





100 BAYSHORE DESIGN BRIEF

HISTORICAL CONTEXT

The Bayshore community, also known as Accora Village, was first built in 1963-1965 by Minto Group. The development saw a total of roughly 2,400 units built over several years. In the early 2000s, the community changed ownership to Ferguslea Properties Inc. The fabric of this community is mostly low-rise residential with some mid to high-rise building along the south edge of the community adjacent to Bayshore Shopping Centre.

Bayshore Shopping Centre is the primary attraction in the area, and was built in 1973 with two floors added in 1987. Bayshore underwent extensive renovations, that included a new parking garage, updates to the mall interior, and the addition of several new brand name stores.

The proposed development is located on the remaining western parcel that is owned by Ivanhoé Cambridge. In the 1960's, the site was occupied by a recreational facility which operated for over 30 years. In the mid 1990's, the recreation centre was demolished. Over the next 20 years, the site was used for various temporary functions and is now vacant again.

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

Our vision for this site would see this vacant parcel transformed into a vibrant transit-oriented development which is directly adjacent to the existing Bayshore transit station and future LRT station. The design of this development is intended to respond to the anticipated growth in density which is driven by the existing and expanding transportation network directly adjacent to the site. Contextually, there are two other high-rise developments (12 storeys) in the surrounding area as well as multiple low-rise buildings. Generally speaking, most of the high-rise and mid-rise buildings are located along the south edge of Accora Village, adjacent to the Bayshore shopping mall. While it is anticipated that a development may occur on the site to the west of the subject property, information on the potential development has not been made available to us at this time.

The proposed development would see two towers erected on this site. Phase 1 would be a 27-storey tower and Phase 2, a 30-storey tower. The proposed 554-unit development would bring additional density that would further support the existing transit station and the future LRT transit stations. Phase 2 of the development will include a direct connection from the second level of the parking podium into the transit station to facilitate the use of public transit while also providing a direct connection to Bayshore Shopping Centre. In addition to integrating itself into the existing pedestrian infrastructure of the neighborhood, indoor bicycle parking facilities will be provided at grade to promote and facilitate alternative modes of transportation. During the first phase, a ground level pedestrian connection will be provided at the east end of the parking garage, providing convenient access to the M.U.P. as well as the transit station. During Phase 2, a physical link will be provided between the proposed development and the transit station. Although we do not have details on the future LRT transit station, agreements are in place for this link. The transit link will have controlled access for the security of its residents.

This development will provide on-site vehicular parking by means of a three-storey podium parking garage, including one underground parking level, which will provide a parking ratio of 0.43 spaces per unit and 0.1 spaces for visitors. Bordering the drop-off area for both phases, nine visitor parking spaces will be available at grade to accommodate short-term parking and delivery services. It is important to note that the residents of this proposed development will not be permitted to use the existing Bayshore parking garage for tenant parking. As depicted in our site plan, this proposal includes a multi-use pathway that will connect any future development to the west with the existing pedestrian infrastructure of Accora Village and Bayshore Shopping Centre. Although not fully detailed yet, we are anticipating some sustainable features as part of the development.

BUILT FORM & URBAN FABRIC

The massing of the proposed towers acknowledges the highrise design guidelines and breaks down the towers into three distinct elements; the podium base, the middle body of the towers and the top of the towers.

The base of the towers is an important element to the development and its design tries to reconcile three varying conditions; the scale of the Bayshore parking garage to the east, the low-rise residential context to the north, and the Transit corridor to the south of the site. The above-ground parkade is also an important aspect to consider from a design perspective. The design of the podium seeks to mitigate the common perception of above-grade parking garages. The podium of the proposed development is designed to conceal the above-grade parking structure while still promoting the main entrance and public spaces at grade which front onto Woodridge Crescent. These visible active public spaces at grade ensure that the front of the building remains animated to create a more desirable pedestrian experience, as the building is experienced from Woodridge.

Furthermore, the podium design provides a substantial setback from the street, allowing for additional landscaping and a better pedestrian experience along that portion of Woodridge. The materiality of the podium looks at using a combination of masonry, horizontal terracota panels and a pourrous vertical metal screen for the parkade.

The main body of the tower comprises two contrasting elements that help break down the scale and mass of the building. The design intent for the lighter masonry component would feature a grid of varying scale modules. The larger masonry module would be infilled with a lighter window-wall system, while the tighter modules are textured with simple punched openings. The darker masonry component employs a simple two-storey module and carries that rhythm up the building.

The top of the towers would terminate in two conditions, one would see part of the tower tower dissolve into a lighter glassy top, and the other would see the strong masonry frame carry to the very top creating a feature volume for the roof top amenity. The different treatment at the top of the building is intended to punctuate the top of the towers and provide some visual articulation from a distance. The intent is to have outdoor and indoor amenity spaces at the top of the towers benefiting from the amazing view towards the Ottawa River and the city.

To conclude, we believe that this site has great potential in becoming a successful transit-oriented development that will be literally connected to our city's transit system. Additionally, we see this development generating synergy between commuters, shoppers and the local residents.

Thank you,

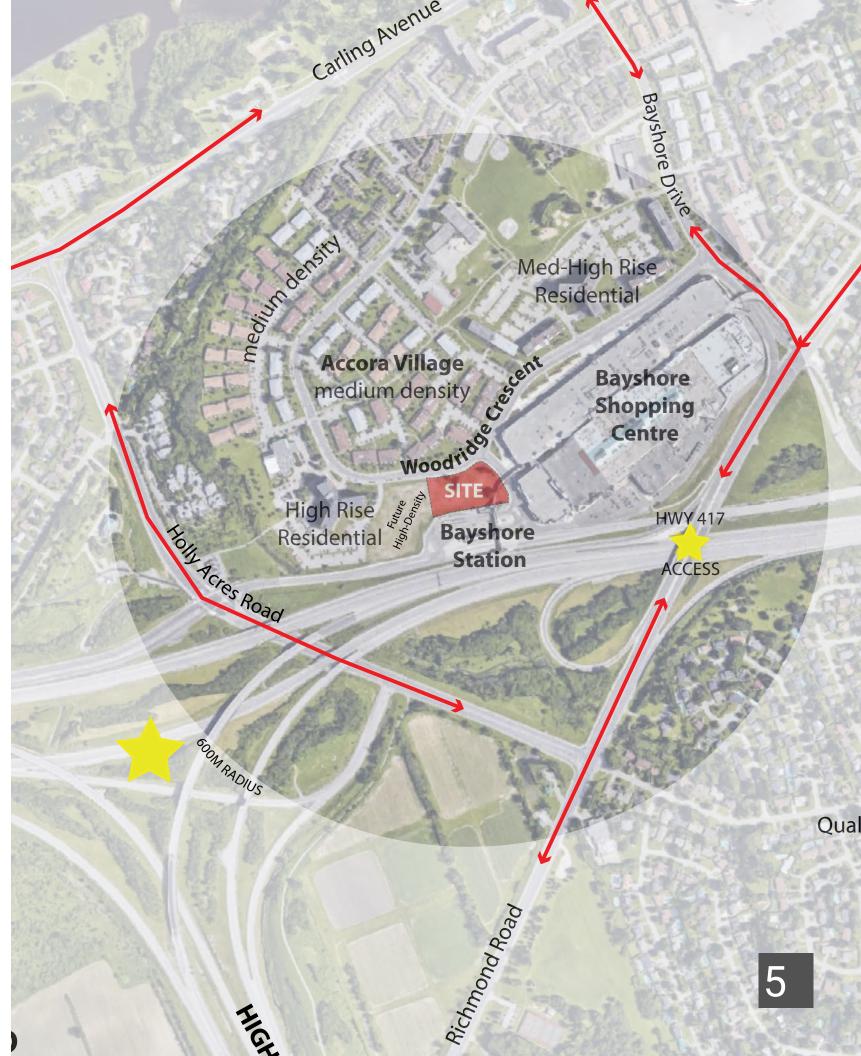
100 BAYSHORE

The Vision

"We envision this Bayshore site transforming itself into a successful transit oriented development that thrives off of its access to a multi-modal transit network. This location offers a truly unique living experience while integrating itself into both the transportation network and one of Ottawa's largest shopping centres. This has the potential to become a vibrant and exciting addition to Ottawa's urban fabric."

CONTEXT

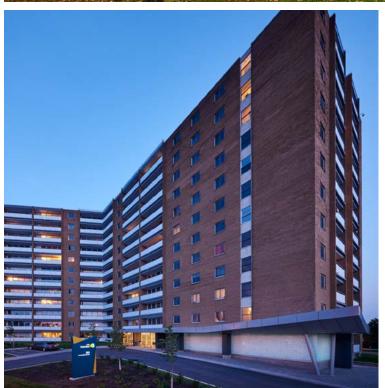






ACCORA VILLAGE









Cineplex Cinemas Otta Temporarily closed Andrew Haydon Park Bayshore Public School temporarily closed CONTEXT

