



SITE SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

FOR

SURFACE DEVELOPMENTS 1655 & 1619 CARLING AVENUE

CITY OF OTTAWA

PROJECT NO.: 19-1131

CITY APPLICATION NO.: D02-02-19-0126

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SITE SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR 1655 & 1619 CARLING AVENUE

SURFACE DEVELOPMENTS

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CITY OF OTTAWA PROJECT NO.: 19-1131

1.0 INTRODUCTION

David Schaeffer Engineering Limited (DSEL) has been retained by Surface Developments to prepare a Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report in support of the application for a Site Plan Control (SPC) at 1655 & 1619 Carling Avenue.

The subject property is located within the City of Ottawa urban boundary, in the Kitchissippi Ward. As illustrated in *Figure 1*, below, the subject property is located west of the intersection of Carling Avenue and Churchill Avenue North. Comprised of two parcels that are expected to be amalgamated into a single property, the subject property measures approximately *0.46 ha* and is zoned Artillery Main Street (AM10 H (20)).



Figure 1: Site Location

The proposed SPC would allow for the development of a commercial/residential building fronting onto Carling Avenue. The proposed development would include approximately **650** m^2 of ground level retail and underground parking, with access from Carling Avenue. The residential component is comprised of approximately **370** units and **2,328** m^2 of amenity space. A copy of the **Site Plan** is included in **Drawings/Figures**.

The objective of this report is to support the application for Site Plan Control providing sufficient detail to demonstrate that the proposed development is supported by existing municipal servicing infrastructure and that the site design conforms to current City of Ottawa design standards.

1.1 Existing Conditions

The existing site consists of an asphalt parking lots and few vegetated areas. The elevations range between 77.85 m and 77.25 m, with a minimal grade change of approximately 0.45% from the Southwest to the Southeast corner of the property.

Sewer and watermain mapping collected from the City of Ottawa indicate that the following services exist across the property frontages within the adjacent municipal right-of-ways:

Carling Avenue:

- 203 mm diameter unlined cast iron watermain (c. 1955);
- ➤ 610 mm diameter concrete watermain (c. 1958);
- > 300 mm diameter concrete sanitary sewer (c. 1952), tributary to the Cave Creek Twin Collector;
- > 225/300 mm diameter concrete storm sewer (c. 1959), tributary to the Ottawa River approximately 5.0 km downstream; and
- > 375 mm diameter concrete storm sewer, tributary to Ottawa River approximately 5.0 km downstream.

1.2 Required Permits / Approvals

The proposed development is subject to the site plan control approval process. The City of Ottawa must approve the engineering design drawings and reports prior to the issuance of site plan control.

The development is proposed to outlet sanitary to a partially separated sewer sewershed.

Section 53 of the Ontario Water Resources Act Ontario Regulation 525/98, 2. (1) Subsection 53 (1) and (3) indicate that an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) is not required for a property which meets the following requirements:

1. The use operation, establishment, alteration, extension or replacement of or a change in a service connection.

The subject property meets the above stated preapproval requirements; therefore, it is expected that an ECA through the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) will not be required. Consultation between the City of Ottawa and the local MECP representative may be required to confirm this assumption.

1.3 Pre-consultation

Pre-consultation correspondence, along with the servicing guidelines checklist, is located in *Appendix A*.

2.0 GUIDELINES, PREVIOUS STUDIES, AND REPORTS

2.1 Existing Studies, Guidelines, and Reports

The following studies were utilized in the preparation of this report:

- Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, City of Ottawa, SDG002, October 2012. (City Standards)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-01
 City of Ottawa, February 5, 2014.
 (ISDTB-2014-01)
 - Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2016-01
 City of Ottawa, September 6, 2016.
 (PIEDTB-2016-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-01
 City of Ottawa, March 21, 2018.
 (ISTB-2018-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-03
 City of Ottawa, March 21, 2018.
 (ISTB-2018-03)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2019-01
 City of Ottawa, January, 2019. (ISTB-2019-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2019-02
 City of Ottawa, July 8, 2019.
 (ISTB-2019-02)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution City of Ottawa, July 2010. (Water Supply Guidelines)
 - Technical Bulletin ISD-2010-2
 City of Ottawa, December 15, 2010.
 (ISD-2010-2)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02
 City of Ottawa, May 27, 2014.
 (ISDTB-2014-02)

- Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2018-02
 City of Ottawa, March 21, 2018.
 (ISDTB-2018-02)
- Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2021-03
 City of Ottawa, August 18, 2021.
 (ISDTB-2012-03)
- Design Guidelines for Sewage Works,
 Ministry of the Environment, 2008.
 (MOE Design Guidelines)
- Stormwater Planning and Design Manual, Ministry of the Environment, March 2003. (SWMP Design Manual)
- Ontario Building Code Compendium Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing Building Development Branch, January 1, 2010 Update. (OBC)
- Water Supply for Public Fire Protection Fire Underwriters Survey, 1999. (FUS)
- NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems National Fire Protection Association, 2016. (NFPA Standards)

3.0 WATER SUPPLY SERVICING

3.1 Existing Water Supply Services

The subject property lies within the City of Ottawa 1W pressure zone, as shown by the Pressure Zone map, in *Appendix B*. A local 203 mm diameter watermain and a 610 mm diameter watermain exist within the Carling Avenue right-of-way. Refer to drawing *EX-1* for existing infrastructure layout.

3.2 Water Supply Servicing Design

In accordance with City of Ottawa technical bulletin *ISDTB-2014-02*, redundant service connections will be required due to an estimated design flow of greater than 50 m³/day. A City Standard W12 valve chamber is proposed between water service laterals to provide redundancy to the development.

The development is proposed to be serviced by dual 150 mm diameter connections to the existing 203 mm diameter watermain within Carling Avenue. Refer to drawing **SSP-1** for a detailed servicing layout.

Table 1, below, summarizes the **Water Supply Guidelines** employed in the preparation of the water demand estimate.

Table 1
Water Supply Design Criteria

1.8 P/unit 280 L/d/p 2.5 x Average Daily * 5.5 x Average Daily * 2.5 L/m²/d
2.5 x Average Daily * 5.5 x Average Daily * 2.5 L/m²/d
5.5 x Average Daily * 2.5 L/m²/d
2.5 L/m²/d
1.5 x avg. day
1.8 x max. day
150 mm diameter
2.4 m from top of watermain to finished grade
350 kPa and 480 kPa
275 kPa
552 kPa
140 kPa

Table 2, below, summarizes the water supply demand estimate and boundary conditions for the proposed development based on the **Water Supply Guidelines**.

Table 2 Water Demand and Boundary Conditions Proposed Conditions

Design Parameter	Estimated Demand ¹ (L/min)	Boundary Condition ² (m H ₂ O / kPa)		
Average Daily Demand	134.7	36.4 / 357.1		
Max Day + Fire Flow	331.5 + 20,000 = 20,331.5	130 L/s (7800 L/min) @ 140 kPa		
Peak Hour	726.2	31.0 / 304.1		
Water demand calculation per <i>Water Supply Guidelines</i> . See <i>Appendix B</i> for detailed calculations.				
	upplied by the City of Ottawa for the demand	ds indicated in the correspondence;		
assumed ground elevation 77.5 m. See <i>Appendix B</i> .				

Fire flow requirements are to be determined in accordance with Local Guidelines (**ISDTB-2018-02**), City of Ottawa *Water Supply Guidelines*, and the Ontario Building Code.

Using the Technical Bulletin **ISDTB-2018-02** method, a conservative estimation of fire flow had been established. As coordinated with the building architect, the following parameters were coordinated:

- Type of construction Non-Combustible;
- Occupancy type –Non-Combustible; and
- Sprinkler Protection Fully Supervised Sprinklered System.

The above assumptions result in an estimated fire flow of approximately **20,000 L/min**, noting that actual building materials selected will affect the estimated flow. A certified fire protection system specialist would need to be employed to design the building fire suppression system and confirm the actual fire flow demand.

For the purpose of estimating fire flow, the short method within the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards was utilized. As indicated by Section 11.2.2 from the *NFPA Standards*, fire flow requirements are to be determined by combining the required flow rate for the sprinkler system, along with the anticipated hose stream. As indicated by Table 11.2.2.1 and Table 11.2.3.1.2 extracted from the *NFPA Standards* and included in *Appendix B*, the anticipated fire flow requirements for the sprinkler system is *3,200 L/min* (850 gpm) and the anticipated internal and external total combined inside and outside hose stream demand is *950 L/min* (250 gpm).

