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Provence Orleans 2128 Trim Road (Block 126) Ottawa, Ontario

Servicing Design Brief



Engineering excellence. Planning precision. Inspired landscapes.

**PROVENCE ORLEANS
2128 TRIM ROAD (BLOCK 126)
OTTAWA, ONTARIO**

**SERVICING DESIGN BRIEF
IN SUPPORT OF AN APPLICATION FOR
SITE PLAN CONTROL**

Prepared For:

Provence Orleans Realty Investments Inc. (c/o Regional Group of Companies)



Prepared By:



NOVATECH
Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive
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June 29, 2020

Novatech File: 120057
Ref: R-2020-088

June 29, 2020

City of Ottawa
Infrastructure Services and Community Sustainability
110 Laurier Avenue West, 4th Floor
Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1

Attention: Julie Lebrun, Planner II

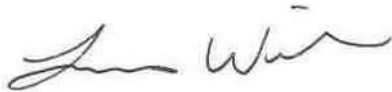
**Reference: Provence Orleans
2128 Trim Road (Block 126)
Noise Impact Assessment
Our File No.: 120057**

Enclosed for your review and approval are two (2) copies of the Servicing Design Brief for the proposed Block 126 development in the Provence Orleans Subdivision at 2128 Trim Road in support of the application for site plan control.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

NOVATECH



Lucas Wilson, P.Eng.
Project Coordinator

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Novatech has been retained to prepare a Servicing Design Brief for the Provence Orleans Subdivision – Block 126 Development, located at 2128 Trim Road, in the City of Ottawa. The site will be developed by Provence Orleans Realty Investments Inc. c/o Regional Group.

The development is located in the east end of Ottawa, south of Innes Road between Provence Avenue and Trim Road. **Figure 1** shows the location of the Provence Orleans Subdivision Lands and the Block 126 development.



Figure 1: Key Plan

The proposed site is approximately 0.98ha and will be bordered by the future Phase 2 of Provence Orleans Subdivision, Ventoux Avenue to the north, Trim Road to the east and existing residential as well as a potential future Transitway to the south.

This Servicing Design Brief provides information on the considerations and approach by which Novatech has analyzed the existing site information for the Block 126 development, and details how the development lands will be serviced while meeting the City requirements and all other relevant regulations. This brief builds upon the Phase 2 and 3 Provence Orleans Subdivision

Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Design Brief prepared by Novatech **[1]**, the Master Servicing Study, Gloucester and Cumberland East Urban Community Expansion Area **[2]** prepared by Stantec, and the Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Design Brief, Provence Orleans Subdivision prepared by Novatech in support of Draft Approval **[3]**.

This report should be read in conjunction with the following:

- Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed Provence City Towns Block, Trim Road - Ottawa, Ontario prepared by Paterson Group, dated June 4, 2020 (Project:PG4278-3). **[4]**

1.2 Land Use

The site will consist of four back-to-back townhome buildings with 10 units each (40 units total). The proposed Site Plan is shown below in **Figure 2**.

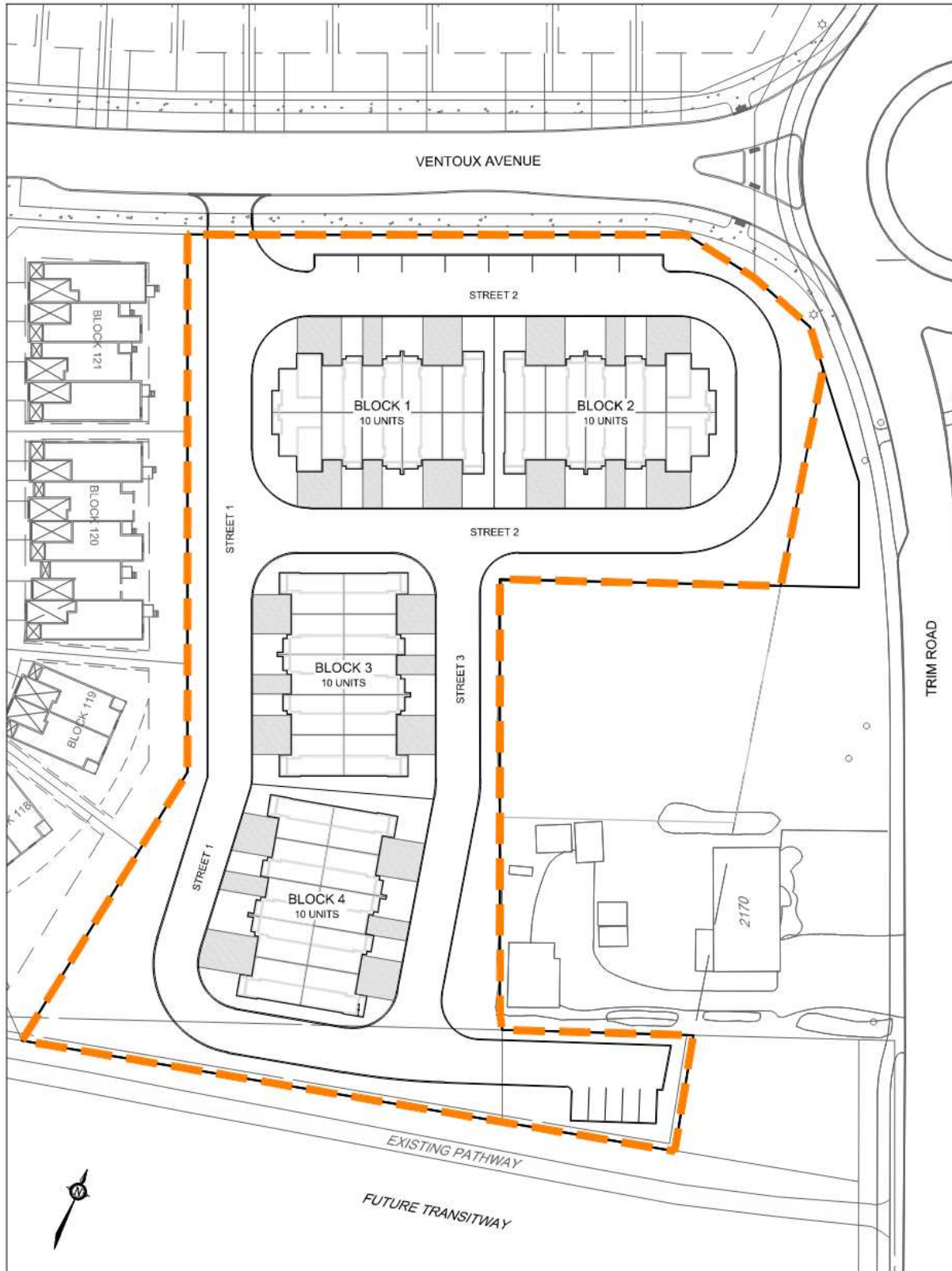


Figure 2: Site Plan

2.0 ROADWAYS

2.1 Existing Conditions

Currently the site can only be accessed from Trim Road, classified as an arterial roadway in the 2013 City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (TMP) [5]. Once constructed, Ventoux avenue (collector) will provide access to the site.

2.2 Proposed Conditions

The development will be accessed from a single entrance off Ventoux Avenue. The site contains a series of 6.7m private roads.

2.3 Roadway Design

Paterson Group has prepared a Geotechnical Investigation report for the development (June 4th, 2020) that provides recommendations for roadway structure, servicing and foundations. The recommended roadway structure is as follows:

Table 2-1: Roadway Structure

Roadway Material Description	Pavement Structure
	Layer Thickness (mm)
Private Road	
Asphalt Wear Course: Superpave 12.5 (Class B)	40
Asphalt Binder Course: Superpave 19.0 (Class B)	50
Base: Granular A	150
Sub-Base: Granular B – Type II	450
Total	690

3.0 GRADING

3.1 Existing Conditions

The existing site generally slopes to the northeast at approximately 0.5%. The maximum grade of approximately 89.05 metres in the southwest corner and a minimum elevation of approximately 88.32 metres in the northeast corner give a total elevation differential of approximately 0.73 metres across the site.

Geotechnical investigations were carried out by Paterson Group [4], with no bedrock encountered in the borehole at a depth of 30.5m. Groundwater was recorded at 84.79m, 3.65m below the ground surface, on December 1st, 2017.

3.2 Proposed Conditions

The design grades will tie into existing elevations along Ventoux Avenue, Trim Road, Future Transitway lands and the adjacent residential lands in Phase 2. A grade raise constraint of 1.1m for Blocks 1 and 2, and 1.6m for Blocks 3 and 4 is required. For detailed grading refer to drawing 120057-GR.

The proposed grading will fall within these ranges:

- Landscaped Area: Minimum 2% - Maximum 6%
- Rearyard Swales: Minimum 1.5% (1.0% with subdrain)
- Maximum Terracing Grade of 3H:1V

4.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during construction in accordance with the "Guidelines on Erosion and Sediment Control for Urban Construction Sites" (Government of Ontario, May 1987). Typical erosion and sediment control measures recommended include, but are not limited to, the use of silt fences around perimeter of site, filter fabric or inserts under catch basin/maintenance hole lids, heavy duty silt fence barrier, straw bale check dams, rock check dams, turbidity curtain, dewatering trap, temporary water passage system, riprap, mud mats, silt bags for dewatering operations, topsoil and sod to disturbed areas and natural grassed waterways. Dewatering and sediment control techniques will be developed for the individual situations based on the above guidelines and utilizing typical measures to ensure erosion and sediment control is controlled in an acceptable manner and there is no negative impact to adjacent lands, water bodies or water treatment/conveyance facilities.

The following erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during construction. Details are provided on the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan.

- All erosion and sediment control measures are to be installed to the satisfaction of the engineer, the municipality and the conservation authority prior to undertaking any site alterations (filling, grading, removal of vegetation, etc.) and remain present during all phases of site preparation and construction.
- A qualified inspector should conduct daily visits during construction to ensure that the contractor is working in accordance with the design drawings and that mitigation measures are being implemented as specified.
 - A light duty silt fence barrier is to be installed in the locations shown on the Erosion and Sediment Control & Removals Plan (**120057-ESC**).
 - Straw bale barriers or rock flow check dams are to be installed in drainage ditches.
 - Terrafix Siltsoxx are to be placed under all new catchbasins and storm manhole covers.
 - After complete build-out, all sewers are to be inspected and cleaned and all sediment and construction fencing is to be removed.

- The contractor shall ensure that proper dust control is provided with the application of water (and if required, calcium chloride) during dry periods.
- The contractor shall immediately report to the engineer or inspector any accidental discharges of sediment material into any ditch or sewer system. Appropriate response measures shall be carried out by the contractor without delay.
- The contractor acknowledges that failure to implement erosion and sediment control measures may result in penalties imposed by any applicable regulatory agency.

Temporary erosion and sediment control measures would be implemented both prior to commencement and during construction in accordance with the “Guidelines on Erosion and Sediment Control for Urban Construction Sites”, (Government of Ontario, May 1987).

5.0 SANITARY SEWERS

5.1 Existing Conditions

A 200mm diameter sanitary sewer cap will be provided by others off Ventoux Avenue, at the site entrance, which outlets to a 250mm diameter sanitary sewer running along Ventoux.

5.2 Proposed Conditions

The peak design flow parameters in **Table 5-1** have been used in the sewer capacity analysis.

Unit and population densities and all other design parameters are specified in the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines [6].

Sanitary flow from the site is proposed to connect into the 250mm diameter sanitary sewer in Shiny Avenue. The sanitary sewer layout is shown on 120057-GP (**Appendix C**), and the design sheet is attached in **Appendix A**. The site (approx. 0.96ha) will outlet at MH 117 (site entrance) with a peak design flow of 1.6 L/s. The wastewater flow is routed through the sanitary sewer system in Ventoux Avenue to the 525mm diameter trunk sanitary sewer in Trim Road.

Table 5-1: Sanitary Sewer Design Parameters

Parameter	Design Parameter
Town Unit Population	2.7 people/unit
Residential Flow Rate, Average Daily	280 L/cap/day
Residential Peaking Factor	Harmon Equation (min=2.0, max=4.0)
Infiltration Rate	0.33 L/s/ha
Minimum Pipe Size	200 mm
Minimum Velocity	0.6 m/s
Maximum Velocity	3.0 m/s

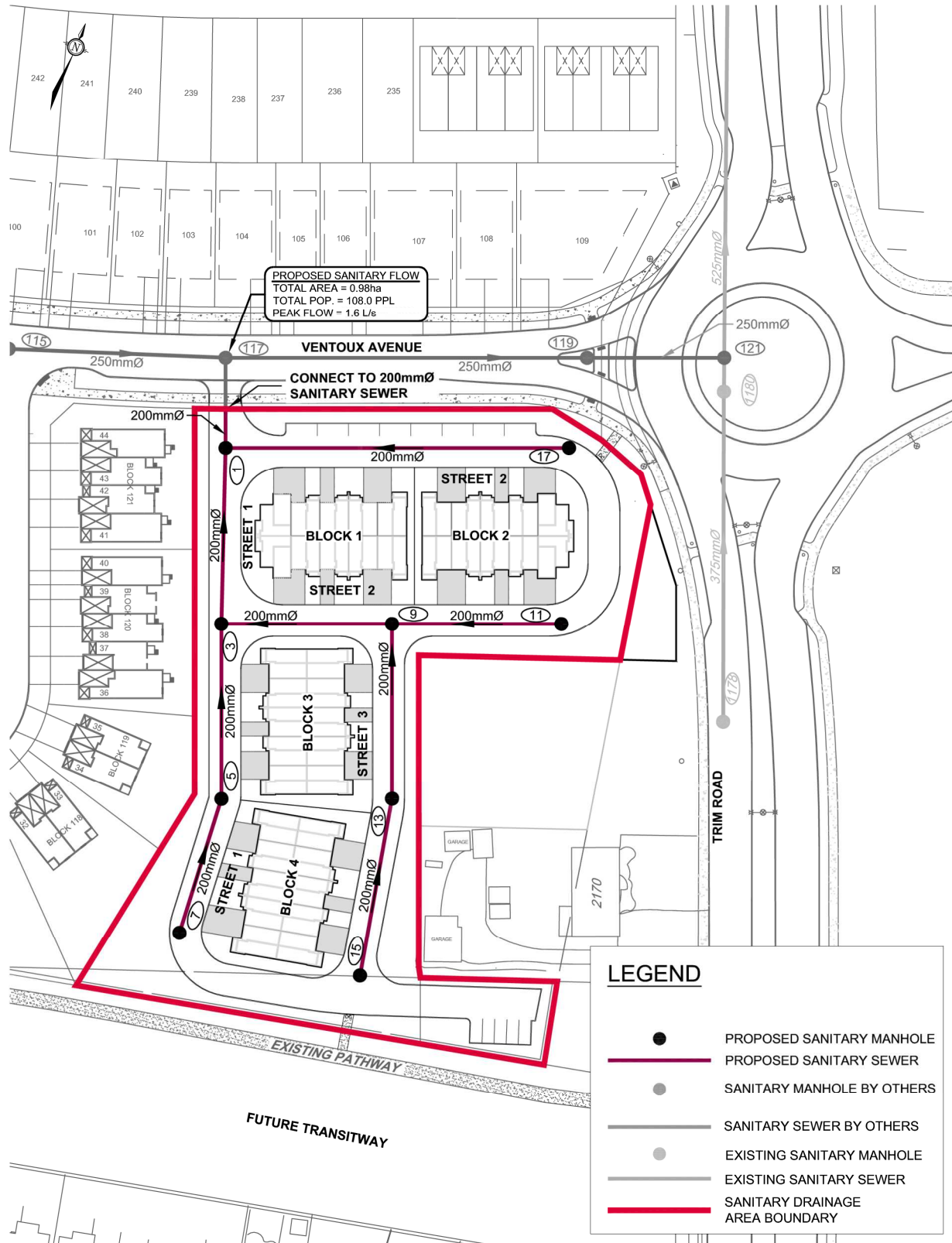


Figure 3: Sanitary Sewer Network

5.3 Offsite Requirements

For the design of Phase 2 of the Provence Orleans Subdivision, a peak design flow of 24.89 L/s was calculated from MH 117 to MH 119 in Ventoux Avenue, which is higher than the calculated peak design flow of 24.60 L/s incorporating the proposed site plan. Therefore, there will be sufficient capacity offsite to service the proposed development.

6.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

6.1 Stormwater Management Criteria

The following stormwater management criteria for the proposed development were prepared in accordance with the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012), the Master Servicing Study prepared by Stantec which references the applicable portions of *Update to Master Drainage Plan East Urban Community Expansion Area* (Cumming Cockburn Ltd., September 11, 2000) and the Phase 2 & 3: Provence Orleans Subdivision Servicing and Stormwater Design Brief prepared by Novatech.

- Provide a dual drainage system (i.e. minor and major system flows);
- Control the runoff to MH116 in Ventoux Avenue to the allowable release rates Specified in **Section 6.1.1** using on-site storage;
- Ensure that ponding is confined within the parking areas at a maximum depth of 0.35 m for both static ponding and dynamic flow;
- Minimum on-site detention storage provided by the major system is 150 m³/ha;
- Provide guidelines to ensure that site preparation and construction is in accordance with the current Best Management Practices for Erosion and Sediment Control.

6.1.1 Allowable Release Rate

The allowable release rate for the development (1.35ha) was established based on the restricted minor system flow of 70 L/s/ha (94.5 L/s) for all storms up-to and including the 100-year storm event.

6.2 Existing Conditions

The Provence Orleans subdivision lands are located within the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority jurisdiction. A 525mm diameter storm sewer cap will be provided by others at the site entrance on Ventoux Avenue (MH116). The 525mm diameter sewer will outlet to a 675mm diameter storm sewer within Ventoux Avenue.

6.3 Proposed Conditions

Runoff from the site will be routed to the storm sewer system in Ventoux Avenue through the existing 525mm diameter stub located at the private entrance along Ventoux Avenue (MH116). The storm system within the Provence Orleans Subdivision is directed to the existing Cardinal Creek stormwater management facility which provides water quality control. As such, on-site stormwater quality controls are not required. **Figure 5** outlines the proposed storm sewer system layout, and how it will connect to the existing network along Ventoux Avenue.

The existing 2170 Trim Road Lands will be captured by a series of RYCBs with controlled flows directed to the storm sewer system within the Block 126 lands.

6.3.1 Minor System Design

The storm sewers comprising the minor system have been designed based on the criteria outlined in the Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines [6] using the principles of dual drainage. The design criteria used in sizing the storm sewers are summarized in **Table 6-1** and **Table 6-2**.

The proposed storm sewers have been designed using the Rational Method to convey peak flow associated with a 2-year rainfall event. The storm sewer design sheets are provided in **Appendix A**. The corresponding Storm Drainage Area Plan (Drawing 120057-STM) is provided in **Appendix C**.

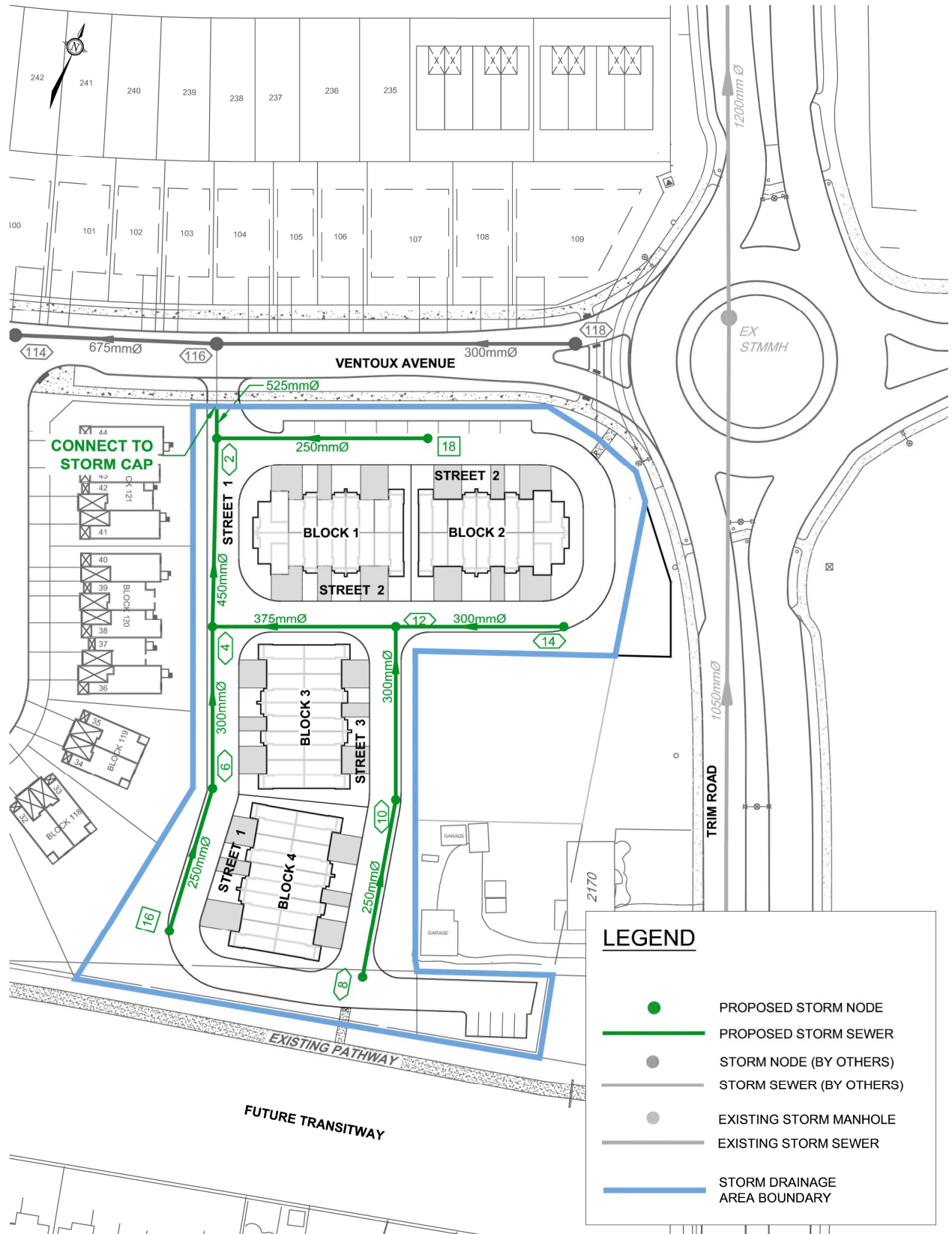


Figure 4: Storm Sewer Network

Table 6-1: Storm Sewer Design Parameters

Parameter	Design Criteria
Private Roads	2 Year Return Period
Storm Sewer Design	Rational Method/AutoDesk Storm Analysis
IDF Rainfall Data	Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines
Initial Time of Concentration (T_c)	10 min
Minimum Velocity	0.8 m/s
Maximum Velocity	3.0 m/s
Minimum Diameter	250 mm

Table 6-2: Runoff Coefficients

Land Use	Runoff Coefficient
Hard Surface	0.90
Soft Surface	0.20

6.3.2 Major System Design

The site has been designed to convey runoff from storms that exceed the minor system capacity to Ventoux Avenue. The roadway and parking areas have been graded to ensure that the 100-year peak overland flows are confined within the parking area at a maximum flow depth of 350mm. The design of the major system conforms to the design standards outlined in Section 5.5 (Major System Considerations) of the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012).

The site has been graded to provide an emergency overland flow route that spills along the roadway and outlets to Ventoux Avenue at the entrance to the site. An additional emergency overland flow route has been provided for the swale system capturing the existing 2170 Trim Road lands that spills along the swale and outlets to the existing DICB located within the Trim Road ROW.

6.4 Hydrologic & Hydraulic Modeling

The *City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines* (October 2012) require hydrologic modeling for all dual drainage systems. The performance of the proposed storm drainage system for the site was evaluated using the *PCWMM* hydrologic/hydraulic modeling software.

Design Storms

The hydrologic analysis was completed using the following synthetic design storms and historical storms. The IDF parameters used to generate the design storms were taken from the Sewer Design Guidelines [Error! Reference source not found.].

4 Hour Chicago Storms:

25mm 4-hr Chicago storm
 2-year 4hr Chicago storm
 5-year 4hr Chicago storm
 100-year 4hr Chicago storm

12 Hour SCS Storms:

2-year 12-hr SCS storm
 5-year 24hr Chicago storm
 100-year 24hr Chicago storm

The 4-hour Chicago distribution generates the highest peak flows for both the minor and major systems and was determined to be the critical storm distribution for the design of the storm drainage system.

The proposed drainage system has also been stress tested using a 4-hour Chicago design storm that has a 20% higher intensity and total volume compared to the 100-year event.