BAYSHORE SHOPPING CENTRE







100 BAYSHORE

UDRP JUNE 5th, 2020 RECOMMENDATIONS

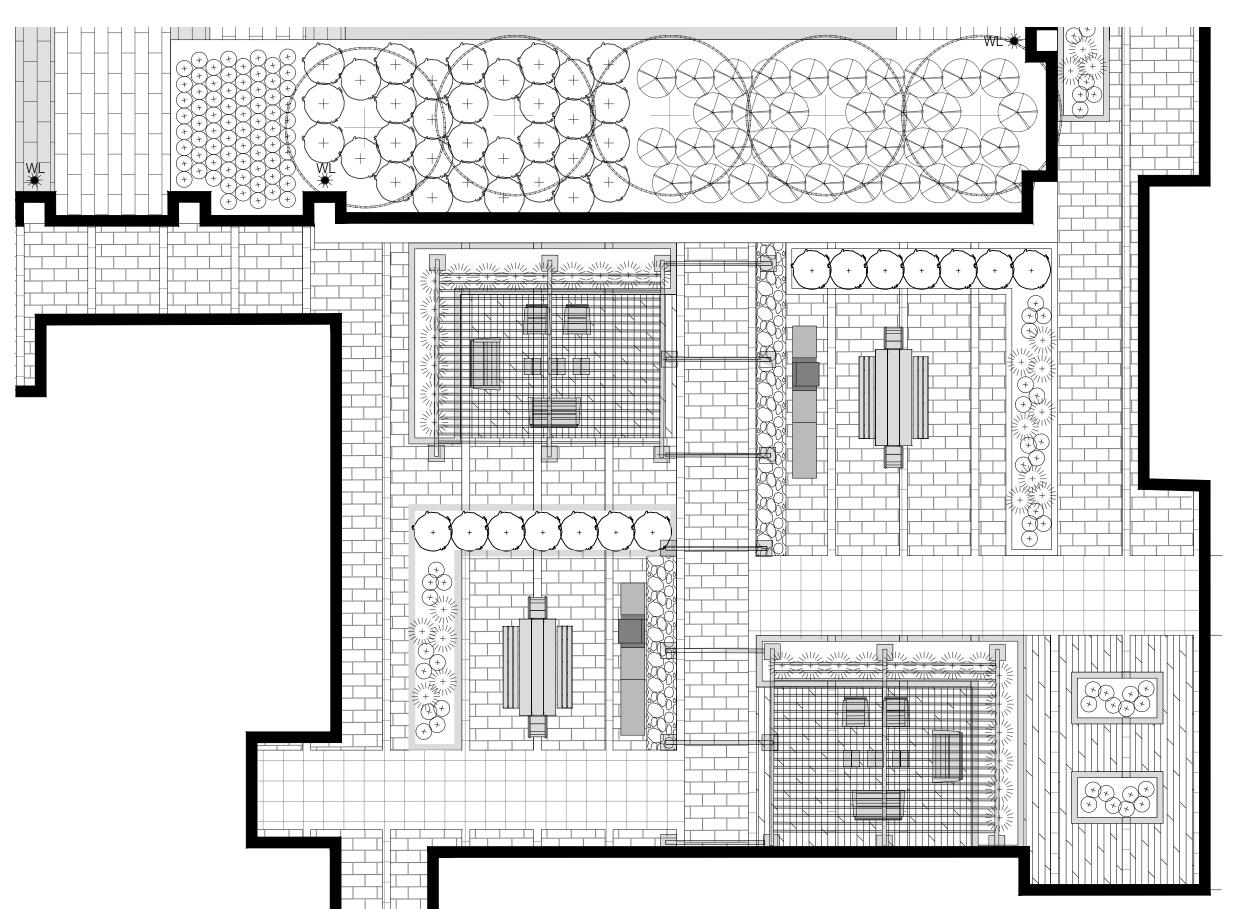
- -CONSIDER REDESIGNING THE FORECOURT AS A PEDESTRIAN FRIENDLY PLAZA
- -CONSIDER LOCATING TALLER TOWER EAST
- -CONSIDER ALTERNATE COLOUR FOR BLACK MASONRY
- -CONSIDER FUTURE USES FOR PODIUM PARKING LEVELS
- -EXPLORE ALTERNATE USES AT GROUND FLOOR
- -CONSIDER SMALLER FLOOR PLATES



PROPOSED LANDSCAPE PLAN



PODIUM LEVEL PLAN















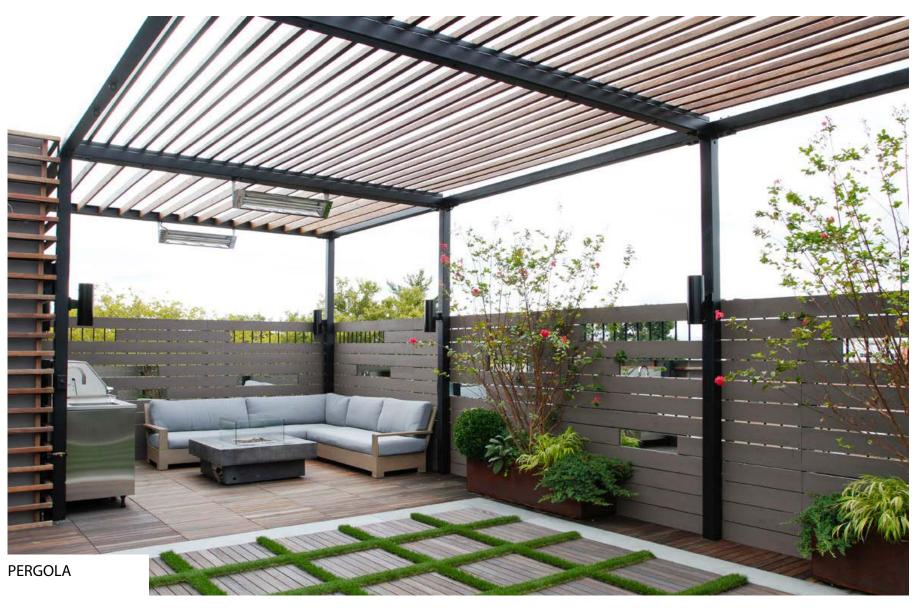












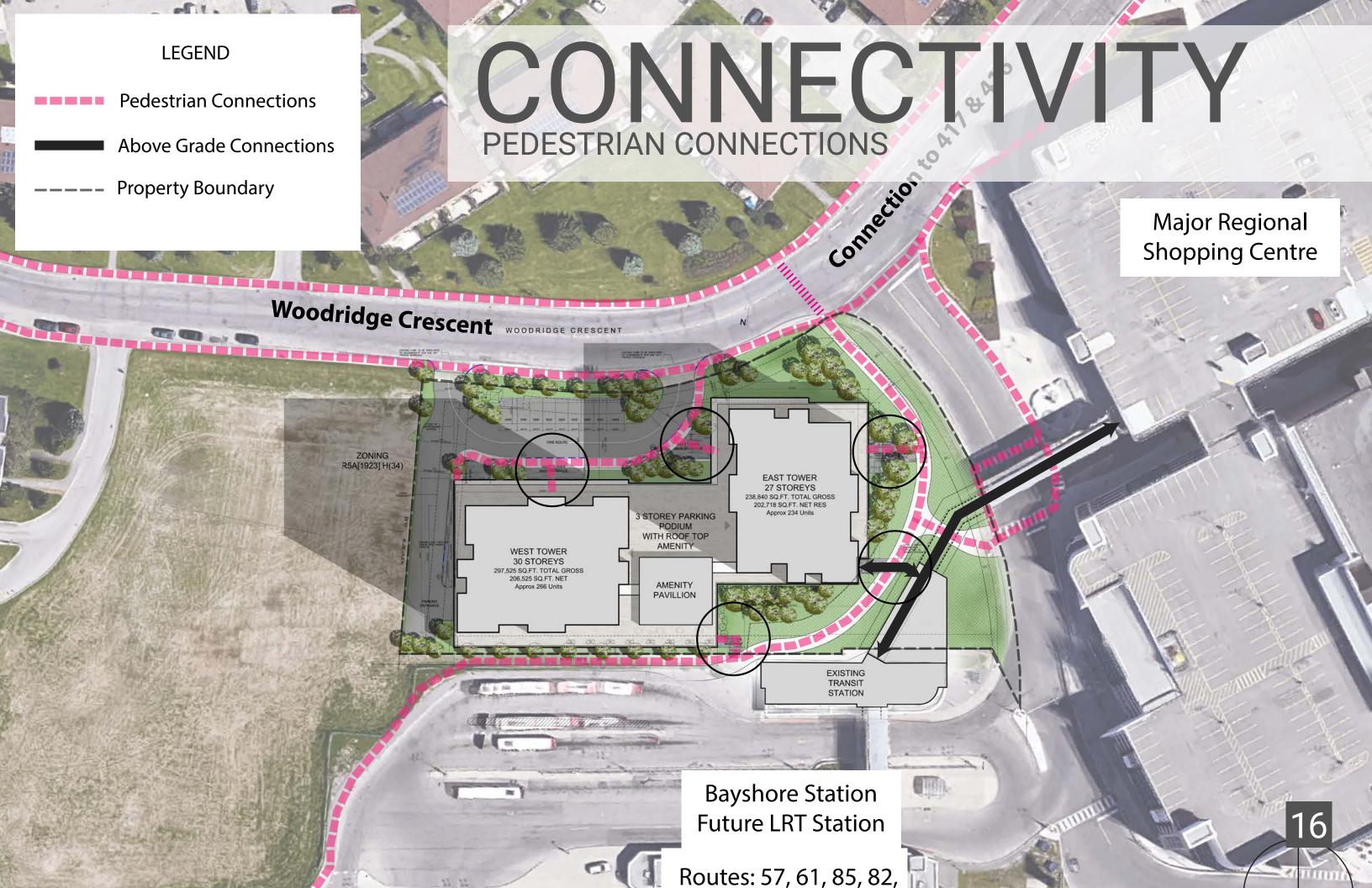


















1-TOP

TOP OF TOWERS ARTICULATED WITH **BOTH LIGHTER GLASSY MATERIAL** AND MASONRY FOR A STRONG COR-NER EXPRESSION.

2-BODY

USE OF LIGHT AND DARK MASON-RY TO BREAK UP THE MASS OF THE BODY. VARYING SCALES OF WINDOWS HELP ANIMATE THE FACADE WHILE GIVING IT A RESIDENTIAL QUALITY.

3-PODIUM

3 STOREY OPEN AIR PODIUM PARKING PROPOSES STRONG MASONRY PIERS TO HIGHLIGHT THE MAIN ENTRANCE IN COMBINATION WITH HORIZONTAL TERRACOTTA PANELS. THE REMAIN-ING PART OF THE PODIUM IS CLAD WITH A VERTIAL PANEL COMPOSED OF CORTEN STEEL CHANELS OF VARY-INGS WIDTHS.





