CASTLE HEIGHTS RESIDENCES 374 McARTHUR AVENUE OTTAWA, ONTARIO

TRANSPORTATION IMPACT ASSESSMENT STRATEGY REPORT

December 23, 2020

D. J. Halpenny & Associates Ltd.

CASTLE HEIGHTS RESIDENCES 374 McARTHUR AVENUE OTTAWA, ONTARIO

TRANSPORTATION IMPACT ASSESSMENT STRATEGY REPORT December 23, 2020

Prepared for:

Castle Heights Development Inc.

722 TIA Analysis.doc

D. J. Halpenny & Associates Ltd.

CONSULTING TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERS
P.O. Box 774, Manotick, ON K4M 1A7 - Tel (613) 692-8662 - David@DJHalpenny.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
STEP 1 - SCREENING	1
STEP 2 - SCOPING	1
MODULE 2.1 – Existing and Planned Conditions MODULE 2.2 – Study Area and Time Periods MODULE 2.3 – Exemptions Review	8
STEP 3 - FORECASTING	9
MODULE 3.1 – Development-generated Travel Demands MODULE 3.2 – Background Network Travel Demands MODULE 3.3 – Demand Rationalization	12
STEP 4 - ANALYSIS	19
MODULE 4.1 – Development Design MODULE 4.2 – Parking MODULE 4.3 – Boundary Street Design MODULE 4.4 – Access Intersection Design MODULE 4.5 – Transportation Demand Management MODULE 4.6 – Neighbourhood Traffic Management MODULE 4.7 – Transit MODULE 4.8 – Review of Network Concept MODULE 4.9 – Intersection Design	
SUMMARY	40
APPENDIX	42

LIST OF FIGURES

2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3	SITE LOCATION PLAN CONCEPTUAL SITE PLAN 2018 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR TRAFFIC COUNTS PEAK AM AND PM HOUR SITE GENERATED TRIPS 2022 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR BACKGROUND TRAFFIC 2027 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR BACKGROUND TRAFFIC	. 3 . 6 13 15
3.4	2022 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR TOTAL TRAFFIC	
3.5	2027 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR TOTAL TRAFFIC	
4.1 LIST (OF TABLES	39
		_
2.1	COLLISION SUMMARY	. 7
3.1	VEHICLE TRIP GENERATION RATES - Residential Land Use	
3.2	TOTAL PEAK HOUR SITE GENERATED TRIPS - Residential Land Use	
3.3	MODE SHARE SUMMARY (Person-Trips) - Residential Land Use	
3.4	FUTURE SITE GENERATED PERSON-TRIPS - Residential Land Use	
3.5 4.1	PEAK HOUR DISTRIBUTION OF VEHICLE TRIPS	
4.1	PEDESTRIAN LEVEL OF SERVICE (PLOS) - Street Segment	
4.3	TRANSIT LEVEL OF SERVICE (TLOS) - Street Segment	
4.4	TRUCK LEVEL OF SERVICE (TkLOS) - Street Segment	
4.5	MULT-MODAL (MMLOS) SEGMENT SUMMARY TABLE - Street Segment	
4.6	ACCESS/McARTHUR INTERSECTION - LoS & Control Delay	
4.7	BRANT/McARTHUR INTERSECTION - LoS & v/c Ratio	
4.8	PEDESTRIAN LEVEL OF SERVICE (PLOS) - Intersection	
4.9	BICYCLE LEVEL OF SERVICE (BLOS) - Intersection	
4.10	TRANSIT LEVEL OF SERVICE (TLOS) - Intersection	
4.11	MULT-MODAL (MMLOS) INTERSECTION SUMMARY TABLE - Intersection	

CASTLE HEIGHTS RESIDENCES 374 McARTHUR AVENUE OTTAWA, ONTARIO

FORECASTING DOCUMENT

STEP 1 - SCREENING

A Screening Form has been prepared which is included as Exhibit 1.1 in the Appendix. The Screening Form was submitted to the City of Ottawa which determined that the trip generation trigger was not met, but both the location and safety triggers were met and a Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) study must continue onto the next stage. The following will address the requirements of the Scoping Document.

STEP 2 - SCOPING

MODULE 2.1 – Existing and Planned Conditions

Element 2.1.1 – Proposed Development

The Castle Heights Residence development would be located at 374 McArthur Avenue, approximately 40 m west of the intersection of McArthur Avenue and Brant Street (centre of property to centre of intersection). The property is 1,170.98 m² in size and has a "TM" zoning (Traditional Mainstreet) which will support the proposed apartment development. The building will be replacing an existing and currently vacant residential single-family home. Figure 2.1 provides a site location plan of the development.

The Site Plan proposes one 6 storey apartment building which will contain 67 rental apartment units. The building will provide 30 vehicle parking spaces in an underground parking garage, and 34 bicycle spaces for the tenants on the ground floor which will meet City zoning Bylaws. It is expected that the apartment building would be completed and substantially occupied by the year 2022. Figure 2.2 shows a conceptual site plan of the development.

Element 2.1.2 – Existing Conditions

The site for the proposed apartment building is located along the south side of McArthur Avenue approximately 40 m west of Brant Street. McArthur Avenue is under the jurisdiction of the City of Ottawa and is designated as an arterial road in the City's *Transportation Master Plan* (TMP). The roadway originally had a four lane undivided cross-section, but was reconstructed in 2018 under the City of Ottawa project, *McArthur*

FIGURE 2.1 SITE LOCATION PLAN

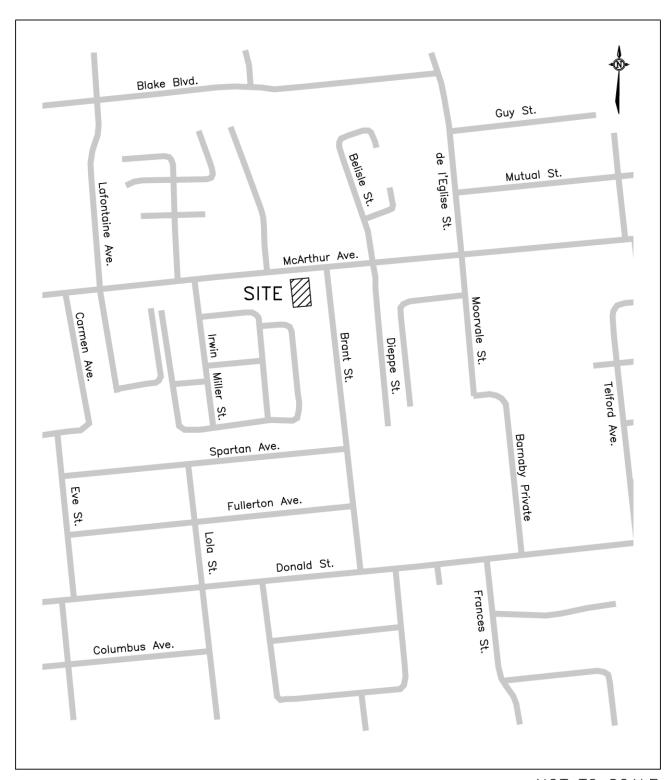
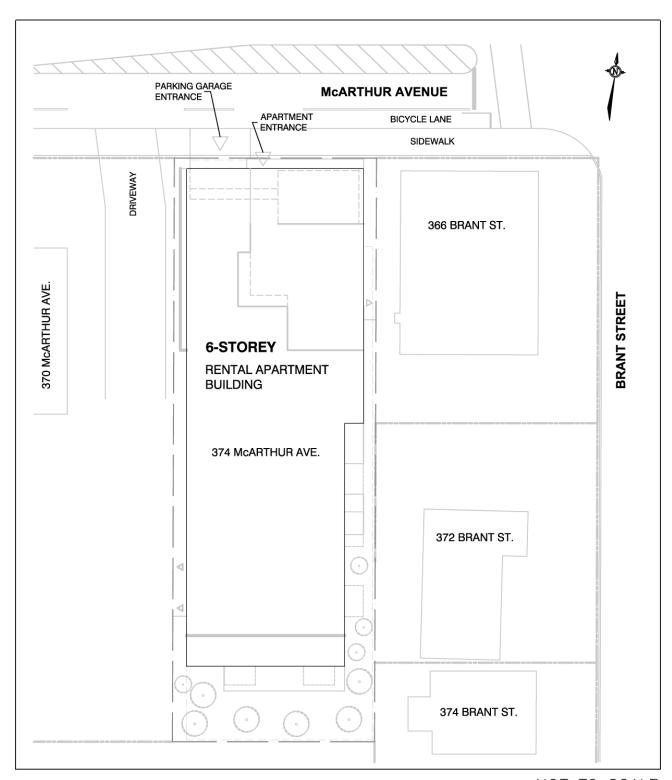


FIGURE 2.2 CONCEPTUAL SITE PLAN



Bicycle Lanes, from North River Rd. to St. Laurent Blvd., which modified the road to a two lane road with cycling lanes. The geometry of the road incorporates traffic calming measures by the use of bulb-outs to reduce the width of the road. The speed is unposted at 50 km./h., with posted speeds of 40 km./h. during peak morning and afternoon hours on school days. Pedestrian sidewalks are provided along both the north and south sides of the road. The Robert E. Wilson Public School is located on the north side of McArthur Avenue across from the site. Along the north side of McArthur Avenue in front of the school there is a lane next to the curb which is designated as a school bus loading zone. Approximately 40 m west of the site, the bus loading area lane is terminated and on-street parking with a 3 hour restriction Monday to Friday from 7:00 AM to 7:00 PM is provided along a westbound lane adjacent to the travel lane with the cycling lane adjacent to the curb. The public parking extends for a distance of 30 m which also includes a break which provides access to the apartment building at 353 McArthur Avenue on the north side of the road.

The intersection of Brant Street and McArthur Avenue is located 40 m east of the site. The intersection is a "T" intersection with McArthur Avenue forming the eastbound and westbound approaches, and Brant Street the northbound approach. The intersection is controlled by traffic signals. The intersection has the following lane configuration:

Northbound Brant Approach

Eastbound McArthur Approach Westbound McArthur Approach

One exclusive left turn lane
One exclusive right turn lane

One left/through/right lane (left into the plaza)

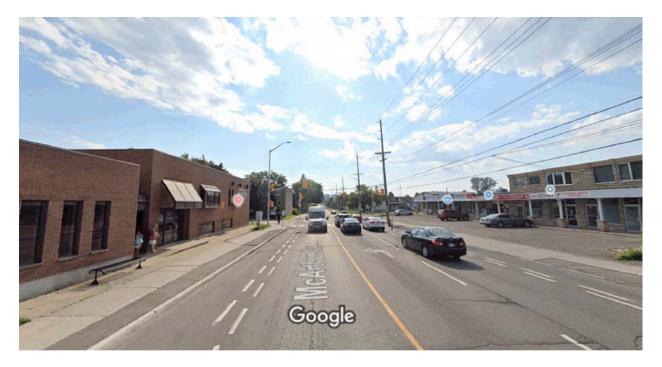
One through lane

One exclusive left turn lane

BRANT/McARTHUR INTERSECTION - Eastbound Approach



BRANT/McARTHUR INTERSECTION - Westbound Approach



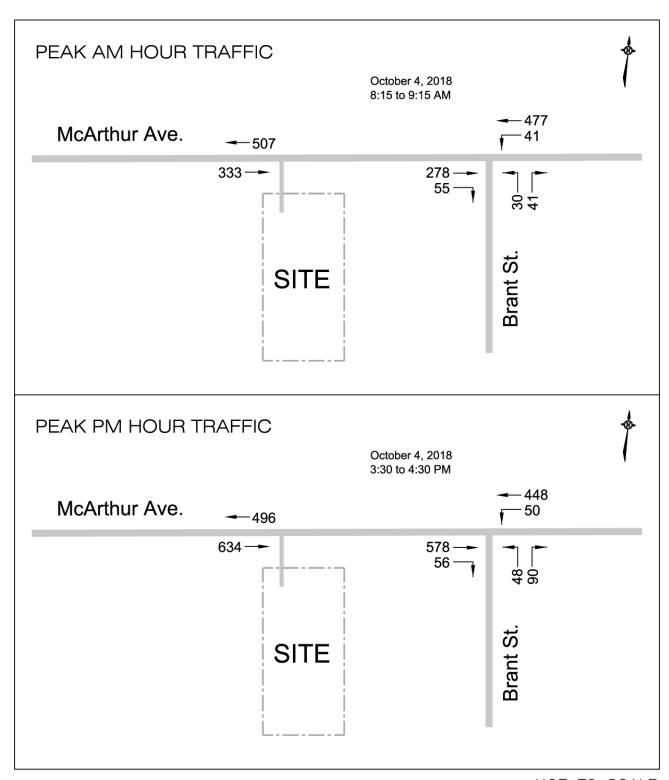
The intersection of Irwin Miller Street and McArthur Avenue is located 140 m west of the site. The intersection is a "T" intersection with Irwin Miller Street forming the northbound approach and McArthur Avenue the eastbound and westbound approaches. The intersection is a two-way stop controlled intersection with a stop sign at the northbound approach. Pedestrian traffic signals exist on the east side of the intersection which aids pedestrian crossing of McArthur Avenue. The intersection has the following lane configuration:

Northbound Irwin Miller Approach Eastbound McArthur Approach Westbound McArthur Approach One left/through/right lane (stop sign)
One shared through/right lane
One through lane
One exclusive left turn lane

Figure 2.3 shows the weekday peak AM and PM hour traffic counts obtained from the City of Ottawa at the Brant/McArthur intersection taken October 4, 2018. The traffic counts are presented in the Appendix as Exhibit 2.1.

The site is served by OC Transpo Frequent Route 14 which travels along McArthur Avenue past the site to the St. Laurent Transit Station to the east, and the downtown core and Tunney's Pasture Transit Station to the west. The closest eastbound bus stop is located at a 40 m walk at the far side of the Brant/McArthur intersection, and the westbound bus stop at a 75 m walk at the nearside of the Brant/McArthur intersection.

FIGURE 2.3 2018 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR TRAFFIC COUNTS



Collision reports were obtained from the City of Ottawa through Open Data Ottawa for the five year time period between the years January 1, 2014 and December 31, 2018. The reports were for the Brant/McArthur intersection and the McArthur Avenue road segment across the frontage of the site between Brant Street and Irwin Miller Street. During the five year period there were 12 reported collisions at the Brant/McArthur intersection, of which 4 were rear end collisions, and 6 were sideswipe collisions. The sideswipe collisions would be reduced following the modifications of McArthur Avenue to a two lane road with bicycle lanes in 2018. The McArthur Avenue road segment between Brant Street and Irwin Miller Street had 7 reported collisions over the five year period with 3 of the collisions being rear end collisions. Table 2.1 summarizes the collisions by year and type.

TABLE 2.1 COLLISION SUMMARY

.,	COLLISION TYPE						
YEAR	REAR END	ANGULAR	TURNING	SIDESWIPE	OTHER-SMV	TOTAL	
Brant Stree	t and McArthur	Avenue Intersec	tion				
2014	1	0	1	1	1	4	
2015	1	0	0	3	0	4	
2016	0	0	0	1	0	1	
2017	1	0	0	0	0	1	
2018	1	0	0	1	0	2	
TOTAL	4	0	1	6	1	12	
McArthur A	venue Between	Brant Street and	I Irwin Miller Stro	eet			
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2015	1	0	0	1	0	2	
2016	1	0	0	0	0	1	
2017	0	0	1	0	0	1	
2018	1	1	0	0	1	3	
TOTAL	3	1	1	1	1	7	

Element 2.1.3 – Planned Conditions

The City of Ottawa *Transportation Master Plan 2013* (TMP) has not identified any changes to the transportation network within the 2031 Affordable Network. The roadway modifications to McArthur Avenue for the Bicycle Lanes project are discussed in Element 2.1.2 and were completed in 2018. The project reduced the pavement cross-section to two travel lanes, and provided cycling lanes which would increase bicycle safety and provide traffic calming measures.

There have been no significant Site Plan Applications approved for large developments within the study area of the project.

MODULE 2.2 – Study Area and Time Periods

Element 2.2.1 – Study Area

The development will consist of a residential apartment building with one access onto McArthur Avenue. The entrance will provide access to an underground parking garage for the apartment tenants, and will be located approximately 40 m west of the intersection of McArthur Avenue and Brant Street (centre of property to centre of intersection).

The Study Area for the Transportation Impact Assessment report will include the McArthur Avenue road segment between Brant Street and Irwin Miller Street, and the Brant/McArthur intersection. The study will also assess the operation of the site access, and determine vehicular queuing which may have an impact on the operation of the site access and traffic at the Brant/McArthur intersection.

Element 2.2.2 – Time Periods

The time period for the analysis would be the weekday peak AM and PM time periods of traffic which would occur during the peak hours of the adjacent street traffic when drivers are travelling to and from work. The time period of traffic along McArthur Avenue would coincide with the peak hour trips generated from the residential apartment units.

Element 2.2.3 – Horizon Years

The TIA will address the impact of the trips from the proposed apartment units at the completion of the development in the year 2022. The analysis will further examine the impact at the year 2027 which represents five years beyond completion.

