Geotechnical Engineering

Environmental Engineering

Hydrogeology

Geological Engineering

Materials Testing

Building Science

Archaeological Services

patersongroup

Phase II Environmental Site Assessment

1050 and 1060 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

Prepared For

2641723 Ontario Inc.

Paterson Group Inc.

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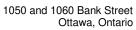




TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXE	CUIIV	'E SUMMARY	
1.0	INTF	RODUCTION	1
	1.1	Site Description	1
	1.2	Property Ownership	1
	1.3	Current and Proposed Future Uses	2
	1.4	Applicable Site Condition Standard	2
2.0	BAC	KGROUND INFORMATION	2
	2.1	Physical Setting	2
	2.2	Past Investigations	
3.0	SCO	PE OF INVESTIGATION	6
	3.1	Overview of Site Investigation	6
	3.2	Media Investigated	
	3.3	Phase I Conceptual Site Model	6
	3.4	Deviations from Sampling and Analysis Plan	10
	3.5	Impediments	
4.0	INVE	STIGATION METHOD	
	4.1	Subsurface Investigation	10
	4.2	Soil Sampling	
	4.3	Field Screening Measurements	
	4.4	Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation	
	4.5	Groundwater Sampling	
	4.7	Residue Management	
	4.8	Elevation Surveying	
	4.9	Quality Assurance and Quality Control Measures	
5.0		IEW AND EVALUATION	
	5.1	Geology	
	5.2	Groundwater Elevations, Flow Direction, and Hydraulic Gradient	
	5.3	Fine-Coarse Soil Texture	
	5.4	Soil: Field Screening	
	5.5	Soil Quality	
	5.6	Groundwater Quality	
	5.7	Quality Assurance and Quality Control Results	
	5.8	Phase II Conceptual Site Model	
6.0		ICLUSIONS	
7.0	STA	TEMENT OF LIMITATIONS	37



List of Figures

Figure 1 - Key Plan

Drawing PE4783-3 - Test Hole Location Plan

Drawing PE4783-4- Groundwater Contour Plan

Drawing PE4783-5A – Analytical Testing Plan – Soil

Drawing PE4783-5B – Analytical Testing Plan - Groundwater

Drawing PE4783- 6A -Cross section A-A' - Soil

Drawing PE4783- 6B - Cross section A-A' - Groundwater

Drawing PE4783- 7A -Cross section B-B' - Soil

Drawing PE4783- 7B -Cross section B-B' -Groundwater

List of Appendices

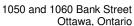
Appendix 1 Sampling and Analysis Plan

Soil Profile and Test Data Sheets

Symbols and Terms

Laboratory Certificates of Analysis

Report: PE4783-2 January 10, 2020





EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Assessment

A Phase II ESA was conducted for the property addressed 1050 and 1060 Bank Street, in the City of Ottawa, Ontario. The purpose of the Phase II ESA was to address areas of potential environmental concerns (APECs) on the Phase II Property, resulting from historical on- or off-site potentially contaminating activities (PCAs). An initial Phase II ESA for 1050 Bank Street was carried out in conjunction with a Geotechnical Investigation in 2018. Three boreholes, completed with monitoring well installations, were advanced on the property at this time. The current investigation consisted of the placement of an additional seven (7) boreholes across the entire property, four (4) of which were constructed with groundwater monitoring well installations. The findings of both investigations are presented in this report.

Soil samples obtained from all of the boreholes were screened using visual observations and combustible vapour measurements. Sixteen (16) soil samples were submitted for laboratory analysis of a combination of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX), petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs, F1-F4), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), metals (including As, Se, Sb, Hg and CrVI) and/or polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).

Based on the analytical test results, ethylbenzene, xylenes, PHC F1 and F2 concentrations in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards, were identified in a soil sample recovered from BH1 (2018). Concentrations of PHC F3, F4 and/or F4G were identified in samples recovered from BH2-19, BH5-19 and BH7-19; identified parameters were in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards. No other BTEX or PHC parameters were identified in the samples analysed. Metal parameters identified in each of the samples analysed were also in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards. No PAH or VOC parameters were identified in any of the soil samples analysed. The soil results are in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards.

Groundwater samples from monitoring wells installed in BH1, BH2, BH3, BH1-19, BH2-19, BH3-19 and BH6-19 were recovered and analysed for PHC and VOC parameters. Concentrations of hexane, toluene, xylenes and PHC (F₁) were identified in groundwater Sample BH1-GW1, at concentrations below the MECP Table 3 residential standards. No other parameters were identified above the method detection limits in any of the groundwater samples analysed. The groundwater results are in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards.



Conclusion

Based on the findings of the Phase II ESA, no further investigation is recommended at this time.

If the monitoring wells installed at the Phase II Property are not going to be used in the future, they should be abandoned according to Ontario Regulation 903. The monitoring wells will be registered with the MECP under this regulation. Further information can be provided up request in this regard.



1.0 INTRODUCTION

At the request of 2641723 Ontario Inc., Paterson Group (Paterson) conducted a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment for the properties addressed 1050 and 1060 Bank Street, in the City of Ottawa, Ontario, herein referred to as the Phase II Property. The purpose of this Phase II ESA was to address areas of potential environmental concern (APECs) identified in the December 2019 Phase I ESA conducted by Paterson.

It should be noted that a Phase II ESA was conducted on the northern portion of the Phase II Property (1050 Bank Street) by Paterson in June of 2018, for due diligence purposes. The findings of the 2018 investigation are presented in this report.

1.1 Site Description

Address: 1050 and 1060 Bank Street, Ottawa, Ontario

Legal Description: Part of Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of Registered Plan

RP101126 and Part of Lot A of Registered Plan

RP116274, in the City of Ottawa, Ontario

Property Identification

Numbers: 04143-0673, 04143-0674, 04143-0324, 04143-0676

Location: The Phase II Property is located on the west side of

Bank Street between Alymer Avenue and Euclid Avenue, in the City of Ottawa, Ontario. Refer to Figure 1 - Key Plan in the Figures section following

the text.

Latitude and Longitude: 45° 23' 43.16" N, 75° 41' 3.72" W

Configuration: Irregular

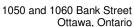
Site Area: 2,115 m² (approximate)

1.2 Property Ownership

The subject property is currently owned by 614762 Ontario Inc. Paterson was retained by Mr. Domenic Santaguida of 614762 Ontario Inc. and 2641723 Ontario Inc., to complete this Phase II ESA. Mr. Santaguida can be contacted by telephone at 613-868-5536.

Report: PE4783-2

January 10, 2020 Page 1





1.3 Current and Proposed Future Uses

The Phase II Property is currently used for commercial purposes: a restaurant and retail store at 1050 Bank Street and a restaurant at 1060 Bank Street. It is our understanding that the Phase II Property will be redeveloped with a multistorey mixed-use building consisting of ground-floor commercial and residential units above, with one (1) level of underground parking.

1.4 Applicable Site Condition Standard

The site condition standards for the property were obtained from Table 3 of the document entitled "Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act", prepared by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment (MECP), April 2011. The MECP Table 3 Residential Standards are based on the following considerations:

Coarse-grained soil conditions;
Full depth generic site conditions;
Non-potable groundwater conditions; and
Residential land use.

2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

2.1 Physical Setting

The Phase II Property is located in an urban area surrounded by various sized commercial, residential and/or institutional structures. The Phase II Property is at a similar grade as the adjacent properties. Site topography is relatively flat, while the regional topography slopes gently down to the east and to the south. The regional topography generally slopes down in a south/southeasterly direction towards the Rideau River. Site drainage consists primarily of sheet flow to catch basins situated on the Phase II Property and Bank Street. The Phase II Property is situated within a municipally serviced area.



2.2 Past Investigations

Paterson reviewed the following reports prior to conducting the Phase II ESA:

Shallow Soils Investigation, 1050 Bank Street, Ottawa, Ontario, prepared by Franz Environmental Inc., dated October 2013.

Three (3) boreholes were advanced across the Phase I Property to address potential soil impacts associated with the past use of the site as a retail fuel outlet. Boreholes were advanced to a maximum depth of 6.0m below grade. No visual or olfactory evidence of potential petroleum hydrocarbon impacts were identified.

One soil sample from each borehole was submitted to Maxxam Analytics for benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene and xylenes (BTEX) and petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs, F₁-F₄) analysis. No BTEX or PHC concentrations were identified above the laboratory method detection limits; the results were in compliance with the 2011 MECP Table 3 residential standards.

No further soil investigation was recommended. It should be noted that the 2013 investigation did not include groundwater testing on the subject site.

Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, 1050 and 1060 Bank Street, Ottawa Ontario, prepared by Paterson Group Inc., dated December 10, 2019.

Based on the findings of the Phase I ESA, several historical on-site and off-site potentially contaminating activities (PCAs) were considered to result in 10 areas of potential environmental concern (APECs) on the Phase I Property, as shown in Table 1 below.



TABLE 1: Areas of Potential Environmental Concern										
Area of Potential Environmental Concern	Location of Area of Potential Environmental Concern	Potentially Contaminating Activity	Location of PCA (on-site or off- site)	Contaminants of Potential Concern	Media Potentially Impacted (Groundwater, Soil, and/or Sediment)					
APEC 1 (Resulting from former on-site USTs at 1050 Bank Street)	Northeastern portion of the Phase I Property	PCA 28 – Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks	On-site	BTEX PHCs (F ₁ -F ₄)	Soil, Groundwater					
APEC 2 (Resulting from former on-site pump island at 1050 Bank Street)	North-central portion of the Phase I Property	PCA 28 – Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks	On-site	BTEX PHCs (F ₁ -F ₄)	Soil, Groundwater					
APEC 3 (Resulting from former on-site automotive service garage)	Central portion of the Phase I Property	PCA 52 – Storage, maintenance, fuelling and repairing of equipment, vehicles, and materials used to maintain transportation systems	On-site	BTEX PHCs (F ₁ -F ₄) VOCs PAHs	Soil, Groundwater					
APEC 4 (Resulting from former on-site pump island at 1060 Bank Street)	South-central portion of the Phase I Property	PCA 28 – Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks	On-site	BTEX PHCs (F ₁ -F ₄)	Soil, Groundwater					
APEC 5 (Resulting from former on-site USTs)	South-central portion of the Phase I Property	PCA 28 – Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks	On-site	BTEX PHCs (F ₁ -F ₄)	Soil, Groundwater					
APEC 6 (Resulting from former on-site automotive body shop)	Southwestern portion of the Phase I Property	PCA 10 – Commercial Autobody Shops	On-site	BTEX PHCs (F ₁ -F ₄) VOCs PAHs	Soil, Groundwater					
APEC 7 (Resulting from fill material)	Across the majority of the Phase I Property	PCA 30 - Importation of Fill Material of Unknown Quality	On-site	Metals (including As, Sb, Se) Hg, CrVI	Soil					

Report: PE4783-2 January 10, 2020



TABLE 1 Continued: Areas of Potential Environmental Concern											
Area of	Location of Area	Potentially	Location	Contaminants	Media						
Potential	of Potential Contaminating		of PCA	of Potential	Potentially						
Environmental	Environmental	Activity	(on-site	Concern	Impacted						
Concern	Concern		or off-		(Groundwater,						
			site)		Soil, and/or						
					Sediment)						
APEC 8	Eastern portion of	PCA 52 – Storage,	Off-site	BTEX	Groundwater						
(Resulting from	the Phase I	maintenance,		PHCs (F ₁ -F ₄)							
former retail fuel	Property	fuelling and		VOCs							
outlet and		repairing of		PAHs							
existing service		equipment, vehicles,									
garage at 1063		and materials used									
Bank Street)		to maintain									
		transportation									
		systems									
		PCA 28 – Gasoline									
		and Associated									
		Products Storage in									
		Fixed Tanks									
APEC 9	Southeastern	PCA 37 –	Off-site	VOCs	Groundwater						
(Resulting	portion of the	Operation of Dry-									
from former	Phase I Property	Cleaning									
off-site dry		Equipment (where									
cleaner at		chemicals are									
1069 Bank		used)									
Street)											
APEC 10	Southeastern	PCA 37 –	Off-site	VOCs	Groundwater						
(Resulting	portion of the	Operation of Dry-									
from former	Phase I Property	Cleaning									
off-site dry		Equipment (where									
cleaner at		chemicals are									
1072 Bank		used)									
Street)											

A Phase II ESA was recommended to address the aforementioned APECs. The APECs are outlined in red on Drawing PE4783-1 – Site Plan, appended to the Phase I ESA report.



3.0 SCOPE OF INVESTIGATION

3.1 Overview of Site Investigation

The initial subsurface investigation conducted for the northern portion of the Phase II Property (1050 Bank Street) was carried out in conjunction with a Geotechnical Investigation during the interim of May 1 through May 4, 2018. The more recent subsurface investigation was carried out during the interim of December 2 through December 4, 2019. The field programs consisted of drilling a total of ten (10) boreholes across the Phase II Property. The boreholes were completed to depths ranging from approximately 4.4 to 15.2m below ground surface (mbgs). Seven (7) boreholes were completed with monitoring well installations in order to access the groundwater table.

3.2 Media Investigated

During the subsurface investigation, soil samples and groundwater samples were obtained and submitted for laboratory analysis. The rationale for sampling and analyzing these media is based on the Contaminants of Potential Concern (CPCs) identified in the Phase I ESA.

As noted in Table 1 in Section 2.2, CPCs for soil and groundwater include benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX), petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs, fractions F_{1} - F_{4}), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and/or metals (including arsenic, antimony, selenium, mercury and hexavalent chromium).

3.3 Phase I Conceptual Site Model

Geological and Hydrogeological Setting

Based on the 2017 subsurface program, site soils generally consisted of a pavement structure over fill material, underlain by native sand. Bedrock was not encountered during the subsurface program; according to the Geological Survey of Canada website, the bedrock in the area of the Phase I Property is reported to consist of interbedded limestone and shale of the Verulam Formation and is present at depths ranging from approximately 1 to 5 mbgs. During the previous subsurface investigation, boreholes were drilled to depths of 13.72 and 14.63m below grade, and were terminated in overburden; bedrock was not encountered.



During the previous subsurface investigation, groundwater was encountered within the overburden at approximately 11.7m bgs. Based on groundwater contour mapping completed at the time, the groundwater flow beneath the Phase I Property was in a northwesterly direction. Regional groundwater flow is inferred to be to the north, towards the Ottawa River.

Water Bodies and Areas of Natural Significance

No natural water bodies or areas of natural significance are known to exist on or within 30m of the Phase I Property. Browns Inlet, located approximately 180m northwest of the Phase I Property, is identified as a provincially significant wetland.

Potable Water Well Records

No potable well records were identified for the Phase I Property. However, the MECP online interactive well record mapping system identified one domestic well record, dated 1950 on a property to the west of the subject land, at 20 Euclid Avenue. It is expected that this well has not been used since the area was provided with municipally services.

Monitoring Well Records

According to the MECP online interactive well record mapping system, there were no monitoring wells identified on the Phase I Property. However, during the site visit, three (3) monitoring wells drilled during the subsurface investigation in 2017 were identified on the northern portion of the Phase I Property (1050 Bank Street).

Existing Buildings and Structures

1050 Bank Street

The original portion of the one-storey building addressed 1050 Bank Street, was constructed circa 1928, with a concrete foundation and is currently occupied by Siam Kitchen restaurant. A basement level is present beneath this portion of the building. Two (2) one-storey slab-on-grade additions were made to the southern portion of the original building circa 1965 and 1980. The additions are currently occupied by Boomerang Kids consignment store. The building is of concrete construction with stone and wood decorative finishes on the eastern façade, and flat tar-and-gravel style roof.

Ottawa, Ontario



1060 Bank Street

The building addressed 1060 Bank Street was constructed circa 1947 with a poured concrete foundation and is finished on the exterior with red brick and a flat, tar-and-gravel style roof.

The one-storey building has a basement level and is occupied by the Barley Mow restaurant. A wood patio structure is present adjacent to the east face of the building.

Both subject buildings are heated with natural gas-fired equipment. No other buildings or structures are present on the Phase I Property.

Subsurface Structures and Utilities

The Phase I Property is situated in a municipally serviced area. Underground utility services on the subject land include natural gas, electricity, municipal water and sewer services. The services enter the Phase I Property from Bank Street and Aylmer Avenue. Other than service utilities, no subsurface structures were observed on the Phase I Property at the time of the site visit.

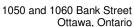
Based on standard practice for subsurface utility installation, service trenches are expected to be present approximately 1 to 2 m below existing grade. In general, trench backfill may provide a preferential pathway for contaminant transport if the water table is at or above the base of the trenches. Based on the findings of the 2018 Phase II ESA, the water table was identified at depths of approximately 11.4 to 11.75m below grade. As the water table was identified at a significant depth below standard service trenches, underground services are not considered to have the potential to create preferential pathways for contaminant migration.

Fill Material

No evidence of fill material was noted at the time of the site visit. Some sand and gravel fill material was noted during the previous Phase II ESA at 1050 Bank Street, within the former tank nest. The fill material was analysed and determined to be in compliance with the MECP Table 3 Residential Standards applicable to the site. Fill material was also identified at 1060 Bank Street, during the concurrent subsurface investigation. The fill material consisted of silty sand and gravel and was considered to be associated with the pavement structure or the backfill of former tank nest and pump island excavations. No deleterious materials or evidence of contamination were noted with respect to the fill material.

Report: PE4783-2

January 10, 2020 Page 8





Neighbouring Land Use

Neighbouring land use within the Phase I Study Area consists primarily of residential and commercial (along Bank Street) with occasional institutional and community land use, as well as parkland along the Rideau Canal and Brown's Inlet.

Potentially Contaminating Activities and Areas of Potential Environmental Concern

As presented in Table 1 in Section 2.2 of this report, a variety of on and off-site PCAs are considered to have resulted in ten (10) APECs on the Phase I Property.

Contaminants of Potential Concern

As noted in Table 1, the contaminants of potential concern (CPCs) in soil and/or groundwater, and associated with the APECs identified in this Phase I ESA include:

Benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene and xylenes (BTEX);
Petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs, Fractions F ₁ -F ₄);
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs);
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs);
Metals;
Hydride-forming compounds (As, Sb, Se);
Mercury (Hg); and
Hexavalent Chromium (CrVI).

Assessment of Uncertainty and/or Absence of Information

The information available for review as part of the preparation of the Phase I-ESA was considered to be sufficient to conclude that there are historical on-site and off-site PCAs that have resulted in APECs on the Phase I Property. While several additional historical off-site PCAs were identified, they were not considered to represent APECs on the Phase I Property, based on their separation distances and/or orientations relative to the subject land.

A variety of independent sources were consulted as part of the Phase I ESA, and as such, the conclusions of this report are not affected by uncertainty which may be present with respect to the individual sources.

Ottawa, Ontario



3.4 Deviations from Sampling and Analysis Plan

The Sampling and Analysis Plan for this project is included in Appendix 1 of this report. The field measurement of water quality parameters was not conducted at the time of the groundwater sampling events due to instrument failure in the field. There were no other deviations from the Sampling and Analysis Plan.

3.5 Impediments

It was not possible to retrieve soil samples from depths greater than approximately 12m below grade due to running sand encountered at the depth of each borehole location. No other physical impediments were encountered during the field portion of the Phase II ESA.

4.0 INVESTIGATION METHOD

4.1 Subsurface Investigation

The subsurface investigations were conducted during the interim of May 1 through May 4, 2018 and December 2 through December 4, 2019 and consisted of drilling a total of ten (10) boreholes across the Phase II Property, seven (7) of which were completed with monitoring well installations.

The boreholes were placed to address the aforementioned areas of potential environmental concern (APECs) and to provide coverage of the proposed building footprint. The boreholes were drilled with a truck mounted CME 55 power auger drill rig. The truck mounted drill rig was provided by George Downing Estate Drilling of Hawkesbury, Ontario. Borehole locations are shown on Drawing PE4783-3 – Test Hole Location Plan, appended to this report.

4.2 Soil Sampling

A total of 156 soil samples were obtained from the boreholes by means of direct sampling from auger flights and split spoon sampling. The depths at which auger and split spoon samples were obtained from the boreholes are shown as "AU" and "SS" on the Soil Profile and Test Data Sheets, appended to this report.



Site soils consist of a pavement structure over fill material underlain by native sand or silty sand. The fill material present beneath the pavement structure generally consisted of silty sand with gravel and extended to depths ranging from approximately 0.76 to 2.4m below grade. No deleterious materials or signs of potential contamination were identified in the fill material, which is primarily associated with the pavement structure and the decommissioning and removal of the former underground storage tanks and pump islands. The boreholes were terminated in the native sand or silty sand at depths ranging from approximately 4.4 to 15m below grade.

4.3 Field Screening Measurements

A gastech, calibrated to Hexane was used to measure the combustible vapour concentrations in the headspace of all soil samples obtained from the boreholes. The soil vapours were measured by inserting the analyzer probe into the nominal headspace above the soil sample. Samples were then agitated, and the peak readings recorded.

The combustible vapour readings were generally less than 40ppm in the soil samples obtained and were not considered to be indicative of potential hydrocarbon impacts. Elevated readings between 260 and 800ppm were identified in soil samples obtained from BH1 (2018), at approximate depths of 9 and 12.5m below grade. These readings were considered to be potentially indicative of petroleum hydrocarbon impacts. No obvious staining or odours were noted in the soil samples.

Vapour readings are noted on the Soil Profile and Test Data Sheets in Appendix 1.

4.4 Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation

Groundwater monitoring wells were installed in seven (7) boreholes placed on the Phase II Property. The monitoring wells consisted of 51 mm diameter Schedule 40 threaded PVC risers and screens. Monitoring well construction details are listed below in Table 2 and are also presented on the Soil Profile and Test Data Sheets provided in Appendix 1.

Report: PE4783-2

January 10, 2020 Page 11

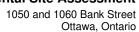




Table 2: Monitoring Well Construction Details											
Well ID	Ground Surface Elevation	Total Depth (m BGS)	Screened Interval (m BGS)	Sand Pack (m BGS)	Bentonite Seal (m BGS)	Casing Type					
BH1	71.50	14.63	11.63-14.63	11-14.63	0.30-11	Flushmount					
BH2	71.55	14.50	11.50-14.50	11-14.50	0.30-11	Flushmount					
BH3	71.50	13.72	10.72-13.72	10.4-13.72	0.30-10.4	Flushmount					
BH1-19	71.57	14.63	11.63-14.63	11-14.63	0.3-11	Flushmount					
BH2-19	71.48	14.63	11.63-14.63	11-14.63	0.3-11	Flushmount					
BH3-19	71.46	14.93	11.93-14.93	11.3-14.93	0.3-11.3	Flushmount					
BH6-19	71.62	15.24	12.24-15.24	11.6-15.24	0.3-11.6	Flushmount					

4.5 Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater sampling protocols were followed using the MECP document entitled "Guidance on Sampling and Analytical Methods for Use at Contaminated Sites in Ontario", dated May 1996. Groundwater samples were obtained from each monitoring well, using dedicated sampling equipment. Standing water was purged from each well prior to sampling. Samples were stored in coolers to reduce analyte volatilization during transportation.

Details of our standard operating procedure for groundwater sampling are provided in the Sampling and Analysis Plan in Appendix 1.

4.6 Analytical Testing

Based on the guidelines outlined in the Sampling and Analysis Plan in Appendix 1, the soil and groundwater samples submitted for analytical testing are presented in Tables 3 and 4.

Table 3: Soil Samples Submitted									
	Sample Depth		ram Inaly	eters zed	•				
Sample ID	and Stratigraphic Unit	Depth OH		Metals¹	Rationale				
May 1, 2018									
BH1-SS13	9.1-9.7m Native Sand	X				Sample selected for analysis based on vapour reading of 800ppm.			
BH1-SS17	12.2-12.8m Native Sand	Х				Sample selected for analysis based on vapour reading of 260ppm and location just below the water table.			