Model Development

The PCSWMM model accounts for both minor and major system flows (*dual drainage*), including the routing of flows through the storm sewer network (*minor system*), and overland along the road network (*major system*). The results of the analysis were used to;

- Determine the total major and minor system runoff from the site;
- Size the ICDs for each inlet to the storm sewer system;
- Calculate the storm sewer hydraulic gradeline for the 100-year storm event; and
- Ensure no ponding in the right-of-ways remains at the end of all storm events.

The model is capable of accounting for both static and dynamic storage within the private roadways and parking areas, including the overland flow across all high points and capture/bypass curves for inlets on continuous grade. The 100-year flow depths computed by the model represent the total (static + dynamic) ponding depths at low points for areas in road sags.

Storm Drainage Area Plan & Subcatchment Parameters

The development has been divided into subcatchments based on the drainage areas tributary to each inlet of the proposed storm sewer system. The catchment areas are shown on the Storm Drainage Area Plan provided as drawing **120057-STM** in **Appendix C**.

The hydrologic parameters for each subcatchment were developed based on the Site Plan (**Figure 2**) and the Storm Drainage Area Plan specified above. Subcatchment parameters are outlined in **Table 6-3**.

Table 6-3: Subcatchment Model Parameters

Area ID	Catchment Area (ha)	Runoff Coefficient (C)	Percent Impervious (%)	Zero Imperv. (%)	Flow Length (m)	Equivalent Width (m)	Average Slope (%)
A1	0.08	0.64	63%	9%	15	53	0.5%
A2	0.12	0.71	73%	43%	20	60	0.5%
A3	0.07	0.77	81%	29%	20	35	0.5%
A4	0.04	0.20	0%	0%	10	40	0.5%
A5	0.07	0.71	73%	7%	30	23	0.5%
A6	0.11	0.73	76%	44%	20	55	0.5%
A7	0.15	0.77	81%	43%	20	75	0.5%
A8	0.09	0.73	76%	25%	20	45	0.5%
A9	0.16	0.73	76%	37%	20	80	0.5%
A10	0.21	0.22	3%	95%	35	60	0.5%
A11	0.12	0.26	9%	95%	35	34	0.5%

Area ID	Catchment Area (ha)	Runoff Coefficient (C)	Percent Impervious (%)	Zero Imperv. (%)	Flow Length (m)	Equivalent Width (m)	Average Slope (%)
A12	0.12	0.37	24%	44%	35	34	0.5%
B1	0.01	0.20	0%	0%	2	50	33.33%
TOTAL	1.35 ha	0.56	51%	-	-	-	-

Infiltration

Infiltration losses for all catchment areas were modeled using Horton's infiltration equation, which defines the infiltration capacity of the soil over the duration of a precipitation event using a decay function that ranges from an initial maximum infiltration rate to a minimum rate as the storm progresses. The default values for the Sewer Design Guidelines [8] were used for all catchments.

Horton's Equation:
 $f(t) = f_c + (f_o - f_c)e^{-k(t)}$

Initial infiltration rate: $f_o = 76.2$ mm/hr
 Final infiltration rate: $f_c = 13.2$ mm/hr
 Decay Coefficient: $k = 4.14$ /hr

Depression Storage

The default values for depression storage in the Sewer Design Guidelines [8] were used for all catchments. Residential rooftops were assumed to provide no depression storage.

- Depression Storage (pervious areas): 4.67 mm
- Depression Storage (impervious areas): 1.57 mm

Equivalent Width

Equivalent Width' refers to the width of the sub-catchment flow path. This parameter is calculated as described in the Sewer Design Guidelines [8], Section 5.4.5.6. The flow paths used to calculate the equivalent widths are shown on the PCSWMM schematics provided in **Appendix B**.

Impervious Values

Impervious (TIMP) values for each subcatchment area were calculated based on the proposed Site Plan (**Figure 2**) and correspond to the Runoff Coefficients used in the Rational Method calculations using the equation:

$$\%imp = \frac{C - 0.2}{0.7}$$

6.5 Results of Hydrologic / Hydraulic Analysis

The model was used to evaluate the performance of the proposed storm drainage system for Block 126

6.5.1 Minor System

Inflows to the storm sewer were modeled based on the characteristics of each inlet. All the catchbasins in the roadways and parking areas are located at low points. Inflows to the storm

sewer are based on the ICD specified for the inlet and the maximum depth of ponding. ICDs have been sized to limit the outlet peak flows to the allowable release rate of 70 L/s/ha. Details are outlined as follows in **Table 6.4**. ICDs information is indicated on the General Plan of Services (drawing 120057-GP).

The Rational Method design sheets (**Appendix B**) were used to calculate the required storm sewer sizes based on capturing the peak flow at each inlet to the storm sewer for a 2-year design return period.

Table 6-4: Inlet Control Devices & Design Flows

Structure ID	ICD Size & Inlet Rate						
	ICD Type	T/G (m)	Orifice Invert (m)	100-year Head on Orifice (m)	2-year Orifice Peak Flow* (L/s)	5-year Orifice Peak Flow* (L/s)	100-year Orifice Peak Flow* (L/s)
CB1	Tempest LMF (Vortex 93)	89.00	87.60	1.55	9.0	9.1	9.4
CB2	Tempest LMF (Vortex 78)	89.08	87.68	1.64	6.5	6.5	6.7
CB3	Tempest LMF (Vortex 78)	89.15	87.75	1.56	6.3	6.4	6.6
CB4	Tempest LMF (Vortex 78)	89.18	87.78	1.54	6.3	6.4	6.5
CB5	Tempest LMF (Vortex 94)	89.18	87.78	1.60	9.2	9.3	9.6
CB6	Tempest LMF (Vortex 78)	89.13	87.73	1.65	6.5	6.6	6.8
CB7	Tempest LMF (Vortex 78)	89.12	87.72	1.60	6.4	6.5	6.7
CB8	Tempest LMF (Vortex 78)	89.05	87.65	1.64	6.4	6.6	6.8
RYCB1	Tempest LFM (Vortex 94)	88.24	86.84	1.88	1.5	4.5	10.4
RYCB2	Tempest LMF (Vortex 93)	88.44	87.04	1.64	5.8	8.5	9.7
RYCB3	Tempest LMF (Vortex 93)	88.55	87.15	1.62	2.3	4.3	9.6

*PCSWMM model results for a 4-hour Chicago storm distribution.

6.5.2 Major System

The major system network was evaluated using the PCSWMM model to ensure that the ponding depths conform to City standards. A summary of ponding depths at each inlet for the 2-year, 5-year, 100-year and 100-year (+20%) events are provided in **Appendix B**. The maximum static and dynamic ponding depths within the roadways are less than 0.35m during all events. In addition, there is no cascading flow over the highpoint during the 100-year storm event.

As the allowable release rate of 70 L/s/ha is less than the 2-year peak flows, there will be some ponding during the 2-year storm event. This ponding will last for an average of 34 minutes at each low point and will be clear by the end of the 2-year storm event. For a 4-hour Chicago Storm Distribution, ponding will typically begin around 1 hour and 20 minutes from the beginning of the storm event, ending at the latest at 2 hours 33 minutes from the beginning of the storm event. While this is contrary to the current City of Ottawa Stormwater Criteria outlined in Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2016-01, the allowance for 2-year ponding has been cleared in discussions with the City for the Provence Orleans Subdivision and has been assumed to include the Block 126 lands.

Table 6-5: Overland Flow Results (100-year Event)

Structure	T/G (m)	Max. Static Ponding (Spill Depth)		100-yr Event (4hr)			
		Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Cascading Flow?	Cascade Depth (m)
CB1	89.00	89.29	0.29	89.15	0.15	N	0.00
CB2	89.08	89.38	0.30	89.32	0.24	N	0.00
CB3	89.15	89.45	0.30	89.31	0.16	N	0.00
CB4	89.18	89.48	0.30	89.32	0.14	N	0.00
CB5	89.18	89.43	0.25	89.38	0.20	N	0.00
CB6	89.13	89.38	0.25	89.38	0.25	N	0.00
CB7	89.12	89.42	0.30	89.32	0.20	N	0.00
CB8	89.05	89.33	0.28	89.29	0.24	N	0.00
RYCB1	88.24	88.78	0.54*	88.72	0.48	N	0.00
RYCB2	88.44	88.88	0.44*	88.68	0.24	N	0.00
RYCB3	88.55	88.73	0.18*	88.77	0.22	Y	0.04

*RYCB located along ditch adjacent 2170 Trim Road

An expanded table of the ponding depths at low points in the roadway (including the stress-test event) is provided in **Appendix B**. Based on these results, the proposed storm drainage system will not experience any adverse flooding even with a 20% increase to the 100-year event.

Table 6-6: Ponding Times

ICD/ CB	Ponding Time* (h:mm)		
	2-year	5-year	100-year
CB1	0:03	0:19	0:58
CB2	0:44	1:14	2:48
CB3	0:13	0:40	2:00
CB4	0:15	0:33	1:24
CB5	0:23	0:42	1:36
CB6	1:13	1:54	3:49
CB7	0:29	0:51	1:58
CB8	1:12	1:55	3:56

*Ponding time occurs during the *peak* for the 4-hour storm event.

6.5.3 Hydraulic Grade Line

The results of the analysis were used to determine if there would be any surcharging from the storm sewer system during the 100-year storm event. **Appendix B** provides a summary of the 100-year HGL elevation at each storm manhole within the proposed development, as well as a summary of the HGL elevations for a 20% increase (rainfall intensity and total precipitation) in the 100-year design event. The results of the HGL analysis and the stress testing indicates that the storm sewer does not surcharge during the 100-year event and 100-year+20% storm event.

The results of the HGL analysis were used to ensure that a minimum freeboard of 0.30m is provided between the 100-year HGL and the designed underside of footing elevations. The 100-year HGL elevations at each storm manhole with respect to the lowest adjacent underside of footing elevation are provided in **Table 6-7**.

Table 6-7: 100-year HGL Elevations

Manhole ID	MH Invert Elevation (m)	T/G Elevation (m)	HGL Elevation - 100yr4hr (m)	Design USF (m)	Clearance (100yr) (m)
HGL - Block 126					
MH2	85.74	89.27	85.98	87.77	1.79
MH4	85.94	89.37	86.17	87.77	1.60
MH6	86.27	89.26	86.36	87.77	1.41
MH8	86.82	89.46	86.94	87.82	0.88
MH10	86.38	89.37	86.54	87.77	1.23
MH12	86.15	89.32	86.35	87.77	1.42
MH14	86.41	89.30	86.51	87.83	1.42
MH16	86.64	89.19	86.70	87.82	1.12
MH18	86.48	88.74	86.54	87.77	1.23

An expanded table showing the results of the stress test (100-year +20% event) and the HGL elevations is provided in **Appendix B**. The stress test indicates that the HGL elevations will be below the USF elevations for this event.

6.5.4 Peak Flows

The overall release rates from the ICDs were added to determine the overall release rate from the site. The results of this analysis indicate that the allowable release rates will be met for each storm event. Refer to **Table 6-8** for the modelled peak flows for each storm event.

The results of the PCSWMM analysis indicate that outflows from the proposed development will not exceed the allowable release rate for all storm events.

Table 6-8: Summary of Peak Flows

Design Event	Allowable Release Rate (L/s)	Controlled Minor System Release Rate (L/s)	Major System Release Rate (L/s)
2-year	94.5	65.7	0
5-year		74.4	0
100-year		88.6	0
100-year (+20%)	-	90.2	24.0 (Existing DICB along Trim)

**PCSWMM Model results for a 4-hr Chicago storm distribution; normal outfall condition.*

A small portion of the site, area B1, flows uncontrolled to the future transitway block. Area B1 is comprised completely of grass and is approximately 0.01ha with a peak flow of 4.3 L/s during the 100-year storm event. Even with the inclusion of this uncontrolled area, the total release rate of 92.9 L/s is below the allowable release rate of 94.5 L/s.

7.0 WATER

7.1 Existing Conditions

The proposed development is located inside the 2E Pressure Zone. As part of Phase 2 of the Provence Orleans Subdivision, a 300mm diameter watermain will be located within Ventoux Avenue connecting to an existing 400mm diameter trunk watermain in Trim Road. A 200mm diameter watermain cap will be provided at the entrance to the site off Ventoux Avenue.

7.2 Proposed Conditions

The site will be connected to the existing 300mm diameter watermain in Ventoux Avenue through the 200mm diameter cap provided at the site entrance.

A series of 200mm diameter watermains are proposed and will provide sufficient capacity to maintain appropriate pressures and fire flows throughout the development. **Figure 5** provides a high level schematic of the proposed water distribution system.

The watermain boundary conditions below were obtained from the City of Ottawa (December 2019) provided as part of the detailed design for the Provence Orleans Subdivision and has been included in **Appendix A**:

Boundary Condition 1 – Provence Avenue

Max Day + FF of 167 L/s = 126.2m

Max Day + FF of 300 L/s = 122.9m

Peak Hour = 125.8m
Maximum HGL = 130.3m

Boundary Condition 2 – Trim Road

Max Day + FF of 167 L/s = 126.4m

Max Day + FF of 300 L/s = 123.3m

Peak Hour = 125.8m

Maximum HGL = 130.3m

City of Ottawa watermain design criteria are outlined in **Table 7.1**.

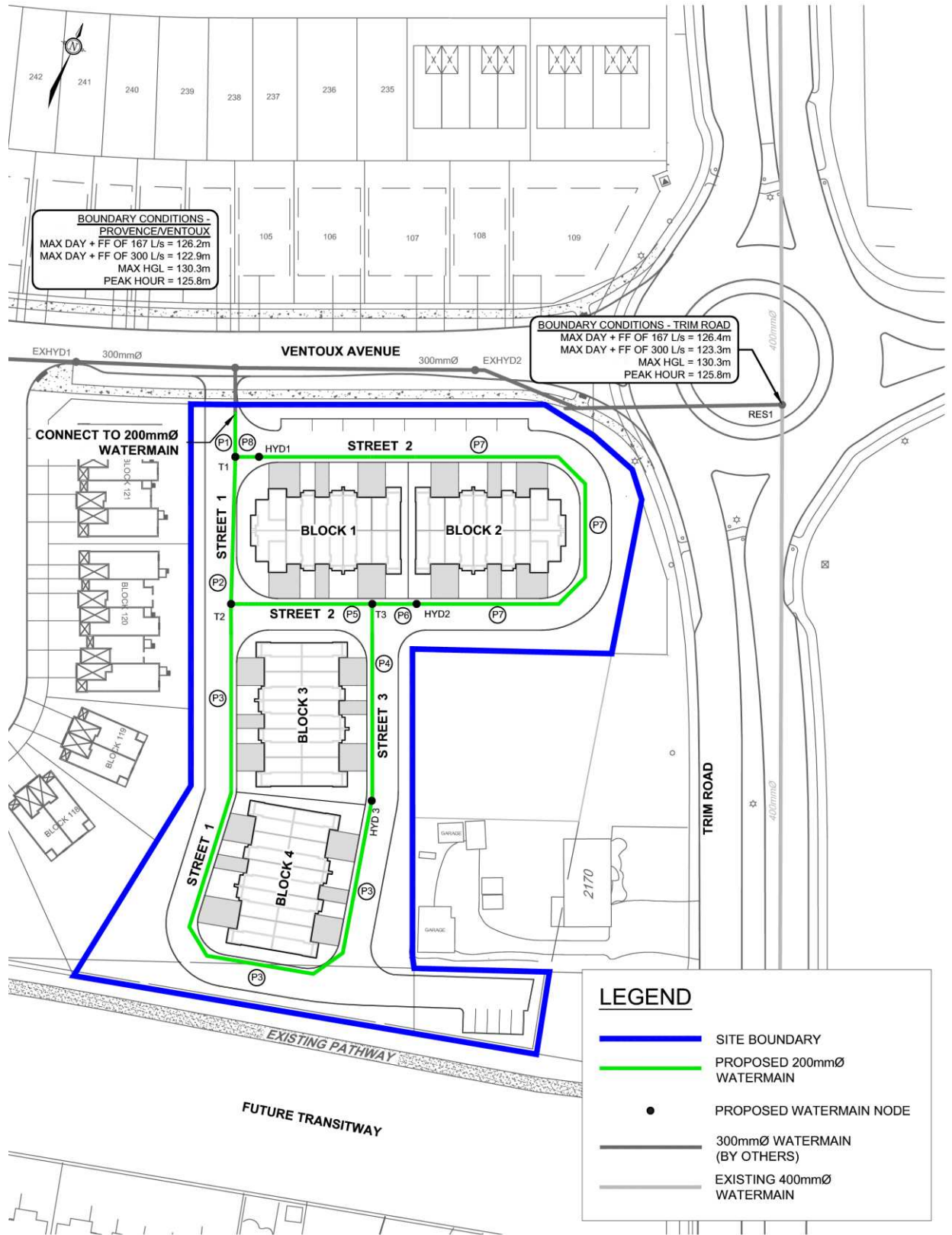


Figure 5: Watermain Layout

Table 7-1: Watermain Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Design Criteria
Town Population	2.7 people/unit
Residential Demand	280 L/c/d
Maximum Day Demand	2.5 x Average Day
Peak Hour Demand	2.2 x Maximum Day
Fire Demand	250, 267, 283 and 300 L/s
Maximum Pressure	690 kPa (100psi) unoccupied areas
Maximum Pressure	552 kPa (80psi) occupied areas outside of ROW
Minimum Pressure	275 kPa (40 psi) except during fire flow
Minimum Pressure	140 kPa (20 psi) fire flow conditions

Table 7-2: Water Flow Summary

	Units	Population	Average Day Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Demand (L/s)
Back-to-Back Towns	40	108	0.350	0.875	1.925
Total	40	108	0.350	0.875	1.925

Based on the fire underwriters survey, the fire flows were calculated as 250 L/s (Block 2), 267 L/s (Block 1), 283 L/s (Block 4) and 300 L/s (Block 3). Hydrant grades and distances to structures are illustrated on the Fire Hydrant Coverage Plan in **Appendix A**. Fire flow calculations are provided in **Appendix A**.

The proposed watermain was modeled using EPANET 2 (See 120057-GP for detailed watermain layout).

A summary of the model results are shown below in **Table 7.3**, **Table 7.4** and **Table 7.5**. Full model results are included in **Appendix A**.

Table 7-3: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results - Maximum Day + Fire Flow

Operating Condition	Minimum Pressure
267 L/s at Block 1	211.60 kPa (HYD3)
250 L/s at Block 2	233.67 kPa (HYD3)
300 L/s at Block 3	180.11 kPa (HYD3)
283 L/s at Block 4	188.16 kPa (HYD3)

Table 7-4: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results - Peak Hour Demand

Operating Condition	Maximum Pressure	Minimum Pressure
1.925 L/s through system	361.11 kPa (T3)	358.65 kPa (HYD1)

The hydraulic modeling summarized above highlights the maximum and minimum system pressures during Peak Hour conditions, and the minimum system pressures during the Maximum Day + Fire condition. Since the Maximum Day + Fire Flow pressures are above the minimum 140 kPa, and the Peak Hour Pressures onsite fall within the normal operating pressure range (345 kPa to 552 kPa) we conclude the proposed water design will adequately service the development.

Table 7-5: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results – Maximum Pressure Check

Operating Condition	Maximum Pressure	Minimum Pressure
0.350 L/s through system	464.90 kPa (HYD1)	403.49 kPa (T2)

The average day pressures throughout the system are below 552 kPa, therefore pressure reducing valves are not required.

Water retention was analyzed at each node during average day demand. The maximum age throughout the system is within City standards.

8.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The report conclusions are as follows:

- 1) The proposed storm system will control post-development flow to the allowable release rate of 70 L/s/ha. All runoff volume from the 100-year storm event is stored on site using surface storage. The existing Cardinal Creek stormwater management facility is the ultimate outlet for the site and provide water quality control.
- 2) The proposed sanitary sewer conforms to City design criteria and provides a gravity outlet for the development site. There is sufficient capacity in the downstream sanitary sewers to accommodate the flows outletting to the Ventoux Avenue sanitary sewers.
- 3) Connection to the watermain in Ventoux Avenue will provide municipal water service to the development.
- 4) There is adequate fire protection to the proposed development, in accordance with the Fire Underwriter's Survey.
- 5) The proposed infrastructure (sanitary, storm and water) complies with City of Ottawa design standards.

This report is respectfully submitted for review and approval. Please contact the undersigned should you have questions or require additional information.

Sincerely,

NOVATECH

Prepared By:

Reviewed By:



Lucas Wilson, P.Eng.
Project Coordinator



Mark Bissett, P.Eng.
Senior Project Manager

References

1. "Phase 2 and 3 Provence Orleans Subdivision Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Design Brief", Novatech [May 2020]
2. "Master Servicing Study, Gloucester and Cumberland East Urban Community Expansion Area and Bilberry Creek Industrial Park Master Servicing Update", Stantec [September 2013]
3. "Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Design Brief (R-2018-095), Provence Orleans Subdivision, 2128 Trim Road, Ottawa, Ontario", Novatech [March 31, 2019]
4. "Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed Provence City Towns Block, Trim Road, Ottawa, Ontario (PG4278-3)", Paterson Group [June 4, 2020]
5. "Transportation Master Plan", City of Ottawa [November 2013]
6. "Sewer Design Guidelines", Department of Public Works and Services, City of Ottawa [October 2012]

APPENDIX A: Design Sheets

Storm Sewer Design Sheet (Rational Method)

Sanitary Sewer Design Sheets

Watermain Boundary Conditions

Watermain Modelling

Fire Flow Calculations

Fire Hydrant Coverage Plan

Provence Orleans - Block 126: Storm Sewer Design Sheet (Rational Method)

LOCATION			AREA								FLOW						Total Peak Flow (Q) (L/s)	PROPOSED SEWER								
Location	From Node	To Node	Hard Surface	Soft Surface	Towns Front Yard	Towns Front Yard	Towns Rear Yard	Towns Rear Yard	Total Area	Weighted Runoff Coefficient	Indivi 2.78 AR	Accum 2.78 AR	Time of Concentration	Rain Intensity (mm/hr)				Peak Flow (L/s)	Pipe Type	Size (mm)	Grade (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (l/s)	Full Flow Velocity (m/s)	Time of Flow (min.)	Q/Qfull (%)
														2yr	5yr	10yr										
			0.90	0.20	Area	c	Area	c	(ha)																	
A-3, A-4	16	6	0.057	0.053					0.11	0.56	0.17	0.17	10.00	76.81			13.2	13.2	PVC	250	1.00	32.1	62.0	1.22	0.44	21.3%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00				0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00				0.0									
A-2	6	4	0.087	0.033					0.12	0.71	0.24	0.41	10.44	75.17			30.7	30.7	PVC	300	0.50	35.1	71.3	0.98	0.60	43.0%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.44				0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.44				0.0									
A-5, A-6, A-12	8	10	0.163	0.137					0.30	0.58	0.48	0.48	10.00	76.81			37.2	37.2	PVC	250	1.00	39.0	62.0	1.22	0.53	59.9%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00				0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00				0.0									
A-11	10	12	0.010	0.110					0.12	0.26	0.09	0.57	10.53	74.82			42.7	42.7	PVC	300	0.40	37.6	63.8	0.87	0.72	66.9%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.53				0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.53				0.0									
A-8, A-10	14	12	0.074	0.226					0.30	0.37	0.31	0.31	10.00	76.81			23.9	23.9	PVC	300	0.50	36.4	71.3	0.98	0.62	33.5%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00				0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00				0.0									
A-7	12	4	0.122	0.028					0.15	0.77	0.32	1.20	11.25	72.33			86.9	86.9	PVC	375	0.35	39.7	108.2	0.95	0.70	80.3%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	11.25				0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	11.25				0.0									
A-1	4	2	0.050	0.030					0.08	0.64	0.14	1.75	11.94	70.07			122.7	122.7	CONC	450	0.30	41.0	162.9	0.99	0.69	75.3%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	11.94				0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	11.94				0.0									
A-9	18	2	0.121	0.039					0.16	0.73	0.32	0.32	10.00	76.81			24.9	24.9	PVC	250	1.00	45.7	62.0	1.22	0.62	40.2%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00				0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00				0.0									
	2	EX116							0.00		0.00	2.08	12.63	67.98			141.1	141.1	CONC	525	0.25	21.4	224.3	1.00	0.36	62.9%
									0.00		0.00	0.00	12.63				0.0									
									0.00		0.00	0.00	12.63				0.0									

Q = 2.78 AIR WHERE : Q = PEAK FLOW IN LITRES PER SECOND (L/s) Q = (1/n) A R^(2/3) So^(1/2) WHERE : Q = CAPACITY (L/s) Project: Provence Orleans - Block 126 (120057)

A = AREA IN HECTARES (ha) I = RAINFALL INTENSITY IN MILLIMETERS PER HOUR (mm/hr) n = MANNING COEFFICIENT OF ROUGHNESS (0.013) A = FLOW AREA (m²) Designed: LRW