MODULE 2.3 – Exemptions Review

The exemptions, which provide possible reductions to the scope of work of the TIA Study, were examined using Table 4: Possible Exemptions which is provided in the City's *Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines (2017)*. Utilizing the table, the following lists the possible exemptions proposed for the TIA Study report:

MODULE ELEMENT		EXEMPTION CONSIDERATIONS						
Design Review Componen	Design Review Component							
4.1 Development Design	4.1.2 Circulation and Access	No – Will discuss moving trucks and garbage pickup.						
4.1 Development Design	4.1.3 New Street Networks	Yes – The development does not propose any new municipal streets.						
4.2 Parking	4.2.1 Parking Supply	No – Parking does meet the City of Ottawa parking Bylaws.						
4.2 Parking	4.2.2 Spillover Parking	No – Spillover will be examined as parking does not meet bylaws.						
Network Impact Compone	nt							
4.5 Transportation Demand Management	All Elements	No – TDM measures will be examined.						
4.6 Neighbourhood Traffic Management	4.6.1 Adjacent Neighbourhoods	Yes – Access to the development will be from an arterial road.						
4.8 Network Concept		Yes – The site would not generate more than 200 person-trips per peak hour in excess of the volume permitted by established zoning.						

STEP 3 - FORECASTING

MODULE 3.1 - Development-generated Travel Demand

Element 3.1.1 – Trip Generation and Mode Shares

The development at 374 McArthur Avenue will consist of a 67 unit apartment building. The development will have one site access point onto McArthur Avenue from an underground parking garage. The site will provide visitor parking spaces.

Residential Land Use

The residential use would consist of 67 rental apartment units on all floors of a six storey apartment building. The number of expected site generated trips utilized the trip statistical data documented in the 2009 TRANS Trip Generation Study report. The analysis used the Vehicle Trip Generation Rates from Table 6.3 of the TRANS document for ITE Land Use 223, "Mid-rise apartments (3-10 floors)" in an urban area inside the greenbelt. The number of site generated trips was proportioned inbound/outbound to the directional distribution shown in Table 3.17 of the document. The trips rates and distribution are shown in Table 3.1.

TABLE 3.1
VEHICLE TRIP GENERATION RATES - Residential Land Use

Trip Rate	Peak A	M Hour	Peak P	M Hour
Vehicle Trip Rate	0.24 T/Dwelling Units		0.28 T/Dwe	elling Units
Directional Distribution	24% Entering 77% Exiting		62% Entering	39% Exiting

The site generated trips were determined by the product of the number of apartment units (67 units) and the trip rates during the peak hour as shown in Table 3.1. The total number of auto-trips is shown in Table 3.2. The person-trips were determined by the number of auto-trips divided by the mode share for the number of vehicle trips. The mode share used was from Table 3.13 of the 2009 TRANS Trip Generation Study report for an apartment development in an urban area (within the greenbelt). The mode share is 0.37 vehicle trips for the peak AM hour and 0.40 vehicle trips for the peak PM hour. Table 3.2 shows the future peak hour person-trips.

TABLE 3.2 TOTAL PEAK HOUR SITE GENERATED TRIPS - Residential Land Use

Apartment	AUTO-TRIP (SENERATION	FUTURE PERSON-TRIPS		
Units	Peak AM Hour Peak PM Hour		Peak AM Hour	Peak PM Hour	
67 Apartments	16 veh.	19 veh.	43 per.	48 per.	

The modal split of trips was determined from the City of Ottawa document, 2011 NCR Household Origin-Destination Survey, January 2013. The primary travel modal share used the demographic characteristics for the Ottawa Inside Greenbelt area (Page 78) for trips. The residential modal share was calculated using the weighted average of from/within trips during the peak AM hour (leaving home), and to/within trips during the peak PM hour (returning home). Table 3.3 presents the modal share summary which will be used in the TIA study for the residential land use.

OC Transpo schedules Frequent Route 14 along McArthur Avenue past the site which provides service to the St. Laurent Transit Station to the east and the Ottawa downtown core to the west. Bus stops are located at the Brant/McArthur intersection. Cycling lanes have been provided in the McArthur Bicycle Lanes project which was completed in 2018. Pedestrian sidewalks are provided along both sides of McArthur Avenue.

The peak hour person-trips per mode were determined by the product of the peak hour future person-trips from Table 3.2 and the future mode share from Table 3.3. The result is shown in Table 3.4 for the residential portion of the development.

TABLE 3.3

MODE SHARE SUMMARY (Person-Trips) - Residential Land Use

Future Mode Share Targets for the Development					
Travel Mode AM PM			Rationale		
Auto Driver	53%	54%	Consistent with modal share targets		
Auto Passenger	10%	15%	and proximity to residential and employment areas		
Transit	19%	17%	Consistent with the 2009 TRANS and		
Bicycle	3%	3%	2011 TRANS-OD reports and the local		
Walk/Other	15%	11%	retail and commercial area		

TABLE 3.4 FUTURE SITE GENERATED PERSON-TRIPS - Residential Land Use

TRAVEL MODE	DEVELOPMENT GENERATED PERSON-TRIPS				
TRAVEL MODE	PEAK AM HR.	PEAK PM HR.			
Auto Driver	23 per. trips	26 per. trips			
Auto Passenger	4 per. trips	7 per. trips			
Transit	9 per. trips	9 per. trips			
Bicycle	1 per. trips	1 per. trips			
Walk/Other	6 per. trips	5 per. trips			
Total Trips	43 per. trips	48 per. trips			

The TIA Guidelines allow for three Trip Reduction Factors that may be applied to the expected development trips. There were no trip reductions applied to the residential use as discussed below:

- 1) Deduction of Existing Development Trips The existing vacant single-family house would not be generating any trips.
- 2) Pass-by Vehicle Trips All residential trips are assumed as primary trips.
- 3) Synergy or Internalization There would be no internalized trips with one land use.

Element 3.1.2 – Trip Distribution

The distribution of the peak hour site generated trips from the residential portion of the development was determined by examining the 2011 NCR Household Origin-Destination Survey for the origin/destination of peak AM hour trips for the Ottawa East/Beacon Hill area, and the October 4, 2018 traffic counts during the peak AM and PM hours at the Brant/McArthur intersection. The trip distribution percentage for the residential trips during the weekday peak AM and PM hours are as follows:

	Peak AM	Peak PM
To/From the south along Brant Street	10%	10%
To/From the east along McArthur Ave.	35%	40%
To/From the west along McArthur Ave.	55%	50%

<u>Element 3.1.3 – Trip Assignment</u>

The distribution of trips entering and exiting the site was determined by applying the directional distribution of vehicle trips shown in Table 3.1 to the Auto Driver trips shown in Table 3.4 for the residential trips. Table 3.5 presents the distribution of vehicle trips entering and exiting the site during the peak AM and PM hours.

TABLE 3.5 PEAK HOUR DISTRIBUTION OF VEHICLE TRIPS

PEAK HOUR TRIPS	WEEKDAY PEAK AM HR.			WEEKDAY PEAK PM HR.		
BUILDING USE	TOTAL	ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	ENTER	EXIT
67 Apartment Units	23	5 (24%)	18 (77%)	26	16 (62%)	10 (39%)

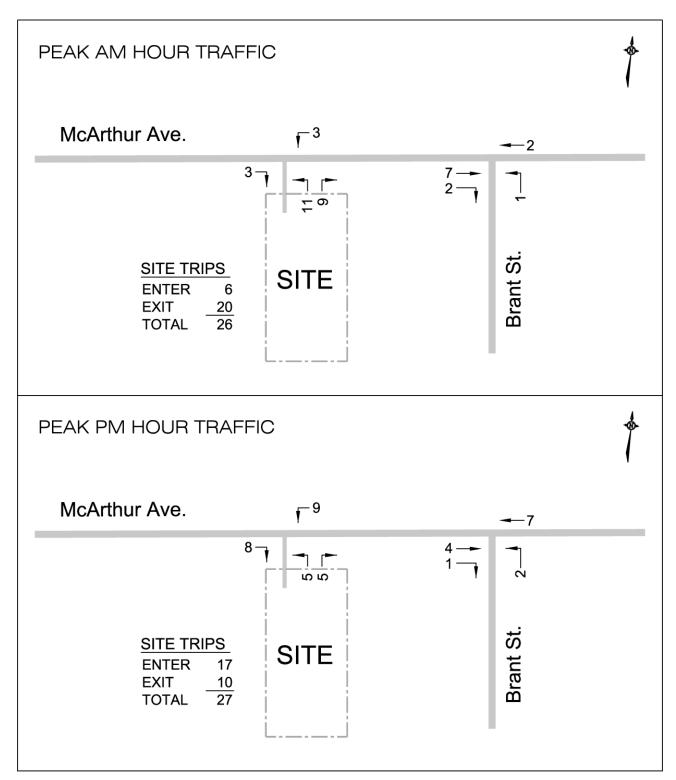
The peak AM and PM hour trips from Table 3.10 were distributed onto the adjacent roads using the distribution discussed in Element 3.1.2. Figure 3.1 shows the peak hour site generated trips for the residential land use.

MODULE 3.2 - Background Network Travel Demands

Element 3.2.1 – Transportation Network Plans

The City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (TMP) 2013 was reviewed to identify transit and roadway projects in the vicinity of the development. The document did not identify any planned network changes which would have an impact on all modes of travel demand. The McArthur Bicycle Lane project, which was completed in 2018, would provide a safer facility for cyclists and increase traffic calming measures by

FIGURE 3.1
PEAK AM AND PM HOUR SITE GENERATED TRIPS



reducing the number of vehicle travel lanes and providing bulb-outs. The bicycle lanes would also provide a buffer between the vehicles and sidewalks which would increase the feeling of safety for pedestrians along the sidewalks.

Element 3.2.2 – Background Growth

The background growth in traffic represents the increase or decrease in traffic due to development outside the study area. The trip trend of trips to/from the Ottawa Inner Area for auto driver trips was examined in the National Capital Region Travel Trends document prepared by the IBI Group. The document showed that trips from the Ottawa East area decreased at an average annual compounded rate of -1.12 percent, and trips to the Ottawa East area decreased at an average annual compounded rate of 1.04 percent between the years of 2005 and 2011.

The study has assumed that the background traffic would experience an annual compounded increase of 1.0 percent which translates to the following growth factors which were applied to the 2018 traffic counts at all approaches to the intersection of Brant Street and McArthur Avenue:

Growth Factor at the Brant/McArthur Intersection

 $2018 \rightarrow 2022 = 1.041$ Completion

 $2018 \rightarrow 2027 = 1.094$ Completion + 5 Years

Element 3.2.3 – Other Developments

A search for all significant development in the approval process with the City of Ottawa determined that there were no proposed developments within the study area of the proposed Castle Heights Residence project.

Figure 3.2 presents the 2022 peak AM and PM peak hour background vehicle traffic (does not include trips from the proposed Castle Heights Residence project). Figure 3.3 shows the expected 2027 peak hour background traffic which represents five years beyond completion of the development. All background traffic includes the 1.0 percent average annual compounded increase in traffic.

MODULE 3.3 - Demand Rationalization

There are no capacity limitations to the travel demands in the area. The approval of the reduction in travel lanes under the McArthur Bicycle Lanes project determined that future travel demand capacity would not be an issue.

The total vehicular traffic is the sum of the peak hour site generated trips and the peak hour background traffic. The site generated trips would be the addition of the site trips from Figure 3.1, and the background traffic (Figure 3.2 for the year 2022 and Figure 3.3 for the year 2027). Figure 3.4 presents the total 2022 peak hour vehicular traffic and Figure 3.5 the total 2027 peak hour vehicular traffic.

FIGURE 3.2 2022 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR BACKGROUND TRAFFIC

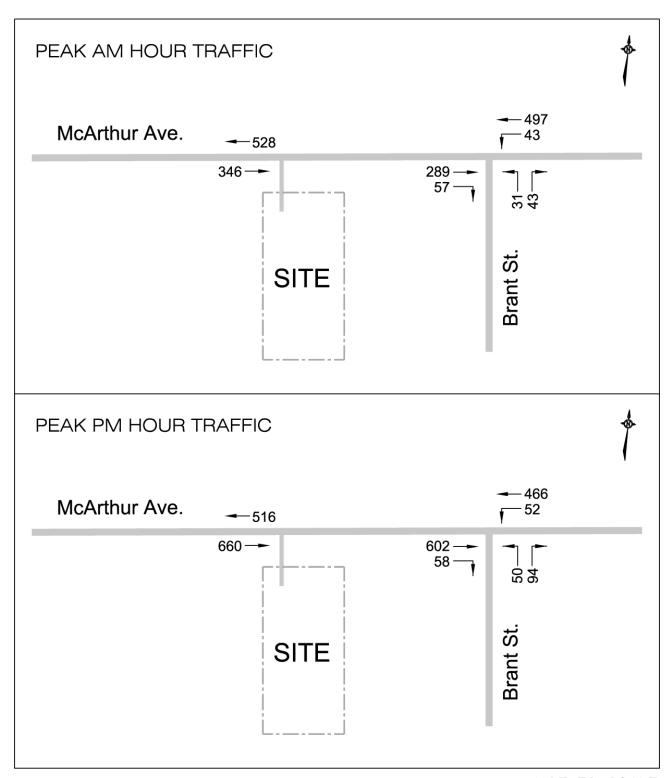


FIGURE 3.3 2027 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR BACKGROUND TRAFFIC

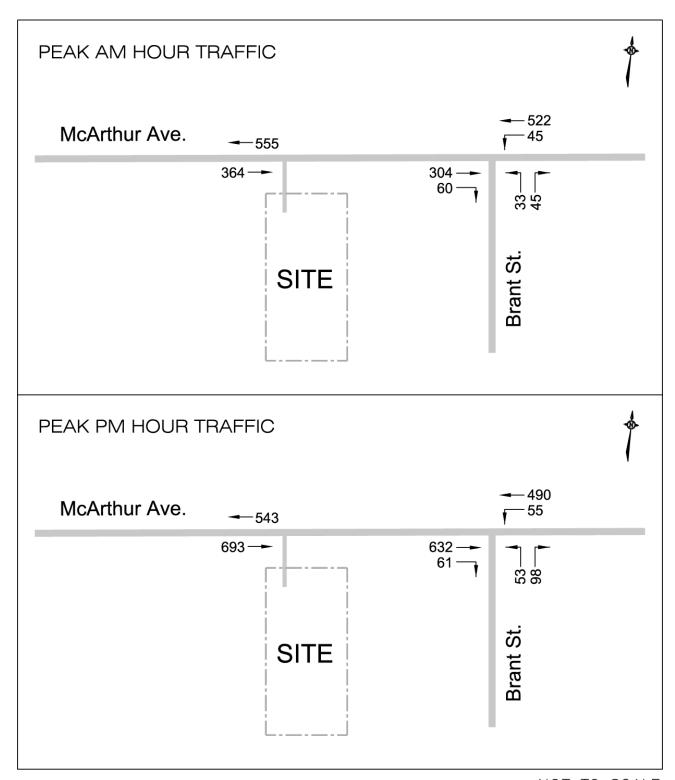


FIGURE 3.4 2022 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR TOTAL TRAFFIC

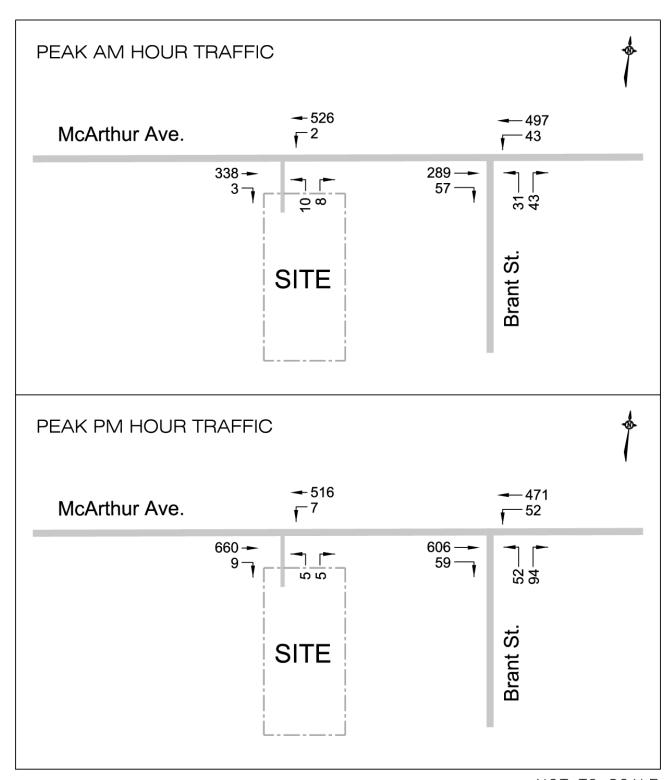
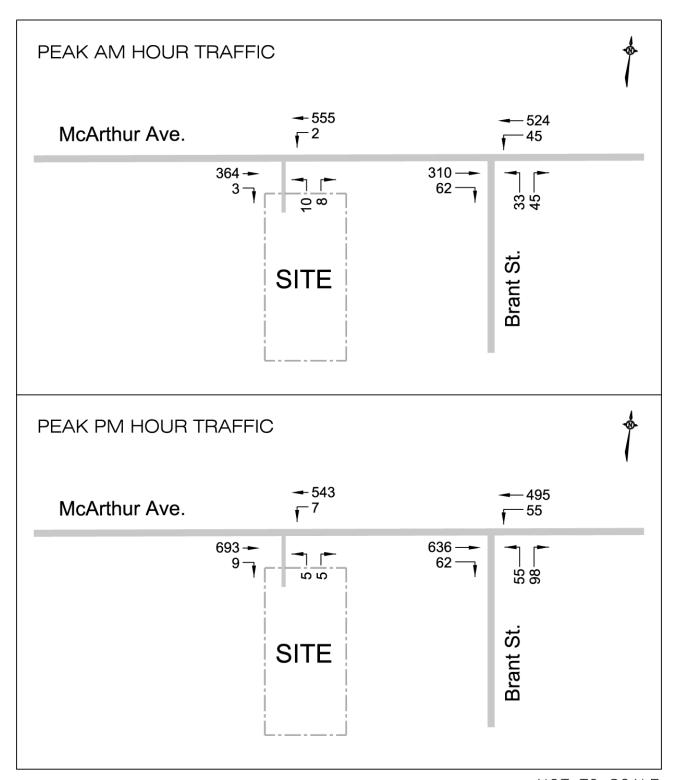


FIGURE 3.5 2027 PEAK AM AND PM HOUR TOTAL TRAFFIC



STEP 4 – ANALYSIS

MODULE 4.1 – Development Design

Element 4.1.1 – Design for Sustainable Modes

The proposed development will have 67 rental apartment units and 30 parking spaces including 1 barrier free space provided in an underground parking garage.