URBAN FABRIC

PODIUM & GROUND LEVEL FORECOURT

DEVELOP A PODIUM LANGUAGE THAT ADDRESSES THE NEED FOR ABOVE GRADE PARKING AND ACCOMMODATES THE MAIN ENTRANCE FOR BOTH PHASES. CREATING A PEDESTRIAN FRIENDLY FORECOURT IS ESSENTIAL FOR AN ANIMATED STREET EDGE ALONG WOODRIDGE CRESCENT





PROPOSED
TERRACOTTA
PANELS

SCREEN PERFORATION

22



URBAN FABRIC PODIUM ROOF TOP AMENITIES







URBAN FABRIC HIGH ROOF TOP AMENITIES

CREATE DESIRABLE OUTDOOR AMENITY SPACES FOR RESIDENTS AT BOTH LOW AND HIGH ROOF LEVELS TO ENJOY THE SPECTAULAR RIVER AND CITY VIEWS







URBAN
FABRIC

HIGH RISE MASSING

DEVELOP AN ARCHITECTURAL PALETTE THAT IS RELATABLE AND IS CONTEXTUALLY APPROPRIATE. BREAK BUILDING MASS WITH USE OF DARK AND LIGHT MATERIAL PALETTE.



















GATEWAY PRESENCE













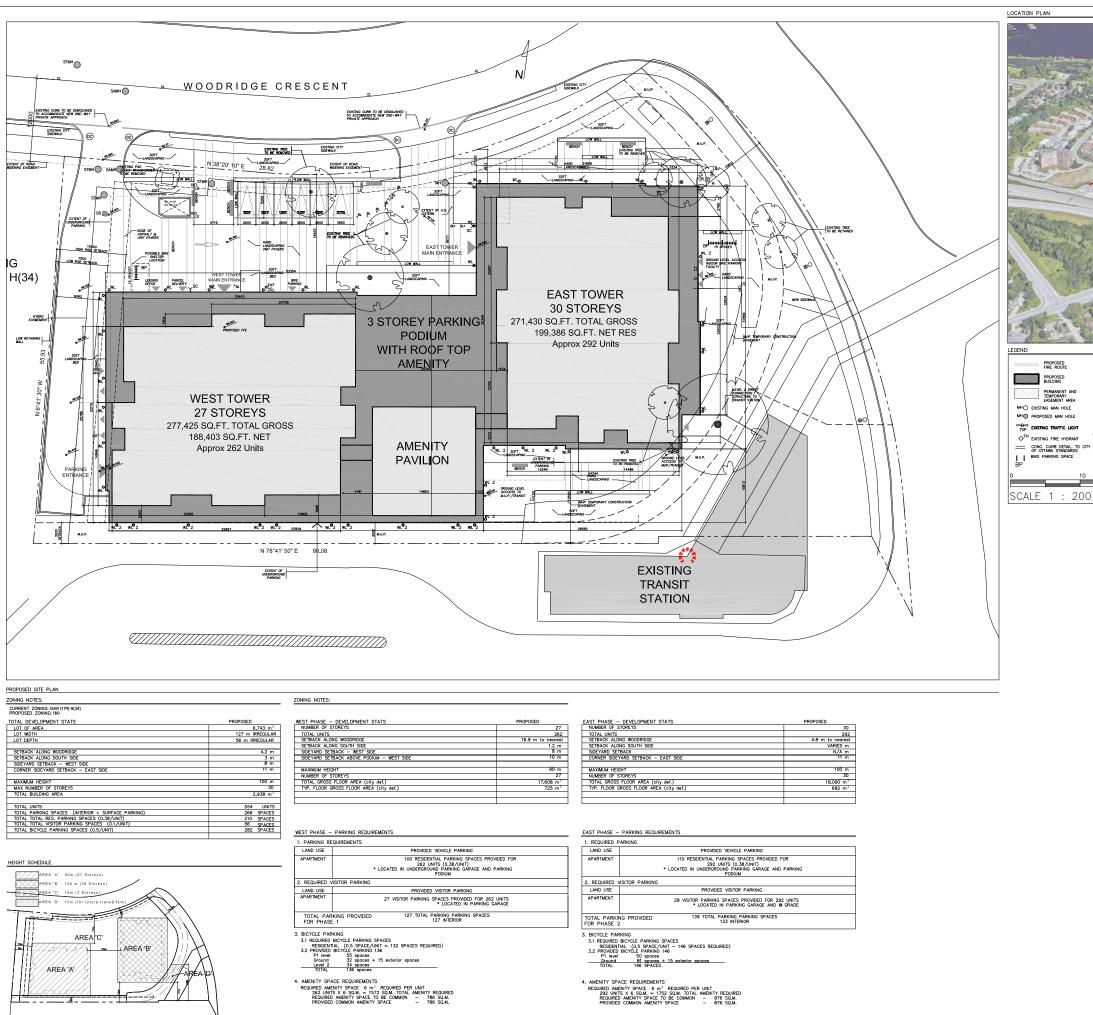
AERIAL VIEW LOOKING SOUTH EAST



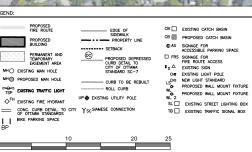




ROOF TOP INTERIOR AMENITY







♦ KingSett



PROJECT TEAM

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PLANING
Lloyd Phillips and Associates
Lloyd Phillips
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STEPHEN McCAUGHEY T 613.690.3955

CSW LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS I

TRANSPORTATION IBI GROUP DAVID HOOK

T 613.225,1311 ext; 6402 ENVIRONMENTAL

no.	date	revision
1	19.02.20	ISSUED FOR REZONING
2	20.03.30	RE-ISSUED FOR REZONING
3	20.06,04	RE-ISSUED FOR REZONING
4	20.07.24	RE-ISSUED FOR REZONING
5	21.04.30	ISSUED FOR S.P.A.

s the responsibility of the appropria tractor to check and verify all dime as on site and report all errors and omissions to the architect.

All contractors must comply with all pertinent codes and by-laws.

Do not scale drawings.

This drawing may not be used for construction until signed.

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Hobin Architecture Incorporated 68 Parilla Street Clause, Control Guesd, Control Guesd

PROJECT/LOCATION:
100 BAYSHORE LOT "B"

