

**ROADWAY TRAFFIC NOISE
ASSESSMENT**

1560-1620 Maple Grove Road – Block 29
Ottawa, Ontario

GRADIENT WIND REPORT: 20-182 – Traffic Noise



September 11, 2020

PREPARED FOR
Richcraft

2280 St. Laurent Boulevard, Suite 201
Ottawa, Ontario K1G 4K1

PREPARED BY

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report describes a roadway traffic noise assessment undertaken in consideration of a Site Plan Control Application (SPA) submission for a proposed residential subdivision block located at 1560 and 1620 Maple Grove Road in Ottawa, Ontario. The study site is identified as Block 29 and is situated in the northwest corner of the subdivision, bounded by Maple Grove Road to the north, Roger Griffith Avenue to the east and Maize Street to the south. The block comprises of four stacked townhomes with surface level parking. The major sources of noise affecting the development include roadway traffic along Maple Grove Road and the proposed Roger Griffith Avenue. Figure 1 illustrates a complete site plan with surrounding context. Gradient Wind has previously performed a roadway traffic noise study for the proposed subdivision development (*ref. Gradient Wind Report #18-072 – Traffic Noise and Vibration R1, dated May 27, 2020*)

The assessment is based on (i) theoretical noise prediction methods that conform to the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and City of Ottawa requirements; (ii) noise level criteria as specified by the City of Ottawa’s Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG); (iii) future vehicular traffic volumes based on the City of Ottawa’s Official Plan roadway classifications; and (iv) site plan drawings provided by M. David Blakely Architect Inc. in August of 2020.

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 56 and 63 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 48 and 56 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (63 dBA) occurs at the north façade of Block 4, which is nearest and most exposed to Maple Grove and Roger Griffiths Avenue. As noise levels at the plane of window are expected to be between 55 dBA and 65 dBA during the daytime, the development will require forced air heating with provisions for central air conditioning, as illustrated in Figure 5. This will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable indoor living environment. A Warning Clause¹ will also be required on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements of Blocks 1-4 where noise levels are expected to be between 55 dBA and 65 dBA, as summarized in Section 6.

¹ City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines, January 2016



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION 1

2. TERMS OF REFERENCE 1

3. OBJECTIVES 2

4. METHODOLOGY..... 2

4.1 Background.....2

4.2 Roadway Traffic Noise.....2

4.2.1 Criteria for Roadway Traffic Noise2

4.2.2 Theoretical Roadway Noise Predictions4

4.2.3 Roadway Traffic Volumes.....4

5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION..... 5

5.1 Roadway Traffic Noise Levels.....5

6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 6

FIGURES

APPENDICES

Appendix A – STAMSON 5.04 Input and Output Data and Supporting Information



1. INTRODUCTION

Gradient Wind Engineering Inc. (Gradient Wind) was retained by Richcraft to undertake a roadway traffic noise assessment in support of a Site Plan Control Application (SPA) submission for Block 29 of a proposed residential subdivision located at 1560 and 1620 Maple Grove Road in Ottawa, Ontario. This report summarizes the methodology, results, and recommendations related to the assessment of exterior and interior noise levels generated by local roadway traffic.

Our work is based on theoretical noise calculation methods conforming to the City of Ottawa² and Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP)³ guidelines. Noise calculations were based on site plan drawings provided by M. David Blakely Architect Inc. in August of 2020, with future traffic volumes corresponding to the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) roadway classifications.

2. TERMS OF REFERENCE

The focus of this roadway traffic noise assessment is a proposed residential subdivision block located at 1560 and 1620 Maple Grove Road in Ottawa, Ontario. The study site is identified as Block 29 and is situated in the northwest corner of the subdivision. The block comprises of four stacked townhomes with 12 units each. Two buildings front onto Roger Griffiths Avenue while the remaining units overlook Maize Street. Surface level parking is situated in the center of the block. No outdoor amenity space is provided for the development that meets the minimum requirements for consideration as an Outdoor Living Area (OLA), as defined by the ENCG. The site is bordered by Maple Grove Road to the north, Roger Griffiths Avenue to the east, Maize Street to the south, and Poole Creek to the west.

The major sources of noise affecting the development include roadway traffic along Maple Grove Road and the proposed Roger Griffith Avenue. The proposed arterial and Kanata Light Rail Transit (LRT) line to the west, as well as the proposed transit station to the northwest are not considered significant sources of noise as they are located beyond 100 meters (m) of the study site. Figure 1 illustrates a complete site plan with surrounding context.

² City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines, January 2016

³ Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change – Environmental Noise Guidelines, Publication NPC-300, Queens Printer for Ontario, Toronto, 2013



3. OBJECTIVES

The principal objectives of this study are to (i) calculate the future noise levels on the study buildings produced by local roadway traffic, and (ii) ensure that interior and exterior noise levels do not exceed the allowable limits specified by the City of Ottawa’s Environmental Noise Control Guidelines as outlined in Section 4.2 of this report.

