-15%			
		Combustible		0%	-25%	10,500	
		Free burning		15%			
		Rapid burning		25%			
	Sprinkler Reduction		FUS Table 4	Redu	ction		
		Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)		-30%			
		Standard Water Supply		-10%			
4	(2)	Fully Supervised System		-10%		0	
	(2)		Cumulativ	ve Sub-Total	0%	U	
		Area of Sprinklered Coverage (m²)	0	0%			
			Cum	ulative Total	0%		
	Exposure Surch	arge	FUS Table 5		Surcharge		
		North Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%		
		East Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%		
5	(3)	South Side	3.1 - 10 m		20%	4,200	
	(3)	West Side	>30m		0%	4,200	
			Cumulative Total 40		40%		
	•	Results					
		Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to ne	arest 1000L/mir	1	L/min	15,000	
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	(2 000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45 000 L/min)		or	L/s	250	
		2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or	USGPM	3,963	

As per 2020 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Novatech Project #: 112021-10

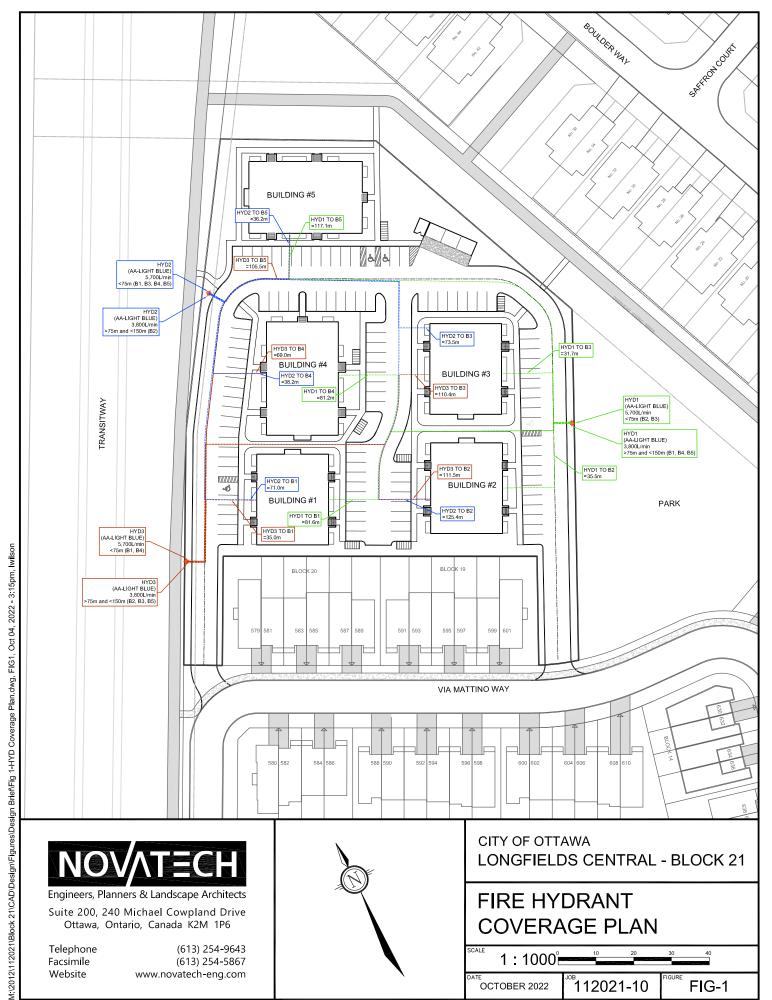
Project Name: Block 21
Date: 12/14/2022

Input By: Lucas Wilson
Reviewed By: Mark Bissett

Building Description: Bldg 5, 20 Unit Apartment



Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)	
		Base Fire Flo)W			(2/11111)	
	Construction Ma	terial		Mult	iplier		
	Coefficient	Type V - Wood frame	Yes	1.5			
1	related to type	Type IV - Mass Timber		Varies			
•	of construction	Type III - Ordinary construction		1	1.5		
	C	Type II - Non-combustible construction		0.8			
	O	Type I - Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)		0.6			
	Floor Area						
		Building Footprint (m ²)	570				
	A	Number of Floors/Storeys	3				
2		Area of structure considered (m ²)			1,710		
	F	Base fire flow without reductions				14,000	
	Г	$F = 220 \text{ C (A)}^{0.5}$				14,000	
		Reductions or Sur	charges				
	Occupancy haza	rd reduction or surcharge	FUS Table 3	Reduction	/Surcharge		
	(1)	Non-combustible	Yes	-25%			
3		Limited combustible		-15%			
		Combustible		0%	-25%	10,500	
		Free burning		15%			
		Rapid burning		25%			
	Sprinkler Reduct	tion	FUS Table 4	Redu	ıction		
		Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)		-30%			
		Standard Water Supply		-10%			
4	(0)	Fully Supervised System		-10%		_	
	(2)	·,	Cumulati	ve Sub-Total	0%	0	
		Area of Sprinklered Coverage (m²)	0	0%	070		
		Alou of opinimorou ooveruge (iii)	•	nulative Total	0%		
	Exposure Surcha	arge	FUS Table 5		Surcharge		
		North Side	>30m		0%		
		East Side	>30m		0%		
5		South Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%		
	(3)	West Side	>30m		0%	1,050	
			Cum	l Iulative Total	10%		
		Results			10/0		
		Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to ne	arget 10001 /mir		L/min	12,000	
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Nequiled File Flow, Founded to fle		or	L/IIIII	200	
•	(1) (2) (0)	(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or	USGPM	3.170	
				<u> </u>	OCOI W	5,170	



Lucas Wilson

From: Sharif, Golam <sharif.sharif@ottawa.ca>
Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2022 8:51 AM

To: Lucas Wilson
Cc: Mark Bissett

Subject: RE: Block 21 - 605 Via Way: Watermain Boundary Condition Verification

Hi Lucas,

I have received the confirmation from our water modelling unit. There is no significant change on the BC, therefore use the 2019 BC. Please attached the correspondence in your report. Thanks.

Sharif

From: Lucas Wilson < l.wilson@novatech-eng.com>

Sent: December 19, 2022 3:21 PM

To: Sharif, Golam <sharif.sharif@ottawa.ca> **Cc:** Mark Bissett <m.bissett@novatech-eng.com>

Subject: RE: Block 21 - 605 Via Way: Watermain Boundary Condition Verification

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ATTENTION : Ce courriel provient d'un expéditeur externe. Ne cliquez sur aucun lien et n'ouvrez pas de pièce jointe, excepté si vous connaissez l'expéditeur.

Just wanted to follow up with you regarding the boundary condition verification. Since the fire flows haven't changed, is a verification still required?

Thanks,

Lucas Wilson, P.Eng., Project Manager | Engineering

NOVATECH Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

240 Michael Cowpland Drive, Suite 200, Ottawa, ON K2M 1P6 | Tel: 613.254.9643 Ext: 282 | Fax: 613.254.5867 The information contained in this email message is confidential and is for exclusive use of the addressee.

From: Lucas Wilson

Sent: Wednesday, December 14, 2022 2:06 PM
To: Sharif, Golam <<u>sharif.sharif@ottawa.ca</u>>
Cc: Mark Bissett <<u>m.bissett@novatech-eng.com</u>>

Subject: RE: Block 21 - 605 Via Way: Watermain Boundary Condition Verification

Sharif – Previously provided fire flow values have been confirmed using the 2020 FUS guidelines (no change to fire flows), revised spreadsheet referencing 2020 FUS is attached.

Let me know if you need anything else.

Thanks,

Lucas Wilson, P.Eng., Project Manager | Engineering

NOVATECH Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

240 Michael Cowpland Drive, Suite 200, Ottawa, ON K2M 1P6 | Tel: 613.254.9643 Ext: 282 | Fax: 613.254.5867

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From: Sharif, Golam <<u>sharif.sharif@ottawa.ca</u>>
Sent: Wednesday, December 14, 2022 12:09 PM
To: Lucas Wilson <<u>l.wilson@novatech-eng.com</u>>
Cc: Mark Bissett <<u>m.bissett@novatech-eng.com</u>>

Subject: RE: Block 21 - 605 Via Way: Watermain Boundary Condition Verification

HI Lucas,

Could you please update your FUS calculation. I believe your design and units have not changed, however, the 1999 FUS guideline has been updated. Please update that and we can verify if we can still use those BC. Thanks.

Sharif

From: Lucas Wilson < l.wilson@novatech-eng.com>

Sent: December 13, 2022 3:26 PM

To: Sharif, Golam <<u>sharif.sharif@ottawa.ca</u>> **Cc:** Mark Bissett <m.bissett@novatech-eng.com>

Subject: Block 21 - 605 Via Way: Watermain Boundary Condition Verification

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It has been requested in the most recent City of Ottawa comments to request a new boundary condition verification as the boundary conditions attached are from 2019. I have also attached the water demand and fire flows provided in the most recent submission.

Water Demand:

Average Day Demand = 0.599 L/s Max Day Demand = 1.497 L/s Peak Hour Demand = 3.294 L/s

Residential fire flows:

Building 1 = 233 L/s

Building 2 = 217 L/s

Building 3 = 217 L/s

Building 4 = 250 L/s

Building 5 = 200 L/s

Please let me know if you need any additional information.