As a result, the total fire flow is anticipated to be *4,150 L/min* (1,100 gpm). Based on the boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa, sufficient supply is available for fire flow. A certified fire protection system specialist will need to be employed to design the building's fire suppression system and confirm the actual fire flow demand.

The City provided both the anticipated minimum and maximum water pressures, as well as, the estimated water available flow during a minimum pressure scenario, as indicated

by the correspondence in *Appendix B*. As shown by *Table 2*, above, the minimum and maximum pressures fall within the required range identified in *Table 1*, also above.

3.3 Water Supply Conclusion

An existing 203 mm diameter watermain within Carling Avenue is available to service the development. A City Standard W12 valve chamber is proposed between water service laterals to provide redundancy to the development. Refer to drawing *SSP-1* for a detailed servicing layout.

The estimated water demand was submitted to the City of Ottawa for establishing boundary conditions. The City provided both the anticipated minimum and maximum water pressures. The minimum and maximum pressures fall within the required range identified in *Table 1*. Based on boundary conditions provided by the City the existing municipal water infrastructure is capable of providing the proposed development with water within the City's required pressure range.

Fire flow requirements were estimated in accordance with **NFPA Standards**. Based on the boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa, sufficient flow is available to service the development.

4.0 WASTEWATER SERVICING

4.1 Existing Wastewater Services

The subject site lies within the Cave Creek Collector Sewer catchment area, as shown by the City sewer mapping, included in *Appendix C*. An existing 300 mm diameter sanitary sewer within Carling Avenue is available to service the proposed development. The Carling Avenue sanitary sewer is tributary to 1200 mm diameter combined sewer within Byron Avenue (referred to as the Cave Creek Collector Twin Sewer), located approximately 2.5 km downstream of the site. Refer to drawing *EX-1* for existing infrastructure layout.

4.2 Wastewater Design

There is currently one sanitary sewer available within the Carling Avenue right-of-way to service the development. As a result, the proposed development will be serviced via the existing 300 mm diameter sanitary sewer within the Carling Avenue right-of-way via a 250 mm diameter sanitary service complete with a maintenance structure located with 1.0m of the right-of-way. Refer to drawing *SSP-1* for a detailed servicing layout.

Table 3, below, summarizes the **City Standards** employed in the design of the proposed wastewater sewer system.

Table 3
Wastewater Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value	
Residential Average Apartment	1.8 P/unit	
Average Daily Demand	280 L/d/per	
Peaking Factor	Harmon's Peaking Factor. Max 4.0, Min 2.0	
	Harmon's Corrector Factor 0.8	
Commercial Floor Space	5 L/m²/d	
Infiltration and Inflow Allowance	0.05 L/s/ha (Dry Weather)	
	0.28 L/s/ha (Wet Weather)	
	0.33 L/s/ha (Total)	
Sanitary sewers are to be sized employing the	$Q = \frac{1}{1} A R^{\frac{2}{3}} S^{\frac{1}{2}}$	
Manning's Equation	$Q = -AR^{7/3}S^{7/2}$	
Minimum Sewer Size	200 mm diameter	
Minimum Manning's 'n'	0.013	
Minimum Depth of Cover	2.5 m from crown of sewer to grade	
Minimum Full Flowing Velocity	0.6 m/s	
Maximum Full Flowing Velocity	3.0 m/s	
Extracted from Sections 4 and 6 of the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, October 2012.		

Table 4, below, demonstrates the estimated peak flow from the proposed development. See **Appendix C** for associated calculations.

Table 4
Summary of Estimated Peak Wastewater Flow

Design Parameter	Total Flow (L/s)
Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow	2.53
Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow	7.55
Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow	7.67

The estimated sanitary flow based on the **Site Plan**, provided in **Drawings/Figures**, estimates a peak wet weather flow of **7.67 L/s**.

A sanitary analysis was conducted of the local municipal sanitary sewers to assess the available capacity. The analysis was conducted from the site to the upstream extents of the drainage area located near the intersection of Carling Avenue and Churchill Avenue North, as shown by the sanitary drainage plan *Sanitary Drainage Plan*, included in *Appendix C*.

City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin *ISTB-2018-01* was employed to generate an estimate of the existing wastewater flow conditions within the sewer.

There is an available residual capacity of **34.5** L/s; detailed calculations are included in **Appendix C**. The analysis above indicates that sufficient capacity is available in the local sewers to accommodate the development.

4.3 Wastewater Servicing Conclusions

The site is tributary to the Cave Creek Collector Twin Sewer. The proposed development will be serviced via the existing 300 mm diameter sanitary sewer within the Carling Avenue right-of-way via a 250 mm diameter sanitary service. Refer to drawing *SSP-1* for a detailed servicing layout. Based on the sanitary analysis, sufficient capacity is available to accommodate the estimated *7.67 L/s* peak wet weather flow from the proposed development.

The proposed wastewater design conforms to all relevant *City Standards*.

5.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

5.1 Existing Stormwater Services

Stormwater runoff from the subject property is tributary to the City of Ottawa sewer system located within the Ottawa Central sub-watershed. As such, approvals for proposed development within this area are under the approval authority of the City of Ottawa.

Flows that influence the watershed in which the subject property is located are further reviewed by the principal authority. The subject property is located within the Ottawa River watershed, and is therefore subject to review by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA). Consultation with the RVCA is located in *Appendix A*.

It was assumed that the existing development contained no stormwater management controls for flow attenuation. The estimated pre-development peak flows for the 2, 5, and 100-year events are summarized in *Table 5*, below:

Table 5
Summary of Existing Peak Storm Flow Rates

City of Ottawa Design Storm	Estimated Peak Flow Rate (L/s)
2-year	81.7
5-year	110.8
100-year	222.1

5.2 Post-development Stormwater Management Target

Stormwater management requirements for the proposed development were reviewed with the City of Ottawa, where the proposed development is required to:

- Meet an allowable release rate based on a Rational Method Coefficient of 0.40, employing the City of Ottawa IDF parameters for a 2-year storm with a calculated time of concentration greater than or equal to 10 minutes;
- Attenuate all storms up to and including the City of Ottawa 100-year design event on site; and
- Quality controls are not required for the proposed development due to the site's distance from the outlet; correspondence with the RVCA is included in **Appendix A**.

Based on the above the allowable release rate for the proposed development is 39.1 L/s.

5.3 Proposed Stormwater Management System

There is an existing 375 mm diameter storm sewer and an existing 300 mm diameter storm sewer available within Carling Avenue to service the proposed development. Both

available sewers are tributary to the West Hintonburg Storm Trunk and ultimately the Ottawa River, which is approximately 5 km downstream of the site.

To meet the stormwater objectives the proposed development will contain an internal cistern within the parking garage. The development proposes to connect to the existing 300 mm diameter storm sewer via a 300 mm diameter sewer complete with a maintenance structure located within 1.0m of the right-of-way. Refer to drawing *SSP-1* for a detailed servicing layout.

Stormwater runoff collected from the roof area and from the surface drains will be directed to a **130** m^3 internal stormwater cistern via the internal plumbing system. Cistern flow will outlet to the Carling Avenue storm sewer at a maximum release rate of **27.0** L/s, as shown by drawing **SSP-1**. Foundation drains are to be connected downstream of any cistern controls.

Table 6, below, summarizes post-development flow rates. These areas will be compensated for in areas with flow attenuation controls.

Table 6
Stormwater Flow Rate Summary

Control Area	5-Year Release Rate	5-Year Storage	100-Year Release Rate	100-Year Storage
	(L/s)	(m³)	(L/s)	(m³)
Unattenuated Areas	5.9	0.0	12.1	0.0
Attenuated Areas	13.1	62.4	27.0	129.6
Total	19.0	62.4	39.1	129.6

It is calculated that approximately $130 \, m^3$ of storage will be required on site to attenuate flow to the established release rate of $39.1 \, L/s$; storage calculations are contained within *Appendix D*.