Table 3 Continued: Soil Samples Submitted									
	Commis Donath		ram Inaly	eters zed	;				
Sample ID	Sample Depth and Stratigraphic Unit	BTEX + PHC $(F_1 - F_4)$	VOCs	PAHs	Metals¹	Rationale			
May 2, 2018									
BH2-SS12	8.2-8.8m Native Sand	Х				Low vapour readings; sample selected based on location near water table (sample wet).			
May 3, 2018			u u						
BH3-SS2	0.76-1.37m Fill				X	No deleterious fill material; sample selected from area of former tank nest to confirm quality of imported fill material.			
BH3-SS14	12.2-12.8m Native Sand	Х				Low vapour readings; sample selected based on location near water table (sample wet).			
December 2,	2019								
BH1-SS5*	3.05-4.57m Native Sand	Χ				Sample selected for analysis based on vapour screening.			
BH1-SS17	12.19-12.8m Sandy Silt	Х				Sample selected based on location near water table (sample wet).			
December 2,	2019								
BH2-SS4	2.29-2.89m Sandy Silt	Χ	Χ	Χ		Sample selected for analysis based on vapour screening.			
BH2-SS17	12.19-12.80m Native Sand	Х				Sample selected based on location near water table (sample wet).			
December 3,	2019								
BH3-SS2	0.76-1.40m Fill				X	Sample selected from area of former building to confirm quality of imported fill material.			
BH3-SS6	3.84-4.42m Silt	Х	X			Sample selected for analysis based on vapour screening.			
BH3-SS16	11.43-12.04m Native Sand	Х				Sample selected based on location near water table (sample wet).			
BH5-SS2	0.79-1.40m Fill	Х	Х	Х		Sample selected to confirm quality of fill material.			



Table 3 Continued: Soil Samples Submitted									
	Sample Depth		aram Analy	eters zed	•				
Sample ID	and Stratigraphic Unit	BTEX + PHC (F ₁ – F ₄) VOCs PAHs Metals¹		Metals¹	Rationale				
December 4,	2019								
BH6-SS18	12.95-13.56m Sandy Silt	Х				Sample selected based on location near water table (sample wet).			
BH7-SS2	0.76-1.40m Fill				Х	Sample selected from area of forme pump island to confirm quality of imported fill material.			
BH7-SS18	12.95-13.56m Clayey Silt	Х			·	Sample selected based on location near water table (sample wet).			

Notes:

1 – Includes mercury (Hg) and hexavalent chromium (CrVI), As, Sb, Se
 * – pH testing
 VOC group of parameters includes BTEX parameters

Table 4: Groundwater Samples Submitted									
		Parameters Analyzed			_				
Sample ID	Screened Interval and Stratigraphic Unit	BTEX	PHCs (F ₁ -F ₄)	PAHs	VOCs	Rationale			
May 15, 2018									
BH1-GW1	11.63-14.63m; Native Sand		X		X	Assessment of potential impacts from off- site retail fuel outlet on adjacent property to the south.			
BH2-GW1	11.50-14.50m; Native Sand		X		X	Assessment of potential impacts from former on-site retail fuel outlet (former pump island).			
BH3-GW1	BH3-GW1 10.72-13.72m; Native Sand		Х		Х	Assessment of potential impacts from former on-site retail fuel outlet (former tank nest).			
December 10, 2	2019								
BH2-19-GW1	11.63-14.63m Native Sand		Х		X	Assessment of potential impacts from former on-site automotive body shop.			
BH6-19-GW1	12.24-15.24m Sandy Silt		X	X	X	Assessment of potential impacts from former on-site retail fuel outlet (former pump island).			

Report: PE4783-2

January 10, 2020 Page 14

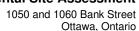




Table 4 Continued: Groundwater Samples Submitted									
		Parameters Analyzed							
Sample ID	Screened Interval and Stratigraphic Unit	BTEX	PHCs (F ₁ -F ₄)	PAHs	VOCs	Rationale			
December 11, 2	2019								
BH1-19-GW1	11.63-14.63m Assessment of potential impacts from								
BH3-19-GW1	11.93-14.93m Native Sand		Х		Х	Assessment of potential impacts from former on-site automotive repair garage.			
Note: VOC group	of parameters inclu	ıdes E	BTEX	parai	meter	S			

Paracel Laboratories (Paracel), of Ottawa, Ontario, performed the laboratory analysis on the samples submitted for analytical testing. Paracel is a member of the Standards Council of Canada/Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (SCC/CALA). Paracel is accredited and certified by SCC/CALA for specific tests registered with the association.

4.7 Residue Management

All excavated soil, purge water and fluids from equipment cleaning were retained on-site.

4.8 Elevation Surveying

An elevation survey of all borehole locations was completed by Paterson at the time of the subsurface investigation. All borehole elevations are referenced to the top of spindle of a fire hydrant, located on the northwestern portion of the Phase II Property, with a geodetic elevation of 73.22 m.

4.9 Quality Assurance and Quality Control Measures

A summary of quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) measures, including sampling containers, preservation, labelling, handling, and custody, equipment cleaning procedures, and field quality control measurements is provided in the Sampling and Analysis Plan in Appendix 1.



5.0 REVIEW AND EVALUATION

Geology 5.1

Site soils generally consist of a pavement structure over fill material, underlain by native sand or silty sand. Bedrock was not encountered during the subsurface program.

Groundwater was encountered within the native sand at depths ranging from approximately 11.4 to 12.3m below existing grade.

5.2 **Groundwater Elevations, Flow Direction, and Hydraulic Gradient**

Groundwater levels were measured during groundwater sampling events on May 15, 2018 and December 11, 2019 using an electronic water level meter. Groundwater levels are summarized below in Table 5.

All measurements are relative to the top spindle of the fire hydrant, with geodetic elevation of 73.22, on the northwestern portion of the Phase II Property.

Table 5: Groundwater Level Measurements											
Borehole Location	Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Water Level Depth (m below grade)	Water Level Elevation (m ASL)	Date of Measurement							
BH1	71.50	11.39	60.11	May 15, 2018							
BH2	71.55	11.75	59.80	May 15, 2018							
BH3	71.50	11.73	59.77	May 15, 2018							
BH1-19	71.57	12.26	59.31	December 11, 2019							
BH2-19	71.48	12.27	59.21	December 11, 2019							
BH3-19	71.46	12.30	59.16	December 11, 2019							
BH6-19	71.62	12.32	59.30	December 11, 2019							

Groundwater contour mapping was completed for groundwater levels measured during both the May 2018 and December 2019 sampling events, as it was not possible to obtain groundwater levels for the 2018 boreholes during the current investigation. Both the 2018 and 2019 groundwater contours are shown on Drawing PE4783-4 - Groundwater Contour Plan. Based on the contour mapping, groundwater flow beneath the Phase II Property appears to flow towards the northwest. An average horizontal hydraulic gradient of approximately 0.055m/m was calculated.

Report: PE4783-2

January 10, 2020

Ottawa, Ontario



5.3 Fine-Coarse Soil Texture

Based on field soil observations, fine-grained soil standards are not applicable to the Phase II Property.

5.4 Soil: Field Screening

The combustible vapour readings were generally less than 40ppm in the soil samples obtained and were not considered to be indicative of potential hydrocarbon impacts. Elevated readings between 260ppm and 800ppm were identified in soil samples obtained from BH1 (2018), at approximate depths of 9 and 12.5m below grade and were considered to be potentially indicative of petroleum hydrocarbon impacts. No obvious staining or odours were noted in the soil samples.

Field screening results of each individual soil sample are provided on the Soil Profile and Test Data Sheets appended to this report.

5.5 Soil Quality

Based on the findings of the field screening, in combination with sample depth and location, a total of 11 soil samples were submitted for analysis of a combination of BTEX, PHC (F1-F4), VOCs, PAHs and metals. The results of the analytical testing, and the selected soil standards, are presented in Tables 6 through 11. The laboratory certificates of analysis are provided in Appendix 1.

Table 6: Analytical Test Results – Soil (2018) BTEX and PHCs (Fractions 1 to 4)								
	MDL	May 1	Soil Samples (μg/g) May 1, 2018			MECP Table 3 Residential		
Parameter	(ug/g)	BH1-SS13 9.1-9.7m	BH1-SS17 12.2-12.8m	BH2-SS12 8.2-8.8m	BH3-SS14 12.2-12.8m	Standards (µg/g)		
Benzene	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.2		
Ethylbenzene	0.05	0.08	nd	nd	nd	2		
Toluene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	2.3		
Xylenes	0.05	0.21	nd	nd	nd	3.1		
PHC F1	7	25	nd	nd	nd	55		
PHC F2	4	47	nd	nd	nd	98		
PHC F3	8	nd	nd	nd	nd	300		
PHC F4	6	nd	nd	nd	nd	2,800		
Notes:								

Report: PE4783-2 January 10, 2020

MDL – Method Detection Limit nd – not detected above the MDL



BTEX and PHC concentrations were detected in 2018 at location BH3 (2018), however, no exceedances were identified.

Table 7: Analytical Test Results – Soil (2019)
BTEX and PHCs (Fractions 1 to 4)	

BTEX and T	MDL		MECP Table 3			
Parameter	(ug/g)	BH1-SS5 3.1-4.6m	BH1-SS17 12.2-12.8m	er 2, 2019 BH2-SS4 ¹ 2.3-2.9m	BH2-SS17 12.2-12.8m	Residential Standards (µg/g)
Benzene	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.21
Ethylbenzene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	2
Toluene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	2.3
Xylenes	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	3.1
PHC F1	7	nd	nd	nd	nd	55
PHC F2	4	nd	nd	nd	nd	98
PHC F3	8	nd	nd	11	16	300
PHC F4	6	nd	nd	nd	15	2,800

Notes:

■ MDL – Method Detection Limit

□ nd – not detected above the MDL

☐ 1 – BTEX analyzed with VOC group parameters

Table 7 Continued: Analytical Test Results – Soil (2019) BTEX and PHCs (Fractions 1 to 4)

		So	MECP Table 3					
Parameter	MDL (ug/g)	D	Residential					
Faraillelei	MDL (ug/g)	BH3-SS6 ¹ 3.8-4.4m	BH3-SS16 11.4-12.0m	BH5-SS2 ¹ 0.8-1.4m	Standards (µg/g)			
		3.0-7.7111	11.7-12.0111	0.0-1.7111	(P9/9)			
Benzene	0.02	nd	nd	nd	0.21			
Ethylbenzene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	2			
Toluene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	2.3			
Xylenes	0.05	nd	nd	nd	3.1			
PHC F1	7	nd	nd	nd	55			
PHC F2	4	nd	nd	nd	98			
PHC F3	8	nd	nd	94	300			
PHC F4	6	nd	nd	174	2,800			
PHC F4	50	NA	NA	719	2,800			

Notes:

☐ MDL – Method Detection Limit

☐ nd – not detected above the MDL

■ NA – Parameter not analyzed

☐ 1 – BTEX analyzed with VOC group parameters

Report: PE4783-2 January 10, 2020



Table 7 Continued: Analytical Test Results – Soil (2019) BTEX and PHCs (Fractions 1 to 4)							
	MDL		ples (µg/g)	MECP Table 3			
Parameter	(ug/g)	BH6-SS18 12.9-13.6m	er 4, 2019 BH7-SS18 12.9-13.6m	- Residential Standards (μg/g)			
Benzene	0.02	nd	nd	0.21			
Ethylbenzene	0.05	nd	nd	2			
Toluene	0.05	nd	nd	2.3			
Xylenes	0.05	nd	nd	3.1			
PHC F1	7	nd	nd	55			
PHC F2	4	nd	nd	98			
PHC F3	8	nd	24	300			
PHC F4	6	nd	27	2,800			
Notes: MDL – Method Detection Limit nd – not detected above the MDL							

No BTEX parameter concentrations were detected in the soil samples analyzed. Concentrations of PHC fractions, F3 and F4 were identified in BH2, BH5 and BH7. All soil samples are in compliance with the selected MECP Table 3 residential standards.



Volatile Organic Cor	mpoun 		nples (µg/g)	1	MECP
		3011 341		Table 3	
Parameter	MDL	December 2, 2019	Decembe	er 3, 2019	Residential
Turumeter	(µg/g)	BH2-SS4 2.3-2.9m	BH3-SS6 3.8-4.4m	BH5-SS2 0.8-1.4m	Standards
Acatana	0.5	nd			(µg/g)
Acetone	0.5		nd	nd	16
Benzene	0.02	nd	nd	nd	0.21
Bromodichloromethane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	13
Bromoform	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.27
Bromomethane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
Chlorobenzene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
Chloroform	0.05	nd	nd	nd	9.4
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	16
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	3.4
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	4.8
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.083
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	3.5
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	3.4
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.84
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
1,3-Dichloropropene, total	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
Ethylbenzene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	2
Hexane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-	0.50	nd	nd	nd	2.8
Butanone)					
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.50	nd	nd	nd	16
Methyl tert-butyl ether	0.05	nd	nd	nd	1.7
Methylene Chloride	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.75
Styrene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.7
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.058
Tetrachloroethylene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
Toluene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	2.3
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.38
	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		nd nd	nd nd	nd nd	0.05 0.061
	0.05 0.05 0.05				0.05 0.061 4

Notes:

Xylenes, total

- MDL Method Detection Limit
- nd not detected above the MDL
- ☐ BTEX is included in the VOC group parameters

0.05

No VOC parameter concentrations were detected in the soil samples analyzed. All soil samples tested for VOCs comply with the selected MECP Table 3 residential standards.

nd

nd

nd

3.1



Table 9: Analytical Test Results – Soil (2019) Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)							
7.7.	MDL		Soil Samples (μg/g)				
Parameter	(µg/g)	December 2, 2019	December 3, 2019	Residential			
	(#9/9/	BH2-SS4	BH5-SS2	Standards			
		2.3-2.9m	0.8-1.4m	(μg/g)			
Acenaphthene	0.02	nd	nd	21			
Acenaphthylene	0.02	nd	0.02	0.15			
Anthracene	0.02	nd	nd	0.67			
Benzo[a]anthracene	0.02	nd	0.02	0.96			
Benzo[a]pyrene	0.02	nd	0.02	0.3			
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	0.02	nd	0.04	0.96			
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	0.02	nd	0.04	9.6			
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	0.02	nd	0.02	0.96			
Chrysene	0.02	nd	0.03	9.6			
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	0.02	nd	nd	0.1			
Fluoranthene	0.02	nd	0.03	9.6			
Fluorene	0.02	nd	nd	62			
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	0.02	nd	0.02	0.76			
1-Methylnaphthalene	0.02	nd	nd	30			
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.02	nd	nd	30			
Methylnaphthalene (1&2)	0.02	nd	nd	60			
Naphthalene	0.01	nd	nd	9.6			
Phenathrene	0.02	nd	nd	12			
Pyrene	0.02	nd	0.03	9.6			
Notes: MDL - Method Dete nd - Not Detected (i							

PAH parameter concentrations were detected in one of the soil sample analyzed; however, no exceedances were identifed and thus, comply with the selected MECP Table 3 residential standards.



Parameter	MDL (v.m/m)	Soil Sample (µg/g)	MECP Table 3
	(µg/g)	May 3, 2018 BH3-SS2	Residential Standards (µg/g)
		0.8-1.4m	
Antimony	1.0	nd	7.5
Arsenic	1.0	nd	18
Barium	1.0	52	390
Beryllium	1.0	nd	4
Boron	1.0	8.4	120
Cadmium	0.5	nd	1.2
Chromium	1.0	14	160
Chromium VI	0.2	NA	8
Cobalt	1.0	4	22
Copper	1.0	7	140
Lead	1.0	12	120
Mercury	0.1	NA	0.27
Molybdenum	1.0	nd	6.9
Nickel	1.0	8	100
Selenium	1.0	nd	2.4
Silver	0.5	nd	20
Thallium	1.0	nd	1
Uranium	1.0	nd	23
Vanadium	1.0	26	86
Zinc	1.0	22	340

Metal concentrations detected in Sample BH3-SS2 (2018), were in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards.

NA - Parameter not analyzed



Parameter	MDL	Soil Sam	MECP Table 3	
	(µg/g)	December 3, 2019	December 4, 2019	Residential
		BH3-SS2	BH7-SS2	Standards
		0.8-1.4m	0.8-1.4m	(µg/g)
Antimony	1.0	1.1	nd	7.5
Arsenic	1.0	3.0	2.3	18
Barium	1.0	47.4	34.8	390
Beryllium	1.0	nd	nd	4
Boron	1.0	5.0	nd	120
Cadmium	0.5	nd	nd	1.2
Chromium	1.0	12.6	10.3	160
Chromium VI	0.2	nd	nd	8
Cobalt	1.0	3.7	3.6	22
Copper	1.0	9.2	11.1	140
Lead	1.0	21.3	30.9	120
Mercury	0.1	nd	nd	0.27
Molybdenum	1.0	nd	nd	6.9
Nickel	1.0	6.5	6.0	100
Selenium	1.0	nd	nd	2.4
Silver	0.5	nd	nd	20
Thallium	1.0	nd	nd	1
Uranium	1.0	nd	nd	23
Vanadium	1.0	22.5	21.2	86
Zinc	1.0	156	68.7	340

- ☐ MDL Method Detection Limit
- ☐ nd not detected above the MDL
- NA Parameter not analyzed

Metal concentrations, identified in the 2019 soil samples analyzed comply with the MECP Table 3 residential standards.

The maximum concentrations of analyzed parameters in the soil at the Phase II Property are summarized below in Table 12.

Ottawa, Ontario



Parameter	Maximum Concentration (µg/g)	Borehole	Depth Interval (m BGS)	
Ethylbenzene	0.08	BH1 (2018)	9.1-9.7	
Xylenes	0.21			
PHC F1	25			
PHC F2	47	BH7 (2019)	3.05-4.57	
PHC F3	94	BH5 (2019)		
PHC F4	174			
Barium	52	BH3 (2018)	0.8-1.4	
4Boron	8.4			
Chromium	14			
Cobalt	4	BH3 (2018)	0.8-1.4	
Copper	11.1	BH7 (2019)	0.8-1.4	
Lead	30.9			
Nickel	8	BH3 (2018)	0.8-1.4	
Vanadium	26			
Zinc	22	BH3 (2019)	0.8-1.4	
Acenaphthylene	0.2	BH5 (2019)	0.81.4	
Benzo[a]anthracene	0.02			
Benzo[a]pyrene	0.02			
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	0.04			
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	0.04			
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	0.02			
Chrysene	0.03			
Fluoranthene	0.3			
ndeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	0.2			
Pyrene	0.3			

All other parameter concentrations were below laboratory method detection limits.

5.6 Groundwater Quality

Groundwater samples from all of the monitoring wells installed across the Phase II Property were submitted for laboratory analysis of a combination of PHCs, BTEX, VOCs, and/or PAHs. The groundwater samples were obtained from the screened intervals noted on Table 2. Monitoring wells, BH1 through BH3 were installed and sampled in May 2018. Monitoring wells BH1-19, BH2-19, BH3-19 and BH6-19 were installed and sampled in December 2019.

Report: PE4783-2 January 10, 2020



The results of the analytical testing are presented below in Tables 13 through 17. The laboratory certificates of analysis are provided in Appendix 1.

Table 13: Analytical Test Results – Groundwater (2018) PHCs (Fractions 1 to 4)							
Parameter	MDL	Grou	ndwater Samp	oles (µg/L)	MECP		
	(µg/L)		May 15, 201	18	Table 3 Standards		
		BH1-GW1	BH2-GW1	BH3-GW1	μg/L)		
PHC F1	25	386	nd	nd	750		
PHC F2	100	nd	nd	nd	150		
PHC F3	100	nd	nd	nd	500		
PHC F4	100	nd	nd	nd	500		
Notes: MDL – Method Detection Limit nd – not detected above the MDL							

A concentration of PHC F1 was identified in groundwater Sample BH1-GW1 at a concentration below the MECP Table 3 residential standard. No other PHC parameters were identified in the samples analysed.

Table 14: Analytical Test Results – Groundwater (2019) BTEX and PHCs (Fractions 1 to 4)								
Parameter	MDL			Samples (µg/		MECP		
	(µg/L)		r 10, 2019	December		Table 3		
		BH2-19- GW1	BH6-19- GW1	BH1-19- GW1	BH3-19- GW1	Standards (µg/L)		
Benzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	44		
Ethylbenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	2,300		
Toluene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	18,000		
Xylenes	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	4,200		
PHC F1	25	nd	nd	nd	nd	750		
PHC F2	100	nd	nd	nd	nd	150		
PHC F3	100	nd	nd	nd	nd	500		
PHC F4	100	nd	nd	nd	nd	500		
	Notes: ☐ MDL – Method Detection Limit							

No BTEX or PHC concentrations were identified in the groundwater samples analyzed. The analytical test results are compliance with MECP Table 3 residential standards.



Parameter	MDL (µg/L)	Groundwater Samples (µg/L) May 15, 2018			MECP Table 3 Standards	
		BH1-GW1	BH2-GW1	BH3-GW1	(µg/L)	
Acetone	5.0	nd	nd	nd	130,000	
Benzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	44	
Bromodichloromethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	85,000	
Bromoform	0.5	nd	nd	nd	380	
Bromomethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	5.6	
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2	nd	nd	nd	0.79	
Chlorobenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	630	
Chloroform	0.5	nd	nd	nd	2.4	
Dibromochloromethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	82,000	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0	nd	nd	nd	4,400	
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.2	nd	nd	nd	0.25	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	4,600	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	9,600	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	8	
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	320	
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	16	
1,3-Dichloropropene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	5.2	
Ethylbenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	2,300	
Hexane	1.0	18.8	nd	nd	51	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	5.0	nd	nd	nd	470,000	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	5.0	nd	nd	nd	140,000	
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	2.0	nd	nd	nd	1900	
Methylene Chloride	5.0	nd	nd	nd	610	
Styrene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	1,300	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	3.4	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	3.2	
Tetrachloroethylene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
Toluene	0.5	1.2	nd	nd	18,000	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	640	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	4.7	
Trichloroethylene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
Trichlorofluoromethane	1.0	nd	nd	nd	2,500	
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	nd	nd	nd	0.5	
Xylenes	0.5	2.2	nd	nd	4,200	

Notes:

- ☐ MDL Method Detection Limit
- □ nd not detected above the MDL
- BTEX is included in the VOC group parameters

Hexane, toluene and xylene parameters were identified in groundwater Sample BH1-GW1, at concentrations below the MECP Table 3 residential standards. No other VOC parameter concentrations were detected in the 2018 groundwater samples analysed.



Parameter	MDL	nds (VOC	Groundwater	Samples (µg	(L)	MECP	
	(µg/L)	December 10 2019 December 11			v 11 2010	Table 3 11, 2019 Standards	
		BH1-19-	BH6-19-	BH1-19-	BH3-19-	(µg/L)	
		GW1	GW1	GW1	GW1	(1.3.)	
Acetone	5.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	130,000	
Benzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	44	
Bromodichloromethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	85,000	
Bromoform	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	380	
Bromomethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	5.6	
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.79	
Chlorobenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	630	
Chloroform	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	2.4	
Dibromochloromethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	82,000	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	4,400	
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.2	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.25	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	4,600	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	9,600	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	8	
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	320	
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
trans-1,2-	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
Dichloroethylene							
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	16	
1,3-Dichloropropene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	5.2	
Ethylbenzene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	2,300	
Hexane	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	51	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	5.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	470,000	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	5.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	140,000	
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	2.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	1900	
Methylene Chloride	5.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	610	
Styrene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	1,300	
1,1,1,2-	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	3.4	
Tetrachloroethane							
1,1,2,2-	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	3.2	
Tetrachloroethane							
Tetrachloroethylene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
Toluene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	18,000	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	640	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	4.7	
Trichloroethylene	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	1.6	
Trichlorofluoromethane	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	2,500	
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.5	
Xylenes	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	4,200	

Notes:

- ☐ MDL Method Detection Limit
- □ nd not detected above the MDL
- ☐ BTEX is included in the VOC group parameters



No VOC parameter concentrations were identified in any of the 2019 groundwater samples analysed. The test results are in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards.