A bicycle storage rack will be provided close to the main entrance to the apartment building. The bike rack would be available to visitors of tenants of the apartment units. A bicycle storage room will be located on the ground floor of the building which would provide storage for 34 bicycles. McArthur Avenue provides cycling lanes along both sides of the roadway which were constructed under the McArthur Bicycle Lanes project in 2018.

Pedestrian sidewalks exist along both sides of McArthur Avenue which form part of the pedestrian sidewalk network.

The site is served by OC Transpo Frequent Route 14 which travels along McArthur Avenue past the site and provides service to the St. Laurent Transit Station to the east, and the downtown area and Tunney's Pasture Transit Station to the west. The eastbound and westbound Route 14 bus stops are located at the Brant/McArthur intersection with a maximum walk of 75 m.

The study has utilized the *TDM - Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist provided below* for a Residential Development for the rental apartment units. The checklist examines the opportunity to implement facilities which are supportive of sustainable modes.

TDM-Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist:

Residential Developments (multi-family or condominium)

Legend The Official Plan or Zoning By-law provides related guidance that must be followed The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	1.	WALKING & CYCLING: ROUTES	
	1.1	Building location & access points	
BASIC	1.1.1	Locate building close to the street, and do not locate parking areas between the street and building entrances	□ The building has an underground parking garage
BASIC	1.1.2	Locate building entrances in order to minimize walking distances to sidewalks and transit stops/stations	
BASIC	1.1.3	Locate building doors and windows to ensure visibility of pedestrians from the building, for their security and comfort	
	1.2	Facilities for walking & cycling	
REQUIRED	1.2.1	Provide convenient, direct access to stations or major stops along rapid transit routes within 600 metres; minimize walking distances from buildings to rapid transit; provide pedestrian-friendly, weather-protected (where possible) environment between rapid transit accesses and building entrances; ensure quality linkages from sidewalks through building entrances to integrated stops/stations (see Official Plan policy 4.3.3)	OC Transpo bus stops are located at the Brant/McArthur intersection, within a 75 m walk from the building entrance
REQUIRED	1.2.2	Provide safe, direct and attractive pedestrian access from public sidewalks to building entrances through such measures as: reducing distances between public sidewalks and major building entrances; providing walkways from public streets to major building entrances; within a site, providing walkways along the front of adjoining buildings, between adjacent buildings, and connecting areas where people may congregate, such as courtyards and transit stops; and providing weather protection through canopies, colonnades, and other design elements wherever possible (see Official Plan policy 4.3.12)	∑ The building entrances are located at the north limit of the property next to the municipal sidewalk

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
REQUIRED	1.2.3	Provide sidewalks of smooth, well-drained walking surfaces of contrasting materials or treatments to differentiate pedestrian areas from vehicle areas, and provide marked pedestrian crosswalks at intersection sidewalks (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.4	Make sidewalks and open space areas easily accessible through features such as gradual grade transition, depressed curbs at street corners and convenient access to extra-wide parking spaces and ramps (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.5	Include adequately spaced inter-block/street cycling and pedestrian connections to facilitate travel by active transportation. Provide links to the existing or planned network of public sidewalks, multi-use pathways and onroad cycle routes. Where public sidewalks and multi-use pathways intersect with roads, consider providing traffic control devices to give priority to cyclists and pedestrians (see Official Plan policy 4.3.11)	☐ The McArthur Bicycle Lanes provide the safe and efficient movement of bikes throughout the roadway network
BASIC	1.2.6	Provide safe, direct and attractive walking routes from building entrances to nearby transit stops	
BASIC	1.2.7	Ensure that walking routes to transit stops are secure, visible, lighted, shaded and wind-protected wherever possible	All walking routes are along an arterial road with street lighting
BASIC	1.2.8	Design roads used for access or circulation by cyclists using a target operating speed of no more than 30 km/h, or provide a separated cycling facility	
	1.3	Amenities for walking & cycling	
BASIC	1.3.1	Provide lighting, landscaping and benches along walking and cycling routes between building entrances and streets, sidewalks and trails	
BASIC	1.3.2	Provide wayfinding signage for site access (where required, e.g. when multiple buildings or entrances exist) and egress (where warranted, such as when directions to reach transit stops/stations, trails or other common destinations are not obvious)	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments	add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	2.	WALKING & CYCLING: END-OF-TRIP FACILI	TIES
	2.1	Bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.1.1	Provide bicycle parking in highly visible and lighted areas, sheltered from the weather wherever possible (see Official Plan policy 4.3.6)	☐ There will be a bicycle room in the underground parking garage for 45 bikes
REQUIRED	2.1.2	Provide the number of bicycle parking spaces specified for various land uses in different parts of Ottawa; provide convenient access to main entrances or well-used areas (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	Bike racks will be located close to the main entrance for visitor parking
REQUIRED	2.1.3	Ensure that bicycle parking spaces and access aisles meet minimum dimensions; that no more than 50% of spaces are vertical spaces; and that parking racks are securely anchored (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	
BASIC	2.1.4	Provide bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of resident-owned bicycles, plus the expected peak number of visitor cyclists	The number of bike storage spaces meets City By-laws. Bike racks are located at the front of the building
	2.2	Secure bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.2.1	Where more than 50 bicycle parking spaces are provided for a single residential building, locate at least 25% of spaces within a building/structure, a secure area (e.g. supervised parking lot or enclosure) or bicycle lockers (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	□ N/A
BETTER	2.2.2	Provide secure bicycle parking spaces equivalent to at least the number of units at condominiums or multifamily residential developments	Secure bike parking spaces will meet City By-laws
	2.3	Bicycle repair station	
BETTER	2.3.1	Provide a permanent bike repair station, with commonly used tools and an air pump, adjacent to the main bicycle parking area (or secure bicycle parking area, if provided)	
	3.	TRANSIT	
	3.1	Customer amenities	
BASIC	3.1.1	Provide shelters, lighting and benches at any on-site transit stops	□ N/A
BASIC	3.1.2	Where the site abuts an off-site transit stop and insufficient space exists for a transit shelter in the public right-of-way, protect land for a shelter and/or install a shelter	□ N/A
BETTER	3.1.3	Provide a secure and comfortable interior waiting area by integrating any on-site transit stops into the building	□ N/A

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments	Check if completed & descriptions, explanations plan/drawing references
	4.	RIDESHARING	
	4.1	Pick-up & drop-off facilities	
BASIC	4.1.1	Provide a designated area for carpool drivers (plus taxis and ride-hailing services) to drop off or pick up passengers without using fire lanes or other no-stopping zones	
	5.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
	5.1	Carshare parking spaces	
BETTER	5.1.1	Provide up to three carshare parking spaces in an R3, R4 or R5 Zone for specified residential uses (see Zoning By-law Section 94)	N/A
	5.2	Bikeshare station location	
BETTER	5.2.1	Provide a designated bikeshare station area near a major building entrance, preferably lighted and sheltered with a direct walkway connection	
	6.	PARKING	
	6.1	Number of parking spaces	
REQUIRED	6.1.1	Do not provide more parking than permitted by zoning, nor less than required by zoning, unless a variance is being applied for	The Site Plan provides 30 spaces which meets City By-law requirements
BASIC	6.1.2	Provide parking for long-term and short-term users that is consistent with mode share targets, considering the potential for visitors to use off-site public parking	
BASIC	6.1.3	Where a site features more than one use, provide shared parking and reduce the cumulative number of parking spaces accordingly (see Zoning By-law Section 104)	
BETTER	6.1.4	Reduce the minimum number of parking spaces required by zoning by one space for each 13 square metres of gross floor area provided as shower rooms, change rooms, locker rooms and other facilities for cyclists in conjunction with bicycle parking (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	
	6.2	Separate long-term & short-term parking areas	
BETTER	6.2.1	Provide separate areas for short-term and long-term parking (using signage or physical barriers) to permit access controls and simplify enforcement (i.e. to discourage residents from parking in visitor spaces, and vice versa)	

Element 4.1.2 – Circulation and Access

Exempt as determined in the Scoping Document.

Element 4.1.3 – New Street Networks

Exempt as determined in the Scoping Document.

MODULE 4.2 – Parking

Element 4.2.1 - Parking Supply

The development will provide 30 parking spaces which includes 1 barrier free space. The parking will all be contained in the underground garage and would consist of 25 spaces for the tenants of the building and 5 spaces for visitors. The vehicular parking provided will meet the City of Ottawa parking By-laws.

The site will provide spaces for the parking of 34 bicycles in a secured area on the ground floor of the building. Bike racks will also be provided at the building entrance for visitors.

<u>Element 4.2.2 – Spillover Parking</u>

The site is well served by transit with OC Transpo Frequent Route 14 travelling past the site and bus stops located at the Brant/McArthur intersection. Transit, which provides service to the downtown core and Tunney's Pasture Transit Station to the west, and the St. Laurent Transit Station to the east, would be well used by residents thereby reducing the need for vehicles and spillover parking.

Residents leasing apartment units in the building would be aware of the limited parking available in the parking garage and would likely not depend on on-street parking in the area.

The apartment development would provide on-site visitor parking. On-street parking is allowed along both sides of Brant Street, approximately a minimum 90 m walk from the building entrance.

Spillover parking in the area resulting from the development of the site would likely not be a problem.

MODULE 4.3 – Boundary Street Design

The City of Ottawa Complete Streets concept allows for the safe movement of everyone whether they choose to walk, bike, drive, or take public transit. The boundary road to the Castle Heights Residences would be McArthur Avenue. McArthur Avenue is a two lane arterial road.

Dedicated bicycle lanes are provided along both sides of the road adjacent to the curb. Sidewalks are provided along both sides of the road adjacent to the curb and bicycle lanes. Transit service travels along McArthur Avenue past the site with Frequent Route 14 providing all day 7 days a week service.

The multi-modal level of service for the McArthur Avenue road segment between Irwin Miller Street and Brant Street was determined utilizing the City of Ottawa publication, *Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines*. The following examined the MMLOS for the various modes of travel along the McArthur Avenue road segment.

PEDESTRIAN LEVEL OF SERVICE (PLOS)

There are sidewalks along both sides of McArthur Avenue. The sidewalks are approximately 2.0 m in width with a paved boulevard and are adjacent to the curb and bike lanes. The sidewalk across the frontage of the site is a 2.5 m concrete sidewalk adjacent to the curb. Table 4.1 presents the level of service for the street segment adjacent to the site, with the analysis sheets provided in the Appendix.

TABLE 4.1
PEDESTRIAN LEVEL OF SERVICE (PLOS) – Street Segment

Street Segment		Level of Service	Analysis
McArthur Ave.	Between Irwin Miller St and Brant St.	D	Exhibit 4.1

BICYCLE LEVEL OF SERVICE (BLOS)

McArthur Avenue between Irwin Miller Street and Brant Street is identified in the *Ottawa Cycling Plan* as a local cycling route. McArthur Avenue has a dedicated bike lane on both sides of the road which were constructed in 2018 under the McArthur Bike Lanes project. Table 4.2 presents the level of service for the McArthur Avenue road segment with the analysis sheets provided in the Appendix.

TABLE 4.2
BICYCLE LEVEL OF SERVICE (BLOS) – Street Segment

Street	Segment	Level of Service	Analysis
McArthur Ave.	Between Irwin Miller St and Brant St.	В	Exhibit 4.2

TRANSIT LEVEL OF SERVICE (TLOS)

OC Transpo provides transit service along McArthur Avenue past the site with Frequent Route 14 which provides all day service 7 days a week. Route 14 travels to the Tunney's Pasture Transit Station to the west and St. Laurent Transit Station to the east with stops in the downtown core. Table 4.3 presents the level of service along the McArthur Avenue road segment between Irwin Miller Street and Brant Street. The analysis sheets are provided in the Appendix.

TABLE 4.3
TRANSIT LEVEL OF SERVICE (TLOS) – Street Segment

Street	Segment	Level of Service	Analysis
McArthur Ave.	Between Irwin Miller St and Brant St.	D	Exhibit 4.3

TRUCK LEVEL OF SERVICE (TkLOS)

The truck LoS was determined for the McArthur Avenue road segment adjacent to the site. McArthur Avenue is designated as an urban truck route, with truck travel prohibited along Brant Street. Table 4.4 presents the truck level of service with the analysis sheets provided in the Appendix.

TABLE 4.4
TRUCK LEVEL OF SERVICE (TkLOS) – Street Segment

Street	Segment	Level of Service	Analysis
McArthur Ave.	Between Irwin Miller St and Brant St.	Α	Exhibit 4.4

Traffic collisions along the McArthur Avenue road segment between Irwin Miller Street and Brant Street are shown in Table 2.1 in Element 2.1.2. Over the five year period between January 1, 2014 and December 31, 2018, 7 collisions were recorded along the McArthur Avenue road segment across the frontage of the site. The majority of collisions were rear end collisions. The traffic calming measures of the 2018 construction of the bike lanes with precast curbs defining the bike lanes would reduce the number of collisions.

The McArthur Avenue road segment was analyzed to determine the level of service which was compared to the MMLOS targets for pedestrians, bicycles, transit and trucks. The calculated Level of Service (LoS) as shown in Tables 4.1 to 4.4 is compared to the LoS targets for all modes of travel for a Traditional Mainstreet Zoning. The LoS targets

were obtained from Exhibit 22 of the *Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines*. Table 4.5 summarizes the MMLOS results for the road segments and targets.

TABLE 4.5
MULTI-MODAL (MMLOS) SEGMENT SUMMARY TABLE - Street Segment

SEGMENTS	Level of Service (LoS) – 2029				
SEGIVIENTS	Pedestrian	Bicycle	Transit	Auto	Truck
SEGMENT					
Calculated McArthur Ave.	D	В	D	-	Α
Target	В	С	D	-	D

The pedestrian level of service (PLOS) did not meet the target due to the volume of traffic along McArthur Avenue. Having the designated bike lane between the sidewalk and road would increase the level of comfort of pedestrians.

MODULE 4.4 – Access Intersection Design

Element 4.4.1 – Location and Design of Access

The apartment development will have one access to an underground garage. The access will be 6.0 m in width and would provide one lane entering and one lane exiting. The access would be located at the west side of the property approximately 43 m from the Brant/McArthur intersection (center to center). There is a residential driveway adjacent to the west limit of the site, and an access to the Robert E. Wilson public school across from the site on the north side of McArthur Avenue.

The Access to the development's parking garage would provide full turning movements to/from McArthur Avenue. As part of the McArthur Bicycle Lanes project, precast curbs were installed within the 0.5 m buffer between the bike lane and travel lane. Across the frontage of the site, a precast curb was installed at the west portion of the site providing an opening at the east portion in front of the existing driveway. With the proposed access being relocated to the west portion of the site, the 4.9 m long precast curb would be relocated 7.0 m further east next to the existing precast curb (end to end). This would provide an unobstructed access to/from the proposed parking garage.

The precast curb which requires relocation is shown in the following photograph. A discussion with City of Ottawa staff has determined that the relocation of the precast curb would not trigger the requirement of a Road Modification Approval (RMA) report.

McARTHUR AVENUE - Eastbound View of The Precast Curb At The Site Access



Element 4.4.2 – Intersection Control

The access to the underground parking garage would be controlled by a stop sign at the northbound garage exit, and the one exit lane to have shared left/right turning movements. The volume of site generated trips and the proximity to the Brant/McArthur intersection would not trigger any further traffic control measures.