Thanks,

Lucas Wilson, P.Eng., Project Manager | Engineering

NOVATECH Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

240 Michael Cowpland Drive, Suite 200, Ottawa, ON K2M 1P6 | Tel: 613.254.9643 Ext: 282 | Fax: 613.254.5867

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3

APPENDIX B

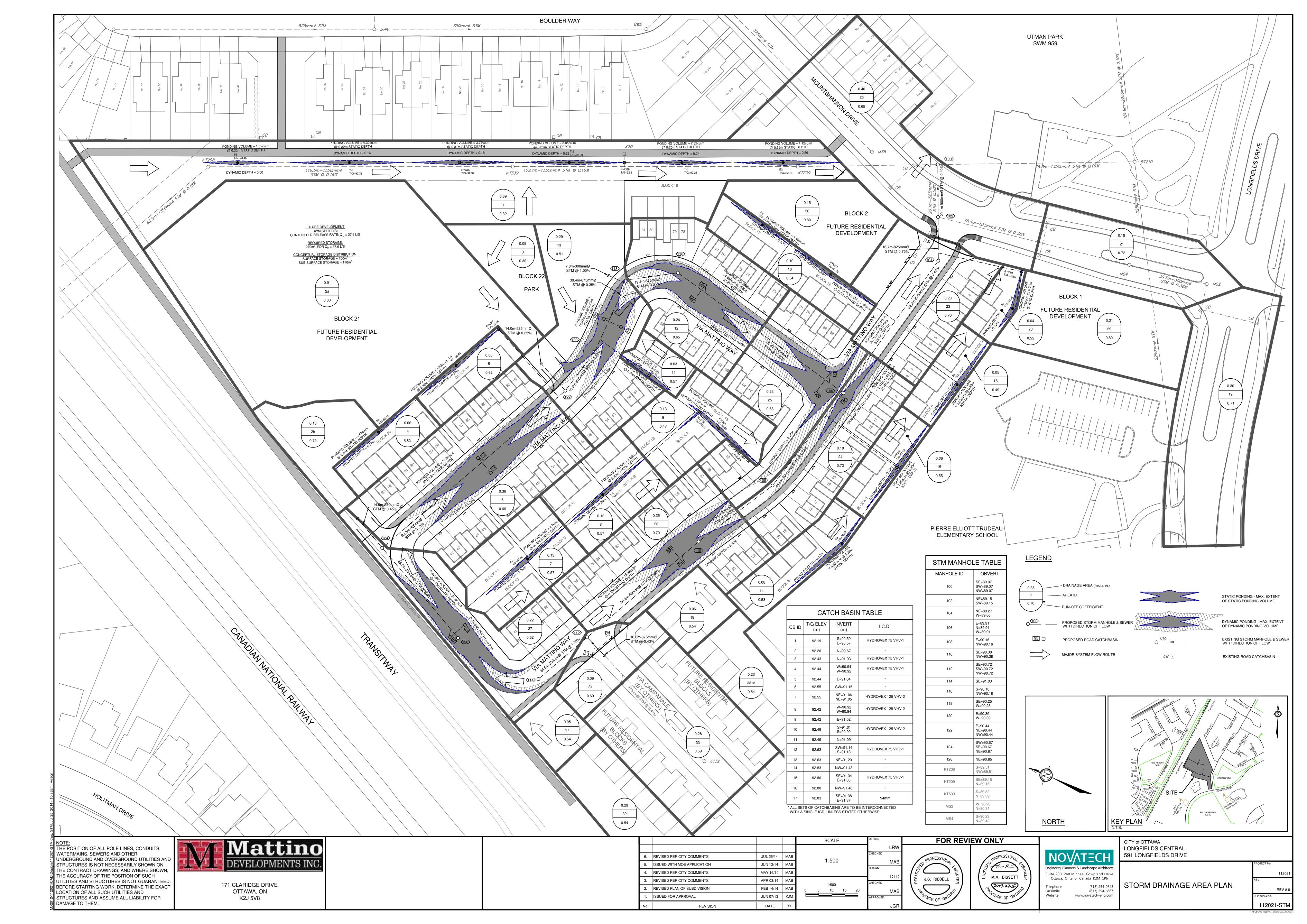
Excerpts from Longfields Central Site Servicing Report

Tempest LMF Correspondence & Documentation

PCSWMM Storage Node Curves

PCSWMM Model Results (Ponding) PCSWMM Model Results (HGL)

PCSWMM Model Schematics PCSWMM Model Results (100-year output data)



Longfields Central Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Study

Prepared for:



171 Claridge Drive Ottawa, ON K2J 5V8

Prepared by:

NOVATECH ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS LTD.

Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive Kanata, Ontario K2M 1P6

Issued: June 7, 2013

Revised: February 14, 2014

Revised: April 3, 2014 Revised: May 16, 2014 Revised: June 12, 2014 Revised: July 25, 2014

Ref: R-2014-073 Novatech File No. 112021

November 22, 2013

- Longfields Development (by Campanale)
 - o Revised Rearyard Areas: 0.34 ha + 0.29ha = 0.63 ha @ C = 0.54
 - Right-Of-Way Areas: 0.28 ha+ 0.09 ha = 0.37 ha @ C = 0.69

It is therefore noted that the revised areas contributing from the Campanale Development total to 1.0 ha and may cause an increase in major system flow contributing to SWM Park 959.

5.4.5 Future Development Blocks

During detailed design of the Longfields Development, it was determined that the medium density residential area is unable to provide the 64 L/s/ha and 100 m³/ha through surface storage within the roadway and rearyard areas as requested in the *Longfields Davidson Heights Serviceability Study Update Report (1998)*. To achieve the guidelines set out in the Longfields Davidson Heights Serviceability Study Update Report (1998) throughout the development, the following high unit residential blocks will be restricted to the design criteria provided below:

Block 1 (0.21 ha)

- Restricted minor system flow of 6.0 L/s (28.8 L/s/ha)
- On-Site storage of 20.8 m³ (100 m³/ha)

Block 2 (0.15 ha)

- Restricted minor system flow of 9.6 L/s (64 L/s/ha)
- On-Site storage of 25 m³ (167 m³/ha)

Block 21 (1.0 ha)

- Restricted minor system flow of 37.6 L/s (37.5 L/s/ha)
- On-Site storage of 270 m³ (270 m³/ha)
 - o 100 m³ of surface storage
 - o 170 m³ of underground storage using either:
 - Superpipe storage
 - Underground storage chambers

It has been determined that the storage suggested above for each future residential block is sufficient for each block and can be accommodated through both surface and subsurface storage. Conditions must be placed within the subdivision agreement and registered on title for the site plan for all future blocks for the on-site storage criteria and restrictive release rates provided above.

Conceptual calculations have been completed for Block 21 to ensure sufficient storage is available within the future block. Through conceptual grading, it was determined that 100 m³ of surface storage can be provided within storage sags throughout the parking lot areas. The additional 170 m³ of necessary storage will be provided beneath the parking lot areas throughout the block using underground storage chambers. The chambers will be installed to provide temporary subsurface storage of runoff from storms up to 1:100 year event. The chambers conceptually designed for this report are provided by Stormtech (or approved equivalent) and have been designed with the following system requirements:

TEMPEST Product Submittal Package R3



Date: June 15, 2022

Customer: Novatech

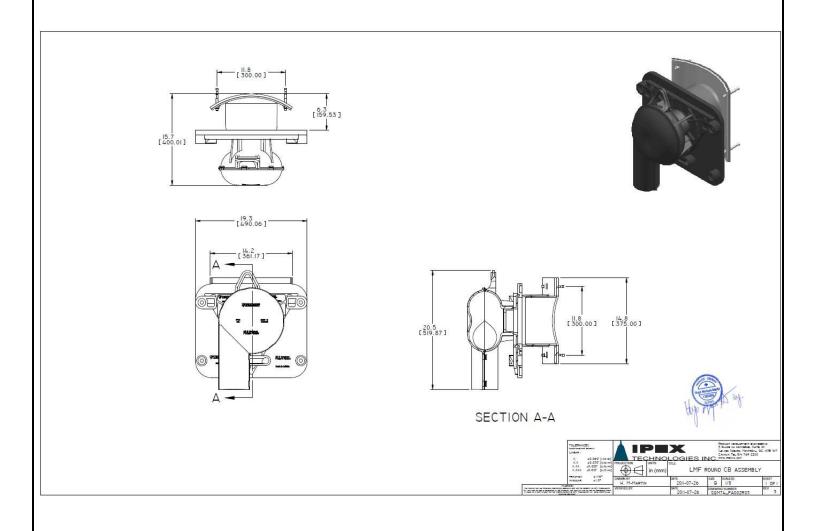
Contact: Lucas Wilson

Location: Ottawa

Project Name: Mattino Way

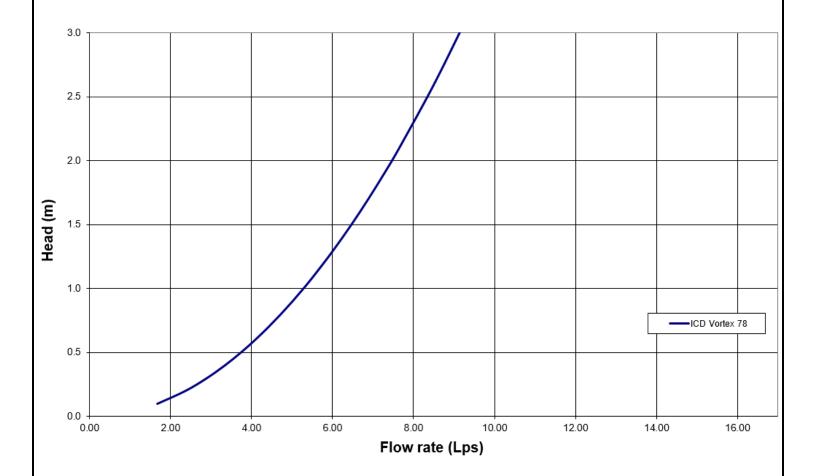


Tempest LMF ICD Rd Shop Drawing



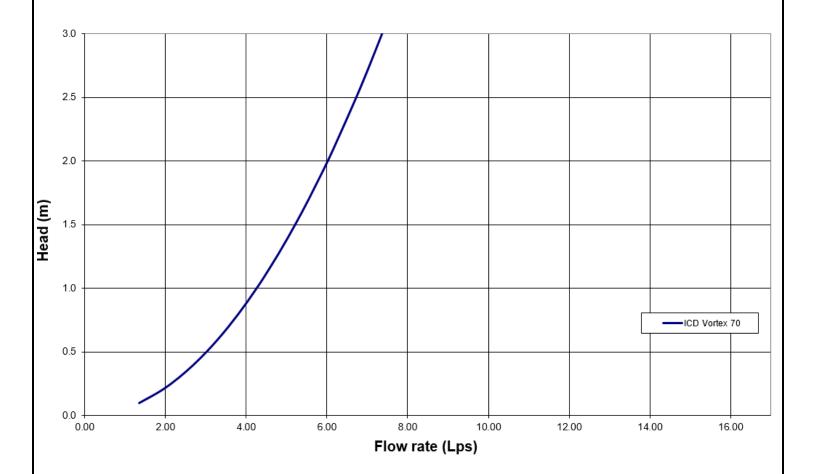


Flow: 8.1 L/s Head: 2.38 m CBMH1



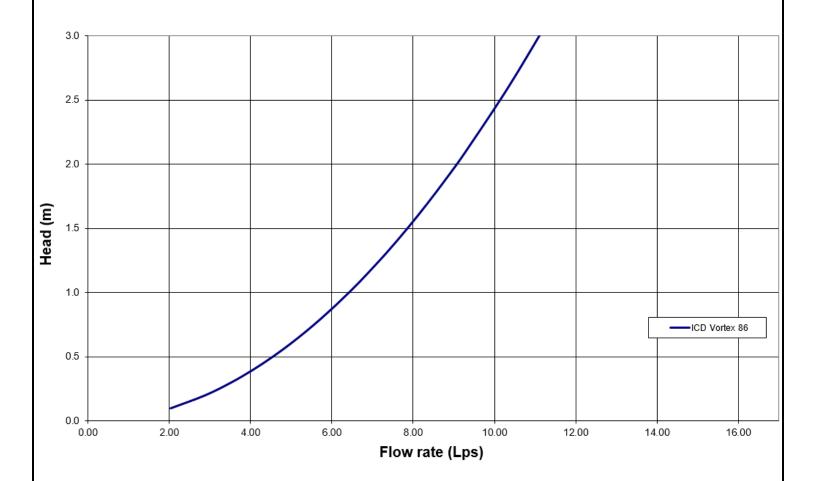


Flow: 6.0 L/s Head: 2.02 m CBMH2



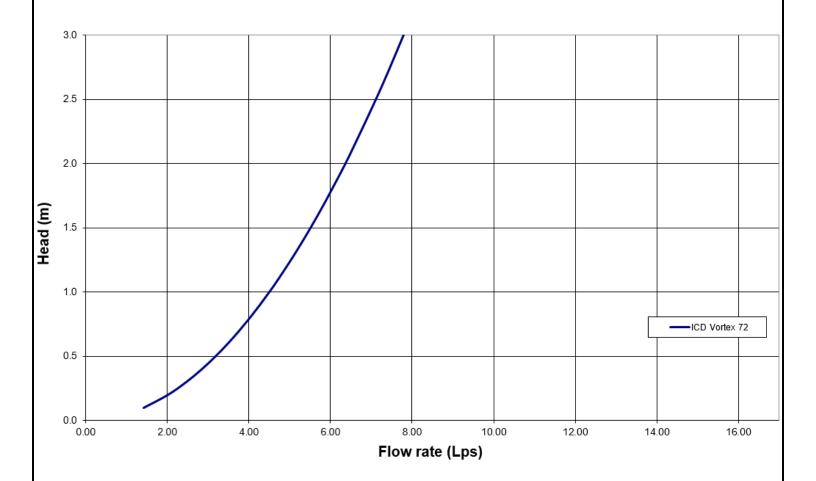


Flow: 9.8 L/s Head: 2.37 m CBMH3





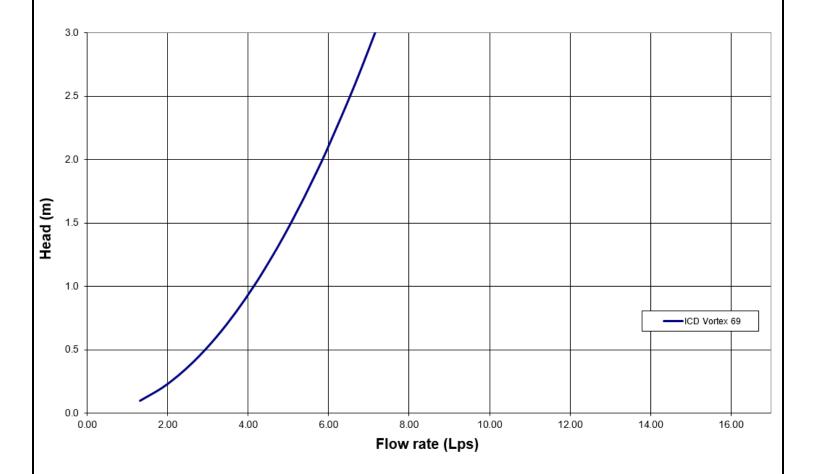
Flow: 7.1 L/s Head: 2.53 m CBMH6





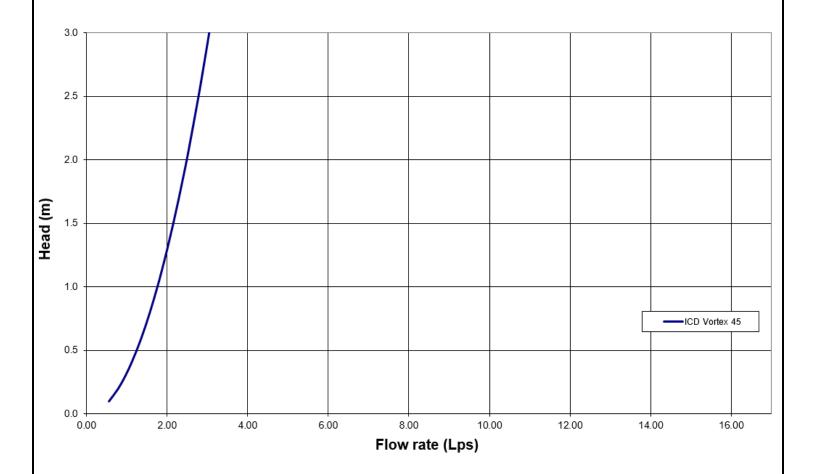
Flow: 6.4 L/s Head: 2.46 m

MH7





Flow: 2.5 L/s Head: 2 m SAN MH8

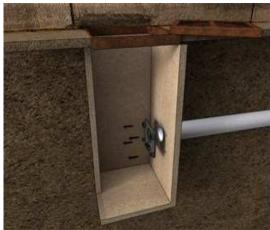




Square CB Installation Notes:

- 1. Materials and tooling verification:
 - Tooling: impact drill, 3/8" concrete bit, torque wrench for 9/16" nut, hand hammer, level, and marker.
 - Material: (4) concrete anchor 3/8x3-1/2, (4) washers, (4) nuts
- 2. Use the mounting wall plate to locate and mark the hole (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
- 3. Use an impact drill with a 3/8" concrete bit to make the four holes at a minimum of 1-1/2" depth up to 2-1/2". Clean the concrete dust from the holes.
- 4. Install the anchors (4) in the holes by using a hammer. Put the nuts on the top of the anchors to protect the threads when you will hit the anchors with the hammer. Remove the nuts on the ends of the anchors
- 5. Install the wall mounting plate on the anchors and screw the nut in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lbf-ft). There should be no gap between the wall mounting plate and the catch basin wall.
- 6. From ground above using a reach bar, lower the device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the LMF device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered in to the wall mounting plate and has created a seal.









Round CB Installation Notes: (Refer to square install notes above for steps 1, 3, & 4)

- 2. Use spigot catch basin wall plate to locate and mark the hole (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
- 5. Install the CB spigot wall plate on the anchors and screw the 4 nuts in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lb-ft). There should be no gap between the CB spigot wall plate and the catch basin wall.
- 6. Apply solvent cement on the hub of the universal mounting plate and the spigot of the spigot CB wall plate. Slide the hub over the spigot. Make sure the universal mounting plate is at the horizontal and its hub is completely inserted onto the spigot. Normally, the corners of the universal mounting plate hub adapter should touch the catch basin wall.
- 7. From ground above using a reach bar, lower the ICD device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the ICD device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered into the mounting plate and has created a seal.









CAUTION/WARNING/DISCLAIM:

- Verify that the inlet(s) pipe(s) is not protruding into the catch basin. If it is, cut it back so that the inlet pipe is flush with the catch basin wall.
- Any required cement in the installation must be approved for PVC.
- The solvent cement should not be used below 0°C (32°F) or in a high humidity environment. Please refer to the IPEX solvent cement guide to confirm required curing times or attend the IPEX Online Solvent Cement Training Course.
- Call your IPEX representative for more information or if you have any questions about our products.



IPEX TEMPEST Inlet Control Devices Technical Specification

General

Inlet control devices (ICD's) are designed to provide flow control at a specified rate for a given water head level and also provide odour and floatable control where specified. All ICD's will be IPEX Tempest or approved equal.

All devices shall be removable from a universal mounting plate. An operator from street level using only a T-bar with a hook will be able to retrieve the device while leaving the universal mounting plate secured to the catch basin wall face. The removal of the TEMPEST devices listed above must not require any unbolting or special manipulation or any special tools.

High Flow (HF) Sump devices will consist of a removable threaded cap which can be accessible from street level with out entry into the catchbasin (CB). The removal of the threaded cap shall not require any special tools other than the operator's hand.

ICD's must have no moving parts.

Materials

ICD's are to be manufactured from Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) or Polyurethane material, designed to be durable enough to withstand multiple freeze-thaw cycles and exposure to harsh elements.

The inner ring seal will be manufactured using a Buna or Nitrile material with hardness between Duro 50 and Duro 70.

The wall seal is to be comprised of a 3/8" thick Neoprene Closed Cell Sponge gasket which is attached to the back of the wall plate.

All hardware will be made from 304 stainless steel.

Dimensioning

The Low Medium Flow (LMF), High Flow (HF) and the High Flow (HF) Sump shall allow for a minimum outlet pipe diameter of 200mm with a 600mm deep Catch Basin sump.

Installation

Contractor shall be responsible for securing, supporting and connecting the ICD's to the existing influent pipe and catchbasin/manhole structure as specified and designed by the Engineer.



Block 21 - Mattino Way (112021-10) PCSWMM Storage Curves (surface storage)



CB1-Storage							
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)					
0.00	0.36	0.00					
1.77	0.36	0.64					
1.82	28.00	1.35					
1.87	92.00	4.35					
1.92	190.00	11.40					
1.97	290.00	23.40					
2.02	377.00	40.07					
2.021	0.00	40.26					
2.77	0.00	40.26					

CBMH1-Storage							
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)					
0.00	1.17	0.00					
2.25	1.17	2.63					
2.30	17.00	3.09					
2.35	68.00	5.21					
2.40	142.00	10.46					
2.45	222.00	19.56					
2.47	254.00	24.32					
2.48	0.00	25.59					
3.25	0.00	25.59					

CBMH2-Storage							
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)					
0.00	1.17	0.00					
1.76	1.17	2.06					
1.81	5.60	2.23					
1.86	22.60	2.93					
1.91	50.80	4.77					
1.96	90.30	8.30					
2.01	141.20	14.08					
2.03	164.60	17.14					
2.04	0.00	17.96					
3.04	0.00	17.96					

(m³)
0
8
8
6
54
86
2
3
3
)

CBMH4-Storage							
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)					
0.00	1.17	0.00					
2.11	1.17	2.47					
2.16	7.50	2.69					
2.21	30.00	3.62					
2.26	63.00	5.95					
2.31	110.00	10.27					
2.36	170.00	17.27					
2.41	260.00	28.02					
2.42	0.00	29.32					
3.11	0.00	29.32					

CBMH5-Storage							
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)					
0.00	1.17	0.00					
2.11	1.17	2.47					
2.16	17.10	2.93					
2.21	69.00	5.08					
2.26	147.10	10.48					
2.31	230.00	19.91					
2.33	261.00	24.82					
2.33	0.00	24.95					
3.11	0.00	24.95					

CBMH6-Storage								
Depth (m) Area (m ²) Volume (m								
0.00	1.17	0.00						
2.25	1.17	2.63						
2.30	12.16	2.97						
2.35	48.59	4.48						
2.40	108.89	8.42						
2.45	193.72	15.99						
2.50	297.64	28.27						
2.55	417.45	46.15						
2.56	0.00	48.24						
3.25	0.00	48.24						

CBMH7-Storage							
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m³)					
0.00	1.17	0.00					
2.06	1.17	2.41					
2.11	17.00	2.86					
2.16	68.00	4.99					
2.21	148.30	10.40					
2.26	260.00	20.60					
2.31	400.00	37.10					
2.32	0.00	39.10					
3.06	0.00	39.10					

CBMH8-Storage							
Depth (m) Area (m ²) Volume							
0.00	1.17	0.00					
1.86	1.17	2.18					
1.91	8.20	2.41					
1.96	33.00	3.44					
2.01	75.00	6.14					
2.06	132.00	11.32					
2.11	205.00	19.74					
2.16	290.00	32.12					
2.18	321.00	38.23					
2.181	0.00	38.39					
2.86	0.00	38.39					

Block 21 - Mattino Way (112021-10) PCSWMM Model Results (Ponding)



CB / CBMH Invert Rim Spill			Ponding	HGL Elev. (m) ¹			Ponding Depth (m)			Spill Depth (m)						
ID	Elev. (m)	Elev. (m)	Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	100-yr (+20%)	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	100-yr (+20%)	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	100-yr (+20%)
CB1	91.18	92.95	93.20	0.25	92.43	93.05	93.20	93.21	0.00	0.10	0.25	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
CBMH1	90.70	92.95	93.17	0.22	91.92	92.72	93.08	93.09	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CBMH2	91.19	92.95	93.22	0.27	92.04	92.79	93.20	93.22	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CBMH3	90.48	92.60	92.85	0.25	92.34	92.72	92.85	92.88	0.00	0.12	0.25	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
CBMH4	90.84	92.95	93.25	0.30	92.43	93.05	93.20	93.21	0.00	0.10	0.25	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CBMH5	90.74	92.85	93.07	0.22	91.92	92.72	93.08	93.09	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02
CBMH6	90.70	92.95	93.25	0.30	92.67	93.10	93.23	93.26	0.00	0.15	0.28	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
CBMH7	90.89	92.95	93.20	0.25	92.43	93.05	93.20	93.21	0.00	0.10	0.25	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
CBMH8	90.74	92.60	92.92	0.32	92.34	92.72	92.85	92.88	0.00	0.12	0.25	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

¹ 3-hour Chicago Storm.