Parameter	MDL (µg/L)	Groundwater Samples (μg/L) December 10, 2019 BH6-19-GW1	MECP Table 3 Standards (μg/L)
Acenaphthene	0.05	nd	600
Acenaphthylene	0.05	nd	1.8
Anthracene	0.01	nd	2.4
Benzo[a]anthracene	0.01	nd	4.7
Benzo[a]pyrene	0.01	nd	0.81
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	0.05	nd	0.75
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	0.05	nd	0.2
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	0.05	nd	0.4
Chrysene	0.05	nd	1
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	0.05	nd	0.52
Fluoranthene	0.01	nd	130
Fluorene	0.05	nd	400
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	0.05	nd	0.2
1-Methylnaphthalene	0.05	nd	1800
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.05	nd	1800
Methylnaphthalene (1&2)	0.1	nd	3600
Naphthalene	0.05	nd	1400
Phenathrene	0.05	nd	580
Pyrene	0.01	nd	68

No detectable PAH parameter concentrations were identified in the groundwater sample recovered from BH6. The test results are in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards.

The maximum concentrations of analyzed parameters in the groundwater at the Phase II Property are summarized below in Table 18.

Report: PE4783-2 January 10, 2020

Ottawa, Ontario



Table 18: Maximum Concentrations – Groundwater					
Parameter	Maximum Concentration (µg/g)	Monitoring Well	Depth Interval (m BGS)		
PHC F1	386	BH1 (2018)	11.63-14.63		
Hexane	18.8				
Toluene	1.2				
Xylenes	2.2				

All other parameter concentrations were below laboratory method detection limits.

5.7 Quality Assurance and Quality Control Results

All samples submitted as part of the May 2018 and December 2019 sampling events were handled in accordance with the Analytical Protocol with respect to preservation method, storage requirement, and container type.

As per the sampling and analysis plan, duplicate soil samples (DUP1 and DUP2) from BH3-SS6 and BH6-SS18 were obtained and analyzed for BTEX and PHC parameters. No parameter concentrations were detected above the laboratory method detection limits in either the original or duplicate samples.

Overall, the quality of the field data collected during this Phase II-ESA is considered to be sufficient to meet the overall objectives of this assessment.

5.8 Phase II Conceptual Site Model

The following section has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of O.Reg. 153/04, as amended under the Environmental Protection Act. Conclusions and recommendations are discussed in a subsequent section.

Site Description

Potentially Contaminating Activity and Areas of Potential Environmental Concern

As per Table 1 in section 2.2, the following PCAs are considered to have resulted in 10 APECs on the Phase II Property:

☐ PCA 10 – Commercial Autobody Shops: this PCA is associated with a former autobody shop at 1060 Bank Street (APEC 6);



	PCA 28 – Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks: this PCA is associated with former USTs and pump islands at 1050 and 1060 Bank Street, as well as a former retail fuel outlet at 1063 Bank Street (APEC 1, APEC 2, APEC 4, APEC 5 and APEC 8);
	PCA 30 - Importation of Fill Material of Unknown Quality: this PCA is associated with fill material identified during the subsurface investigations (APEC 7);
	PCA 37 – Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment (where chemicals are used): this PCA is associated with historical dry cleaners at 1069 and 1072 Bank Street (APEC 9 and APEC 10); and
	PCA 52 – Storage, maintenance, fuelling and repairing of equipment, vehicles, and materials used to maintain transportation systems: this PCA is associated with former on-site garage at 1050 Bank Street and a former off-site garage at 1063 Bank Street (APEC 3 and APEC 8).
Co	ntaminants of Potential Concern
	ntaminants of potential environmental concern associated with the prementioned APECs on the Phase II Property include the following:
	Benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene and xylenes (BTEX); Petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs, Fractions F ₁ -F ₄); Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs); Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs); Metals (including hydride-forming compounds (As, Sb, Se)); Mercury (Hg); and Hexavalent Chromium (CrVI).

Subsurface Structures and Utilities

The Phase II Property is situated in a municipally serviced area. Underground utility services on the subject land include natural gas, electricity, municipal water and sewer services. The services enter the Phase II Property from Bank Street and Aylmer Avenue. Other than service utilities, no subsurface structures were observed on the Phase II Property at the time of the site visit.

Report: PE4783-2 January 10, 2020



Based on standard practice for subsurface utility installation, service trenches are expected to be present approximately 1 to 2 m below existing grade. In general, trench backfill may provide a preferential pathway for contaminant transport if the water table is at or above the base of the trenches. Based on the findings of the Phase II ESA, the water table was identified at depths of approximately 11.4 to 11.75m below grade. As the water table was identified at a significant depth below standard service trenches, underground services are not considered to have the potential to create preferential pathways for contaminant migration.

Physical Setting

Site Stratigraphy

The site stratigraphy consists of the following:

Pavement structure consisting of approximately asphaltic concrete over crushed stone with silt and sand, extending to depths ranging from approximately 0.05 to 0.60m below grade.
Fill material generally consisting of brown silty sand with some gravel was identified at each borehole location and extended to depths of approximately 0.40 to 2.4m below grade.
Native sand was identified beneath the fill material, with a layer of silty sand to sandy silt with trace clay and gravel from approximately 7.8 to 9.8m to a depth of 10.7m at each borehole location.
Boreholes were terminated in the native sand layer at depths ranging from 13.7 to 14.9m below grade. Groundwater was identified in this stratigraphic unit.
Bedrock was not encountered during the Phase II ESA.

Hydrogeological Characteristics

Groundwater at the Phase II Property was encountered within the native sand layer. This unit is interpreted to function as a local aquifer at the subject site.

Water levels were measured at the Phase II Property in May of 2018 and in December of 2019. Groundwater levels ranging in depths from approximately 11.4 to 12.3m below grade. Groundwater contour mapping was conducted for groundwater elevations identified during of the 2018 and 2019 sampling events.

Ottawa, Ontario



Groundwater flow at the subject site was in a northwesterly direction, with an average hydraulic gradient of approximately 0.055 m/m.

Approximate Depth to Bedrock

Bedrock was not encountered during the Phase II ESA field program.

Approximate Depth to Water Table

Depth to water table at the subject site varies between approximately 11.4 and 12.3m below existing grade.

Sections 41 and 43.1 of the Regulation

Section 41 of the Regulation (Site Condition Standards, Environmentally Sensitive Areas) does not apply to the subject site as the Phase II Property is not within 30m of an environmentally sensitive area, and the pH of the subsurface soil is between 5 and 9, while the pH of the subsurface soil is between 5 and 11.

Section 43.1 of the Regulation does not apply to the subject site in that the subject site is not a Shallow Soil Property and is not within 30 m of a water body.

Fill Placement

Fill material was identified across the Phase II Property beneath the pavement structure and extending to depths of approximately 1.4 to 2.4m below grade. The fill material generally consists of silty sand, gravel with some crushed stone and is considered to be associated with the pavement structure. Fill material is also considered to be associated with the decommissioning of the former retail fuel outlets.

No visual or olfactory evidence of deleterious materials or contamination were identified in the fill material.

Proposed Buildings and Other Structures

It is our understanding that the Phase II Property will be redeveloped with a multistorey mixed-use building consisting of commercial on the ground floor and residential units above, with one (1) level of underground parking.



Existing Buildings and Structures

1050 Bank Street

The original portion of the one-storey building addressed 1050 Bank Street, was constructed circa 1928, with a concrete foundation and is currently occupied by Siam Kitchen restaurant. A basement level is present beneath this portion of the building. Two (2) one-storey slab-on-grade additions were made to the southern portion of the original building circa 1965 and 1980. The additions are currently occupied by Boomerang Kids consignment store. The building is of concrete construction with stone and wood decorative finishes on the eastern façade, and flat tar-and-gravel style roof.

1060 Bank Street

The building addressed 1060 Bank Street was constructed circa 1947 with a poured concrete foundation and is finished on the exterior with red brick and a flat, tar-and-gravel style roof.

The one-storey building has a basement level and is occupied by the Barley Mow restaurant. A wood patio structure is present adjacent to the east face of the building.

Both subject buildings are heated with natural gas-fired equipment. No other buildings or structures are present on the Phase II Property.

Water Bodies and Areas of Natural Significance

There are no natural water bodies or areas of natural on or within 30m of the Phase II Property. Browns Inlet, located approximately 180m northwest of the Phase II Property, is a provincially significant wetland.

Environmental Condition

Areas Where Contaminants are Present

Based on the findings of the Phase II ESA, soil and groundwater beneath the Phase II Property is in compliance with MECP Table 3 residential standards, as shown on Drawings PE4783-5 – Analytical Testing Plan (Soil) and PE4783-6 – Analytical Testing Plan (Groundwater). There are no contaminants on the Phase II Property.

Ottawa, Ontario



Types of Contaminants

Based on the findings of the Phase II ESA, soil and groundwater is in compliance with MECP Table 3 residential standards. There are no contaminants of concern on the Phase II Property.

Contaminated Media

Soil and groundwater analyses conducted as part of the Phase II ESA were in compliance with MECP Table 3 residential standards. No contaminated media is present on the Phase II Property.

What Is Known About Areas Where Contaminants Are Present

Contaminants are not present in the soil or in the groundwater beneath the Phase II Property.

Distribution and Migration of Contaminants

Based on the findings of the Phase II ESA, there has been no distribution or migration of contaminants on the Phase II Property.

Discharge of Contaminants

Based on the findings of the Phase II ESA, contaminants have not been discharged to the Phase II Property.

Climatic and Meteorological Conditions

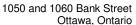
In general, climatic and meteorological conditions have the potential to affect contaminant distribution. Two (2) ways by which climatic and meteorological conditions may affect contaminant distribution include the downward leaching of contaminants by means of the infiltration of precipitation, and the migration of contaminants via groundwater levels and/or flow, which may fluctuate seasonally.

Soil and groundwater beneath the Phase II Property are in compliance with MECP Table 3 Residential Standards. Therefore, climatic and meteorological conditions are not considered to have affected contaminant distribution at the Phase II Property.

Potential for Vapour Intrusion

The potential for vapour intrusion does not exist at the Phase II Property.

Report: PE4783-2 January 10, 2020





6.0 CONCLUSIONS

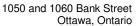
A Phase II ESA was conducted for the property addressed 1050 and 1060 Bank Street, in the City of Ottawa, Ontario. The purpose of the Phase II ESA was to address areas of potential environmental concerns (APECs) on the Phase II Property, resulting from historical on- or off-site potentially contaminating activities (PCAs). An initial Phase II ESA for 1050 Bank Street was carried out in conjunction with a Geotechnical Investigation in 2018. Three boreholes, completed with monitoring well installations, were advanced on the property at this time. The current investigation consisted of the placement of an additional seven (7) boreholes across the entire property, four (4) of which were constructed with groundwater monitoring well installations. The findings of both investigations are presented in this report.

Soil samples obtained from all of the boreholes were screened using visual observations and combustible vapour measurements. Sixteen (16) soil samples were submitted for laboratory analysis of a combination of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX), petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs, F1-F4), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), metals (including As, Se, Sb, Hg and CrVI) and/or polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).

Based on the analytical test results, ethylbenzene, xylenes, PHC F1 and F2 concentrations in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards, were identified in a soil sample recovered from BH1 (2018). Concentrations of PHC F3, F4 and/or F4G were identified in samples recovered from BH2-19, BH5-19 and BH7-19; identified parameters were in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards. No other BTEX or PHC parameters were identified in the samples analysed. Metal parameters identified in each of the samples analysed were also in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards. No PAH or VOC parameters were identified in any of the soil samples analysed. The soil results are in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards.

Groundwater samples from monitoring wells installed in BH1, BH2, BH3, BH1-19, BH2-19, BH3-19 and BH6-19 were recovered and analysed for PHC and VOC parameters. Concentrations of hexane, toluene, xylenes and PHC (F₁) were identified in groundwater Sample BH1-GW1, at concentrations below the MECP Table 3 residential standards. No other parameters were identified above the method detection limits in any of the groundwater samples analysed. The groundwater results are in compliance with the MECP Table 3 residential standards.

Report: PE4783-2





Conclusion

Based on the findings of the Phase II ESA, no further investigation is recommended at this time.

If the monitoring wells installed at the Phase II Property are not going to be used in the future, they should be abandoned according to Ontario Regulation 903. The monitoring wells will be registered with the MECP under this regulation. Further information can be provided up request in this regard

Report: PE4783-2 January 10, 2020

Ottawa, Ontario



7.0 STATEMENT OF LIMITATIONS

This Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment report has been prepared in general accordance with O.Reg. 153/04 as amended by the Environmental Protection Act and meets the requirements of CSA Z769-00. The conclusions presented herein are based on information gathered from a limited sampling and testing program. The test results represent conditions at specific test locations at the time of the field program.

The client should be aware that any information pertaining to soils and all test hole logs are furnished as a matter of general information only and test hole descriptions or logs are not to be interpreted as descriptive of conditions at locations other than those of the test holes themselves.

Should any conditions be encountered at the subject site and/or historical information that differ from our findings, we request that we be notified immediately in order to allow for a reassessment.

This report was prepared for the sole use of 2641723 Ontario Inc. Notification from 2641723 Ontario Inc. and Paterson Group will be required to release this report to any other party.

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POVINCE OF O

Paterson Group Inc.

Mandy Witteman, B.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Karyn Munch, P.Eng., QPESA

Kaup Munch:

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Report Distribution:

- 2641723 Ontario Inc.
- Paterson Group

FIGURES

FIGURE 1 – KEY PLAN

DRAWING PE4783-3 – TEST HOLE LOCATION PLAN

DRAWING PE4783-4 – GROUNDWATER CONTOUR PLAN

DRAWING PE4783-5A - ANALYTICAL TESTING PLAN - SOIL

DRAWING PE4783-5B – ANALYTICAL TESTING PLAN – GROUNDWATER

DRAWING PE4783-6A - CROSS-SECTION A-A' - SOIL

DRAWING PE4783-6B – CROSS-SECTION A-A' – GROUNDWATER

DRAWING PE4783-7A - CROSS-SECTION B-B' - SOIL

DRAWING PE4783-7B - CROSS-SECTION B-B' - GROUNDWATER

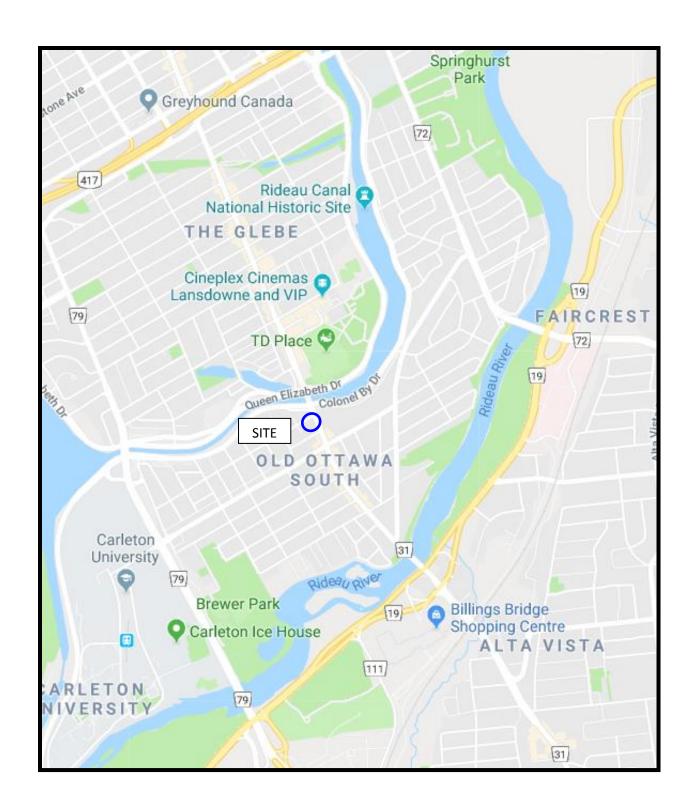
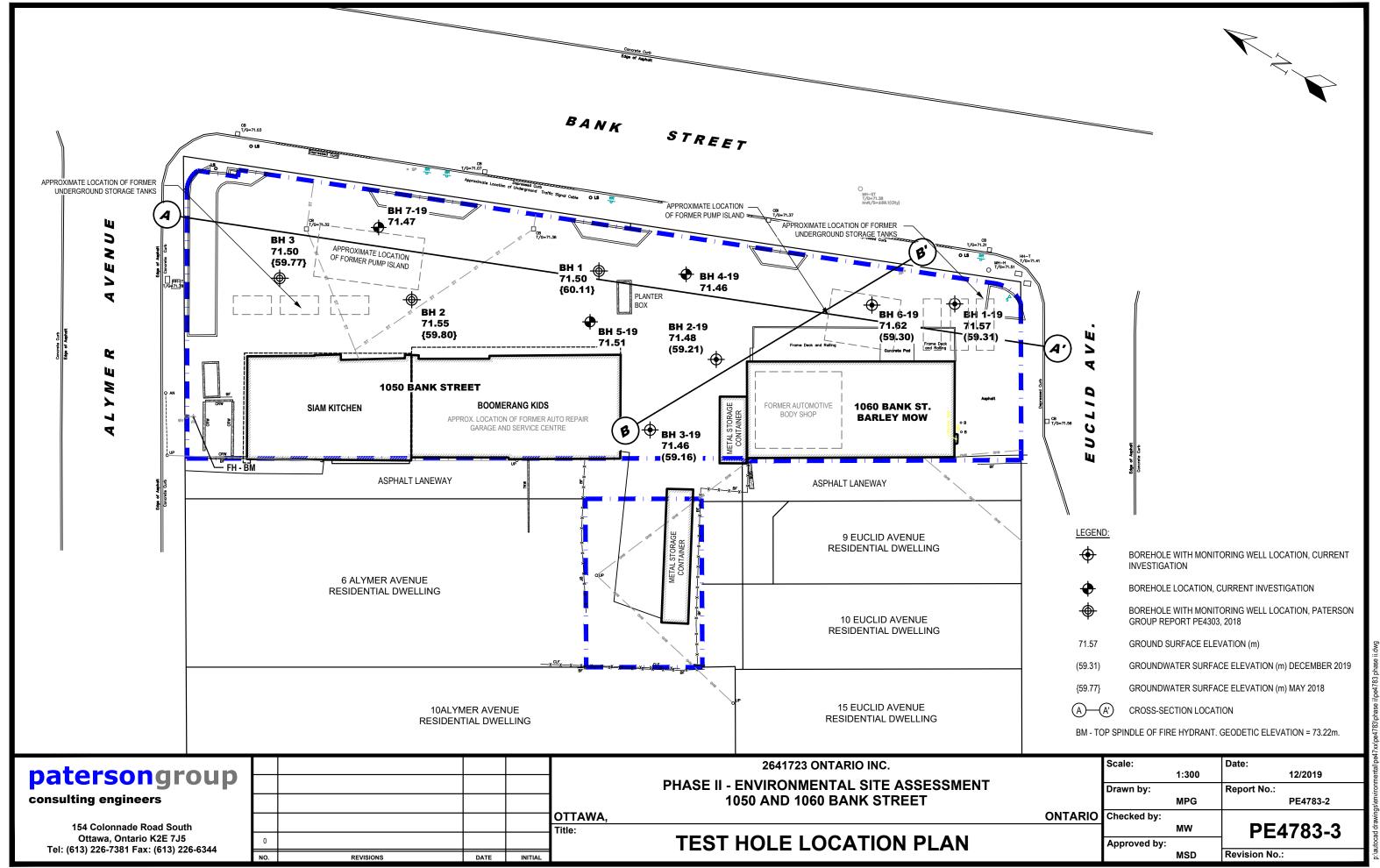
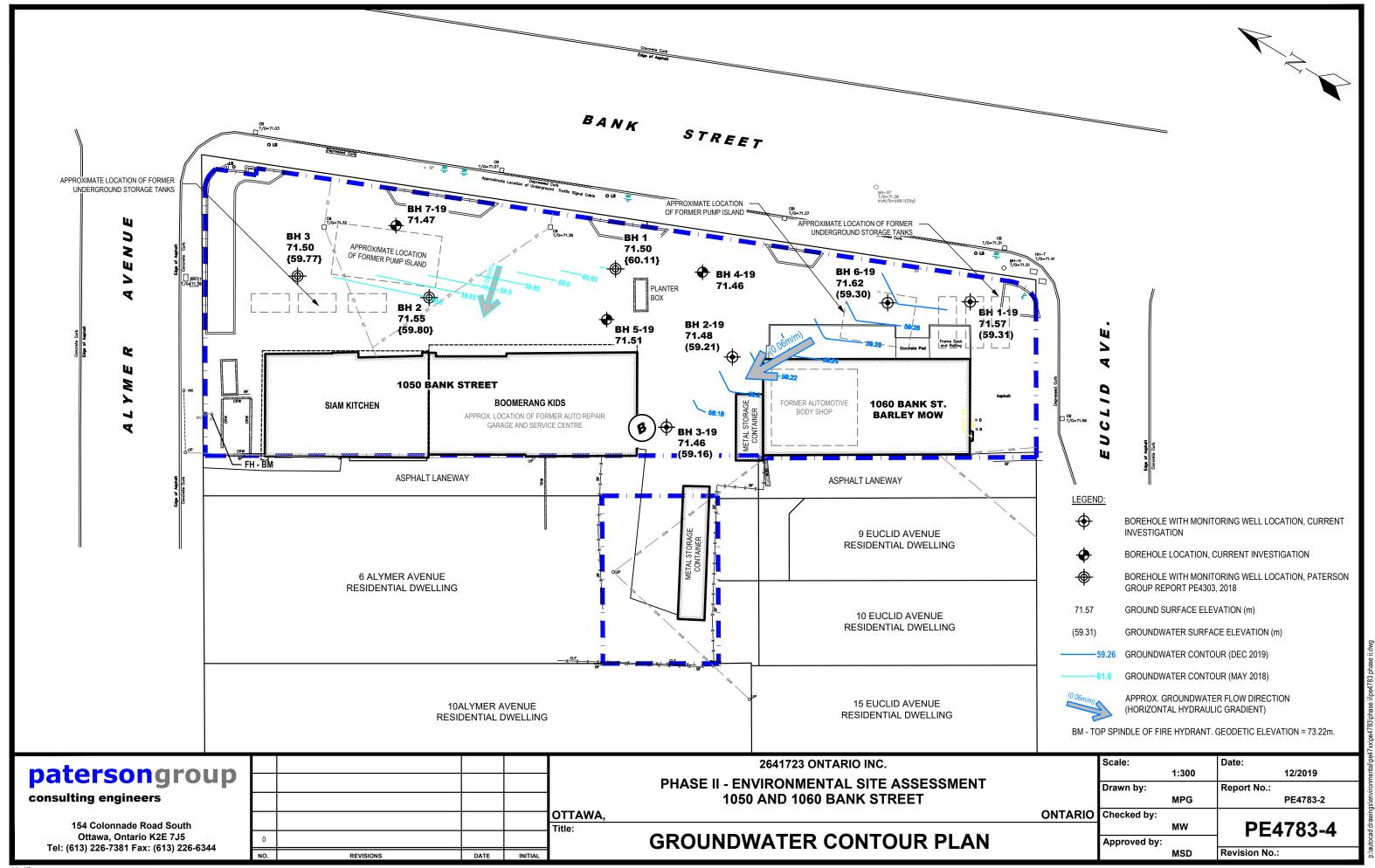
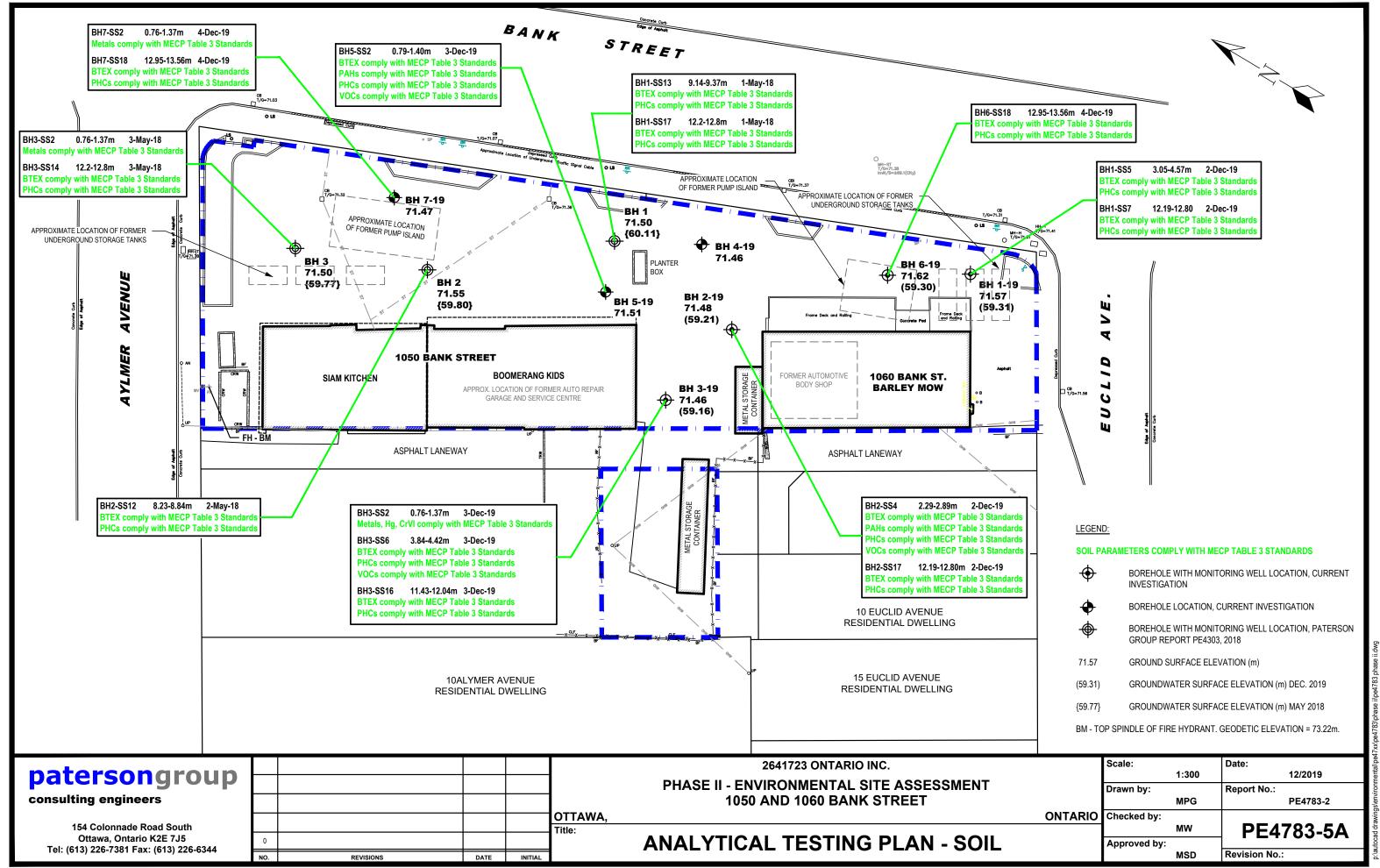