5.4 Stormwater Servicing Conclusions

Post development stormwater runoff will be required to be restricted to the allowable target release rate for storm events up to and including the 100-year storm in accordance with City of Ottawa, *City Standards*. The post-development allowable release rate was calculated as $39.1 \, L/s$. It is estimated that $130 \, m^3$ of on-site storage will be required to meet this release rate.

Based on consultation with the RVCA, stormwater quality controls are not required.

The proposed stormwater design conforms to all relevant *City Standards* and Policies for approval.

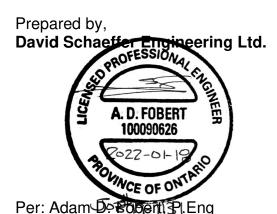
6.0 UTILITIES

Gas and Hydro services currently exist within the Carling Avenue right-of-way. Utility servicing will be coordinated with the individual utility companies prior to site development.

7.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

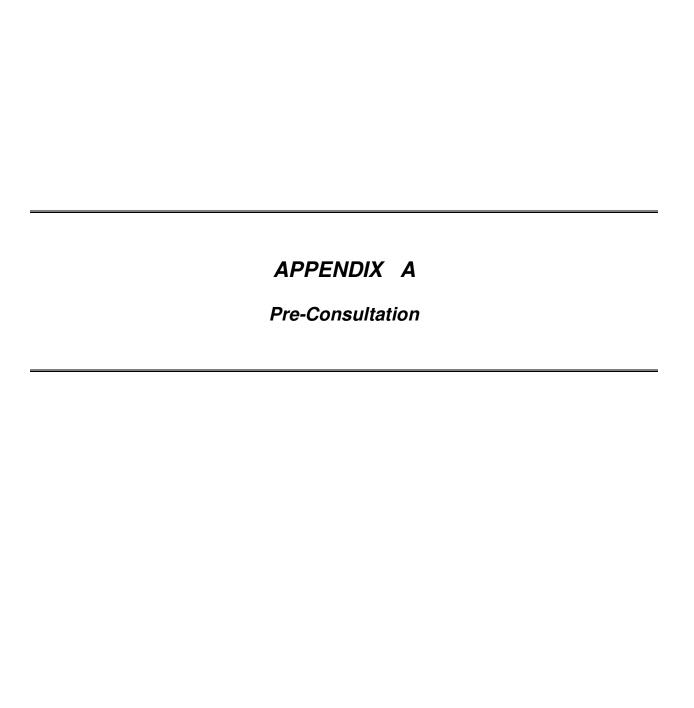
David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd. (DSEL) has been retained by Surface Developments to prepare a Site Servicing and Stormwater Management report in support of the application for a Site Plan Control (SPC) at 1655 & 1619 Carling Avenue. The preceding report outlines the following:

- Based on boundary conditions provided by the City the existing municipal water infrastructure is capable of providing the proposed development with water within the City's required pressure range;
- Fire flow requirements were estimated in accordance with NFPA Standards. Based on the boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa, sufficient flow is available to service the development;
- The proposed development is to have a peak wet weather flow of **7.67 L/s**; Based on the sanitary analysis conducted, the existing municipal sewer infrastructure has sufficient capacity to support the development;
- Based on City Standards the proposed development will be required to attenuate post development flows to an equivalent release rate of **39.1** L/s for all storms up to and including the 100-year storm event;
- It is proposed that stormwater objectives may be met through storm water retention via internal cistern storage. It is calculated that *130 m³* of onsite storage will be required to attenuate flow to the established release rate above; and
- Based on consultation with the RVCA, stormwater quality controls are not required.



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DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST

19-1131 20/11/2020

)-TT	.51	20/11/2020
4.1	General Content	
	Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A
\boxtimes	Date and revision number of the report.	Report Cover Sheet
— . ⊠	Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	Drawings/Figures, EX-1
<	Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Figure 1, EX-1
-	Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan,	
3	and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.	Section 1.0, Section 5.0
]	Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	Section 1.3, Appendix A
]	Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defendable design criteria.	Section 2.1
]	Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	Section 1.0
	Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	Sections 3.1, 4.1, 5.1, EX-1
	Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	N/A
l	Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	N/A
	Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	N/A
	Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/A
	Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	N/A
]	All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information: -Metric scale -North arrow (including construction North) -Key plan -Name and contact information of applicant and property owner -Property limits including bearings and dimensions -Existing and proposed structures and parking areas -Easements, road widening and rights-of-way -Adjacent street names	Drawings/Figures
2	Development Servicing Report: Water	
]	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available	N/A
	Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development	Section 3.1
	Identification of system constraints	Section 3.1
	Identify boundary conditions	Section 3.1, 3.2, Appendix E
а.		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

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Section 3.2, 3.3

oximes Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure

^{*}Extracted from the City of Ottawa-Servicing Study Guidelines for Development Applications

\boxtimes	Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.	Section 3.2, Appendix B
	Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	N/A
	Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design	N/A
	Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves	N/A
	Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification	N/A
\boxtimes	Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range	Section 3.2, 3.3
	Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions.	SSP-1
	Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	N/A
\boxtimes	Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Section 3.2, Appendix B
\boxtimes	Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	N/A
4.3		
4.3 ⊠	Development Servicing Report: Wastewater Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	Section 4.2
	Development Servicing Report: Wastewater Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity	Section 4.2 N/A
\boxtimes	Development Servicing Report: Wastewater Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure). Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for	
	Development Servicing Report: Wastewater Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure). Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations. Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes	N/A
	Development Servicing Report: Wastewater Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure). Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations. Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers. Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater	N/A N/A
	Development Servicing Report: Wastewater Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure). Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations. Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers. Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development. Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be	N/A N/A Section 4.1, EX-1
	Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure). Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations. Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers. Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development. Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable) Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C')	N/A N/A Section 4.1, EX-1 Section 4.2, Appendix C

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	Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A
_	Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and	
	maximum flow velocity.	N/A
	Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/A
	Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	N/A
4.4	Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist	
\boxtimes	Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property)	Section 5.1
\boxtimes	Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	Section 5.1, Appendix D
\boxtimes	A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern.	Drawings/Figures
\boxtimes	Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	Section 5.2
\boxtimes	Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	Section 5.2
\boxtimes	Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information	Section 5.3
	Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A
	Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	N/A
\boxtimes	Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	Appendix A
	Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A
\boxtimes	Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period).	Section 5.3
	Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	N/A
\boxtimes	Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	Section 5.1, 5.3, Appendix D
	Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	N/A
\boxtimes	Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities.	Section 5.3
	If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	N/A
	Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses	N/A
	Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/A

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\boxtimes	Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	Section 5.3
	100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	N/A
	Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations.	N/A
\boxtimes	Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.	Section 6.0
	Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A
	Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	N/A
4.5	Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist	
\boxtimes	Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement ct. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	Section 1.2
	Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A
	Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A
	Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)	N/A
4.6	Conclusion Checklist	
\boxtimes	Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations	Section 8.0
	Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	
	All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional	

v DSEL©

Pre-Application Consultation Meeting Notes

1655 Carling Avenue – PC2019-0072 April 10, 2019 Ottawa City Hall, Room 4103e

Attendees:

Jakub Ulak, Surface Developments (JU)
Gary Ludington – Community Association (GL)
Brian Casagrande – Fotenn (BC)
Simon Deiaco, City of Ottawa (SD)
Christopher Moise, City of Ottawa (CM)
Sean Wessel, City of Ottawa (SW)

Regrets:

Subject: 1655 Carling Avenue

Meeting notes:

Opening & attendee introduction

- o ALL Introduction of meeting attendees
- BC Overview of proposal:
 - Proposed 12 storey residential building (approx. 200 units) with below grade parking (approx. 100 spaces) and access from Carling Avenue.
 - Some concerns from the design team with respect to the road widening, if taken at the full amount would have a significant impact on the project. As a result, the concept is in preliminary stages until this requirement is resolved.
 - Property is designation AM10, with a height limit of 20 metres. OPA 150 has language which allows for the release of additional height in certain circumstances. Both staff and Fotenn are awaiting the final version of the OP amendments and the policy language for Arterial Mainstreets which are not yet finalized.
 - SD to follow up on the road widening requirements.