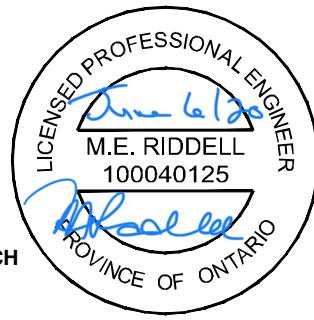
R = WEIGHTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT Checked: MAB Date: June 29, 2020



Provence Orleans - Block 126: Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet

AREA			RESIDENTIAL							INFILTRATION			Total Flow (l/s)	PIPE							
ID	From	To	SINGLES		Towns		Accum. Pop.	Peak Factor	Peak Flow (l/s)	Total Area (ha)	Accum. Area (ha)	Infiltr. Flow (l/s)		Size (mm)	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (l/s)	Full Flow Vel. (m/s)	Actual Vel. (m/s)	Q/Q _{full} (%)	d/D
			Units	Pop.	Units	Pop.															
Ventoux Avenue																					
	7	5	0	0.0	5	13.5	13.5	3.7	0.2	0.14	0.14	0.0	0.2	200	1.00	30.2	34.2	1.06	0.26	0.6%	0.000
	5	3	0	0.0	5	13.5	27.0	3.7	0.3	0.08	0.22	0.1	0.4	200	1.00	37.6	34.2	1.06	0.30	1.2%	0.077
	15	13	0	0.0	5	13.5	13.5	3.7	0.2	0.19	0.19	0.1	0.2	200	1.00	38.7	34.2	1.06	0.26	0.7%	0.000
	13	9	0	0.0	5	13.5	27.0	3.7	0.3	0.08	0.27	0.1	0.4	200	1.00	37.5	34.2	1.06	0.30	1.2%	0.077
	11	9	0	0.0	6	16.2	16.2	3.7	0.2	0.12	0.12	0.0	0.2	200	1.00	36.4	34.2	1.06	0.26	0.7%	0.000
	9	3	0	0.0	4	10.8	54.0	3.6	0.6	0.08	0.47	0.2	0.8	200	1.00	36.7	34.2	1.06	0.36	2.3%	0.077
	3	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	81.0	3.6	0.9	0.04	0.73	0.2	1.2	200	0.75	38.0	29.6	0.91	0.38	4.0%	0.077
	17	1	0	0.0	10	27.0	27.0	3.7	0.3	0.22	0.22	0.1	0.4	200	1.00	73.8	34.2	1.06	0.30	1.2%	0.077
	1	EX117	0	0.0	0	0.0	108.0	3.6	1.3	0.01	0.98	0.3	1.6	200	1.00	19.3	34.2	1.06	0.45	4.6%	0.153
	EX115	EX117	0	0.0	0	0.0	1327.0	3.7	15.9		20.43	6.7	22.7	250	0.37	46.1	37.7	0.74	0.67	60.0%	0.628
	EX117	EX119	5	17.0	0	0.0	1452.0	3.7	17.4	0.44	21.85	7.2	24.6	250	0.34	77.7	36.2	0.71	0.67	68.1%	0.678
Design Parameters:			Population Density:									Project: Provence Orleans - Block 126 (120057)									
Avg Flow/Person = 280 l/day			pp/unit									units/net ha									
Comm./Inst. Flow = 35000 l/ha/day			Apartment 1.80									90									
Infiltration = 0.33 l/s/ha			Singles 3.40																		
Pipe Friction n = 0.013			Towns 2.70									60									
Residential Peaking Factor = Harmon Equation (max 4, min 2)																					
												Designed: LRW									
												Checked: MAB									
												Date: June 29, 2020									





SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET
Provence Orleans Subdivision - 2128 Trim Road

Developer: Provence Orleans Realty Investment Inc. c/o Regional Group of Companies



PROJECT # : 117155
 DESIGNED BY : JG/CV/CH
 CHECKED BY : MER
 DATE PREPARED : 15-May-20

LOCATION			INDIVIDUAL							CUMULATIVE			PROPOSED SEWER												
STREET	FROM MH	TO MH	Area	Single Units	Townhouse Units	Condo Units	Retirement Home Units	Population (in 1000's)	AREA (ha.)	Population (in 1000's)	AREA (ha.)	PEAK FACTOR M	POPULATION FLOW Q(p) (L/s)	PEAK EXTRAN. FLOW Q(i) (L/s)	PEAK DESIGN FLOW Q(d) (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	PIPE SIZE (mm)	PIPE ID (mm)	TYPE OF PIPE	GRADE %	CAPACITY (L/s)	FULL FLOW VELOCITY (m/s)	Qpeak/Qcap	d/ D _{full}	
Future Phase 5	FUT	109	500					0.3450	6.14	0.345	6.140	4.0	4.47	2.03	6.50										
Future Phase 4	FUT	111	400					0.4880	6.08	0.488	6.080	4.0	6.29	2.01	8.30										
Petanque Cres.	505	503	2		3			0.0081	0.17	0.008	0.170	4.0	0.11	0.06	0.16	11.7	200	203.20	DR 35	0.65	27.6	0.85	1%		
Petanque Cres.	503	501	3		16			0.0432	0.46	0.051	0.630	4.0	0.67	0.21	0.87	52.3	200	203.20	DR 35	0.35	20.2	0.62	4%		
Petanque Cres.	501	101	4		3			0.0081	0.13	0.059	0.760	4.0	0.77	0.25	1.02	26.1	200	203.20	DR 35	0.35	20.2	0.62	5%		
Petanque Cres.	505	507	9	7	1			0.0265	0.47	0.027	0.470	4.0	0.34	0.16	0.50	56.5	200	203.20	DR 35	0.65	27.6	0.85	2%		
Petanque Cres.	507	509	10	7				0.0238	0.42	0.050	0.890	4.0	0.65	0.29	0.95	56.0	200	203.20	DR 35	0.35	20.2	0.62	5%		
Petanque Cres.	509	511	11	10				0.0340	0.67	0.084	1.560	4.0	1.09	0.51	1.61	83.1	200	203.20	DR 35	0.35	20.2	0.62	8%		
Petanque Cres.	511	513	12	2				0.0068	0.21	0.091	1.770	4.0	1.18	0.58	1.77	14.2	200	203.20	DR 35	0.65	27.6	0.85	6%		
Petanque Cres.	513	109	13	8				0.0272	0.50	0.118	2.270	4.0	1.53	0.75	2.28	71.1	200	203.20	DR 35	0.50	24.2	0.75	9%		
Socca Cres.	403	405	41	7				0.0238	0.46	0.024	0.460	4.0	0.31	0.15	0.46	56.6	200	203.20	DR 35	0.65	27.6	0.85	2%		
Socca Cres.	403	401	42	1				0.0034	0.14	0.027	0.600	4.0	0.35	0.20	0.55	12.6	200	203.20	DR 35	0.48	23.7	0.73	2%		
Socca Cres.	401	111	43	10				0.0340	0.56	0.061	1.160	4.0	0.79	0.38	1.18	72.4	200	203.20	DR 35	0.35	20.2	0.62	6%		
Socca Cres.	405	407	46	6				0.0204	0.38	0.020	0.380	4.0	0.26	0.13	0.39	54.9	200	203.20	DR 35	0.66	27.8	0.86	1%		
Socca Cres.	407	409	47	1	2			0.0088	0.18	0.029	0.560	4.0	0.38	0.18	0.56	15.3	200	203.20	DR 35	0.52	24.7	0.76	2%		
Socca Cres.	409	115	48		19			0.0513	0.63	0.081	1.190	4.0	1.04	0.39	1.44	78.9	200	203.20	DR 35	0.36	20.5	0.63	7%		
Ventoux Ave.	99	101	1	4				0.0136	0.23	0.014	0.230	4.0	0.18	0.08	0.25	35.7	200	203.20	DR 35	0.65	27.6	0.85	1%		
Ventoux Ave.	101	103	5	3				0.0102	0.16	0.083	1.15	4.0	1.08	0.38	1.46	30.9	200	203.20	DR 35	0.35	20.2	0.62	7%		
Ventoux Ave.	103	105	6	7	7			0.0427	0.56	0.126	1.710	4.0	1.63	0.56	2.20	66.9	200	203.20	DR 35	0.35	20.2	0.62	11%		
Ventoux Ave.	105	107	7	13	1			0.0469	0.63	0.173	2.340	4.0	2.24	0.77	3.01	71.0	200	203.20	DR 35	0.35	20.2	0.62	15%		
Ventoux Ave.	107	109	8	6				0.0204	0.38	0.193	2.720	4.0	2.50	0.90	3.40	73.6	200	203.20	DR 35	0.35	20.2	0.62	17%		
Ventoux Ave.	109	111	26					0.0000	0.15	0.657	11.280	3.9	8.32	3.72	12.04	79.5	250	254.00	DR 35	0.35	36.7	0.72	33%	0.38	
Ventoux Ave.	111	113	44	1				0.0034	0.12	1.209	18.64	3.7	14.68	6.15	20.83	50.9	250	254.00	DR 35	0.35	36.7	0.72	57%	0.53	
Ventoux Ave.	113	115	45	7				0.0238	0.37	1.233	19.010	3.7	14.94	6.27	21.21	53.0	250	254.00	DR 35	0.35	36.7	0.72	58%	0.53	
Ventoux Ave.	115	117	49	4				0.0136	0.23	1.327	20.430	3.7	15.99	6.74	22.73	46.7	250	254.00	DR 35	0.35	36.7	0.72	62%	0.56	
Ventoux Ave.	FUT	117	50		48			0.1296	1.23	1.457	21.660	3.7	17.41	7.15	24.56										
Ventoux Ave.	117	119	51	5				0.0170	0.45	1.474	22.110	3.7	17.60	7.30	24.89	77.7	250	254.00	DR 35	0.35	36.7	0.72	68%	0.58	
Ventoux Ave.	119	121	52					0.0000	0.05	1.474	22.160	3.7	17.60	7.31	24.91	29.5	250	254.00	DR 35	1.00	62.0	1.22	40%	0.41	

- Notes:**
 1. Q(d) = Q(p) + Q(i)
 2. Q(i) = 0.33 L/sec/ha
 3. Q(p) = (P x q x M / 86,400)

- Definitions:**
 Q(d) = Design Flow (L/sec)
 Q(p) = Population Flow (L/sec)
 Q(i) = Extraneous Flow (L/sec)

P = Population (3.4 persons/single unit, 2.7 persons/townhouse, 2.1 persons/apartment, 1.4 persons/retirement residence)
 q = Average per capita flow = 280 L/cap/day - Residential
 M = Harmon Formula (maximum of 4.0)
 Min pipe size 200mm @ min. slope 0.32%

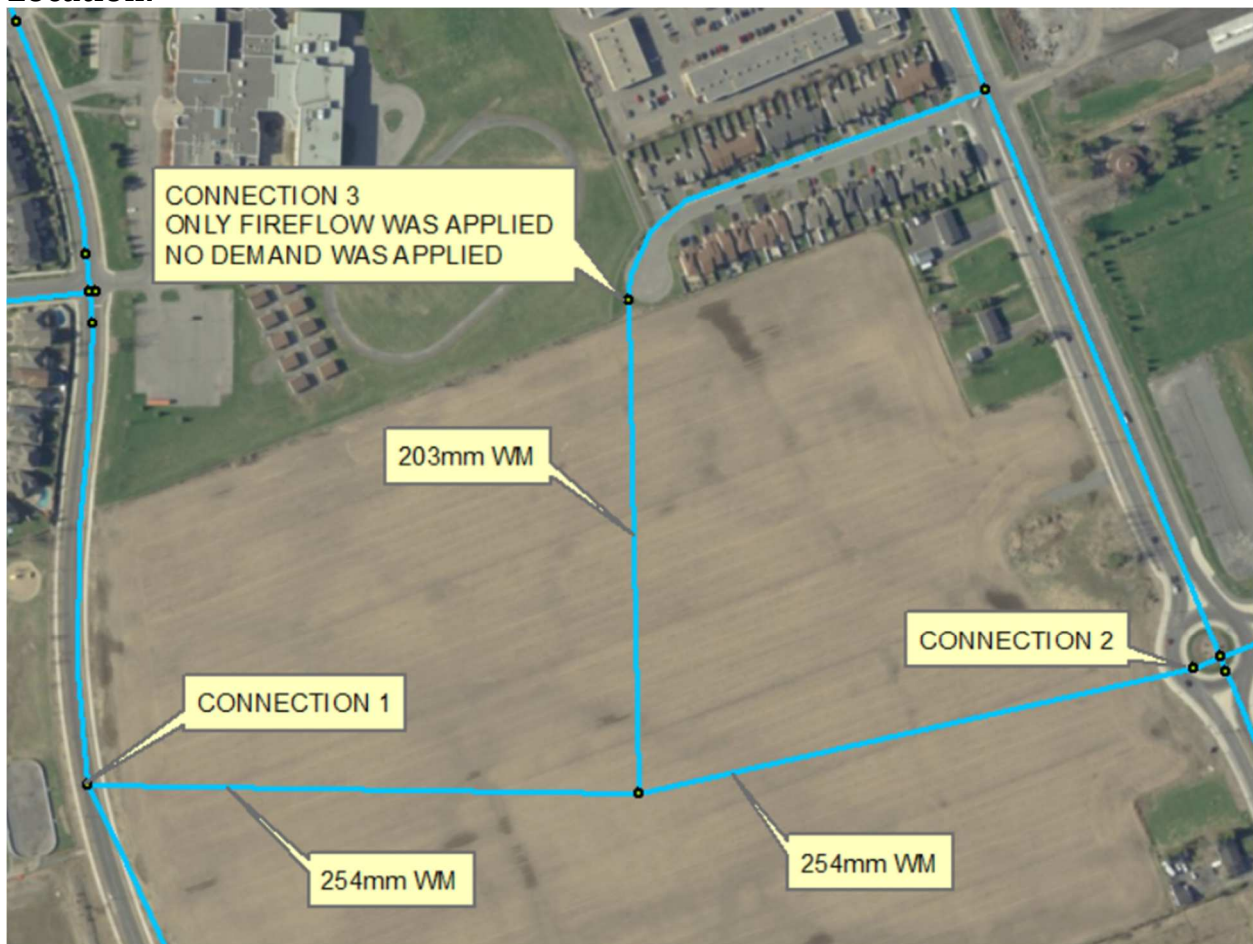
Boundary Conditions for Provence Orleans

Provided Information:

Date Provided December-19

Scenario	Demand	
	L/min	L/s
Average Daily Demand	119	1.99
Maximum Daily Demand	299	4.98
Peak Hour	658	10.96
Fire Flow Demand #1	10,020	167.00
Fire Flow Demand #2	18,000	300.00

Location:



Results:

Connection 1 - Provence Ave

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)
Maximum HGL	130.3	59.2
Peak Hour	125.8	52.9
Max Day plus Fire 1	126.2	53.5
Max Day plus Fire 2	122.9	48.8

¹ Ground Elevation = 88.6m

Connection 2 - Trim Road

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)
Maximum HGL	130.3	58.4
Peak Hour	125.8	52.1
Max Day plus Fire 1	126.4	52.9
Max Day plus Fire 2	123.3	48.5

¹ Ground Elevation = 89.2m

Connection 3 - Salzburg Dr

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)
Maximum HGL	130.3	59.5
Peak Hour	125.8	53.1
Max Day plus Fire 1	123.0	49.0
Max Day plus Fire 2	113.2	35.1

¹ Ground Elevation = 88.5m

Notes:

1. Fire flow was applied on connection 3 but no demand was applied on connection 3. The City modeled additional internal looping within the three connections to meet the pressure requirement under fire flow condition at connection 3 as shown above.
2. Looping of the watermain is required to decrease vulnerability of the water system in case of breaks and to improve pressure under fire flow condition.
3. Interpolate the head elevation and the pressure for fire flow between 167L/s and 300L/s.
4. Ensure oversizing of the of local watermain does not require an excessive number of fire hydrants to accommodate the fire flow of 300L/s.

Disclaimer

The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation. Fire Flow analysis is a reflection of available flow in the watermain; there may be additional restrictions that occur between the watermain and the hydrant that the model cannot take into account.

Provence Orleans - Block 126
Water Demand

	Area (ha)	Units	Population	Average Day Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Demand (L/s)
Towns	N/A	40	108	0.350	0.875	1.925
Total	0.00	40	108	0.350	0.875	1.925

Water Demand Parameters

Towns	2.7	ppl/unit
Residential Demand	280	L/c/day
Residential Max Day	2.5	x Avg Day
Residential Peak Hour	2.2	x Max Day
Residential Fire Flow	250 - 300	L/s

Provence Orleans - Block 126: Watermain Demand

Node	Towns	Total Population	Average Day Residential Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Residential Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Residential Demand (L/s)
HYD1	10	27	0.088	0.219	0.481
HYD2	5	14	0.044	0.109	0.241
HYD3	10	27	0.088	0.219	0.481
EXHYD1	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
EXHYD2	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
T1	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
T2	5	14	0.044	0.109	0.241
T3	10	27	0.088	0.219	0.481
Total	40	108	0.350	0.875	1.925

Water Demand Parameters

Singles	3.4	ppl/unit	Residential Max Day	2.5	x Avg Day
Towns	2.7	ppl/unit	Residential Peak Hour	2.2	x Max Day
Residential Demand	280	L/c/day	Residential Fire Flow	250 - 300	L/s

Provence Orleans - Block 126: Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes - (Peak Hour)

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	89.21	0.48	125.77	36.56	358.65	52.02
Junc HYD2	89	0.24	125.77	36.77	360.71	52.32
Junc HYD3	89.02	0.48	125.77	36.75	360.52	52.29
Junc T1	89.14	0	125.77	36.63	359.34	52.12
Junc T2	89.17	0.24	125.77	36.6	359.05	52.08
Junc T3	88.96	0.48	125.77	36.81	361.11	52.37
Resvr 1	125.8	-18.17	125.8	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr 2	125.8	-15.53	125.8	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links - (Peak Hour)

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	19	204	110	1.93	0.06	0.04	0.044
Pipe P2	32	204	110	0.97	0.03	0.01	0.049
Pipe P3	142	204	110	0.25	0.01	0.00	0.058
Pipe P4	45	204	110	-0.23	0.01	0.00	0.067
Pipe P5	31	204	110	0.48	0.01	0.00	0.050
Pipe P6	10	204	110	-0.23	0.01	0.00	0.000
Pipe P7	134	204	110	-0.47	0.01	0.00	0.055
Pipe P8	5	204	110	-0.95	0.03	0.01	0.044

Provence Orleans - Block 126: Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes - (Max Pressure Check)

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi	Age Hours
Junc HYD1	82.91	0.09	130.3	47.39	464.90	67.43	1.59
Junc HYD2	89	0.04	130.3	41.3	405.15	58.76	15.72
Junc HYD3	89.02	0.09	130.3	41.28	404.96	58.73	25.6
Junc T1	89.14	0	130.3	41.16	403.78	58.56	1.33
Junc T2	89.17	0.04	130.3	41.13	403.49	58.52	2.96
Junc T3	88.96	0.09	130.3	41.34	405.55	58.82	9.95
Resvr 1	130.3	-3.3	130.3	0	0.00	0.00	0
Resvr 2	130.3	-2.83	130.3	0	0.00	0.00	0

Network Table - Links - (Max Pressure Check)

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	19	204	110	0.35	0.01	0.00	0.068
Pipe P2	32	204	110	0.18	0.01	0.00	0.039
Pipe P3	142	204	110	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.133
Pipe P4	45	204	110	-0.04	0.00	0.00	0.000
Pipe P5	31	204	110	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.166
Pipe P6	10	204	110	-0.04	0.00	0.00	0.000
Pipe P7	134	204	110	-0.09	0.00	0.00	0.080
Pipe P8	5	204	110	-0.17	0.01	0.00	0.000

Provence Orleans - Block 126: Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes - (Fire Flow Summary)

Fire Flow		Minimum Pressure		
LOCATION	Flow (L/s)	Pressure (kPa)	Pressure (PSI)	Node
B1	267	211.60	30.69	HYD3
B2	250	233.67	33.89	HYD3
B3	300	180.11	26.12	HYD3
B4	283	188.16	27.29	HYD3

Provence Orleans - Block 126: Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 1')

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	89.21	95.22	113.74	24.53	240.64	34.90
Junc HYD2	89	95.11	110.93	21.93	215.13	31.20
Junc HYD3	89.02	77.22	110.59	21.57	211.60	30.69
Junc EXHYD1	89.3	0	121.42	32.12	315.10	45.70
Junc EXHYD2	89.7	0.17	122.86	33.16	325.30	47.18
Junc T1	89.14	0	114.39	25.25	247.70	35.93
Junc T2	89.17	0.11	112.04	22.87	224.35	32.54
Junc T3	88.96	0.22	111.01	22.05	216.31	31.37
Resvr 1	123.7	-91.25	123.7	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr 2	124.1	-187.06	124.1	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 1')

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	19	204	110	267.88	8.20	355.38	0.021
Pipe P2	32	204	110	114.35	3.50	73.45	0.024
Pipe P3	142	204	110	39.48	1.21	10.25	0.028
Pipe P4	45	204	110	-37.74	1.15	9.43	0.028
Pipe P5	31	204	110	74.76	2.29	33.44	0.026
Pipe P6	10	204	110	36.80	1.13	9.00	0.028
Pipe P7	134	204	110	58.31	1.78	21.10	0.027
Pipe P8	5	204	110	153.53	4.70	126.76	0.023

Provence Orleans - Block 126: Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 2')

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	89.21	95.22	115.28	26.07	255.75	37.09
Junc HYD2	89	95.11	112.95	23.95	234.95	34.08
Junc HYD3	89.02	60.22	112.84	23.82	233.67	33.89
Junc EXHYD1	89.3	0	122.1	32.8	321.77	46.67
Junc EXHYD2	89.7	0.17	123.4	33.7	330.60	47.95
Junc T1	89.14	0	115.88	26.74	262.32	38.05
Junc T2	89.17	0.11	113.94	24.77	242.99	35.24
Junc T3	88.96	0.22	113.06	24.1	236.42	34.29
Resvr 1	124.1	-85.26	124.1	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr 2	124.5	-176.05	124.5	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 2')

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	19	204	110	250.88	7.68	314.74	0.021
Pipe P2	32	204	110	103.02	3.15	60.55	0.024
Pipe P3	142	204	110	33.98	1.04	7.76	0.029
Pipe P4	45	204	110	-26.23	0.80	4.81	0.030
Pipe P5	31	204	110	68.93	2.11	28.77	0.026
Pipe P6	10	204	110	42.47	1.30	11.73	0.028
Pipe P7	134	204	110	52.63	1.61	17.46	0.027
Pipe P8	5	204	110	147.85	4.52	118.22	0.023

Provence Orleans - Block 126: Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 3')

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	89.21	95.22	111.41	22.2	217.78	31.59
Junc HYD2	89	95.11	108.03	19.03	186.68	27.08
Junc HYD3	89.02	95.22	107.38	18.36	180.11	26.12
Junc EXHYD1	89.3	15	120	30.7	301.17	43.68
Junc EXHYD2	89.7	0.17	121.8	32.1	314.90	45.67
Junc T1	89.14	0	112.1	22.96	225.24	32.67
Junc T2	89.17	0.11	109.27	20.1	197.18	28.60
Junc T3	88.96	0.22	108.09	19.13	187.67	27.22
Resvr 1	122.9	-103.5	122.9	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr 2	123.3	-207.82	123.3	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 3')

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	19	204	110	285.88	8.75	400.87	0.021
Pipe P2	32	204	110	126.34	3.87	88.35	0.024
Pipe P3	142	204	110	45.52	1.39	13.34	0.028
Pipe P4	45	204	110	-49.70	1.52	15.70	0.027
Pipe P5	31	204	110	80.71	2.47	38.53	0.025
Pipe P6	10	204	110	30.79	0.94	6.47	0.029
Pipe P7	134	204	110	64.32	1.97	25.30	0.026
Pipe P8	5	204	110	159.54	4.88	136.10	0.023

Provence Orleans - Block 126: Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 4')

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	89.21	93.22	112.23	23.02	225.83	32.75
Junc HYD2	89	95.11	108.85	19.85	194.73	28.24
Junc HYD3	89.02	95.22	108.2	19.18	188.16	27.29
Junc EXHYD1	89.3	0	120.75	31.45	308.52	44.75
Junc EXHYD2	89.7	0.17	122.33	32.63	320.10	46.43
Junc T1	89.14	0	112.91	23.77	233.18	33.82
Junc T2	89.17	0.11	110.09	20.92	205.23	29.77
Junc T3	88.96	0.22	108.91	19.95	195.71	28.39
Resvr 1	123.3	-96.86	123.3	0	0.00	0.00
Resvr 2	123.7	-197.45	123.7	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 4')