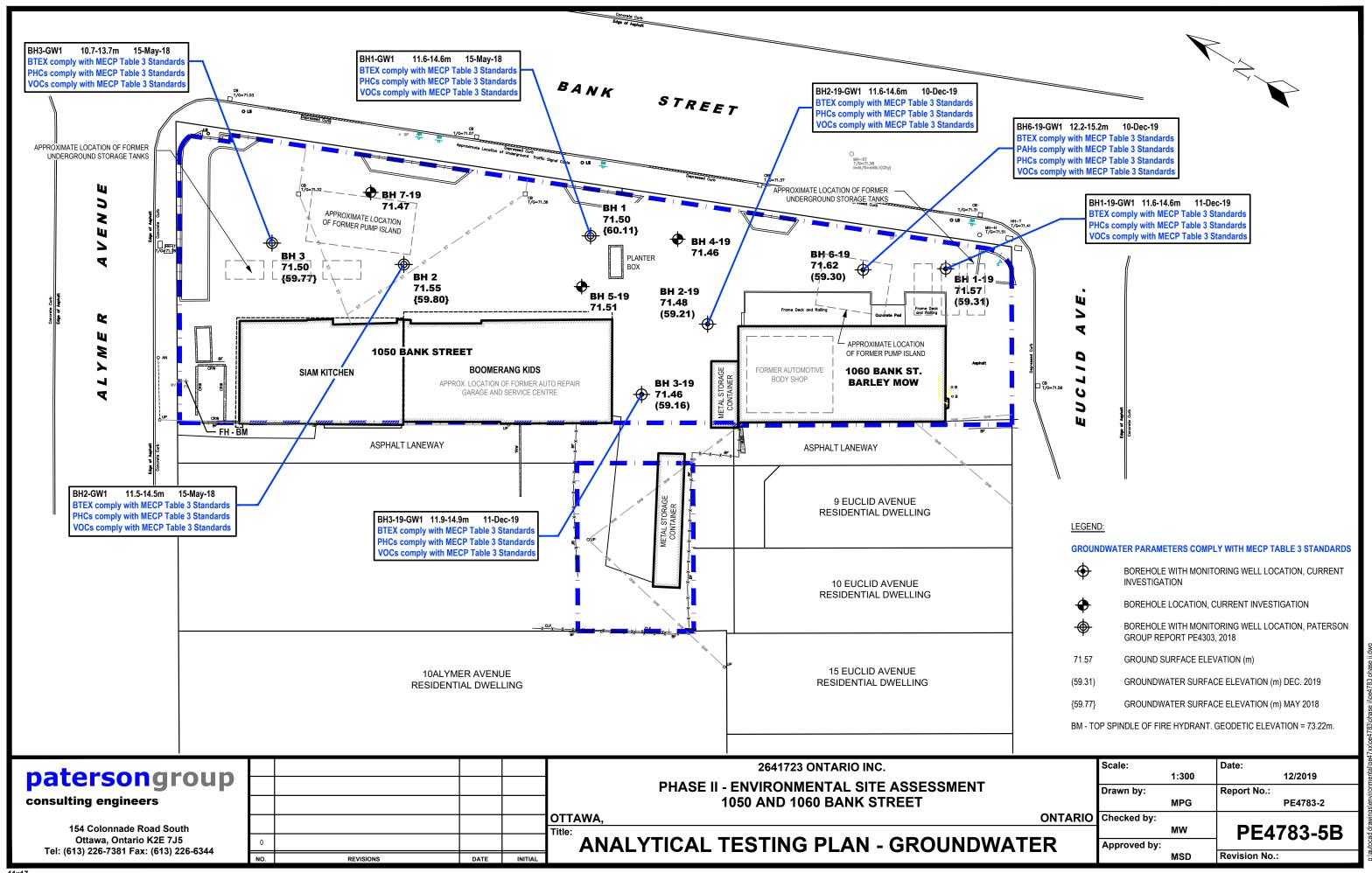
FIGURE 1 KEY PLAN

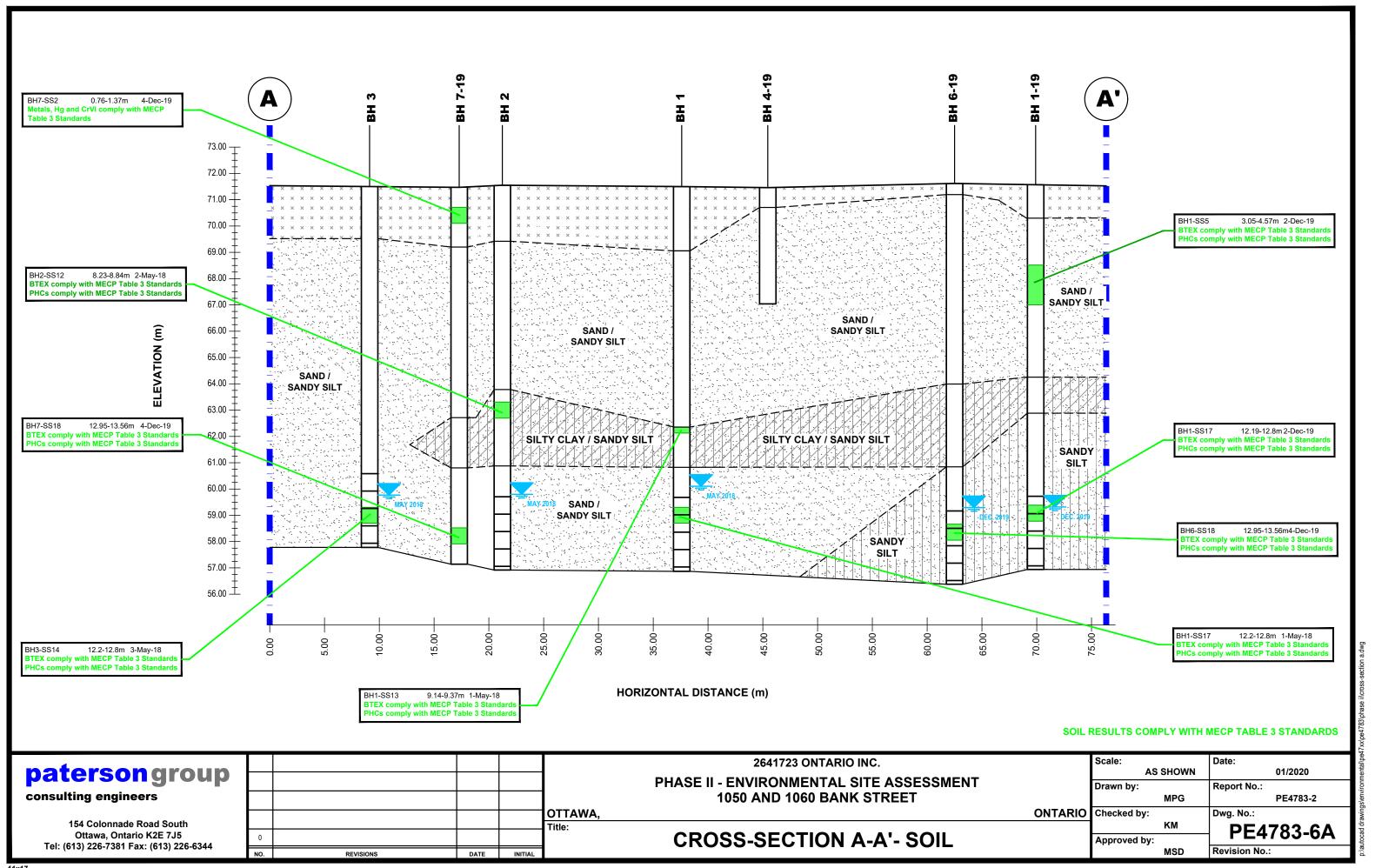
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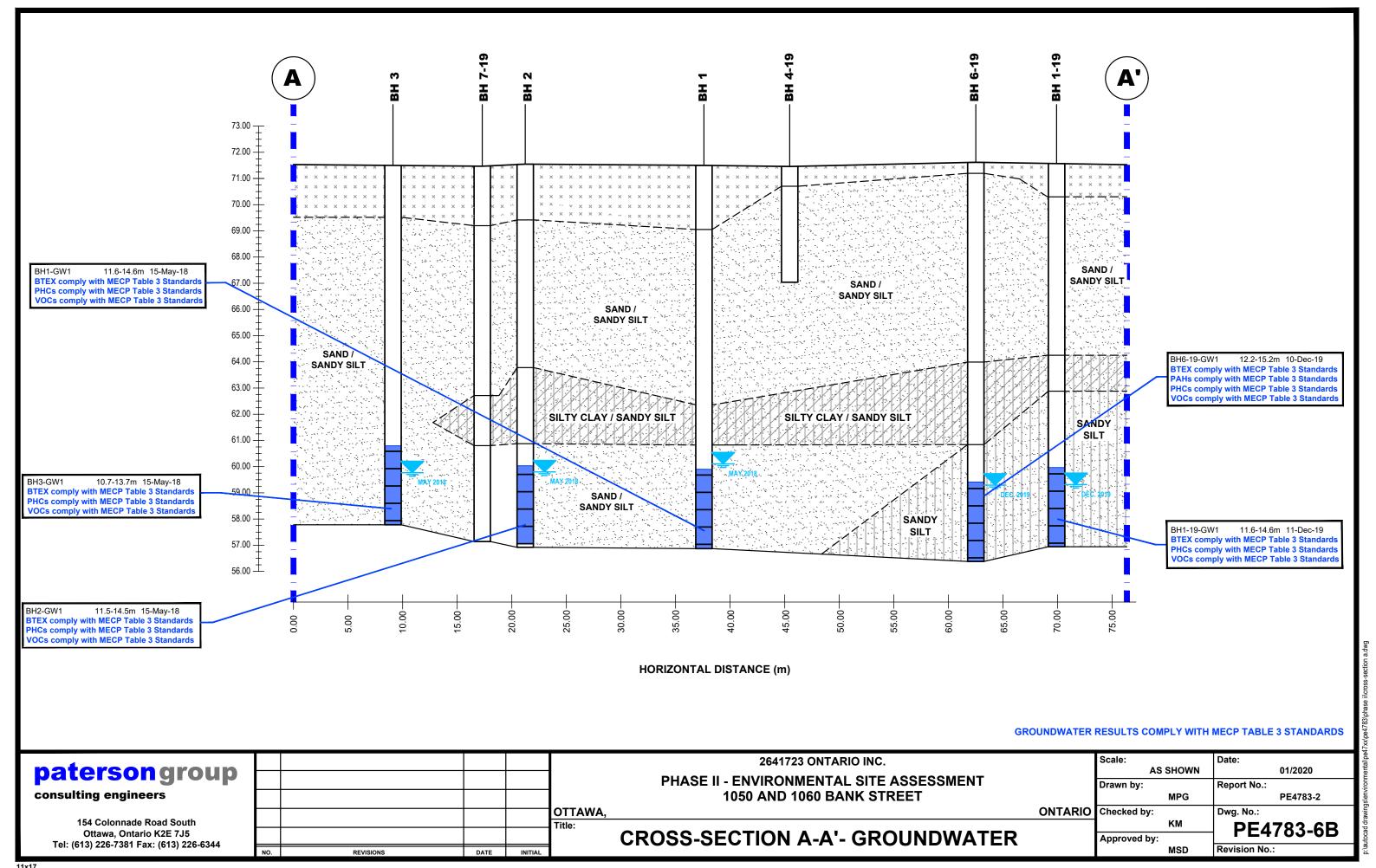


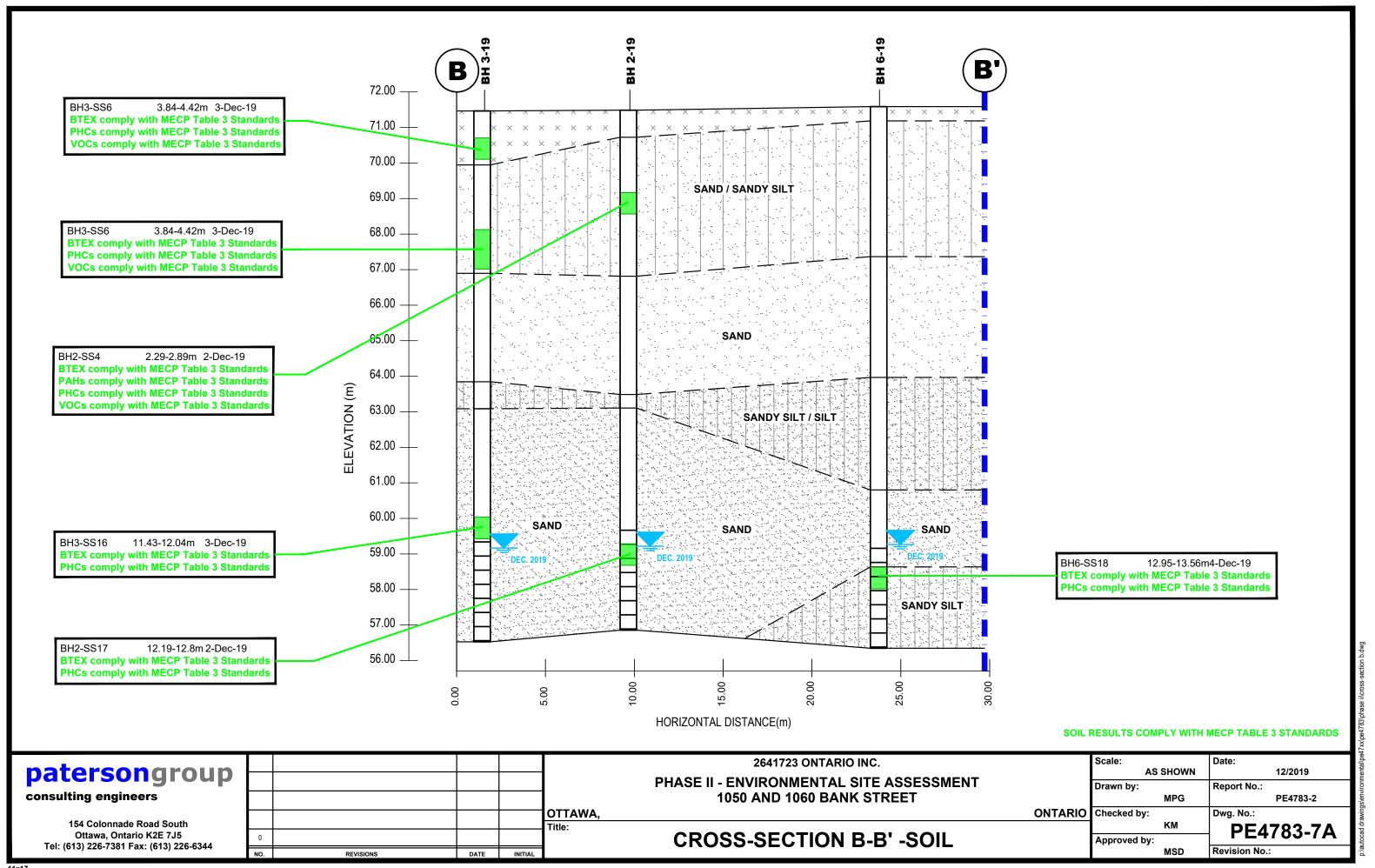


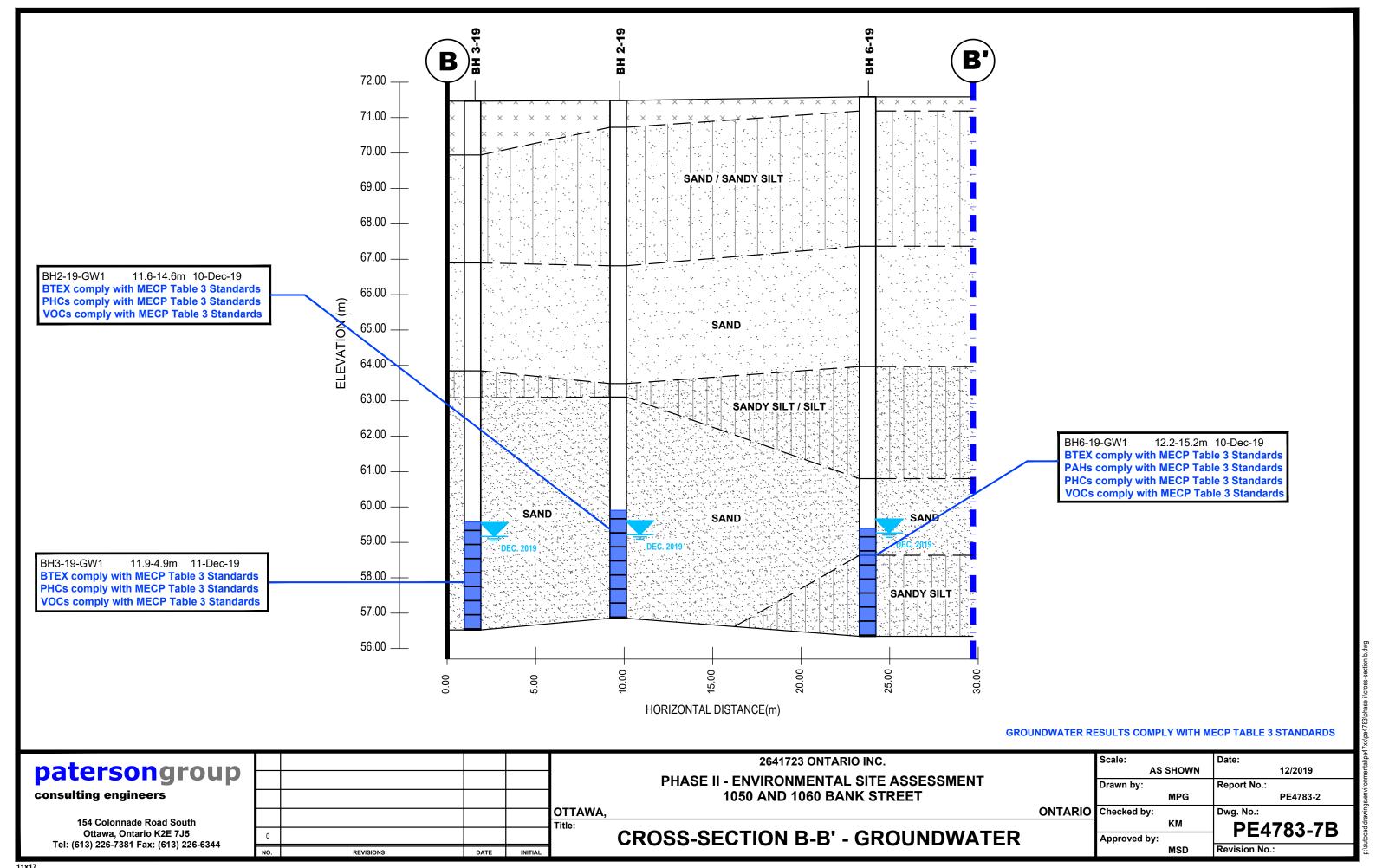












APPENDIX 1

SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN
SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA SHEETS
SYMBOLS AND TERMS
LABORATORY CERTIFICATES OF ANALYSIS

Geotechnical Engineering

Environmental Engineering

Hydrogeology

Geological Engineering

Materials Testing

Building Science

Archaeological Services

patersongroup

Sampling & Analysis Plan

Phase II Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

Prepared For

2641723 Ontario Inc.

Paterson Group Inc.

Consulting Engineers 154 Colonnade Road South Ottawa (Nepean), Ontario Canada K2E 7J5

Tel: (613) 226-7381 Fax: (613) 226-6344 www.patersongroup.ca November 2019

Report: PE4783-SAP

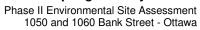




TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	SAMPLING PROGRAM	1
2.0	ANALYTICAL TESTING PROGRAM	2
3.0	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3
	3.1 Environmental Drilling Procedure	3
	3.2 Monitoring Well Installation Procedure	
	3.3 Monitoring Well Sampling Procedure	
4.0	QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL (QA/QC)	
5.0	DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES	
	PHYSICAL IMPEDIMENTS TO SAMPLING & ANALYSIS PLAN	



1.0 SAMPLING PROGRAM

Paterson Group Inc. (Paterson) was commissioned by 2641723 Ontario Inc. to conduct a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) for the properties addressed 1050 and 1060 Bank Street, in the City of Ottawa, Ontario. Based on the Phase I ESA conducted by Paterson, a subsurface investigation program, consisting of borehole drilling, was developed. An initial Phase II ESA was conducted for 1050 Bank Street in 2018, followed by a Phase II ESA that incorporates an additional property addressed 1060 Bank Street.