Preliminary comments and questions from staff and agencies, including follow-up actions:

Planning

- The current policies of OPA 150 as adopted by Council outline conditions where additional height could be permitted. A subsequent report on the resolution of OPA 150 is expected in May 2019 based on negotiations with stakeholders.
- Based on the policies currently endorsed by Council, it is staffs opinion that it has not been demonstrated how this site would qualify for the consideration of additional height.
- The existing context and zoning suggest that a building with a 20 metre height limit is more appropriate for the site. Planning staff have significant concerns with the introduction of a 12 storey building on this parcel giving the existing zoning and planning policies. The relationship to the interior side yards also needs to be explored. The proposed 0m setbacks are a concern, along with the lack of transition to the lands to the north.
- Section 37 requirements / Community benefits are to be determined. They may also be a required as part of the yet unresolved Arterial Mainstreet policies.
- Design guidelines Refer to the design guidelines for Arterial Mainstreets and High Rise Buildings.
- A wind study would be required for a building greater than 10 storeys.
- The use of underground parking is encouraged, regardless of the ultimate design.

Urban Design

- Staff recommend that the applicant engage an architect as soon as possible as this
 proposal faces a number of challenges and due to its use, scale and configuration
 will require an architect's involvement.
- Some of these challenges include:
 - o Significant increase in scale from current zoning of 6 storeys to 12 storeys;
 - Impact of not adhering to the ROW protection limits and building closer to the street;
 - o Building to 0m side lot line condition (both ease and west side yards);
 - o Impact of height and lack of transition to R4 abutting lots to the north;
- Additional contextual analysis is recommended to understand the relationships and impacts of the proposal and we recommend the proposal attend an Informal visit with the City's UDRP to further discuss and evaluate various scenarios of development for the site including approaches for a 6 storey, 9 storey and proposed 12 storey option.

o Engineering

- A 610mm dia. Conc. Watermain (c. 1955) is available on Carling Ave. in the Westbound lane.
- A 203mm dia. UCI Watermain (c. 1958) is available on Carling Ave. in the Eastbound lane.
- A 300 mm dia. Conc. Sanitary Sewer (c. 1952) is available on Carling Ave., which drains to 1200 mm dia. <u>Combined Sewer</u> on Byron Ave. which then flows to the Interceptor Sewer.
- A 300 mm dia. Conc. Storm Sewer (c. 1959) is available on Carling Ave. in the Westbound lane, which drains to the West Hintonburg Storm Trunk and then to the Cave Creek Storm where it outlets to the Ottawa River.
- A 375 mm dia. Conc. Storm Sewer (c. ?) is available on Carling Ave. in the Eastbound lane, which drains to the West Hintonburg Storm Trunk and then to the Cave Creek Storm where it outlets to the Ottawa River.
- The following apply to this site and any development within a <u>combined sewer</u> area:
- Total (San & Stm) allowable release rate will be 2 year pre-development rate.
- Coefficient (C) of runoff will need to be determined as per existing conditions but in no case more than 0.4
- TC = 20 minutes or can be calculated.
- TC should be not be less than 10 minutes, since IDF curves become unrealistic at less than 10 min.
- Any storm events greater than 2 year, up to 100 year, and including 100 year storm event must be detained on site.
- Two separate sewer laterals (one for sanitary and other for storm) will be required.
- As an MECP ECA will be required due to this being considered a partially separated sewer system with a downstream connection to a Combined Sewer on Byron Ave.:
- Please note that once the review has been completed and the Sr. Engineer is satisfied and ready to sign off on the application, after the PM recommendations 3 final bound copies including 3 CD Rom disks will be required to accompany the applications with MECP and for City of Ottawa records.
- Foundation drains are to be independently connected to sewermain (separated or combined) unless being pumped with appropriate back up power, sufficient sized pump and back flow prevention.

 Roof drains are to be connected downstream of any incorporated ICD within the SWM system.

Other:

Environmental Source Information:

City of Ottawa - Historical Land Use Inventory (HLUI)

HLUI database is currently undergoing an update. The updated HLUI will include additional sources beyond those included in the current database, making the inclusion of this record search even more important.

Although a municipal historic land use database is not specifically listed as required environmental record in O. Reg 153/04, Schedule D, Part II states the following:

Records review, specific objectives

The following are the specific objectives of a records review:

- 1. To obtain and review records that relate to the phase one property and to the current and past uses of and activities at or affecting the phase one property in order to determine if an area of potential environmental concern exists and to interpret any area of potential environmental concern.
- 2. To obtain and review records that relate to properties in the phase one study area, other than the phase one property, in order to determine if an area of potential environmental concern exists and to interpret any area of potential environmental concern.
- Further to above, it is therefore reasonable to request that the HLUI search be included in the Phase One ESA to meet the above objectives.
- Due to more sensitive use, a Record of Site Condition (RSC) is required. Ensure
 Phase I, and if applicable, Phase II ESA's speak to required RSC.
- Environmental Noise Study is required due to within 500 m of Hwy #417 and 100m proximity of the following roadways:
- Carling Avenue, Churchill Avenue, Tillbury Avenue, Melbourne Avenue and Cole Avenue.
- Stationary Noise consultant to speak to this in their report or provide a separate report as per City NCG and NPC 300 Guidelines.
- Capital Projects Road and Sewer work planned for Carling Ave. (East) up to and including Churchill Ave.

Moratoriums

- Mor-LN05245 3 years for all Road Cut and Resurfacing ending in 2021– ISD
- See Road Activity By-law Section 14 and Schedule A
- Please note that on April 10, 2019 City Council approved changes to the Road Activity By-law that will come into effect on July 1, 2019. These changes are part of the first of two phases of the review of the by-law. A copy of the <u>staff report</u> explaining these changes and Supporting Document 1 of the staff report is available and provides a summary of the changes.
- Water Supply Redundancy Fire Flow:
- Applicant to ensure that a second service with an inline valve chamber be provided where the average daily demand exceeds 50 m³ / day (0.5787 l/s per day)

Source Protection Screening:

City will provide screening information at a later date.

Where underground storage (UG) and surface ponding are being considered:

- Show all ponding for 5 and 100 year events
- Note There must be at least 15cm of vertical clearance between the spill elevation and the ground elevation at the building envelope that is in proximity of the flow route or ponding area. The exception in this case would be at reverse sloped loading dock locations. At these locations, a minimum of 15cm of vertical clearance must be provided below loading dock openings. Ensure to provide discussion in report and ensure grading plan matches if applicable.
- Provide information on type of underground storage system including product name and model, number of chambers, chamber configuration, confirm invert of chamber system, top of chamber system, required cover over system and details, interior bottom slope (for self-cleansing), chart of storage values, length, width and height, capacity, entry ports (maintenance) etc.
- Provide a cross section of underground chamber system showing invert and obvert/top, major and minor HWLs, top of ground, system volume provided during major and minor events. UG storage to provide actual 2 and 100 year event storage requirements.
- In regards to all proposed UG storage, ground water levels (and in particular HGW levels) will need to be reviewed to ensure that the proposed system does not become surcharged and thereby ineffective.
- Modeling can be provided to ensure capacity for both storm and sanitary sewers for the proposed development by City's Water Distribution Dept. – Modeling Group, upon request.

- Please be advised that it is the responsibility of the applicant and their representatives/consultants to verify information provided by the City of Ottawa.
- Please contact City View and Release Info Centre at Ext. 44455

Transportation

- The project team will be required to complete a TIA screening form. Please contact Wally Dubyk at Ext. 13783. The screening from will need to be completed prior to any application being submitted.
- Right-of-way requirement will be 4.0 metres from the existing property line. The City would not be taking the full road widening requirement in this specific case.

Parks

 Cash-in-lieu of parkland dedication would be require through the site plan control process. The City will not be seeking land through this project.

Conservation Authority

 Applicant to contact Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA) for possible restrictions due to quality control. Provide correspondence in Report.

Questions and comments from the Community Association representative (GL)

- Question was asked about the amount of parking proposed. Approximately 100 spaces.
- Concern with the impact on traffic in the area as Carling Avenue is only a right in and right out movement. Traffic would have to turn onto Cole to get back to Churchill and Carling which is signalized.

Submission requirements and fees

- 1. Rezoning Application (Minor) and potential Official Plan Amendment if Arterial Mainstreet policies are not met.
- 2. Site Plan Control (Manager Approval, Public Consultation)

***please note that as of June 1, 2019 a new site plan control process and fees will be in place. The proposal would be considered a "complex" application under the new structure.