<u>Element 4.4.3 – Intersection Design</u>

The analysis of the intersection of the site access and the Brant/McArthur intersection were completed for all modes using the *Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines* and the *Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 2010.* Each mode will be addressed in the following sections:

VEHICLE LEVEL OF SERVICE (LoS) – Intersection Capacity Analysis

The analysis of the site access and the Brant/McArthur intersection will use the *Highway Capacity Software*, *Version 7.8.5*, which uses the capacity analysis procedure as documented in the *Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 2010 and HCM 6th Edition*.

For unsignalized intersections, the level of service of each lane movement and approach is determined as a function of the average control delay of vehicles at the approach. The following relates the level of service of each lane movement with the expected control delay at the approach.

LEVEL OF SERVICE AVERAGE CONTROL DELAY

0-10 sec./vehicle	Little or No Delay
>10-15 sec./vehicle	Short Traffic Delays
>15-25 sec./vehicle	Average Traffic Delays
>25-35 sec./vehicle	Long Traffic Delays
>35-50 sec./vehicle	Very Long Traffic Delays
>50 sec./vehicle	Extreme Delays – Demand Exceeds Capacity
	>10-15 sec./vehicle >15-25 sec./vehicle >25-35 sec./vehicle >35-50 sec./vehicle

The expected length of gueue at the critical lane movements for an unsignalized twoway stop controlled intersection was determined by the calculation of the 95th percentile queue at the lane approach. The 95th percentile queue length is the calculated 95th greatest queue length out of 100 occurrences at a movement during a 15-minute peak period. The 95th percentile queue length is a function of the capacity of a movement and the total expected traffic, with the calculated value determining the magnitude of the queue by representing the queue length as fractions of vehicles.

For a signalized intersection, the operation or level of service of an intersection is determined from the volume to capacity ratio (v/c) for each lane movement as documented by the City of Ottawa in the Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines (2017). The following relates the level of service with the volume to capacity ratio at each lane movement.

LEVEL OF SERVICE	VOLUME TO CAPACITY RATIO
Level of Service A Level of Service B Level of Service C Level of Service D Level of Service E Level of Service F	0 to 0.60 0.61 to 0.70 0.71 to 0.80 0.81 to 0.90 0.91 to 1.00 > 1.00

Access and McArthur Avenue Intersection

The site access onto McArthur Avenue will be a new access to the underground parking garage. The access intersection will be a "T" intersection with the site access forming the northbound approach which will be controlled by a stop sign. The following is the lane configuration of the Access intersection:

Northbound Access Approach	One left/right turn lane (Stop Sign)
Eastbound McArthur Ave. Approach	One shared through/right lane
Westbound McArthur Ave. Approach	One shared left/through lane

The operational analysis was conducted for the expected traffic at the year 2022 when the development is expected to be completed. The time period would be for the peak AM and PM hours of the adjacent road which would coincide with the expected site generated trips of residents travelling to/from work.

The operational analysis at the Access/McArthur intersection determined that the intersection would function at a Level of Service (LoS) "C" during the 2022 peak AM and PM hours. Table 4.6 summarizes the operation of the intersection with the analysis sheets provided in the Appendix as Exhibit 4.5 for the peak AM hour and Exhibit 4.6 for the peak PM hour.

TABLE 4.6
ACCESS/McARTHUR INTERSECTION – LoS & Control Delay

INTERSECTION APPROACH		EAK AM HOUR (2027 Total)	WEEKDAY PEAK PM HOUR 2022 Total (2027 Total)		
	LoS	Delay (sec.)	LoS	Delay (sec.)	
WB Left/Through - McArthur	A (A)	8.1 (8.2)	A (C)	9.1 (9.2)	
NB Left/Right - Access	C (C)	15.1 (15.8)	C (C)	20.5 (21.8)	
Total Intersection	C (C)	15.1 (15.8)	C (C)	20.5 (21.8)	

At the year 2027 which represents five years beyond completion, the Access/McArthur intersection would continue to operate at a LoS "C" during both the peak AM and PM hours. Table 4.6 summarizes the operation of the intersection with the analysis sheets provided as Exhibit 4.7 and Exhibit 4.8.

The 95th percentile queue was calculated using the expected 2027 traffic. The analysis determined that the westbound left/through McArthur Avenue movement would experience a 0.0 vehicle queue and the northbound left/right turn movement a 0.2 vehicle queue during both the 2027 peak AM and PM hours. The westbound McArthur Avenue queuing of vehicles entering the site's garage entrance would not impact the operation of the Brant/McArthur intersection.

Brant Street and McArthur Avenue Intersection

The intersection of Brant Street and McArthur Avenue is a "T" intersection with McArthur Avenue forming the eastbound and westbound approaches, and Brant Street the northbound approach. The intersection is controlled by traffic signals and has the following intersection geometry:

Northbound Brant Approach One exclusive left turn lane

One exclusive right turn lane

Eastbound McArthur Approach One left/through/right lane (left into the plaza)

Westbound McArthur Approach One through lane

One exclusive left turn lane

An operational analysis was completed for the peak AM and PM hours using the existing 2018 traffic counts obtained from the City of Ottawa (Figure 2.3). The analysis used the existing lane geometry following the reconstruction of McArthur Avenue with designated bike lanes in 2018. The analysis determined that all lane movements functioned at a Level of Service (LoS) "A" during the peak AM hour. During the peak PM hour all lane movements functioned at a LoS "A" with the exception of the eastbound McArthur through/right lane movement which functioned at a LoS "C". The operation of the intersection is summarized in Table 4.7, with the analysis sheets provided in the Appendix as Exhibit 4.9 for the peak AM hour and Exhibit 4.10 for the peak PM hour.

TABLE 4.7
BRANT/McARTHUR INTERSECTION – LoS & v/c Ratio

INTERSECTION APPROACH	WEEKDAY PEAK AM HOUR 2018 Existing 2027 Background 2022 Total (2027 Total)		WEEKDAY PEAK PM HOUR 2018 Existing 2027 Background 2022 Total (2027 Total)	
	LoS	v/c Ratio	LoS	v/c Ratio
EB Through/Right	A A A (A)	0.398 0.435 <i>0.413</i> (0.445)	C D D (D)	0.785 0.858 <i>0.824</i> (0.865)
WB Left	A A A (A)	0.083 0.097 <i>0.089</i> (0.098)	A A A (A)	0.231 0.317 <i>0.268</i> (0.324)
WB Through	A A A (A)	0.549 0.601 <i>0.57</i> 2 (0.603)	A A A (A)	0.540 0.590 <i>0.567</i> (0.596)
NB Left	A A A (A)	0.065 0.071 <i>0.067</i> (0.071)	A A A (A)	0.089 0.099 <i>0.097</i> (0.102)
NB Right	A A A (A)	0.100 0.109 <i>0.105 (</i> 0.109)	A A A (A)	0.203 0.221 <i>0.212</i> (0.221)

The analysis for the expected 2027 background traffic which does not include the site generated site trips, determined that all lane movements functioned at a LoS "A" during the peak AM hour, and during the peak PM hour all movements functioned at a LoS "A" with the exception of the eastbound through/right movement which functioned at a LoS "D". Table 4.7 summarizes the operation of the intersection with the analysis sheets provided as Exhibits 4.11 and 4.12.

Following the completion of the residential development in 2022, the intersection would function at an acceptable level of service with all approaches functioning at a LoS "A" during the peak AM hour, and a LoS "A" during the peak PM hour with the exception of the eastbound through/right lane movement which functioned at a LoS "D". Table 4.7 summarizes the 2022 total traffic operation of the intersection, with the analysis sheets provided as Exhibit 4.13 for the peak AM hour and 4.14 for the peak PM hour.

For the expected total traffic at the year 2027, the intersection would continue to operate at the same level of service as the 2027 background and 2022 total traffic. All lane movements would function at a LoS "A" during the peak AM as shown in Table 4.7, and

all lane movements at a LoS "A" with the exception of the eastbound McArthur Avenue through/right movement which functioned at a LoS "D" during the peak PM hour.

The 95th percentiles queue length was examined for the eastbound McArthur Avenue approach to the Brant/McArthur intersection. The queue length was determined to be 45 m during the peak AM hour and 130 m during the peak PM hour. The clear length between the eastbound stop bar of the Brant/McArthur intersection and the east limit of the garage access is 28 m. During the peak hours the eastbound queue to the Brant/McArthur intersection may extend past the garage access interfering with the exiting of vehicles. The queue would clear every signal cycle allowing vehicles to enter or exit the site.

The operational analysis determined that the Brant/McArthur intersection operated at the same 2027 level of service following the development of the site as compared to the 2027 background traffic. There would not be any requirements for modifications to the intersection of Brant Street and McArthur Avenue due to the development of the apartment development.

PEDESTRIAN LEVEL OF SERVICE (PLOS)

The pedestrian level of service was determined utilizing the City of Ottawa publication, *Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines*. There are sidewalks along both sides of McArthur Avenue adjacent to the curb. The sidewalk on the south side across the frontage of the site is 2.5 m in width. Table 4.8 presents the level of service for the Brant/McArthur intersection adjacent to the site, with the analysis sheets provided in the Appendix.

TABLE 4.8
PEDESTRIAN LEVEL OF SERVICE (PLOS) – Intersection

Intersection	Level of Service	Analysis
Brant Street and McArthur Avenue	С	Exhibit 4.17

BICYCLE LEVEL OF SERVICE (BLOS)

The bicycle level of service (BLOS) was determined for the intersection of Brant Street and McArthur Avenue. There are dedicated cycling lanes which were constructed in 2018 under the City of Ottawa *McArthur Bicycle Lanes, from North River Rd. to St. Laurent Blvd.* project. Table 4.9 presents the level of service for the Brant/McArthur intersection with the analysis sheets provided in the Appendix.

TABLE 4.9 BICYCLE LEVEL OF SERVICE (BLOS) – Intersection

Intersection	Level of Service	Analysis	
Brant Street and McArthur Avenue	В	Exhibit 4.18	

TRANSIT LEVEL OF SERVICE (TLOS)

OC Transpo provides transit service along McArthur Avenue past the site with Frequent Route 14 which travels to the St. Laurent Transit Station to the east, and the downtown core and the Tunney's Pasture Transit Station to the west. Table 4.10 presents the level of service at the Brant/McArthur intersection which was determined from the evaluation tables provided in the City of Ottawa publication, *Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines*. The analysis sheets are provided in the Appendix.

TABLE 4.10
TRANSIT LEVEL OF SERVICE (TLOS) – Intersection

Intersection	Level of Service	Analysis	
Brant Street and McArthur Avenue	D	Exhibit 4.19	

TRUCK LEVEL OF SERVICE (TkLOS)

The Brant/McArthur level of service for a truck mode was not determined in the analysis as Brant Street prohibits truck travel.

MODULE 4.5 – Transportation Demand Management

Element 4.5.1 – Context for TDM

The site is located along the south side of McArthur Avenue which is designated as an arterial road. The site is well served by the sidewalk network and dedicated cycling lanes along McArthur Avenue. OC Transpo provides transit service to two major transit stations as well as the downtown area. The number of residential trips would be low due to the number of units and available multimodal travel options, and any site generated trips which would be greater than determined would have a minor impact on the adjacent land uses and services.

Element 4.5.2 – Need and Opportunity

The residential component of the development would not require a program to promote various mode shares as the adjacent sidewalk network, dedicated bicycle lanes, and transit routes to the downtown core and transit stations, would promote the use of alternative modes of travel.

Element 4.5.3 – TDM Program

TDM measures could be implemented to encourage travel by sustainable modes which would be applied to the residential component of the development. The TDM measures which would reduce the number of vehicle trips would mainly be the encouragement of transit and bicycle use. The programs would mainly be that of providing information in the form of transit schedules/routes, and maps showing designated bike routes.

The study has utilized the TDM Measures Checklist for a Residential Development which examines the implementation of facilities that are supportive of sustainable modes. The following provides the checklist which examines the Site Plan and transportation components for the proposed residential development at 374 McArthur Avenue.

TDM Measures Checklist:

Residential Developments (multi-family, condominium or subdivision)

Legend The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance The measure is one of the most dependably effective tools to encourage the use of sustainable modes

	TDM	measures: Residential developments	Check if proposed & add descriptions
	1.	TDM PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	
	1.1	Program coordinator	
BASIC	★ 1.1.1	Designate an internal coordinator, or contract with an external coordinator	
	1.2	Travel surveys	
BETTER	1.2.1	Conduct periodic surveys to identify travel-related behaviours, attitudes, challenges and solutions, and to track progress	
	2.	WALKING AND CYCLING	
	2.1	Information on walking/cycling routes & des	tinations
BASIC	2.1.1	Display local area maps with walking/cycling access routes and key destinations at major entrances (multi-family, condominium)	Area maps for walking/cycling can be displayed on an information board in the lobby
	2.2	Bicycle skills training	
BETTER	2.2.1	Offer on-site cycling courses for residents, or subsidize off-site courses	

		TDM	measures: Residential developments	Check if proposed & add descriptions
		3.	TRANSIT	
		3.1	Transit information	
BASIC	;	3.1.1	Display relevant transit schedules and route maps at entrances (multi-family, condominium)	☐ Transit schedules can be displayed on an information board in the lobby
BETTER	(3.1.2	Provide real-time arrival information display at entrances (multi-family, condominium)	
		3.2	Transit fare incentives	
BASIC	*	3.2.1	Offer PRESTO cards preloaded with one monthly transit pass on residence purchase/move-in, to encourage residents to use transit	
BETTER	;	3.2.2	Offer at least one year of free monthly transit passes on residence purchase/move-in	
		3.3	Enhanced public transit service	
BETTER	*	3.3.1	Contract with OC Transpo to provide early transit services until regular services are warranted by occupancy levels (subdivision)	
	;	3.4	Private transit service	
BETTER	;	3.4.1	Provide shuttle service for seniors homes or lifestyle communities (e.g. scheduled mall or supermarket runs)	
	4	4.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
	4	4.1	Bikeshare stations & memberships	
BETTER	4	4.1.1	Contract with provider to install on-site bikeshare station (<i>multi-family</i>)	
BETTER	4	4.1.2	Provide residents with bikeshare memberships, either free or subsidized <i>(multi-family)</i>	
	4	4.2	Carshare vehicles & memberships	
BETTER	4	4.2.1	Contract with provider to install on-site carshare vehicles and promote their use by residents	
BETTER	4	4.2.2	Provide residents with carshare memberships, either free or subsidized	
	_ ;	5.	PARKING	
		5.1	Priced parking	
BASIC	* !	5.1.1	Unbundle parking cost from purchase price (condominium)	□ N/A
BASIC	*	5.1.2	Unbundle parking cost from monthly rent (multi-family)	Unbundling parking from

Check if proposed & TDM measures: Residential developments add descriptions 6. **TDM MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS** 6.1 Multimodal travel information 6.1.1 Provide a multimodal travel option information A multimodal travel information package to new residents package can be included with the rental agreement 6.2 Personalized trip planning 6.2.1 Offer personalized trip planning to new residents

MODULE 4.6 – Neighbourhood Traffic Management

Element 4.6.1 – Adjacent Neighbourhoods

Exempt as determined in the Scoping Document.

MODULE 4.7 - Transit

Element 4.7.1 – Route Capacity

OC Transpo provides Frequent Route as Route 14 which operates in all time periods 7 days a week. The route provides 15 minute bus service during peak hours. Frequent Route 14 travels from the St. Laurent Transit Station to the east to Tunney's Pasture Transit Station to the west. The route also travels through the downtown core.

The low number of transit person trips would produce a minor impact on the capacity of transit in the area and would not trigger the need for additional transit capacity.

Element 4.7.2 – Transit Priority

Transit Priority Measures do not exist along McArthur Avenue past the site, but may be implemented along other arterial roads along the route if transit delay becomes an issue.

MODULE 4.8 – Review of Network Concept

Exempt as determined in the Scoping Document.

MODULE 4.9 – Intersection Design

Element 4.9.1 – Intersection Control

The intersection of Brant Street and MacArthur Avenue is located 40 m east of the site. The intersection is controlled by traffic signals. No further traffic control measures are required.

Element 4.9.2 – Intersection Design

Intersection of the Site Access and McArthur Avenue

The site access onto McArthur Avenue will be located at the west portion of the site. The access will be a full movement access which will operate at an acceptable level of service as shown in Table 4.6. The existing precast concrete curb between the bicycle lane and roadway travel lane will be relocated in order to provide full turning movements at the access. The 4.9 m precast curb would be placed end to end with the existing curb to the east. Figure 4.1 shows the proposed relocation of the curb.

Intersection of Brant Street and McArthur Avenue

The Brant/McArthur signalized intersection was analyzed to determine the level of service which was compared to the MMLOS targets for pedestrians, bicycles, transit, and autos. The calculated Level of Service (LoS) as shown in Tables 4.7 to 4.10 is compared to the LoS targets for all modes of travel. The LoS targets were obtained from Exhibit 22 of the *Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines*. Table 4.11 summarizes the MMLOS results for the Brant/McArthur intersection and targets.