Borehole	Location & Rationale	Proposed Depth & Rationale
BH1 (2018)	Place borehole central east to address historical retail fuel outlet on the adjacent property (APEC 8).	Drill to a depth of at least 14m to access deep groundwater table for monitoring well installation.
BH2 (2018)	Place borehole at approximate location of former pump island on the northern portion of the Phase II Property to address APEC 2.	Drill to a depth of at least 14m to access deep groundwater table for monitoring well installation.
BH3 (2019)	Place borehole at approximate location of former underground storage tank nest on the northern portion of the Phase II Property to address APEC 1.	Drill to a depth of at least 14m to access deep groundwater table for monitoring well installation.
BH1-19	Place borehole at approximate location of former underground storage tank nest on the southern portion of the Phase II Property (APEC 7) and to address APEC 8, APEC 9 and APEC 10.	Drill to a depth of at least 14m to access deep groundwater table for monitoring well installation.
BH2-19	Place borehole at approximate location of former automotive body shop (1060 Bank Street) on the Phase II Property to address APEC 6.	Drill to a depth of at least 14m to access deep groundwater table for monitoring well installation.
BH3-19	Place borehole at approximate location of former automotive repair garage (1050 Bank Street) on the Phase II Property to address APEC 3.	Drill to a depth of at least 14m to access deep groundwater table for monitoring well installation.
BH4-19	Place borehole for general coverage.	Drill to a depth of at least 4m to access fill material and for geotechnical purposes.
BH5-19	Place borehole at approximate location of former automotive repair garage (1050 Bank Street) on the Phase II Property to address APEC 3.	Drill to a depth of at least 4m to access fill material and for geotechnical purposes.
BH6-19	Place borehole at approximate location of former pump island on the southern portion of the Phase II Property to address APEC 4 and APEC 8.	Drill to a depth of at least 14m to access deep groundwater table for monitoring well installation.
BH7-19	Place borehole at approximate location of former pump island on the northern portion of the Phase II Property to address APEC 2.	Drill to a depth of at least 14m.

Report: PE4783-SAP November 2019



At each borehole, split-spoon samples of overburden soils will be obtained at 0.76 m (2'6") intervals until practical refusal to augering. All soil samples will be retained, and samples will be selected for submission following a preliminary screening analysis.

Following borehole drilling, monitoring wells will be installed in selected boreholes (as above) for the measurement of water levels and the collection of groundwater samples. Borehole locations are shown on the Test Hole Location Plan appended to the main report.

2.0 ANALYTICAL TESTING PROGRAM

The analytical testing program for soil at the subject site is based on the following general considerations:

ge	neral considerations:
	At least one sample from each borehole should be submitted, in order to delineate the horizontal extent of contamination across the site.
	At least one sample from each stratigraphic unit should be submitted, in order to delineate the vertical extent of contamination at the site.
	In boreholes where there is visual or olfactory evidence of contamination, or where organic vapour meter or photoionization detector readings indicate the presence of contamination, the 'worst-case' sample from each borehole should be submitted for comparison with MOECC site condition standards.
	In boreholes with evidence of contamination as described above, a sample should be submitted from the stratigraphic unit below the 'worst-case' sample to determine whether the contaminant(s) have migrated downward.
	Parameters analyzed should be consistent with the Contaminants of Potential Concern identified in the Phase I ESA.
	e analytical testing program for groundwater at the subject site is based on the owing general considerations:
	Groundwater monitoring wells should be installed in all boreholes with visual or olfactory evidence of soil contamination, in stratigraphic units where soil contamination was encountered, where those stratigraphic units are at or below the water table (i.e. a water sample can be obtained).
	Groundwater monitoring well screens should straddle the water table at sites where the contaminants of concern are suspected to be LNAPLs.

Report: PE4783-SAP

Phase II Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street - Ottawa

At least one groundwater monitoring well should be installed in a stratigraphic
unit below the suspected contamination, where said stratigraphic unit is water-
bearing.

Parameters analyzed should be consistent with the Contaminants of Concern identified in the Phase I ESA and with the contaminants identified in the soil samples.

3.0 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

3.1 Environmental Drilling Procedure

Purpose

The purpose of environmental boreholes is to identify and/or delineate contamination within the soil and/or to install groundwater monitoring wells in order to identify contamination within the groundwater.

Equipment

The following is a list of equipment that is in addition to regular drilling equipment stated in the geotechnical drilling SOP:

glass soil sample jars
two buckets
cleaning brush (toilet brush works well)
dish detergent
methyl hydrate
water (if not available on site - water jugs available in trailer)
latex or nitrile gloves (depending on suspected contaminant)
RKI Eagle organic vapour meter or MiniRae photoionization detector
(depending on contamination suspected)

Determining Borehole Locations

If conditions on site are not as suspected, and planned borehole locations cannot be drilled, **call the office to discuss**. Alternative borehole locations will be determined in conversation with the field technician and supervising engineer.

After drilling is completed a plan with the borehole locations must be provided. Distances and orientations of boreholes with respect to site features (buildings, roadways, etc.) must be provided. Distances should be measured using a measuring tape or wheel rather than paced off. Ground surface elevations at each

Report: PE4783-SAP



borehole should be surveyed relative to a fire hydrant located on Alymer Avenue. with geodetic elevation of 72.57m above sea level (asl).

Drilling Procedure

The actual drilling procedure for environmental boreholes is the same as geotechnical boreholes (see SOP for drilling and sampling) with a few exceptions as follows:

	Continuous split spoon samples (every 0.6 m or 2') or semi-continuous (every 0.76 m or 2'6") are required.
	Make sure samples are well sealed in plastic bags with no holes prior to screening and are kept cool but unfrozen.
	If sampling for VOCs, BTEX, or PHCs F1, a soil core from each soil sample which may be analyzed must be taken and placed in the laboratory-provided methanol vial.
	Note all and any odours or discolouration of samples.
	Split spoon samplers must be washed between samples.
	If obvious contamination is encountered, continue sampling until vertical extent of contamination is delineated.
	As a general rule, environmental boreholes should be deep enough to intercept the groundwater table (unless this is impossible/impractical - call project manager to discuss).
	If at all possible, soil samples should be submitted to a preliminary screening procedure on site, either using a RKI Eagle, PID, etc. depending on type of suspected contamination.
Sp	oon Washing Procedure
	sampling equipment (spilt spoons, etc.) must be washed between samples in der to prevent cross contamination of soil samples.
	Obtain two buckets of water (preferably hot if available) Add a small amount of dish soap to one bucket Scrub spoons with brush in soapy water, inside and out, including tip Rinse in clean water
	Apply a small amount of methyl hydrate to the inside of the spoon. (A spray bettle or water bettle with a small hale in the sen works well)
_	bottle or water bottle with a small hole in the cap works well) Allow to dry (takes seconds)
	Rinse with distilled water, a spray bottle works well.
	runso wun disuned water, a spray bottle works well.

Report: PE4783-SAP



The methyl hydrate eliminates any soap residue that may be on the spoon, and is especially important when dealing with suspected VOCs.

Screening Procedure

The RKI Eagle is used to screen most soil samples, particularly where petroleum hydrocarbon contamination is suspected. The MiniRae is used when VOCs are suspected, however it also can be useful for detecting petroleum. These tools are for screening purposes only and cannot be used in place of laboratory testing. Vapour results obtained from the RKI Eagle and the PID are relative and must be interpreted.

Screening equipment should be calibrated on an approximately monthly basis, more frequently if heavily used.

	Samples should be brought to room temperature; this is specifically important
	in colder weather. Soil must not be frozen.
	Turn instrument on and allow to come to zero - calibrate if necessary
	If using RKI Eagle, ensure instrument is in methane elimination mode unless
	otherwise directed.
	Ensure measurement units are ppm (parts per million) initially. RKI Eagle will
	automatically switch to %LEL (lower explosive limit) if higher concentrations
	are encountered.
	Break up large lumps of soil in the sample bag, taking care not to puncture bag.
	Insert probe into soil bag, creating a seal with your hand around the opening.
	Gently manipulate soil in bag while observing instrument readings.
	Record the highest value obtained in the first 15 to 25 seconds
	Make sure to indicate scale (ppm or LEL); also note which instrument was used
	(RKI Eagle 1 or 2, or MiniRae).
П	Jar samples and refrigerate as per Sampling and Analysis Plan.

Report: PE4783-SAP



3.2 Monitoring Well Installation Procedure

Eq	uipment
	5' x 2" [1.52 m x 50 mm] threaded sections of Schedule 40 PVC slotted well screen (5' x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " [1.52 m x 32 mm] if installing in cored hole in bedrock)
	5' x 2" [1.52 m x 50 mm] threaded sections of Schedule 40 PVC riser pipe (5' x 1 1/4" [1.52 m x 32 mm] if installing in cored hole in bedrock)
	Threaded end-cap
	Slip-cap or J-plug
	Asphalt cold patch or concrete
	Silica Sand
	Bentonite chips (Holeplug)
	Steel flushmount casing
Pr	ocedure
	Drill borehole to required depth, using drilling and sampling procedures
	described above.
	If borehole is deeper than required monitoring well, backfill with bentonite chips
	to required depth. This should only be done on wells where contamination is
_	not suspected, in order to prevent downward migration of contamination.
	Only one monitoring well should be installed per borehole.
	Monitoring wells should not be screened across more than one stratigraphic unit to prevent potential migration of contaminants between units.
	Where LNAPLs are the suspected contaminants of concern, monitoring wells
	should be screened straddling the water table in order to capture any free
	product floating on top of the water table.
	Thread the end cap onto a section of screen. Thread second section of screen
	if required. Thread risers onto screen. Lower into borehole to required depth.
_	Ensure slip-cap or J-plug is inserted to prevent backfill materials entering well.
	As drillers remove augers, backfill borehole annulus with silica sand until the
_	level of sand is approximately 0.3 m above the top of the screen.
U	Backfill with holeplug until at least 0.3 m of holeplug is present above the top of the silica sand.
	Backfill remainder of borehole with holeplug or with auger cuttings (if
	contamination is not suspected).
П	Install flushmount casing. Seal space between flushmount and borehole.

annulus with concrete, cold patch, or holeplug to match surrounding ground

Report: PE4783-SAP November 2019

surface.



3.3 Monitoring Well Sampling Procedure

Eq	uipment
	Water level metre or interface probe on hydrocarbon/LNAPL sites Spray bottles containing water and methanol to clean water level tape or interface probe Peristaltic pump Polyethylene tubing for peristaltic pump Flexible tubing for peristaltic pump Latex or nitrile gloves (depending on suspected contaminant) Allen keys and/or 9/16" socket wrench to remove well caps Graduated bucket with volume measurements pH/Temperature/Conductivity combo pen Laboratory-supplied sample bottles
Sa	mpling Procedure
	Locate well and use socket wrench or Allan key to open metal flush mount protector cap. Remove plastic well cap.
	Measure water level, with respect to existing ground surface, using water level meter or interface probe. If using interface probe on suspected NAPL site, measure the thickness of free product.
	Measure total depth of well. Clean water level tape or interface probe using methanol and water. Change gloves between wells.
	Calculate volume of standing water within well and record. Insert polyethylene tubing into well and attach to peristaltic pump. Turn on peristaltic pump and purge into graduated bucket. Purge at least three well volumes of water from the well. Measure and record field chemistry. Continue to purge, measuring field chemistry after every well volume purged, until appearance or field chemistry stabilizes.
	Note appearance of purge water, including colour, opacity (clear, cloudy, silty), sheen, presence of LNAPL, and odour. Note any other unusual features (particulate matter, effervescence (bubbling) of dissolved gas, etc.).
	Fill required sample bottles. If sampling for metals, attach 75-micron filter to discharge tube and filter metals sample. If sampling for VOCs, use low flow rate to ensure continuous stream of non-turbulent flow into sample bottles. Ensure no headspace is present in VOC vials.
	Replace well cap and flushmount casing cap.

Report: PE4783-SAP



4.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL (QA/QC)

The QA/QC program for this Phase II ESA is as follows:
 All non-dedicated sampling equipment (split spoons) will be decontaminated according to the SOPs listed above.
 All groundwater sampling equipment is dedicated (polyethylene and flexible peristaltic tubing is replaced for each well).
 Where groundwater samples are to be analyzed for VOCs, one laboratory-provided trip blank will be submitted for analysis with every laboratory submission.
 Approximately one (1) field duplicate will be submitted for every ten (10) samples submitted for laboratory analysis. A minimum of one (1) field duplicate per project will be submitted. Field duplicates will be submitted for soil and groundwater samples
 Where combo pens are used to measure field chemistry, they will be calibrated on an approximately monthly basis, according to frequency of use.

Report: PE4783-SAP

Phase II Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street - Ottawa

5.0 DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES

The purpose of setting data quality objectives (DQOs) is to ensure that the level of uncertainty in data collected during the Phase II ESA is low enough that decision-making is not affected, and that the overall objectives of the investigation are met.

The quality of data is assessed by comparing field duplicates with original samples. If the relative percent difference (RPD) between the duplicate and the sample is within 20%, the data are considered to be of sufficient quality so as not to affect decision-making. The RPD is calculated as follows:

$$RPD = \left| \frac{x_1 - x_2}{(x_1 + x_2)/2} \right| \times 100\%$$

Where x_1 is the concentration of a given parameter in an original sample and x_2 is the concentration of that same parameter in the field duplicate sample.

For the purpose of calculating the RPD, it is desirable to select field duplicates from samples for which parameters are present in concentrations above laboratory detection limits, i.e. samples which are expected to be contaminated. If parameters are below laboratory detection limits for selected samples or duplicates, the RPD may be calculated using a concentration equal to one half (0.5 x) the laboratory detection limit.

It is also important to consider data quality in the overall context of the project. For example, if the DQOs are not met for a given sample, yet the concentrations of contaminants in both the sample and the duplicate exceed the MOE site remediation standards by a large margin, the decision-making usefulness of the sample may not be considered to be impaired. The proximity of other samples which meet the DQOs must also be considered in developing the Phase II Conceptual Site Model; often there are enough data available to produce a reliable Phase II Conceptual Site Model even if DQOs are not met for certain individual samples.

These considerations are discussed in the body of the report.

Report: PE4783-SAP November 2019



body of the Phase II ESA report.

6.0 PHYSICAL IMPEDIMENTS TO SAMPLING & ANALYSIS PLAN

Ph	ysical impediments to the Sampling and Analysis plan may include:
	The location of underground utilities
	Poor recovery of split-spoon soil samples
	Insufficient groundwater volume for groundwater samples
	Breakage of sampling containers following sampling or while in transit to the laboratory
	Elevated detection limits due to matrix interference (generally related to soil colour or presence of organic material)
	Elevated detection limits due to high concentrations of certain parameters, necessitating dilution of samples in laboratory
	Drill rig breakdowns
	Winter conditions
	Other site-specific impediments
Sit	e-specific impediments to the Sampling and Analysis plan are discussed in the

Report: PE4783-SAP

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment 1050 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM

TBM - Top spindle of fire hydrant located in front of 1063 Bank Street. Geodetic elevation = 73.22m.

FILE NO.

PE4303

REMARKS

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE 2018 May 1

HOLE NO.

BH 1

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger				ט	AIE 2	2018 May	/	DIT I	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	PLOT		SAN	IPLE	T	DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Photo Ionization Detector • Volatile Organic Rdg. (ppm)	g Well ction
ODOUND CUDEACE	STRATA	TYPE	NUMBER	% RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD	(111)	(111)	O Lower Explosive Limit %	Monitoring Well Construction
GROUND SURFACE	XXX			щ		0-	71.50	20 40 60 80	<u>–</u> जाक
50mm Asphaltic concrete over crushed stone with silt and sand 0.60		≅ AU	1					Δ	힄 별
FILL: Brown sand, some silt, trace		ss	2	33	8	1-	70.50	Δ	
gravel and asphalt		ss	3	50	4	2-	-69.50	Δ	
2.44	XXX	ss	4	50	14		00.50	Δ.	
		ss	5	92	12	3-	-68.50	Δ	
		ss	6	92	22	4-	67.50	Δ	
		ss	7	92	54	5-	-66.50	Δ	
Compact to dense, brown SAND , trace silt		ss	8	92	45		25.50	Δ	
		ss	9	83	45	6-	-65.50	Δ	
		ss	10	75	41	7-	64.50	Δ	
0.00		ss	11	83	29	8-	-63.50	<u> </u>	
B.38 Dense, brown SILTY FINE SAND , trace clay and gravel	Ш	ss	12	100	40		00.50	Δ	
Very dense, brown SANDY SILT ,		∑ SS	13	89	50+	9-	-62.50	Δ	
some clay, gravel and cobbles		⊠ SS	14	75	50+	10-	61.50	Δ	
10.67		ss	15	75	61	11-	-60.50		
		ss	16	82	50+	10	50.50		Y
Very dense, brown SAND , some gravel		≖ SS	17	100	50+	12-	-59.50	Δ	
						13-	-58.50		
						14-	-57.50		
14.63 End of Borehole		-							
(GWL @ 11.39m-May 15, 2018)									
								100 200 300 400 50 RKI Eagle Rdg. (ppm) ▲ Full Gas Resp. △ Methane Elim.	10

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

1050 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

TBM - Top spindle of fire hydrant located in front of 1063 Bank Street. Geodetic elevation = 73.22m.

FILE NO. PE4303

REMARKS

DATUM

HOLE NO. **BH 2 BORINGS BY** CME 55 Power Auger **DATE** 2018 May 2

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger				D	DATE	2018 May	/2		DITZ		
SOIL DESCRIPTION		SAMPLE SAMPLE				DEPTH	ELEV.	Photo Ionization Detector Volatile Organic Rdg. (ppm) C Lower Explosive Limit % 20 40 60 80			
CDOUND CUDEACE	STRATA	TYPE	NUMBER	% RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD	(m)	(m)	O Lower Explosive Limit %	Monitoring		
GROUND SURFACE 50mm Asphaltic concrete over 0.4	6 888			-		0-	71.55	20 40 60 80			
crushed stone with silt and sand of the sand of the stone with silt and sand.		⊗ AU	1			_	70.55				
asphalt, silt 1.3	7	ss	2	92	4	1-	70.55	Δ			
and gravel2.1	3	ss	3	67	3	2-	-69.55				
		ss	4	100	10						
		ss	5	92	21	3-	-68.55	Δ			
Compact to dones brown CAND		∑ ∑ss	6	75	29	4-	67.55	N			
Compact to dense, brown SAND											
some gravel and cobbles, trace		X ss	7	75	27	5-	-66.55				
lay by 6.1m depth		X ss	8	83	25	6-	65.55				
		ss	9	75	40						
		ss	10	58	38	7-	64.55	Δ			
7.7	7	ss	11	83	27	8-	-63.55				
Compact to very dense, brown		∑ ∑ss	12	67	19		00.00				
SILTY SAND, some gravel, trace lay, cobbles and boulders		∑ ss	13	88	50+	9-	62.55				
		⊼ SS	14	50	50+	10-	-61.55				
10.6							01.55				
		ss	15	83	36	11-	60.55				
		⊠ SS	16	80	50+	10	-59.55				
Dense to very dense, brown SAND, some gravel		≖ SS	17	67	50+	12-	- 29.33				
· •						13-	-58.55		- [
							F7 FF				
14.6	3					14-	-57.55				
End of Borehole											
(GWL @ 11.75m-May 15, 2018)											
									⊣ 500		
								RKI Eagle Rdg. (ppm) ▲ Full Gas Resp. △ Methane Elim	١.		

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment 1050 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

DATUM

TBM - Top spindle of fire hydrant located in front of 1063 Bank Street. Geodetic elevation = 73.22m.

FILE NO. PE4303

REMARKS

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE 2018 May 4

BH 3

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger				D	ATE 2	2018 May	/ 4	БПЗ	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	PLOT		SAN	IPLE	I	DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Photo Ionization Detector ■ Volatile Organic Rdg. (ppm)	g Well ction
	STRATA	TYPE	NUMBER	% RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD	(111)	(111)	O Lower Explosive Limit %	Monitoring Well Construction
GROUND SURFACE			-	22	z °	0-	71.50	20 40 60 80	2
50mm Asphaltic concrete over o.46 crushed stone with silt and sand		S AU	1					<u> </u>	
FILL: Brown silty sand, trace gravel and organics		X ss	2	54	9	1 -	-70.50		
1.98		X ss	3	75	5	2-	69.50		
		∑ ss ⊽ ss	4	58	23	3-	-68.50	<u></u>	ավարդի այդ արդականի արդականի արարդականի արդականի արդականի արդականի արդականի արդականի արդականի արդականի արդական Մարդականի արդականի ա
		∑ ss ∑ ss	5 6	75 58	34 47	4-	-67.50	<u>A</u>	
		∑ ss ∑ss	7	58	40			Δ	
Compact to very dense, brown		∑ ss	8	58	41	5-	-66.50	Δ	
SAND, trace silt		∑ ∑ss	9	83	54	6-	-65.50	Δ	
						7-	64.50		
		ss	10	75	56	8-	-63.50	Λ	
						9-	-62.50		
9.75 Very dense, brown SAND, some		X ss	11	58	75	10	61 50	Δ:	
silt, clay and gravel		SS s	12	67	53	10-	-61.50	Δ	
		∇				11-	-60.50		
Dense, brown SAND		∑ ss ∑ ss	13 14	75 83	43	12-	-59.50	Δ	
		\ \ 33	14	03	47	13-	-58.50	4	
13.72 End of Borehole		-							
(GWL @ 11.73m-May 15, 2018)									
								100 200 300 400 50 RKI Eagle Rdg. (ppm) ▲ Full Gas Resp. △ Methane Elim.	0

154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Geodetic

REMARKS

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE 2019 December 2

SOIL DESCRIPTION

Ottawa, Ontario

FILE NO.

PE4783

HOLE NO.

BH 1-19

SAMPLE

DEPTH ELEV.

Photo Ionization Detector

Volatile Organic Rdg. (ppm)

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger				D	ATE 2	2019 Dec	BH 1-19					19		
SOIL DESCRIPTION					ELEV.			Ionization Detector atile Organic Rdg. (ppm)				W.		
		TYPE	NUMBER	% RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD	(m)	(m)		ower					IloMy pairotiacM
GROUND SURFACE Asphaltic concrete 0.08	3 💢	Ã AU	1	-		0-	71.57	2		40	60		80	
FILL: Brown sand, trace gravel 0.76	3 XX	7	-		_		70 F7	<u> </u>						
FILL: Brown sandy silt	2	∬ SS ∣	2	71	7	-	70.57	<u> </u>						
		∑ ss	3	83	14	2-	69.57	<u> </u>						
		ss	4	83	14			A						
		ss	5	92	18	3-	-68.57	<u> </u>						
Compact, brown SAND		ss	6	75	16	4-	67.57							E
trace silt from 2.3 to 3.8m depth														
		X ss	7	58	17	5-	66.57							
		∑ ss	8	75	25	6-	65.57	A : :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :						
		ss	9	79	30		00.07	A ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
7.32	2	ss	10	75	24	7-	64.57	<u> </u>						E
Compact, brown SANDY SILT, some gravel, trace clay, cobbles		ss	11	79	21		63.57	A:::::::						
and boulders 	9					0-	63.37							
Compact, brown SAND, some		SS	12	92	76	9-	62.57	A		1				E
gravel, trace cobbles, boulders		X ss	13	71	22			A : :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :						
10.20 Very dense, brown SANDY SILT 10.6	5 7	ss	14	67	62	10-	61.57	4						
		⊠ SS	15	67	50+	11-	60.57	A						F
		≖ SS	16	100	50+			A						
Very dense, brown SILTY SAND,		∑ ss	17	81	50+	12-	-59.57	A						
some gravel, trace cobbles and coulders		– SS	18	0	50+	13-	-58.57							
							00.07	-0-1-0-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		₩	19			14-	57.57	<u> </u>						
14.63 End of Borehole	3	_												
GWL @ 12.26m - Dec. 11, 2019)														
2001.1, 2010)														
								10		200	300			⊣ 500
								1	KI Ea	_	_		n) ne Elim	

154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Geodetic

REMARKS

FILE NO.