Next steps

- Staff encourage applicant to discuss the proposal with Councillor, community groups and neighbours as the concept evolves.
- As noted above, the resolution of OPA 150 with respect to the Arterial Mainsteet policies are resolved.
- o Minutes and submission requirements to follow (SD).
- o A second meeting may be beneficial give the early stages of the projects development and the additional information required (i.e. right of way protection).

Genavieve Greenberg

From: Genavieve Greenberg

Sent: Thursday, November 5, 2020 11:32 AM

To: Genavieve Greenberg

Subject: FW: 119-1131 1655 Carling - Boundary Condition Request

From: Alison Gosling < <u>AGosling@dsel.ca</u>>

Sent: October 22, 2020 11:24 AM

To: Wessel, Shawn < shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca>

Subject: 119-1131 1655 Carling - Boundary Condition Request

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Good morning Shawn,

We would like to request water boundary conditions for Carling Avenue using the following contemplated development demands:

- 1. Location of Service / Street Number: 1655 Carling Avenue
- 2. Type of development and the amount of fire flow required for the contemplated development:
 - Based on coordination with the architect the development would include approximately 3,116 m2 of commercial/amenity space (788 m2 commercial and 2,328 m2 amenity) and a 370 unit, 18-storey condominium with underground parking. Please refer to the site plan attached.
 - It is anticipated that the development will have a dual connection to be serviced from the existing 203mm diameter watermain within Carling Avenue, as shown by the map below.
 - Fire demand based on Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 has been used to calculate an estimate the max fire demand of **20,000 L/min**. Refer to the attached for detailed calculations.

	L/min	L/s
Avg. Daily	134.9	2.25
Max Day	331.9	5.53
Peak Hour	726.9	12.11



If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, P.Eng. Junior Project Manager

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

phone: (613) 836-0856 ext.542

cell: (343) 542-9218 email: agosling@dsel.ca

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Charlotte Kelly

Subject:

FW: 1655 Carling Avenue - RVCA Quality Control Requirements

Charlotte Kelly, E.I.T. Project Coordinator / Junior Designer

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

phone: (613) 836-0856 ext.511

email: <u>ckelly@dsel.ca</u>

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From: Charlotte Kelly

Sent: August 30, 2019 11:49 AM

To: jamie.batchelor (jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca) <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>

Cc: Alison Gosling < AGosling@dsel.ca>

Subject: 1655 Carling Avenue - RVCA Quality Control Requirements

Good Morning Jamie,

We were hoping to touch base regarding the quality control requirements for a site located at 1655 Carling Avenue.

The site currently consists of a partially paved/gravel parking lot as demonstrated in *Figure 1*, below. The development involves the construction of an 24 storey mixed-use building and additional landscaped areas. In addition, the development proposes to convert the majority of above-ground parking areas to an underground parking garage, as shown in the proposed site plan attached, *Figure 2*. Based on the information available, the development will discharge stormwater to the 300 mm diameter storm sewer within Carling Avenue. and will travel approximately *5300 m* to an outlet to the Ottawa River, as shown by *Figure 3* below.

We do not anticipate that quality controls will be required due to the distance to the outlet and as the development proposes to convert an existing parking area to a building and landscaped areas, improving stormwater quality. Can you please review and provide recommendations?



Figure 1: Existing Site Limits

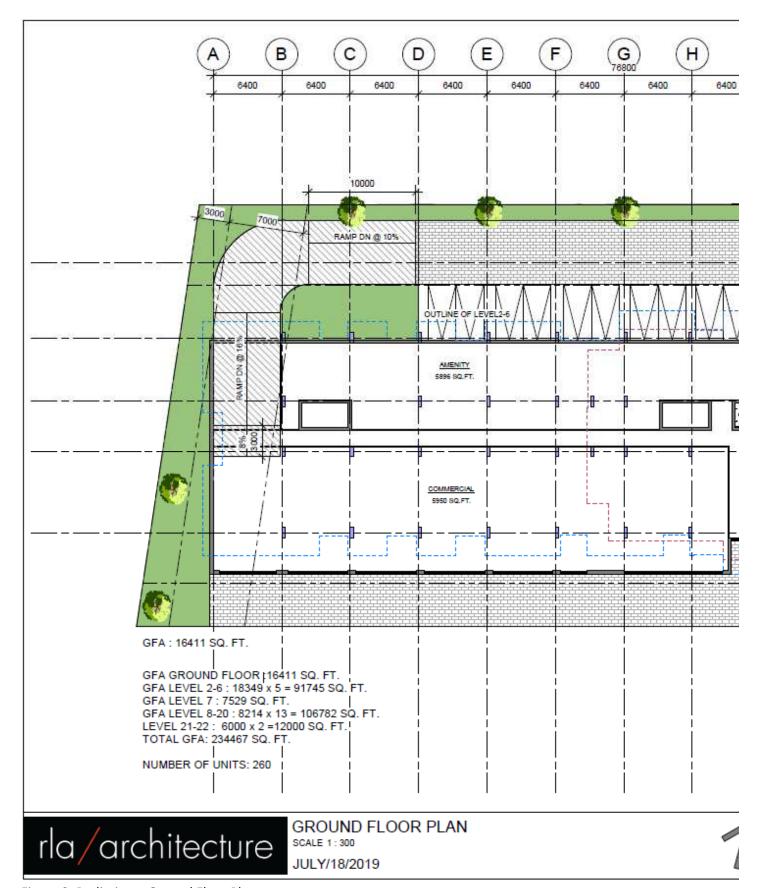


Figure 2: Preliminary Ground Floor Plan



Figure 3: Path to Outlet

Please feel free to contact me to discuss further.

Charlotte Kelly, E.I.T. Project Coordinator / Junior Designer

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9 phone: (613) 836-0856 ext.511

email: ckelly@dsel.ca

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Charlotte Kelly

Subject: FW: 1655 Carling Avenue

From: Eric Lalande <eric.lalande@rvca.ca>

Sent: September 4, 2019 1:51 PM **To:** Charlotte Kelly < CKelly@dsel.ca>

Subject: 1655 Carling Avenue

Hi Charlotte,

You are correct based on the combination of factors (site design, and distance to outlet) the RVCA will not require quality control for the proposal submitted (24 storey mixed use building). Best management practices are encouraged where possible.