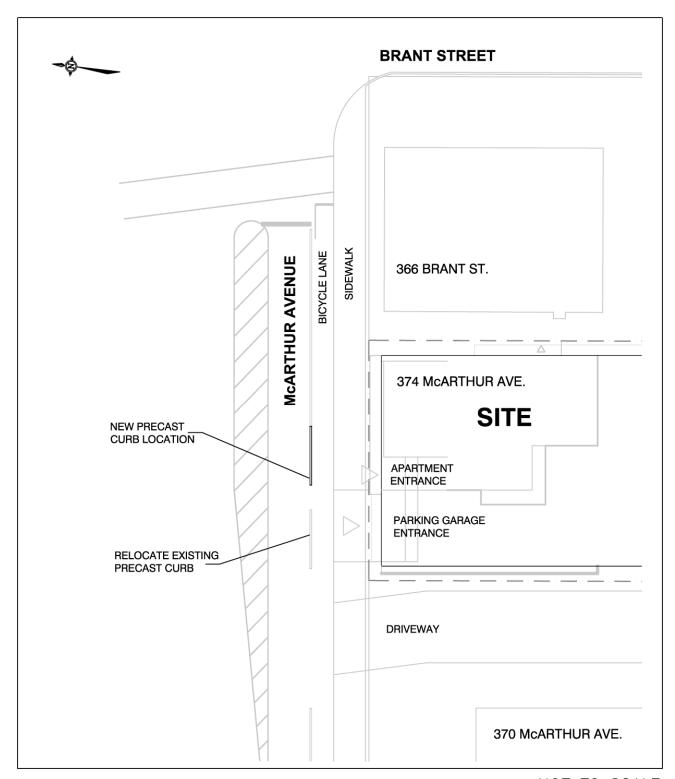
TABLE 4.11
MULTI-MODAL (MMLOS) INTERSECTION SUMMARY TABLE - Intersection

BRANT/McARTHUR		Level of	Service (Lo	S) – 2027			
INTERSECTION	Pedestrian	Bicycle	Transit	Auto	Truck		
INTERSECTION							
Calculated LoS	С	В	D	-	-		
Target LoS	В	С	D	D	-		

The pedestrian LoS at the Brant/McArthur intersection did not meet the target due to the number of lanes crossed and the right turn conflicts of lanes.

The LoS for the bicycle mode of transportation meet the target due to the construction of the designated bike lanes along McArthur Avenue.

FIGURE 4.1
PRECAST CURB RELOCATION - Site Access/McArthur Intersection



The Transit LoS did meet the MMLOS target.

The operation of the Brant/McArthur intersection was analyzed for the 2018 counts, and expected 2022 and 2027 future traffic as discussed in Element 4.4.3 using the procedure documented in the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 2010. The existing geometry and expected traffic volumes determined that the Brant/McArthur interaction operated at an acceptable level of service using the 2027 traffic volumes, with all lane movements functioning at a LoS "A" during the peak AM hour and all lane movements functioning at a LoS "A" during the peak PM hour with the exception of the eastbound through/right movement which functioned at a LoS "D". As discussed in the HCM, the auto level of service was not addressed for the intersection as a whole because both the design and signalization of the intersection focus on the accommodation of traffic movement at the approaches.

The Truck LoS was not calculated as Brant Street prohibits truck travel.

There would be no requirement for intersection modifications to the Brant/McArthur intersection.

SUMMARY

A Site Plan has been prepared for the redevelopment of a 1,171 m² parcel of land at 374 McArthur Avenue which is currently occupied by one vacant residential house. The property fronts on the south side of McArthur Avenue approximately 40 m west of the Brant/McArthur intersection.

The proposed development will comprise of one 6 storey residential apartment building which will provide 67 rental units. The building will have an underground parking garage providing 30 vehicle parking spaces, of which 25 will be for the residents of the apartment building and 5 spaces for visitors. The development is expected to be completed and occupied by the year 2022.

The TIA analysis has examined the modes of transportation along the McArthur Avenue road segment between Irwin Mills Street and Brant Street, and the Brant/McArthur intersection for the weekday peak AM and PM hour of operation following development of the site. The transportation analysis has determined the following:

- 1. The proposed Castle Heights Residences would be a residential building consisting of 67 rental units. The development is expected to generate 6 vehicle trips arriving and 20 vehicle trips departing during the weekday peak AM hour for a total of 26 trips, and 17 vehicle trips arriving and 10 vehicle trips departing during the weekday peak PM hour for a total of 27 trips.
- 2. The parking garage will provide 30 parking spaces for tenants and visitors of the apartment building including 1 barrier-free space. The parking meets the Zoning By-law for provided parking.

41

- 3. The Site Plan provides bicycle racks in a secured area on the ground floor for 34 bicycles which meets the City of Ottawa Zoning By-law. A bike rack will be provided at the building entrance for visitors to the building.
- 4. The underground parking garage access would be located approximately 43 m west of the Brant/McArthur intersection. A 95th percentile queuing analysis using the 2027 traffic determined that the westbound McArthur Avenue left turn movement into the site would be minor and would not have an impact on the operation of the Brant/McArthur intersection.

The 2027 peak hour queuing analysis at the Brant/McArthur intersection determined that the 95th percentile queue at the eastbound approach would periodically extend past the parking garage access impacting access to the garage. The queue would clear every signal cycle.

5. The MMLOS analysis of the McArthur Avenue road segment determined that the pedestrian (PLOS) level of service did not meet the MMLOS target due to the volume of traffic along McArthur Avenue. The designated bike lanes and bulbouts along McArthur Avenue would provide traffic calming measures which would improve the pedestrian level of comfort.

The pedestrian (PLOS) target was not met for the Brant/McArthur intersection due to number of lanes crossed and the right turn conflicts.

6. The operation analysis determined that the Access/McArthur and Brant/McArthur intersections would both function at an acceptable level of service. There would be no requirement for modifications to the road or intersections due to the development with the exception of a private approach permit for the 6.0 m garage access onto McArthur Avenue. The operational analysis determined that all movements at the Brant/McArthur intersection would operate at the same level of service for the 2027 total traffic (including site generated trips) when compared to the 2027 background traffic.

Prepared by:

David & Wal

David J. Halpenny, M. Eng., P. Eng.



APPENDIX

SCREENING FORM

TRAFFIC COUNTS

ITE TRIP GENERATION GRAPHS

MMLOS ROAD SEGMENT AND INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

EXHIBIT 1.1 SCREENING FORM

City of Ottawa 2017 TIA Guidelines Screening Form

1. Description of Proposed Development

Municipal Address	3817-3843 Innes Road, Ottawa
Description of Location	Residential Development
Land Use Classification	"TM" Zoning – Traditional Mainstreet
Development Size (units)	67 Units
Development Size (m ²)	3,663 m ² - 6 storey apartment building
Number of Accesses and Locations	1 access to/from underground parking garage onto McArthur Ave.
Phase of Development	One Phase of development
Buildout Year	2022

If available, please attach a sketch of the development or site plan to this form.

2. Trip Generation Trigger

Considering the Development's Land Use type and Size (as filled out in the previous section), please refer to the Trip Generation Trigger checks below.

Land Use Type	Minimum Development Size
Apartments	67 units

	Yes	No
67 Apartment units < 90 Minimum Development Size		Х

^{*} If the development has a land use type other than what is presented in the table above, estimates of person-trip generation may be made based on average trip generation characteristics represented in the current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual.

If the proposed development size is greater than the sizes identified above, the Trip Generation Trigger is satisfied.

3. Location Triggers

	Yes	No
Does the development propose a new driveway to a boundary street that is designated as part of the City's Transit Priority, Rapid Transit or Spine Bicycle Networks?	X	
Is the development in a Design Priority Area (DPA) or Transit-oriented Development (TOD) zone?*	X	

^{*}DPA and TOD are identified in the City of Ottawa Official Plan (DPA in Section 2.5.1 and Schedules A and B; TOD in Annex 6). See Chapter 4 for a list of City of Ottawa Planning and Engineering documents that support the completion of TIA).

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Location Trigger is satisfied.

4. Safety Triggers

	Yes	No
Are posted speed limits on a boundary street are 80 km/hr or greater?		X
Are there any horizontal/vertical curvatures on a boundary street limits sight lines at a proposed driveway?		X
Is the proposed driveway within the area of influence of an adjacent traffic signal or roundabout (i.e. within 300 m of intersection in rural conditions, or within 150 m of intersection in urban/ suburban conditions)?	X	
Is the proposed driveway within auxiliary lanes of an intersection?	Χ	
Does the proposed driveway make use of an existing median break that serves an existing site?	X	
Is there a documented history of traffic operations or safety concerns on the boundary streets within 500 m of the development?		X
Does the development include a drive-thru facility?		X

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Safety Trigger is satisfied.

5. Summary

	Yes	No
Does the development satisfy the Trip Generation Trigger?		X
Does the development satisfy the Location Trigger?	X	
Does the development satisfy the Safety Trigger?	X	

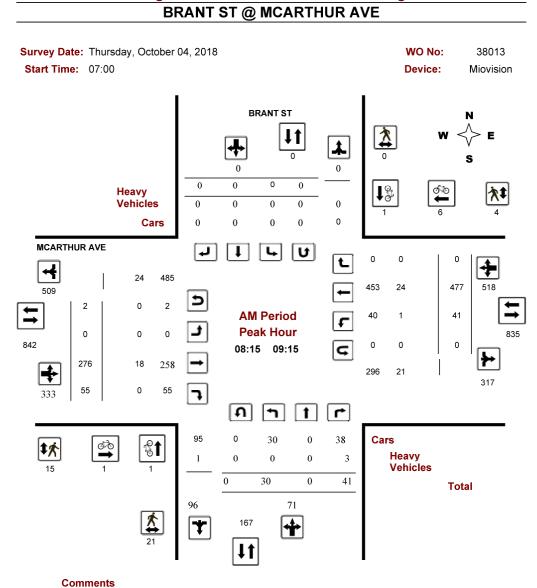
If none of the triggers are satisfied, the TIA Study is complete. If one or more of the triggers is satisfied, the TIA Study must continue into the next stage (Screening and Scoping).

EXHIBIT 2.1 2018 PEAK AM HOUR TRAFFIC COUNTS - BRANT/McARTHUR INTERSECTION



Transportation Services - Traffic Services

Turning Movement Count - Peak Hour Diagram



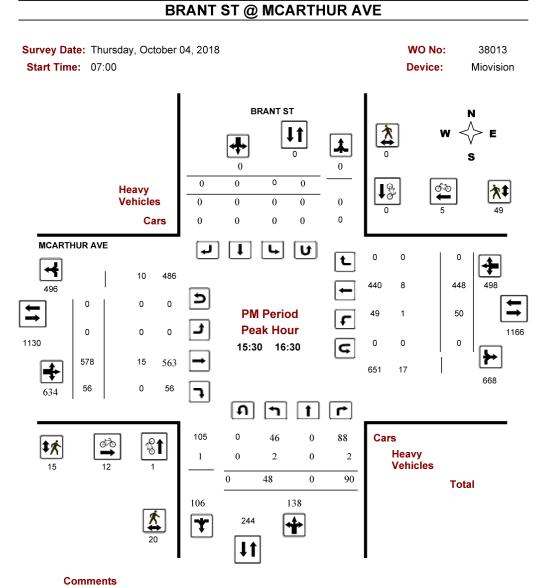
2020-Aug-10 Page 1 of 3

2018 PEAK PM HOUR TRAFFIC COUNTS - BRANT/McARTHUR INTERSECTION



Transportation Services - Traffic Services

Turning Movement Count - Peak Hour Diagram



2020-Aug-10 Page 3 of 3

SEGMENT SCORE **D**

EXHIBIT 4.1 MCARTHUR AVENUE - PLOS SEGMENT EVALUATION

N/A

No sidewalk

STREET McArthur Avenue FROM Irwin Miller Street

TO Brant Street

YEAR 2027

DIRECTION Eastbound-Westbound

MMLOS MODE **PLOS**

	Boulevard Width (m)	dth Motor Vehicle Traffic Volume			Segme	nt PLOS			
Sidewalk Width (m)			Presence of On-	Operating Speed (km/h)					
(III)	(11)	(AADT)	street Parking	≤30	>30 or 50	>50 or 60	>60 1		
		≤ 3000	N/A	А	А	А	В		
	> 2	> 3000	Yes	А	В	В	N/A		
		> 3000	No	А	В	С	D		
		≤ 3000	N/A	А	А	А	В		
2.0 or more	0.5 to 2	> 3000	Yes	А	В	С	N/A		
		> 3000	No	A	С		Е		
		≤ 3000	NA	А	В	С	D		
	0	> 3000	Yes	В	В	D	N/A		
		> 3000	No	В	С	E	F		
	> 2 0.5 to 2		≤ 3000	N/A	А	А	А	В	
		> 3000	Yes	А	В	С	N/A		
		> 3000	No	А	С	D	Е		
		≤ 3000	N/A	А	В	В	D		
1.8		0.5 to 2	> 3000	Yes	А	С	С	N/A	
		> 3000	No	В	С	Е	Е		
		≤ 3000	N/A	А	В	С	D		
	0	0	0	> 3000	Yes	В	С	D	N/A
		> 3000	No	С	D	F	F		
		≤ 3000	N/A	С	С	С	С		
	> 2	> 3000	Yes	С	С	D	N/A		
1.5		> 3000	No	С	D	Е	Е		
		≤ 3000	N/A	С	С	С	D		
	0.5 to 2	0.5 to 2	0.5 to 2	> 3000	Yes	С	С	D	N/A
		> 3000	No	D	E	E	E		
	0	N	/A	D	E	F ²	F ²		
<1.5	N/A		F 3	F ³	F ³	F ³			

SEGMENT SCORE **B**

EXHIBIT 4.2 McARTHUR AVENUE - BLOS SEGMENT EVALUATION

STREET McArthur Avenue FROM Irwin Miller Street

TO Brant Street

YEAR 2027

DIRECTION Eastbound-Westbound

MMLOS MODE **BLOS**

Type of Bikeway		LOS
Physically Separated Bikeway (cycl	e tracks, protected bike lanes and multi-use paths). Physical separation refers to, but is not	Α
	ollards and parking lanes (adjacent to the bike lane along the travelled way i.e. not curbside).	^
Bike Lanes Not Adjacent Parking La		
	1 travel lane in each direction	Α
No. of Travel Lanes	2 travel lanes in each direction separated by a raised median	В
No. of Haver Earles	2 travel lanes in each direction without a separating median	С
	More than 2-travel lanes in each direction	D
	> 1.8 m wide bks late include marker by fer in payed of its light.	Α
Bike Lane Width	≥1.5 m to <1.8 m wide bike lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	В
	≥1.2 m to <1.5 m wide bike lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	С
	≤ 50 km/h operating speed	Α
Operating Speed	60 km/h operating speed	С
	≥ 70 km/h operating speed	E
Bike lane blockage	Rare	А
(commercial areas)	Frequent	С
Bike Lanes Adjacent to curbside Pa	arking Lane - Select Worst Scoring Criteria	
	1 travel lane in each direction	Α
No. of Travel Lanes	2 or more travel lanes in each direction	1
	4.5 m wide bike lane plus parking lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	Ā
	4.25 m wide bike lane plus parking lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	В
Bike Lane and Parking Lane Width		
	≤ 4.0 m wide bike lane plus parking lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	С
	≤ 40 km/h operating speed	
Operating Speed	50 km/h operating speed	В
Operating Opera	60 km/h operating speed	D
	≥ 70 km/h operating speed	_
Bike lane blockage	Rare	Α
(commercial areas)	Frequent	
Mixed Traffic		
	2 travel lanes; ≤ 40 km/h; no marked centerline or classified as residential	A
	2 to 3 travel lanes; ≤ 40 km/h	В
	2 travel lanes; 50 km/h; no marked centerline or classified as residential	В
No. of Travel Lanes and Operating		D
Speed	2 to 3 travel lanes; 50 km/h NOT APPLICABLE 4 to 5 travel lanes; ≤ 40 km/h	D
-	4 to 5 travel lanes; ≥ 50 km/h	E
	6 or more travel lanes; ≤ 40 km/h	E
	≥ 60 km/h	F
Unsignalized Crossing along Route		-
onsignalized crossing along Route	3 or less lanes being crossed; ≤ 40 km/h	A
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; ≤ 40 km/h	В
	3 or less lanes being crossed; 50 km/h	В
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; 50 km/h	C
No. of Travel Lanes on Side Street		C
	3 or less languages said; 60 pp PLICABLE	D
and Operating Speed	6 or more lanes being crossed; < 40 km/h	E
		E
	3 or less lanes being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h	F
	6 or more lanes being crossed; ≥ 50 km/h	F
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h	٢
unsignalized Crossing along Route	e: with median refuge (> 1.8 m wide)	Α.
	5 or less lanes being crossed; ≤ 40 km/h	A
	3 or less lanes being crossed; 50 km/h	A
	6 or more lanes being crossed; ≤ 40 km/h	В
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; 50 km/h 3 or less lanes being crossed A0 PMPLICABLE	В
No. of Travel Lanes on Side Street		В
and Operating Speed	6 or more lanes being crossed; 50 km/h	С
and operating operation	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; 60 km/h	С
	3 or less lanes being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h	D
	6 or more lanes being crossed; 60 km/h	E
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h	Е