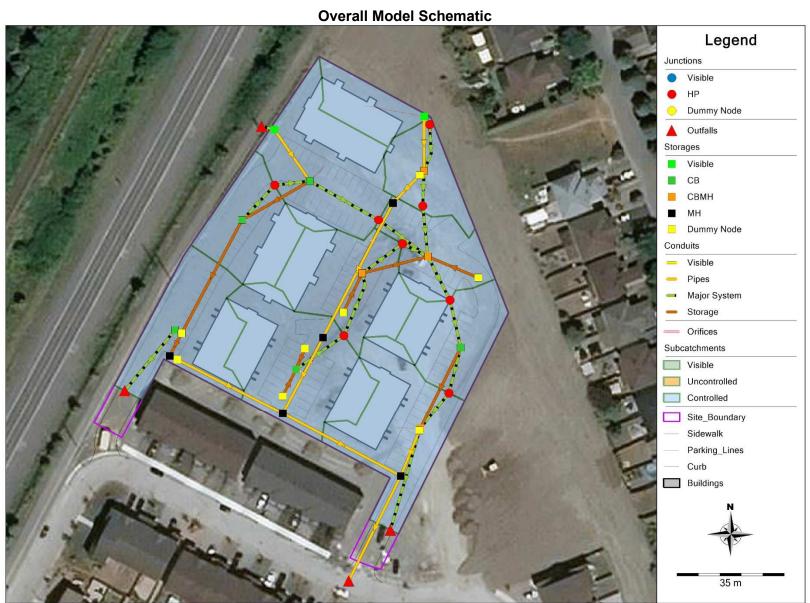
Block 21 - Mattino Way (112021-10) Summary of Hydraulic Grade Line (HGL) Elevations



MH ID	Obvert Elevation	T/G Elevation	HGL Elevation ¹	Surcharge	Clearance from T/G	HGL in Stress Test ¹
WIH ID	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)
MH1	90.53	92.75	90.68	0.15	2.07	90.69
MH3	90.64	93.40	90.69	0.05	2.71	90.69
MH5	90.77	93.23	90.69	0.00	2.54	90.69
MH7 (D/S ICD)	91.04	93.21	90.79	0.00	2.42	90.79
MH9	90.89	93.23	90.70	0.00	2.53	90.70

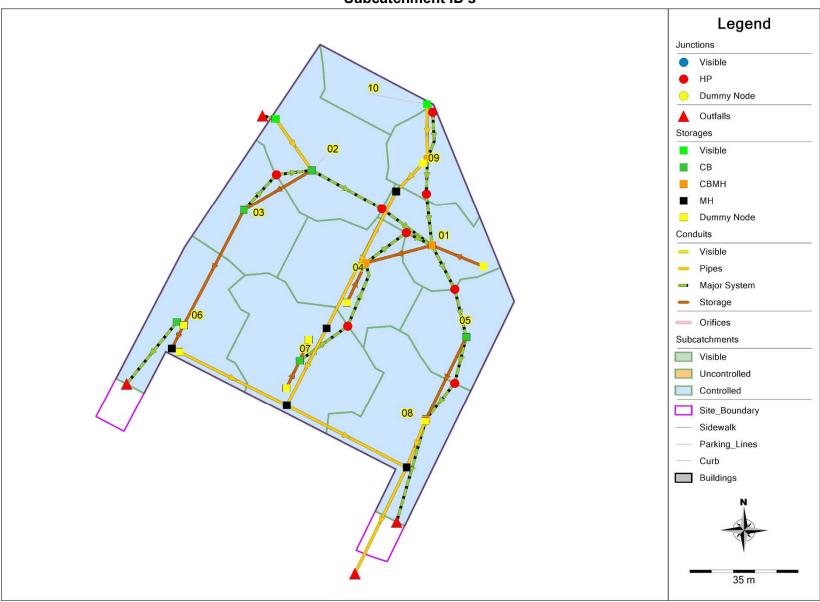
¹ 3-hour Chicago Storm; fixed outfall elevation of 90.68 m (100yr HGL in MH122).





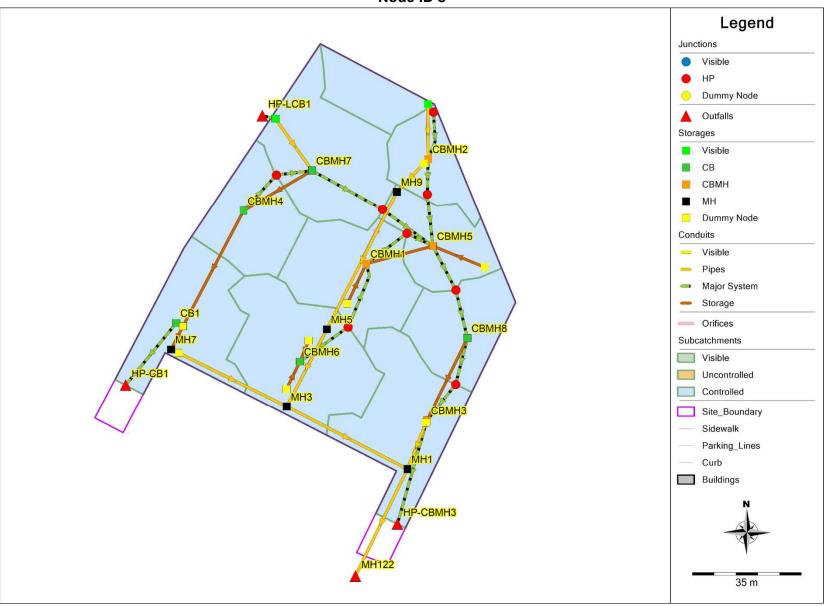


Subcatchment ID's





Node ID's



Date: 2022-06-16

M:\2012\112021\Block 21\DATA\Calculations\Sewer Calcs\SWM\PCSWMM\Model Schematic-Output\PCSWMM Model Schematic.docx

Block 21 – Mattino Way (112021-10) PCSWMM Model Output 100yr 3-hour Chicago Storm