WOODRIGDE CRESENT

DRAWING TITLE:
SITE PLAN

RAWN BY: DATE: 19.12.20

BY: DATE: SCALE: 1200

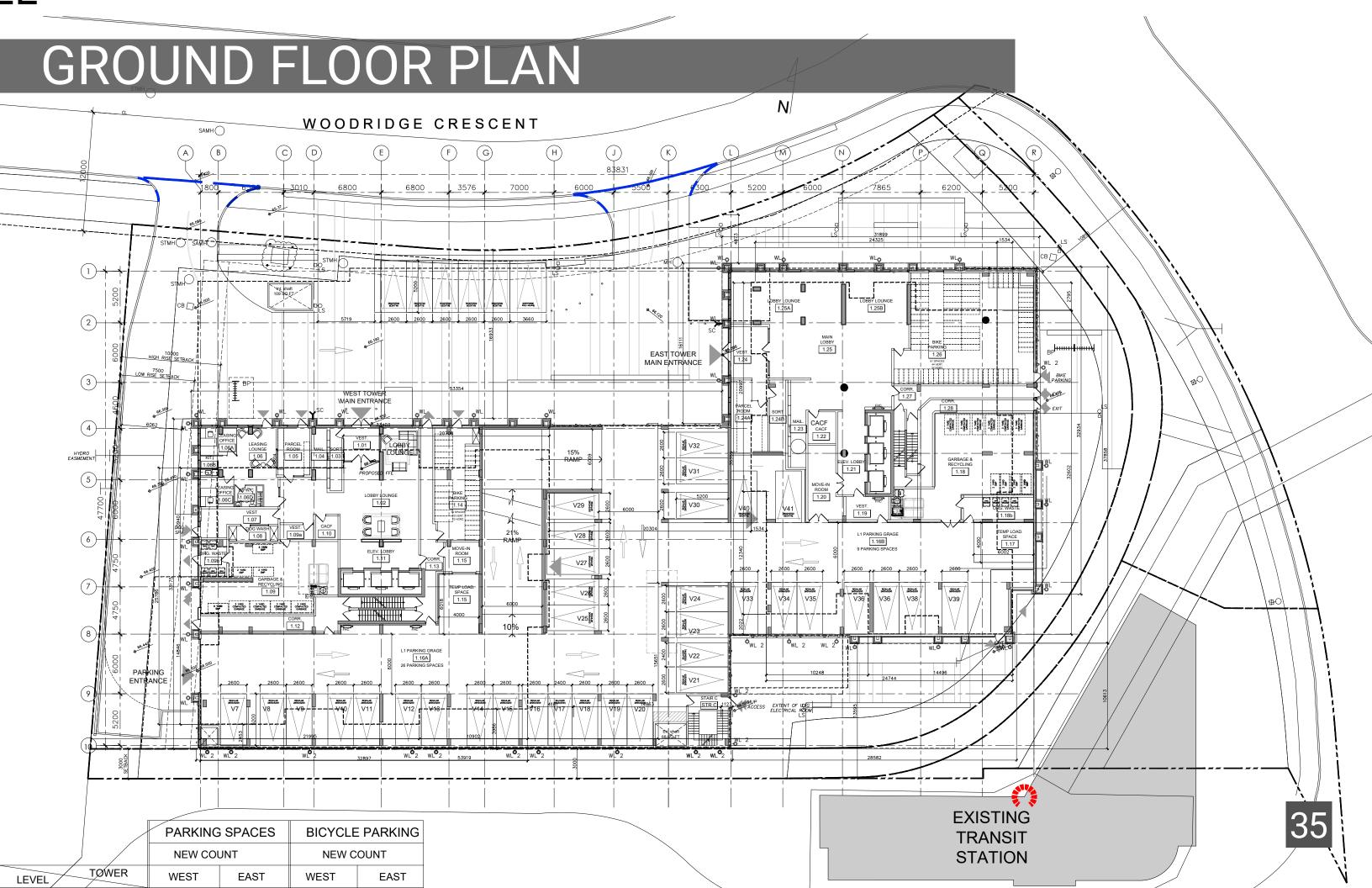
ASSOCIATION | PROJECT: 1837

DRAWING

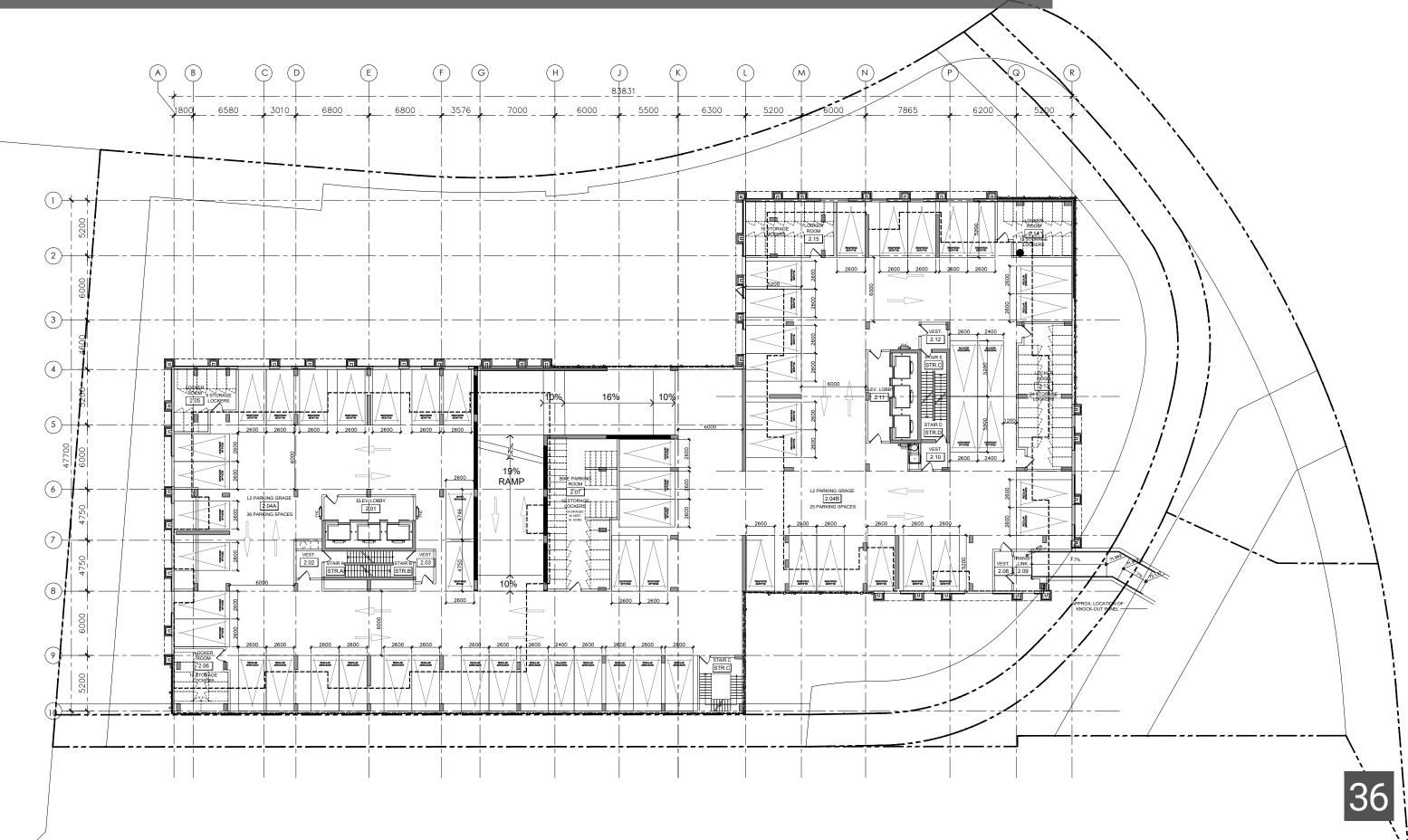


33

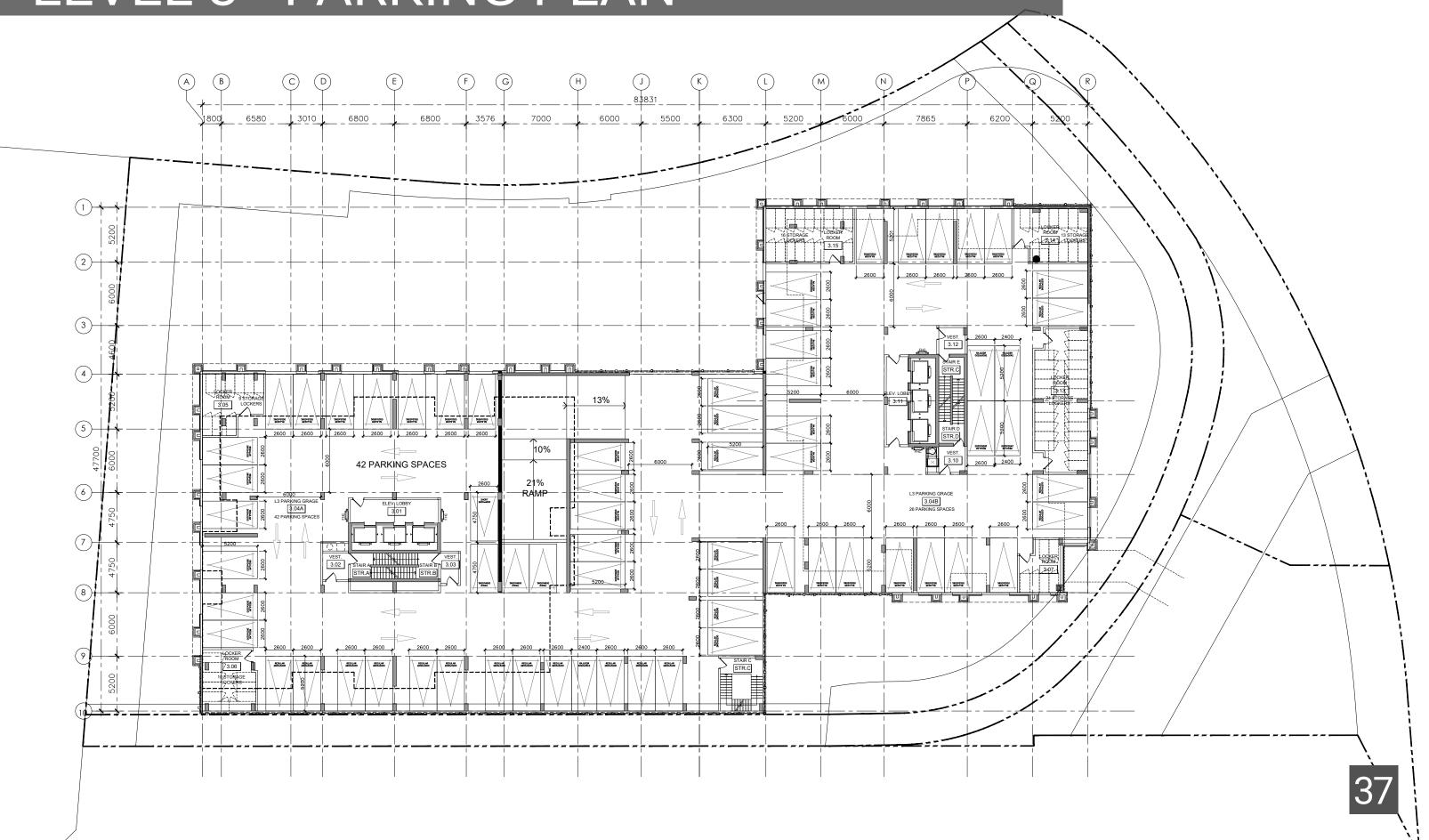
P1 PARKING LEVEL (D) G 6800 6000 5500 PARKING PO09 spaces tevert WATER ENTRY ROOM P009 SECONTINE COCEPTONE SECONTINE REGULAR / REGULAR / 2000x4200 4 5 VEST. 2600 2400 P002.A P1 PARKING GRAGE P002.B 26 PARKING SPACES V55 SHORT 2000x4400 ELEV LOBBY RAMP PARKING POSPACE SURERY PO16 P007 MAIN ELEC. ROOM P005 2003-4600 2000-4600 2000-4600 (8) 2600 2600 2600 § V49 PQ17 60 sq.m. V42/V43/ MEGULAR SECONSSIO #EDLAR 2000-5000 MEGULAR 2000-5000 PEGULAR 2600x5200 STR.C