SEGMENT SCORE **D**

EXHIBIT 4.3 McARTHUR AVENUE - TLOS SEGMENT EVALUATION

STREET McArthur Avenue FROM Irwin Miller Street

TO Brant Street

YEAR 2027

DIRECTION Eastbound-Westbound

MMLOS MODE TLOS

	Escility Type	Level/exposu friction	ire to conge on and incid		Quantitative	LOS
	Facility Type	Congestion	Friction	Incident Potential	Measurement	LUS
	Segregated ROW	No	No	No	N/A	А
Due lene	No/limited parking/driveway friction	No	Low	Low	$C_f \leq 60$	В
Bus lane	Frequent parking/driveway friction	No	Medium	Medium	$C_f > 60$	С
	Limited parking/driveway friction	Yes	Low	Medium	$VtVp \ge 0.8$	D
Mixed Traffic	Moderate parking/driveway friction	Yes	Medium	Medium	$VtVp \leq 0.6$	Е
	Frequent parking/driveway friction	Yes	High	High	Vt/Vp < 0.4	F

Notes:

Cf, Conflict Factor = = (Number of driveways x crossing volume) / 1 km

Vt/Vp is the ratio of average transit travel speed to posted speed limit

 \mathbf{A}

SEGMENT SCORE

EXHIBIT 4.4 McARTHUR AVENUE - TKLOS SEGMENT EVALUATION

STREET McArthur Avenue FROM Irwin Miller Street

TO Brant Street

2027

YEAR DIRECTION Eastbound-Westbound

MMLOS MODE **TkLOS**

Exhibit 20 - TkLOS Segment Evaluation Table

Curb Lane Width (m)	Only two travel lanes (one in each direction)	More than two travel lanes
>3.7	В	А
≤3.5	С	A
≤3.3	D	С
≤3.2	E	D
≤3	F	E

EXHIBIT 4.5 2022 PEAK AM HOUR ANALYSIS (Total Traffic) - Access/McArthur

					,	Sto _l										
General Information							Site	Inforn	natio	n						
Analyst							Inters	ection			Acces	s/McArt	hur			
Agency/Co.							Juriso	liction			City o	of Ottawa	ì			
Date Performed	12/18	/2020					East/\	West Stre	eet		McAr	thur Ave	nue			
Analysis Year	2022						North	/South S	Street		Site A	ccess				
Time Analyzed	Peak	AM Hou	r				Peak	Hour Fac	tor		0.92					
Intersection Orientation	East-\	Vest					Analy	sis Time	Period (hrs)	0.25					
Project Description	Castle	Height	s Reside	nces												
Lanes																
				U		Y Tor Street: Ea		4 1 4 4 4 6 0								
Vehicle Volumes and Ad	justme	nts														
Approach		Eastb	ound			Westl	bound			North	bound			South	bound	
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	T	R
Priority	10	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12
Number of Lanes	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0		0	1	0		0	0	0
Configuration				TR		LT					LR					
Volume (veh/h)			338	3		2	526			10		8				-
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)						0				0		0				
Proportion Time Blocked																
Percent Grade (%)	-										0					
Right Turn Channelized	+			I I e el	vided											
Median Type Storage				Ondi	vided											
Critical and Follow-up H	eadwa	ys														_
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.1		6.2				-
Critical Headway (sec)						4.10				6.40		6.20				
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.2				3.5		3.3				
Follow-Up Headway (sec)	al Larra	1 -6 5				2.20				3.50		3.30				
Delay, Queue Length, an	a Leve	1 01 5	ervice													
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)						2					20					
Capacity, c (veh/h)						1199					378					
v/c Ratio						0.00					0.05					
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.0					0.2					
	1	I				8.0					15.1					-
Control Delay (s/veh)																
Control Delay (s/veh) Level of Service (LOS) Approach Delay (s/veh)						Α 0	.1			11	C 5.1					

Generated: 12/18/2020 11:57:29 AM

EXHIBIT 4.6 2022 PEAK PM HOUR ANALYSIS (Total Traffic) - Access/McArthur

		Н	CS7	Two-	-Way	Sto	o-Co	ntro	Rep	ort						
General Information							Site	Infor	natio	n						
Analyst	Т						Inters	ection			Acces	ss/McArt	hur			
Agency/Co.							Jurisc	liction			City c	of Ottawa	а			
Date Performed	12/18	3/2020					East/	West Str	eet		McAr	thur Ave	nue			
Analysis Year	2022						North	/South	Street		Site A	Access				
Time Analyzed	Peak	PM Hou	r				Peak	Hour Fa	ctor		0.92					
Intersection Orientation	East-V	West					Analy	sis Time	Period ((hrs)	0.25					
Project Description	Castle	Height	s Reside	nces												
Lanes	•															
				174477 74477		Y Y 1 or Street: Ea) 4 + Y 4 + Y 6								
ehicle Volumes and Adjustments																
Approach		Eastb	ound			Westl	bound			North	bound			South	bound	
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R
Priority	10	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12
Number of Lanes	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0		0	1	0		0	0	0
Configuration				TR		LT					LR					
Volume (veh/h)			660	9		7	516			5		5				
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)						0				0		0				
Proportion Time Blocked																
Percent Grade (%)											0					
Right Turn Channelized																
Median Type Storage				Undi	vided											
Critical and Follow-up He	eadwa	ys														
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.1		6.2				
Critical Headway (sec)						4.10				6.40		6.20				
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.2				3.5		3.3				
Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.20				3.50		3.30				
Delay, Queue Length, an	d Leve	l of S	ervice	•												
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	Τ					8					11					П
Capacity, c (veh/h)	ĺ					885					243					
v/c Ratio						0.01					0.04					
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.0					0.1					
Control Delay (s/veh)						9.1					20.5					
Level of Service (LOS)						А					С					
Approach Delay (s/veh)						0	.2			20	0.5					
Approach LOS											C					

EXHIBIT 4.7

2027 PEAK AM HOUR ANALYSIS (Total Traffic) - Access/McArthur

								ntrol								
General Information							Site	Inforn	natio	1						
Analyst							Inters	ection			Acces	s/McArt	hur			
Agency/Co.							Jurisd	liction			City o	f Ottawa	ì			
Date Performed	12/18	/2020					East/\	West Stre	eet		McAr	thur Ave	nue			
Analysis Year	2027						North	/South S	Street		Site A	ccess				
Time Analyzed	Peak /	AM Hou	r				Peak	Hour Fac	ctor		0.92					
Intersection Orientation	East-V	West					Analy	sis Time	Period (hrs)	0.25					
Project Description	Castle	Height	s Reside	nces												
Lanes																
				14 + 14 + 15		丫 中 丫 1 or Street: Ea		4 1 7 4 4 7 1 1								
Vehicle Volumes and Ad	justme	nts														
Approach		Eastb	ound				bound				bound				bound	_
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	T	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R
Priority	10	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12
Number of Lanes	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0		0	1	0		0	0	0
Configuration				TR		LT					LR	_				
Volume (veh/h)			364	3		2	555			10		8				
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)						0				0		0				
Proportion Time Blocked	-															
Percent Grade (%) Right Turn Channelized											0					
Median Type Storage	+			Undi	vided											
				Ondi	vided											
Critical and Follow-up H	eauwa	ys 														_
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.1		6.2				
Critical Headway (sec)						4.10				6.40		6.20				
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec) Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.20				3.50		3.30				
Delay, Queue Length, an	d Leve	l of S	ervice			2.20				3.30		5.50				
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	T LCVC		T VICE			2					20					
Capacity, c (veh/h)						1171					352					
v/c Ratio						0.00					0.06					
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.00					0.00					
Control Delay (s/veh)						8.1					15.8					
Level of Service (LOS)						A					C C					
							.1			11	5.8					
Approach Delay (s/veh)																

EXHIBIT 4.8 2027 PEAK PM HOUR ANALYSIS (Total Traffic) - Access/McArthur

					,,,,			ntrol								
General Information							Site	Inforr	natio	1						
Analyst							Inters	ection			Acces	s/McArtl	hur			
Agency/Co.							Juriso	liction			City o	f Ottawa	ı			
Date Performed	12/18	3/2020					East/\	West Str	eet		McAr	thur Ave	nue			
Analysis Year	2027						North	/South S	Street		Site A	ccess				
Time Analyzed	Peak	PM Hou	r				Peak	Hour Fac	ctor		0.92					
Intersection Orientation	East-\	Vest					Analy	sis Time	Period (hrs)	0.25					
Project Description	Castle	Height	s Reside	nces												
Lanes																
				7 4 4 X 4 X C		Y Y Y Or Street: Ea		4 1 4 4 4 1 1								
Vehicle Volumes and Adj	justme	nts														
Approach	_	Eastb	ound				oound				bound				bound	_
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	T	R	U	L	T	R	U	L	Т	R
Priority	10	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12
Number of Lanes	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0		0	1	0		0	0	0
Configuration				TR		LT				_	LR					
Volume (veh/h)			693	9		7	543			5		5				
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)						0				0		0				
Proportion Time Blocked	+															
Percent Grade (%)											0					
Right Turn Channelized Median Type Storage	+			Undi	vided											
				Ondi	vided											
Critical and Follow-up Ho	eauwa	ys _														_
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.1		6.2				
Critical Headway (sec)						4.10				6.40		6.20				
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.2				3.5		3.3				
Follow-Up Headway (sec)	d Love	l of C	omeica			2.20				3.50		3.30				
Delay, Queue Length, an Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	Leve	013	-i vice			8					11					
Capacity, c (veh/h)						859					225					
v/c Ratio						0.01					0.05					
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.0					0.2					
Control Delay (s/veh)						9.2					21.8					
Level of Service (LOS)						A					C					
Approach Delay (s/veh)						0	.2			21	1.8					

EXHIBIT 4.9 2018 PEAK AM HOUR ANALYSIS (Existing Traffic) - Brant/McArthur

		нсѕ	7 Sig	nalize	d Int	ersec	tion F	Resul	ts Suı	nmary	,				
General Inform	nation							_		tion Info	1		- 6	4 시 4	1 20 %
Agency						-		-	Duration		0.250				
Analyst						_	9, 2020	$\overline{}$	Area Typ	е	Othe	r	- A		→
Jurisdiction		City of Ottawa		Time F	Period	_	AM Hou		PHF		0.92		* **		·-
Urban Street		McArthur Avenue		Analys	sis Year			_	Analysis	Period	1> 7:	00	7		t c
Intersection		Brant/McArthur		File N	ame	722_2	2018_ex	_am.xı	ıs					ጎሰ	
Project Descrip	tion	Castle Heights Res	idences								_		ħ	4 1 4 1	7 14 7
Demand Inform	nation				EB			WB			NB			SB	
Approach Move				L	T	T R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	T R
Demand (v), v				<u> </u>	278	55	41	477	_	30	<u> </u>	41			+ '`
Demand (V), V	CIIIII				210			411		- 00		-			
Signal Informa	tion				Π.		Ţ	\top	\top	\top					
Cycle, s	70.0	Reference Phase	2		⊨ : *	1 6	a .						→ .		
Offset, s	0	Reference Point	End	Green	37.2	20.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		1	2	3	4
Uncoordinated	No	Simult. Gap E/W	On	Yellow		3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			7		5.2
Force Mode	Fixed	Simult. Gap N/S	On	Red	3.5	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		5	6	7	Y 8
Timer Results				EBI	-	EBT	WB	L	WBT	NBL	- -	NBT	SBI		SBT
Assigned Phase	e				_	2	_	_	6		_	8		\perp	
Case Number				_	_	8.0			6.0	_	_	9.0		_	
	se Duration, s					44.0		_	44.0	_	_	26.0	_	+	
	nge Period, (Y+Rc), s					6.8	-		6.8	-	_	5.9		-	
Max Allow Head						0.0	-		0.0			3.4	_	_	
Queue Clearan					-		-	-		_	_	3.5		-	
Green Extension		(g e), s		_		0.0	_		0.0			0.1	_	_	
Phase Call Prol				-			-			-		1.00	_	-	
Max Out Proba	bility			_	-			-			-	0.00		-	
Movement Gro	up Res	sults			EB			WB			NB			SB	
Approach Move	ement			L	Т	R	L	Т	R	L	Т	R	L	Т	R
Assigned Move	ment				2	12	1	6		3		18			
Adjusted Flow F	Rate (v), veh/h			362		45	518		33		45			
Adjusted Satura	ation Flo	ow Rate (s), veh/h/l	n		1667		1029	1730		1672		1483			
Queue Service	Time (g s), s			8.8		1.8	13.6		1.0		1.5			
Cycle Queue C	learanc	e Time (<i>g c</i>), s			8.8		10.7	13.6		1.0		1.5			
Green Ratio (g	/C)				0.55		0.55	0.55		0.30		0.30			
Capacity (c), v	eh/h				910		535	944		504		447			
Volume-to-Capa	acity Ra	atio (X)			0.398		0.083	0.549		0.065		0.100			
Back of Queue	(Q), ft	/In (50 th percentile)			80.2		10.9	130.6		8.9		12.4			
		eh/ln (50 th percenti			3.1		0.4	5.0		0.4		0.5			
		RQ) (50 th percent	tile)		0.00		0.15	0.00		0.14		0.00			
	niform Delay (d 1), s/veh				9.2		12.3	10.3		17.4		17.6			
	cremental Delay (d z), s/veh						0.3	2.3		0.0		0.0			
Initial Queue De					0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0			
Control Delay (10.5		12.6	12.6		17.4		17.6			
Level of Service				10.5	В		В	В		В		В			
	oproach Delay, s/veh / LOS				5	В	12.6	3	В	17.6		В	0.0		
Intersection De	ersection Delay, s/veh / LOS					1:	2.2						В		
Multimedal De	oulto				ED			\A/D			NID			C.D.	
Multimodal Re Pedestrian LOS		/1.08		1.93	EB	В	0.68	WB	A	1.92	NB	В	1.70	SB	В
Bicycle LOS Sc				1.53	-	В	1.86	-	В	1.92		F	1.70		U
Dicycle LOG SC	OIC / LC	-		1.00	,	D	1.00	,	D						

EXHIBIT 4.10 2018 PEAK PM HOUR ANALYSIS (Existing Traffic) - Brant/McArthur

		HCS	7 Sig	nalize	d Int	ersec	tion F	Resul	ts Su	mmary	,				
General Inform	nation								Intersec	tion Info	rmatio	on	N.	4 사수	, ja li
Agency									Duration	, h	0.250)			
Analyst				Analys	sis Date	Dec 1	9, 2020		Area Typ	е	Other	r	.A.		
Jurisdiction		City of Ottawa		Time F	Period	Peak	PM Hou	ır I	PHF		0.92		÷		-
Urban Street		McArthur Avenue		Analys	sis Year	2018		1	Analysis	Period	1> 7:0	00	*		
Intersection		Brant/McArthur		File Na	ame	722_2	2018_ex	_pm.xi	us					ነሰ	
Project Descrip	tion	Castle Heights Res	idences										ħ	4 1 4	7 17 17
Demand Inform					EB		-	WE	_		NB			SB	_
Approach Move				L	Т	R	L	T	R	<u> </u>	T	R	느	T	R
Demand (v), v	eh/h		_	_	578	56	50	448	3	48		90	_		
Signal Informa	tion					1	_		$\overline{}$						
Cycle, s	75.0	Reference Phase	2	1	L :	- II	_E								
Offset, s	0	Reference Point	End			1		1	1			1	2	3	4
Uncoordinated	No	Simult. Gap E/W	On	Green Yellow		25.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Force Mode	Fixed	Simult. Gap N/S	On	Red	3.5	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		5	6	7	Y
, Stoc Mode	1 IXCU	Carrott. Sup 14/5	511	1100			7.0	3.0	0.0	0.0					
Timer Results				EBI	- T	EBT	WB	L	WBT	NBL		NBT	SBL		SBT
Assigned Phase	e					2		\neg	6			8		\neg	
Case Number						8.0			6.0			9.0			
Phase Duration	ı, S				\neg	44.0		\neg	44.0		\neg	31.0		\neg	
Change Period	(Y+R	c), s				6.8			6.8			5.9		\neg	
Max Allow Head	_	,				0.0			0.0			3.5		\neg	
Queue Clearan		, .										5.7		\rightarrow	
Green Extension					\neg	0.0		\neg	0.0		\neg	0.3		\neg	
Phase Call Prol		(90),0				0.0		\neg	0.0			1.00		\neg	
Max Out Proba					\neg			\neg			-	0.00		\neg	
Movement Gro		sults		<u> </u>	EB			WB			NB			SB	
Approach Move				ᆫ	Т	R	ᆫ	Т	R	<u> </u>	T	R	L	Т	R
Assigned Move				_	2	12	1	6	-	3		18			-
Adjusted Flow F		, .			689		54	487	-	52		98			
		ow Rate (s), veh/h/l	n	_	1723		766	1772	-	1677		1388			-
Queue Service		<u> </u>			24.5		4.7	13.9	-	1.6		3.7			
		e Time (<i>g c</i>), s		_	24.5		29.2	13.9	-	1.6		3.7			-
Green Ratio (g				_	0.51	_	0.51	0.51	-	0.35		0.35			+
Capacity (c), v				_	878		236	902	-	584		483			-
Volume-to-Capa				_	0.785		0.231	_	_	0.089		0.203			
		/In (50 th percentile)			259.8		24.4	140.1		14.5		28.4			-
		eh/ln (50 th percenti			10.1		1.0	5.5		0.6		1.1			
		(RQ) (50 th percent	tile)		0.00		0.33	0.00		0.22		0.00			
	niform Delay (d ₁), s/veh				15.0		27.0	12.4		16.5		17.1			
	cremental Delay (d 2), s/veh				7.0		2.3	2.3		0.0		0.1			-
-	tial Queue Delay (d 3), s/veh				0.0		0.0	0.0	-	0.0		0.0			
	ontrol Delay (d), s/veh				22.0		29.3	14.8		16.5		17.2			
	evel of Service (LOS)				С		С	В	1	В		В			
	pproach Delay, s/veh / LOS)	С	16.2	2	В	17.0		В	0.0		
Intersection De	tersection Delay, s/veh / LOS					19	9.2						В		
Multimodal Re	culto				EB			WB			NB			SB	
Pedestrian LOS		/1.08		1.93		В	0.69	_	A	1.93		В	1.70		В
Bicycle LOS Sc				2.07	-	В	1.82	-	В	1.93		F	1.70		Б
Dicycle LOS SC	OIE / L	55		2.07		D	1.64	_	D			Г			

EXHIBIT 4.11 2027 PEAK AM HOUR ANALYSIS (Background Traffic) - Brant/McArthur

		нсѕ	7 Sig	nalize	d Inte	ersec	tion F	Resu	lts Su	mmar	y				
General Inform	ation								Intoroo	ction Infe	orm oti	on	l p	4 사수 1	ЬŲ
	lation							\rightarrow	Duratio		0.250				
Agency				Analys	in Data	Dog 1	9, 2020	_	Area Ty	-,	Othe		<i>→</i>		
Analyst Jurisdiction		City of Ottown		-		+		-	PHF	pe	-	ľ			+
		City of Ottawa		Time F			AM Hou	\rightarrow		Daviad	0.92	00	- 3		
Urban Street		McArthur Avenue			is Year		2027 5			s Period	1> 7:	00	- 6		
Intersection	4:	Brant/McArthur	: -1	File Na		122_2	2027_ba	ık_am.	xus				- 8	<u>) (</u>	2- 6
Project Descrip	tion	Castle Heights Res	idences	(васкд	rouna)										
Demand Inform	nation				EB		$\overline{}$	VVE	2	_	NB			SB	
Approach Move				L	T	T R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	T R
Demand (v), v					304	60	45	52	_	33	+	45	-	<u> </u>	1,
Demand (V), V	CHIII		_	_	304	- 00	70	52.		- 55		70	-		-
Signal Informa	tion					ı	\top	$\overline{}$	\top	$\overline{}$					
Cycle, s	70.0	Reference Phase	2	1	L, \$	1 .	al						_		
Offset, s	0	Reference Point	End		07.0	100,1		100				1	2	3	4
Uncoordinated	No	Simult. Gap E/W	On	Green Yellow		3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0						F 7
Force Mode	Fixed	Simult. Gap N/S	On	Red	3.5	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0			5	6	7	Y
7 0.00 1000		Canada Cap III C				1	1010	1		1010					
Timer Results				EBI		EBT	WB	L	WBT	NBI		NBT	SBL		SBT
Assigned Phase	e					2			6	1		8			
Case Number						8.0			6.0			9.0		\rightarrow	
Phase Duration	S					44.0			44.0			26.0		_	
Change Period,		c) s			\rightarrow	6.8			6.8			5.9			
Max Allow Head		,		_		0.0			0.0	_		3.4		_	
Queue Clearan				_		0.0			0.0	-		3.7		+	
Green Extensio				_	_	0.0		_	0.0	_	_	0.1		_	
Phase Call Prol		(9 0), 3		_		0.0			0.0			1.00			
Max Out Proba								\neg			\top	0.00		\top	
Mayamant Cra	un Bas	lto			EB			WB			NB			SB	
Movement Gro		suits		L	Т	R	L	T	Тв	L	Т		L	T	R
Approach Move				<u> </u>	2	12	_	_	R	3		R	ᆫ	- 1	R
Assigned Move		la //a				12	1	6	-			18			
Adjusted Flow F		,.		_	396		49	567	-	36		49			
		ow Rate (s), veh/h/l	П		1667		999	1730	-	1672		1483			
Queue Service					9.9		2.1	15.5		1.1		1.7			
Cycle Queue C		e Time (g_c), s			9.9		12.0	15.5		1.1		1.7			
Green Ratio (g					0.55		0.55	0.55		0.30		0.30			
Capacity (c), v		41- (V)			910		507	944		504		447			
Volume-to-Capa		· ,			0.435		0.097	-		0.071		0.109			
	, .	/In (50 th percentile)			90.2		12.5	150		9.9		13.6			
		eh/ln (50 th percenti			3.5		0.5	5.8		0.4		0.5			
		RQ) (50 th percent	iiie)		9.5		0.17	0.00	-	0.15		0.00			
	niform Delay (d 1), s/veh						13.1	10.7		17.5		17.7			
	cremental Delay (<i>d</i> ₂), s/veh itial Queue Delay (<i>d</i> ₃), s/veh						0.4	2.8		0.0		0.0			
					0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0			
Control Delay (,,				11.0		13.4	13.6		17.5		17.7			
Level of Service					В		В	В		В		B			
Approach Delay				11.0		В	13.6	6	В	17.6	6	В	0.0		
Intersection De	ersection Delay, s/veh / LOS					12	2.9						В		
Multimodal Re	sults				EB			WB			NB			SB	
Pedestrian LOS	Score	/LOS		1.93	3	В	0.68	3	Α	1.92	2	В	1.70		В
Bicycle LOS Sc	ore / L (OS		1.58	1	В	1.95	5	В			F			

EXHIBIT 4.12 2027 PEAK PM HOUR ANALYSIS (Background Traffic) - Brant/McArthur

		HCS	7 Sig	nalize	d Int	ersec	tion F	Resul	ts Su	nmary	,				
General Inform	nation								Intersec	tion Info	ormatio	on	Į.	4 사 4	, ja l _e
Agency									Duration	, h	0.250)			
Analyst				Analys	sis Date	Dec 1	9, 2020		Area Typ	е	Other	r	<i>∆</i>		
Jurisdiction		City of Ottawa		Time F	Period	Peak	PM Hou	ır I	PHF		0.92		⊕ ¬ ₹		-
Urban Street		McArthur Avenue		Analys	is Year	2027		1	Analysis	Period	1> 7:	00	*		
Intersection		Brant/McArthur		File Na	ame	722 2	2027 ba	ak pm.:	xus					ጎለ	
Project Descrip	tion	Castle Heights Res	idences	(Backg	round)								ħ	4141	* * (*
D	4!						_	١٨/٦		_	ND			0.0	
Demand Inform					EB			WE	_		NB			SB	
Approach Move				L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	Т	R
Demand (v), v	eh/h	_	_	_	632	61	55	490)	53		98	_		
Signal Informa	tion		_			1									
Cycle, s	75.0	Reference Phase	2	1	L, &		al						_		
Offset, s	0	Reference Point	End			10-		100	100			1	Y 2	3	4
Uncoordinated	No	Simult, Gap E/W	On	Green Yellow		25.1 3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Force Mode	Fixed	Simult. Gap N/S	On	Red	3.5	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		5	6	7	Y
					1		1010	1	1010	1010					
Timer Results				EBI	- T	EBT	WB	L	WBT	NBL		NBT	SBL	T	SBT
Assigned Phase	e					2			6			8			
Case Number						8.0			6.0			9.0			
Phase Duration	, s					44.0			44.0			31.0			
Change Period	(Y+R	c), s				6.8			6.8			5.9			
Max Allow Head	dway (/	MAH), s			\neg	0.0		\neg	0.0		\neg	3.5		\neg	
Queue Clearan												6.1			
Green Extension					\neg	0.0		\neg	0.0		\neg	0.3		\neg	
Phase Call Prol		(0),										1.00		\neg	
Max Out Proba	bility											0.00			
Movement Gro	un Por	aulto.			EB			WB			NB			SB	
Approach Move		suits		L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
				-	2	12	1	6	I K	3		18		'	K
Assigned Move		() vob/b			753	12	60	533	+	58		107			+
Adjusted Flow F		,.					_	_		_		-			
Queue Service		ow Rate (s), veh/h/l	11		1723 28.6		721 5.9	1772 15.8		1677		1388 4.1			-
		<u> </u>			_		34.5	15.8		1.7		4.1			
		e Time (<i>g c</i>), s			28.6			-		_		_			
Green Ratio (g					0.51		0.51	0.51		0.35		0.35			
Capacity (c), v		atio (V)			878		189	902		584		483			
Volume-to-Capa					0.858		0.317	_	_	0.099		0.221			
		/In (50 th percentile)			318.2		30.6	160.1		16		31.1			
		eh/ln (50 th percenti RQ) (50 th percent			12.4 0.00		1.2	6.3		0.6		0.00			
		, , , ,	<i>C)</i>		16.0		0.41 31.1	12.9		16.5		17.3			
	niform Delay (d 1), s/veh						_	_		-		-			
	cremental Delay (d 2), s/veh itial Queue Delay (d 3), s/veh				10.6		4.4	2.8		0.0		0.1			
	ontrol Delay (d), s/veh				0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0			
					26.7 C		35.4	15.7 B		16.5		17.4 B			
	evel of Service (LOS) pproach Delay, s/veh / LOS				_	C	D		<u> </u>	17.1		_	0.0		
	tersection Delay, s/ven / LOS				<u> </u>		17.7 2.1		В	17.1		В	0.0 C		
mersection De	ay, S/VE	an / LOS				2.	٤. ا								
Multimodal Re	sults				EB			WB			NB			SB	
Pedestrian LOS		/LOS		1.93	_	В	0.69	_	Α	1.93		В	1.70		В
Bicycle LOS Sc				2.17	$\overline{}$	В	1.9	-	В			F		\neg	

EXHIBIT 4.13 2022 PEAK AM HOUR ANALYSIS (Total Traffic) - Brant/McArthur

		HCS	7 Sig	nalize	d Inte	ersec	tion F	Resul	ts Su	mmary	,				
General Inform	nation								ntersec	tion Info	ormatio	on	N.	4 14 4	. j. l.
Agency									Duration	, h	0.250)			
Analyst				Analys	is Date	Dec 1	9, 2020	· /	Area Typ	е	Other		Δ		
Jurisdiction		City of Ottawa		Time F	Period	Peak	AM Hou	ır I	PHF		0.92		÷		-
Urban Street		McArthur Avenue		Analys	sis Year	2022			Analysis	Period	1> 7:	00	7		
Intersection		Brant/McArthur		File N	ame	722 2	2022 to	t am.x	us					5 የ	
Project Descrip	tion	Castle Heights Res	idences										ħ	4 1 4 1	7 7 7
Demand Inform					EB			WE	_		NB			SB	
Approach Move				느	T	R	느	T	R	<u> </u>	T	R	느	Т	R
Demand (v), v	eh/h		_	_	289	57	43	497	7	31	_	43	_		_
Signal Informa	ation					B			$\overline{}$						
Cycle, s	70.0	Reference Phase	2		L 2	.	al						_		
Offset, s	0	Reference Point	End		07.0	100		100	100			1	2	3	4
Uncoordinated	No	Simult. Gap E/W	On	Green Yellow		20.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Force Mode	Fixed	Simult. Gap N/S	On	Red	3.5	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		5	6	7	Y
, Stoc Mode	1 IXCU	Carrott. Sup 14/5	511	1100				3.0	0.0	, 0.0					
Timer Results				EBI	-	EBT	WB	L	WBT	NBL		NBT	SBL		SBT
Assigned Phase	e					2			6			8			
Case Number						8.0			6.0			9.0			
Phase Duration	1, S					44.0		\neg	44.0		\neg	26.0		\neg	
Change Period	, (Y+R	c), S				6.8			6.8			5.9			
Max Allow Head		,				0.0		\neg	0.0			3.4		\neg	
Queue Clearan												3.6			
Green Extension						0.0		\neg	0.0		\neg	0.1		\neg	
Phase Call Pro		(0),										1.00			
Max Out Proba	bility											0.00			
Massamant Con	D				-ED			\A/D			ND			CD	
Movement Gro		suits		-	EB	В		WB	T D		NB			SB	T D
Approach Move				L	T	R	L	T	R	L		R	L	Т	R
Assigned Move		I. <i>I</i> I.		_	2	12	1	6	-	3		18			+
Adjusted Flow I		,.		_	376		47	540	-	34		47			+
		ow Rate (s), veh/h/l	n	_	1667		1017	1730	-	1672		1483			+
Queue Service		<u> </u>		_	9.3		2.0	14.4	-	1.0		1.6			+
		e Time (<i>g c</i>), s		_	9.3		11.2	14.4	-	1.0		1.6			-
Green Ratio (g				_	0.55		0.55	0.55	-	0.30		0.30			_
Capacity (c), v					910		523	944	-	504		447			+
Volume-to-Capa				_	0.413		0.089	_	-	0.067		0.105			_
		/In (50 th percentile)			84.4		11.6	138.9		9.2		13			
		eh/ln (50 th percenti			3.2		0.5	5.3		0.4		0.5			
		RQ) (50 th percent	ille)		0.00		0.16	0.00		0.14		0.00			
	niform Delay (d 1), s/veh				9.3		12.6	10.5		17.4		17.6			
	cremental Delay (d 2), s/veh				1.4		0.3	2.5		0.0		0.0			-
	tial Queue Delay (d 3), s/veh ontrol Delay (d), s/veh				0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0			+
					10.7		13.0	13.0		17.5		17.7			
	evel of Service (LOS)				В .		B	В		B 47.0		В	0.0		
	pproach Delay, s/veh / LOS				<u> </u>	В	13.0	J	В	17.6		В	0.0		
Intersection De	ersection Delay, s/veh / LOS					12	2.5						В		
Multimodal Re	sults				EB			WB			NB			SB	
Pedestrian LOS		/LOS		1.93		В	0.68	_	A	1.92		В	1.70	_	В
Bicycle LOS Sc				1.55	-	В	1.90	-	В	52		F		+	
						_			_						

EXHIBIT 4.14 2022 PEAK PM HOUR ANALYSIS (Total Traffic) - Brant/McArthur

		HCS	7 Sig	nalize	d Inte	ersec	tion F	Resul	ts Su	nmary	,					
General Inform	nation							I	ntersec	tion Info	ormatio	on	N.	4 사수 (Ja la	
Agency								1	Duration	, h	0.250)				
Analyst		Analys	is Date	Dec 1	9, 2020	/	Area Typ	е	Other	-	.A.					
Jurisdiction		City of Ottawa		Time F	Period	Peak	РМ Ног	ır F	PHF		0.92		÷		-	
Urban Street		McArthur Avenue		Analys	is Year	2022		1	Analysis	Period	1> 7:	00	*			
Intersection		Brant/McArthur		File N	ame	722_2	2022_to	t_pm.xi	us					ጎለ		
Project Descrip	tion	Castle Heights Res	idences										ħ	4141		
								\ A (F)			NID			0.0		
Demand Inform					EB			WE	_		NB			SB		
Approach Move				L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	
Demand (v), v	eh/h	_	-	_	606	59	52	471		52		94	_			
Signal Informa	tion					B										
Cycle, s	75.0	Reference Phase	2		L 2	.	al						_			
Offset, s	0	Reference Point	End		<u></u>			1				1	2	3	4	
Uncoordinated	No	Simult. Gap E/W	On	Green Yellow		25.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
Force Mode	Fixed	Simult. Gap N/S	On	Red	3.5	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		5	6	7	Y	
. 5.55 MIOUG	· ixou	3a.a. Oup 14/0	5,1		, 5.5	,	. 5.0	70.0	3.0	0.0						
Timer Results				EBI		EBT	WB	L	WBT	NBL		NBT	SBL		SBT	
Assigned Phase	e					2		\neg	6			8		\neg		
Case Number						8.0			6.0			9.0				
Phase Duration	ı, S					44.0		\neg	44.0		\neg	31.0		\neg		
Change Period	(Y+R	c), s				6.8			6.8			5.9				
Max Allow Head	_	,				0.0		\neg	0.0			3.5				
Queue Clearan												5.9				
Green Extension Time ($g \in Y$), s				\neg	0.0			0.0			0.3					
Phase Call Probability										1.00						
Max Out Probability								\neg			\neg	0.00		\neg		
					-FD			VA/D			NID			0.0		
Movement Gro		suits		-	EB			WB	T 5		NB			SB	T 5	
Approach Move				L	T	R	L	T	R	L		R	L	Т	R	
Assigned Move		I. <i>I</i> I.		_	2	12	1	6	-	3		18			-	
Adjusted Flow I		,.		_	723		57	512	-	57		102			-	
		ow Rate (s), veh/h/l	n	_	1723		742	1772	-	1677		1388			-	
Queue Service		<u> </u>		_	26.6		5.2	15.0	-	1.7		3.9			-	
•		e Time (g c), s		_	26.6		31.8	15.0	-	1.7		3.9			-	
Green Ratio (g				_	0.51		0.51	0.51	-	0.35		0.35			_	
Capacity (c), v					878		211	902		584		483			-	
Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (X)		_	0.824		0.268	_	_	0.097		0.212			-			
Back of Queue (Q), ft/ln (50 th percentile) Back of Queue (Q), veh/ln (50 th percentile)				288.3		27	150.8		15.7		29.7					
					11.3		1.1	5.9		0.6		1.2				
		RQ) (50 th percent	ille)		0.00		0.36	0.00		0.24		0.00				
Uniform Delay	` ,.				15.6		29.0	12.7	-	16.5		17.2				
Incremental De					8.6		3.1	2.6		0.0		0.1				
Initial Queue De		,,			0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0				
Control Delay (24.2		32.1	15.3		16.5		17.3				
Level of Service	, ,			24.5	С		C 47.0	В		B 47.0		В	0.0			
Approach Delay, s/veh / LOS				24.2	<u>′</u>	С	17.0	J	B 17.0 B				0.0			
Intersection De	iay, s/ve	en / LOS				20	0.6					(C			
Multimodal Re	sults				EB			WB		NB				SB		
Pedestrian LOS		/LOS		1.93		В	0.69		A	1.93		В	1.70		В	
Bicycle LOS Sc				2.12	-	В	1.87	-	В	50		F		_		
				2		_			_							