4. METHODOLOGY

4.1 Background

Noise can be defined as any obtrusive sound. It is created at a source, transmitted through a medium, such as air, and intercepted by a receiver. Noise may be characterized in terms of the power of the source or the sound pressure at a specific distance. While the power of a source is characteristic of that particular source, the sound pressure depends on the location of the receiver and the path that the noise takes to reach the receiver. Measurement of noise is based on the decibel unit, dBA, which is a logarithmic ratio referenced to a standard noise level (2×10^{-5} Pascals). The ‘A’ suffix refers to a weighting scale, which better represents how the noise is perceived by the human ear. With this scale, a doubling of power results in a 3 dBA increase in measured noise levels and is just perceptible to most people. An increase of 10 dBA is often perceived to be twice as loud.

4.2 Roadway Traffic Noise

4.2.1 Criteria for Roadway Traffic Noise

For surface roadway traffic noise, the equivalent sound energy level, L_{eq} , provides a measure of the time varying noise levels, which is well correlated with the annoyance of sound. It is defined as the continuous sound level, which has the same energy as a time varying noise level over a period of time. For roadways, the L_{eq} is commonly calculated on the basis of a 16-hour (L_{eq16}) daytime (07:00-23:00) / 8-hour (L_{eq8}) nighttime (23:00-07:00) split to assess its impact on residential buildings. The City of Ottawa’s Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG) specifies that the recommended indoor noise limit range (that is relevant to this study) is 45 and 40 dBA for living rooms and sleeping quarters respectively for roadway as listed in Table 1.



TABLE 1: INDOOR SOUND LEVEL CRITERIA (ROAD)⁴

Type of Space	Time Period	L _{eq} (dBA)
General offices, reception areas, retail stores, etc.	07:00 – 23:00	50
Living/dining/den areas of residences , hospitals, schools, nursing/retirement homes, day-care centres, theatres, places of worship, libraries, individual or semi-private offices, conference rooms, etc.	07:00 – 23:00	45
Sleeping quarters of hotels/motels	23:00 – 07:00	45
Sleeping quarters of residences , hospitals, nursing/retirement homes, etc.	23:00 – 07:00	40

Predicted noise levels at the plane of window (POW) dictate the action required to achieve the recommended sound levels. An open window is considered to provide a 10 dBA reduction in noise, while a standard closed window is capable of providing a minimum 20 dBA noise reduction⁵. A closed window due to a ventilation requirement will bring noise levels down to achieve an acceptable indoor environment⁶. Therefore, where noise levels exceed 55 dBA daytime and 50 dBA nighttime, the ventilation for the building should consider the need for having windows and doors closed, which triggers the need for forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning. Where noise levels exceed 65 dBA daytime and 60 dBA nighttime, air conditioning will be required and building components will require higher levels of sound attenuation⁷.

The sound level criterion for outdoor living areas is 55 dBA, which applies during the daytime (07:00 to 23:00). When noise levels exceed 55 dBA, mitigation must be provided to reduce noise levels where technically and administratively feasible to acceptable levels at or below the criterion.

⁴ Adapted from ENCG 2016 – Tables 2.2b and 2.2c

⁵ Burberry, P.B. (2014). Mitchell’s Environment and Services. Routledge, Page 125

⁶ MOECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.8

⁷ MOECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.1.3



4.2.2 Theoretical Roadway Noise Predictions

Noise predictions were performed with the aid of the MECP computerized noise assessment program, STAMSON 5.04, for road analysis. Appendix A includes the STAMSON 5.04 input and output data.

Roadway traffic noise calculations were performed by treating each roadway segment as separate line sources of noise, and by using proposed building locations as noise barriers. In addition to the traffic volumes summarized in Table 2, theoretical noise predictions were based on the following parameters:

- Truck traffic on all roadways was taken to comprise 5% heavy trucks and 7% medium trucks, as per ENCG requirements for noise level predictions.
- The day/night split for all streets was taken to be 92%/8%, respectively.
- Ground surfaces were taken to be absorptive due to the presence of soft (lawn) ground.
- Topography was assumed to be a flat/gentle slope surrounding the study building.
- Receptor height was taken to be 7.5 meters above grade for the centre of the Plane of Window (POW).
- Noise receptors were strategically placed at 5 locations around the study area (see Figure 2).
- Receptor distances and exposure angles are illustrated in Figures 3 and 4.

4.2.3 Roadway Traffic Volumes

The ENCG dictates that noise calculations should consider future sound levels based on a roadway's classification at the mature state of development. Therefore, traffic volumes are based on the roadway classifications outlined in the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) and Transportation Master Plan⁸ which provide additional details on future roadway expansions. Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes are then based on data in Table B1 of the ENCG for each roadway classification. Table 2 (below) summarizes the AADT values used for each roadway included in this assessment.

⁸ City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan, November 2013

TABLE 2: ROADWAY TRAFFIC DATA

Segment	Roadway Traffic Data	Speed Limit (km/h)	Traffic Volumes
Roger Griffith Avenue	2-Lane Urban Collector (2-UCU)	40	8,000
Maple Grove Road	2-Lane Urban Arterial Undivided (2-UAU)	60	15,000

5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

5.1 Roadway Traffic Noise Levels

The results of the roadway traffic noise calculations are summarized in Table 3 below. A complete set of input and output data from all STAMSON 5.04 calculations are available in Appendix A.

TABLE 3: EXTERIOR NOISE LEVELS DUE TO ROAD TRAFFIC

Receptor Number	Receptor Height Above Grade (m)	Receptor Location	STAMSON 5.04 Noise Level (dBA)	
			Day	Night
1	7.5	POW – Block 4 – North Façade	63	55
2	7.5	POW – Block 4 – East Façade	63	56
3	7.5	POW – Block 3 – East Façade	63	55
4	7.5	POW – Block 2 – North Façade	56	48
5	7.5	POW – Block 1 – North Façade	56	49

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 56 and 63 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 48 and 56 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (63 dBA) occurs at the north façade of Block 4, which is nearest and most exposed to Maple Grove and Roger Griffiths Avenue. As noise levels at the plane of window are expected to be between 55 dBA and 65 dBA during the daytime, the development will require forced air heating with provisions for central air conditioning, as illustrated in Figure 5. This will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable indoor living environment. A Warning Clause will also be required on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements of Blocks 1-4, as summarized in Section 6.



6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 56 and 63 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 48 and 56 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (63 dBA) occurs at the north façade of Block 4, which is nearest and most exposed to Maple Grove and Roger Griffiths Avenue. As noise levels at the plane of window are expected to be between 55 dBA and 65 dBA during the daytime, the development will require forced air heating with provisions for central air conditioning, as illustrated in Figure 5. This will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable indoor living environment.

The following Warning Clause⁹ will also be required on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements of Blocks 1-4 where noise levels are expected to be between 55 dBA and 65 dBA, as summarized below.

“Purchasers/tenants are advised that sound levels due to increasing road traffic may, on occasion, interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants, as the sound levels exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks.

This dwelling unit has also been designed with forced air heating with provisions for central air conditioning at the occupant’s discretion. These noise measures will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks.

⁹ City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines, January 2016

This concludes our traffic noise assessment and report. If you have any questions or wish to discuss our findings please advise us. In the interim, we thank you for the opportunity to be of service.

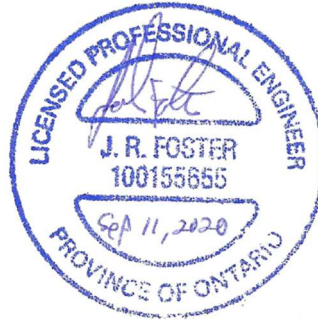
Sincerely,

Gradient Wind Engineering Inc.

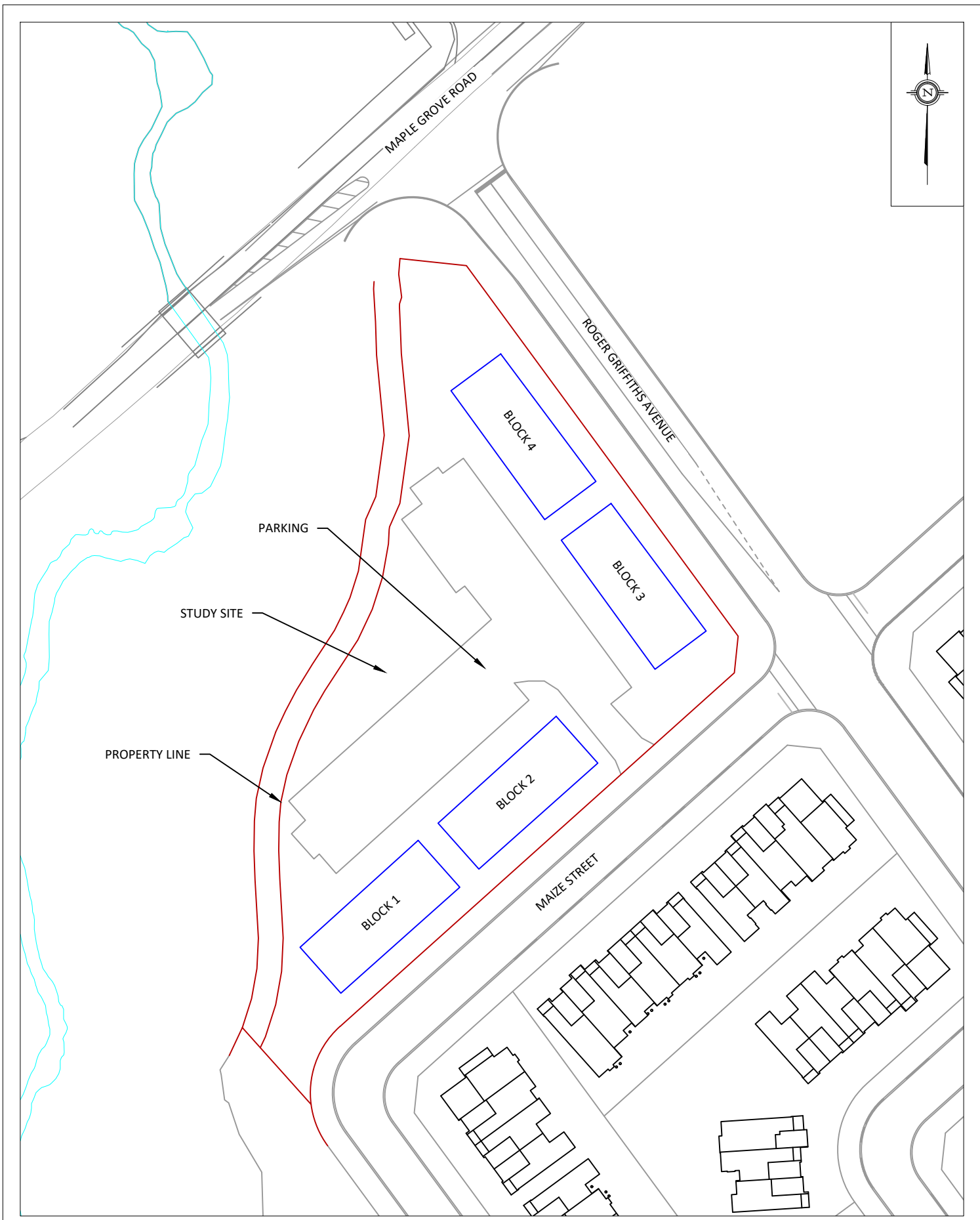


Giuseppe Garro, M.A.Sc.
Junior Environmental Scientist

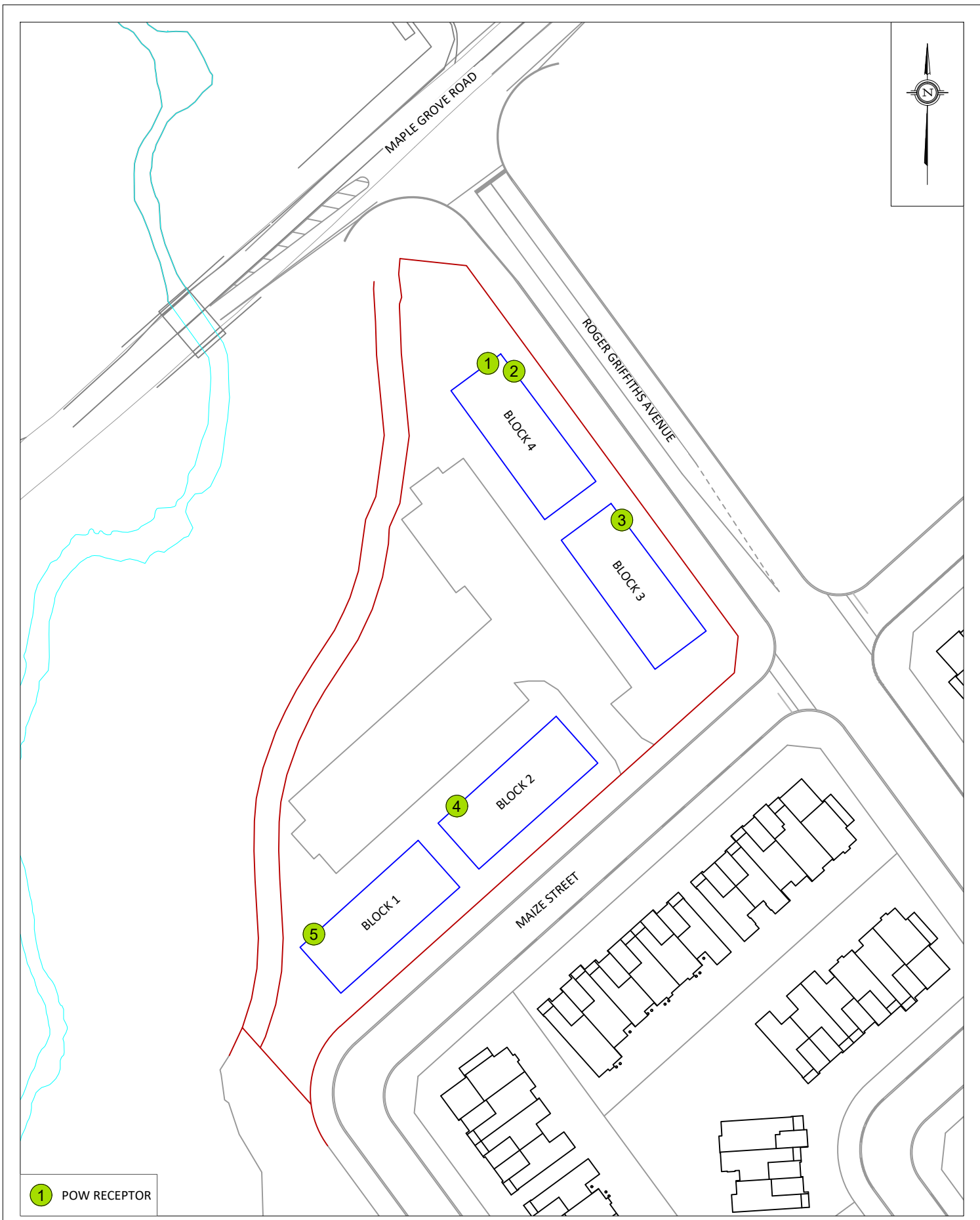
Gradient Wind File #20-182 – Traffic Noise



Joshua Foster, P.Eng.
Principal

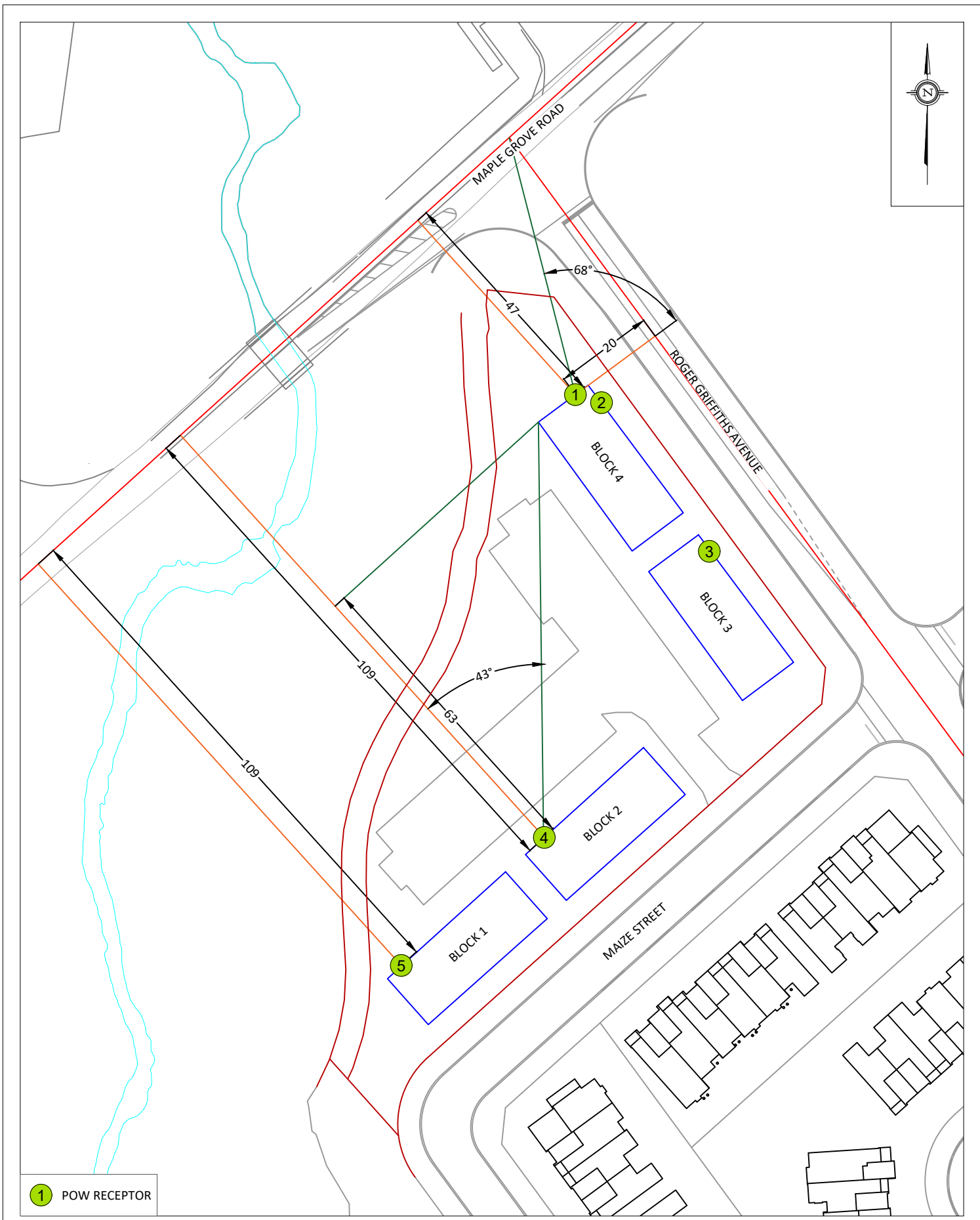


GRADIENTWIND ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS 127 WALGREEN ROAD, OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM	PROJECT	1560-1620 MAPLE GROVE ROAD - BLOCK 29, OTTAWA ROADWAY TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE 1: SITE PLAN AND SURROUNDING CONTEXT	
	SCALE	1:1000 (APPROX.)	DRAWING NO.		GW20-182-1
	DATE	SEPTEMBER 4, 2020	DRAWN BY		G.G.



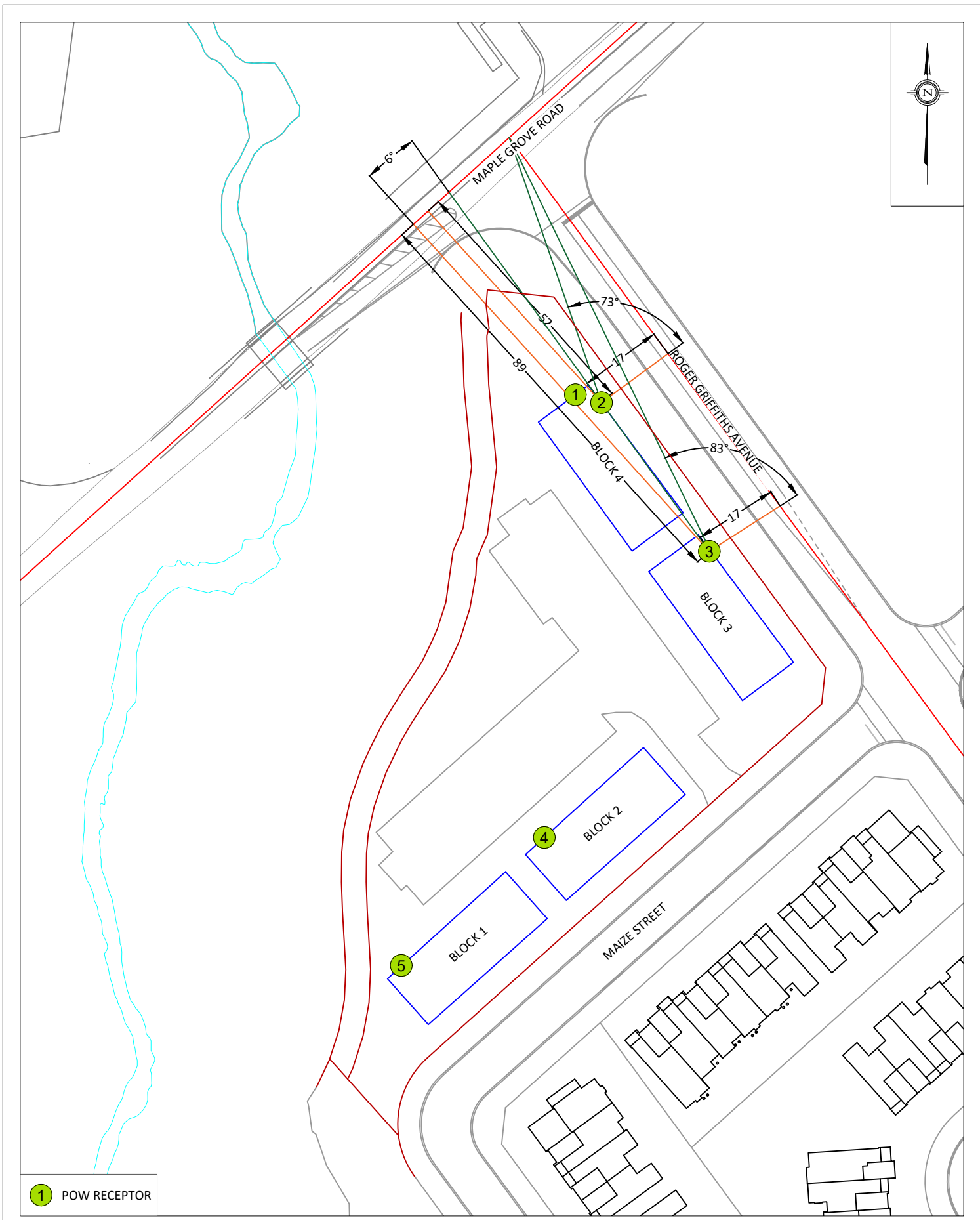
1 POW RECEPTOR

GRADIENTWIND ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS 127 WALGREEN ROAD, OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM	PROJECT 1560-1620 MAPLE GROVE ROAD - BLOCK 29, OTTAWA ROADWAY TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT	DESCRIPTION FIGURE 2: RECEPTOR LOCATION
	SCALE 1:1000 (APPROX.)	DRAWING NO. GW20-182-2
	DATE SEPTEMBER 4, 2020	DRAWN BY G.G.



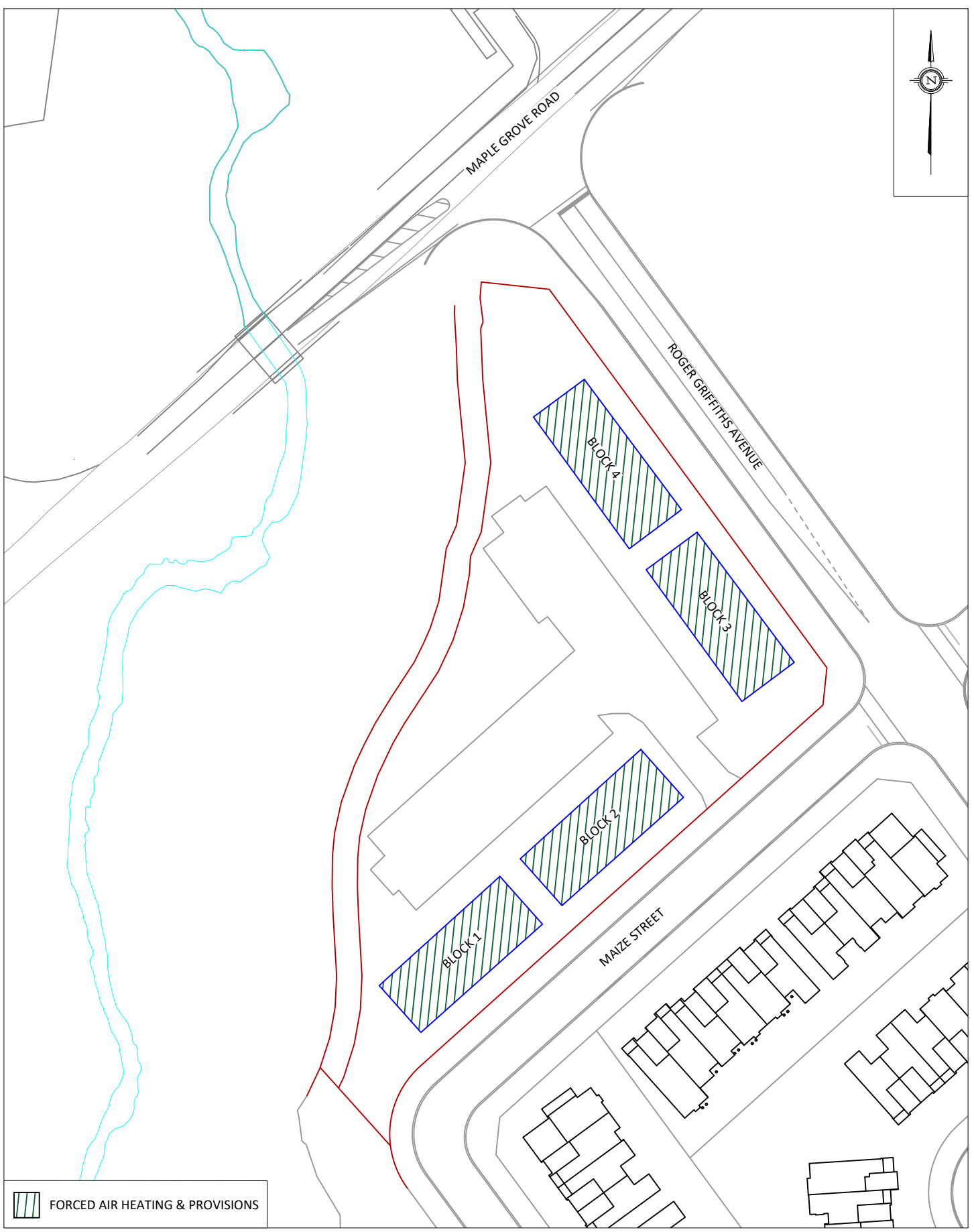
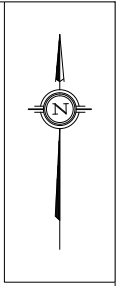
1 POW RECEPTOR

GRADIENTWIND ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS 127 WALGREEN ROAD, OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM	PROJECT	1560-1620 MAPLE GROVE ROAD - BLOCK 29, OTTAWA ROADWAY TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE 3: RECEPTOR 1, 4, AND 5 STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS	
	SCALE	1:1000 (APPROX.)	DRAWING NO.		GW20-182-3
	DATE	SEPTEMBER 4, 2020	DRAWN BY		G.G.



1 POW RECEPTOR

GRADIENTWIND ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS 127 WALGREEN ROAD, OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM	PROJECT	1560-1620 MAPLE GROVE ROAD - BLOCK 29, OTTAWA ROADWAY TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT	DESCRIPTION
	SCALE	1:1000 (APPROX.)	FIGURE 4: RECEPTOR 2 AND 3 STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS
	DATE	SEPTEMBER 4, 2020	DRAWING NO. GW20-182-4
		DRAWN BY G.G.	



 FORCED AIR HEATING & PROVISIONS

PROJECT	1560-1620 MAPLE GROVE ROAD - BLOCK 29, OTTAWA ROADWAY TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT	
SCALE	1:1000 (APPROX.)	DRAWING NO. GW20-182-5
DATE	SEPTEMBER 4, 2020	DRAWN BY G.G.

DESCRIPTION
**FIGURE 5:
VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS**



APPENDIX A

STAMSON 5.04 – INPUT AND OUTPUT DATA

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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 04-09-2020 18:23:18
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r1.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 60 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 47.00 / 47.00 m
Receiver height : 7.50 / 7.50 m
Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle : 0.00

Road data, segment # 2: RGA (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00



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Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 2: RGA (day/night)

```

-----
Angle1  Angle2      : -68.00 deg  0.00 deg
Wood depth      :      0      (No woods.)
No of house rows :      0 / 0
Surface         :      1      (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 20.00 / 20.00 m
Receiver height :      7.50 / 7.50 m
Topography      :      1      (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle :      0.00
  
```

Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 61.52 + 0.00) = 61.52 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
-90	90	0.48	70.00	0.00	-7.34	-1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00

```

-----
--
-90      90      0.48  70.00   0.00  -7.34  -1.14   0.00   0.00   0.00
61.52
-----
--
  
```

Segment Leq : 61.52 dBA

Results segment # 2: RGA (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 57.33 + 0.00) = 57.33 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
-68	0	0.48	63.96	0.00	-1.85	-4.78	0.00	0.00	0.00

```

-----
--
-68      0      0.48  63.96   0.00  -1.85  -4.78   0.00   0.00   0.00
57.33
-----
--
  
```

Segment Leq : 57.33 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 62.92 dBA



Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 53.92 + 0.00) = 53.92 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
SubLeq									

--									
-90	90	0.48	62.40	0.00	-7.34	-1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
53.92									

Segment Leq : 53.92 dBA

Results segment # 2: RGA (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 49.73 + 0.00) = 49.73 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
SubLeq									

--									
-68	0	0.48	56.36	0.00	-1.85	-4.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.73									

Segment Leq : 49.73 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 55.32 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 62.92

(NIGHT): 55.32



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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 04-09-2020 18:23:55
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r2.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 60 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 52.00 / 52.00 m
Receiver height : 7.50 / 7.50 m
Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle : 0.00

Road data, segment # 2: RGA (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00



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Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 2: RGA (day/night)

```

-----
Angle1  Angle2      : -73.00 deg  90.00 deg
Wood depth      :      0      (No woods.)
No of house rows :      0 / 0
Surface         :      1      (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 17.00 / 17.00 m
Receiver height :      7.50 / 7.50 m
Topography      :      1      (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle :      0.00
  
```

Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 57.86 + 0.00) = 57.86 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
0	90	0.48	70.00	0.00	-7.99	-4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00

```

-----
--
SubLeq
-----
--
0      90      0.48  70.00   0.00  -7.99  -4.15   0.00   0.00   0.00
57.86
-----
--
  
```

Segment Leq : 57.86 dBA

Results segment # 2: RGA (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 61.81 + 0.00) = 61.81 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
-73	90	0.48	63.96	0.00	-0.80	-1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00

```

-----
--
SubLeq
-----
--
-73     90     0.48  63.96   0.00  -0.80  -1.34   0.00   0.00   0.00
61.81
-----
--
  
```

Segment Leq : 61.81 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 63.28 dBA



Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 50.26 + 0.00) = 50.26 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
SubLeq									

--									
0	90	0.48	62.40	0.00	-7.99	-4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
50.26									

Segment Leq : 50.26 dBA

Results segment # 2: RGA (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 54.21 + 0.00) = 54.21 dBA

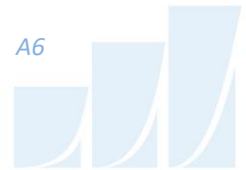
Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
SubLeq									

--									
-73	90	0.48	56.36	0.00	-0.80	-1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
54.21									

Segment Leq : 54.21 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 55.68 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 63.28
(NIGHT): 55.68



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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 04-09-2020 18:24:05
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r3.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 60 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : 6.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 89.00 / 89.00 m
Receiver height : 7.50 / 7.50 m
Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle : 0.00

Road data, segment # 2: RGA (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00



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Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 2: RGA (day/night)

```

-----
Angle1  Angle2      : -83.00 deg  90.00 deg
Wood depth      :      0      (No woods.)
No of house rows :      0 / 0
Surface         :      1      (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 17.00 / 17.00 m
Receiver height :      7.50 / 7.50 m
Topography      :      1      (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle :      0.00
  
```

Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 54.01 + 0.00) = 54.01 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
6	90	0.48	70.00	0.00	-11.45	-4.54	0.00	0.00	0.00

```

-----
--
--
SubLeq
-----
--
--
  
```

Segment Leq : 54.01 dBA

Results segment # 2: RGA (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 61.96 + 0.00) = 61.96 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
-83	90	0.48	63.96	0.00	-0.80	-1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00

```

-----
--
--
SubLeq
-----
--
--
  
```

Segment Leq : 61.96 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 62.61 dBA



Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 46.41 + 0.00) = 46.41 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
SubLeq									

--									
6	90	0.48	62.40	0.00	-11.45	-4.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
46.41									

Segment Leq : 46.41 dBA

Results segment # 2: RGA (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 54.37 + 0.00) = 54.37 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
SubLeq									

--									
-83	90	0.48	56.36	0.00	-0.80	-1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
54.37									

Segment Leq : 54.37 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 55.01 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 62.61

(NIGHT): 55.01



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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 04-09-2020 18:24:15
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r4.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 60 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 109.00 / 109.00 m
Receiver height : 7.50 / 7.50 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : 43.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Barrier height : 10.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 63.00 / 63.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00

Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)



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1.50 !	7.50 !	4.03 !	4.03							
ROAD (55.12 + 44.99 + 0.00) = 55.52 dBA										
Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	
SubLeq										

--	-90	43	0.48	70.00	0.00	-12.75	-2.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
55.12										

--	43	90	0.00	70.00	0.00	-8.61	-5.83	0.00	0.00	-10.56
44.99										

--										

Segment Leq : 55.52 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 55.52 dBA

Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	! Receiver Height (m)	! Barrier Height (m)	! Elevation of Barrier Top (m)						
1.50 !	7.50 !	4.03 !	4.03						

ROAD (47.52 + 37.39 + 0.00) = 47.93 dBA										
Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	
SubLeq										

--	-90	43	0.48	62.40	0.00	-12.75	-2.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.52										

--	43	90	0.00	62.40	0.00	-8.61	-5.83	0.00	0.00	-10.56
37.39										

Segment Leq : 47.93 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 47.93 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 55.52
(NIGHT): 47.93



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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 04-09-2020 18:24:23
 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r5.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
 Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

```
-----
Car traffic volume   : 12144/1056   veh/TimePeriod   *
Medium truck volume :    966/84    veh/TimePeriod   *
Heavy truck volume  :    690/60    veh/TimePeriod   *
Posted speed limit  :     60 km/h
Road gradient       :      0 %
Road pavement      :      1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
```

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

```
24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth         : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth           : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume      : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume       : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume      : 92.00
```

Data for Segment # 1: Maple Grove (day/night)

```
-----
Angle1  Angle2           : -90.00 deg   90.00 deg
Wood depth           :      0      (No woods.)
No of house rows     :      0 / 0
Surface              :      1      (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 109.00 / 109.00 m
Receiver height      :      7.50 / 7.50 m
Topography           :      1      (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle      :      0.00
```

Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 56.11 + 0.00) = 56.11 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj
SubLeq									

```
-----
--
-90      90      0.48  70.00   0.00 -12.75  -1.14   0.00   0.00   0.00
56.11
-----
--
```



Segment Leq : 56.11 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 56.11 dBA

Results segment # 1: Maple Grove (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 48.51 + 0.00) = 48.51 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq

--
-90 90 0.48 62.40 0.00 -12.75 -1.14 0.00 0.00 0.00
48.51

--

Segment Leq : 48.51 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 48.51 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 56.11
(NIGHT): 48.51