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	19	204	110	283.88	8.69	395.69	0.021
Pipe P2	32	204	110	126.25	3.86	88.23	0.024
Pipe P3	142	204	110	45.50	1.39	13.33	0.028
Pipe P4	45	204	110	-49.72	1.52	15.71	0.027
Pipe P5	31	204	110	80.63	2.47	38.46	0.025
Pipe P6	10	204	110	30.70	0.94	6.43	0.029
Pipe P7	134	204	110	64.41	1.97	25.37	0.026
Pipe P8	5	204	110	157.63	4.82	133.10	0.023

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Novatech Project #: 120057
 Project Name: Provence Orleans - Block 126
 Date: 6/29/2020
 Input By: Lucas Wilson
 Reviewed By: Project Manager

Legend

No Information or Input Required

Building Description: Back-2-Back Towns (Block 1)
 Wood frame

Step	Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)		
Base Fire Flow						
1	Construction Material		Multiplier	1.5		
	Coefficient related to type of construction C	Wood frame	Yes		1.5	
		Ordinary construction			1	
		Non-combustible construction			0.8	
		Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)			0.6	
Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)			0.6			
2	Floor Area		1,548	13,000		
	A	Building Footprint (m ²)			516	
		Number of Floors/Storeys			3	
		Area of structure considered (m ²)				
F	Base fire flow without reductions		F = 220 C (A)^{0.5}			
Reductions or Surcharges						
3	Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge		Reduction/Surcharge	11,050		
	(1)	Non-combustible			-25%	
		Limited combustible	Yes		-15%	
		Combustible			0%	
		Free burning			15%	
Rapid burning			25%			
4	Sprinkler Reduction		Reduction	0		
	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)			-30%	
		Standard Water Supply			-10%	
		Fully Supervised System			-10%	
Cumulative Total			0%			
5	Exposure Surcharge (cumulative %)		Surcharge	4,973		
	(3)	North Side	> 45.1m		0%	
		East Side	3.1 - 10 m		20%	
		South Side	10.1 - 20 m		15%	
		West Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
Cumulative Total			45%			
Results						
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nearest 1000L/min		L/min	16,000	
		(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or	L/s	267
				or	USGPM	4,227
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)		Hours	3.5	
		Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)		m ³	3360	

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Novatech Project #: 120057
 Project Name: Provence Orleans - Block 126
 Date: 6/29/2020
 Input By: Lucas Wilson
 Reviewed By: Project Manager

Legend

No Information or Input Required

Building Description: Back-2-Back Towns (Block 2)
 Wood frame

Step	Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)		
Base Fire Flow						
1	Construction Material		Multiplier	1.5		
	Coefficient related to type of construction C	Wood frame	Yes		1.5	
		Ordinary construction			1	
		Non-combustible construction			0.8	
		Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)			0.6	
Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)			0.6			
2	Floor Area			13,000		
	A	Building Footprint (m ²)	516			
		Number of Floors/Storeys	3			
		Area of structure considered (m ²)			1,548	
F	Base fire flow without reductions					
Reductions or Surcharges						
3	Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge		Reduction/Surcharge	11,050		
	(1)	Non-combustible			-25%	
		Limited combustible	Yes		-15%	
		Combustible			0%	
		Free burning			15%	
Rapid burning			25%			
4	Sprinkler Reduction		Reduction	0		
	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)			-30%	
		Standard Water Supply			-10%	
		Fully Supervised System			-10%	
Cumulative Total			0%			
5	Exposure Surcharge (cumulative %)		Surcharge	3,868		
	(3)	North Side	> 45.1m		0%	
		East Side	> 45.1m		0%	
		South Side	10.1 - 20 m		15%	
		West Side	3.1 - 10 m		20%	
Cumulative Total			35%			
Results						
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nearest 1000L/min		L/min	15,000	
		(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or	L/s	250
				or	USGPM	3,963
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)		Hours	3	
		Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)		m³	2700	

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Novatech Project #: 120057
 Project Name: Provence Orleans - Block 126
 Date: 6/29/2020
 Input By: Lucas Wilson
 Reviewed By: Project Manager

Legend

No Information or Input Required

Building Description: Back-2-Back Towns (Block 3)
 Wood frame

Step	Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)		
Base Fire Flow						
1	Construction Material		Multiplier	1.5		
	Coefficient related to type of construction C	Wood frame	Yes		1.5	
		Ordinary construction			1	
		Non-combustible construction			0.8	
		Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)			0.6	
Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)			0.6			
2	Floor Area			13,000		
	A	Building Footprint (m ²)	553			
		Number of Floors/Storeys	3			
		Area of structure considered (m ²)			1,659	
F	Base fire flow without reductions					
Reductions or Surcharges						
3	Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge		Reduction/Surcharge	11,050		
	(1)	Non-combustible			-25%	
		Limited combustible	Yes		-15%	
		Combustible			0%	
		Free burning			15%	
Rapid burning			25%			
4	Sprinkler Reduction		Reduction	0		
	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)			-30%	
		Standard Water Supply			-10%	
		Fully Supervised System			-10%	
Cumulative Total			0%			
5	Exposure Surcharge (cumulative %)		Surcharge	7,183		
	(3)	North Side	10.1 - 20 m		15%	
		East Side	10.1 - 20 m		15%	
		South Side	0 - 3 m		25%	
		West Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
Cumulative Total			65%			
Results						
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nearest 1000L/min		L/min	18,000	
		(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or	L/s	300
				or	USGPM	4,756
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)		Hours	4	
		Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)		m ³	4320	

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Novatech Project #: 120057
 Project Name: Provence Orleans - Block 126
 Date: 6/29/2020
 Input By: Lucas Wilson
 Reviewed By: Project Manager

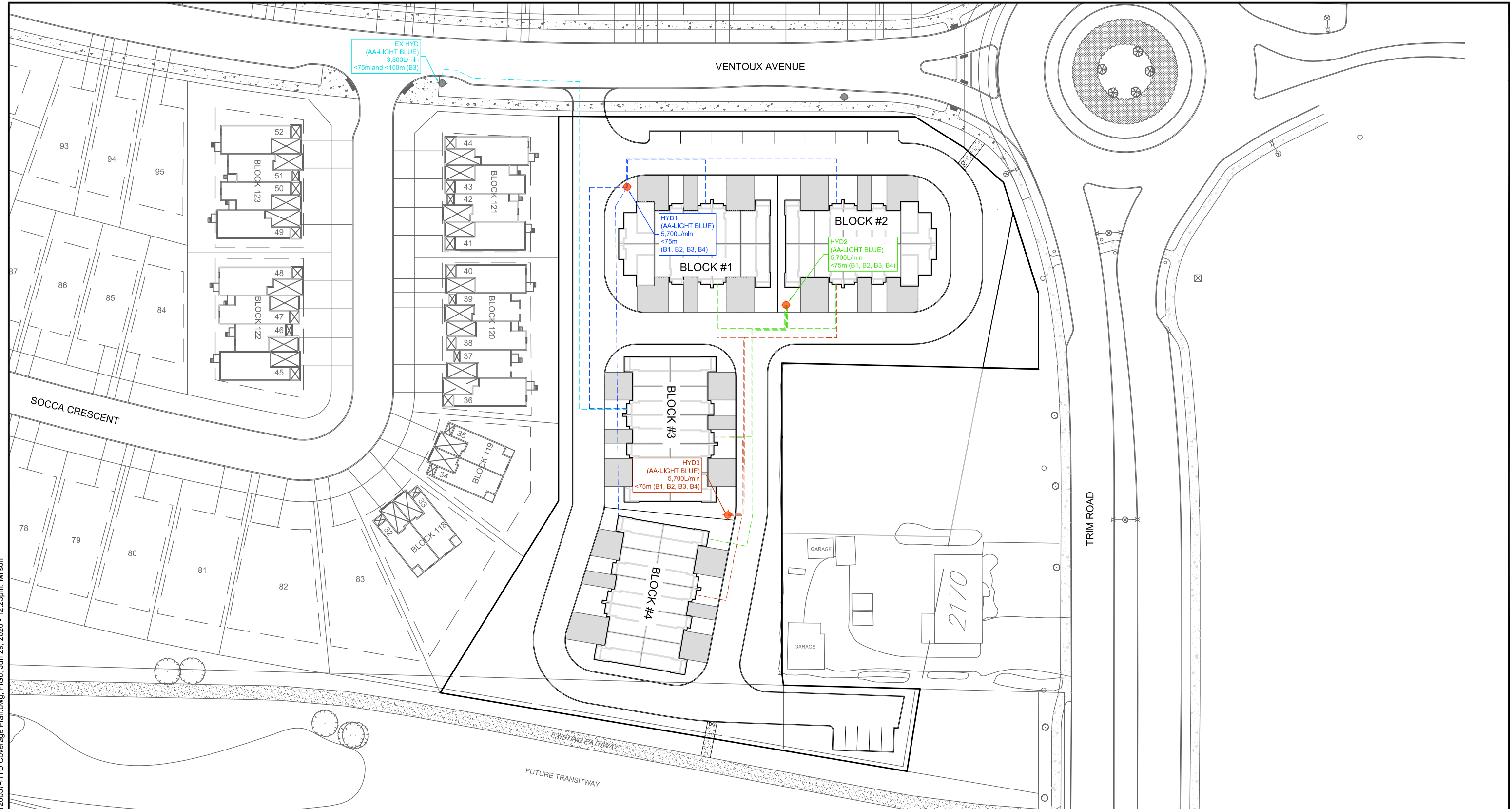
Legend

No Information or Input Required

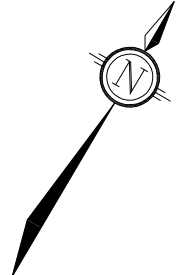
Building Description: Back-2-Back Towns (Block 4)
 Wood frame

Step	Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)		
Base Fire Flow						
1	Construction Material		Multiplier	1.5		
	Coefficient related to type of construction C	Wood frame	Yes		1.5	
		Ordinary construction			1	
		Non-combustible construction			0.8	
		Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)			0.6	
Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)			0.6			
2	Floor Area			13,000		
	A	Building Footprint (m ²)	553			
		Number of Floors/Storeys	3			
		Area of structure considered (m ²)			1,659	
F	Base fire flow without reductions					
Reductions or Surcharges						
3	Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge		Reduction/Surcharge	11,050		
	(1)	Non-combustible			-25%	
		Limited combustible	Yes		-15%	
		Combustible			0%	
		Free burning			15%	
Rapid burning			25%			
4	Sprinkler Reduction		Reduction	0		
	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)			-30%	
		Standard Water Supply			-10%	
		Fully Supervised System			-10%	
Cumulative Total			0%			
5	Exposure Surcharge (cumulative %)		Surcharge	5,525		
	(3)	North Side	0 - 3 m		25%	
		East Side	10.1 - 20 m		15%	
		South Side	> 45.1m		0%	
		West Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
Cumulative Total			50%			
Results						
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nearest 1000L/min		L/min	17,000	
		(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or	L/s	283
				or	USGPM	4,491
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)		Hours	3.5	
		Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)		m ³	3570	

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- LEGEND**
- ROUTE FROM PROPOSED BUILDING TO HYD 1
 - ROUTE FROM PROPOSED BUILDING TO HYD 2
 - ROUTE FROM PROPOSED BUILDING TO HYD 3
 - ROUTE FROM PROPOSED BUILDING TO EX HYD
 - ◆ FIRE HYDRANT



NOVATECH

Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects
 Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive
 Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K2M 1P6

Telephone (613) 254-9643
 Facsimile (613) 254-5867
 Website www.novatech-eng.com

CITY OF OTTAWA
PROVENCE ORLEANS
SUBDIVISION - CITY TOWNS

FIRE HYDRANT
COVERAGE PLAN

SCALE	1:1250		
DATE	JUNE 2020	JOB	120057
FIGURE	FIG-6		

APPENDIX B

SWM Calculations

TEMPEST Product Submittal Package



Date: June 26, 2020

Customer: Novatech

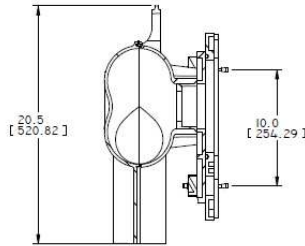
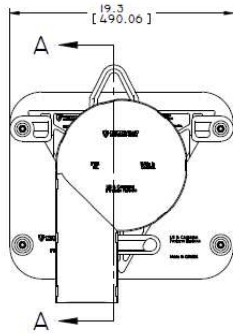
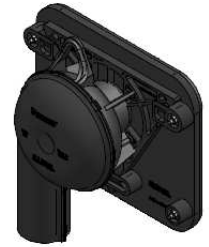
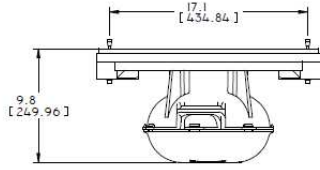
Contact: Lucas Wilson

Location: Ottawa

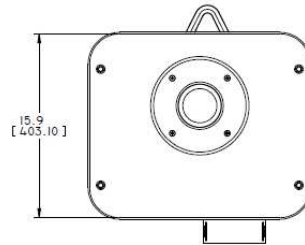
Project Name: Provence Orleans Subdivision – Block 126



Tempest LMF ICD Sq Shop Drawing



SECTION A-A

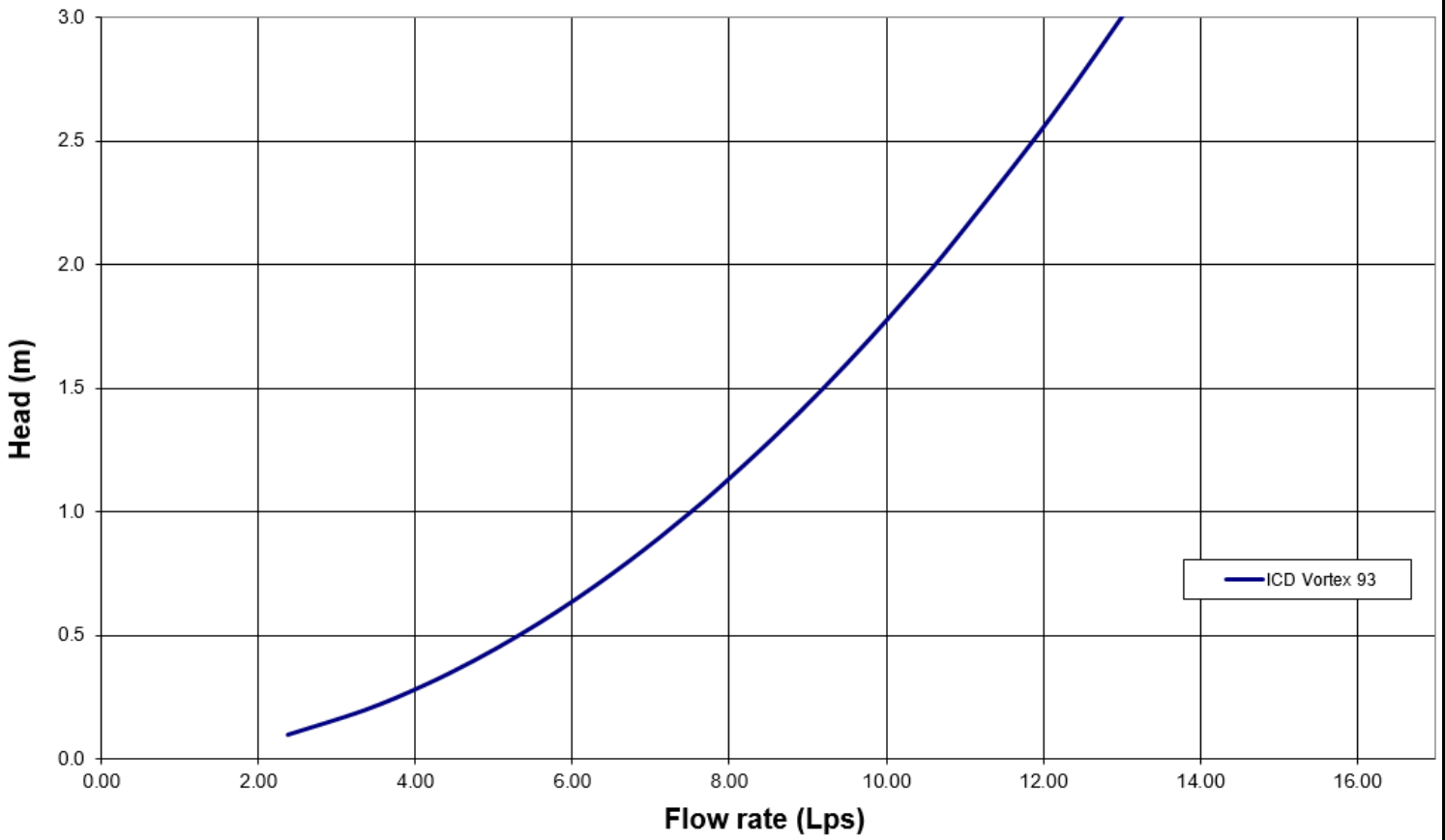


TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: FRACTIONS: ±0.005 (0.125 mm) DECIMALS: ±0.002 (0.051 mm) DIMENSIONS: ±0.002 (0.051 mm) ANGLES: ±0.002 (0.051 mm)		IPEX TECHNOLOGIES INC. PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT 2500 W. STATE STREET, SUITE 200 CHARLOTTE, NC 28208 PHONE: 704.366.1000	
PRODUCTION INCHES 1/8" (2.0 mm)		FILE LMF SQUARE CB ASSEMBLY	
DRAWN BY: H. M. MARTIN CHECKED BY:	DATE: 2011-07-27	REV: B QUANTITY: 1/8	SHEET: 1 OF 1 PART: 33074_FAS01R03



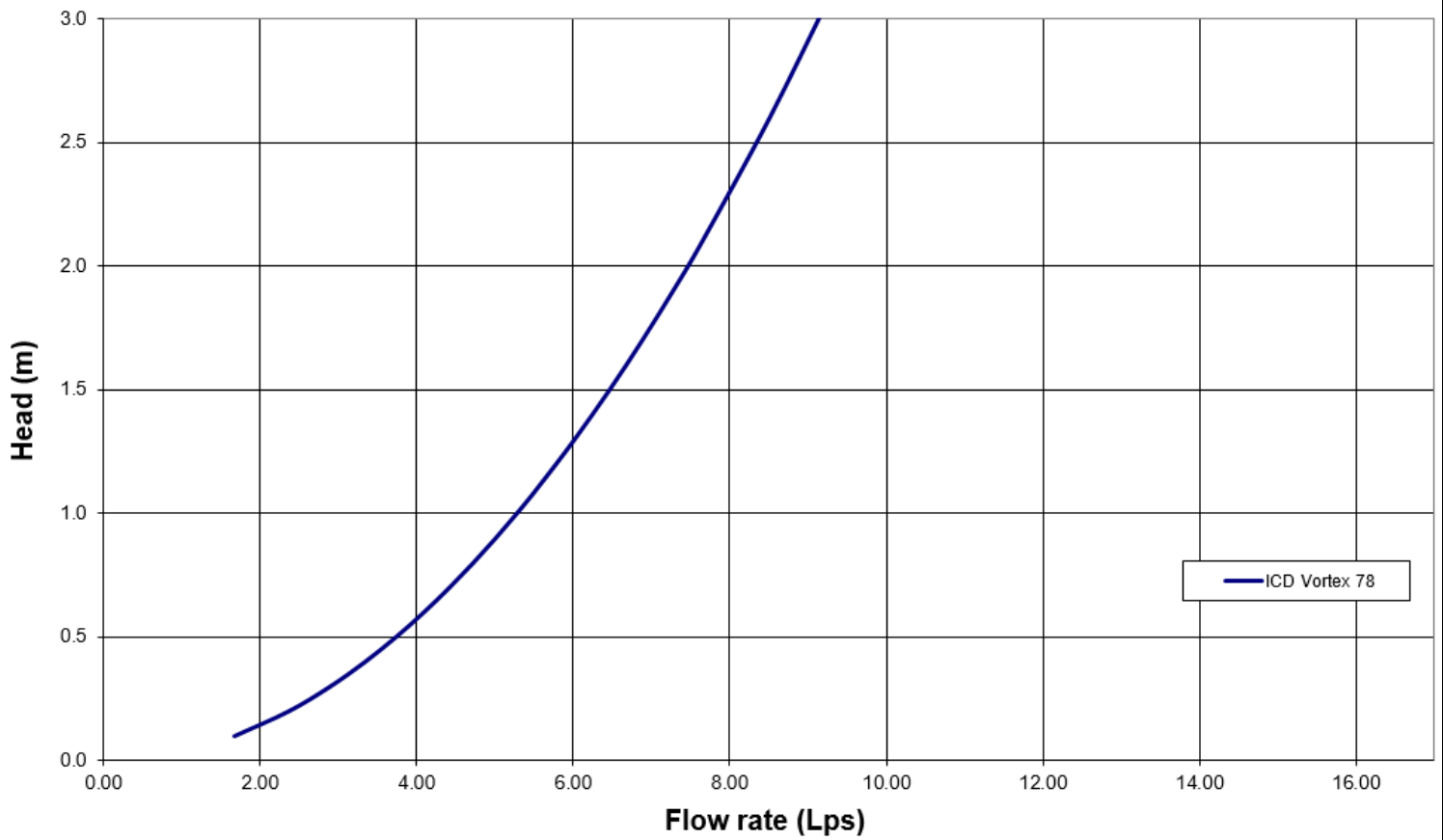
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 9.4 L/s
Head: 1.55 m
CB1



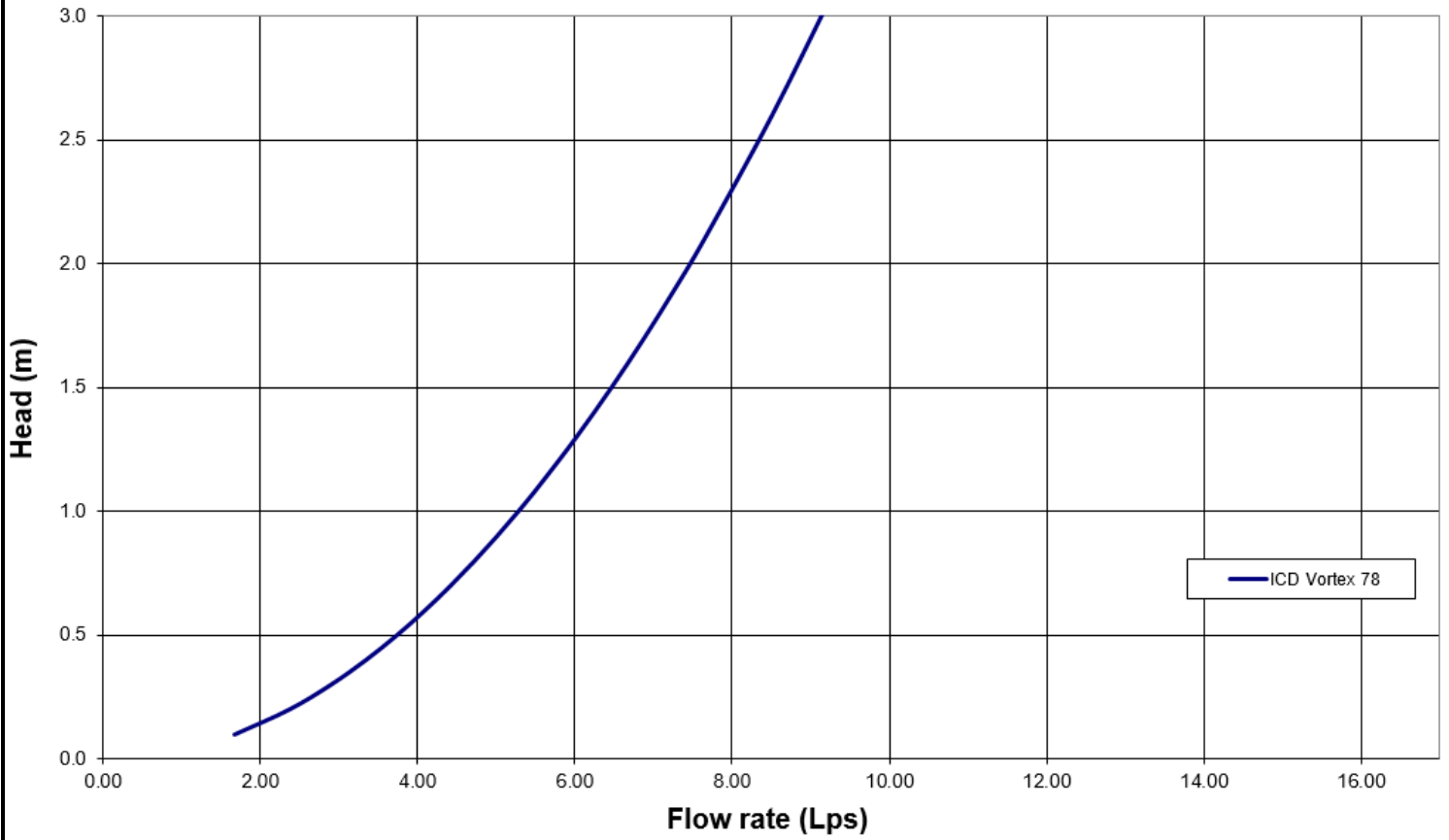
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 6.7 L/s
Head: 1.64 m
CB2