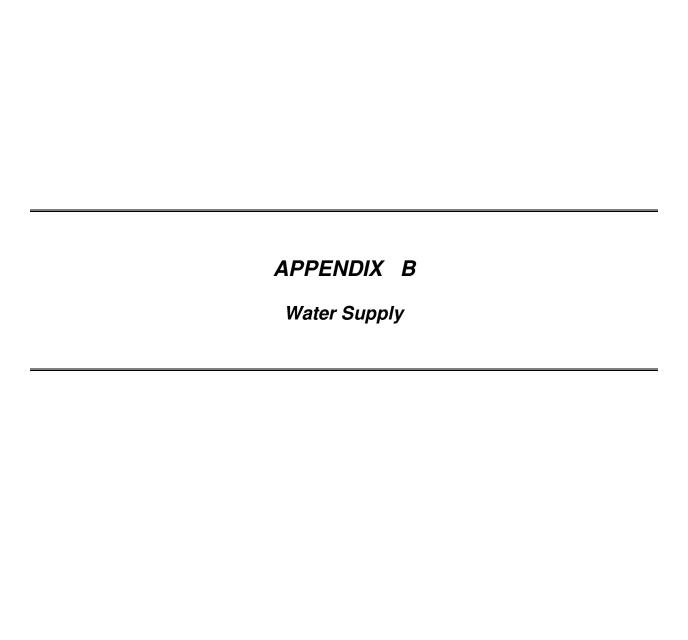
Thank you,

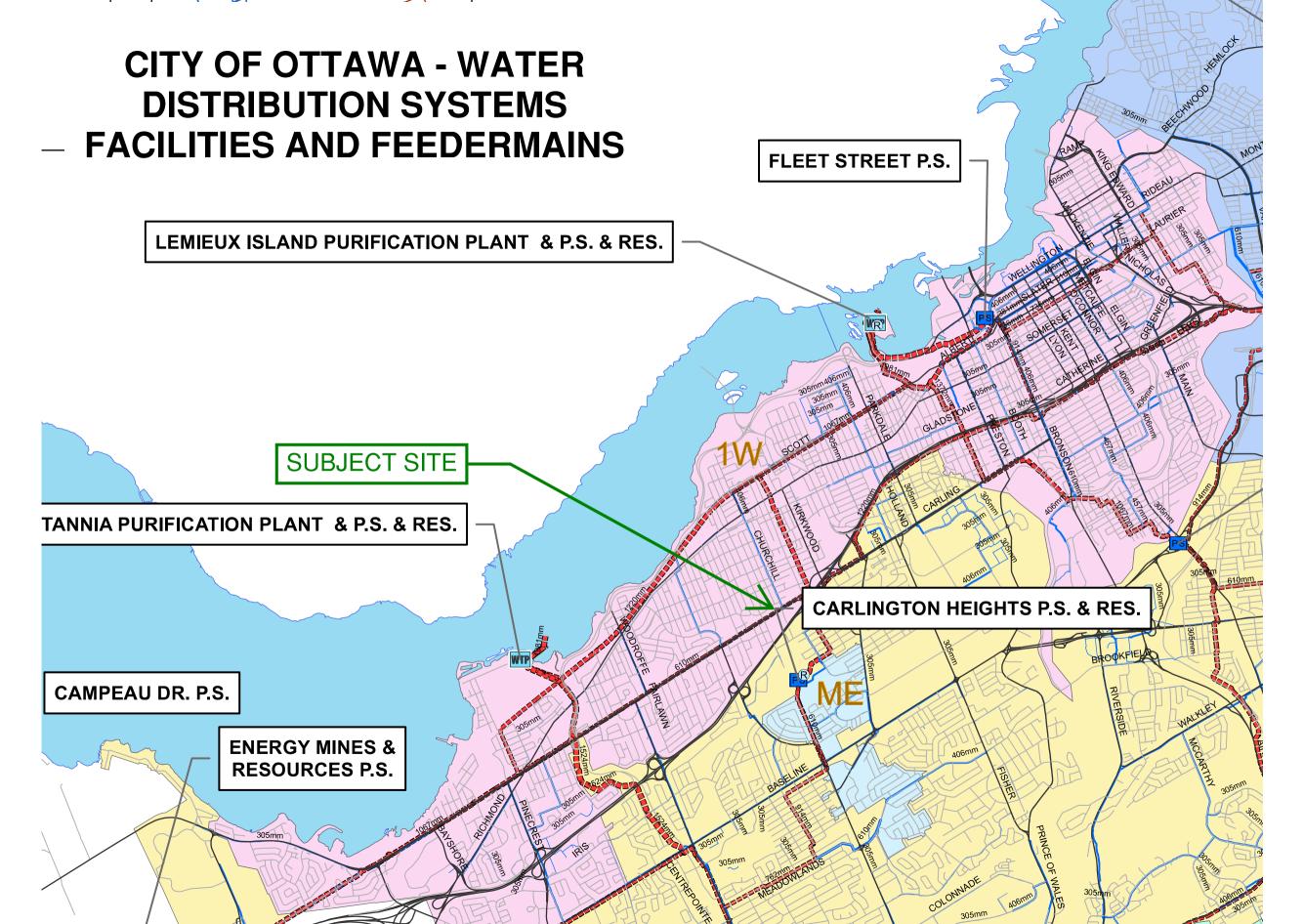
Eric Lalande, MCIP, RPP Planner | x1137



3889 Rideau Valley Drive PO Box 599, Manotick ON K4M 1A5 T 613-692-3571 | 1-800-267-3504 F 613-692-0831 | www.rvca.ca

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Surface Developments 1655 Carling Avenue Proposed Site Conditions

Water Demand Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa - Water Distribution Guidelines, July 2010



Domestic Demand

Type of Housing	Per / Unit	Units	Pop
Single Family	3.4	-	0
Semi-detached	2.7	-	0
Townhouse	2.7	-	0
Apartment			0
Bachelor	1.4	-	0
1 Bedroom	1.4		0
2 Bedroom	2.1		0
3 Bedroom	3.1	-	0
Average	1.8	370	666

	Pop	Avg. Daily		Max I	Max Day		Hour
		m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min
Total Domestic Demand	666	186.5	129.5	466.2	323.8	1025.6	712.3

Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Demand

			Avg. [Daily	Max	Day	Peak I	Hour
Property Type	Unit Rate	Units	m ³ /d	L/min	m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min
Commercial floor space	2.5 L/m ² /d	650.3	1.63	1.1	2.4	1.7	4.4	3.0
Ammenity Space	2.5 L/m ² /d	2,328	5.82	4.0	8.7	6.1	15.7	10.9
Industrial - Light	35,000 L/gross ha/d	-	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial - Heavy	55,000 L/gross ha/d	-	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Total I/0	CI Demand	7.4	5.2	11.2	7.8	20.1	14.0
	Tota	al Demand	193.9	134.7	477.4	331.5	1045.7	726.2

Fire Flow Estimation per Fire Underwriters Survey

Water Supply For Public Fire Protection - 1999

Fire Flow Required

1. Base Requirement

 $F=220C\sqrt{A}$ L/min Where **F** is the fire flow, **C** is the Type of construction and **A** is the Total floor

Type of Construction: Non-Combustible Construction

C 0.8 Type of Construction Coefficient per FUS Part II, Section 1
 A 23286.1 m² Total floor area based on FUS Part II section 1

Fire Flow 24360.5 L/min

24000.0 L/min rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Adjustments

2. Reduction for Occupancy Type

Non-Combustible -25%

Fire Flow 18000.0 L/min

3. Reduction for Sprinkler Protection

Sprinklered - Supervised -50%

Reduction -9000 L/min

4. Increase for Separation Distance

Cons. of Exposed Wall	S.D	Lw Ha	LH	EC	;
N Non-Combustible	10.1m-20m	114.1	1	115	15%
S Non-Combustible	30.1m-45m	139.6	1	140	5%
E Non-Combustible	0m-3m	23.75	2	48	23%
W Non-Combustible	3.1m-10m	23.89	2	48	18%
	% Increase				61% value not to exceed 75%

Increase 10980.0 L/min

Lw = Length of the Exposed Wall

Ha = number of storeys of the adjacent structure. Max 5 stories

LH = Length-height factor of exposed wall. Value rounded up.

EC = Exposure Charge

Total Fire Flow

Fire Flow	19980.0 L/min	fire flow not to exceed 45,000 L/min nor be less than 2,000 L/min per FUS Sect
	20000.0 L/min	rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Notes:

-Type of construction, Occupancy Type and Sprinkler Protection information provided by RLA Architecture

-Calculations based on Fire Underwriters Survey - Part II

Surface Developments 1655 Carling Avenue Boundary Conditions Unit Conversion

Boundary Conditions Unit Conversion

Grnd Elev 77.5

	Height (m)	m H₂O	PSI	kPa		L/min
Avg. DD	113.9	36.4	51.8	357.1	Fire Flow @ 140kPa	7800
Fire Flow						
Peak Hour	108.5	31.0	44.1	304.1		

Genavieve Greenberg

From: Genavieve Greenberg

Sent: Thursday, November 5, 2020 10:55 AM

To: Genavieve Greenberg

Subject: FW: 119-1131 1655 Carling - Boundary Condition Request

Attachments: 1655 Carling Avenue October 2020.pdf

From: Wessel, Shawn <<u>shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca</u>>

Sent: October 26, 2020 2:30 PM **To:** Alison Gosling AGosling@dsel.ca

Subject: RE: 119-1131 1655 Carling - Boundary Condition Request

Good afternoon Ms. Gosling.

Please find boundary conditions supplied by Water Distribution.

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 1655 Carling (zone 1W) assumed to be connected to the 203mm on Carling Avenue (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL = 108.5m

Maximum HGL = 113.9m

MaxDay + Available Fire Flow @ 20psi = 130 L/s

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

If you require additional information or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact me anytime.

Thank you

Please be advised that I will be away from the office October 29th, returning November 9th.