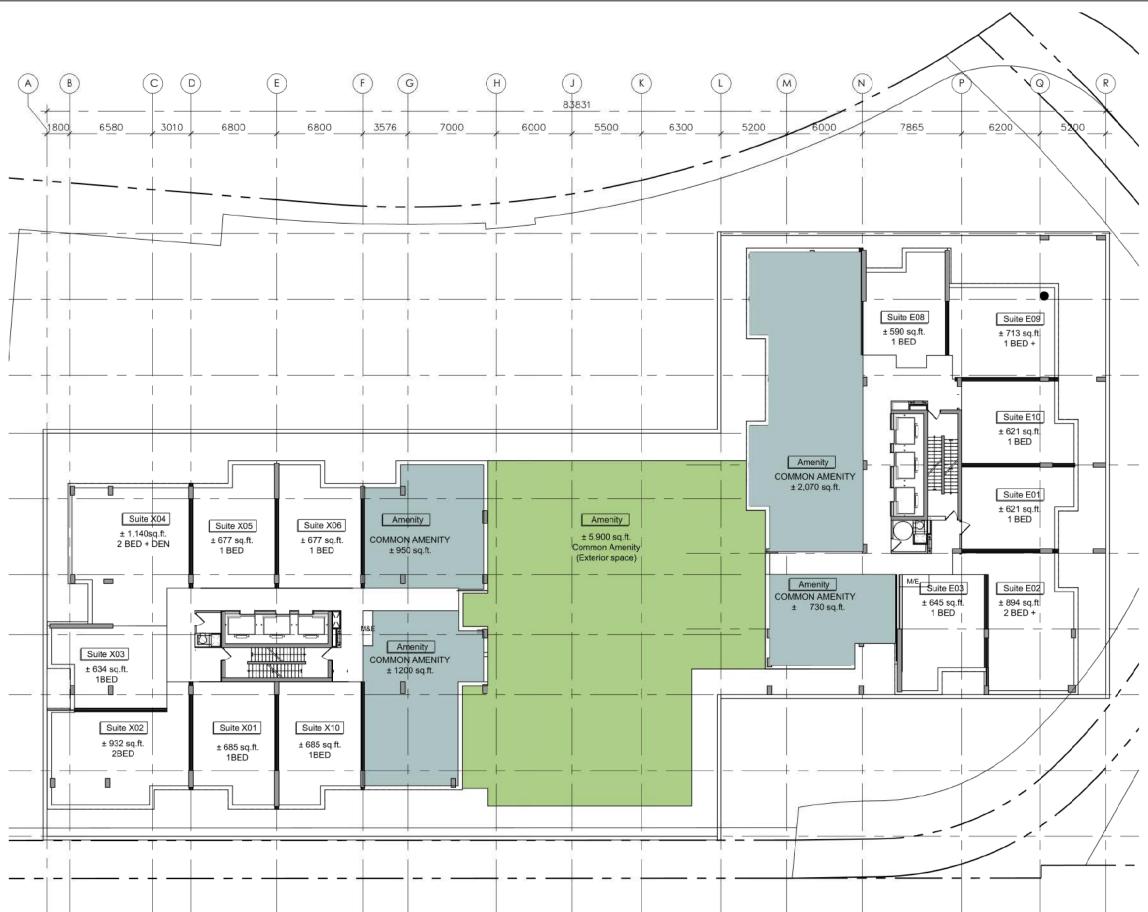
LEVEL 2 - PARKING PLAN



LEVEL 3 - PARKING PLAN



LEVEL 4 - AMENITY BLOCKING PLAN



AMENITY REQUIREMENTS - PRELIMINARY AREA CALCS

PHASE 1 - WEST TOWER - 258 UNITS

REQUIRED

TOTAL AMENITY AREA REQUIRED TOTAL COMMON AMENITY AREA REQUIRED 16,663 SQ.FT. 8,331 SQ.FT.

PROPOSED

TOTAL AREA ON LEVEL 4

INTERIOR AMENITY SPACE 2,150 SQ.FT. EXTERIOR AMENITY SPACE 2,950 SQ.FT.

TOTAL AREA ON LEVEL 28 (High roof top amenity) INTERIOR AMENITY SPACE

1,600 SQ.FT. EXTERIOR AMENITY SPACE +/-2,400 SQ.FT

TOTAL PROPOSED - WEST TOWER 9,100 SQ.FT.

PHASE 2 - EAST TOWER - 262 UNITS

TOTAL AMENITY AREA REQUIRED 16,921 SQ.FT. TOTAL COMMON AMENITY AREA REQUIRED 8,460 SQ.FT.

TOTAL AREA ON LEVEL 4

INTERIOR AMENITY SPACE 2,967 SQ.FT.

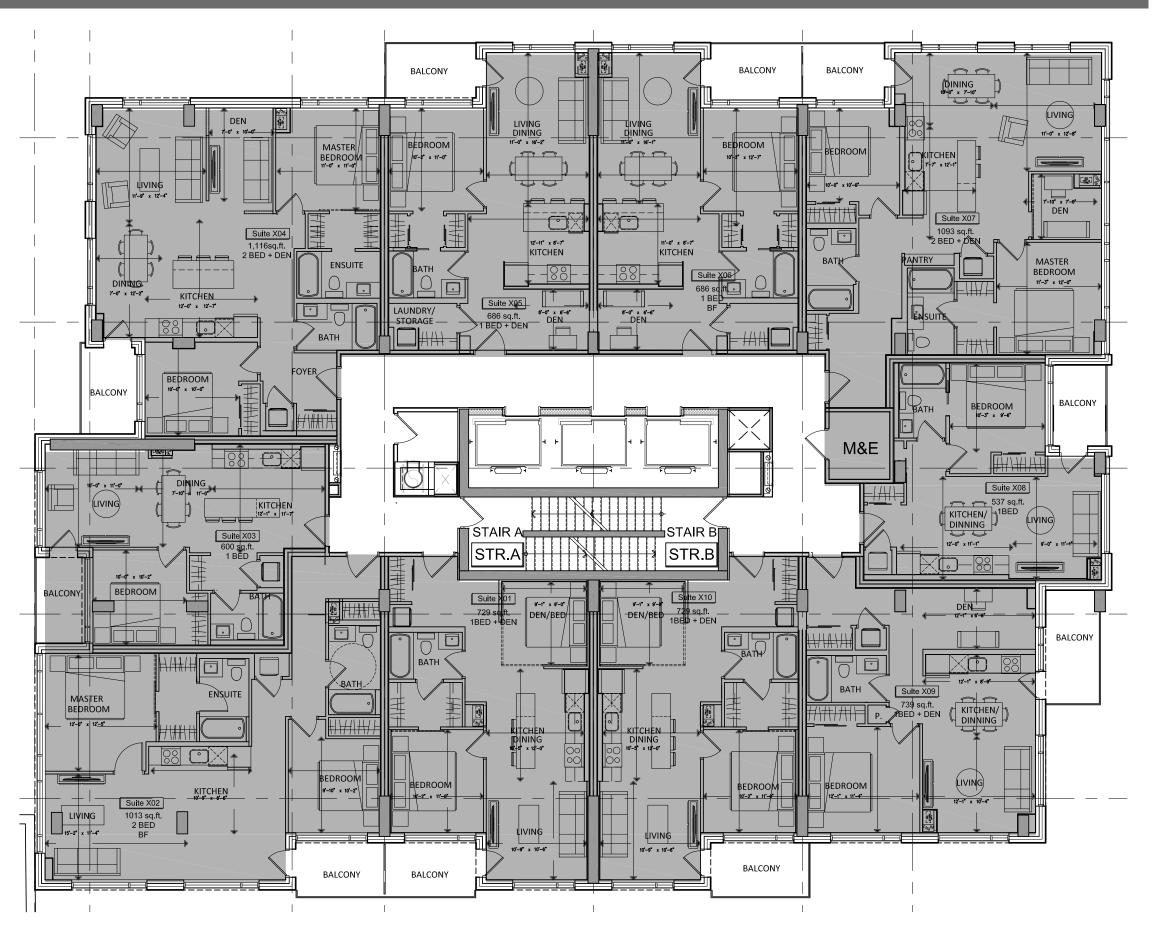
EXTERIOR AMENITY SPACE 2,800 SQ.FT.

TOTAL AREA ON LEVEL 31 (High rooftop amenity) INTERIOR AMENITY SPACE

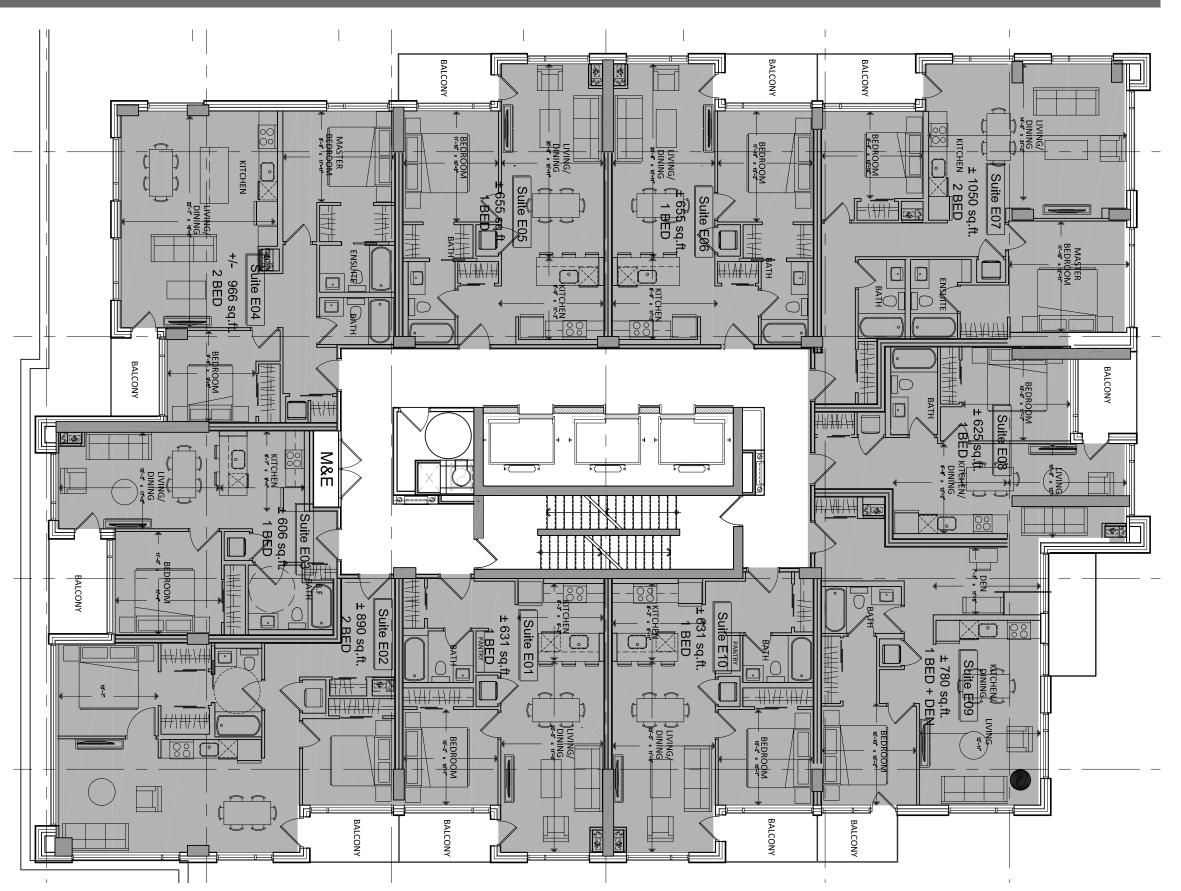
1,600 SQ.FT. EXTERIOR AMENITY SPACE +/-2,400 SQ.FT

TOTAL PROPOSED - EAST TOWER 9,767 SQ.FT.