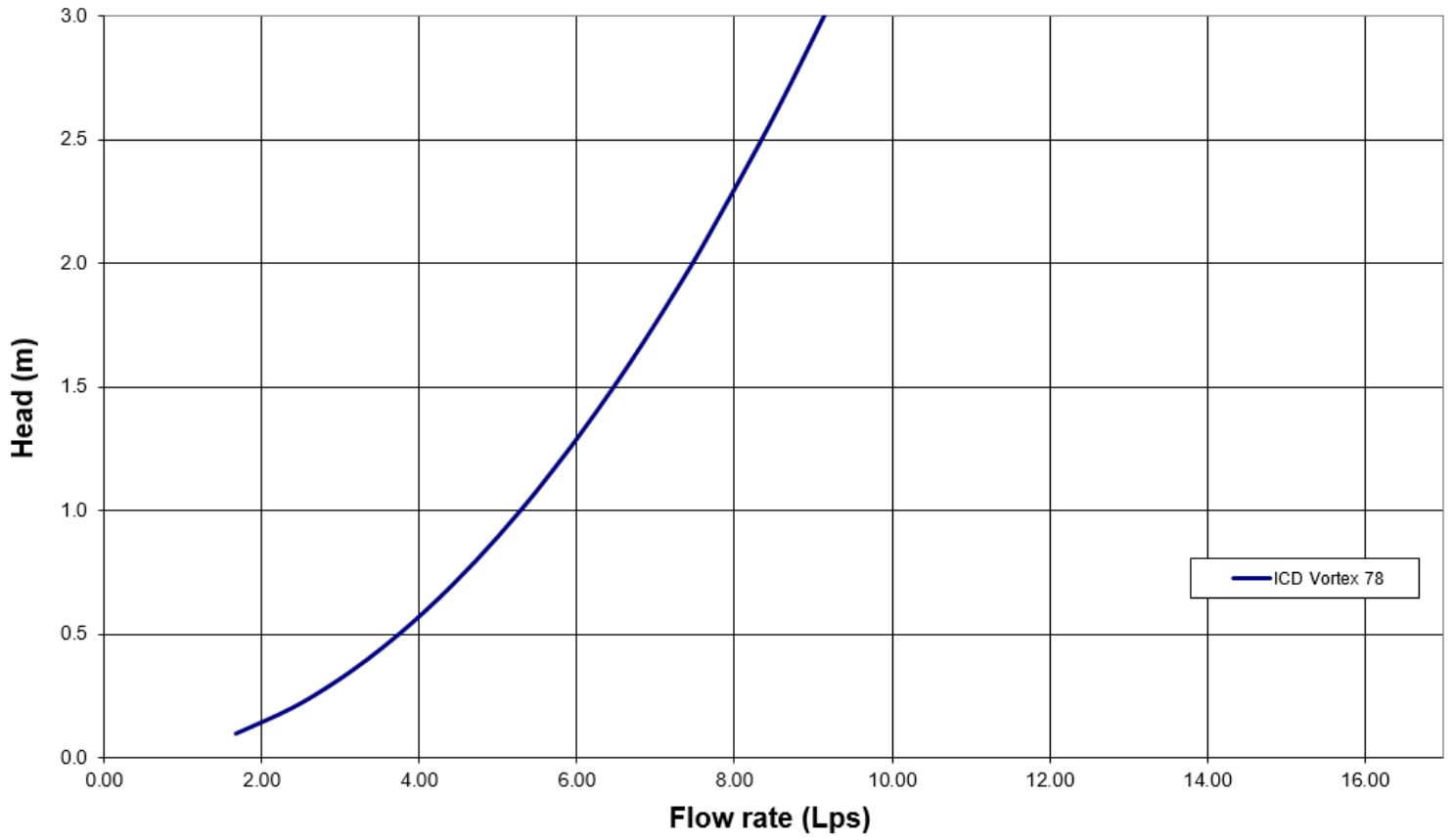
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 6.6 L/s
Head: 1.56 m
CB3



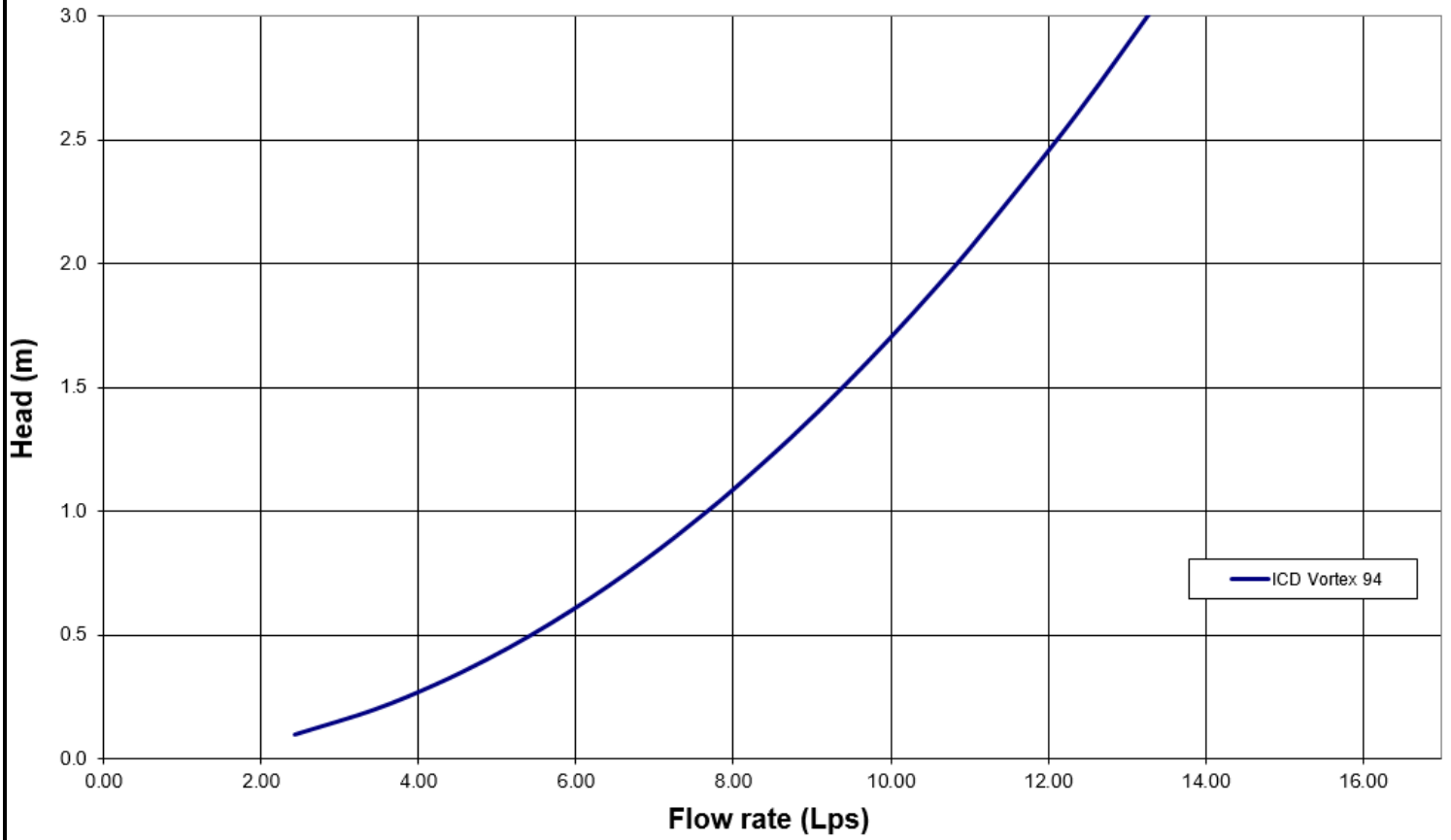
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 6.5 L/s
Head: 1.54 m
CB4



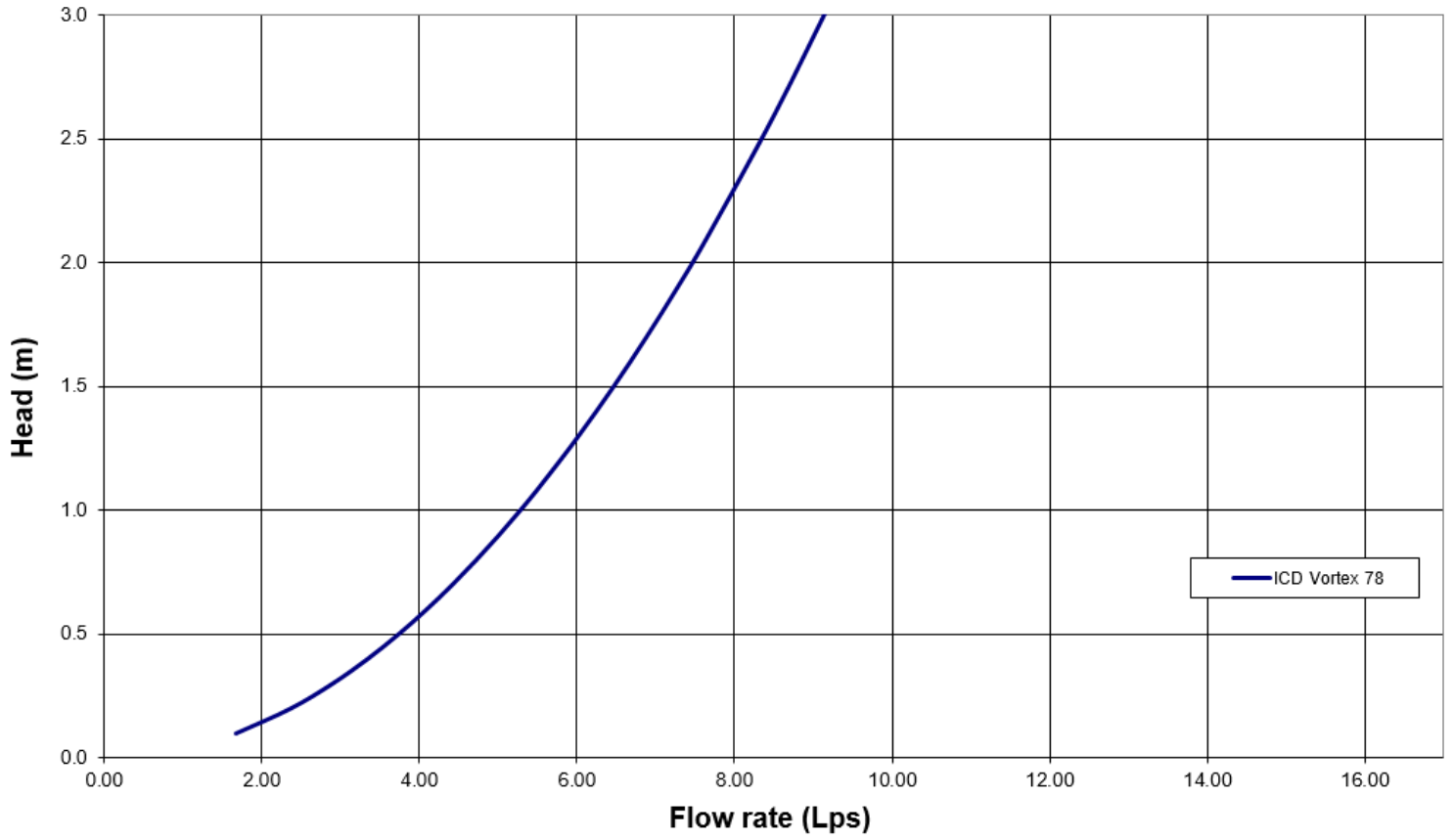
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 9.6 L/s
Head: 1.60 m
CB5



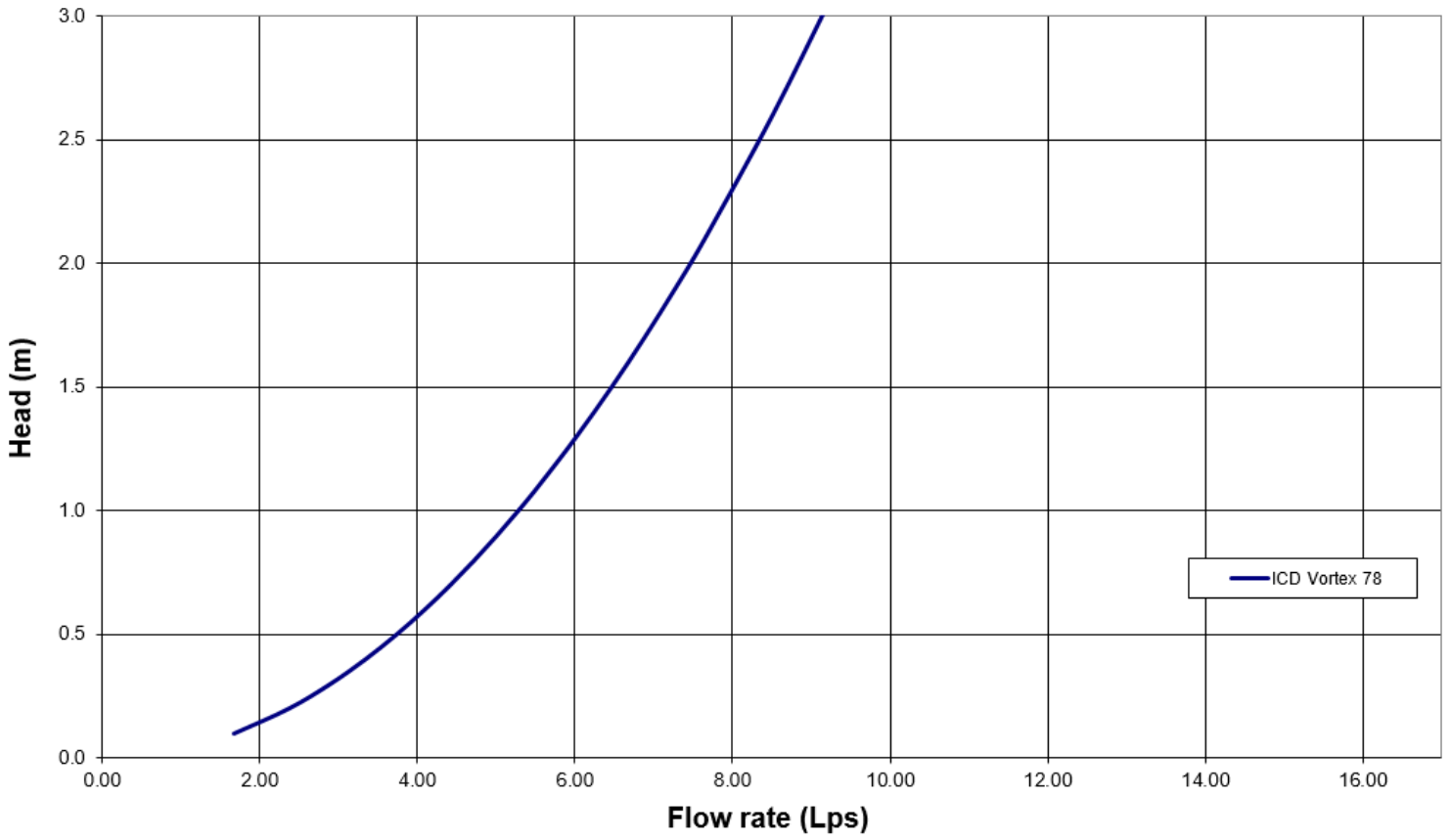
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 6.8 L/s
Head: 1.65 m
CB6



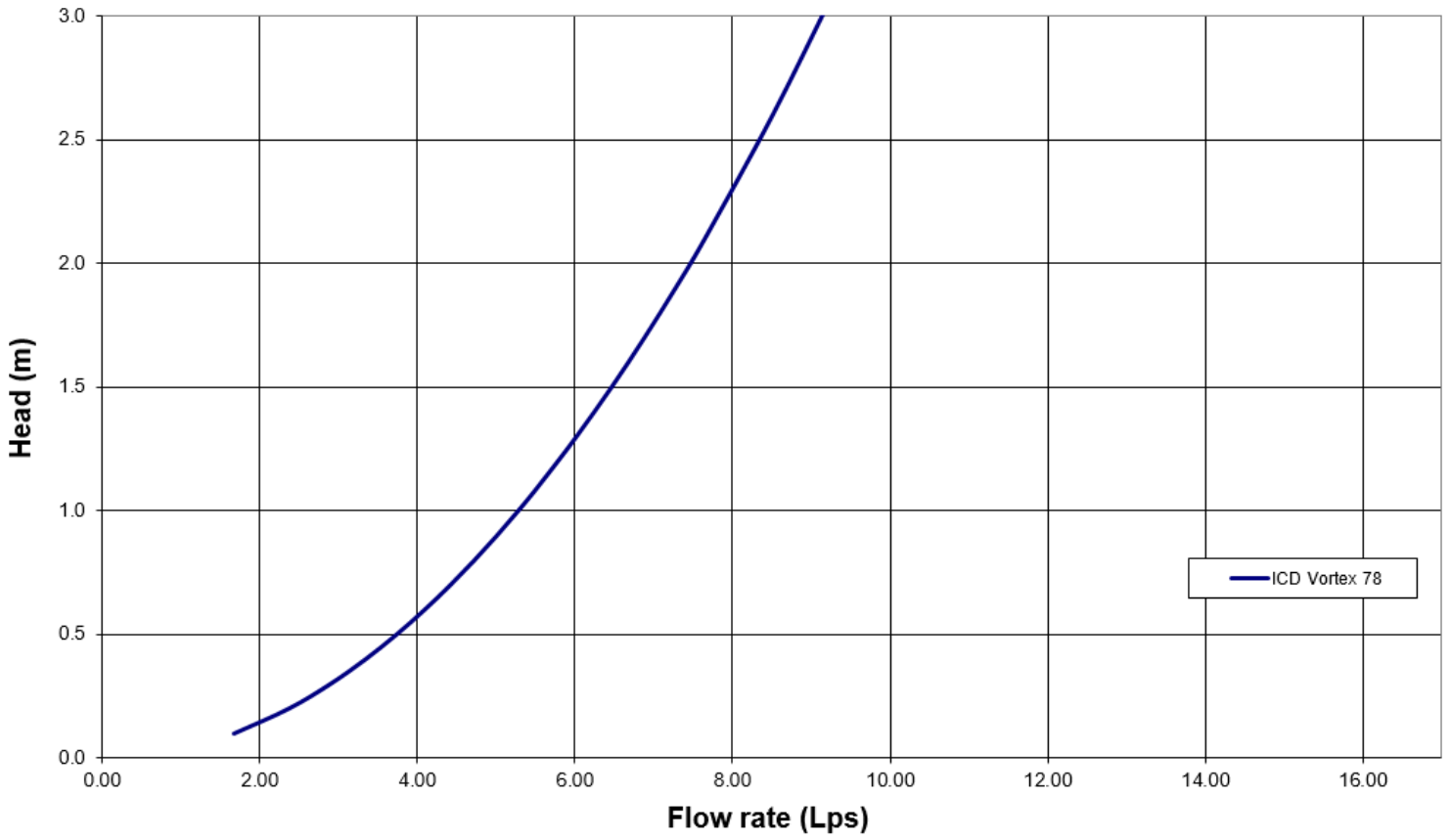
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 6.7 L/s
Head: 1.60 m
CB7



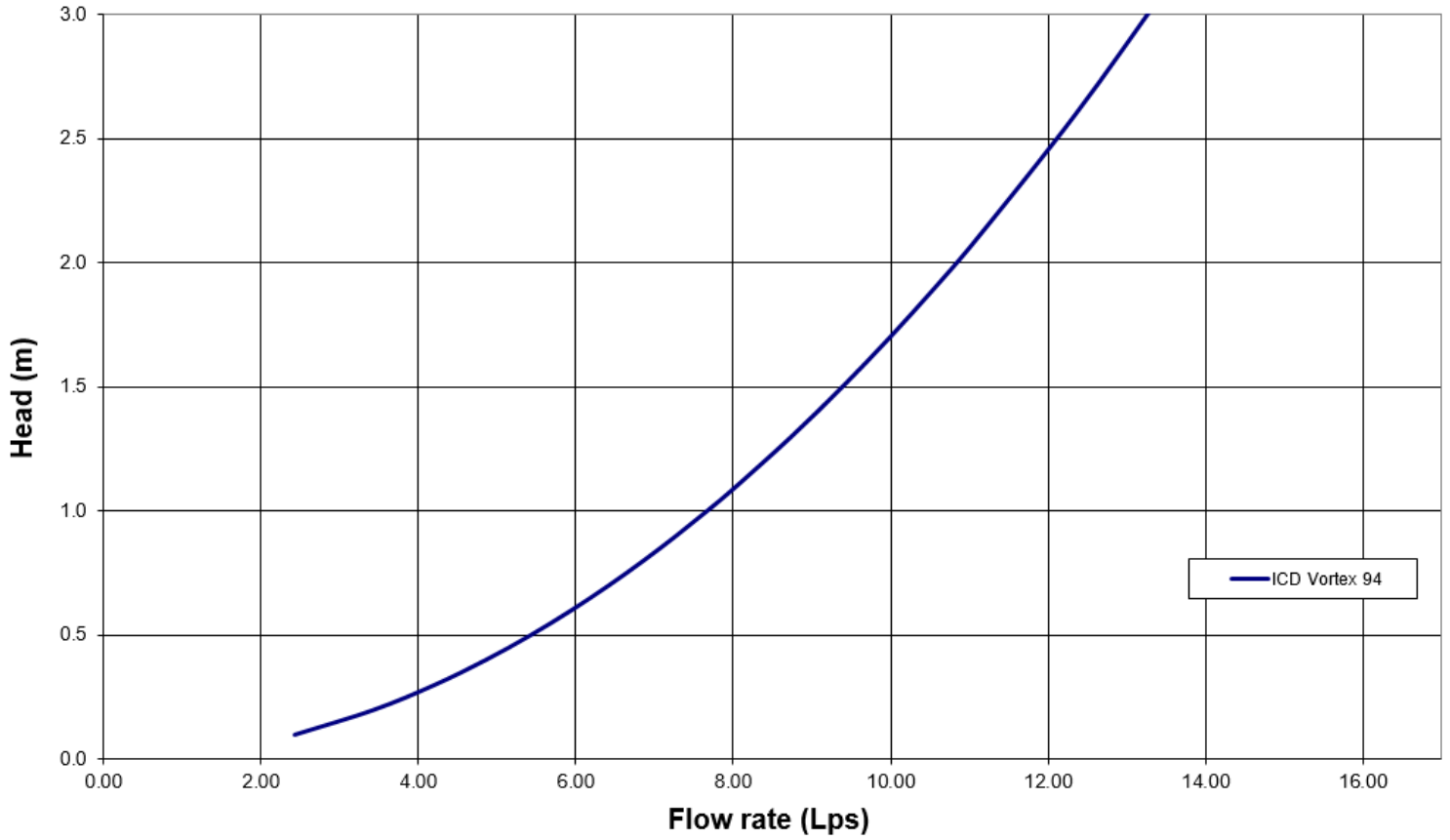
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 6.8 L/s
Head: 1.64 m
CB8