EPA STORM WATER MANAG							MH7 MH7-ICD MH9	STORAGE STORAGE STORAGE	90. 90. 90.	74 52	2.47 2.47 2.72	0.0 0.0 0.0		
Longfields Block 21	1 PCSWMM Model	(112021-10)					RYCB1	STORAGE	91.	37	2.80	0.0		
*********** Element Count ********** Number of rain gage							********* Link Summary *********	From Node	To Node	Ту	/pe	Length	%Slope	Roughness
Number of subcatchm Number of nodes Number of links Number of pollutant Number of land uses							C01 C02 C04 C05 C06	CBMH2 CB1 CBMH4 HP-CBMH4 CBMH6	HP-CBMH2 HP-CB1 HP-CBMH4 CBMH7 HP-CBMH6	co co co	DNDUIT DNDUIT DNDUIT DNDUIT DNDUIT	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	-11.0672 -12.5988 -15.1717 15.1717 -15.1717	0.0150 0.0150 0.0150 0.0150 0.0150
**************************************							C07 C08 C09 C11	HP-CBMH6 CBMH7 HP-CBMH7 HP-CBMH2	CBMH1 HP-CBMH7 CBMH5 CBMH5	C0 C0	ONDUIT ONDUIT ONDUIT ONDUIT	2.0	-12.5988 17.7743 18.8249	0.0150 0.0150 0.0150 0.0150
Name	Data Source		Data Type	Record Interv	al		C12 C13 C14	CBMH1 HP-CBMH1 CBMH5	HP-CBMH1 CBMH5 HP-CBMH5	CO	ONDUIT ONDUIT ONDUIT	2.0 2.0 2.0	-11.0672 16.2088 -11.0672	0.0150 0.0150 0.0150
Raingagel	C3hr-100yr		INTENS	ITY 10 mi	1.		C15 C16 C17	HP-CBMH5 CBMH8 HP-CBMH8	CBMH8 HP-CBMH8 CBMH3	C0 C0	ONDUIT ONDUIT ONDUIT	2.0 2.0 2.0	24.1771 -16.2088 16.2088	0.0150 0.0150 0.0150
Subcatchment Summan	ry **						C18 C19 C20	CBMH3 HP-RYCB1 RYCB1	HP-CBMH3 CBMH2 HP-RYCB1	co	NDUIT NDUIT NDUIT	2.0 2.0 2.0	-12.5988 14.6549 -3.5021	0.0150 0.0150 0.0150
Name 	Area 	Width %Impe:		ope Rain Ga 000 Raingage		Outlet CBMH5	CB1-MH7 CBMH1-Storage CBMH2-MH9 CBMH3-ICD-MH1	CB1 CBMH01-Dummy CBMH2-ICD CBMH3-ICD	Dummy-CB1 CBMH1 MH9 MH1	co	ONDUIT ONDUIT ONDUIT	2.4 17.0 14.0 17.3	0.8334 0.1765 1.3573 0.5202	0.0130 0.0130 0.0130 0.0130
02 03 04	0.14 0.09 0.12	56.00 78.0 45.00 77.3 60.00 80.0	50 1.00 10 1.00	000 Raingage 000 Raingage 000 Raingage	1 1	CBMH7 CBMH4 CBMH1	CBMH4-MH7 CBMH5-CBMH1 CBMH5-Storage	CBMH4 CBMH5 CBMH5-Dummy	Dummy-CB1 CBMH1 CBMH5	co	NDUIT NDUIT	41.7 20.2 20.0	0.1918 0.1980 0.2000	0.0130 0.0130 0.0130
05 06	0.08 0.11	40.00 77.3 55.00 74.3	1.00 30 1.00	000 Raingage 000 Raingage	e1 e1	CBMH8 CB1	CBMH6-Storage1 CBMH6-Storage2	CBMH6-Dummy1 CBMH6-Dummy2	CBMH6 CBMH6	co	NDUIT NDUIT	10.2 10.2	0.1961 0.1961	0.0130 0.0130
07 08 09	0.15 0.13 0.05	75.00 72.9 65.00 70.0 33.33 20.0	00 1.00	000 Raingag 000 Raingag 000 Raingag	1	CBMH6 CBMH3 CBMH2	CBMH7-CBMH4 cbmh8-cbmh3 Dummy-CB1-MH7	CBMH7 CBMH8 Dummy-CB1	CBMH4 CBMH3 MH7	CO	ONDUIT ONDUIT ONDUIT	25.6 29.4 8.7	0.1953 0.2041 0.2299	0.0130 0.0130 0.0130
10	0.04	26.67 71.4		000 Raingag		RYCB1	LCB01-CBMH7 LCB1-HP-LCB1	LCB1 LCB1	CBMH7 HP-LCB1	co	NDUIT NDUIT	20.8	1.0097 -16.2088	0.0130 0.0350
************ Node Summary							MH1-MH122 MH3-MH1 MH5-MH3	MH1 MH3 MH5	MH122 MH1 MH3	CO	ONDUIT ONDUIT ONDUIT	37.8 43.4 28.7	0.2381 0.2535 0.2439	0.0130 0.0130 0.0130
**************************************	Type	Invert Elev.	Max. Depth	Ponded Area	External Inflow		MH7-MH3 MH9-MH5 RYCB1-CBMH2	MH7-ICD MH9 RYCB1	MH3 MH5 CBMH2	CO	ONDUIT ONDUIT ONDUIT	39.7 50.3 18.5	1.0076 0.2386 0.9730	0.0130 0.0130 0.0130
HP-CBMH1	JUNCTION	93.17	1.00	0.0			O-CBMH1 O-CBMH2	CBMH1 CBMH2	MH9 CBMH2-ICD	OR	RIFICE			
HP-CBMH2 HP-CBMH4 HP-CBMH5 HP-CBMH6	JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION	93.22 93.25 93.07 93.25	1.00 1.00 1.00	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0			O-CBMH3 O-CBMH6 O-MH7	CBMH3 CBMH6 MH7	CBMH3-ICD MH5 MH7-ICD	OR	RIFICE RIFICE RIFICE			
HP-CBMH7 HP-CBMH8 HP-RYCB1	JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION	93.20 92.92 93.24	1.00 1.00 1.00	0.0 0.0 0.0			**************************************	Summary						
HP-CB1 HP-CBMH3 HP-LCB1 MH122	OUTFALL OUTFALL OUTFALL OUTFALL	93.20 92.85 0.00 89.92	1.00 1.00 94.34 0.53	0.0 0.0 0.0			**************************************	****** Shape	Full Depth	Full Area	Hyd. Rad.	Max. No Width Bar		ull low
CB1 CBMH01-Dummy CBMH1	STORAGE STORAGE STORAGE	91.18 90.71 90.70	2.77 2.39 3.25	0.0 0.0 0.0			C01 C02 C04	RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN	1.00 1.00 1.00	3.00 3.00 3.00	0.75 0.75 0.75	3.00 3.00 3.00	1 54926 1 58604 1 64310	.17
CBMH2 CBMH2-ICD CBMH3	STORAGE STORAGE STORAGE	91.19 91.19 90.48	2.76 1.76 3.12	0.0			C05 C06 C07	RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN	1.00 1.00 1.00	3.00 3.00 3.00	0.75 0.75 0.75	3.00 3.00 3.00	1 64310 1 64310 1 64310	1.23
CBMH3-ICD CBMH4	STORAGE STORAGE	90.48 90.84	2.14	0.0			C08 C09	RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN	1.00	3.00	0.75 0.75	3.00 3.00	1 58604 1 69608	1.17
CBMH5 CBMH5-Dummy CBMH6	STORAGE STORAGE STORAGE	90.74 90.78 90.70	3.11 2.32 3.25	0.0 0.0 0.0			C11 C12 C13	RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN	1.00 1.00 1.00	3.00 3.00 3.00	0.75 0.75 0.75	3.00 3.00 3.00	1 71635 1 54926 1 66472	.48
CBMH6-Dummy1 CBMH6-Dummy2 CBMH7	STORAGE STORAGE STORAGE	90.72 90.72 90.89	3.28 2.58 3.06	0.0 0.0 0.0			C14 C15 C16	RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN	1.00 1.00 1.00	3.00 3.00 3.00	0.75 0.75 0.75	3.00 3.00 3.00	1 54926 1 81183 1 66472	.07
CBMH8 Dummy-CB1 LCB1	STORAGE STORAGE STORAGE	90.74 90.76 91.45	2.86 3.24 2.73	0.0 0.0 0.0			C17 C18 C19	RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN RECT_OPEN	1.00 1.00 1.00	3.00 3.00 3.00	0.75 0.75 0.75	3.00 3.00 3.00	1 66472 1 58604 1 63205	.17
MH1 MH3 MH5	STORAGE STORAGE STORAGE	90.01 90.19 90.32	2.74 3.21 2.91	0.0 0.0 0.0			C20 CB1-MH7 CBMH1-Storage	RECT_OPEN CIRCULAR CIRCULAR	1.00 0.20 0.60	3.00 0.03 0.28	0.75 0.05 0.15	3.00 0.20 0.60	1 30898 1 29 1 257	.94

Block 21 - Mattino Way (112021-10) **PCSWMM Model Output** 100yr 3-hour Chicago Storm



CBMH2-MH9	CIRCULAR	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.30	1	112.66
CBMH3-ICD-MH1	CIRCULAR	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.30	1	69.75
CBMH4-MH7	CIRCULAR	0.60	0.28	0.15	0.60	1	268.96
CBMH5-CBMH1	CIRCULAR	0.60	0.28	0.15	0.60	1	273.25
CBMH5-Storage	CIRCULAR	0.60	0.28	0.15	0.60	1	274.61
CBMH6-Storage1	CIRCULAR	0.60	0.28	0.15	0.60	1	271.91
CBMH6-Storage2	CIRCULAR	0.60	0.28	0.15	0.60	1	271.91
CBMH7-CBMH4	CIRCULAR	0.60	0.28	0.15	0.60	1	271.37
cbmh8-cbmh3	CIRCULAR	0.60	0.28	0.15	0.60	1	277.40
Dummy-CB1-MH7	CIRCULAR	0.60	0.28	0.15	0.60	1	294.41
LCB01-CBMH7	CIRCULAR	0.25	0.05	0.06	0.25	1	59.76
LCB1-HP-LCB1	RECT_OPEN	1.00	3.00	0.75	3.00	1	28488.04
MH1-MH122	CIRCULAR	0.53	0.22	0.13	0.53	1	209.86
MH3-MH1	CIRCULAR	0.45	0.16	0.11	0.45	1	143.54
MH5-MH3	CIRCULAR	0.45	0.16	0.11	0.45	1	140.81
MH7-MH3	CIRCULAR	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.30	1	97.07
MH9-MH5	CIRCULAR	0.38	0.11	0.09	0.38	1	85.64
RYCB1-CBMH2	CIRCULAR	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.30	1	95.39

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step.

Analysis Options Flow Units LPS Process Models:

Rainfall/Runoff YES RDII NO Snowmelt NO Groundwater NO Flow Routing YES Ponding Allowed YES Water Quality NO Infiltration Method HORTON Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE Surcharge Method EXTRAN

Starting Date 10/10/2019 00:00:00

Ending Date 10/10/2019 00:00:00
Ending Date 10/17/2019 00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days 0.0
Report Time Step 00:05:00
Wet Time Step 00:05:00 Maximum Trials 8 Number of Threads 4 Head Tolerance 0.001500 m $\,$

...... Control Actions Taken

Volume	Depth
hectare-m	mm
0.071	71.667
0.000	0.000
0.012	11.916
0.059 0.001 -0.974	59.673 0.776
Volume	Volume
hectare-m	10^6 ltr
0.000	0.000
0.059	0.591
0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000
0.002	0.019
0.061	0.609
0.000	0.000
	hectare-m 0.071 0.000 0.012 0.059 0.001 -0.974 Volume hectare-m 0.000 0.059 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000

Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000
Initial Stored Volume	0.003	0.027
Final Stored Volume	0.003	0.027
Continuity Error (%)	0.036	

********* Time-Step Critical Elements

None

******** Highest Flow Instability Indexes

Link O-CBMH2 (2)

******* Routing Time Step Summary *******

Minimum Time Step 0.26 sec 2.00 sec Average Time Step Maximum Time Step 2.00 sec Percent in Steady State Average Iterations per Step : 2.00 0.00 Percent Not Converging

******** Subcatchment Runoff Summary

			Total	Total	Total	Total	Imperv	Perv	Total
Total	Peak	Runoff							
			Precip	Runon	Evap	Infil	Runoff	Runoff	Runoff
Runoff									
Subc	atchment		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
10^6 1	tr	LPS							
01			71.67	0.00	0.00	6.95	59.73	4.67	64.40
0.05	38.40	0.899	71 67	0.00	0.00	0 51	55.74		61 07
0.09	65.69	0.865	71.67	0.00	0.00	9.51	55.74	6.23	61.97
0.09	65.69	0.000	71.67	0.00	0.00	10.16	54.74	6.73	61.47
0.06	42.32	0.858	/1.0/	0.00	0.00	10.16	34.74	0.73	01.47
04	12.02	0.000	71.67	0.00	0.00	8.85	56.87	5.94	62.80
0.08	57.04	0.876							
05			71.67	0.00	0.00	10.16	54.62	6.73	61.35
0.05	37.62	0.856							
06			71.67	0.00	0.00	11.42	52.57	7.50	60.07
0.07	51.12	0.838							
07			71.67	0.00	0.00	12.05	51.74	7.88	59.62
0.09	69.27	0.832							
08			71.67	0.00	0.00	13.36	49.57	8.66	58.23
0.08	59.18	0.813	71 67	0.00	0.00	25.05		01.00	25.04
09	15.00	0 500	71.67	0.00	0.00	36.26	14.11	21.92	36.04
0.02	15.98	0.503	71 67	0.00	0.00	10 67	E0 20	0.45	EO 74
10	18.61	0.820	71.67	0.00	0.00	12.67	50.29	8.45	58.74
0.02	10.61	0.020							

******* Node Depth Summary

Node	Type	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	0ccu	of Max rrence hr:min	Reporte Max Dept Meter
HP-CBMH1	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	93.17	0	00:00	0.0
HP-CBMH2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	93.22	0	00:00	0.0
HP-CBMH4	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	93.25	0	00:00	0.0
HP-CBMH5	JUNCTION	0.00	0.01	93.08	0	01:21	0.0
HP-CBMH6	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	93.25	0	00:00	0.0
HP-CBMH7	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	93.20	0	00:00	0.0
HP-CBMH8	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	92.92	0	00:00	0.0
HP-RYCB1	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	93.24	0	00:00	0.0

Block 21 – Mattino Way (112021-10) PCSWMM Model Output 100yr 3-hour Chicago Storm



HP-0	CB1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	93.20	0	00:00	0.00
HP-0	CBMH3	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	92.85	0	00:00	0.00
HP-	LCB1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0.00
MH1:	22	OUTFALL	0.76	0.76	90.68	0	00:00	0.76
CB1		STORAGE	0.09	2.02	93.20	0	02:13	2.02
CBM	H01-Dummy	STORAGE	0.07	2.37	93.08	0	01:21	2.36
CBM	H1	STORAGE	0.05	2.38	93.08	0	01:21	2.37
CBM	H2	STORAGE	0.02	2.01	93.20	0	01:28	2.01
CBM	H2-ICD	STORAGE	0.00	0.05	91.24	0	01:28	0.05
CBM	H3	STORAGE	0.24	2.37	92.85	0	01:40	2.37
CBM	H3-ICD	STORAGE	0.20	0.21	90.69	0	01:09	0.21
CBM	H4	STORAGE	0.11	2.36	93.20	0	02:12	2.36
CBM	H5	STORAGE	0.05	2.34	93.08	0	01:21	2.33
CBM	H5-Dummy	STORAGE	0.05	2.30	93.08	0	01:20	2.29
CBM	H6	STORAGE	0.05	2.53	93.23	0	01:34	2.53
CBM	H6-Dummy1	STORAGE	0.05	2.51	93.23	0	01:34	2.51
CBM	H6-Dummy2	STORAGE	0.05	2.51	93.23	0	01:34	2.51
CBM	H7	STORAGE	0.10	2.31	93.20	0	02:13	2.31
CBM	H8	STORAGE	0.04	2.11	92.85	0	01:38	2.11
Dum	my-CB1	STORAGE	0.11	2.44	93.20	0	02:12	2.44
LCB:	1	STORAGE	0.07	1.75	93.20	0	02:11	1.75
MH1		STORAGE	0.67	0.67	90.68	0	01:32	0.67
MH3		STORAGE	0.49	0.50	90.69	0	01:32	0.50
MH5		STORAGE	0.36	0.37	90.69	0	01:32	0.37
MH7		STORAGE	0.12	2.46	93.20	0	02:12	2.46
MH7	-ICD	STORAGE	0.00	0.05	90.79	0	02:13	0.05
MH9		STORAGE	0.16	0.18	90.70	0	01:08	0.18
RYC	B1	STORAGE	0.02	1.83	93.20	0	01:28	1.83

Node Inflow Summary

		Lateral Inflow	Maximum Total Inflow	Occu	of Max	Lateral Inflow Volume	Total Inflow Volume	Flow Balance Error
Node	Type	LPS	LPS	days	hr:min	10^6 ltr	10^6 ltr	Percent
HP-CBMH1	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
HP-CBMH2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
HP-CBMH4	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
HP-CBMH5	JUNCTION	0.00	18.12	0	01:21	0	0.00725	-0.001
HP-CBMH6	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
HP-CBMH7	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
HP-CBMH8	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
HP-RYCB1	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
HP-CB1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
HP-CBMH3	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
HP-LCB1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0	0	0.000 lt
MH122	OUTFALL	0.00	37.41	0	01:35	0	0.628	0.000
CB1	STORAGE	51.12	61.83	0	01:10	0.0661	0.0714	0.017
CBMH01-Dummy	STORAGE	0.00	12.46	0	01:07	0	0.00673	0.366
CBMH1	STORAGE	57.04	58.78	0	01:09	0.0754	0.142	0.007
CBMH2	STORAGE	15.98	34.09	0	01:10	0.018	0.0417	-0.059
CBMH2-ICD	STORAGE	0.00	6.02	0	01:28	0	0.0417	0.108
CBMH3	STORAGE	59.18	70.65	0	01:10	0.0757	0.133	0.006
CBMH3-ICD	STORAGE	0.00	9.79	0	01:40	0	0.135	0.002
CBMH4	STORAGE	42.32	68.02	0	01:05	0.0553	0.142	-0.016
CBMH5	STORAGE	38.40	92.08	0	01:09	0.0515	0.075	0.025
CBMH5-Dummy	STORAGE	0.00	14.88	0	01:05	0	0.00817	0.059
CBMH6	STORAGE	69.27	69.41	0	01:10	0.0894	0.0975	0.035
CBMH6-Dummv1	STORAGE	0.00	11.43	0	01:05	0	0.00404	0.008
CBMH6-Dummy2	STORAGE	0.00	11.43	0	01:05	0	0.00404	0.008
CBMH7	STORAGE	65.69	67.63	0	01:10	0.0868	0.0911	-0.012
CBMH8	STORAGE	37.62	37.62	0	01:10	0.0491	0.057	-0.025
Dummy-CB1	STORAGE	0.00	59.38	0	01:06	0	0.214	0.019
LCB1	STORAGE	0.00	11.25	0	01:02	0	0.00431	0.048
MH1	STORAGE	0.00	37.41	0	01:35	0	0.629	0.000
MH3	STORAGE	0.00	27.62	0	01:33	0	0.489	-0.000
MH5	STORAGE	0.00	21.26	0	01:30	0	0.27	-0.001
MH7	STORAGE	0.00	18.55	0	01:06	0	0.208	0.002
MH7-ICD	STORAGE	0.00	6.37	0	02:12	0	0.208	0.000
MH9	STORAGE	0.00	14.15	0	01:24	0	0.168	-0.001
RYCB1	STORAGE	18.61	18.61	0	01:10	0.0235	0.0235	-0.033

 No nodes were surcharged.

Node Flooding Summary

No nodes were flooded.

Storage Unit	Average Volume 1000 m3	Avg Pcnt Full	Pont	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 m3	Max Pont Full	0cci	of Max rrence hr:min	Maximum Outflow LPS
CB1	0.001	2	0	0	0.039	97	0	02:13	40.49
CBMH01-Dummy	0.000	3	0	0	0.000	99	0	01:21	2.62
CBMH1	0.000	0	0	0	0.008	30	0	01:21	61.22
CBMH2	0.000	0	0	0	0.014	77	0	01:28	6.02
CBMH2-ICD	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	3	0	01:28	6.02
CBMH3	0.001	2	0	0	0.041	99	0	01:40	14.07
CBMH3-ICD	0.000	9	0	0	0.000	10	0	01:09	9.79
CBMH4	0.000	1	0	0	0.017	57	0	02:12	27.62
CBMH5	0.000	1	0	0	0.025	100	0	01:20	18.29
CBMH5-Dummy	0.000	2	0	0	0.000	99	0	01:20	5.60
CBMH6	0.000	1	0	0	0.038	79	0	01:34	29.52
CBMH6-Dummy1	0.000	1	0	0	0.000	77	0	01:34	1.88
CBMH6-Dummy2	0.000	2	0	0	0.000	97	0	01:34	1.88
CBMH7	0.001	2	0	0	0.036	92	0	02:13	35.31
CBMH8	0.000	1	0	0	0.020	52	0	01:38	20.91
Dummy-CB1	0.000	4	0	0	0.002	75	0	02:12	18.55
LCB1	0.000	3	0	0	0.001	64	0	02:11	2.41
MH1	0.001	24	0	0	0.001	25	0	01:32	37.41
MH3	0.000	15	0	0	0.001	16	0	01:32	27.62
MH5	0.000	12	0	0	0.000	13	0	01:32	21.26
MH7	0.000	5	0	0	0.003	99	0	02:12	6.37
MH7-ICD	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	2	0	02:13	6.37
MH9	0.000	6	0	0	0.000	7	0	01:08	14.15
RYCB1	0.000	1	0	0	0.001	94	0	01:28	18.27

	Flow	Avg	Max	Total
	Freq	Flow	Flow	Volume
Outfall Node	Pont	LPS	LPS	10^6 ltr
HP-CB1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
HP-CBMH3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
HP-LCB1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
MH122	83.62	1.28	37.41	0.628
System	20.90	1.28	37.41	0.628

		Maximum Flow	0ccu	of Max	Maximum Veloc	Max/ Full	Max/ Full
Link	Type	LPS	days	hr:min	m/sec	Flow	Depth
C01	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.10
C02	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C04	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C05	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C06	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.14
C07	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.06
C08	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C09	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.11
C11	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.11
C12	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.06
C13	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.11

Block 21 – Mattino Way (112021-10) PCSWMM Model Output 100yr 3-hour Chicago Storm



C14	CONDUIT	18.12	0	01:21	0.05	0.00	0.12
C15	CONDUIT	18.15	0	01:21	0.05	0.00	0.13
C16	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.13
C17	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C18	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C19	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C20	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.01
CB1-MH7	CONDUIT	40.49	0	01:06	1.29	1.35	1.00
CBMH1-Storage	CONDUIT	12.46	0	01:07	0.07	0.05	1.00
CBMH2-MH9	CONDUIT	6.02	0	01:28	0.83	0.05	0.16
CBMH3-ICD-MH1	CONDUIT	9.79	0	01:40	0.16	0.14	0.83
CBMH4-MH7	CONDUIT	27.62	0	01:07	0.19	0.10	1.00
CBMH5-CBMH1	CONDUIT	51.44	0	01:08	0.18	0.19	1.00
CBMH5-Storage	CONDUIT	14.88	0	01:05	0.05	0.05	1.00
CBMH6-Storage1	CONDUIT	11.43	0	01:05	0.04	0.04	1.00
CBMH6-Storage2	CONDUIT	11.43	0	01:05	0.04	0.04	1.00
CBMH7-CBMH4	CONDUIT	29.61	0	01:05	0.26	0.11	1.00
cbmh8-cbmh3	CONDUIT	20.91	0	01:22	0.18	0.08	1.00
Dummy-CB1-MH7	CONDUIT	18.55	0	01:06	0.19	0.06	1.00
LCB01-CBMH7	CONDUIT	11.25	0	01:02	0.29	0.19	1.00
LCB1-HP-LCB1	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.01
MH1-MH122	CONDUIT	37.41	0	01:35	0.17	0.18	1.00
MH3-MH1	CONDUIT	27.62	0	01:33	0.17	0.19	1.00
MH5-MH3	CONDUIT	21.26	0	01:30	0.14	0.15	0.90
MH7-MH3	CONDUIT	6.37	0	02:13	0.15	0.07	0.59
MH9-MH5	CONDUIT	14.15	0	01:23	0.19	0.17	0.63
RYCB1-CBMH2	CONDUIT	18.27	0	01:10	0.26	0.19	1.00
O-CBMH1	ORIFICE	8.14	0	01:21			1.00
O-CBMH2	ORIFICE	6.02	0	01:28			1.00
O-CBMH3	ORIFICE	9.79	0	01:40			1.00
O-CBMH6	ORIFICE	7.11	0	01:34			1.00
O-MH7	ORIFICE	6.37	0	02:12			1.00

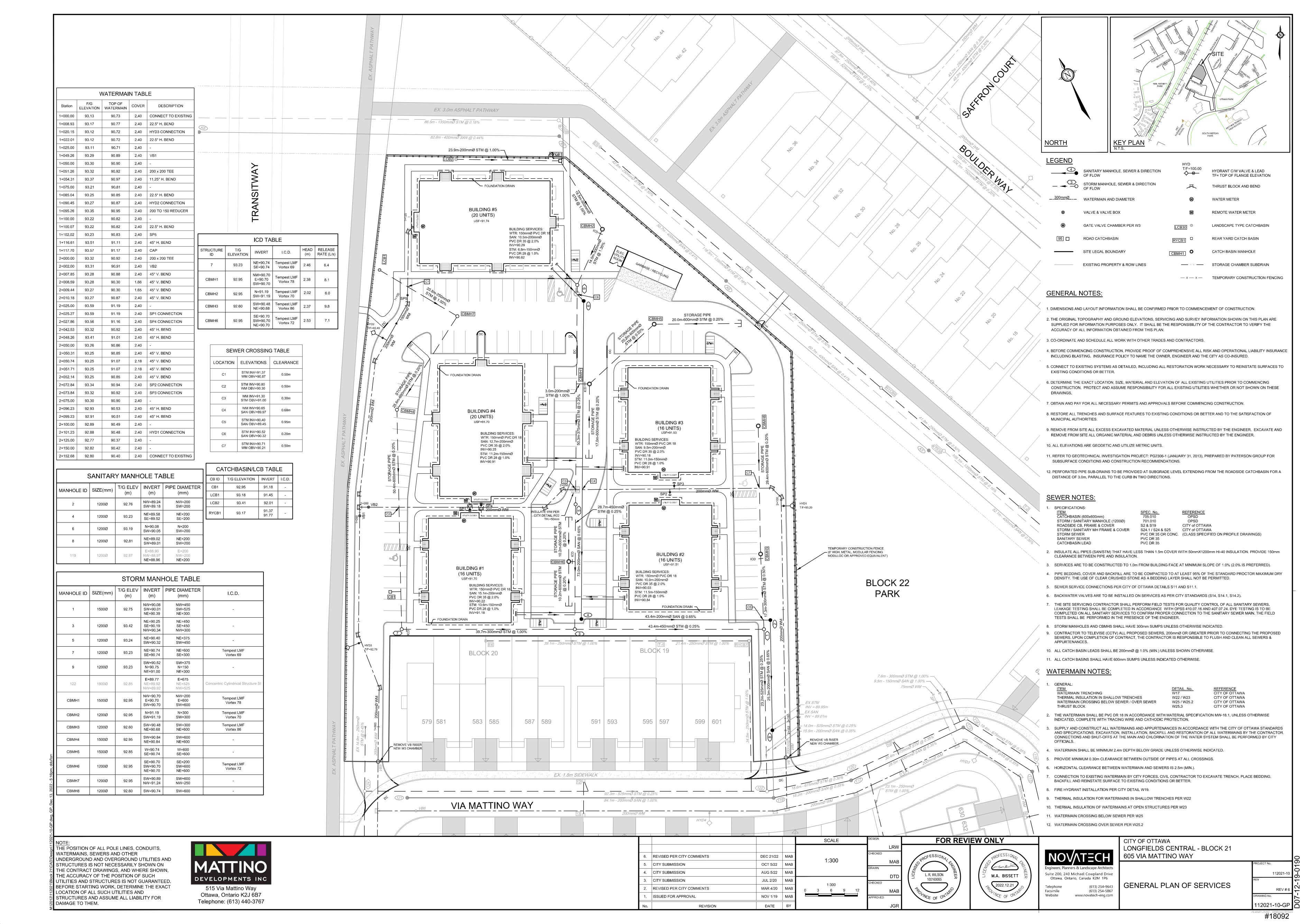
	Adjusted			Fraction of		Time	in Flo	w Clas	w Class	
Conduit	/Actual Length	Dry	Up Dry	Down Dry	Sub Crit	Sup Crit	Up Crit	Down Crit	Norm Ltd	Inle
C01	1.00	0.99	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C02	1.00	0.96	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C04	1.00	0.96	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C05	1.00	0.96	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C06	1.00	0.98	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C07	1.00	0.99	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C08	1.00	0.96	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C09	1.00	0.98	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C11	1.00	0.98	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C12	1.00	0.99	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C13	1.00	0.98	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C14	1.00	0.98	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00
C15	1.00	0.98	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00
C16	1.00	0.98	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C17	1.00	0.98	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C18	1.00	0.98	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C19	1.00	0.99	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C20	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CB1-MH7	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00
CBMH1-Storage	1.00	0.76	0.20	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00
CBMH2-MH9	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
CBMH3-ICD-MH1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CBMH4-MH7	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
CBMH5-Storage	1.00	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00
	1.00	0.78	0.18	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
CBMH6-Storage1 CBMH6-Storage2	1.00	0.78	0.18	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
CBMH7-CBMH4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00
cbmh8-cbmh3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.01	0.00
cbmh8-cbmh3 Dummy-CB1-MH7 LCB01-CBMH7	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00
LCB01-CBMH7	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.94	0.00
LCB1-HP-LCB1		0.99	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MH1-MH122	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MH3-MH1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MH5-MH3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MH7-MH3	1.00	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
MH9-MH5	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
RYCB1-CBMH2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00

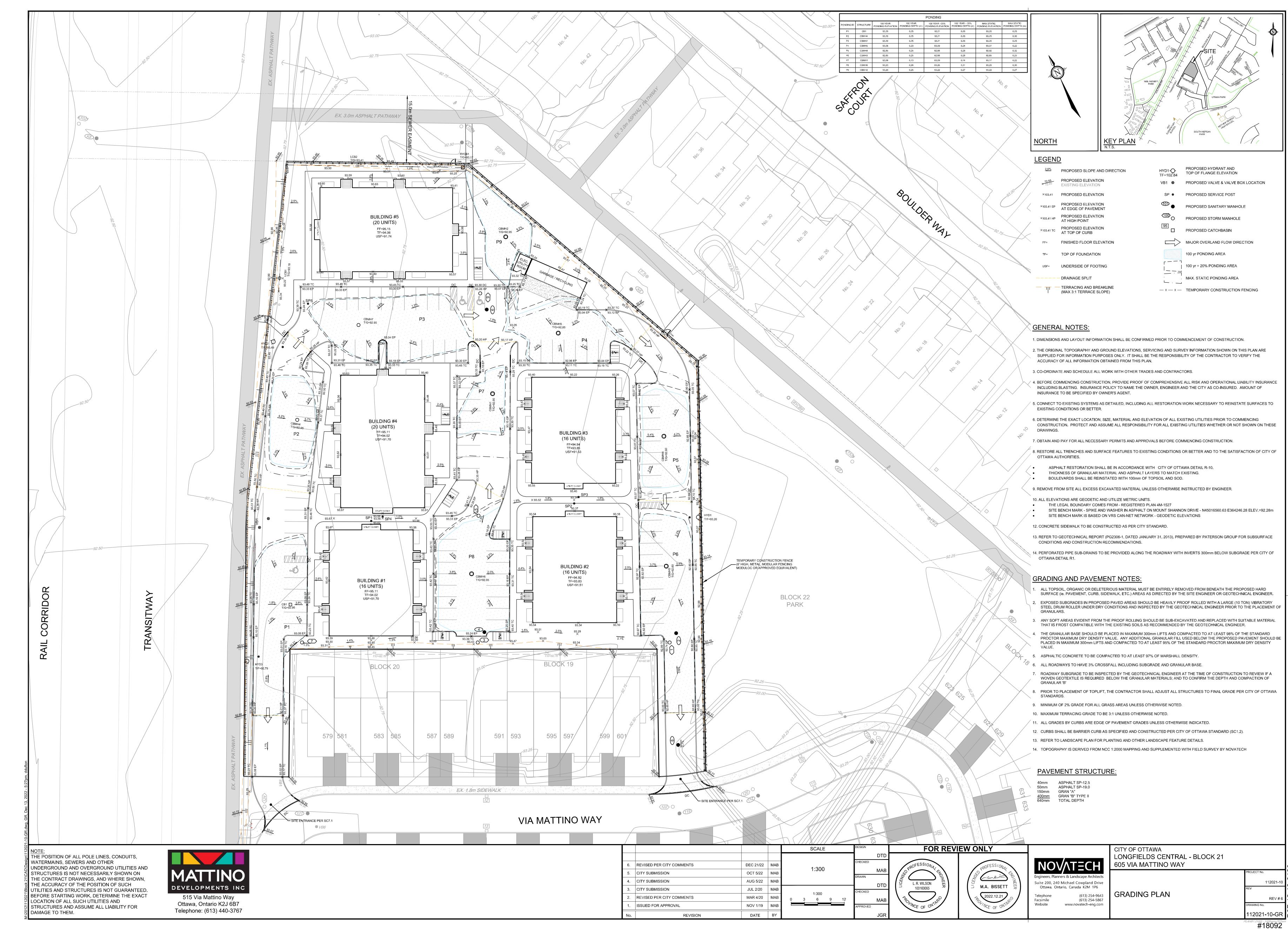
CB1-MH7 CBMH1-Storage CBMH4-MH7 CBMH5-CBMH1		Upstream	Dnstream	Above Full Normal Flow	Limited
CBMH4-MH7 CBMH5-CBMH1		8.65			0.11
CBMH5-CBMH1	3.67	3.67	3.71	0.01	0.01
	8.49	8.49	8.71	0.01	0.01
CBMH5-Storage	3.65	3.65	3.71	0.01	0.01
	3.61	3.61	3.65	0.01	0.01
CBMH6-Storage1	3.30	3.30	3.31	0.01	0.01
CBMH6-Storage2	3.30	3.30	3.31	0.01	0.01
CBMH7-CBMH4	8.37	8.37	8.49	0.01	0.01
cbmh8-cbmh3	3.45	3.45	3.49	0.01	0.01
Dummy-CB1-MH7	8.71	8.71	8.78	0.01	0.01
LCB01-CBMH7	7.92	7.92	8.37	0.01	0.01
MH1-MH122 16	8.00	168.00	168.00	0.01	0.01
MH3-MH1 16	8.00	168.00	168.00	0.01	0.01
MH7-MH3	0.01	0.01	167.75	0.01	0.01
RYCB1-CBMH2					