PROPOSED TYPICAL FLOOR PLATE - PHASE 1



PROPOSED TYPICAL FLOOR PLATE - PHASE 2



ELEVATIONS

AF ALUMINUM FLASHING

AP-1 ALUMINUM PANEL -1
AP-2 TERACOTA PANEL -2

MV-1 MASONRY VENEER -1

MV-2 MASONRY VENEER

GR GLASS RAILING
MS-1 METAL SIDING -1

MS-2 METAL SIDING -2

MS-3 METAL SIDING -3

PFMS-1 PRE-FINISHED METAL SIDING
PFWS PRE-FINISHED WOOD SIDING

SP SPANDREL PANEL

STC STEEL COLUMN
VG VISION GLASS





NORTH ELEVATION

SOUTH ELEVATION

41

ELEVATIONS

AF ALUMINUM FLASHING AP-1 ALUMINUM PANEL -1

AP-2 TERACOTA PANEL -2

MV-1 MASONRY VENEER -1

MV-2 MASONRY VENEER -2 GR GLASS RAILING

MS-1 METAL SIDING -1

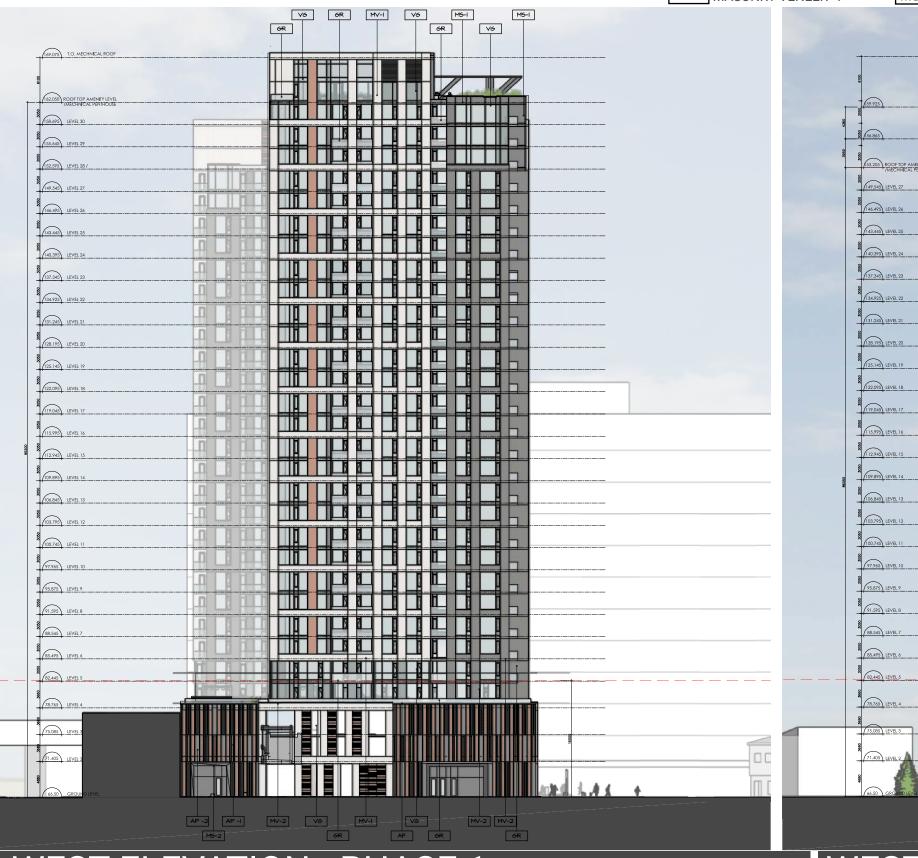
MS-2 METAL SIDING -2

MS-3 METAL SIDING -3

PFMS-1 PRE-FINISHED METAL SIDING PFWS PRE-FINISHED WOOD SIDING

SPANDREL PANEL

STC STEEL COLUMN VG VISION GLASS





ELEVATIONS

AF ALUMINUM FLASHING
AP-1 ALUMINUM PANEL -1

AP-2 TERACOTA PANEL -2
MV-1 MASONRY VENEER -1

MV-2 MASONRY VENEER -2
GR GLASS RAILING

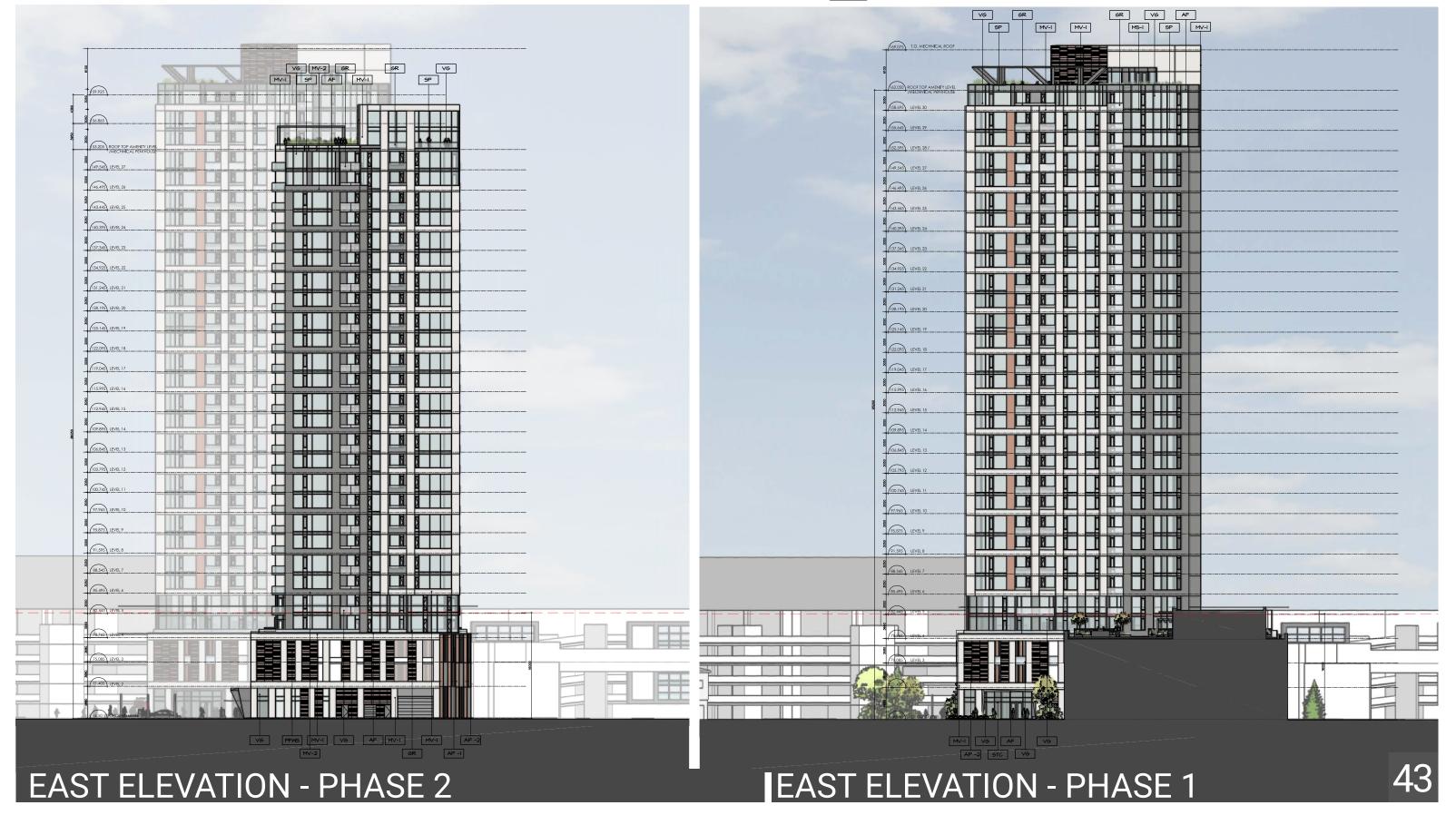
MS-1 METAL SIDING -1
MS-2 METAL SIDING -2