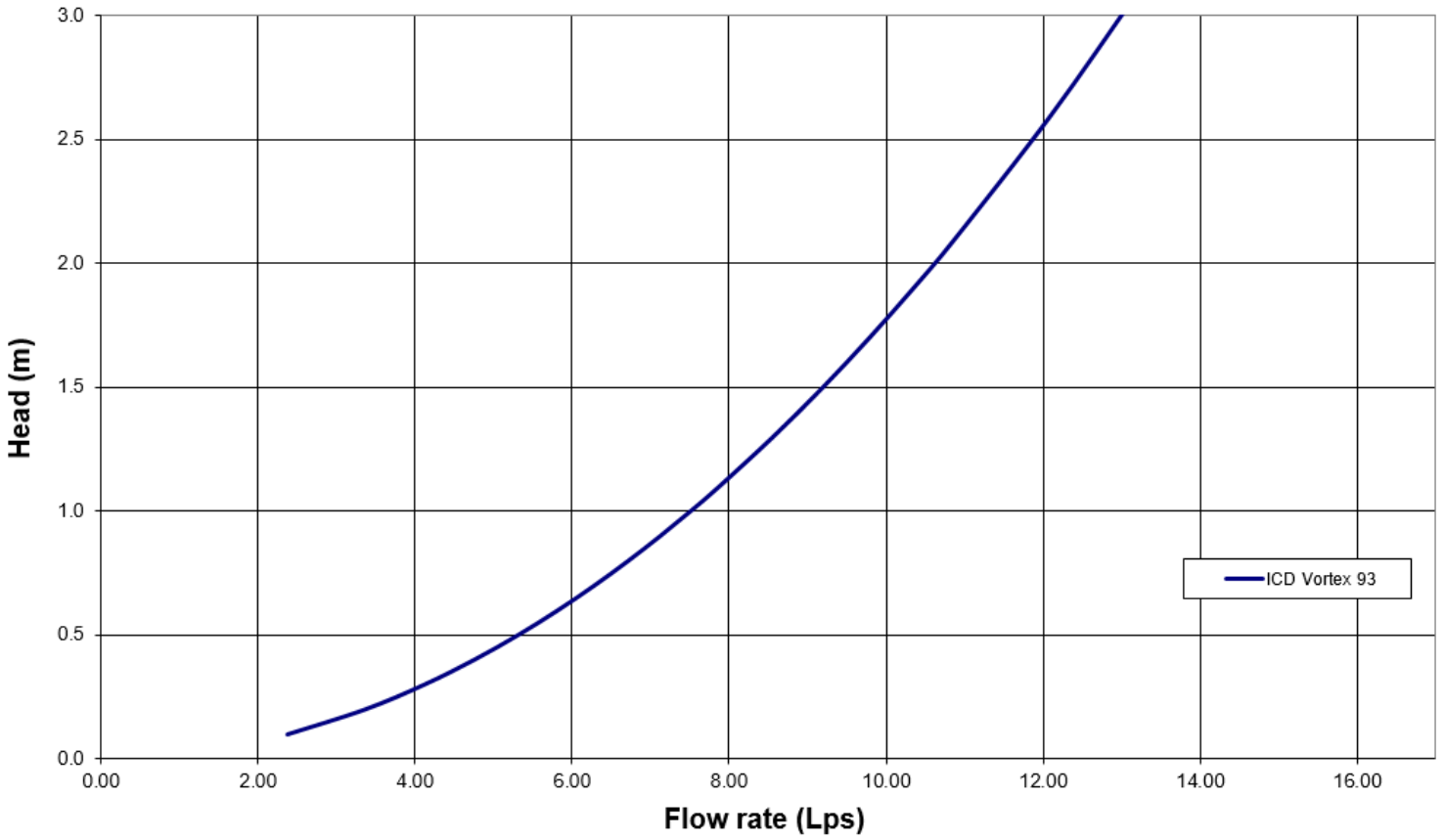
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 10.4 L/s
Head: 1.88 m
RYCB1



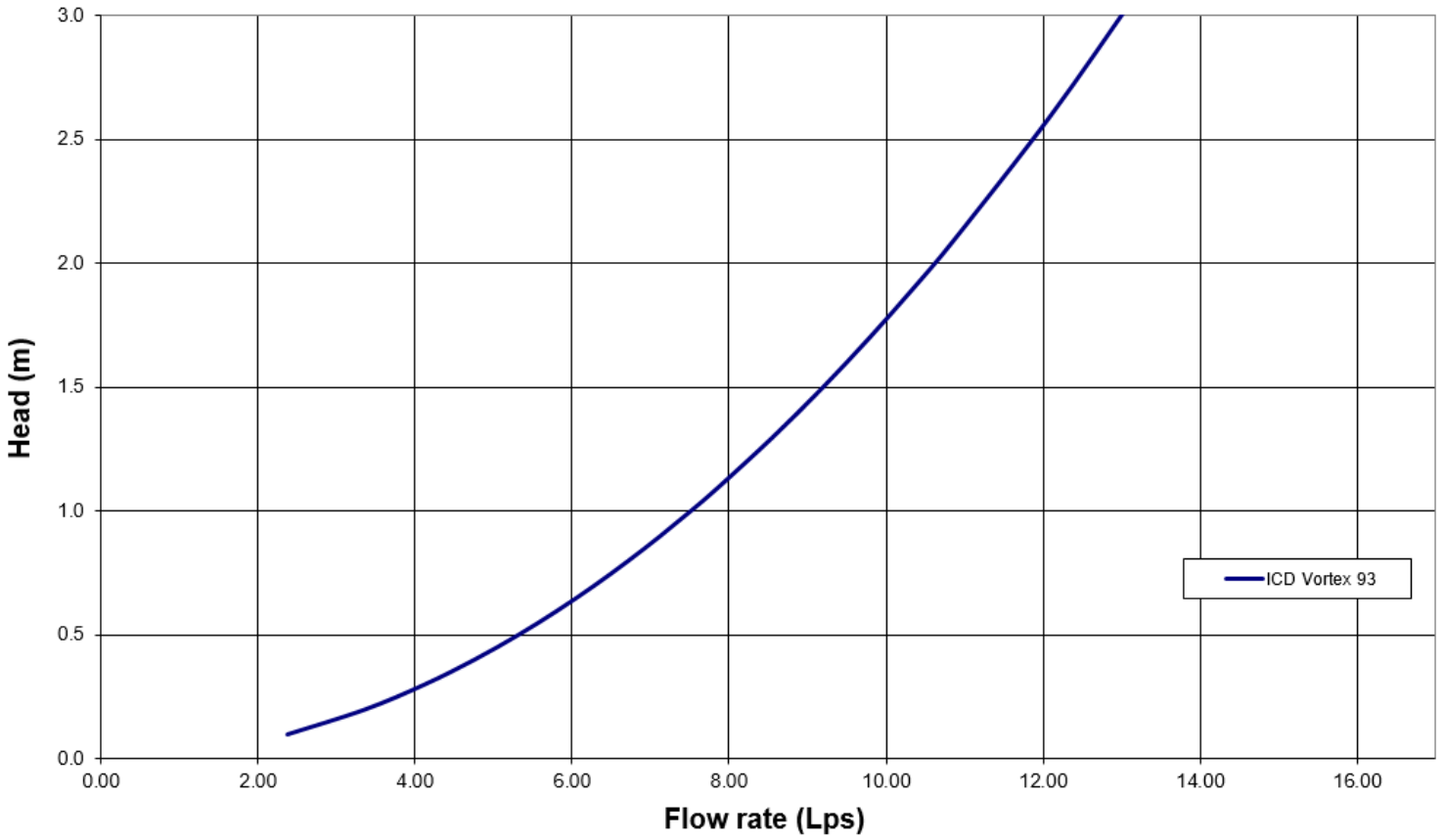
Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 9.7 L/s
Head: 1.64 m
RYCB2



Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve

Flow: 9.6 L/s
Head: 1.62 m
RYCB3



Square CB Installation Notes:

1. Materials and tooling verification:
 - Tooling: impact drill, 3/8'' concrete bit, torque wrench for 9/16'' nut, hand hammer, level, and marker.
 - Material: (4) concrete anchor 3/8x3-1/2, (4) washers, (4) nuts
2. Use the mounting wall plate to locate and mark the hole (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
3. Use an impact drill with a 3/8'' concrete bit to make the four holes at a minimum of 1-1/2'' depth up to 2-1/2''. Clean the concrete dust from the holes.
4. Install the anchors (4) in the holes by using a hammer. Put the nuts on the top of the anchors to protect the threads when you will hit the anchors with the hammer. Remove the nuts on the ends of the anchors
5. Install the wall mounting plate on the anchors and screw the nut in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lbf-ft). There should be no gap between the wall mounting plate and the catch basin wall.
6. From ground above using a reach bar, lower the device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the LMF device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered in to the wall mounting plate and has created a seal.



Round CB Installation Notes: (Refer to square install notes above for steps 1 , 3, & 4)

2. Use spigot catch basin wall plate to locate and mark the hole (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
5. Install the CB spigot wall plate on the anchors and screw the 4 nuts in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lb-ft). There should be no gap between the CB spigot wall plate and the catch basin wall.
6. Apply solvent cement on the hub of the universal mounting plate and the spigot of the spigot CB wall plate. Slide the hub over the spigot. Make sure the universal mounting plate is at the horizontal and its hub is completely inserted onto the spigot. Normally, the corners of the universal mounting plate hub adapter should touch the catch basin wall.
7. From ground above using a reach bar, lower the ICD device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the ICD device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered into the mounting plate and has created a seal.



CAUTION/WARNING/DISCLAIM:

- Verify that the inlet(s) pipe(s) is not protruding into the catch basin. If it is, cut it back so that the inlet pipe is flush with the catch basin wall.
- Any required cement in the installation must be approved for PVC.
- The solvent cement should not be used below 0°C (32°F) or in a high humidity environment. Please refer to the IPEX solvent cement guide to confirm required curing times or attend the IPEX [Online Solvent Cement Training Course](#).
- Call your IPEX representative for more information or if you have any questions about our products.

IPEX TEMPEST Inlet Control Devices Technical Specification

General

Inlet control devices (ICD's) are designed to provide flow control at a specified rate for a given water head level and also provide odour and floatable control where specified. All ICD's will be IPEX Tempest or approved equal.

All devices shall be removable from a universal mounting plate. An operator from street level using only a T-bar with a hook will be able to retrieve the device while leaving the universal mounting plate secured to the catch basin wall face. The removal of the TEMPEST devices listed above must not require any unbolting or special manipulation or any special tools.

High Flow (HF) Sump devices will consist of a removable threaded cap which can be accessible from street level with out entry into the catchbasin (CB). The removal of the threaded cap shall not require any special tools other than the operator's hand.

ICD's must have no moving parts.

Materials

ICD's are to be manufactured from Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) or Polyurethane material, designed to be durable enough to withstand multiple freeze-thaw cycles and exposure to harsh elements.

The inner ring seal will be manufactured using a Buna or Nitrile material with hardness between Duro 50 and Duro 70.

The wall seal is to be comprised of a 3/8" thick Neoprene Closed Cell Sponge gasket which is attached to the back of the wall plate.

All hardware will be made from 304 stainless steel.

Dimensioning

The Low Medium Flow (LMF), High Flow (HF) and the High Flow (HF) Sump shall allow for a minimum outlet pipe diameter of 200mm with a 600mm deep Catch Basin sump.

Installation

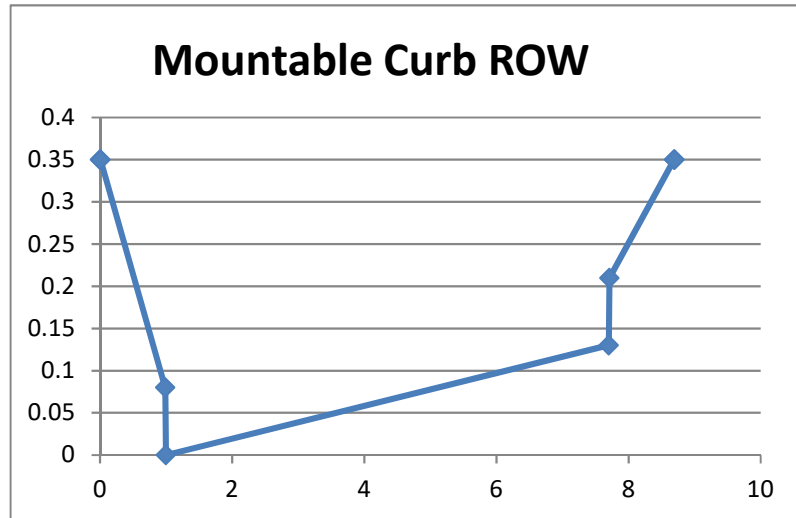
Contractor shall be responsible for securing, supporting and connecting the ICD's to the existing influent pipe and catchbasin/manhole structure as specified and designed by the Engineer.



Provence Orleans - Block 126 Roadway Cross-Sections



Mountable Curb and Gutter Distance	Elevation
0	0.35
0.01	0.35
0.99	0.08
1	0
7.7	0.13
7.71	0.21
8.69	0.35
8.7	0.35



CB1-Storage		
Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
0.00	0.36	0.00
1.40	0.36	0.50
1.69	309.80	45.48
1.70	0.00	47.03
2.40	0.00	47.03

CB2-Storage		
Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
0.00	0.36	0.00
1.40	0.36	0.50
1.70	353.80	53.63
1.71	0.00	55.40
2.40	0.00	55.40

CB3-Storage		
Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
0.00	0.36	0.00
1.40	0.36	0.50
1.70	334.00	50.66
1.71	0.00	52.33
2.40	0.00	52.33

CB4-Storage		
Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
0.00	0.36	0.00
1.40	0.36	0.50
1.70	452.00	68.36
1.71	0.00	70.62
2.40	0.00	70.62

CB5-Storage		
Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
0.00	0.36	0.00
1.40	0.36	0.50
1.65	300.00	38.05
1.66	0.00	39.55
2.40	0.00	39.55

CB6-Storage		
Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
0.00	0.36	0.00
1.40	0.36	0.50
1.65	392.50	49.61
1.66	0.00	51.57
2.40	0.00	51.57

CB7-Storage		
Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
0.00	0.36	0.00
1.40	0.36	0.50
1.70	341.30	51.75
1.71	0.00	53.46
2.40	0.00	53.46

CB8-Storage		
Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
0.00	0.36	0.00
1.40	0.36	0.50
1.68	492.30	69.48
1.69	0.00	71.94
2.40	0.00	71.94

LCB1-Storage		
Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
0.00	0.36	0.00
1.25	0.36	0.45
1.55	188.00	28.70
1.56	0.00	29.64
2.25	0.00	29.64

Provence Orleans - Block 126 (120057)
 PCSWMM Model Results (Ponding)



CB / CBMH ID	Invert Elev. (m)	Rim Elev. (m)	Spill Elev. (m)	Ponding Depth (m)	HGL Elev. (m) ¹				Ponding Depth (m)				Spill Depth (m)			
					2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	100-yr (+20%)	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	100-yr (+20%)	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	100-yr (+20%)
CB1	87.60	89.00	89.29	0.29	89.01	89.06	89.15	89.22	0.01	0.06	0.15	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CB2	87.68	89.08	89.38	0.30	89.18	89.23	89.32	89.36	0.10	0.15	0.24	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CB3	87.75	89.15	89.45	0.30	89.18	89.22	89.31	89.34	0.03	0.07	0.16	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CB4	87.78	89.18	89.48	0.30	89.22	89.25	89.32	89.35	0.04	0.07	0.14	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CB5	87.78	89.18	89.43	0.25	89.25	89.29	89.38	89.42	0.07	0.11	0.20	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CB6	87.73	89.13	89.38	0.25	89.25	89.29	89.38	89.45	0.12	0.16	0.25	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07
CB7	87.72	89.12	89.42	0.30	89.20	89.24	89.32	89.35	0.08	0.12	0.20	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CB8	87.65	89.05	89.33	0.28	89.16	89.20	89.29	89.33	0.11	0.15	0.24	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LCB1	87.90	89.15	89.45	0.30	89.18	89.22	89.31	89.34	0.03	0.07	0.16	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RYCB1	86.84	88.24	88.78	0.54	86.91	87.22	88.72	88.81	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
RYCB2	87.04	88.44	88.88	0.44	87.65	88.31	88.68	88.79	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RYCB3	87.15	88.55	88.73	0.18	87.27	87.50	88.77	88.82	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.09

¹ 4-hour Chicago Storm.

Provence Orleans - Block 126 (120057)
Summary of Hydraulic Grade Line (HGL) Elevations



MH ID	Obvert Elevation (m)	T/G Elevation (m)	HGL Elevation ¹ (m)	Surcharge (m)	Clearance from T/G (m)	HGL in Stress Test ¹ (m)
MH2	86.27	89.27	85.98	0.00	3.29	85.98
MH4	86.39	89.37	86.17	0.00	3.20	86.17
MH6	86.57	89.26	86.36	0.00	2.90	86.36
MH8	87.07	89.46	86.94	0.00	2.52	86.94
MH10	86.68	89.37	86.54	0.00	2.83	86.55
MH12	86.53	89.32	86.35	0.00	2.97	86.36
MH14	86.71	89.30	86.51	0.00	2.79	86.51
MH16	86.89	89.19	86.70	0.00	2.49	86.70
MH18	86.73	88.74	86.54	0.00	2.20	86.54

¹ 4-hour Chicago Storm; Normal outfall (100yr HGL in MH116 = 85.73).

Overall Model Schematic



Subcatchment ID's (with flow paths)



Provence Orleans – Block 126 (120057)
PCSWMM Model Schematic

Node ID's



**Provence Orleans – Block 126
PCSWMM Model Output
100yr 4-hour Chicago Storm**

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.013)

WARNING 03: negative offset ignored for Link C18
WARNING 03: negative offset ignored for Link C19
WARNING 03: negative offset ignored for Link C3

Element Count

Number of rain gages 1
Number of subcatchments ... 13
Number of nodes 36
Number of links 44
Number of pollutants 0
Number of land uses 0

Raiingage Summary

Name	Data Source	Data Type	Recording Interval
RG1	C4hr-100yr	INTENSITY	10 min.

Subcatchment Summary

Name	Area	Width	%Imperv	%Slope	Rain Gage	Outlet
A1	0.08	53.33	62.90	0.5000	RG1	CB1
A10	0.21	60.00	2.90	0.5000	RG1	RYCB1
A11	0.12	34.29	8.60	0.5000	RG1	RYCB3
A12	0.12	34.29	24.30	0.5000	RG1	RYCB2
A2	0.12	60.00	72.90	0.5000	RG1	CB2
A3	0.07	35.00	81.40	0.5000	RG1	CB3
A4	0.04	40.00	0.00	0.5000	RG1	LCB1
A5	0.07	23.33	72.90	0.5000	RG1	CB4
A6	0.11	55.00	75.70	0.5000	RG1	CB5
A7	0.15	75.00	81.40	0.5000	RG1	CB6
A8	0.09	45.00	75.70	0.5000	RG1	CB7
A9	0.16	80.00	75.70	0.5000	RG1	CB8
B1	0.01	50.00	0.00	33.3300	RG1	OF2

Node Summary

Name	Type	Invert Elev.	Max. Depth	Ponded Area	External Inflow
HP-CB13	JUNCTION	89.38	1.00	0.0	
HP-CB2	JUNCTION	89.38	1.00	0.0	
HP-CB20	JUNCTION	89.33	1.00	0.0	
HP-CB3	JUNCTION	89.45	1.00	0.0	
HP-CB6	JUNCTION	89.48	1.00	0.0	
HP-CB8	JUNCTION	89.43	1.00	0.0	
HP-CB9	JUNCTION	89.42	1.00	0.0	
HP-LCB01	JUNCTION	89.23	1.00	0.0	
HP-RYCB2	JUNCTION	88.59	1.00	0.0	
HP-RYCB3	JUNCTION	88.88	1.00	0.0	
HP-RYCB4	JUNCTION	88.73	1.00	0.0	
HP-CB1	OUTFALL	89.29	1.00	0.0	
MH116	OUTFALL	85.69	0.53	0.0	
OF1	OUTFALL	88.78	1.00	0.0	
OF2	OUTFALL	89.00	0.00	0.0	
CB1	STORAGE	87.60	2.40	0.0	
CB2	STORAGE	87.68	2.40	0.0	
CB3	STORAGE	87.75	2.40	0.0	
CB4	STORAGE	87.78	2.40	0.0	
CB5	STORAGE	87.78	2.40	0.0	
CB6	STORAGE	87.73	2.40	0.0	
CB7	STORAGE	87.72	2.40	0.0	
CB8	STORAGE	87.65	2.40	0.0	
LCB1	STORAGE	87.90	2.25	0.0	
MH10	STORAGE	86.38	2.99	0.0	
MH12	STORAGE	86.15	3.17	0.0	
MH14	STORAGE	86.41	2.89	0.0	

MH16	STORAGE	86.64	2.55	0.0
MH18	STORAGE	86.48	2.26	0.0
MH2	STORAGE	85.74	3.53	0.0
MH4	STORAGE	85.94	3.43	0.0
MH6	STORAGE	86.27	2.99	0.0
MH8	STORAGE	86.82	2.64	0.0
RYCB1	STORAGE	86.84	2.40	0.0
RYCB2	STORAGE	87.04	2.40	0.0
RYCB3	STORAGE	87.15	2.40	0.0

Link Summary

Name	From Node	To Node	Type	Length	%Slope	Roughness
C1	CB3	HP-CB3	CONDUIT	3.0	-10.0504	0.2500
C10	CB5	HP-CB8	CONDUIT	3.0	-8.6994	0.2500
C11	CB6	HP-CB13	CONDUIT	3.0	-8.3624	0.2500
C12	HP-CB13	CB1	CONDUIT	3.0	12.7695	0.2500
C13	CB7	HP-CB9	CONDUIT	3.0	-10.0504	0.2500
C14	HP-CB9	CB8	CONDUIT	3.0	12.4282	0.2500
C15	HP-CB8	CB6	CONDUIT	3.0	10.0504	0.2500
C16	RYCB2	HP-RYCB3	CONDUIT	28.6	-1.5386	0.0350
C17	HP-RYCB3	RYCB3	CONDUIT	23.5	1.4044	0.0350
C18	RYCB3	HP-RYCB4	CONDUIT	17.1	-1.0527	0.0350
C19	HP-RYCB4	RYCB1	CONDUIT	43.3	1.1317	0.0350
C2	HP-CB3	CB2	CONDUIT	3.0	10.3889	0.2500
C20	RYCB1	OF1	CONDUIT	9.0	-6.0108	0.0350
C21	HP-RYCB2	RYCB2	CONDUIT	30.0	0.5000	0.0350
C21_1	LCB1	HP-LCB01	CONDUIT	3.0	-2.6676	0.0350
C21_2	HP-LCB01	CB3	CONDUIT	3.0	2.6676	0.0350
C3	CB2	HP-CB2	CONDUIT	3.0	-8.0257	0.2500
C4	HP-CB2	CB1	CONDUIT	3.0	12.7695	0.2500
C5	CB1	HP-CB1	CONDUIT	3.0	-9.7122	0.2500
C6	CB8	HP-CB20	CONDUIT	3.0	-9.3743	0.2500
C7	HP-CB20	CB1	CONDUIT	3.0	11.0672	0.2500
C8	CB4	HP-CB6	CONDUIT	3.0	-10.0504	0.2500
C9	HP-CB6	CB5	CONDUIT	3.0	10.3889	0.2500
LCB1-CB3	LCB1	CB3	CONDUIT	8.1	0.9877	0.0130
MH10-MH12	MH10	MH12	CONDUIT	37.6	0.3989	0.0130
MH12-MH4	MH12	MH4	CONDUIT	39.7	0.3276	0.0130
MH14-MH12	MH14	MH12	CONDUIT	36.4	0.4943	0.0130
MH16-MH6	MH16	MH6	CONDUIT	32.1	0.9969	0.0130
MH18-MH2	MH18	MH2	CONDUIT	45.7	1.0066	0.0130
MH2-MH116	MH2	MH116	CONDUIT	20.3	0.2507	0.0130
MH4-MH2	MH4	MH2	CONDUIT	41.0	0.2929	0.0130
MH6-MH4	MH6	MH4	CONDUIT	35.1	0.5127	0.0130
MH8-MH10	MH8	MH10	CONDUIT	39.0	1.0001	0.0130
CB1-ICD	CB1	MH4	ORIFICE			
CB2-ICD	CB2	MH6	ORIFICE			
CB3-ICD	CB3	MH16	ORIFICE			
CB4-ICD	CB4	MH8	ORIFICE			
CB5-ICD	CB5	MH8	ORIFICE			
CB6-ICD	CB6	MH12	ORIFICE			
CB7-ICD	CB7	MH14	ORIFICE			
CB8-ICD	CB8	MH18	ORIFICE			
RYCB1-ICD	RYCB1	MH14	ORIFICE			
RYCB2-ICD	RYCB2	MH8	ORIFICE			
RYCB3-ICD	RYCB3	MH10	ORIFICE			

Cross Section Summary

Conduit	Shape	Full Depth	Full Area	Hyd. Rad.	Max. Width	No. of Barrels	Full Flow
C1	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	16404.35
C10	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	15262.04
C11	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	14963.52
C12	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	18490.78
C13	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	16404.35
C14	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	18242.00
C15	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	16404.35
C16	TRAPEZOIDAL	1.00	3.15	0.49	6.15	1	6906.18
C17	TRAPEZOIDAL	1.00	3.15	0.49	6.15	1	6598.02
C18	TRAPEZOIDAL	1.00	3.15	0.49	6.15	1	5712.41
C19	TRAPEZOIDAL	1.00	3.15	0.49	6.15	1	5922.94
C2	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	16678.37
C20	TRAPEZOIDAL	1.00	4.00	0.55	7.00	1	18721.38
C21	TRAPEZOIDAL	1.00	4.00	0.55	7.00	1	5399.56

**Provence Orleans – Block 126
PCSWMM Model Output
100yr 4-hour Chicago Storm**



C21_1	RECT_OPEN	1.00	3.00	0.60	3.00	1	9959.60
C21_2	RECT_OPEN	1.00	3.00	0.60	3.00	1	9959.60
C3	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	14659.19
C4	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	18490.78
C5	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	16125.96
C6	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	15842.96
C7	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	17214.17
C8	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	16404.35
C9	Road_Transect	1.00	7.76	2.15	8.70	1	16678.37
LCB1-CB3	CIRCULAR	0.25	0.05	0.06	0.25	1	59.10
MH10-MH12	CIRCULAR	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.30	1	61.08
MH12-MH4	CIRCULAR	0.38	0.11	0.09	0.38	1	100.36
MH14-MH12	CIRCULAR	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.30	1	67.99
MH16-MH6	CIRCULAR	0.25	0.05	0.06	0.25	1	59.38
MH18-MH2	CIRCULAR	0.25	0.05	0.06	0.25	1	59.67
MH2-MH116	CIRCULAR	0.53	0.22	0.13	0.53	1	215.32
MH4-MH2	CIRCULAR	0.45	0.16	0.11	0.45	1	154.31
MH6-MH4	CIRCULAR	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.30	1	69.24
MH8-MH10	CIRCULAR	0.25	0.05	0.06	0.25	1	59.47

Transect Summary

Transect Road_Transect

Area:	0.0013	0.0053	0.0120	0.0213	0.0334
	0.0483	0.0657	0.0836	0.1018	0.1201
	0.1387	0.1578	0.1774	0.1976	0.2183
	0.2395	0.2613	0.2836	0.3060	0.3284
	0.3507	0.3731	0.3955	0.4178	0.4402
	0.4626	0.4850	0.5073	0.5297	0.5521
	0.5745	0.5968	0.6192	0.6416	0.6640
	0.6864	0.7088	0.7312	0.7536	0.7760
	0.7984	0.8208	0.8432	0.8656	0.8880
	0.9104	0.9328	0.9552	0.9776	1.0000
Hrad:	0.0046	0.0091	0.0137	0.0182	0.0226
	0.0270	0.0337	0.0423	0.0508	0.0591
	0.0675	0.0765	0.0868	0.0988	0.1127
	0.1286	0.1466	0.1691	0.1953	0.2226
	0.2506	0.2792	0.3079	0.3369	0.3658
	0.3946	0.4234	0.4519	0.4801	0.5082
	0.5359	0.5633	0.5904	0.6171	0.6435
	0.6696	0.6953	0.7207	0.7458	0.7705
	0.7948	0.8189	0.8426	0.8660	0.8891
	0.9119	0.9343	0.9565	0.9784	1.0000
Width:	0.1188	0.2375	0.3563	0.4751	0.6019
	0.7287	0.7964	0.8051	0.8137	0.8223
	0.8389	0.8633	0.8877	0.9122	0.9366
	0.9610	0.9855	0.9977	0.9978	0.9979
	0.9979	0.9980	0.9981	0.9982	0.9982
	0.9983	0.9984	0.9984	0.9985	0.9986
	0.9987	0.9987	0.9988	0.9989	0.9989
	0.9990	0.9991	0.9992	0.9992	0.9993
	0.9994	0.9994	0.9995	0.9996	0.9996
	0.9997	0.9998	0.9999	0.9999	1.0000

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step.