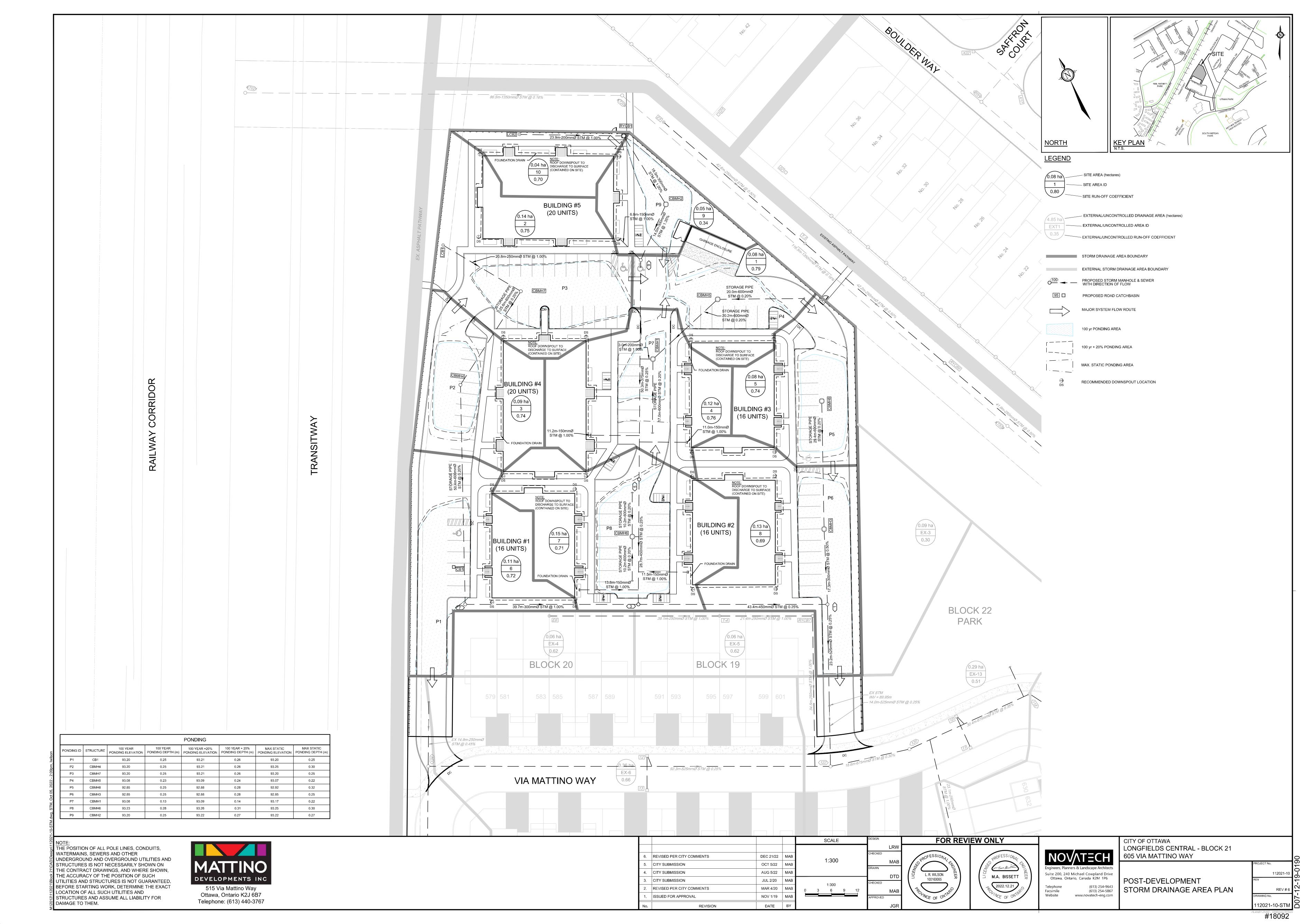
Analysis begun on: Wed Jun 15 15:32:05 2022 Analysis ended on: Wed Jun 15 15:32:10 2022 Total elapsed time: 00:00:05

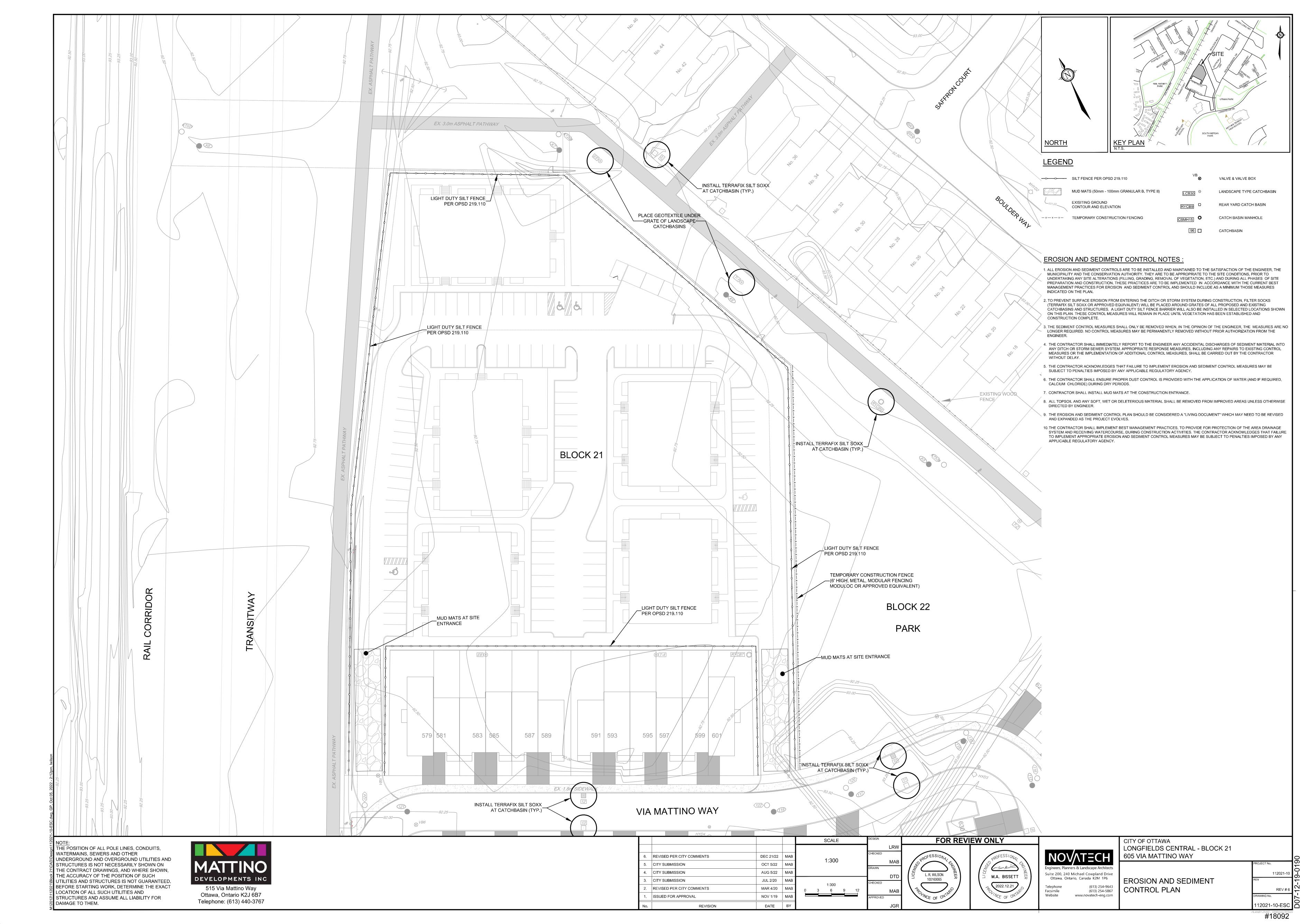
APPENDIX C: Drawings

112021-10-GP 112021-10-GR 112021-10-STM 112021-10-ESC









APPENDIX D: Geotechnical Memorandums

Geotechnical Review – Block 21 Existing Soils Information (Nov. 12/19) Geotechnical Review – Block 21 Existing Information (Nov. 23/20)

patersongroup

memorandum

consulting engineers

Geotechnical Review - Block 21 Existing Soils Information

Proposed Residential Development Block 21 - 591 Via Mattino Way - Ottawa

Mattino Homes - Mr. Pino Mattino - mattino.ca@gmail.com to:

date: November 12, 2019 PG2306-MEMO.08 file:

The present memorandum has been prepared to provide a geotechnical review of the existing soils information located within the area of Block 21 within the aforementioned site. The present report should be read in conjunction with Paterson Report PG2306-1 dated January 13, 2013. Our response is summarized below:

Review of Existing Soils Information - Block 21

Paterson has reviewed the above noted geotechnical report with respect to the location of Block 21 within the development. Based on our review, the proposed development at Block 21 is partially within the area of study. A consistent subsurface profile was noted across the area of study and it is anticipated that a similar subsurface profile will be encountered within Block 21.

Therefore, the above noted geotechnical report is applicable for the proposed developments to be located within Block 21. A typical materials testing and inspection program for residential developments is required to be carried out during construction to confirm the geotechnical recommendations in the above noted geotechnical report, including the provided bearing capacities.

Nov. 12 ° We trust that this information satisfies your immediate requirements.

Paterson Group Inc.

Colin Belcourt, P.Eng.

David J. Gilbert, P.Eng.

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memorandum

consulting engineers

re: Geotechnical Review - Block 21 Existing Information

Proposed Residential Development Block 21 - 591 Via Mattino Way - Ottawa

to: Mattino Homes - Mr. Pino Mattino - mattino.ca@gmail.com

date: November 23, 2020 file: PG2306-MEMO.09

Further to your request, Paterson Group (Paterson) prepared a response for the geotechnical review comments received from the City of Ottawa based on the memo issued on November 12, 2019 (PG2306-MEMO.06) for the proposed residential development of Block 21 within the aforementioned site.

Review of Existing Geotechnical Information - Block 21

Paterson reviewed the available geotechnical information for Block 21. The subject site has a consistent subsoil profile which is suitable for the proposed residential development. The available geotechnical information for Block 21 is in general conformance with City of Ottawa Geotechnical Investigation Guidelines. It's expected that during the construction phase, each foundation will be subjected to a geotechnical field inspection to confirm geotechnical conditions and design parameters.

Grading Plan Review

A grading plan prepared by Novatech Engineering (Drawing 112021-10-GR Revision 3 dated July 2, 2020 was reviewed and approved. Memo enclosed.

We trust that this information satisfies your requirements.

Best Regards,

Paterson Group Inc.

Carlos P. Da Silva, P.Eng., ing., QP_{ESA}



patersongroup

memorandum

consulting engineers

re: Grading Plan Review - Block 21

Proposed Residential Development Block 21 - 591 Via Mattino Way - Ottawa

to: Mattino Homes - Mr. Pino Mattino - mattino.ca@gmail.com

date: November 23, 2020 file: PG2306-MEMO.10

Further to your request, Paterson Group (Paterson) reviewed the following grading plan for the proposed residential complex with one basement level parking at the aforementioned site.

Grading Plan Review

A grading plan prepared by Novatech Engineering (Drawing 112021-10-GR Revision 3 dated July 2, 2020 was reviewed for Block 21.

Paterson Review

Based on the stiff to very stiff nature of the upper silty clay deposit and the underlying firm clay, the final grading being proposed for the subject development is within the acceptable permissible grade raise of 1.2 m and considered satisfactory from a geotechnical perspective.

We trust that this information satisfies your requirements.

Best Regards,

Paterson Group Inc.

Carlos P. Da Silva, P.Eng., ing., QP_{ESA}