PE4783

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE 2019 December 2

BH 2-19

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger				D	ATE 2	2019 Dec	BH 2-19					
SOIL DESCRIPTION	PLOT		SAN	IPLE	T	DEPTH	ELEV.			n Detector c Rdg. (ppm)	Well	
	STRATA E	TYPE	NUMBER	» RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD	(m)	(m)			sive Limit %	Monitoring Well Construction	
GROUND SURFACE	01		4	RE	z °	0-	-71.48	20	40	60 80	Σ	
Asphaltic concrete 0.0 FILL: Brown sand 0.7		AU	1				2					
Compact, brown SAND	2	X ss	2	92	16	1-	-70.48 _/					
Compact, brown SANDY SILT 2.2		ss	3	75	16	2-	-69.48 ⁻	X				
Loose to compact, brown SILTY		ss	4	83	9	3-	-68.48					
SAND 3.8	1	ss	5	71	19		4					
Compact, brown SANDY SILT	7	ss	6	75	16	4-	-67.48					
		X ss	7	79	13	5-	-66.48 ²					
Compact, brown SAND		X ss	8	83	23	6-	-65.48					
- some gravel by 5.8m depth		∑ ss	9	75	23	7-	-64.48					
7.9	0	∑ ss	10	67	25		2					
Compact, brown SANDY SILT , 8.3		¥ SS	11 12	75 100	19 50+	8-	-63.48 ²					
\ _		- SS	13	0	50+	9-	-62.48					
		≖ SS	14	67	50+	10-	-61.48					
Very dense, brown SAND , some gravel		∑ ss	15	100	58	11-	-60.48 4					
graver		⊠ ss	16	9	50+		4					
		∑ ss	17	71	50+	12-	-59.48 -	A				
						13-	-58.48					
						14-	-57.48					
End of Borehole	3	≅ AU	18									
(GWL @ 12.27m - Dec. 11, 2019)												
									Eagle Rd	300 400 5 lg. (ppm) \(\text{Methane Elim}\)	500	

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SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

DATUM Geodetic

FILE NO.

PE4783

REMARKS

HOLE NO.

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger				D	ATE 2	BH 3-19								
SOIL DESCRIPTION	PLOT		SAN	IPLE		DEPTH	ELEV.	Photo Ionization Detector Volatile Organic Rdg. (ppm)						
	STRATA	TYPE	NUMBER	% RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD	(m)	(m)	O Lowe	-				Monitoring Well	
GROUND SURFACE Asphaltic concrete 0.06		*				0-	71.46	20	40 60 80					
FILL: Brown sand, some gravel 0.76 FILL: Brown sand, some silt, trace		§AU SS	1	50	3	1 -	-70.46 <i>.</i>							
gravel1.52 Compact, brown SAND, some silt		ss	3	42	13				· (· · · · (· · (· · (· · · (· · · (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ! · · ! · · ! · · ! · · ! · · ! · · ! · · ! · · ! · · ! · · ! · · !	2 - 6 2 - 2 - 6 2 - 2 - 6 2 - 3 - 6 3 -		
2.29 Compact, brown SILT with sand		ss	4	54	29	2-	-69.46 <i>'</i>							
3.05 Compact, brown SAND, some silt		2				3-	-68.46	4						
3.81 Sompact, brown SILT, some sand		ss	5	71	19	4-	-67.46	A						
4.57		SS	6	79	19		07.10							
	 	SS	7	71	20	5-	-66.46						冒	
Compact, brown SAND	 	SS	8	79	22	6-	-65.46	<u> </u>						
some gravel by 6.9m depth		SS	9	62	21	7-	-64.46	4						
7.62) 	SS S	10 11	71 70	26 50+		04.40							
/ery dense, brown SILT with clay, come sand and gravel 8.38		≤ SS	12	80	50+	8-	-63.46							
/ery dense, brown SAND, some		s SS	13	50	50+	9-	-62.46	A						
gravel	\ 	ss	14	62	35	10-	-61.46							
trace cobbles and boulders by 0.1m depth		ss	15	83	53	11_	-60.46 -							
·	 -:::::: X -:::::: X	ss	16	73	50+	''	00.40	T						
		ss	17	76	50+	12-	-59.46	4						
12.95		ss	18	53	50+	13-	-58.46	4						
ery dense GRAVEL with sand		ss	19	46	55	14-	-57.46							
14.94			10	10			07110							
End of Borehole														
GWL @ 12.30m - Dec. 11, 2019)														
								100 200 300 400 500 RKI Eagle Rdg. (ppm) ▲ Full Gas Resp. △ Methane Elim.						

154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Geodetic FILE NO. **PE4783 REMARKS** HOLE NO. **BH 4-19 BORINGS BY** CME 55 Power Auger DATE 2019 December 3 Monitoring Well Construction **SAMPLE Photo Ionization Detector** STRATA PLOT **DEPTH** ELEV. **SOIL DESCRIPTION** Volatile Organic Rdg. (ppm) (m) (m) N VALUE or RQD RECOVERY NUMBER **Lower Explosive Limit % GROUND SURFACE** 80 0+71.46Asphaltic concrete 0.05 ΑU 1 FILL: Brown sand 1+70.46SS 2 54 7 1.52 SS 3 9 71 Loose, brown SANDY SILT 2+69.462.29 SS 4 10 67 Compact, brown **SAND** 3+68.46SS 5 - with silt by 3.0m depth 58 13 3.81 Compact, brown SANDY SILT 4 + 67.464.27 SS 6 67 16 Compact, brown SAND 4.42 End of Borehole 200 300 500 RKI Eagle Rdg. (ppm) ▲ Full Gas Resp. △ Methane Elim.

patersongroup Consulting Engineers

154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Geodetic FILE NO. **PE4783 REMARKS** HOLE NO. **BH 5-19 BORINGS BY** CME 55 Power Auger DATE 2019 December 3 Monitoring Well Construction **SAMPLE Photo Ionization Detector** STRATA PLOT **DEPTH** ELEV. **SOIL DESCRIPTION** Volatile Organic Rdg. (ppm) (m) (m) N VALUE or RQD RECOVERY NUMBER **Lower Explosive Limit % GROUND SURFACE** 80 0+71.51Asphaltic concrete 0.06 ΑU 1 1 + 70.51SS 2 50 9 FILL: Brown sand, trace gravel SS 3 6 4 2 + 69.512.64 SS 4 3 50 3+68.51Very loose to compact, brown SS 5 3 62 SAND, trace silt 4 + 67.51SS 6 79 12 4.42 End of Borehole 200 300 500 RKI Eagle Rdg. (ppm) ▲ Full Gas Resp. △ Methane Elim.

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154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Geodetic FILE NO. **PE4783 REMARKS** HOLE NO. **BH 6-19 BORINGS BY** CME 55 Power Auger DATE 2019 December 4 **SAMPLE Photo Ionization Detector** Monitoring Wel Construction PLOT **DEPTH** ELEV. SOIL DESCRIPTION Volatile Organic Rdg. (ppm) (m) (m) VALUE r RQD RECOVERY STRATA NUMBER TYPE **Lower Explosive Limit %** N o v **GROUND SURFACE** 80 0+71.62Asphaltic concrete 0.08 1 **FILL:** Brown sand, some gravel 1+70.6271 SS 2 10 SS 3 75 16 Compact, brown SAND 2+69.62SS 4 83 14 3.15 3+68.62SS 5 71 15 Compact, brown SAND with silt 4.06 4+67.62 SS 6 83 14 Compact, brown **SILT** with sand 4.22 SS 7 79 19 5+66.62SS 8 75 18 Compact, brown SAND, trace 6+65.62gravel SS 9 70 79 7 + 64.62SS 10 14 71 7.62 SS 11 62 21 8+63.62 Compact to very dense, brown SILT with clay, some sand and SS 12 83 34 9+62.62SS 13 100 50 +- trace cobbles and boulders by 9.9md epth SS 14 50 50+ 10+61.62 10.77 SS 15 88 51 11 + 60.62Very dense, brown **SAND** 11.43 Very dense, brown SAND, some SS 16 62 49 gravel, trace cobbles and boulders 12+59.62 SS 17 89 50 +- gravel increasing with depth 12.95 13+58.62 SS 18 67 68 Very dense, brown SILTY SAND SS 19 90 50+ 14+57.62 with gravel, trace cobbles and boulders SS 20 50 +15+56.62 <u>15.24</u> 21 End of Borehole (GWL @ 12.32m - Dec. 11, 2019) 200 300 500 RKI Eagle Rdg. (ppm) ▲ Full Gas Resp. △ Methane Elim.

patersongroup Consulting Engineers

154 Colonnade Road South, Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment 1050 and 1060 Bank Street Ottawa, Ontario

Geodetic FILE NO. **DATUM PE4783 REMARKS** HOLE NO. **BH 7-19 BORINGS BY** CME 55 Power Auger DATE 2019 December 4 **SAMPLE Photo Ionization Detector** Monitoring Well Construction STRATA PLOT **DEPTH** ELEV. **SOIL DESCRIPTION** Volatile Organic Rdg. (ppm) (m) (m) RECOVERY VALUE r RQD NUMBER **Lower Explosive Limit %** N o v **GROUND SURFACE** 80 0+71.47Asphaltic concrete 0.09 1 **FILL:** Brown sand with gravel 1 + 70.472 3 SS 58 - trace gravel by 0.3m depth 1.52 3 SS 3 67 FILL: Brown sand 2+69.472.29 SS 4 92 12 Compact, brown SAND, some silt 3+68.47SS 5 88 18 3.81 4 + 67.47SS 6 88 20 SS 7 58 21 5+66.47SS 8 75 17 Compact, brown SAND 6 + 65.47SS 9 71 18 7 + 64.47SS 10 24 79 - trace gravel, cobbles and boulders SS 11 30 46 8 + 63.47by 7.6m depth SS 12 50 11 Dark brown SILTY CLAY with 9+62.47sand and gravel SS 13 42 23 - trace cobbles and boulders by SS 14 100 50+ 10+61.479.9m depth 10.67 Very dense, brown SAND, trace SS 15 67 46 11 + 60.47gravel, cobbles, boulders SS 16 33 29 Compact to very dense, brown 12 + 59.47**SAND** with gravel SS 17 89 50 +

SS

SS

Very dense, brown GRAVEL with

sand

End of Borehole

18

19

54

83

50

93

13+58.47

14 + 57.47

200

RKI Eagle Rdg. (ppm)

▲ Full Gas Resp. △ Methane Elim.

300

500

SYMBOLS AND TERMS

SOIL DESCRIPTION

Behavioural properties, such as structure and strength, take precedence over particle gradation in describing soils. Terminology describing soil structure are as follows:

Desiccated	-	having visible signs of weathering by oxidation of clay minerals, shrinkage cracks, etc.
Fissured	-	having cracks, and hence a blocky structure.
Varved	-	composed of regular alternating layers of silt and clay.
Stratified	-	composed of alternating layers of different soil types, e.g. silt and sand or silt and clay.
Well-Graded	-	Having wide range in grain sizes and substantial amounts of all intermediate particle sizes (see Grain Size Distribution).
Uniformly-Graded	-	Predominantly of one grain size (see Grain Size Distribution).

The standard terminology to describe the relative strength of cohesionless soils is the compactness condition, usually inferred from the results of the Standard Penetration Test (SPT) 'N' value. The SPT N value is the number of blows of a 63.5 kg hammer, falling 760 mm, required to drive a 51 mm O.D. split spoon sampler 300 mm into the soil after an initial penetration of 150 mm. An SPT N value of "P" denotes that the split-spoon sampler was pushed 300 mm into the soil without the use of a falling hammer.

Compactness Condition	'N' Value	Relative Density %
Very Loose	<4	<15
Loose	4-10	15-35
Compact	10-30	35-65
Dense	30-50	65-85
Very Dense	>50	>85

The standard terminology to describe the strength of cohesive soils is the consistency, which is based on the undisturbed undrained shear strength as measured by the in situ or laboratory shear vane tests, unconfined compression tests, or occasionally by the Standard Penetration Test (SPT). Note that the typical correlations of undrained shear strength to SPT N value (tabulated below) tend to underestimate the consistency for sensitive silty clays, so Paterson reviews the applicable split spoon samples in the laboratory to provide a more representative consistency value based on tactile examination.

Consistency	Undrained Shear Strength (kPa)	'N' Value	
Very Soft Soft Firm Stiff Very Stiff Hard	<12 12-25 25-50 50-100 100-200 >200	<2 2-4 4-8 8-15 15-30 >30	

SYMBOLS AND TERMS (continued)

SOIL DESCRIPTION (continued)

Cohesive soils can also be classified according to their "sensitivity". The sensitivity, S_t , is the ratio between the undisturbed undrained shear strength and the remoulded undrained shear strength of the soil. The classes of sensitivity may be defined as follows:

ROCK DESCRIPTION

The structural description of the bedrock mass is based on the Rock Quality Designation (RQD).

The RQD classification is based on a modified core recovery percentage in which all pieces of sound core over 100 mm long are counted as recovery. The smaller pieces are considered to be a result of closely-spaced discontinuities (resulting from shearing, jointing, faulting, or weathering) in the rock mass and are not counted. RQD is ideally determined from NQ or larger size core. However, it can be used on smaller core sizes, such as BQ, if the bulk of the fractures caused by drilling stresses (called "mechanical breaks") are easily distinguishable from the normal in situ fractures.

RQD %	ROCK QUALITY
90-100 75-90	Excellent, intact, very sound Good, massive, moderately jointed or sound
50-75	Fair, blocky and seamy, fractured
25-50 0-25	Poor, shattered and very seamy or blocky, severely fractured Very poor, crushed, very severely fractured

SAMPLE TYPES

SS	-	Split spoon sample (obtained in conjunction with the performing of the Standard Penetration Test (SPT))
TW	-	Thin wall tube or Shelby tube, generally recovered using a piston sampler
G	-	"Grab" sample from test pit or surface materials
AU	-	Auger sample or bulk sample
WS	-	Wash sample
RC	-	Rock core sample (Core bit size BQ, NQ, HQ, etc.). Rock core samples are obtained with the use of standard diamond drilling bits

SYMBOLS AND TERMS (continued)

PLASTICITY LIMITS AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

WC% - Natural water content or water content of sample, %

LL - Liquid Limit, % (water content above which soil behaves as a liquid)

PL - Plastic Limit, % (water content above which soil behaves plastically)

PI - Plasticity Index, % (difference between LL and PL)

Dxx - Grain size at which xx% of the soil, by weight, is of finer grain sizes

These grain size descriptions are not used below 0.075 mm grain size

D10 - Grain size at which 10% of the soil is finer (effective grain size)

D60 - Grain size at which 60% of the soil is finer

Cc - Concavity coefficient = $(D30)^2 / (D10 \times D60)$

Cu - Uniformity coefficient = D60 / D10

Cc and Cu are used to assess the grading of sands and gravels:

Well-graded gravels have: 1 < Cc < 3 and Cu > 4 Well-graded sands have: 1 < Cc < 3 and Cu > 6

Sands and gravels not meeting the above requirements are poorly-graded or uniformly-graded.

Cc and Cu are not applicable for the description of soils with more than 10% silt and clay

(more than 10% finer than 0.075 mm or the #200 sieve)

CONSOLIDATION TEST

p'o - Present effective overburden pressure at sample depth

p'c - Preconsolidation pressure of (maximum past pressure on) sample

Ccr - Recompression index (in effect at pressures below p'c)
 Cc - Compression index (in effect at pressures above p'c)

OC Ratio Overconsolidaton ratio = p'c / p'o

Void Ratio Initial sample void ratio = volume of voids / volume of solids

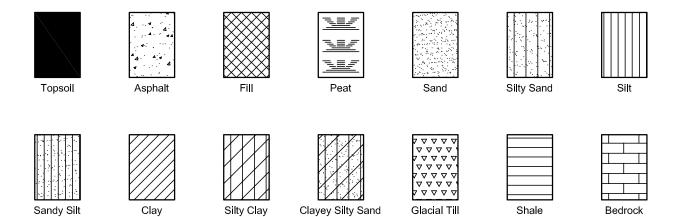
Wo - Initial water content (at start of consolidation test)

PERMEABILITY TEST

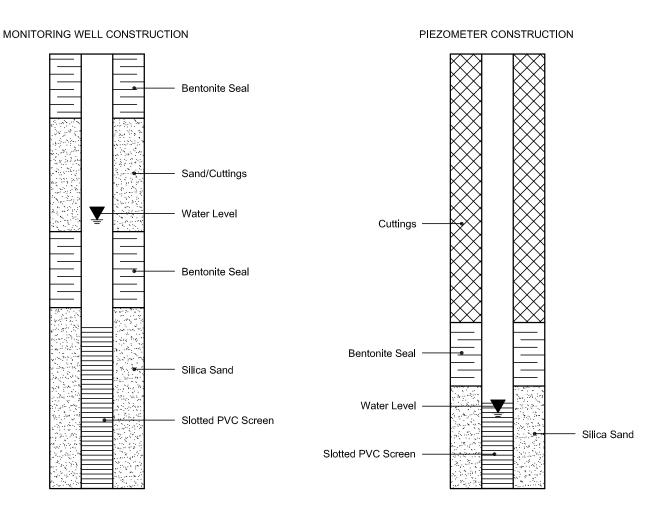
Coefficient of permeability or hydraulic conductivity is a measure of the ability of water to flow through the sample. The value of k is measured at a specified unit weight for (remoulded) cohesionless soil samples, because its value will vary with the unit weight or density of the sample during the test.

SYMBOLS AND TERMS (continued)

STRATA PLOT



MONITORING WELL AND PIEZOMETER CONSTRUCTION





300 - 2319 St. Laurent Blvd Ottawa, ON, K1G 4J8 1-800-749-1947 www.paracellabs.com

Certificate of Analysis

Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

154 Colonnade Road South

Nepean, ON K2E 7J5 Attn: Karyn Munch

Client PO: 29273 Project: PE4783 Custody: 51750

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Revised Report

Order #: 1949563

This Certificate of Analysis contains analytical data applicable to the following samples as submitted:

Paracel ID	Client ID
1949563-01	BH1-SS5
1949563-02	BH1-SS17
1949563-03	BH2-SS4
1949563-04	BH2-SS17
1949563-05	BH3-SS2
1949563-06	BH3-SS6
1949563-07	BH3-SS16
1949563-08	BH5-SS2
1949563-09	BH6-SS18
1949563-10	BH7-SS2
1949563-11	BH7-SS18
1949563-12	Dup1
1949563-13	Dup2

Approved By:

Mark Foto

Mark Foto, M.Sc. Lab Supervisor



Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Client PO: 29273

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Analysis Summary Table

Analysis	Method Reference/Description	Extraction Date	Analysis Date
BTEX by P&T GC-MS	EPA 8260 - P&T GC-MS	11-Dec-19	12-Dec-19
Chromium, hexavalent - soil	MOE E3056 - Extraction, colourimetric	9-Dec-19	10-Dec-19
Mercury by CVAA	EPA 7471B - CVAA, digestion	11-Dec-19	11-Dec-19
pH, soil	EPA 150.1 - pH probe @ 25 °C, CaCl buffered ext.	11-Dec-19	11-Dec-19
PHC F1	CWS Tier 1 - P&T GC-FID	11-Dec-19	12-Dec-19
PHC F4G (gravimetric)	CWS Tier 1 - Extraction Gravimetric	11-Dec-19	12-Dec-19
PHCs F2 to F4	CWS Tier 1 - GC-FID, extraction	9-Dec-19	10-Dec-19
REG 153: Metals by ICP/MS, soil	EPA 6020 - Digestion - ICP-MS	11-Dec-19	11-Dec-19
REG 153: PAHs by GC-MS	EPA 8270 - GC-MS, extraction	13-Dec-19	17-Dec-19
REG 153: VOCs by P&T GC/MS	EPA 8260 - P&T GC-MS	11-Dec-19	12-Dec-19
Solids, %	Gravimetric, calculation	9-Dec-19	9-Dec-19



Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Г	Client ID: Sample Date: Sample ID: MDL/Units	BH1-SS5 02-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-01 Soil	BH1-SS17 02-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-02 Soil	BH2-SS4 02-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-03 Soil	BH2-SS17 02-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-04 Soil
Physical Characteristics	WIDE/OTHES		0011	3011	0011
% Solids	0.1 % by Wt.	97.3	95.0	90.7	91.0
General Inorganics			!		
рН	0.05 pH Units	8.38	-	-	-
Volatiles					
Acetone	0.50 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.50	-
Benzene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
Bromodichloromethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Bromoform	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Bromomethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Chlorobenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Chloroform	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Dibromochloromethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
1,3-Dichloropropene, total	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Ethylbenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethan	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Hexane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	0.50 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.50	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.50 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.50	-
Methyl tert-butyl ether	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Methylene Chloride	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
Styrene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Certificate of Analysis
Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers
Order Date: 6-Dec-2019
Client PO: 29273
Project Description: PE4783

BH1-SS17 BH1-SS5 BH2-SS4 BH2-SS17 Client ID: 02-Dec-19 09:00 Sample Date: 02-Dec-19 09:00 02-Dec-19 09:00 02-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-01 1949563-02 1949563-03 1949563-04 Sample ID: Soil Soil Soil Soil MDL/Units 0.05 ug/g dry 1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane < 0.05 0.05 ug/g dry Tetrachloroethylene < 0.05 0.05 ug/g dry Toluene < 0.05 0.05 ug/g dry 1,1,1-Trichloroethane < 0.05 0.05 ug/g dry < 0.05 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene 0.05 ug/g dry < 0.05 Trichlorofluoromethane 0.05 ug/g dry < 0.05 _ _ _ 0.02 ug/g dry Vinyl chloride < 0.02 0.05 ug/g dry < 0.05 m,p-Xylenes 0.05 ug/g dry o-Xylene < 0.05 0.05 ug/g dry Xylenes, total < 0.05 4-Bromofluorobenzene Surrogate 111% Dibromofluoromethane Surrogate 104% Toluene-d8 Surrogate 102% Benzene 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 < 0.02 < 0.02 0.05 ug/g dry Ethylbenzene < 0.05 < 0.05 < 0.05 0.05 ug/g dry Toluene < 0.05 < 0.05 _ < 0.05 0.05 ug/g dry < 0.05 < 0.05 < 0.05 m,p-Xylenes 0.05 ug/g dry o-Xylene < 0.05 < 0.05 < 0.05 _ 0.05 ug/g dry < 0.05 Xylenes, total < 0.05 < 0.05 101% 101% Toluene-d8 Surrogate 102% -**Hydrocarbons** 7 ug/g dry F1 PHCs (C6-C10) <7 <7 <7 <7 4 ug/g dry F2 PHCs (C10-C16) <4 <4 <4 <4 8 ug/g dry 11 F3 PHCs (C16-C34) <8 <8 16 F4 PHCs (C34-C50) 6 ug/g dry <6 <6 15 <6 Semi-Volatiles 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 _ _ _ 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 Anthracene 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 Benzo [a] anthracene 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 Benzo [a] pyrene 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 Benzo [b] fluoranthene 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 Benzo [g,h,i] perylene 0.02 ug/g dry Benzo [k] fluoranthene < 0.02 0.02 ug/g dry Chrysene < 0.02



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

	Client ID: Sample Date: Sample ID:	BH1-SS5 02-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-01	BH1-SS17 02-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-02	BH2-SS4 02-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-03	BH2-SS17 02-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-04
	MDL/Units	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Dibenzo [a,h] anthracene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
Fluoranthene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
Fluorene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
1-Methylnaphthalene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
Methylnaphthalene (1&2)	0.04 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.04	-
Naphthalene	0.01 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.01	-
Phenanthrene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
Pyrene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
2-Fluorobiphenyl	Surrogate	-	-	73.6%	-
Terphenyl-d14	Surrogate	-	-	66.8%	-



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

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Certificate of Analysis

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	Client ID: Sample Date: Sample ID: MDL/Units	BH3-SS2 03-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-05 Soil	BH3-SS6 03-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-06 Soil	BH3-SS16 03-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-07 Soil	BH5-SS2 03-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-08 Soil
Physical Characteristics	IIID E/OIII(G		<u> </u>		
% Solids	0.1 % by Wt.	88.9	84.9	96.7	93.8
Metals					
Antimony	1.0 ug/g dry	1.1	-	-	-
Arsenic	1.0 ug/g dry	3.0	-	-	-
Barium	1.0 ug/g dry	47.4	-	-	-
Beryllium	0.5 ug/g dry	<0.5	-	-	-
Boron	5.0 ug/g dry	5.0	-	-	-
Cadmium	0.5 ug/g dry	<0.5	-	-	-
Chromium	5.0 ug/g dry	12.6	-	-	-
Chromium (VI)	0.2 ug/g dry	<0.2	-	-	-
Cobalt	1.0 ug/g dry	3.7	-	-	-
Copper	5.0 ug/g dry	9.2	-	-	-
Lead	1.0 ug/g dry	21.3	-	-	-
Mercury	0.1 ug/g dry	<0.1	-	-	-
Molybdenum	1.0 ug/g dry	<1.0	-	-	-
Nickel	5.0 ug/g dry	6.5	-	-	-
Selenium	1.0 ug/g dry	<1.0	-	-	-
Silver	0.3 ug/g dry	<0.3	-	-	-
Thallium	1.0 ug/g dry	<1.0	-	-	-
Uranium	1.0 ug/g dry	<1.0	-	-	-
Vanadium	10.0 ug/g dry	22.5	-	-	-
Zinc	20.0 ug/g dry	156	-	-	-
Volatiles			1	ī	
Acetone	0.50 ug/g dry	-	<0.50	-	<0.50
Benzene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	<0.02	-	<0.02
Bromodichloromethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Bromoform	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Bromomethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Chlorobenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Chloroform	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Dibromochloromethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Order Date: 6-Dec-2019



Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

	Client ID: Sample Date:	BH3-SS2 03-Dec-19 09:00	BH3-SS6 03-Dec-19 09:00	BH3-SS16 03-Dec-19 09:00	BH5-SS2 03-Dec-19 09:00
	Sample ID:	1949563-05	1949563-06	1949563-07	1949563-08
[MDL/Units	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,3-Dichloropropene, total	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Ethylbenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethar	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Hexane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	0.50 ug/g dry	-	<0.50	-	<0.50
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.50 ug/g dry	-	<0.50	-	<0.50
Methyl tert-butyl ether	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Methylene Chloride	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Styrene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Tetrachloroethylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Toluene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Trichloroethylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Vinyl chloride	0.02 ug/g dry	-	<0.02	-	<0.02
m,p-Xylenes	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
o-Xylene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
Xylenes, total	0.05 ug/g dry	-	<0.05	-	<0.05
4-Bromofluorobenzene	Surrogate	-	109%	-	108%
Dibromofluoromethane	Surrogate	-	105%	-	102%
Toluene-d8	Surrogate	-	102%	-	101%
Benzene	0.02 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.02	-
Ethylbenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	-	-	<0.05	-



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

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Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers
Order Date: 6-Dec-2019
Client PO: 29273
Project Description: PE4783

BH3-SS6 BH3-SS16 BH5-SS2 Client ID: BH3-SS2 03-Dec-19 09:00 03-Dec-19 09:00 03-Dec-19 09:00 Sample Date: 03-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-05 1949563-06 1949563-07 1949563-08 Sample ID: Soil Soil Soil Soil MDL/Units 0.05 ug/g dry Toluene < 0.05 0.05 ug/g dry m,p-Xylenes < 0.05 _ _ 0.05 ug/g dry o-Xylene < 0.05 0.05 ug/g dry Xylenes, total < 0.05 Toluene-d8 Surrogate 101% **Hydrocarbons** 7 ug/g dry F1 PHCs (C6-C10) <7 <7 <7 4 ug/g dry F2 PHCs (C10-C16) <4 <4 <4 8 ug/g dry <8 <8 F3 PHCs (C16-C34) 94 6 ug/g dry F4 PHCs (C34-C50) <6 <6 174 [2] 50 ug/g dry _ F4G PHCs (gravimetric) _ 719 Semi-Volatiles 0.02 ug/g dry Acenaphthene < 0.02 0.02 ug/g dry 0.02 Acenaphthylene 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 Anthracene 0.02 ug/g dry Benzo [a] anthracene 0.02 0.02 ug/g dry 0.02 Benzo [a] pyrene 0.02 ug/g dry Benzo [b] fluoranthene 0.04 0.02 ug/g dry Benzo [g,h,i] perylene 0.04 0.02 ug/g dry Benzo [k] fluoranthene 0.02 0.02 ug/g dry Chrysene 0.03 0.02 ug/g dry Dibenzo [a,h] anthracene < 0.02 0.02 ug/g dry Fluoranthene 0.03 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 Fluorene _ _ _ 0.02 ug/g dry Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene 0.02 0.02 ug/g dry 1-Methylnaphthalene _ _ _ < 0.02 0.02 ug/g dry 2-Methylnaphthalene < 0.02 0.04 ug/g dry < 0.04 Methylnaphthalene (1&2) _ _ _ 0.01 ug/g dry < 0.01 Naphthalene 0.02 ug/g dry < 0.02 Phenanthrene _ _ _ 0.02 ug/g dry 0.03 Pyrene Surrogate 2-Fluorobiphenyl 132% _ _ _ Terphenyl-d14 Surrogate 121%



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Certificate of Analysis
Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client: Paterson Group Consulting EngineersOrder Date: 6-Dec-2019Client PO: 29273Project Description: PE4783

	Client ID: Sample Date: Sample ID: MDL/Units	BH6-SS18 04-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-09 Soil	BH7-SS2 04-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-10 Soil	BH7-SS18 04-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-11 Soil	Dup1 04-Dec-19 09:00 1949563-12 Soil
Physical Characteristics					
% Solids	0.1 % by Wt.	94.2	92.5	84.2	92.2
General Inorganics	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		1	Г	
рН	0.05 pH Units	-	7.85	-	-
Metals	1 40 / 1		1		
Antimony	1.0 ug/g dry	-	<1.0	-	-
Arsenic	1.0 ug/g dry	-	2.3	-	-
Barium	1.0 ug/g dry	-	34.8	-	-
Beryllium	0.5 ug/g dry	-	<0.5	-	-
Boron	5.0 ug/g dry	-	<5.0	-	-
Cadmium	0.5 ug/g dry	-	<0.5	-	-
Chromium	5.0 ug/g dry	-	10.3	-	-
Chromium (VI)	0.2 ug/g dry	-	<0.2	-	-
Cobalt	1.0 ug/g dry	-	3.6	-	-
Copper	5.0 ug/g dry	-	11.1	-	-
Lead	1.0 ug/g dry	-	30.9	-	-
Mercury	0.1 ug/g dry	-	<0.1	-	-
Molybdenum	1.0 ug/g dry	-	<1.0	-	-
Nickel	5.0 ug/g dry	-	6.0	-	-
Selenium	1.0 ug/g dry	-	<1.0	-	-
Silver	0.3 ug/g dry	-	<0.3	-	-
Thallium	1.0 ug/g dry	-	<1.0	-	-
Uranium	1.0 ug/g dry	-	<1.0	-	-
Vanadium	10.0 ug/g dry	-	21.2	-	-
Zinc	20.0 ug/g dry	-	68.7	-	-
Volatiles	1		1		
Benzene	0.02 ug/g dry	<0.02	-	<0.02	<0.02
Ethylbenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	<0.05	-	<0.05	<0.05
Toluene	0.05 ug/g dry	<0.05	-	<0.05	<0.05
m,p-Xylenes	0.05 ug/g dry	<0.05	-	<0.05	<0.05
o-Xylene	0.05 ug/g dry	<0.05	-	<0.05	<0.05
Xylenes, total	0.05 ug/g dry	<0.05	-	<0.05	<0.05
Toluene-d8	Surrogate	101%	-	101%	101%
Hydrocarbons					
F1 PHCs (C6-C10)	7 ug/g dry	<7	-	<7	<7
F2 PHCs (C10-C16)	4 ug/g dry	<4	-	<4	<4



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Certificate of Analysis **Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers**

Order Date: 6-Dec-2019 Client PO: 29273 **Project Description: PE4783**

	Client ID:	BH6-SS18	BH7-SS2	BH7-SS18	Dup1
	Sample Date:	04-Dec-19 09:00	04-Dec-19 09:00	04-Dec-19 09:00	04-Dec-19 09:00
	Sample ID:	1949563-09	1949563-10	1949563-11	1949563-12
	MDL/Units	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
F3 PHCs (C16-C34)	8 ug/g dry	<8	-	24	<8
F4 PHCs (C34-C50)	6 ug/g dry	<6	-	27	<6
	Client ID:	Dup2	-	-	-
	Sample Date:	04-Dec-19 09:00	-	-	-
	Sample ID:	1949563-13	-	-	-
	MDL/Units	Soil	-	-	-
Physical Characteristics			•		
% Solids	0.1 % by Wt.	83.4	-	-	-
Volatiles					
Benzene	0.02 ug/g dry	<0.02	-	-	-
Ethylbenzene	0.05 ug/g dry	< 0.05	-	-	-
Toluene	0.05 ug/g dry	<0.05	-	-	-
m,p-Xylenes	0.05 ug/g dry	< 0.05	-	-	-
o-Xylene	0.05 ug/g dry	< 0.05	-	-	-
Xylenes, total	0.05 ug/g dry	< 0.05	-	-	-
Toluene-d8	Surrogate	101%	-	-	-
Hydrocarbons					
F1 PHCs (C6-C10)	7 ug/g dry	<7	-	-	-
F2 PHCs (C10-C16)	4 ug/g dry	<4	-	-	-
F3 PHCs (C16-C34)	8 ug/g dry	<8	-	-	-
F4 PHCs (C34-C50)	6 ug/g dry	<6	-	-	-



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client PO: 29273

Method Quality Control:	Blank								
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limit	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Hydrocarbons									
F1 PHCs (C6-C10)	ND	7	ug/g						
F2 PHCs (C10-C16)	ND	4	ug/g						
F3 PHCs (C16-C34)	ND	8	ug/g						
F4 PHCs (C34-C50)	ND	6	ug/g						
F4G PHCs (gravimetric)	ND	50	ug/g						
Metals									
Antimony	ND	1.0	ug/g						
Arsenic	ND	1.0	ug/g						
Barium	ND	1.0	ug/g						
Beryllium	ND ND	0.5	ug/g						
Boron Cadmium	ND ND	5.0 0.5	ug/g						
Chromium (VI)	ND ND	0.5	ug/g						
Chromium	ND ND	5.0	ug/g ug/g						
Cobalt	ND ND	1.0	ug/g ug/g						
Copper	ND	5.0	ug/g						
Lead	ND	1.0	ug/g						
Mercury	ND	0.1	ug/g						
Molybdenum	ND	1.0	ug/g						
Nickel	ND	5.0	ug/g						
Selenium	ND	1.0	ug/g						
Silver	ND	0.3	ug/g						
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/g						
Uranium	ND	1.0	ug/g						
Vanadium	ND	10.0	ug/g						
Zinc	ND	20.0	ug/g						
Semi-Volatiles									
Acenaphthene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Acenaphthylene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Anthracene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Benzo [a] anthracene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Benzo [a] pyrene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Benzo [b] fluoranthene	ND ND	0.02	ug/g						
Benzo [g,h,i] perylene	ND ND	0.02 0.02	ug/g						
Benzo [k] fluoranthene Chrysene	ND ND	0.02	ug/g ug/g						
Dibenzo [a,h] anthracene	ND ND	0.02	ug/g ug/g						
Fluoranthene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Fluorene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
1-Methylnaphthalene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Methylnaphthalene (1&2)	ND	0.04	ug/g						
Naphthalene	ND	0.01	ug/g						
Phenanthrene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Pyrene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Surrogate: 2-Fluorobiphenyl	1.61		ug/g		121	50-140			
Surrogate: Terphenyl-d14	1.63		ug/g		122	50-140			
Volatiles									
Acetone	ND	0.50	ug/g						
Benzene	ND	0.02	ug/g						
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Bromoform	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Bromomethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Chloroform Dibromochloromethane	ND ND	0.05 0.05	ug/g						
Distribution temane	טאו	0.05	ug/g						



Certificate of Analysis

Order #: 1949563

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client PO: 29273

Method Quality Control: Blank

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limit	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,3-Dichloropropene, total	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Hexane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	ND	0.50	ug/g						
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	0.50	ug/g						
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Methylene Chloride	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Styrene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Toluene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Trichloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.02	ug/g						
m,p-Xylenes	ND	0.05	ug/g						
o-Xylene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Xylenes, total	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	9.19		ug/g		115	50-140			
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	8.27		ug/g		103	50-140			
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	8.22		ug/g		103	50-140			
Benzene	ND	0.02	ug/g			30			
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
Toluene	ND	0.05	ug/g						
m,p-Xylenes	ND	0.05	ug/g						
o-Xylene	ND	0.05	ug/g ug/g						
Xylenes, total	ND	0.05	ug/g						

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client: Paterson Group Consulting EngineersOrder Date: 6-Dec-2019Client PO: 29273Project Description: PE4783

Method Quality Control: Duplicate

Analyte		Reporting	11.2	Source	0/ D=0	%REC	DDD	RPD	N1_1_
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Result	%REC	Limit	RPD	Limit	Notes
General Inorganics									
pH	8.16	0.05	pH Units	8.16			0.0	2.3	
Hydrocarbons			·						
F1 PHCs (C6-C10)	ND	7	ug/g dry	ND				40	
F2 PHCs (C10-C16)	ND	4	ug/g dry ug/g dry	ND				30	
F3 PHCs (C16-C34)	29	8	ug/g dry	45			43.8	30	QR-01
F4 PHCs (C34-C50)	32	6	ug/g dry	57			55.9	30	QR-01
F4G PHCs (gravimetric)	1280	83	ug/g dry	1680			27.2	30	QIT OT
Metals	.200		ag, g a. y					•	
Antimony	ND	1.0	ug/g dry	ND			0.0	30	
Arsenic	4.0	1.0	ug/g dry	3.6			11.1	30	
Barium	69.4	1.0	ug/g dry	59.2			15.9	30	
Beryllium	0.6	0.5	ug/g dry	0.5			12.4	30	
Boron	9.8	5.0	ug/g dry	8.2			17.7	30	
Cadmium	ND	0.5	ug/g dry	ND			0.0	30	
Chromium (VI)	ND	0.2	ug/g dry	ND			-	35	
Chromium	21.3	5.0	ug/g dry	18.8			12.1	30	
Cobalt	7.6	1.0	ug/g dry	6.6			13.7	30	
Copper	21.9	5.0	ug/g dry	18.9			14.9	30	
Lead	15.6	1.0	ug/g dry	13.5			14.4	30	
Mercury	ND	0.1	ug/g dry	ND			0.0	30	
Molybdenum	ND	1.0	ug/g dry	ND			0.0	30	
Nickel	16.9	5.0	ug/g dry	14.4			16.0	30	
Selenium	ND	1.0	ug/g dry	ND			0.0	30	
Silver	ND	0.3	ug/g dry	ND			0.0	30	
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/g dry	ND			0.0	30	
Uranium	ND	1.0	ug/g dry	ND			0.0	30	
Vanadium	29.5	10.0	ug/g dry	26.3			11.2	30	
Zinc	62.0	20.0	ug/g dry	53.4			14.8	30	
Physical Characteristics									
% Šolids	94.7	0.1	% by Wt.	94.1			0.7	25	
Semi-Volatiles			, ,						00.04
Acenaphthene	0.442	0.02	ug/g dry	0.287			42.6	40	QR-04
Acenaphthylene	0.554	0.02	ug/g dry	0.353			44.5	40	QR-04
Anthracene	ND	0.02	ug/g dry	ND				40	
Benzo [a] anthracene	ND	0.02	ug/g dry	ND				40	
Benzo [a] pyrene	ND	0.02	ug/g dry	ND				40	
Benzo [b] fluoranthene	ND	0.02	ug/g dry	ND				40	
Benzo [g,h,i] perylene	ND	0.02	ug/g dry	ND				40 40	
Benzo [k] fluoranthene Chrysene	ND ND	0.02 0.02	ug/g dry	ND ND				40 40	
	ND ND		ug/g dry	ND ND				40 40	
Dibenzo [a,h] anthracene Fluoranthene	0.041	0.02 0.02	ug/g dry	0.034			17.1	40	
Fluorene	1.21	0.02	ug/g dry ug/g dry	1.01			17.1	40	
Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene	1.21 ND	0.02	ug/g dry ug/g dry	ND			17.0	40 40	
1-Methylnaphthalene	17.3	0.02	ug/g dry ug/g dry	14.6			17.1	40	
2-Methylnaphthalene	27.2	0.02	ug/g dry ug/g dry	21.2			24.9	40	
Naphthalene	27.2 7.77	0.02	ug/g dry ug/g dry	6.07			24.9	40	
Phenanthrene	2.66	0.01	ug/g dry ug/g dry	2.18			19.8	40	
Pyrene	0.118	0.02	ug/g dry ug/g dry	0.099			17.0	40	
Surrogate: 2-Fluorobiphenyl	1.38	0.02	ug/g dry ug/g dry	0.000	87.6	50-140	17.0	-10	
Surrogate: Terphenyl-d14	1.63		ug/g dry ug/g dry		104	50-140 50-140			
			-9,9 41,5			-5.10			
/olatiles									
	ND	0.50	ua/a dry	ND				50	
Volatiles Acetone Benzene	ND ND	0.50 0.02	ug/g dry ug/g dry	ND ND				50 50	

Certificate of Analysis

Order #: 1949563

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Client PO: 29273 Project

Method Quality Control: Duplicate

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

		Reporting		Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Result	%REC	Limit	RPD	Limit	Notes
Bromoform	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Bromomethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Chloroform	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Hexane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	ND	0.50	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	0.50	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Methylene Chloride	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Styrene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Toluene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Trichloroethylene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.03	ug/g dry	ND				50	
m,p-Xylenes	ND	0.02	ug/g dry	ND				50	
o-Xylene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry ug/g dry	ND				50	
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	8.97	0.00	ug/g dry ug/g dry	ND	109	50-140		55	
Surrogate: 4-Biomofluoropenzene Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	8.51				103	50-140 50-140			
			ug/g dry						
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	8.30	0.00	ug/g dry	ND	101	50-140		50	
Benzene	ND	0.02	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Toluene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
m,p-Xylenes	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
o-Xylene	ND	0.05	ug/g dry	ND				50	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	8.30		ug/g dry		101	50-140			

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Order Date: 6-Dec-2019 Client PO: 29273 **Project Description: PE4783**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limit	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Hydrocarbons									
F1 PHCs (C6-C10)	183	7	ug/g		91.4	80-120			
F2 PHCs (C10-C16)	99	4	ug/g	ND	108	60-140			
F3 PHCs (C16-C34)	290	8	ug/g	45	110	60-140			
F4 PHCs (C34-C50)	199	6	ug/g	57	99.9	60-140			
F4G PHCs (gravimetric)	1010	50	ug/g		101	80-120			
Metals									
Antimony	43.6		ug/L	ND	87.1	70-130			
Arsenic	56.5		ug/L	1.4	110	70-130			
Barium	77.6		ug/L	23.7	108	70-130			
Beryllium	57.6		ug/L	ND	115	70-130			
Boron	56.9		ug/L	ND	107	70-130			
Cadmium	51.2		ug/L	ND	102	70-130			
Chromium (VI)	3.9	0.2	ug/g		78.0	70-130			
Chromium	67.4	V. <u>–</u>	ug/L	7.5	120	70-130			
Cobalt	58.9		ug/L	2.6	112	70-130			
Copper	63.0		ug/L ug/L	7.5	111	70-130			
Lead	50.3		ug/L ug/L	5.4	89.8	70-130			
Mercury	1.68	0.1	ug/g	ND	112	70-130			
Molybdenum	55.8	0.1	ug/g ug/L	ND	111	70-130			
Nickel	61.5		-	5.8	111	70-130			
			ug/L						
Selenium	54.5		ug/L	ND	109	70-130			
Silver	44.3		ug/L	ND	88.5	70-130			
Thallium	44.6		ug/L	ND	89.1	70-130			
Uranium	47.0		ug/L	ND	93.7	70-130			
Vanadium	69.8		ug/L	10.5	119	70-130			
Zinc	73.8		ug/L	21.4	105	70-130			
Semi-Volatiles	0.500	0.00	,	0.007	440	5 0.440			
Acenaphthene	0.520	0.02	ug/g	0.287	119	50-140			
Acenaphthylene	0.569	0.02	ug/g	0.353	110	50-140			
Anthracene	0.213	0.02	ug/g	ND	108	50-140			
Benzo [a] anthracene	0.125	0.02	ug/g	ND	63.5	50-140			
Benzo [a] pyrene	0.101	0.02	ug/g	ND	51.2	50-140			
Benzo [b] fluoranthene	0.168	0.02	ug/g	ND	85.7	50-140			
Benzo [g,h,i] perylene	0.118	0.02	ug/g	ND	60.0	50-140			
Benzo [k] fluoranthene	0.149	0.02	ug/g	ND	76.0	50-140			
Chrysene	0.171	0.02	ug/g	ND	86.8	50-140			
Dibenzo [a,h] anthracene	0.105	0.02	ug/g	ND	53.6	50-140			
Fluoranthene	0.175	0.02	ug/g	0.034	71.4	50-140			
Fluorene	1.27	0.02	ug/g	1.01	129	50-140			
Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene	0.095	0.02	ug/g	ND	48.6	50-140		Q	M-06
1-Methylnaphthalene	0.164	0.02	ug/g		98.4	50-140			
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.155	0.02	ug/g		92.7	50-140			
Naphthalene	0.140	0.01	ug/g		84.0	50-140			
Phenanthrene	0.143	0.02	ug/g		86.0	50-140			
Pyrene	0.227	0.02	ug/g	0.099	65.3	50-140			
Surrogate: 2-Fluorobiphenyl	1.50		ug/g		95.2	50-140			
/olatiles									
Acetone	6.64	0.50	ug/g		66.4	50-140			
Benzene	3.25	0.02	ug/g		81.2	60-130			
Bromodichloromethane	3.60	0.05	ug/g		90.0	60-130			

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client PO: 29273 Proje

Method Quality Control: Spike

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limit	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Bromoform	3.48	0.05	ug/g		87.0	60-130			
Bromomethane	4.75	0.05	ug/g		119	50-140			
Carbon Tetrachloride	3.06	0.05	ug/g		76.5	60-130			
Chlorobenzene	4.08	0.05	ug/g		102	60-130			
Chloroform	3.59	0.05	ug/g		89.7	60-130			
Dibromochloromethane	4.20	0.05	ug/g		105	60-130			
Dichlorodifluoromethane	4.19	0.05	ug/g		105	50-140			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	4.10	0.05	ug/g		102	60-130			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	3.83	0.05	ug/g		95.8	60-130			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	4.05	0.05	ug/g		101	60-130			
1,1-Dichloroethane	3.60	0.05	ug/g		90.0	60-130			
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.39	0.05	ug/g		84.8	60-130			
1,1-Dichloroethylene	3.53	0.05	ug/g		88.4	60-130			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	3.65	0.05	ug/g		91.4	60-130			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	3.48	0.05	ug/g		87.0	60-130			
1,2-Dichloropropane	3.31	0.05	ug/g		82.7	60-130			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	3.01	0.05	ug/g		75.1	60-130			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	2.59	0.05	ug/g		64.8	60-130			
Ethylbenzene	4.11	0.05	ug/g		103	60-130			
Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethane	3.60	0.05	ug/g		90.1	60-130			
Hexane	3.72	0.05	ug/g		93.0	60-130			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	9.25	0.50	ug/g		92.5	50-140			
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	5.29	0.50	ug/g		52.9	50-140			
Methyl tert-butyl ether	7.37	0.05	ug/g		73.7	50-140			
Methylene Chloride	2.93	0.05	ug/g		73.2	60-130			
Styrene	3.76	0.05	ug/g		94.0	60-130			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	4.12	0.05	ug/g		103	60-130			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	3.30	0.05	ug/g		82.6	60-130			
Tetrachloroethylene	4.08	0.05	ug/g		102	60-130			
Toluene	3.58	0.05	ug/g		89.6	60-130			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	3.26	0.05	ug/g		81.4	60-130			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.00	0.05	ug/g		49.9	60-130			
Trichloroethylene	3.14	0.05	ug/g		78.5	60-130			
Trichlorofluoromethane	3.69	0.05	ug/g		92.3	50-140			
Vinyl chloride	4.95	0.02	ug/g		124	50-140			
m,p-Xylenes	7.92	0.05	ug/g		99.0	60-130			
o-Xylene	4.12	0.05	ug/g		103	60-130			
Benzene	3.25	0.02	ug/g		81.2	60-130			
Ethylbenzene	4.11	0.05	ug/g		103	60-130			
Toluene	3.58	0.05	ug/g		89.6	60-130			
m,p-Xylenes	7.92	0.05	ug/g		99.0	60-130			
o-Xylene	4.12	0.05	ug/g		103	60-130			



Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Order Date: 6-Dec-2019

Client PO: 29273

Project Description: PE4783

Qualifier Notes:

Login Qualifiers:

Container(s) - Bottle and COC sample ID don't match -

Applies to samples: BH1-SS17

Sample Qualifiers:

2: GC-FID signal did not return to baseline by C50

QC Qualifiers:

QM-06: Due to noted non-homogeneity of the QC sample matrix, the spike recoveries were out side the accepted

range. Batch data accepted based on other QC.

QR-01: Duplicate RPD is high, however, the sample result is less than 10x the MDL.

QR-04: Duplicate results exceeds RPD limits due to non-homogeneous matrix.

Sample Data Revisions

None

Work Order Revisions / Comments:

Revision 1 This report includes additional data as per client.

Other Report Notes:

n/a: not applicable ND: Not Detected

MDL: Method Detection Limit

Source Result: Data used as source for matrix and duplicate samples

%REC: Percent recovery.

RPD: Relative percent difference.

Soil results are reported on a dry weight basis when the units are denoted with 'dry'. Where %Solids is reported, moisture loss includes the loss of volatile hydrocarbons.

CCME PHC additional information:

- The method for the analysis of PHCs complies with the Reference Method for the CWS PHC and is validated for use in the laboratory. All prescribed quality criteria identified in the method has been met.
- F1 range corrected for BTEX.
- F2 to F3 ranges corrected for appropriate PAHs where available.
- The gravimetric heavy hydrocarbons (F4G) are not to be added to C6 to C50 hydrocarbons.
- In the case where F4 and F4G are both reported, the greater of the two results is to be used for comparison to CWS PHC criteria.
- When reported, data for F4G has been processed using a silica gel cleanup.



Paracel ID: 1949563



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Paracel Order Number (Lab Use Only) Chain Of Custody (Lab Use Only)

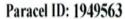
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		Project	Ref:	PE4783			-	1				Page	of		
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ntad Name: Karya Munch		PO#:		1023			_			1	□ 1 day			□ 3 d	lay
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lephone: 613 226 7381					-	T	17	2/2							
Regulation 153/04 Other Regulation	_ ^	Matrix T	ype: S	(Soil/Sed.) GW (G	round Water)			Н		Requir	ed Analy	rsis			
Table 1 ☐ Res/Park ☐ Med/Fine ☐ REG 558 ☐ PWQO	1	SW (Su	rface W	rater) SS (Storm/Sa aint) A (Air) O (Oth	nitary sewer) ner)	S		हा	Т	Т	П	П	T		
Table 2 Ind/Comm Coarse CCME MISA	-	_	Ι.,					至							
Table 3 Agri/Other SU-Sani SU-Store	m		Containers	Sample	Taken	BIEX/PHC	S	metals, tlack							
Table Mun:	٠ ٠	lu me	Conta			X	VOCS	ta	-						
For RSC: Yes No Other:	Matrix	Air Volume	# of 0	Date	Time	BIE	×	3	Hd						_
Sample ID/Location Name	25	1	7	Per 2	_	V			V				120	m1+J4	11/
1 BH1-555	67-		Ť	Dec 2	_	V				- 10	on Ji	y M	ad=	BH 17.5	11/1
2 BH1-5317	1	-	+	Dec 2	_	1	V								Ц
3 BHZ-SS4	-	-	+	Dec 2	-	V	1								
4 BH2-3317	7	-	+		_	+		1/							
5 BH3-SS2	1	-	+	Dec 3		1/	1/	·		\top					
6 BH3-SS6	2	-	+	Dec 3		V	1			+	\top				П
7 BH3-5816	7		1	Dec 3		$+^{\nu}$	+			_	_	\Box			T
8 GHU-552	- 12	1	#	Dec 3		+		-			+	\vdash			T
9 BH5-552	2		1	Dec 3		V	V	-	-	+	_	\vdash			W
10 BH6 -SS18	2	$\sqrt{}$	V	Dec 4		_IV	1_			Makhad	of Delive				,
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Chain of Custody (Blank) xlsx

Revision 3.0

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Paracel Order Number (Lab Use Only)

(Lab Use Only)

pH Verified:

Nº 51751

Chain Of Custody

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Regulation 153/04 Other Regulation	M	atrix Ty	pe: S	(Soil/Sed.) GW (Gr	ound Water)				Required	Anarysis			_
] Table 1 ☐ Res/Park ☐ Med/Fine ☐ REG 558 ☐ PWQO	S	W (Sur	P (Pa	ater) SS (Storm/Sa int) A (Air) O (Oth	er)	2	CNI						
Table 2 Ind/Comm Su-Storm Su-Storm Su-Storm Su-Storm Mun:	хiх	Air Volume	Containers	Sample	Taken	BIEX/PH	VOCS metals, Ho.CV	рн					
For RSC: Yes No Other: Sample ID/Location Name	Matrix	Air	# of	Date	Time	120	25	-	+	_		\top	\top
1 (BH6-SS19 2 (BH7-SS2 3 (BH7-SS8 5 (DOP) 6 (DOP) 7	32222		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Dect Dect Dect							9m1	(+ 3 M	
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Chain of Custody (Blank) xlsx

Date/Time:

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Revision 3.0

Temperature:



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Certificate of Analysis

Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

154 Colonnade Road South Nepean, ON K2E 7J5 Attn: Karyn Munch

Client PO: 29090 Project: PE4783 Custody: 51691

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 13-Dec-2019

Order #: 1950636

This Certificate of Analysis contains analytical data applicable to the following samples as submitted:

Paracel ID	Client ID
1950636-01	BH1-19-GW1
1950636-02	BH2-19-GW1
1950636-03	BH3-19-GW1
1950636-04	BH6-19-GW1

Approved By:

Mark Foto

Mark Foto, M.Sc. Lab Supervisor



Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client PO: 29090

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Order Date: 13-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Analysis Summary Table

Analysis	Method Reference/Description	Extraction Date	Analysis Date
PHC F1	CWS Tier 1 - P&T GC-FID	17-Dec-19	18-Dec-19
PHCs F2 to F4	CWS Tier 1 - GC-FID, extraction	17-Dec-19	19-Dec-19
REG 153: PAHs by GC-MS	EPA 625 - GC-MS, extraction	18-Dec-19	18-Dec-19
REG 153: VOCs by P&T GC/MS	EPA 624 - P&T GC-MS	17-Dec-19	18-Dec-19



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Order Date: 13-Dec-2019

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Г	Client ID: Sample Date: Sample ID: MDL/Units	BH1-19-GW1 11-Dec-19 09:00 1950636-01 Water	BH2-19-GW1 10-Dec-19 09:00 1950636-02 Water	BH3-19-GW1 11-Dec-19 09:00 1950636-03 Water	BH6-19-GW1 10-Dec-19 09:00 1950636-04 Water
Volatiles					
Acetone	5.0 ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
Benzene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Bromodichloromethane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Bromoform	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Bromomethane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Chloroform	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Dibromochloromethane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0 ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,3-Dichloropropene, total	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethar	0.2 ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Hexane	1.0 ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	5.0 ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	5.0 ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
Methyl tert-butyl ether	2.0 ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
Methylene Chloride	5.0 ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
Styrene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Tetrachloroethylene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Toluene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Certificate of Analysis **Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers**

Order Date: 13-Dec-2019 Client PO: 29090 **Project Description: PE4783**

	Client ID: Sample Date: Sample ID: MDL/Units	BH1-19-GW1 11-Dec-19 09:00 1950636-01 Water	BH2-19-GW1 10-Dec-19 09:00 1950636-02 Water	BH3-19-GW1 11-Dec-19 09:00 1950636-03 Water	BH6-19-GW1 10-Dec-19 09:00 1950636-04 Water
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Trichloroethylene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Trichlorofluoromethane	1.0 ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Vinyl chloride	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
m,p-Xylenes	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
o-Xylene	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Xylenes, total	0.5 ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
4-Bromofluorobenzene	Surrogate	110%	111%	110%	107%
Dibromofluoromethane	Surrogate	89.5%	95.0%	87.7%	84.2%
Toluene-d8	Surrogate	72.7%	73.6%	72.4%	70.8%
Hydrocarbons					
F1 PHCs (C6-C10)	25 ug/L	<25	<25	<25	<25
F2 PHCs (C10-C16)	100 ug/L	<100	<100	<100	<100
F3 PHCs (C16-C34)	100 ug/L	<100	<100	<100	<100
F4 PHCs (C34-C50)	100 ug/L	<100	<100	<100	<100
Semi-Volatiles	•		•	-	-
Acenaphthene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.05
Acenaphthylene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.05
Anthracene	0.01 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.01
Benzo [a] anthracene	0.01 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.01
Benzo [a] pyrene	0.01 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.01
Benzo [b] fluoranthene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.05
Benzo [g,h,i] perylene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.05
Benzo [k] fluoranthene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	< 0.05
Chrysene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	< 0.05
Dibenzo [a,h] anthracene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.05
Fluoranthene	0.01 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.01
Fluorene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	< 0.05
Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	< 0.05
1-Methylnaphthalene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.05
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.05
Methylnaphthalene (1&2)	0.10 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.10
Naphthalene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.05
Phenanthrene	0.05 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.05
Pyrene	0.01 ug/L	-	-	-	<0.01
2-Fluorobiphenyl	Surrogate	-	-	-	95.4%
Terphenyl-d14	Surrogate	-	-	-	119%



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 13-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client PO: 29090

Method Quality Control: Blank

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limit	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Hydrocarhono					•				
Hydrocarbons	NE	05							
F1 PHCs (C6-C10)	ND	25 100	ug/L						
F2 PHCs (C10-C16)	ND	100	ug/L						
F3 PHCs (C16-C34) F4 PHCs (C34-C50)	ND ND	100	ug/L						
F4 PHCs (C34-C50)	טט	100	ug/L						
Semi-Volatiles									
Acenaphthene	ND	0.05	ug/L						
Acenaphthylene	ND	0.05	ug/L						
Anthracene	ND	0.01	ug/L						
Benzo [a] anthracene	ND	0.01	ug/L						
Benzo [a] pyrene	ND ND	0.01 0.05	ug/L						
Benzo [b] fluoranthene Benzo [g,h,i] perylene	ND ND	0.05 0.05	ug/L ug/L						
Benzo [g,n,i] peryiene Benzo [k] fluoranthene	ND ND	0.05	ug/L ug/L						
Chrysene	ND	0.05	ug/L ug/L						
Dibenzo [a,h] anthracene	ND	0.05	ug/L ug/L						
Fluoranthene	ND	0.03	ug/L ug/L						
Fluorene	ND	0.05	ug/L						
Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene	ND	0.05	ug/L						
1-Methylnaphthalene	ND	0.05	ug/L						
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	0.05	ug/L						
Methylnaphthalene (1&2)	ND	0.10	ug/L						
Naphthalene	ND	0.05	ug/L						
Phenanthrene	ND	0.05	ug/L						
Pyrene	ND	0.01	ug/L						
Surrogate: 2-Fluorobiphenyl	22.1		ug/L		111	50-140			
Surrogate: Terphenyl-d14	24.1		ug/L		120	50-140			
Volatiles									
Acetone	ND	5.0	ug/L						
Benzene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Bromoform	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Bromomethane	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.2	ug/L						
Chlorobenzene Chloroform	ND ND	0.5 0.5	ug/L						
Dibromochloromethane	ND ND	0.5 0.5	ug/L ug/L						
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND ND	0.5 1.0	ug/L ug/L						
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.5	ug/L ug/L						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.5	ug/L ug/L						
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	ug/L						
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	ug/L						
1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.5	ug/L						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
1,3-Dichloropropene, total	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Ethylbenzene Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethane	ND ND	0.5 0.2	ug/L						
Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethane: Hexane	ND ND	0.2 1.0	ug/L						
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	ND ND	1.0 5.0	ug/L						
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	ND ND	5.0 5.0	ug/L ug/L						
would be recorded to the recor	ND ND	5.0 2.0	ug/L ug/L						
Methyl tert-hutyl ether		£.U	uu/L						
Methyl tert-butyl ether Methylene Chloride									
Methyl tert-butyl ether Methylene Chloride Styrene	ND ND	5.0 0.5	ug/L ug/L						



Certificate of Analysis

Order #: 1950636

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 13-Dec-2019

Client: Paterson Group Consulting EngineersOrder Date: 13-Dec-2019Client PO: 29090Project Description: PE4783

Method Quality Control: Blank

Analyte	Result	Reporting Source %REC llt Limit Units Result %REC Limit RPD					RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Toluene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.5	ug/L						
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Trichloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	ug/L						
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.5	ug/L						
m,p-Xylenes	ND	0.5	ug/L						
o-Xylene	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Xylenes, total	ND	0.5	ug/L						
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	101		ug/L		127	50-140			
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	73.0		ug/L		91.2	50-140			
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	76.4		ug/L		95.5	50-140			



Certificate of Analysis

Order #: 1950636

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 13-Dec-2019

Client: Paterson Group Consulting EngineersOrder Date: 13-Dec-2019Client PO: 29090Project Description: PE4783

Method Quality Control: Duplicate

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limit	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
l level ve e e vle e ve									
Hydrocarbons	ND	0.5	"	ND				00	
F1 PHCs (C6-C10)	ND	25	ug/L	ND				30	
Volatiles									
Acetone	ND	5.0	ug/L	ND				30	
Benzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Bromoform	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Bromomethane	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.2	ug/L	ND				30	
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Chloroform	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND ND	1.0	ug/L ug/L	ND				30	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND ND	0.5	ug/L ug/L	ND				30	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND ND	0.5	ug/L ug/L	ND				30	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND ND	0.5	ug/L ug/L	ND ND				30	
•	ND ND	0.5		ND				30	
1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane	ND ND	0.5	ug/L	ND ND				30	
•			ug/L						
1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethane	ND	0.2	ug/L	ND				30	
Hexane	ND	1.0	ug/L	ND				30	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	ND	5.0	ug/L	ND				30	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	5.0	ug/L	ND				30	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.0	ug/L	ND				30	
Methylene Chloride	ND	5.0	ug/L	ND				30	
Styrene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Toluene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Trichloroethylene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	ug/L	ND				30	
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
m,p-Xylenes	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
o-Xylene	ND	0.5	ug/L	ND				30	
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	101	-	ug/L		126	50-140		-	
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	88.2		ug/L		110	50-140			
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	75.3		ug/L		94.1	50-140			

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers

Client PO: 29090

Report Date: 19-Dec-2019

Order Date: 13-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Method Quality Control: Spike

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limit	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Hydrocarbons									
F1 PHCs (C6-C10)	2020	25	ug/L		101	68-117			
F2 PHCs (C10-C16)	1720	100	ug/L		107	60-140			
F3 PHCs (C16-C34)	4250	100	ug/L		109	60-140			
F4 PHCs (C34-C50)	2160	100	ug/L		87.0	60-140			
Semi-Volatiles			Ü						
Acenaphthene	4.76	0.05	ug/L		95.3	50-140			
Acenaphthylene	4.54	0.05	ug/L		90.8	50-140			
Anthracene	4.34	0.01	ug/L		86.9	50-140			
Benzo [a] anthracene	4.77	0.01	ug/L		95.4	50-140			
Benzo [a] pyrene	4.08	0.01	ug/L		81.7	50-140			
Benzo [b] fluoranthene	5.87	0.05	ug/L		117	50-140			
Benzo [g,h,i] perylene	4.19	0.05	ug/L		83.7	50-140			
Benzo [k] fluoranthene	5.55	0.05	ug/L		111	50-140			
Chrysene	5.38	0.05	ug/L		108	50-140			
Dibenzo [a,h] anthracene	4.41	0.05	ug/L		88.1	50-140			
Fluoranthene	4.10	0.01	ug/L		82.1	50-140			
Fluorene	4.77	0.05	ug/L		95.4	50-140			
Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene	4.59	0.05	ug/L		91.8	50-140			
1-Methylnaphthalene	5.26	0.05	ug/L		105	50-140			
2-Methylnaphthalene	5.74	0.05	ug/L		115	50-140			
Naphthalene	5.03	0.05	ug/L		101	50-140			
Phenanthrene	3.96	0.05	ug/L		79.2	50-140			
Pyrene	4.19	0.01	ug/L		83.7	50-140			
Surrogate: 2-Fluorobiphenyl	22.9		ug/L		115	50-140			
Volatiles									
Acetone	60.0	5.0	ug/L		60.0	50-140			
Benzene	27.6	0.5	ug/L		68.9	60-130			
Bromodichloromethane	30.5	0.5	ug/L		76.3	60-130			
Bromoform	31.0	0.5	ug/L		77.5	60-130			
Bromomethane	44.9	0.5	ug/L		112	50-140			
Carbon Tetrachloride	29.6	0.2	ug/L		74.0	60-130			
Chlorobenzene	30.5	0.5	ug/L		76.2	60-130			
Chloroform	30.0	0.5	ug/L		75.0	60-130			
Dibromochloromethane	28.8	0.5	ug/L		72.1	60-130			
Dichlorodifluoromethane	30.8	1.0	ug/L		76.9	50-140			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	25.0	0.5	ug/L		62.6	60-130			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	29.5	0.5	ug/L		73.7	60-130			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	29.1	0.5	ug/L		72.8	60-130			
1,1-Dichloroethane	32.4	0.5	ug/L		81.0	60-130			
1,2-Dichloroethane	24.6	0.5	ug/L		61.4	60-130			
1,1-Dichloroethylene	42.1	0.5	ug/L		105	60-130			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	27.8	0.5	ug/L		69.6	60-130			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	27.0	0.5	ug/L		67.5	60-130			
1,2-Dichloropropane	29.2	0.5	ug/L		73.1	60-130			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	44.2	0.5	ug/L		110	60-130			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	50.0	0.5	ug/L		125	60-130			
Ethylbenzene	27.2	0.5	ug/L		68.1	60-130			
Ethylene dibromide (dibromoethane	28.7	0.2	ug/L		71.8	60-130			
Hexane	30.8	1.0	ug/L ug/L		77.0	60-130			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	61.5	5.0	ug/L ug/L		61.5	50-130			



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 13-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers Client PO: 29090

Method Quality Control: Spike

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limit	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	53.7	5.0	ug/L		53.7	50-140			
Methyl tert-butyl ether	55.7	2.0	ug/L		55.7	50-140			
Methylene Chloride	28.7	5.0	ug/L		71.7	60-130			
Styrene	28.5	0.5	ug/L		71.3	60-130			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	28.7	0.5	ug/L		71.8	60-130			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	26.9	0.5	ug/L		67.2	60-130			
Tetrachloroethylene	33.9	0.5	ug/L		84.7	60-130			
Toluene	29.1	0.5	ug/L		72.8	60-130			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	26.3	0.5	ug/L		65.7	60-130			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	28.5	0.5	ug/L		71.3	60-130			
Trichloroethylene	27.9	0.5	ug/L		69.6	60-130			
Trichlorofluoromethane	30.2	1.0	ug/L		75.5	60-130			
Vinyl chloride	29.0	0.5	ug/L		72.6	50-140			
m,p-Xylenes	59.3	0.5	ug/L		74.2	60-130			
o-Xylene	29.0	0.5	ug/L		72.4	60-130			



Report Date: 19-Dec-2019 Order Date: 13-Dec-2019

Project Description: PE4783

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers Client PO: 29090

Qualifier Notes:

None

Sample Data Revisions

None

Work Order Revisions / Comments:

None

Other Report Notes:

n/a: not applicable ND: Not Detected

MDL: Method Detection Limit

Source Result: Data used as source for matrix and duplicate samples

%REC: Percent recovery. RPD: Relative percent difference.

CCME PHC additional information:

- The method for the analysis of PHCs complies with the Reference Method for the CWS PHC and is validated for use in the laboratory. All prescribed quality criteria identified in the method has been met.
- F1 range corrected for BTEX.
- F2 to F3 ranges corrected for appropriate PAHs where available.
- The gravimetric heavy hydrocarbons (F4G) are not to be added to C6 to C50 hydrocarbons.
- In the case where F4 and F4G are both reported, the greater of the two results is to be used for comparison to CWS PHC criteria.
- When reported, data for F4G has been processed using a silica gel cleanup.



LABORATORIES LTD.

Paracel ID: 1950636

Paracel Order Number (Lab Use Only) Chain Of Custody (Lab Use Only)

Nº 51691

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Clier	nt Name: Paterson Group			Proje	ct Ref:	PE4783								Pa	age	of	
Cont	tad Name: Karyn Muncl	1		Quote	e #:							\top			_	_	
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	139 Colonnal 1	Sd. S.		E-mai	l:							-					
Tele	ephone: 613-226-738				Kmu	nch @ Paters	langroup.co						By: COZ	۵	□ Regular		
	Regulation 153/04	Other Regulation	Τ,	Matriy 1	Tyna:	S (Soil/Sed.) GW (G	round Water			10/4				II G			
	Table 1 Res/Park Med/Fine	☐ REG 558 ☐ PWQ0				Water) SS (Storm/Sa					R	equire	d Ana	lysis			
0	Table 2 Ind/Comm Coarse	☐ COME ☐ MISA			P (F	Paint) A (Air) O (Oth	ner)		C	T	Т	Т	Т	Т	П	T	T
Ø.	Table 3 Agri/Other	□ SU-Sani □ SU-Storm	,		S			7	PHCs(FI-FW								
	Table	Mun:		ne	taine	Sample	Taken	1.0	(FI								
	For RSC: Yes No	Other:	×	Air Volume	of Containers			570	465	PAHS							
	Sample ID/Locatio	n Name	Matrix	Air	#	Date	Time	>	d	8							
1	BH1-19-6W1		GW		4	Dec 11/19		X	X			H	OLD	P	AH.	\top	
2	BHZ-19-GW1		1		1	Dec 10/19		X	X	Ж	+		_			_	+
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4	BH6-19-GWI				V	Dec 10/19		X	X	X	+	116	JUL	ץע	HUS	5	+1
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ogniti(quished By (Print):	Date/Time:					Date/Time:	2	C	24	Date/	Firme:	10	111	2	110	2.1

Temperature: 12

pH Verified:

°C

Revision 3.0

Temperature:

Chain of Custody (Blank) xlsx