Analysis Options

Flow Units	LPS
Process Models:	
Rainfall/Runoff	YES
RDII	NO
Snowmelt	NO
Groundwater	NO
Flow Routing	YES
Ponding Allowed	NO
Water Quality	NO
Infiltration Method	HORTON
Flow Routing Method	DYNWAVE

Surcharge Method EXTRAN
Starting Date 06/02/2020 00:00:00
Ending Date 06/03/2020 00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days 0.0
Report Time Step 00:01:00
Wet Time Step 00:05:00
Dry Time Step 00:05:00
Routing Time Step 2.00 sec
Variable Time Step YES
Maximum Trials 8
Number of Threads 4
Head Tolerance 0.001500 m

Runoff Quantity Continuity	Volume hectare-m	Depth mm
Total Precipitation	0.103	76.002
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Infiltration Loss	0.034	24.839
Surface Runoff	0.069	51.247
Final Storage	0.001	0.518
Continuity Error (%)	-0.793	

Flow Routing Continuity	Volume hectare-m	Volume 10^6 ltr
Dry Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000
Wet Weather Inflow	0.069	0.692
Groundwater Inflow	0.000	0.000
RDII Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Outflow	0.069	0.692
Flooding Loss	0.000	0.000
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Final Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Continuity Error (%)	0.007	

Time-Step Critical Elements

None

Highest Flow Instability Indexes

All links are stable.

Routing Time Step Summary

Minimum Time Step	: 1.50 sec
Average Time Step	: 2.00 sec
Maximum Time Step	: 2.00 sec
Percent in Steady State	: 0.00
Average Iterations per Step	: 2.00
Percent Not Converging	: 0.01

Subcatchment Runoff Summary

Total	Peak	Runoff	Total	Total	Total	Total	Imperv	Perv	Total
Runoff	Runoff	Coef	Precip	Runon	Evap	Infil	Runoff	Runoff	Runoff
Subcatchment			mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
10^6 ltr	LPS								
A1	35.04	0.762	76.00	0.00	0.00	17.84	47.04	10.91	57.95

**Provence Orleans – Block 126
PCSWMM Model Output
100yr 4-hour Chicago Storm**



RYCB3 0.000 2 0 0 0.001 67 0 01:42 12.36

Outfall Loading Summary

Outfall Node	Flow Freq Pcnt	Avg Flow LPS	Max Flow LPS	Total Volume 10^6 ltr
HP-CB1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
MH116	25.58	31.14	88.58	0.688
OF1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
OF2	3.06	1.26	4.28	0.003
System	7.16	32.40	4.28	0.692

Link Flow Summary

Link	Type	Maximum Flow LPS	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
C1	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.08
C10	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.11
C11	CHANNEL	0.14	0 01:50	0.00	0.00	0.13
C12	CHANNEL	0.00	0 02:00	0.00	0.00	0.07
C13	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.10
C14	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C15	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.13
C16	CONDUIT	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C17	CONDUIT	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.11
C18	CONDUIT	2.74	0 01:40	0.07	0.00	0.12
C19	CONDUIT	2.17	0 01:42	0.01	0.00	0.24
C2	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.09
C20	CONDUIT	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.24
C21	CONDUIT	7.56	0 01:31	0.07	0.00	0.17
C21_1	CONDUIT	3.87	0 01:35	0.01	0.00	0.12
C21_2	CONDUIT	3.51	0 01:35	0.02	0.00	0.12
C3	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.09
C4	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.07
C5	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.07
C6	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.12
C7	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.07
C8	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.07
C9	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.11
LCB1-CB3	CONDUIT	6.43	0 01:25	0.15	0.11	1.00
MH10-MH12	CONDUIT	35.42	0 01:45	0.97	0.58	0.51
MH12-MH4	CONDUIT	59.15	0 01:52	1.05	0.59	0.51
MH14-MH12	CONDUIT	17.05	0 01:59	0.81	0.25	0.38
MH16-MH6	CONDUIT	6.57	0 01:52	0.80	0.11	0.22
MH18-MH2	CONDUIT	6.75	0 02:01	0.81	0.11	0.23
MH2-MH116	CONDUIT	88.58	0 01:52	0.95	0.41	0.45
MH4-MH2	CONDUIT	81.83	0 01:52	1.10	0.53	0.47
MH6-MH4	CONDUIT	13.32	0 01:53	0.77	0.19	0.29
MH8-MH10	CONDUIT	25.81	0 01:46	1.17	0.43	0.46
CB1-ICD	ORIFICE	9.41	0 01:41			1.00
CB2-ICD	ORIFICE	6.74	0 01:53			1.00
CB3-ICD	ORIFICE	6.57	0 01:51			1.00
CB4-ICD	ORIFICE	6.53	0 01:44			1.00
CB5-ICD	ORIFICE	9.58	0 01:44			1.00
CB6-ICD	ORIFICE	6.77	0 02:00			1.00
CB7-ICD	ORIFICE	6.66	0 01:47			1.00
CB8-ICD	ORIFICE	6.75	0 02:00			1.00
RYCB1-ICD	ORIFICE	10.40	0 02:00			1.00
RYCB2-ICD	ORIFICE	9.70	0 01:47			1.00
RYCB3-ICD	ORIFICE	9.62	0 01:42			1.00

Flow Classification Summary

Adjusted /Actual	Up	Down	Sub	Sup	Up	Down	Norm	Inlet

Conduit	Length	Dry	Dry	Dry	Crit	Crit	Crit	Crit	Ltd	Ctrl
C1	1.00	0.92	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C10	1.00	0.93	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C11	1.00	0.05	0.03	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.92	0.00
C12	1.00	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.02	0.00
C13	1.00	0.92	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C14	1.00	0.84	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C15	1.00	0.84	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C16	1.00	0.96	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C17	1.00	0.97	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C18	1.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.01	0.00
C19	1.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.05	0.00
C2	1.00	0.89	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C20	1.00	0.94	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C21	1.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.01	0.00
C21_1	1.00	0.92	0.01	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
C21_2	1.00	0.92	0.01	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
C3	1.00	0.89	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C4	1.00	0.96	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C5	1.00	0.96	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C6	1.00	0.84	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C7	1.00	0.96	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C8	1.00	0.94	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C9	1.00	0.93	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LCB1-CB3	1.00	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00	0.00
MH10-MH12	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00
MH12-MH4	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00
MH14-MH12	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.05	0.00
MH16-MH6	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00
MH18-MH2	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00
MH2-MH116	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
MH4-MH2	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00
MH6-MH4	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00
MH8-MH10	1.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00

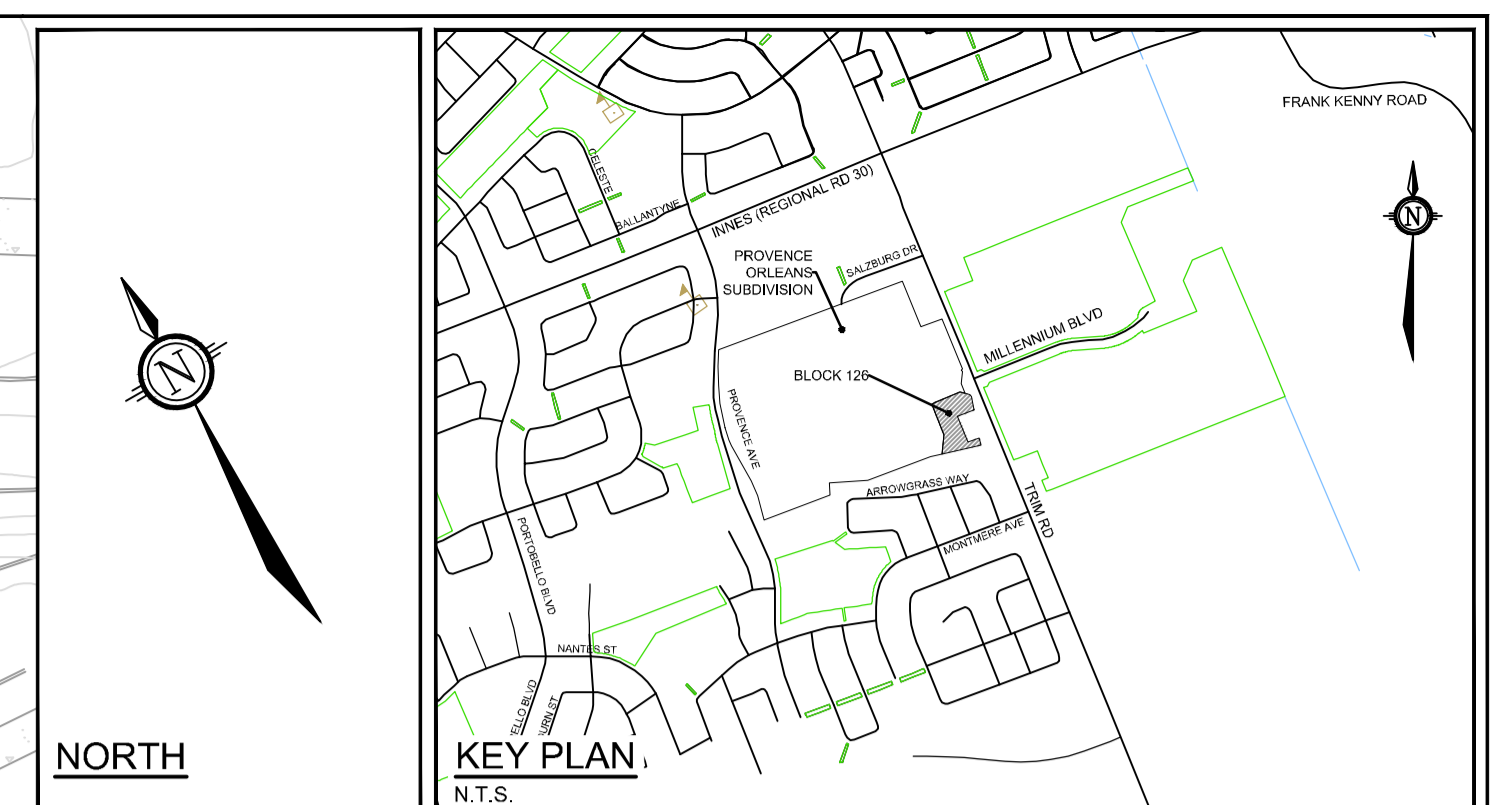
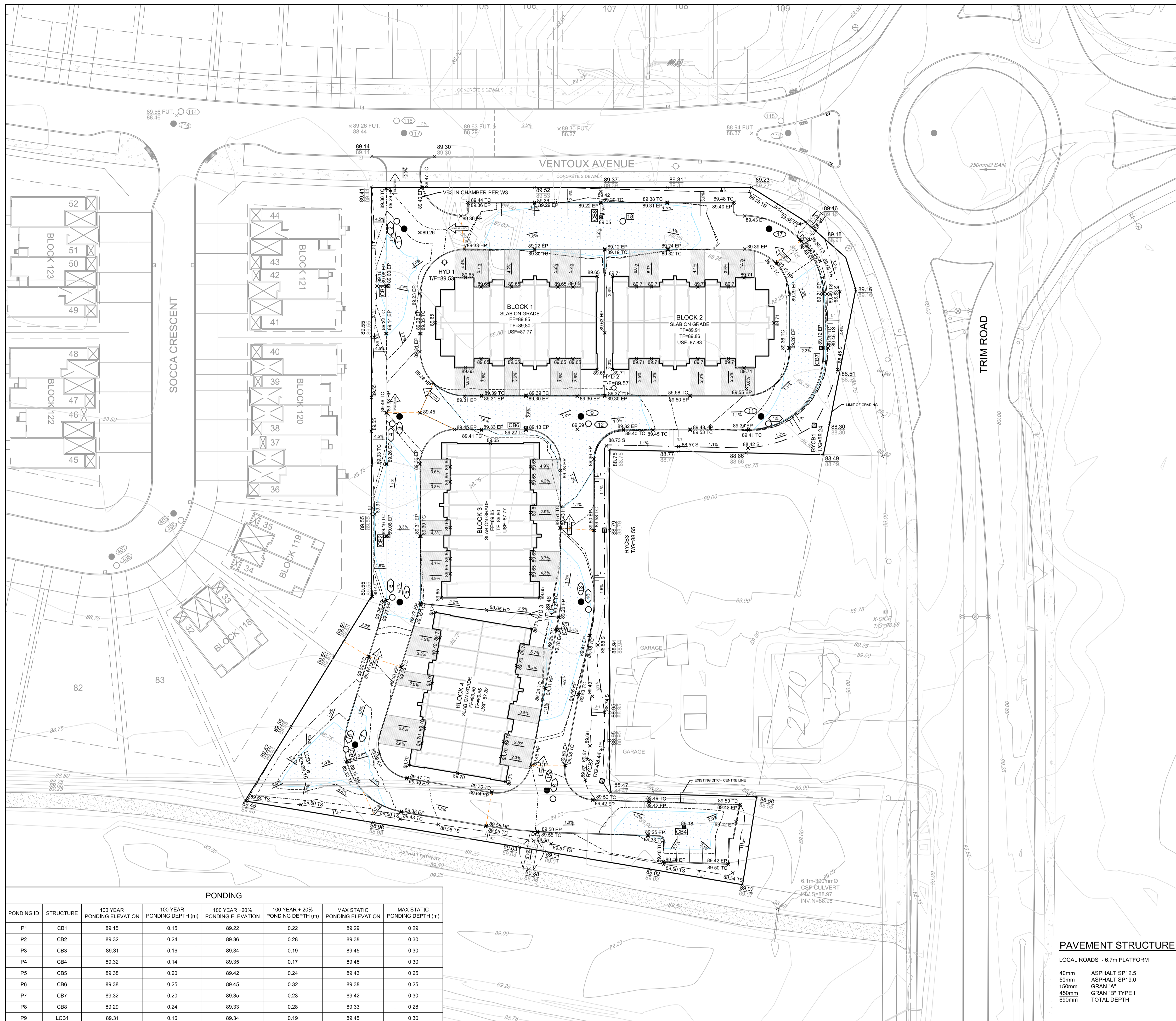
Conduit Surcharge Summary

Conduit	Both Ends	Hours Full Upstream	Hours Full Dnstream	Hours Above Full Normal Flow	Hours Capacity Limited
LCB1-CB3	2.31	2.31	2.35	0.01	0.01

Analysis begun on: Mon Jun 29 14:46:12 2020
Analysis ended on: Mon Jun 29 14:46:14 2020

APPENDIX C: Drawings

120057-GP
120057-GR
120057-STM
120057-ESC



LEGEND

2.5%	PROPOSED GRADE AND DIRECTION	100	PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE
x 105.58 HP	PROPOSED ELEVATION AT HIGH POINT	1000	PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE
x 105.63	PROPOSED ELEVATION EXISTING ELEVATION	95	PROPOSED CATCHBASIN WITH ICD
x 85.89	EXISTING ELEVATION	RYCB1	PROPOSED REAR YARD CATCHBASIN WITH ICD
58.13 BS	EXISTING ELEVATION AT BACK OF SIDEWALK	96	PROPOSED LANDSCAPE TYPE CATCHBASIN WITH TOP OF GRATE ELEVATION
35.00	EXISTING CONTOUR AND ELEVATION		SWALE AND TERRACE
VB	PROPOSED VALVE & VALVE BOX LOCATION		100 yr PONDING AREA
HYD	PROPOSED HYDRANT WITH TOP OF FLANGE ELEVATION		100 yr + 20% PONDING AREA
			MAX. STATIC PONDING AREA

- GENERAL NOTES:**
- DIMENSIONS AND LAYOUT INFORMATION SHALL BE CONFIRMED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION.
 - THE ORIGINAL TOPOGRAPHY AND GROUND ELEVATIONS, SERVICING AND SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE SUPPLIED FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY THE ACCURACY OF ALL INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM THIS PLAN.
 - CO-ORDINATE AND SCHEDULE ALL WORK WITH OTHER TRADES AND CONTRACTORS.
 - BEFORE COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION, PROVIDE PROOF OF COMPREHENSIVE ALL RISK AND OPERATIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE INCLUDING BLASTING. INSURANCE POLICY TO NAME THE OWNER, ENGINEER AND THE CITY AS CO-INSURED. AMOUNT OF INSURANCE TO BE SPECIFIED BY OWNER'S AGENT.
 - CONNECT TO EXISTING SYSTEMS AS DETAILED, INCLUDING ALL RESTORATION WORK NECESSARY TO REINSTATE SURFACES TO EXISTING CONDITIONS OR BETTER.
 - DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION, SIZE, MATERIAL AND ELEVATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. PROTECT AND ASSUME ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WHETHER OR NOT SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS.
 - OBTAIN AND PAY FOR ALL NECESSARY PERMITS AND APPROVALS BEFORE COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION.
 - RESTORE ALL TRENCHES AND SURFACE FEATURES TO EXISTING CONDITIONS OR BETTER AND TO THE SATISFACTION OF CITY OF OTTAWA AUTHORITIES.
 - ASPHALT RESTORATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA DETAIL R-10.
 - THICKNESS OF GRANULAR MATERIAL AND ASPHALT LAYERS TO MATCH EXISTING.
 - BOULEVARDS SHALL BE REINSTATED WITH 100mm OF TOPSOIL, SEED AND MULCH.
 - REMOVE FROM SITE ALL EXCESS EXCAVATED MATERIAL UNLESS OTHERWISE INSTRUCTED BY ENGINEER.
 - ALL ELEVATIONS ARE GEODETIC AND UTILIZE METRIC UNITS.
 - ALL FENCING TO BE LOCATED 0.15m INSIDE PROPERTY LINE. REFER TO LANDSCAPING PLAN FOR DETAILS.
 - REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION REPORT PG4278-1(DATED JULY 5, 2018), PREPARED BY PATERSON GROUP FOR SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS.
 - PERFORATED PIPE SUB-DRAINS TO BE PROVIDED AT SUBGRADE LEVEL EXTENDING FROM THE ROADSIDE CATCHBASIN FOR A DISTANCE OF 3.0m, PARALLEL TO THE CURB IN TWO DIRECTIONS.
 - GRADE RAISE RESTRICTIONS ON SITE AS PER GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION (DATED 10/2019) PREPARED BY PATERSON GROUP.

- GRADING AND PAVEMENT NOTES:**
- ALL TOPSOIL, ORGANIC OR DELETERIOUS MATERIAL MUST BE ENTIRELY REMOVED FROM BENEATH THE PROPOSED HARD SURFACE (ie. PAVEMENT, CURB, SIDEWALK, ETC.) AREAS AS DIRECTED BY THE SITE ENGINEER OR GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.
 - EXPOSED SUBGRADES IN PROPOSED PAVED AREAS SHOULD BE HEAVILY PROOF ROLLED WITH A LARGE (10 TON) VIBRATORY STEEL DRUM ROLLER UNDER DRY CONDITIONS AND INSPECTED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF GRANULARS.
 - ANY SOFT AREAS EVIDENT FROM THE PROOF ROLLING SHOULD BE SUB-EXCAVATED AND REPLACED WITH SUITABLE MATERIAL THAT IS FROST COMPATIBLE WITH THE EXISTING SOILS AS RECOMMENDED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.
 - THE GRANULAR BASE SHOULD BE PLACED IN MAXIMUM 300mm LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 98% OF THE STANDARD PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY VALUE. ANY ADDITIONAL GRANULAR FILL USED BELOW THE PROPOSED PAVEMENT SHOULD BE PLACED IN MAXIMUM 300mm LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95% OF THE STANDARD PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY VALUE.
 - BUILD ROADWAYS WITH 2% CROSSFALL INCLUDING SUBGRADE AND GRANULAR BASE.
 - ROADWAY SUBGRADE TO BE INSPECTED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION TO REVIEW IF A WOVEN GEOTEXTILE IS REQUIRED BELOW THE GRANULAR MATERIALS, AND TO CONFIRM THE DEPTH AND COMPACTION OF GRANULAR B.
 - PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF TOPLIFT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ADJUST ALL STRUCTURES TO FINAL GRADE PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS.
 - MINIMUM OF 2% GRADE FOR ALL GRASS AREAS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
 - MAXIMUM TERRACING GRADE TO BE 3:1 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
 - ALL GRADES BY CURBS ARE EDGE OF PAVEMENT GRADES UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
 - ALL CURBS SHALL BE MOUNTABLE CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED AND CONSTRUCTED PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD (SC1.3).
 - REFER TO LANDSCAPE PLAN FOR PLANTING AND OTHER LANDSCAPE FEATURE DETAILS.