Regards,

Shawn Wessel, A.Sc.T.,rcji

Project Manager - Infrastructure Approvals

Gestionnaire de projet – Approbation des demandes d'infrastructures

Development Review Central Branch | Direction de l'examen des projets d'aménagement, Centrale Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department | Direction générale de la planification de l'infrastructure et du développement économique City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa 110 Laurier Ave. W. | 110, avenue Laurier Ouest, Ottawa ON K1P 1J1 (613) 580 2424 Ext. | Poste 33017 Int. Mail Code | Code de Courrier Interne 01-14 shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca



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Please also note that, while my work hours may be affected by the current situation and am working from home, I still have access to email, video conferencing and telephone. Feel free to schedule video conferences and/or telephone calls, as necessary.

From: Wessel, Shawn

Sent: October 22, 2020 2:26 PM To: Alison Gosling < AGosling@dsel.ca>

Subject: RE: 119-1131 1655 Carling - Boundary Condition Request

Thank you, Ms. Gosling.

This request has been forwarded to our Water Distribution Dept. for comment.

If you require additional information or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact me anytime.

Thank you

Please be advised that I will be away from the office October 29th, returning November 9th.

Regards,

Shawn Wessel, A.Sc.T.,rcji **Project Manager - Infrastructure Approvals** Gestionnaire de projet - Approbation des demandes d'infrastructures

Development Review Central Branch | Direction de l'examen des projets d'aménagement, Centrale Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department | Direction générale de la planification de l'infrastructure et du développement économique City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa 110 Laurier Ave. W. | 110, avenue Laurier Ouest, Ottawa ON K1P 1J1 (613) 580 2424 Ext. | Poste 33017 Int. Mail Code | Code de Courrier Interne 01-14 shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca



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From: Alison Gosling <AGosling@dsel.ca>

Sent: October 22, 2020 11:24 AM

To: Wessel, Shawn < shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca>

Subject: 119-1131 1655 Carling - Boundary Condition Request

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Good morning Shawn,

We would like to request water boundary conditions for Carling Avenue using the following contemplated development demands:

- 1. Location of Service / Street Number: 1655 Carling Avenue
- 2. Type of development and the amount of fire flow required for the contemplated development:
 - Based on coordination with the architect the development would include approximately 3,116 m2 of commercial/amenity space (788 m2 commercial and 2,328 m2 amenity) and a 370 unit, 18-storey condominium with underground parking. Please refer to the site plan attached.
 - It is anticipated that the development will have a dual connection to be serviced from the existing 203mm diameter watermain within Carling Avenue, as shown by the map below.
 - Fire demand based on Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 has been used to calculate an estimate the max fire demand of **20,000 L/min**. Refer to the attached for detailed calculations.

	L/min	L/s
Avg. Daily	134.9	2.25
Max Day	331.9	5.53
Peak Hour	726.9	12.11



If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, P.Eng. Junior Project Manager

DSEL

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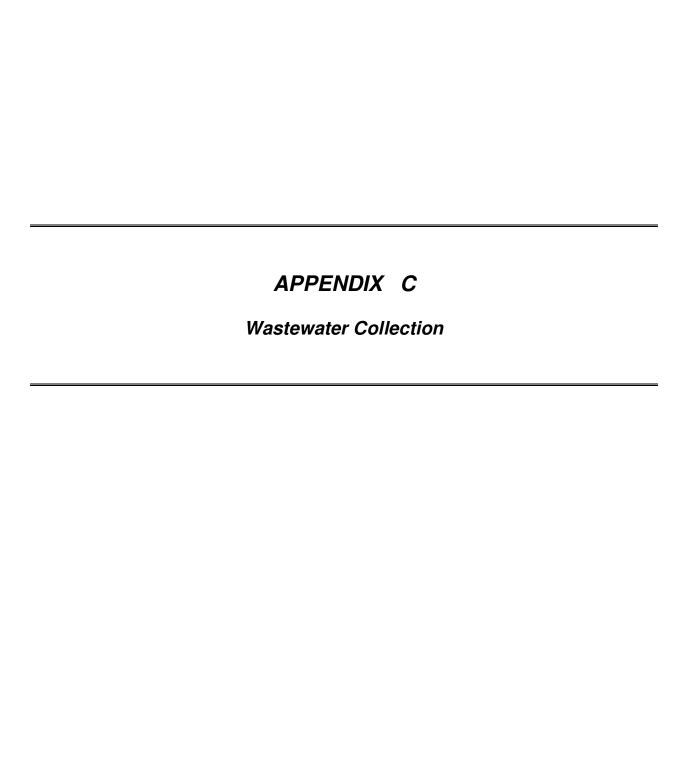
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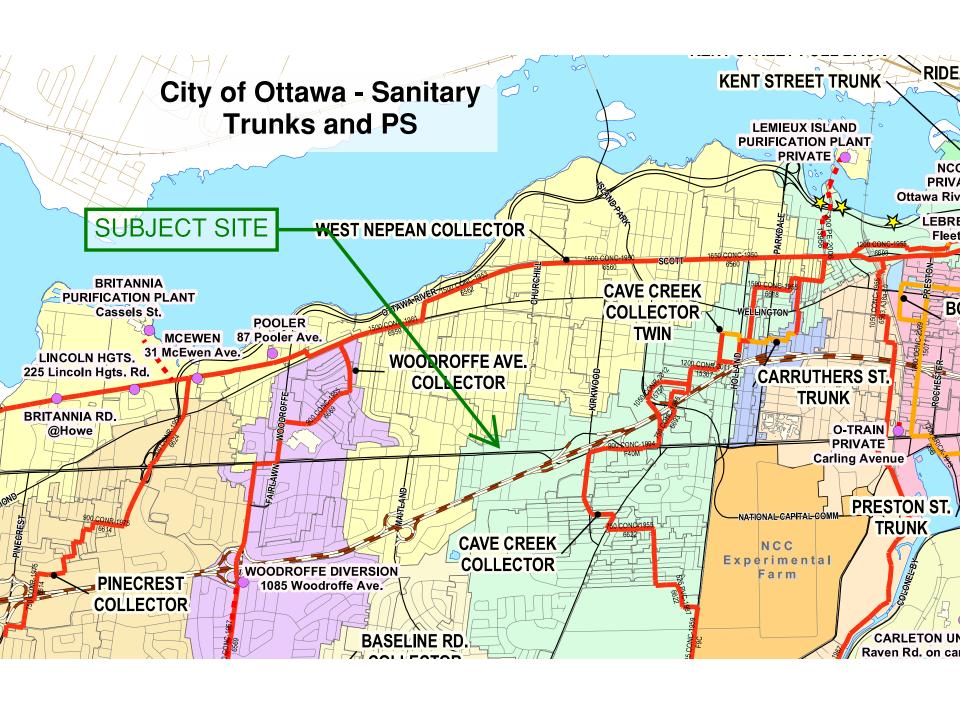
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Surface Developments 1655 Carling Avenue **Proposed Site Conditions**

Wastewater Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2004



Site Area			0.4	460 ha
Extraneous Flow Allowance	es			
	Infiltration /	Inflow (Dry)	0	.02 L/s
	Infiltration /	Inflow (Wet)	0	.13 L/s
	Infiltration / Ir	, ,	0	.15 L/s
Domestic Contributions				
Unit Type	Unit Rate	Units	Pop	
Single Family	3.4		-	0

Single Family	3.4		0
Semi-detached and duplex	2.7		0
Townhouse	2.7		0
Stacked Townhouse	2.3		0
Apartment			
Bachelor	1.4		0
1 Bedroom	1.4		0
2 Bedroom	2.1		0
3 Bedroom	3.1		0
Average	1.8	370	666

Total Pop	666	
Average Domestic Flow	2.16	L/s
Peaking Factor	3.33	
Peak Domestic Flow	7.18	L/s

Institutional / Commercial /				
Property Type	Un	it Rate	No. of Units	Avg Wastewater (L/s)
Commercial floor space*	5	L/m ² /d	650	0.08
Ammenity	5	L/m ² /d	2,328	0.27
Industrial - Light**	35,000	L/gross ha/d		0.00
Industrial - Heavy**	55,000	L/gross ha/d		0.00
			Average I/C/I Flow	0.34
	Peak	Institutional	Commercial Flow	0.34
		Pea	k Industrial Flow**	0.00
			Peak I/C/I Flow	0.34
* assuming a 12 hour commercia	al operation		_	

assuming a 12 hour commercial operation

^{**} peak industrial flow per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines Appendix 4B

Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate	2.53 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate	7.55 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate	7.67 L/s

SANITARY SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

CLIENT: Surface Developments
LOCATION: 1655 Carling Avenue

FILE REF: 19-1131

DATE: 09-Nov-20

DESIGN PARAMETERS

 Avg. Daily Flow Res.
 280
 L/p/d

 Avg. Daily Flow Comm.
 28,000
 L/ha/d

 Avg. Daily Flow Instit.
 28,000
 L/ha/d

 Avg. Daily Flow Indust.
 35,000
 L/ha/d

Peak Fact Res. Per Harmons: Min = 2.0, Max =4.0
Peak Fact. Comm. 1.5
Peak Fact. Instit. 1.5

Peak Fact. Instit. 1.5
Peak Fact. Indust. per MOE graph

Infiltration / Inflow Min. Pipe Velocity Max. Pipe Velocity 0.33 L/s/ha 0.60 m/s full flowing 3.00 m/s full flowing

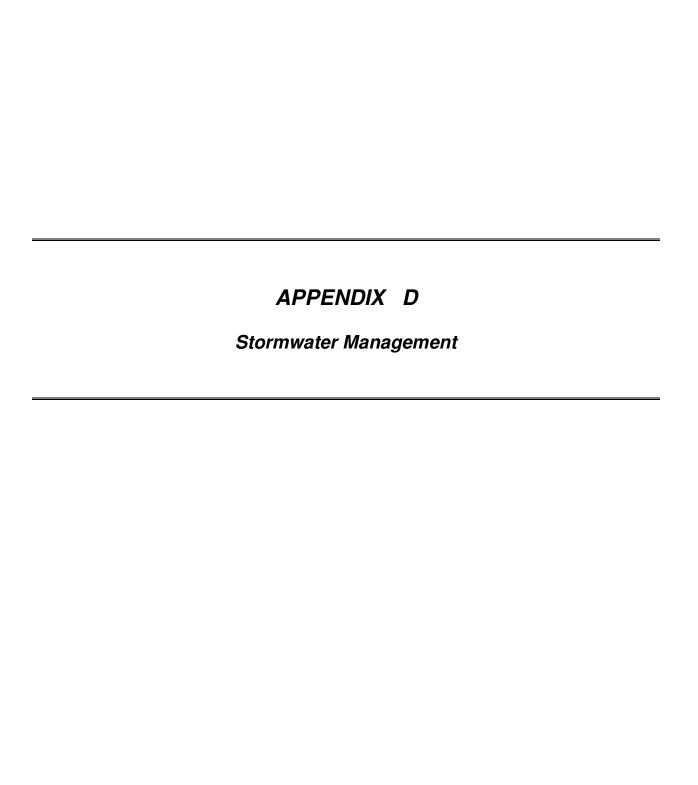
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	Location				Residen	tial Area	and Pop	ulation				Comm	ercial	Instit	utional	Indu	strial			Infiltration	1					Pipe	Data			
Area ID	Up	Down	Area	Number	of Units		Pop.	Cumu	lative	Peak.	Q _{res}	Area	Accu.	Area	Accu.	Area	Accu.	Q _{C+I+I}	Total	Accu.	Infiltration	Total	DIA	Slope	Length	A _{hydraulic}	R	Velocity	Q _{cap}	Q / Q full
				by	type			Area	Pop.	Fact.			Area		Area		Area		Area	Area	Flow	Flow								
			(ha)	Singles Semi's	Town's	Apt's		(ha)		(-)	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(m²)	(m)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(-)
	M1	M2	0.270			30	54.0	0.270	54.0	4.00	0.70	6.11	6.11		0.00	0.00	0.00	5.3	6.380	6.380	1.786	7.79	300	0.19	102.0	0.071	0.075	0.60	42.2	0.18

^{*}A conservative minimum slope of 0.19% was used for all 300 mm diamter existing sanitary sewers.





Surface Developments 1655 Carling Avenue Existing Site Conditions

Estimated Peak Stormwater Flow Rate City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Existing Drainage Charateristics From Internal Site

Area	0.460	ha
С	0.85	Rational Method runoff coefficient
L	114	m
Up Elev	77.86	m
Dn Elev	77.25	m
Slope	0.5	%
Tc	10.5	min

	Imp.	Perv.	Total
Area	0.430	0.030	0.460
C	0.9	0.2	0.85

1) Time of Concentration per Federal Aviation Administration

$$t_c = \frac{1.8(1.1 - C)L^{0.5}}{S^{0.333}}$$

tc, in minutes

C, rational method coefficient, (-)

L, length in ft

S, average watershed slope in %

Estimated Peak Flow

	2-year	5-year	100-year	
i	74.8	101.5	173.8	mm/hr
Q	81.7	110.8	222.1	L/s

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Stormwater - Proposed Development City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Target Flow Rate

Area C

0.460 ha 0.40 Rational Method runoff coefficient

10.0 min

2-year 76.5 mm/hr 39.1 L/s

Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from Unattenuated Areas

Area ID **U1** 0.024 ha Total Area

Q

0.85 Rational Method runoff coefficient

_	5-year					100-year				
t _c	i	Q _{actual}	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}	i	Q _{actual}	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m ³)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m ³)
10.0	104.2	5.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	178.6	12.1	12.1	0.0	0.0

Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from Attenuated Areas

Area ID Total Area C

A1 0.387 ha 0.82 Rational Method runoff coefficient

	5-year					100-year				
t _c	i	Q actual	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}	i	Q actual	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m ³)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m ³)
5	141.2	124.3	12.9	111.4	33.4	242.7	260.9	27.0	233.8	70.1
10	104.2	91.7	12.9	78.8	47.3	178.6	191.9	27.0	164.9	98.9
15	83.6	73.6	13.0	60.6	54.5	142.9	153.6	27.0	126.5	113.9
20	70.3	61.8	13.0	48.9	58.6	120.0	128.9	27.0	101.9	122.3
25	60.9	53.6	13.0	40.6	60.9	103.8	111.6	27.0	84.6	126.9
30	53.9	47.5	13.0	34.5	62.0	91.9	98.7	27.0	71.7	129.1
35	48.5	42.7	13.0	29.7	62.4	82.6	88.8	27.0	61.7	129.6
40	44.2	38.9	13.0	25.9	62.1	75.1	80.8	27.0	53.7	128.9
45	40.6	35.8	13.0	22.7	61.4	69.1	74.2	27.0	47.2	127.4
50	37.7	33.1	13.0	20.1	60.3	64.0	68.7	27.0	41.7	125.1
55	35.1	30.9	13.1	17.9	59.0	59.6	64.1	27.0	37.0	122.2
60	32.9	29.0	13.1	15.9	57.4	55.9	60.1	27.0	33.0	118.9
65	31.0	27.3	13.1	14.3	55.6	52.6	56.6	27.0	29.5	115.2
70	29.4	25.9	13.1	12.8	53.7	49.8	53.5	27.0	26.5	111.2
75	27.9	24.6	13.1	11.5	51.6	47.3	50.8	27.0	23.7	106.9
80	26.6	23.4	13.1	10.3	49.5	45.0	48.4	27.0	21.3	102.3
85	25.4	22.3	13.1	9.2	47.2	43.0	46.2	27.0	19.1	97.5
90	24.3	21.4	13.1	8.3	44.8	41.1	44.2	27.0	17.1	92.6
95	23.3	20.5	13.1	7.4	42.3	39.4	42.4	27.0	15.3	87.4
100	22.4	19.7	13.1	6.6	39.8	37.9	40.7	27.0	13.7	82.2
105	21.6	19.0	13.1	5.9	37.2	36.5	39.2	27.0	12.2	76.7

5-year Q_{attenuated} 13.10 L/s 100-year Qattenuated 27.05 L/s 5-year Max. Storage Required 62.4 m³ 100-year Max. Storage Required 129.6 m³

Summary of Release Rates and Storage Volumes

Control Area	5-Year Release Rate	5-Year Storage	100-Year Release Rate	100-Year Storage
	(L/s)	(m ³)	(L/s)	(m ³)
Unattenuated Areas	5.9	0.0	12.1	0.0
Attenutated Areas	13.1	62.4	27.0	129.6
Total	19.0	62.4	39.1	129.6