MS-3 METAL SIDING -3

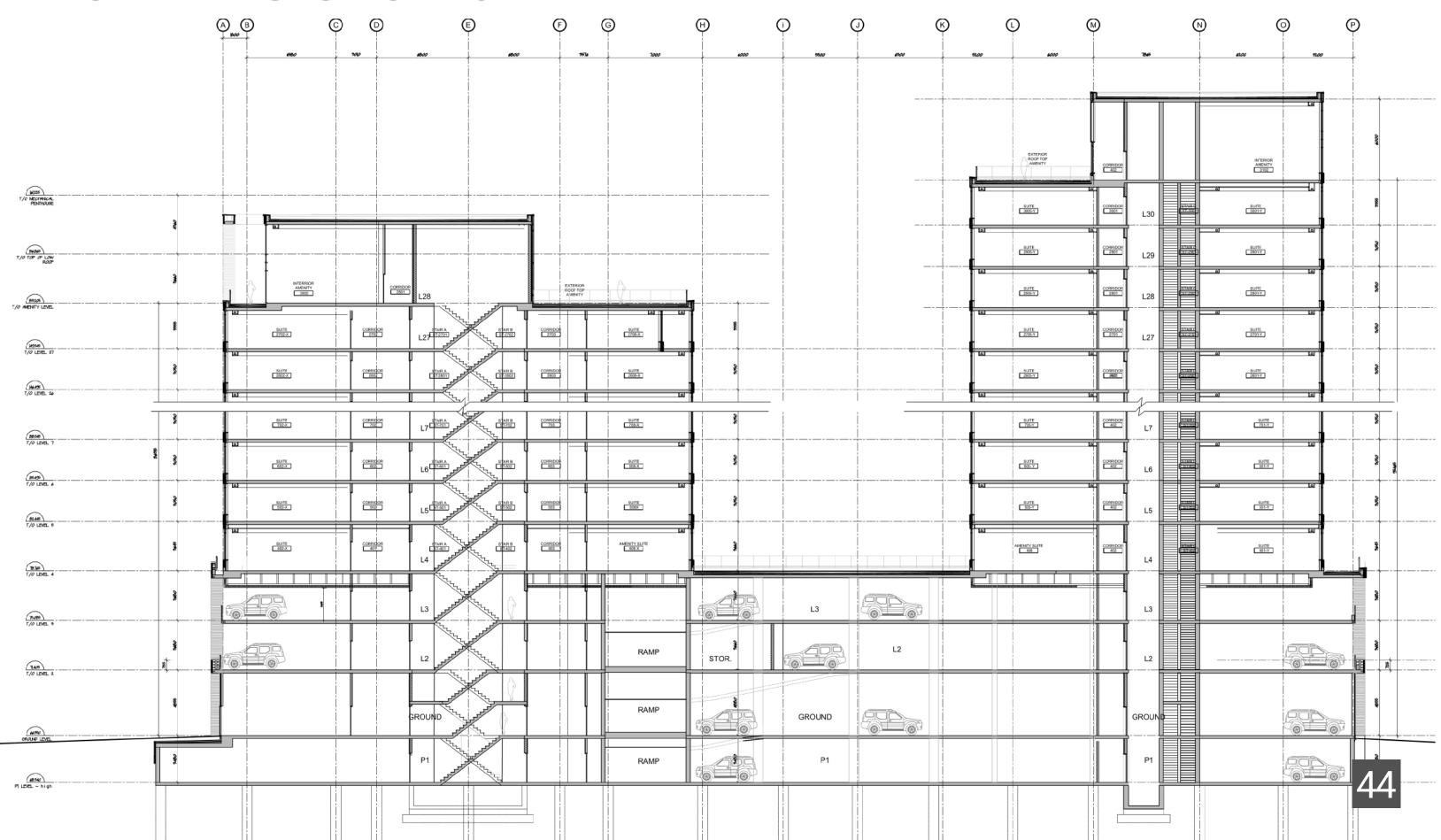
PFMS-1 PRE-FINISHED METAL SIDING PFWS PRE-FINISHED WOOD SIDING

SPANDREL PANEL

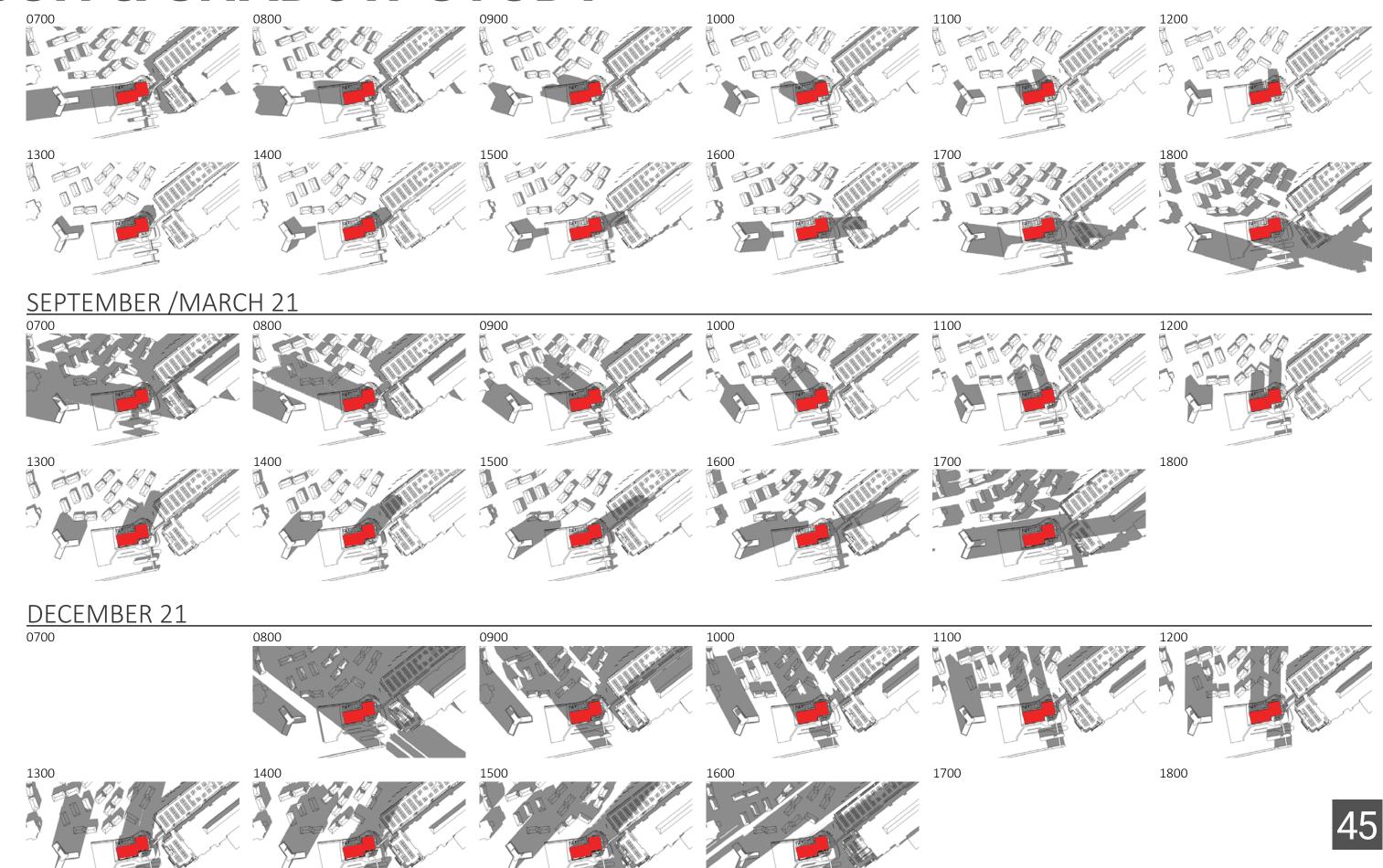
STC STEEL COLUMN
VG VISION GLASS

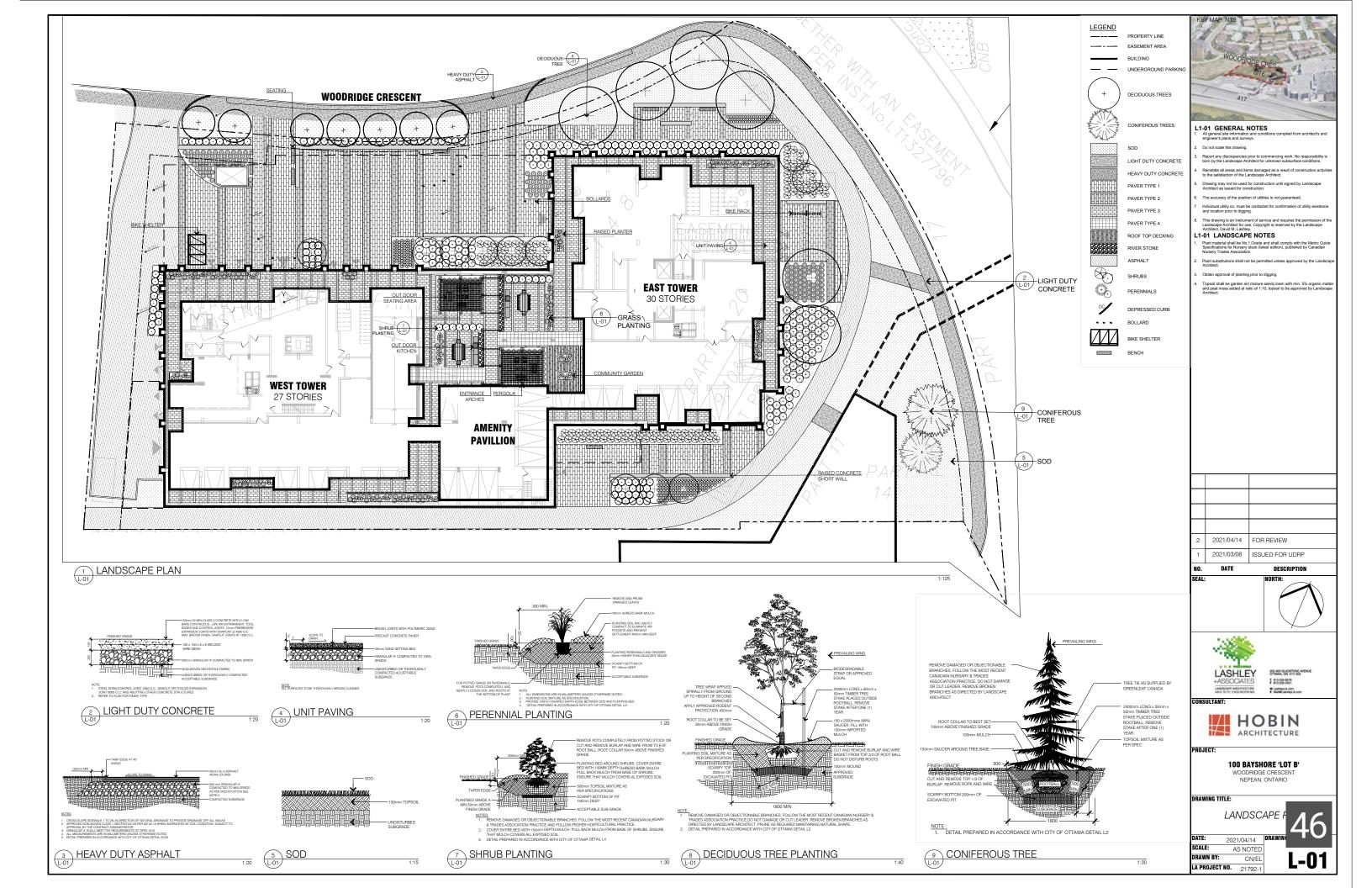


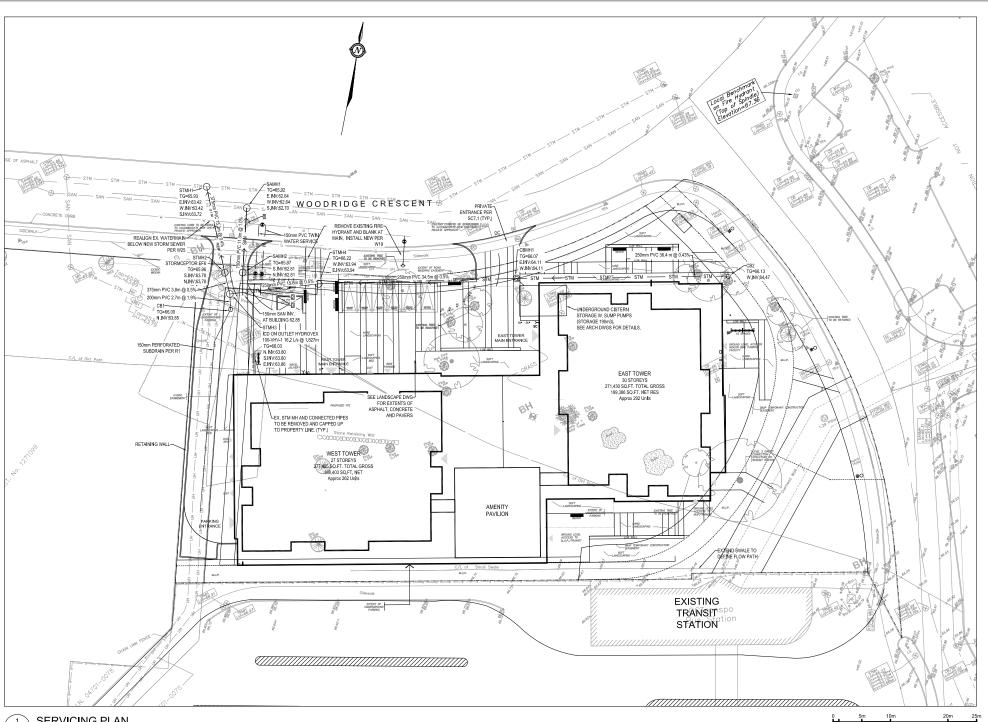
BUILDING SECTION



SUN & SHADOW STUDY







1 SERVICING PLAN C001 SCALE=1:250

NOTES: STORM SEWERS AND STRUCTURES

- ALL STORM SEWER MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS SHALL CONFORM TO THE CURRENT CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. PROVIDE CCTV INSPECTION REPORTS FOR ALL NEW STORM SEWERS, SERVICES AND GB LEADS.
- STORM SEWERS 450mm DIAMETER AND SMALLER SHALL BE PVC SDR-35, WITH RUBBER GASKET PER CSA A-257.3.
- 3. STORM SEWER LARGER THAN 450mm SHALL BE REINFORCED CONCRETE CLASS 100
- 4. SEWER BEDDING AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA DETAIL S6.
- 5. ALL STORM MANHOLES TO BE AS PER STORM STRUCTURE TABLE.
- ANY NEW OR EXISTING STORM SEWER WITH LESS THAN 2.0m COVER REQUIRES THERMAL INSULATION AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD W22, OR APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 7. ALL CATCHBASIN LEADS TO BE MINIMUM 200mm DIAMETER AT MINIMUM 1,0% SLOPE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- INSTALLATION OF FLOW CONTROL ICD'S TO BE VERIFIED BY QUALITY VERIFICATION ENGINEER RETAINED BY CONTRACTOR.

NOTES: SANITARY SEWER AND MANHOLES

- ALL SANITARY SEWER, SANITARY SEWER APPURTENANCES AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS SHALL CONFORM TO THE CURRENT CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, PROVIDE CCTV INSPECTION REPORTS FOR ALL NEW SANITARY PIPMO.
- SANITARY SEWER PIPE SIZE 150mm DIAMETER AND GREATER TO BE PVC SDR-35 (UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE) WITH RUBBER GASKET TYPE JOINTS IN CONFORMANCE WITH CSA B-182-2,3,4.
- 3. SEWER BEDDING AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA DETAIL S6.
- ALL SANITARY MANHOLES 1200mm IN DIAMETER TO BE AS PER OPSD 701.01. FRAME AND COVER TO BE AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD S25 AND S24.
- 5. MAINTENANCE HOLE BENCHING AND PIPE OPENING ALTERNATIVES AS PER THE OPSD 701.021
- ANY SANITARY SEWER WITH LESS THAN 2.0m COVER REQUIRES THERMAL INSULATION AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD W22, OR APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

NOTES: WATERMAIN

- ALL WATERMAIN 300mm DIAMETER AND SMALLER TO BE POLY VINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) CLASS 150 DR 18 MEETING AWWA SPECIFICATION C900.
- 3. ALL WATERMAIN TO BE INSTALLED AT MINIMUM COVER OF 24m BELOW FINISHED GRADE. WHERE WATERMAINS CROSS OVER OTHER UTILITIES, A MINIMUM 0.30m CLEARANCE SHALL BE MANTAINED, WHERE WATERMAINS CROSS UNDER OTHER UTILITIES. A MINIMUM 0.50m CLEARANCE SHALL BE MANTAINED. WHERE THE MINIMUM SEPARATION CANNOT BE ACHIEVED. THE WATERMAIN SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS W25 AND W252. WHERE 2.4m MINIMUM DEPTH CANNOT BE ACHIEVED. THERMAL INSULATION SHALL BE PROVIDED AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD W22, WHERE A WATERMAIN IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO AN OPEN STRUCTURE, THERMAL INSULATION SHALL BE PROVIDED AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD W22.