PAVEMENT STRUCTURE:

LOCAL ROADS - 6.7m PLATFORM

40mm	ASPHALT SP12.5
50mm	ASPHALT SP19.0
150mm	GRAN "A"
450mm	GRAN "B" TYPE II
690mm	TOTAL DEPTH

PONDING

PONDING ID	STRUCTURE	100 YEAR PONDING ELEVATION	100 YEAR PONDING DEPTH (m)	100 YEAR +20% PONDING ELEVATION	100 YEAR + 20% PONDING DEPTH (m)	MAX STATIC PONDING ELEVATION	MAX STATIC PONDING DEPTH (m)
P1	CB1	89.15	0.15	89.22	0.22	89.29	0.29
P2	CB2	89.32	0.24	89.36	0.28	89.38	0.30
P3	CB3	89.31	0.16	89.34	0.19	89.45	0.30
P4	CB4	89.32	0.14	89.35	0.17	89.48	0.30
P5	CB5	89.38	0.20	89.42	0.24	89.43	0.25
P6	CB6	89.38	0.25	89.45	0.32	89.38	0.25
P7	CB7	89.32	0.20	89.35	0.23	89.42	0.30
P8	CB8	89.29	0.24	89.33	0.28	89.33	0.28
P9	LCB1	89.31	0.16	89.34	0.19	89.45	0.30

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1:400

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LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
L. R. WILSON
100160065
2020.06.29
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

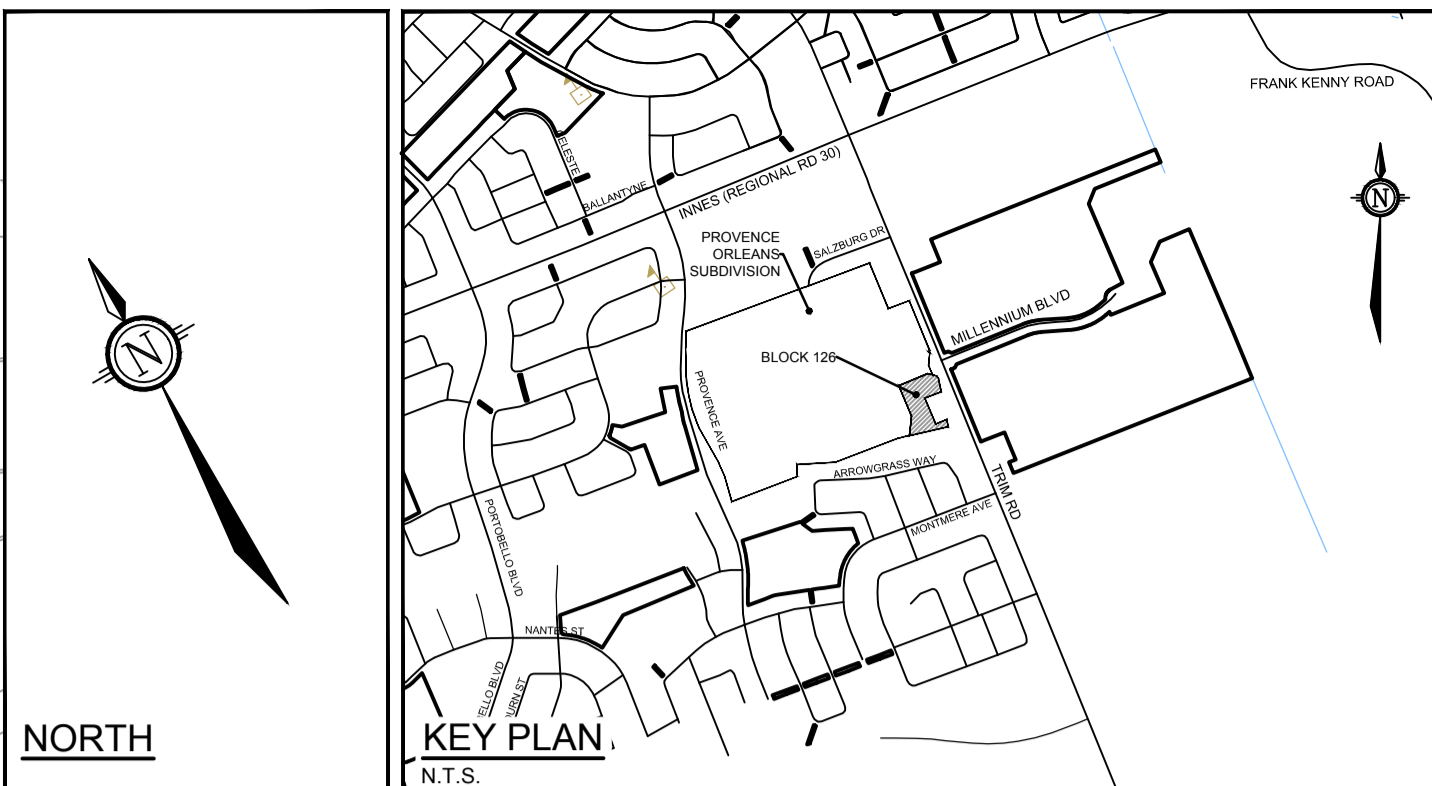
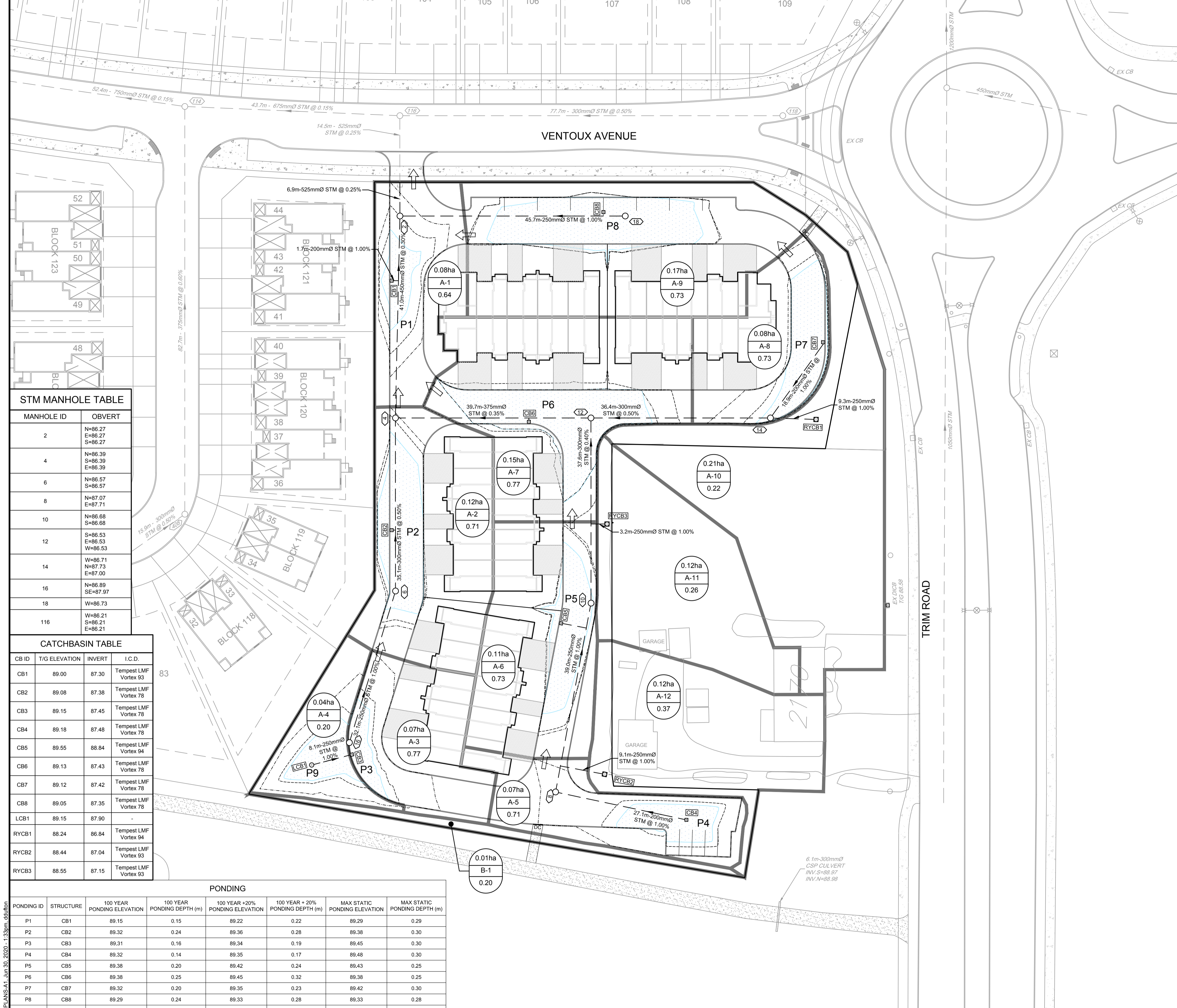
LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
M.A. BISSETT
2020.06.29
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CITY OF OTTAWA
PROVENCE ORLEANS - 2128 TRIM ROAD (BLOCK 126)

GRADING PLAN

PROJECT No. 120057
REV # 1
DRAWING No. 120057-GR



LEGEND

- 0.24 ha DRAINAGE AREA (hectares)
- 1 AREA ID
- 0.65 RUN-OFF COEFFICIENT
- DRAINAGE BOUNDARY AREA
- PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE & SEWER WITH DIRECTION OF FLOW
- EXISTING STORM MANHOLE & SEWER WITH DIRECTION OF FLOW
- PROPOSED CATCHBASIN MANHOLE
- EXISTING CATCHBASIN MANHOLE
- PROPOSED ROAD CATCHBASIN
- EXISTING ROAD CATCHBASIN
- PROPOSED REAR YARD CATCHBASIN
- EXISTING REAR YARD CATCHBASIN
- MAJOR SYSTEM FLOW ROUTE
- 100 yr PONDING AREA
- 100 yr + 20% PONDING AREA
- MAX. STATIC PONDING AREA

STM MANHOLE TABLE

MANHOLE ID	OBVERT
2	N=86.27 E=86.27 S=86.27
4	N=86.39 S=86.39 E=86.39
6	N=86.57 S=86.57
8	N=87.07 E=87.71
10	N=86.68 S=86.68
12	S=86.53 E=86.53 W=86.53
14	W=86.71 N=87.73 E=87.00
16	N=86.89 SE=87.97
18	W=86.73
116	W=86.21 S=86.21 E=86.21

CATCHBASIN TABLE

CB ID	T/G ELEVATION	INVERT	I.C.D.
CB1	89.00	87.30	Tempest LMF Vortex 93
CB2	89.08	87.38	Tempest LMF Vortex 78
CB3	89.15	87.45	Tempest LMF Vortex 78
CB4	89.18	87.48	Tempest LMF Vortex 78
CB5	89.55	88.84	Tempest LMF Vortex 94
CB6	89.13	87.43	Tempest LMF Vortex 78
CB7	89.12	87.42	Tempest LMF Vortex 78
CB8	89.05	87.35	Tempest LMF Vortex 78
LCB1	89.15	87.90	-
RYCB1	88.24	86.84	Tempest LMF Vortex 94
RYCB2	88.44	87.04	Tempest LMF Vortex 93
RYCB3	88.55	87.15	Tempest LMF Vortex 93

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CITY OF OTTAWA
PROVENCE ORLEANS - 2128 TRIM ROAD (BLOCK 126)

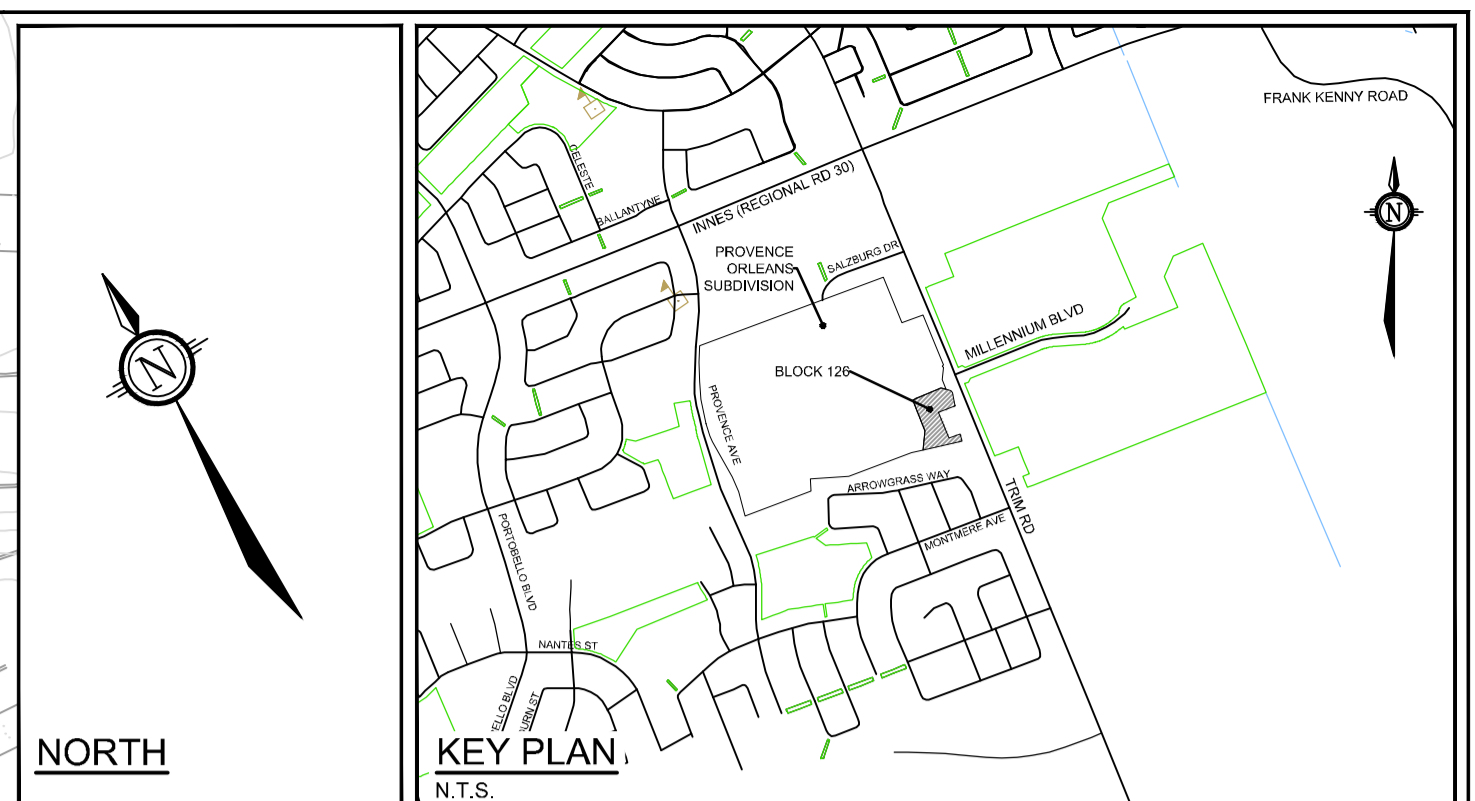
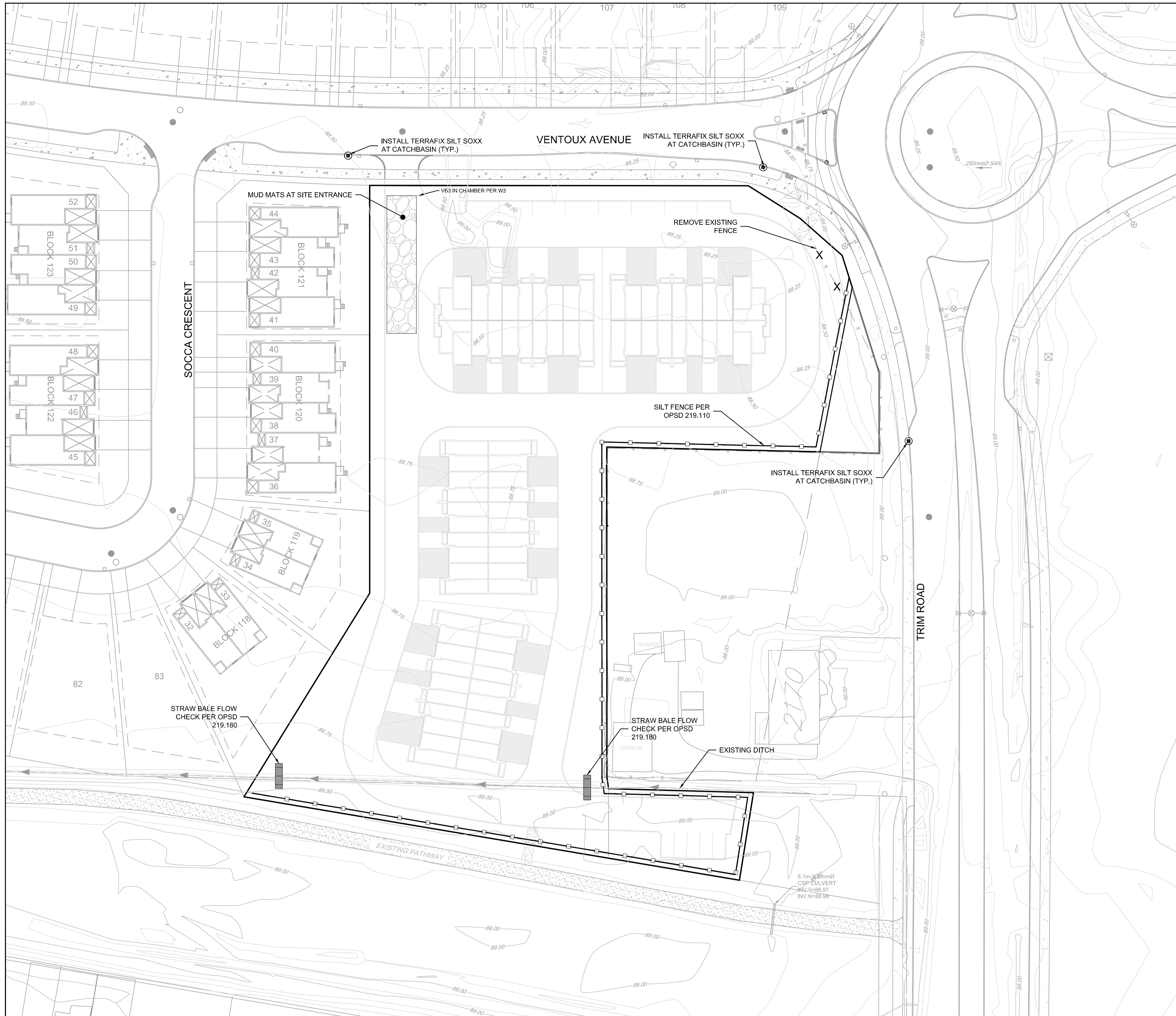
PROJECT No. 120057

REV # 1

BRAWING No. 120057-STM

STORM DRAINAGE AREA PLAN

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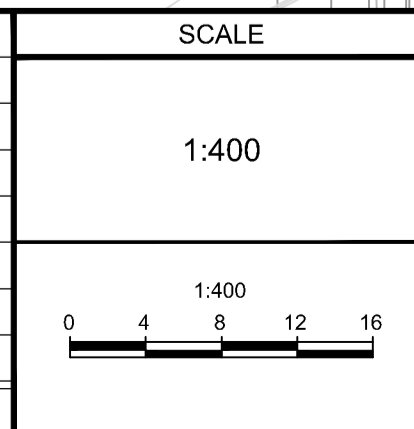
LEGEND

	MUD MATS (50mm - 100mm GRANULAR B, TYPE II)		EXISTING GROUND CONTOUR AND LABEL
	REMOVALS		SILT FENCE PER OPSD 219.110
	TERRAFIX SILT SOXX INSTALLED AT CATCH BASIN		STRAW BALE FLOW CHECK PER OPSD 219.180

- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES :**
1. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS ARE TO BE INSTALLED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER, THE MUNICIPALITY AND THE CONSERVATION AUTHORITY. THEY ARE TO BE APPROPRIATE TO THE SITE CONDITIONS, PRIOR TO UNDERTAKING ANY SITE ALTERATIONS (FILLING, GRADING, REMOVAL OF VEGETATION, ETC.) AND DURING ALL PHASES OF SITE PREPARATION AND CONSTRUCTION. THESE PRACTICES ARE TO BE IMPLEMENTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND SHOULD INCLUDE AS A MINIMUM THOSE MEASURES INDICATED ON THE PLAN.
 2. TO PREVENT SURFACE EROSION FROM ENTERING THE STORM SYSTEM DURING CONSTRUCTION, FILTER SOCKS WILL BE PLACED UNDER GRATES OF ALL PROPOSED AND EXISTING CATCHBASINS AND STRUCTURES. A LIGHT DUTY SILT FENCE BARRIER WILL ALSO BE INSTALLED IN SELECTED LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN, AND STRAW BALE BARRIERS WILL BE INSTALLED WITHIN THE OUTLET DITCHES. THESE CONTROL MEASURES WILL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL VEGETATION HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED AND CONSTRUCTION COMPLETE.
 3. THE SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL ONLY BE REMOVED WHEN, IN THE OPINION OF THE ENGINEER, THE MEASURES ARE NO LONGER REQUIRED. NO CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE PERMANENTLY REMOVED WITHOUT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FROM THE ENGINEER.
 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY REPORT TO THE ENGINEER ANY ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGES OF SEDIMENT MATERIAL INTO ANY DITCH OR STORM SEWER SYSTEM. APPROPRIATE RESPONSE MEASURES, INCLUDING ANY REPAIRS TO EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES OR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ADDITIONAL CONTROL MEASURES, SHALL BE CARRIED OUT BY THE CONTRACTOR WITHOUT DELAY.
 5. THE CONTRACTOR ACKNOWLEDGES THAT FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE SUBJECT TO PENALTIES IMPOSED BY ANY APPLICABLE REGULATORY AGENCY.
 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE PROPER DUST CONTROL IS PROVIDED WITH THE APPLICATION OF WATER (AND IF REQUIRED, CALCIUM CHLORIDE) DURING DRY PERIODS.
 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL SURVEY MONUMENTS.
 8. ALL TOPSOIL AND ANY SOFT, WET OR DELETERIOUS MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM IMPROVED AREAS UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY ENGINEER.

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CITY OF OTTAWA
PROVENCE ORLEANS - 2128 TRIM ROAD (BLOCK 126)

REMOVALS & EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

PROJECT No. 120057
REV # 1
DRAWING No. 120057-ESC

Appendix D:

DSS Checklist

**PROVENCE ORLEANS BLOCK 126, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.1 General Content	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A	
Date and revision number of the report.	Y	
Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	Y	Refer to Report Figures
Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Y	Refer to Grading and Servicing Plans
Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.	Y	Refer to Site Plan
Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	Y	
Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defensible design criteria.	Y	
Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	Y	Refer to Sections: 5.0 Sanitary Sewers, 6.0 Stormwater Management, 7.0 Water
Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	Y	
Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	N/A	
Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighboring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	Y	Refer to Grading Plan and Stormwater Management Plan

**PROVENCE ORLEANS BLOCK 126, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.1 General Content	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	N/A	
Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/A	
Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	Y	Refer to Section 3.0 Grading
All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information:		
Metric scale	Y	
North arrow (including construction North)	Y	
Key plan	Y	
Name and contact information of applicant and property owner	Y	
Property limits including bearings and dimensions	Y	
Existing and proposed structures and parking areas	Y	
Easements, road widening and rights-of-way	Y	
Adjacent street names	Y	

**PROVENCE ORLEANS BLOCK 126, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.2 Water	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available.	Y	
Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development.	Y	Refer to Sections: 5.0 Sanitary Sewers, 6.0 Stormwater Management, 7.0 Water
Identification of system constraints.	N/A	
Identify boundary conditions.	Y	Provided by City of Ottawa
Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure.	Y	Refer to Appendix A
Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.	Y	Refer to Appendix A
Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	Y	Refer to Appendix A
Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design.	N/A	
Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves.	Y	
Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification.	N/A	
Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range.	Y	Refer to Section 7.0 Water
Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions.	Y	Refer to Section 7.0 Water
Description of off-site required feeder mains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	N/A	
Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Y	Refer to Section 7.0 Water
Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	N/A	

**PROVENCE ORLEANS BLOCK 126, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.3 Wastewater	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	Y	Refer to Section 5.0 Sanitary Sewers
Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.	N/A	
Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.	N/A	
Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.	Y	Refer to Section 5.0 Sanitary Sewers
Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)	y	Refer to Appendix A
Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.	N/A	
Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains.	Y	Refer to Section 5.0 Sanitary Sewers
Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).	N/A	
Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A	
Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity.	N/A	
Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/A	
Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	N/A	

**PROVENCE ORLEANS BLOCK 126, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.4 Stormwater	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlet (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property).	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
Analysis of the available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	Y	Refer to Appendix A
A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns and proposed drainage patterns.	Y	Refer to Storm Drainage Area Plan (120057-STM)
Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
Description of stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information.	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A	
Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	N/A	
Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	N/A	
Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A	
Storage requirements (complete with calcs) and conveyance capacity for 5 yr and 100 yr events.	Y	Refer to Appendix B
Identification of watercourse within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	N/A	
Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	Y	Refer to Appendix B
Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	N/A	
Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and SWM facilities.	N/A	
If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	N/A	

**PROVENCE ORLEANS BLOCK 126, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.4 Stormwater	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses.	N/A	
Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/A	
Description of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	Y	Refer to Grading Plan and Storm Drainage Area Plan
Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including HGL elevations.	N/A	
Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.	Y	Refer to Section 4.0 Erosion Sediment Control
Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A	
Identification of fill constrains related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	N/A	

4.5 Approval and Permit Requirements	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	N/A	
Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A	
Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A	
Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)	N/A	

4.6 Conclusion	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations.	Y	Refer to Section 8.0 Conclusions and Recommendations
Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	Y	
All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario.	Y	