EXHIBIT 4.15 2027 PEAK AM HOUR ANALYSIS (Total Traffic) - Brant/McArthur

		HCS	7 Sig	nalize	d Int	ersec	tion F	Resu	lts Su	mmar	y						
General Inform	ation								Interse	ction Infe	ormati	on	2	4 14 4	. j. l.		
Agency									Duration	n, h	0.250)					
Analyst		Analys	sis Date	Dec 1	9, 2020		Area Ty	ре	Othe	r	4						
Jurisdiction		City of Ottawa		Time F	Period	Peak	AM Hou	ır	PHF		0.92		÷		-		
Urban Street		McArthur Avenue		Analys	sis Year	2027			Analysis	Period	1> 7:	00	T T				
Intersection		Brant/McArthur		File Na	ame	722 2	2027 to	t am.x	us					ጎለ			
Project Descript	tion	Castle Heights Res	idences										ħ	4141	7 14 17		
) A (F			NID			0.0			
Demand Inform					EB			WE	_	-	NB			SB			
Approach Move				L	T	R	L	T	_	L	Т	R	L	T	R		
Demand (v), ve	eh/h	_	_	_	310	62	45	524	4	33	_	45	_				
Signal Informa	tion		_			1	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$							
Cycle, s	70.0	Reference Phase	2	1	L, 2		al						_				
Offset, s	0	Reference Point	End	1		1,")		100		100		1	2	3	4		
Uncoordinated	No	Simult, Gap E/W	On	Green Yellow		3.3	0.0	0.0		0.0							
Force Mode	Fixed	Simult. Gap N/S	On	Red	3.5	2.6	0.0	0.0		0.0		5	6	7	Y		
, 0.00000		Carrana Cap rac			1		1012	1212	10.0	1010							
Timer Results				EBI	-	EBT	WB	L	WBT	NBI	- T	NBT	SBI		SBT		
Assigned Phase	-					2			6			8					
Case Number						8.0			6.0			9.0					
Phase Duration	, s			4		44.0			44.0			26.0					
Change Period,	(Y+R	c), S				6.8			6.8			5.9					
Max Allow Head	•	,			\neg	0.0		\neg	0.0		\neg	3.4		\neg			
Queue Clearance Time (g_s), s											3.7						
Green Extension Time (g_e), s				\neg	0.0		\neg	0.0		\neg	0.1		\neg				
Phase Call Probability										1.00							
Max Out Probability												0.00					
Mayamant Cra	un Bos	lto			EB			WB		_	NB			SB			
Movement Gro Approach Move		suits		L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	Т	R		
				<u> </u>	2	12	1	6	K	3		18		'	K		
Assigned Move		\ vob/b		_	404	12	49	570	+	36					+		
Adjusted Flow F		, .		_	_		991	_		_		49					
		ow Rate (s), veh/h/l	n	_	1666 10.2		2.2	1730 15.6	_	1672		1483			+		
Queue Service Cycle Queue Cl		, , .			10.2		12.4	15.6	-	1.1		1.7					
•		e fille (<i>g c)</i> , s		_	0.55		0.55	0.55	_	0.30		0.30			+		
Green Ratio (g/				_	909		500	944	+	504		447			+		
Capacity (c), v		atio (V)		_	0.445		0.098	_		0.071		0.109			+		
Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (X) Back of Queue (Q), ft/ln (95 th percentile)				167.4		_	253.9	_	17.8		24.6						
Back of Queue (Q), veh/ln (95 th percentile)				6.4		0.9	9.8		0.7		1.0						
		RQ) (95 th percent			0.00		0.30	0.00		0.7		0.00					
Uniform Delay (<i>C)</i>		9.5		13.2	10.8	_	17.5		17.7					
Incremental Del					1.6		0.4	2.9		0.0		0.0					
Initial Queue De	•	,			0.0		0.4	0.0		0.0		0.0					
Control Delay (, .			11.1		13.6	13.6		17.5		17.7					
Level of Service					В		B	13.6 B		17.5 B		B					
Approach Delay	` /			11.1		В	13.6		В	_	;	В	0.0				
Intersection Del				11.			3.0		B 17.6 B				B				
	~, o.ve					1											
Multimodal Res	sults				EB		WE			NB				SB			
Pedestrian LOS	Score	/LOS		1.93	3	В	0.68	В	Α	1.92	2	В	1.70		В		
Bicycle LOS Sc	ore / I (os		1.60)	В	1.9	5	В			F					

EXHIBIT 4.16 2027 PEAK PM HOUR ANALYSIS (Total Traffic) - Brant/McArthur

		HCS	7 Sig	nalize	d Inte	ersec	tion F	Resul	ts Su	nmary	,				
General Inform	nation								ntersec	tion Info	ormatio	on	Į.	4 시 4	. j. l.
Agency									Duration	, h	0.250)			
Analyst				Analys	is Date	Dec 1	9, 2020	1	Area Typ	e	Other	r	4		
Jurisdiction		City of Ottawa		Time F	Period	Peak	PM Hou	ır I	PHF		0.92		÷		-
Urban Street		McArthur Avenue		Analys	sis Year	2027			Analysis	Period	1> 7:	00	4		
Intersection		Brant/McArthur		File N	ame	722 2	2027 to	t pm.x	us					3.0	
Project Descrip	tion	Castle Heights Res	idences										ħ	414	7 14 1
Demand Inform					EB		-	WE	_	-	NB			SB	
Approach Move	ement			L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Demand (v), v	eh/h		_	_	636	62	55	495	5	55		98	_		
Signal Informa	tion					B	_	_	_	_					
Cycle, s	75.0	Reference Phase	2		L 2	. .	_ i						_		
Offset, s	0	Reference Point	End		<u></u>			<u> </u>				1	2	3	4
Uncoordinated	No	Simult. Gap E/W	On	Green		25.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Force Mode	Fixed	Simult. Gap N/S	On	Yellow Red	3.5	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		5	6	7	Y
1 orce wode	1 ixeu	Ollifult. Cap 14/5	Oil	rteu	3.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			-		
Timer Results				EBI		EBT	WB	L	WBT	NBL		NBT	SBL	$\overline{}$	SBT
Assigned Phase	e					2		\neg	6			8		\neg	
Case Number						8.0			6.0			9.0		\neg	
Phase Duration	. S					44.0		$\overline{}$	44.0			31.0		\neg	
Change Period		c), s				6.8			6.8			5.9		\rightarrow	
	_	,		_		0.0		\neg	0.0			3.5			
Max Allow Headway (<i>MAH</i>), s Queue Clearance Time (<i>g s</i>), s					0.0			0.0			6.1		_		
Green Extension Time (g_e), s			_		0.0		_	0.0	_		0.3		_		
Phase Call Probability				0.0		_	0.0			1.00					
Max Out Proba												0.00			
Movement Gro		sults			EB		_	WB		<u> </u>	NB			SB	
Approach Move				느	T	R	ᆫ	T	R	L		R	L	T	R
Assigned Move	ment				2	12	1	6		3		18			
Adjusted Flow F	Rate (v), veh/h			759		60	538		60		107	\Box		
		ow Rate (s), veh/h/l	n		1723		718	1772		1677		1388			
Queue Service		5 ,,			29.0		6.0	16.0		1.8		4.1			
Cycle Queue C	learanc	e Time (<i>g c</i>), s			29.0		34.9	16.0		1.8		4.1			
Green Ratio (g	/C)				0.51		0.51	0.51		0.35		0.35	\Box		
Capacity (c), v					878		184	902		584		483			
Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (X)			\vdash	0.865		0.324	0.596		0.102		0.221	\Box			
Back of Queue (Q), ft/ln (95 th percentile)				473.8		55.8	268.1		30		56				
		eh/In (95 th percenti			18.5		2.2	10.6		1.2		2.2			
		RQ) (95 th percent	tile)		0.00		0.74	0.00		0.46		0.00			
Uniform Delay	` '				16.1		31.4	13.0		16.5		17.3			
Incremental De	lay (d 2), s/veh			11.1		4.6	2.9		0.0		0.1			
Initial Queue De		,,			0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0			
Control Delay (d), s/v	eh			27.2		36.1	15.9		16.6		17.4			
Level of Service					С		D	В		В		В			
Approach Delay, s/veh / LOS				27.2	2	С	17.9	9	В	17.1		В	0.0		
Intersection De	lay, s/ve	eh / LOS				22	2.4						С		
Multimastal	a!4				ED			LA /F			ND			0.0	
Multimodal Re		// 00		4.00	EB		0.00	WB	^	1.00	NB		4 70	SB	
Pedestrian LOS				1.93	-	В	0.69	-	A	1.93		В	1.70		В
Bicycle LOS Score / LOS		2.18	5	В	1.92	4	В			F					

EXHIBIT 4.17 MCARTHUR AVENUE - PLOS INTERSECTION EVALUATION

MAIN STREET McArthur Avenue

MINOR STREET Brant Street

APPROACHES ΑII YEAR 2027 DIRECTION ΑII MMLOS MODE

MMLOS MODE PL	_OS	Norti Approd		Sout! Approc		East Approc		West Approc		
		Comment	Points	Comment	Points	Comment	Points	Comment	Points	
5.1 Crossing Distance & Cor Median? Total Travel Lanes Cros				No 3	105	No 3	105	No 2	120	
5.2 Signal Phasing & Timing Left Turn Conflict	g Features			Permissive	-8	Permissive	-8	Permissive	-8	
Right Turn Conflict				Permissive or Yield Control	-5	No Right Turn	0	Permissive or Yield Control	-5	
Right Turns on Red				RTOR Allowed	-3	No Right Turn	0	RTOR Allowed	-3	
Leading Ped Interval				No	-2	No	-2	No	-2	
5.3a Corner Radius				> 10m to 15m	-6	> 10m to 15m	-6	> 10m to 15m	-6	
5.3b Right Turn Channel				No Right Turn Channel	-4	No Right Turn Channel	-4	No Right Turn	o	
5.4 Crosswalk Treatment				Standard Transverse Markings	-7	Standard Transverse Markings	-7	Standard Transverse Markings	-7	
TOTAL PETSI SCORE					70		78		89	
DELAY SCORE										
Cycle length From Signal Timing Plan					75 18		75 18		75 18	
PETSI SCORE					C		В		В	
DELAY SCORE					В		В		В	
OVERALL APPRO	OACH SCORE				C		В		B	ı

EXHIBIT 4.18 McARTHUR AVENUE - BLOS INTERSECTION EVALUATION

McArthur Avenue STREET FROM Irwin Miller Street

TO Brant Street

SEGMENT SCORE **B**

YEAR 2027

DIRECTION Eastbound-Westbound

MMLOS MODE **BLOS**

Type of Bikeway		LOS
Physically Separated Bikeway (cycle	e tracks, protected bike lanes and multi-use paths). Physical separation refers to, but is not	Α
	llards and parking lanes (adjacent to the bike lane along the travelled way i.e. not curbside).	^
Bike Lanes Not Adjacent Parking La	ane - Select Worst Scoring Criteria	
	1 travel lane in each direction	Α
I	2 travel lanes in each direction separated by a raised median	В
lo. of Travel Lanes	2 travel lanes in each direction without a separating median	С
		D
	More than 2 travel large in each direction ≥ 1.8 m wide toke taller holloge marken byter in payeng its light.	Α
Bike Lane Width	≥1.5 m to <1.8 m wide bike lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	В
	≥1.2 m to <1.5 m wide bike lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	C
	≤ 50 km/h operating speed	A
Operating Speed	60 km/h operating speed	C
pperating opeed		E
N	≥ 70 km/h operating speed	
Bike lane blockage	Rare	A
commercial areas)	Frequent	С
sike Lanes Adjacent to curbside Pa	arking Lane - Select Worst Scoring Criteria	
lo. of Travel Lanes	1 travel lane in each direction	Α
. c. mater cares	2 or more travel lanes in each direction	-
	4.5 m wide bike lane plus parking lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	Α
like Lane and Barking Lane Wildlin	4.25 m wide bike lane plus parking lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	В
like Lane and Parking Lane Width	≤ 4.0 m wide bike lane plus parking lane (includes marked buffer and paved gutter width)	С
	< 40 km/h operating speed	A
	50 km/h operating speed	В
Operating Speed	60 km/h operating speed	Ü
	> 70 km/h operating speed	F
like lane blockage	Rare	Ā
		A
commercial areas)	Frequent	-
Mixed Traffic		
	2 travel lanes; ≤ 40 km/h; no marked centerline or classified as residential	Α
	2 to 3 travel lanes; ≤ 40 km/h	В
	2 travel lanes; 50 km/h; no marked centerline or classified as residential	В
No. of Travel Lanes and Operating	2 to 3 travel lanes; 50 km/h NOT APPLICABLE 4 to 5 travel lanes; ≤ 40 km/h	D
Speed	4 to 5 travel lanes; ≤ 40 km/h VOI APPLICABLE	D
	4 to 5 travel lanes; ≥ 50 km/h	E
	6 or more travel lanes; ≤ 40 km/h	Е
	≥ 60 km/h	F
Insignalized Crossing along Route		
The state of the s	3 or less lanes being crossed; ≤ 40 km/h	Α
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; ≤ 40 km/h	В
	3 or less lanes being crossed: 50 km/h	В
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; 50 km/h	C
lo. of Travel Lanes on Side Street		C
	3 or less lange treins consider; 60 to PLICABLE	D
nd Operating Speed		E
	6 or more lanes being crossed; ≤ 40 km/h	
	3 or less lanes being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h	E
	6 or more lanes being crossed; ≥ 50 km/h	F
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h	F
Insignalized Crossing along Route	: with median refuge (≥ 1.8 m wide)	
	5 or less lanes being crossed; ≤ 40 km/h	Α
	3 or less lanes being crossed; 50 km/h	Α
	6 or more lanes being crossed; ≤ 40 km/h	В
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; 50 km/h 3 or less lanes blind or ssed A0 PM PLICABLE	В
la of Tancol Lanca on Cida Ctant	3 or less lanes by indicressed A0 m/H / CAB/K	В
lo. of Travel Lanes on Side Street	6 or more lanes being crossed; 50 km/h	С
nd Operating Speed	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; 60 km/h	С
	3 or less lanes being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h	D
	6 or more lanes being crossed; 60 km/h	E
	4 to 5 lanes being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h	E
	4 to 5 laines being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h 6 or more lanes being crossed; ≥ 65 km/h	F

INTERSECTION SCORE $oldsymbol{D}$

EXHIBIT 4.19 MCARTHUR AVENUE - TLOS INTERSECTION EVALUATION

McArthur Avenue MAIN STREET Brant Street MINOR STREET

APPROACHES ΑII 2027 YEAR

MMLOS MODE TLOS

Delay	Typical Location	LOS
0	Grade Separation	A
≤10 sec	High Level TSP	В
≤20 sec	TSP & short (e.g. <60 sec) to medium (e.g.	С
≤30 sec	60-90 sec) cycle length	
≤40 sec	TSP & long cycle length (e.g. >90 sec)	E
>40 sec	No TSP & long cycle length (e.g. >90 sec)	F

Note: Delay includes travel time from end of queue to entering the intersection