- 4. CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS AND MECHANICAL RESTRAINTS ARE TO BE INSTALLED AT ALL TEES, BENDS, HYDRANTS, REDUCERS, BNDS OF MAINS AND CONNECTIONS 100mm AND LARGER, IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS W25.3 & W25.4.
- 5. CATHODIC PROTECTION REQUIRED FOR ALL IRON FITTINGS AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD W40 & W42.
- 6. ALL VALVES AND VALVE BOXES AND CHAMBERS, HYDRANTS, AND HYDRANT VALVES AND ASSEMBLES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD
- IF WATER MAIN MUST BE DEFLECTED TO MEET ALIGNMENT, ENSURE THAT THE AMOUNT OF DEFLECTION USED IS LESS THAN HALF THAT RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

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STMH3	56.03	63.86	53.60	53.80	Υ	1200 mm to A	0250 701 010	524.1	
STMH4	56.77	63.94	l .	63.54	N	1200mm D.A.	0250.781.010	574 1	
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1	150mm SAN	62.88	0.50	Clourance Under	63.33	200 min to WM		
- 2	150mm WW	b3 39	0.50	Clearante Under	63.89	750mm S1M		
1	150mm 548	63.00	0.87	Cleasurer Under	64.87	2500mm S186		



STMH PROPOSED STORM SEWER MANHOLE SAMH PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE

CBMH PROPOSED CATCHBASIN MANHOLE □ CB PROPOSED CATCHBASIN PROPOSED STORM SEWER

> PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER PROPOSED WATER SERVICE LINE

PROPOSED REDUCER PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT PROPOSED DEPRESSED CURB EXISTING GRADE ELEVATION EXISTING MANHOLE

EXISTING CATCHBASIN

EXISTING VALVE & BOX EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT

EXISTING STORM SEWER EXISTING WATERMAIN

G — EXISTING GASMAIN

__ STM ___

Ø CB

40 VB

Ð FH



PROJECT TEAM

ENVIRONMENTAL GRADIENT WIND ENGINE JOSHUA FOSTER T613-836-0634

This drawing may not be used for construction until signed.





100 BAYSHORE LOT "B"

DRAWING TITLE:

SERVICING PLAN

C001

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

"KingSett is committed to investing in sustainable and innovative solutions that enhance communities, mitigate risk, and reduce environmental impact. Through a formal sustainability policy and program, KinGSett sets specific, measurable goals using key performance indicators to ensure objectives are met. KingSett continues to strive for higher levels of Environmental, Social, and Governance performance in all our projects"

Buildings have a significant impact on the environment and the communities around them making it important to develop them in a sustainable, healthy and resourceefficient way.

Focusing on the health and well-being of the people who work and live in our buildings and communities has never been more important. KingSett is committed to developing and redeveloping real estate in a manner that leaves the communities and the environment in a better state than they were before.

KingSett's Sustainable Development Policy and Guide provide clear pathways for each development to achieve the maximum benefits its site, surrounding community and technology can provide. This begins during the acquisition stage of a development site, all the way through to the property becoming occupied. Each development is assessed against the following building standards:

