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Greystone Village – Phase 3 375 Deschâtelets Avenue, Ottawa

Transportation Impact Assessment

375 Deschâtelets Avenue Greystone Village – Phase 3

Transportation Impact Assessment

Prepared By:

NOVATECH Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa, Ontario K2M 1P6

Dated: July 2021

Novatech File: 114025 Ref: R-2021-063



July 22, 2021

City of Ottawa Planning and Growth Management Department 110 Laurier Ave. W., 4th Floor, Ottawa, Ontario K1P 1J1

Attention: Mr. Wally Dubyk Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals

Dear Mr. Dubyk:

Reference: 375 Deschâtelets Avenue Transportation Impact Assessment Novatech File No. 114025

We are pleased to submit the following Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) in support of a Site Plan Control application for the property located at 375 Deschâtelets Avenue. The structure and format of this report is in accordance with the City of Ottawa Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines (June 2017).

If you have any questions or comments regarding this report, please feel free to contact the undersigned.

Yours truly,

NOVATECH

B.Byvelch

Brad Byvelds, P. Eng. Project Coordinator | Transportation/Traffic

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TIA Plan Reports

On 14 June 2017, the Council of the City of Ottawa adopted new Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Guidelines. In adopting the guidelines, Council established a requirement for those preparing and delivering transportation impact assessments and reports to sign a letter of certification.

Individuals submitting TIA reports will be responsible for all aspects of development-related transportation assessment and reporting, and undertaking such work, in accordance and compliance with the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, the Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines.

By submitting the attached TIA report (and any associated documents) and signing this document, the individual acknowledges that s/he meets the four criteria listed below.

CERTIFICATION

- 1. I have reviewed and have a sound understanding of the objectives, needs and requirements of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines;
- 2. I have a sound knowledge of industry standard practice with respect to the preparation of transportation impact assessment reports, including multi modal level of service review;
- 3. I have substantial experience (more than 5 years) in undertaking and delivering transportation impact studies (analysis, reporting and geometric design) with strong background knowledge in transportation planning, engineering or traffic operations; and
- I am either a licensed¹ or registered² professional in good standing, whose field of expertise [check √ appropriate field(s)] is either transportation engineering or transportation planning □.

^{1,2} License of registration body that oversees the profession is required to have a code of conduct and ethics guidelines that will ensure appropriate conduct and representation for transportation planning and/or transportation engineering works.

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Dated at	<u>Ottawa</u>	this_	22 nd	_ day of	July	, 2021.
	(City)			-	-	

Name:

Brad Byvelds, P.Eng. (Please Print)

Professional Title:

Project Coordinator, Transportation/Traffic_____

B. Byvelds

Signature of Individual certifier that s/he meets the above four criteria

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared in support of a Site Plan Control application for the property located at 375 Deschâtelets Avenue. The subject site forms part of the Greystone Village subdivision, and surrounded by the following.

- Existing retirement home to the north;
- Scholastic Drive, followed by parkland and Rideau River to the east;
- Deschâtelets Avenue, followed by residences to the south;
- The Forecourt parkland and Deschâtelets building (elementary school) to the west.

The Greystone Village subdivision area is approximately 10.3 hectares in area, east of Main Street, south of Springhurst Avenue, and north of Clegg Street. The original Community Transportation Study (CTS), prepared by Novatech in January 2015, reviewed an overall development of approximately 40 single-detached dwellings, 779 condominium/townhouse dwellings, 150 retirement home dwellings, and 36,539 ft² of retail space. An addendum dated May 2017 reviewed the changes to Phase 3 of the subdivision which resulted in 110 additional condominium/townhouse dwellings and 10 fewer retirement dwellings. With the current application, the total number of units within the Greystone Village subdivision will equal 51 single-detached homes, 906 townhomes, condominiums, or apartments, 146 retirement dwellings, and approximately 20,000 ft² of retail space. All units within the Greystone Village subdivision are accounted for in this TIA.

The subject site is currently zoned General Mixed-Use (GM [2310] S420), which permits the proposed development. The proposed development consists of two residential buildings with a total of 260 units. This represents an increase of approximately 115 units compared to the assumed development in the May 2017 Addendum to the Greystone Village CTS. One new two-way access is proposed along Scholastic Drive. A new lay-by is proposed on Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue.

The conclusions and recommendations of this TIA can be summarized as follows:

Development Design and Parking

- The proposed development will provide pedestrian facilities between the main building entrances and the sidewalks along the adjacent roadways. A new east-west public pathway will be provided between the two buildings, connecting the Forecourt public space to Scholastic Drive and the north-south multi-use pathway travelling along the Rideau River.
- Two new short-term parking lay-bys are proposed along Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue. The parking lay-bys will function as short-term parallel parking to facilitate deliveries and pick-up/drop-off trips for the development.
- The proposed lay-bys allow the buildings to be located close to the street and maintains direct
 pedestrian access from the sidewalk to the site. The design of the lay-bys are consistent with
 the approved lay-bys along Oblats Avenue and will provide additional space for vehicles to
 stop along the roadways surrounding the site to perform pick-up/drop-off or delivery activities
 without blocking the adjacent travel lanes.

- Bollards spaced at 4m intervals will be provided between the sidewalk and the lay-by to delineate the pedestrian facility from the parking area. Additional bollards will be provided at the sidewalk deflection to assist visually impaired pedestrians with navigating the realigned sidewalk.
- Based on the approved plans, the previously proposed No-Stopping sign (Rb-55R) on the west side of Scholastic Drive south of the pedestrian crossover requires relocation to the back of sidewalk at the northern terminus of the lay-by. The previously proposed Pedestrian Crossing Ahead sign (Wc-27R) on the north side of Deschâtelets Avenue will also require relocation to the eastern terminus of the lay-by. No other pavement marking or signage alterations are anticipated to be required as a result of the proposed lay-bys.
- All required TDM-supportive design and infrastructure measures in the TDM checklist are met.
- The proposed 266 vehicle parking spaces meet the minimum requirements of the City's Zoning By-law. Bicycle parking will be provided within the underground parking garage at a ratio of one space per unit (260 spaces total). This is double the minimum requirements outlined in the City's Zoning By-law.

Boundary Streets

- Deschâtelets Avenue and Scholastic Drive meet the target pedestrian level of service (PLOS) A and bicycle level of service (BLOS) D.
- The proposed lay-bys along Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue are not anticipated to impact the PLOS along these roadways as the sidewalk will be realigned to the back of the lay-by.
- As mixed-traffic lanes will be provided along Deschâtelets Avenue and a separated multi-use pathway will be provided on the east side of Scholastic Drive, the proposed lay-bys are not anticipated to impact the BLOS along these roadways.

<u>Access Design</u>

- One new all movement access is proposed along Scholastic Drive. The proposed access will have a width of 6.7m and will be located approximately 6m from the northern property line. A grade of 6% will be provided for a distance of 6m within the property line.
- The location and width of the proposed access conforms to the requirements of the City's Private Approach By-law and Zoning By-law.
- The proposed access is located at the lowest portion of the subject site to minimize grades leading to the underground parking ramp. However, a grade of 2% for the first 9m within the site is still not achievable to accommodate the desired finish floor grade for the proposed buildings.

- The proposed 6% ramp grade for a distance of 6m within the property meets TAC recommendations and will allow one vehicle to stop on the ramp with adequate sight lines along Scholastic Drive. The proposed underground parking ramp grades are not anticipated to result in drainage concerns along Scholastic Drive. A waiver to Section 25 (u) of the Private Approach By-law is requested.
- The required Stopping Sight Distance and Intersection Sight Distance at the proposed access will be met.

Transportation Demand Management

- The proposed development will contain 260 residential units, consisting of 35 studio units, 106 one-bedroom units, and 119 two-bedroom units.
- The modal shares for the Ottawa Inner Area have been modified to decrease the transit modal share by increasing the auto driver modal share for the development. As the auto modal share assumed for the development represents an increase from the existing modal share in the Ottawa Inner Area, the traffic projections presented in this report are anticipated to be conservative.
- Should the developments auto modal share increase from 35% to 45%, an additional 10 vehicle trips (two-way) are anticipated during the AM and PM peak hours. This equates to one vehicle every six minutes during peak hours and is not anticipated to have a significant impact on the area intersection operations.
- The proposed development conforms to the City's TDM initiatives by providing easy access to local pedestrian, bicycle, and transit systems.
- The following measures will be implemented within the proposed development:
 - Unbundle parking from purchase price, and
 - Provide multimodal travel option information package to new residents.

1.0 SCREENING

1.1 Introduction

This Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared in support of a Site Plan Control application for the property located at 375 Deschâtelets Avenue. The subject site forms part of the Greystone Village subdivision, and surrounded by the following.

- Existing retirement home to the north;
- Scholastic Drive, followed by parkland and Rideau River to the east;
- Deschâtelets Avenue, followed by residences to the south;
- The Forecourt parkland and Deschâtelets building (elementary school) to the west.

The most recent aerial view of the subject site is provided in Figure 1.

Figure 1: View of the Subject Site



The Greystone Village subdivision area is approximately 10.3 hectares in area, east of Main Street, south of Springhurst Avenue, and north of Clegg Street. The original Community Transportation Study (CTS), prepared by Novatech in January 2015, reviewed an overall development of approximately 40 single-detached dwellings, 779 condominium/townhouse dwellings, 150 retirement home dwellings, and 36,539 ft² of retail space. An addendum dated May 2017 reviewed the changes to Phase 3 of the subdivision which resulted in 110 additional condominium/townhouse dwellings and 10 fewer retirement dwellings. With the current application, the total number of units within the Greystone Village subdivision will equal 51 single-detached homes, 906 townhomes, condominiums, or apartments, 146 retirement dwellings, and approximately 20,000 ft² of retail space. All units within the Greystone Village subdivision are accounted for in this TIA.

1.2 Proposed Development

The subject site is currently zoned General Mixed-Use (GM [2310] S420), which permits the proposed development. The proposed development consists of two residential buildings with a total of 260 units. This represents an increase of approximately 115 units compared to the assumed development in the May 2017 Addendum to the Greystone Village CTS. One new two-way access is proposed along Scholastic Drive. A new lay-by is proposed on Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue.

The development will be constructed in two phases, with a full build-out in 2028. A copy of the proposed Site Plan is included in **Appendix A**.

1.3 Screening Form

The City's 2017 TIA Guidelines identify three triggers for completing a TIA report, including trip generation, location, and safety. The criteria for each trigger are outlined in the City's TIA Screening Form, which is included in **Appendix B**. The trigger results are as follows.

- Trip Generation Trigger The development is anticipated to generate over 60 peak hour person trips; further assessment is required based on this trigger.
- Location Triggers The development is not located within a Design Priority Area or Transit-Oriented Development zone, and does not propose a new driveway to a boundary street designated as part of the City's Rapid Transit, Transit Priority, or Spine Cycling networks; further assessment is not required based on this trigger.
- Safety Triggers No safety triggers outlined in the TIA Screening Form are met; further assessment is not required based on this trigger.

2.0 SCOPING

2.1 Existing Conditions

2.1.1 Roadways

All roadways within the study area fall under the jurisdiction of the City of Ottawa.

Main Street is an arterial roadway that generally runs on a north-south alignment within the study area, running between Colonel By Drive and Rideau River Drive. South of Rideau River Drive, the roadway continues as Smyth Road. Within the study area, Main Street has a two-lane undivided urban cross-section, a posted speed limit of 50 km/h, and sidewalks and cycle tracks on both sides of the roadway. Main Street is classified as a truck route, allowing full loads. On-street parking is permitted in select lay-by areas.

The following roadways are all located within the Greystone Village subdivision. At the time of writing, the base course for these roadways have been constructed. Descriptions of the roadways below discuss the ultimate design, including sidewalk locations and posted speed limits.

Oblats Avenue is a local roadway that generally runs on an east-west alignment, running between Main Street and Scholastic Drive. Within the study area, Oblats Avenue has a two-lane undivided urban cross-section, a posted speed limit of 30 km/h, and sidewalks on both sides of the roadway. Oblats Avenue is not classified as a truck route. On-street parking is permitted in select lay-by areas.

Hazel Street is a local roadway that generally runs on an east-west alignment, running between Echo Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue. Within the study area, Hazel Street has a two-lane undivided urban cross-section, a posted speed limit of 30 km/h, and sidewalks on both sides of the roadway. Hazel Street is not classified as a truck route. On-street parking is not permitted.

Deschâtelets Avenue is a local roadway that generally runs on a north-south alignment between Oblats Avenue and Hazel Street, transitioning to an east-west alignment between Hazel Street and Scholastic Drive. Within the study area, Deschâtelets Avenue has a two-lane undivided urban cross-section, a posted speed limit of 30 km/h, and sidewalks on both sides of the roadway. Deschâtelets Avenue is not classified as a truck route. On-street parking is permitted in select lay-by areas.

Scholastic Drive is a local roadway that generally runs on a north-south alignment between Oblats Avenue and Telmon Street. North of Oblats Avenue, the roadway continues as Sanctuary Private. North of Deschâtelets Avenue, Scholastic Drive has a two-lane undivided urban cross-section, a posted speed limit of 30 km/h, a sidewalk on the western side of the roadway between Deschâtelets Avenue and Oblats Avenue, and a multi-use pathway on the eastern side of the roadway. South of Deschâtelets Avenue, Scholastic Drive has a single-lane urban cross-section for northbound traffic only. Scholastic Drive is not classified as a truck route. On-street parking is not permitted.

The roadway network of the greater area surrounding the subject site is illustrated in Figure 2.

Figure 2: Roadway Network



2.1.2 Pedestrian and Cycling Facilities

Concrete sidewalks are provided on both sides of Main Street, Oblats Avenue, Hazel Street, Deschâtelets Avenue, and the west side of Scholastic Drive. Midblock pedestrian crossovers are provided along Hazel Street between Main Street and Deschâtelets Avenue, Scholastic Drive between Oblats Avenue and Deschâtelets Avenue, Oblats Avenue between Deschâtelets Avenue and Scholastic Drive, Deschâtelets Avenue between Oblats Avenue and Hazel Street, as well as

between Hazel Street and Scholastic Drive (opposite De Mazenod Avenue). These pedestrian crossovers provide connectivity from the area pedestrian network to the Forecourt and Grand Allée.

Cycle tracks are provided in both directions on Main Street, and an asphalt multi-use pathway is provided on the east side of Scholastic Drive. Bike boxes are provided behind the crosswalks on Oblats Avenue and Hazel Street at the Main Street signalized intersections.

In the City of Ottawa's primary cycling network, Main Street is classified as a Spine Route, and the multi-use pathway east of Scholastic Drive is classified as a Major Pathway. Oblats Avenue, Hazel Street, Deschâtelets Avenue, and Scholastic Drive have no cycling route classification.

The pedestrian and cycling network of the greater area surrounding the subject site is illustrated in **Figure 3**.

2.1.3 Intersections

Main Street/Oblats Avenue

- Signalized four-legged intersection
- North/South Approaches (Main Street): one left turn lane and one shared through/right turn lane
- East Approach (Oblats Avenue): One left turn lane and one shared through/right turn lane
- West Approach (Immaculata High School): one shared left turn/through/right turn lane



Main Street/Hazel Street

- Signalized four-legged intersection
- North/South Approaches (Main Street): one left turn lane and one shared through/right turn lane
- East Approach (Hazel Street): One shared left turn/through lane and one right turn lane
- West Approach (Hazel Street): one shared left turn/through/right turn lane





Figure 3: Pedestrian and Cycling Network



2.1.4 Driveways

The City of Ottawa's 2017 TIA Guidelines requires a review of driveways on the boundary streets within 200m of any proposed access, which can be described as follows.

Oblats Avenue, North Side:

- One driveway to residences at 141 Main Street
- Off-street parking serving the residences at 15 Oblats Avenue

Scholastic Drive, West Side

One driveway to retirement home at 225
 Scholastic Drive

2.1.5 Area Traffic Management

Deschâtelets Avenue, South Side:

- One driveway to residences at 370-384 Deschâtelets Avenue, 537-555 De Mazenod Avenue, and 201-217 Jeremiah Kealey Street
- One driveway to residences at 117-119 Scholastic Drive, 390 Deschâtelets Avenue, and 223 Jeremiah Kealey Street

There are no Area Traffic Management (ATM) studies within the study area that have been completed, or are currently in progress. The Main Street Renewal was completed in 2017, which included road narrowings, curb extensions and bulb-outs, off-road cycling facilities, and improved pedestrians facilities. The posted speed limit of Main Street remains at 50 km/h, however some features such as bulb-outs serve as traffic management measures on Main Street. All roadways within the Greystone Village subdivision have been designed to include narrow lane widths ranging between 3.0m-3.5m, with curb extensions and bulb-outs at select intersections. All roadways within this subdivision will have a posted speed limit of 30 km/h.

2.1.6 Transit

The nearest bus stops to the subject site are as follows:

Main/Oblats

- Stop #6809 for routes 5, 16, and 55 (located at the northwest corner)
- Stop #7636 for routes 5 and 55 (located at the southeast corner)
- Stop #5824 for routes 16 and 56 (located at the northeast corner)

Main/Hazel

• Stop #7639 – for routes 5 and 55 (located at the southwest corner)

Main/Herridge

 Stop #7638 – for routes 5 and 55 (located on the east side of Main Street, approximately 30m north of Herridge Street)

Hazel/Deschâtelets

 Stop #5825 – for routes 16 and 56 (located adjacent to the southwest corner of Hazel Street/Deschâtelets Avenue) OC Transpo Route 5 is a local route which travels between Billings Bridge and Waller/Laurier. The route generally operates on 30-minute headways, seven days a week.

OC Transpo Route 16 is a local route which travels between St. Paul University and Tunney's Pasture Station or Westboro Station. Within the study area, the route generally operates on 30-minute headways, seven days a week.

OC Transpo Route 55 is a local route which travels between Elmvale Acres Shopping Centre and the Ottawa Hospital General Campus or Bayshore Station. Within the study area, the route operates on 15 to 30-minute headways on weekdays and 30-minute headways on Saturdays. The route does not serve the study area on Sundays.

OC Transpo Route 56 is a local route which travels between Tunney's Pasture Station and King Edward/Union. Within the study area, the route is scheduled to arrive at St. Paul University at 11:35am and 1:35pm on weekdays. Outside of these times, this route does not serve the study area.

Locations of the bus stops described above are shown in **Figure 4**. OC Transpo maps for the routes outlined above and a copy of the OC Transpo System Map is included in **Appendix C**.

Figure 4: OC Transpo Bus Stop Locations



2.1.7 Existing Traffic Volumes

Weekday traffic counts completed by the City of Ottawa have been used to determine the existing pedestrian, cyclist, and vehicular traffic volumes at the study area intersections. The most recent traffic counts at Main Street/Oblats Avenue and Main Street/Hazel Street were both conducted March 7, 2017. Traffic counts at Main Street/Lees Avenue/Graham Avenue (dated July 2017) and Main Street/Hawthorne Avenue (dated March 2020) were used to compare the north-south volumes on Main Street between the two intersections, which was then used to calibrate the north-south volumes within the study area. This approach can be justified given the short distance between the two intersections, as they are approximately 70m apart, measuring centre to centre. Further, the 2020 count at Main Street/Hawthorne Avenue was considered to account for the reopening of the eastbound Highway 417 on-ramp at Lees Avenue, which opened in October 2019.

Comparing the two-way volumes on Main Street at Lees Avenue/Graham Avenue and Hawthorne Avenue during the AM and PM peak hours indicate that volumes are approximately 10% higher during the AM peak hour and approximately 5% lower during the PM peak hour. To maintain a conservative analysis, all AM peak hour volumes within the study area have been increased by 10% and all PM peak hour volumes have not been adjusted. This approach is consistent with the methodology used in the TIA dated July 2020 prepared in support of the elementary school located at 205 Scholastic Drive (Deschâtelets building).

Traffic, pedestrian, and cyclist volumes within the study area are shown in **Figure 5**. Traffic count data is included in **Appendix D**.



Figure 5: Existing Network Traffic Volumes

2.1.8 Collision Records

Historical collision data from the last five years was obtained from the City's Public Works and Service Department at the study area intersection. Copies of the collision summary reports are included in **Appendix E**.

The collision data has been evaluated to determine if there are any identifiable collision patterns, defined in the 2017 TIA Guidelines as 'more than six collisions in five years' for any one movement. The number of collisions at each intersection from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2019 is summarized in **Table 1**.

Table 1: Reported Collisions

Intersection	Angle	Rear End	Sideswipe	Single/ Other	Turning	Total
Main Street/Oblats Avenue	2	3	1	0	0	6
Main Street/Hazel Street	2	7	0	2	2	13

Main Street/Oblats Avenue

A total of six collisions were reported at this intersection over the last five years, of which there was two angle impact, three rear-end impacts, and one sideswipe impacts. One of the collisions caused injuries, but none caused fatalities. Two of the six collisions occurred in poor driving conditions. None of the collisions involved pedestrians or cyclists.

Main Street/Hazel Street

A total of 13 collisions were reported at this intersection over the last five years, of which there were two angle impacts, seven rear-end impacts, two single vehicle/other impacts, and two turning movement impact. Five of the collisions caused injuries, but none caused fatalities. Seven of the 13 collisions occurred in poor driving conditions. Two of the collisions involved pedestrians, and two involved cyclists.

Of the seven rear-end impacts, three involved northbound vehicles, two involved southbound vehicles, and two involved eastbound vehicles. Four of the rear-end impacts occurred under poor driving conditions.

2.2 Planned Conditions

The City of Ottawa's 2013 Transportation Master Plan (TMP) does not identify any projects within the study area in its Rapid Transit and Transit Priority (RTTP) or Affordable Road Networks.

The City's 2013 Cycling Plan and 2013 Pedestrian Plan do not identify any upcoming cycling or pedestrian infrastructure projects within the study area.

A review of the City's Development Application search tool identifies that, outside of the Greystone Village subdivision, there is one nearby development that is being constructed and is significant enough to warrant consideration in the traffic analysis. In addition, relevant traffic studies related to the Greystone Village subdivision are also considered. A description of the relevant other area developments are included below.

141 Main Street (Corners on Main)

Construction of this development has been completed; however some spaces are not yet leased. At full occupancy, the development will include 144 condominium dwellings and 13,283 ft² of ground floor commercial space.

172 Main Street

A mixed-use building containing four apartment units and approximately 1,300ft² of ground floor commercial space is proposed at 172 Main Street.

Greystone Village Community Transportation Study (CTS)

The Greystone Village subdivision area is approximately 10.3 hectares in area, east of Main Street, south of Springhurst Avenue, and north of Clegg Street. The original CTS, prepared by Novatech in January 2015, includes approximately 40 single-detached dwellings, 779 condominium/townhouse dwellings, 150 retirement home dwellings, and 36,539 ft² of retail space. An addendum dated May 2017 included 110 additional condominium/townhouse dwellings and 10 fewer retirement dwellings.

Since the Greystone Village subdivision was approved, alterations to the internal road network have occurred through the detailed design process. Scholastic Drive has been converted to a two-way roadway between Oblats Avenue and Deschâtelets Avenue to provide improved access to the Phase 3 lands. The traffic calming bulb-out at the De Mazenod Avenue/Jeremiah Kealey Street intersection has been removed as a result of City concerns and replaced with signage. The replacement signage will still prohibit no through traffic on De Mazenod Avenue toward Clegg Street. The curb line on the south side of Oblats Avenue has been revised to accommodate on-street lay-bys for the 175 Main Street site. The aforementioned modifications are not anticipated to have a significant impact on the adjacent roadway network beyond projected in the CTS and Addendum.

The developments listed below form parts of the Greystone Village subdivision, and were supported by site-specific traffic studies, which further adjusted the number of dwellings and commercial floor area.

360 Deschâtelets Avenue (The Spencer)

A residential development containing 85 units is proposed at 360 Deschâtelets Avenue.

530 de Mazenod Avenue (River Terraces I & II)

The development is currently under construction. At full buildout, the development will include two nine-storey condominium buildings, containing a total of 200 condominium dwellings.

175 Main Street (Milieu) & 10 Oblats Avenue (Ballantyne)

The development is approved. At full buildout, the development will include a six-storey mixed-use building and an eight-storey mixed-use building, containing a total of 235 apartment dwellings and 20,000 ft² of ground floor commercial space.

225 Scholastic Drive (Retirement Residence)

Construction of this development has been completed. At full occupancy, the development will include an eight-storey retirement home, containing 146 dwellings.

205 Scholastic Drive (Deschâtelets Building)

The existing Deschâtelets building is currently being renovated to provide an elementary school with an approximate enrollment of 350 students and daycare for 45 students/staff.

2.3 Study Area and Time Periods

The study area for this report includes the roadways Main Street, Oblats Avenue, and Hazel Street, and the signalized intersections at Main Street/Oblats Avenue and Main Street/Hazel Street.

The selected time periods for the analysis are the weekday AM and PM peak hours, as they represent the 'worst case' combination of site generated traffic and adjacent street traffic.

2.4 Exemptions Review

This module reviews possible exemptions from the final Transportation Impact Assessment, as outlined in the TIA guidelines. The applicable exemptions for this site are shown in **Table 2**.

Module	Element	Exemption Criteria	Exemption Status	
Design Review	Component			
4.1	<i>4.1.2</i> Circulation and Access	<i>I.1.2</i> Circulation and • Only required for site plans		
Design	<i>4.1.3</i> New Street Networks	 Only required for plans of subdivision 	Exempt	
4.2	<i>4.2.1</i> Parking Supply	 Only required for site plans 	Not Exempt	
Parking	<i>4.2.2</i> Spillover Parking	 Only required for site plans where parking supply is 15% below unconstrained demand 	Exempt	
Network Impact	Component			
4.5 Transportation Demand Management	All elements	 Not required for non-residential site plans expected to have fewer than 60 employees and/or students on location at any given time 	Not Exempt	
4.6 Neighbourhood Traffic Management	<i>4.6.1</i> Adjacent Neighbourhoods	 Only required when the development relies on local or collector streets for access and total volumes exceed ATM capacity thresholds 	Not Exempt	
4.8 Network Concept	All elements	 Only required when proposed development generates more than 200 person-trips during the peak hour in excess of the equivalent volume permitted by the established zoning 	Exempt	

Table 2: TIA Exemptions

As the proposed parking is anticipated to meet the Zoning By-law requirements, Module 4.2.2 – Spillover Parking is exempt from the analysis.

A review of traffic generated by the subject site will be conducted in Section 3 – Forecasting. Based on the City's TRANS trip generation rates, assuming an auto modal share of 26% during the AM peak hour and 25% in the PM peak hour (consistent with the 2020 TRANS report for high-rise residential developments in the Ottawa Inner Area), the development is anticipated to generate 26

vehicle trips during the AM and PM peak hours. This equates to one vehicle every 2-2.5 minutes (two-way) during the peak hours.

Based on discussions with City staff, the TIA be limited to the Design Review component of the TIA Guidelines as well as Module 4.5 – Transportation Demand Management, based on the following rationale:

- Peak hour vehicle traffic generated by the development is anticipated to be minimal and was captured in the Greystone Village CTS dated January 2015;
- Main Street is constructed as a complete street, accommodating all modes of transportation;
- Transportation reports have been prepared in support of four other blocks within the subdivision.

Based on the foregoing, the following modules will be included in the TIA report:

- Module 4.1: Development Design
- Module 4.2: Parking
- Module 4.3: Boundary Streets
- Module 4.4: Access Design
- Module 4.5: Transportation Demand Management

3.0 FORECASTING

3.1 Development-Generated Traffic

3.1.1 Trip Generation

Trips generated by the proposed development during the weekday AM and PM peak period have been estimated based on relevant rates presented in the City's 2020 TRANS Trip Generation Manual Summary Report. Peak period person trips, based on the Multi-Unit (High-Rise – 3+ Storey) rates in Table 3 of the TRANS report, are summarized in the following table.

Table 3: Peak Period Person Trip Generation

Land Lleo	TRANS Rate	e Units AM Pe		k Period	(ppp ⁽¹⁾)	PM Peak Period (ppp)		
Lanu USC		Units	IN	OUT	TOT	IN OUT TO		
High-Rise Multifamily Housing	AM: 0.80 PM: 0.90	260 units	64	144	208	136	98	234

1. ppp: Person Trips per Peak Period

Table 8 of the TRANS report includes data to estimate the mode shares for the AM and PM peak periods based on district. Based on the TRANS report, the mode shares for high-rise (3+ storey) multi-family housing in the Ottawa Inner Area are summarized as follows:

- Auto Driver: 26% AM, 25% PM
- Auto Passenger: 6% AM, 8% PM
- Transit: 28% AM, 21% PM
- Cyclist: 5% AM, 6% PM
- Pedestrian: 34% AM, 39% PM

As transit service within the Greystone Village subdivision currently consists of Routes 5, 15, 55, and 56 which all only operate on 30-minute headways, the transit modal share in the Ottawa Inner Area has been decreased by increasing the auto driver share. A breakdown of the peak period person trips by modal share is shown in **Table 5**.

Travel Mode	Mode Share	AM Peak Period PM Peak Perio					iod
		IN	OUT	ТОТ	IN	OUT	ТОТ
Peak Period Person Trips		65	143	208	135	99	234
Auto Driver	35%	23	49	72	47	35	82
Auto Passenger	5%	3	8	11	7	5	12
Transit	20%	14	28	42	27	20	47
Cyclist	5%	3	8	11	7	5	12
Pedestrian	35%	22	50	72	47	34	81

Table 4: Peak Period Person Trips by Modal Share

Table 4 of the TRANS report includes adjustment factors to convert the estimated number of trips generated for each mode from peak period to peak hour. A breakdown of the peak hour trips by mode is shown in **Table 6**.

Table 5: Peak Hour Person Trips by Mode Share

Travel Mode	Adj. F	actor	AM Peak Hour PM Peak			M Peak Ho	k Hour	
	AM	PM	IN	OUT	тот	IN	OUT	ТОТ
Auto Driver	0.48	0.44	11	23	34	21	15	36
Auto Passenger	0.48	0.44	2	4	6	3	2	5
Transit	0.55	0.47	7	16	23	13	9	22
Cyclist	0.58	0.48	2	4	6	3	3	6
Pedestrian	0.58	0.52	13	29	42	24	18	42
Peak Hour Person Trips			35	76	111	64	47	111

From the previous table, the proposed development is estimated to generate 111 person trips (including 34 vehicle trips) during the AM peak hour and 111 person trips (including 36 vehicle trips) during the PM peak hour.

3.1.2 Trip Distribution

The distribution of traffic generated by the proposed development has been estimated based on area traffic patterns, the principles of logical trip routing, and the Greystone Village CTS. The distribution of traffic to the area road network is summarized as follows:

- 50% to/from the north via Main Street
- 50% to/from the south via Main Street

3.2 Background Traffic

3.2.1 General Background Growth Rate

In the original Greystone Village CTS, it was noted that the now-completed Main Street Renewal was anticipated to significantly affect traffic volumes on Main Street. Therefore, historic traffic counts were not considered to estimate a growth rate for traffic within the area.

The Greystone Village CTS established a growth rate of -2% per annum based on AM peak hour volume snapshots from the City's Strategic Long-Range Model for the 2011 and 2031 years, and applied it to all through movements on Main Streets for the buildout year 2021 and horizon year 2026. The traffic counts conducted on March 7, 2017 at the study area intersections indicate that through volumes on Main Street are significantly lower than the volumes projected in the CTS for 2021 or 2026. For the purposes of this TIA and to maintain a conservative analysis, rather than continue the assumption of a negative growth rate, no background growth rate has been applied to the 2017 traffic counts. This is consistent with the TIA dated July 2020, in support of the elementary school development at 205 Scholastic Drive.

3.2.2 Other Area Developments

A review of other area developments in proximity to the site was conducted in Section 2.2. The following developments have been considered, and relevant excerpts of their respective studies are included in **Appendix F**.

141 Main Street (Corners on Main)

A Transportation Brief and addendum were prepared by Delcan/Parsons in November 2013 and June 2014, respectively. The development includes 144 condominium dwellings and 13,283 ft² of ground floor commercial space. Traffic generated by this development has been added to the 2028 and 2033 background traffic volumes.

Greystone Village Community Transportation Study (CTS)

The Greystone Village subdivision area is approximately 10.3 hectares in area, east of Main Street, south of Springhurst Avenue, and north of Clegg Street. The original CTS, prepared by Novatech in January 2015, includes approximately 40 single-detached dwellings, 779 condominium/townhouse dwellings, 150 retirement home dwellings, and 36,539 ft² of retail space. Traffic generated by this subdivision has been added to the 2028 and 2033 background traffic volumes.

An Addendum dated May 2017 was prepared in support of revisions to Phase 3 of the subdivision, which includes the subject site, the retirement home at 225 Scholastic Drive, and the Deschâtelets building (assumed as residential). As traffic generated by the Deschâtelets building will be accounted for based on the TIA dated July 2020 in support of the elementary school (described below), and the subject site comprises the remainder of the Phase 3 residential development, traffic generated by the residential units presented in the Addendum have been deducted from the area intersections. Traffic generated by the retirement home at 225 Scholastic Drive has been accounted for based on the traffic projections in the Addendum.

530 de Mazenod Avenue (River Terraces I & II)

A Transportation Overview, dated August 2015, and Addendum, dated March 2017, were prepared by Novatech for this development, which includes two nine-storey condominium buildings containing a total of 200 dwellings. Compared to the Greystone Village CTS, this equates to six additional dwellings. Traffic generated by the additional dwellings has been added to the 2028 and 2033 background traffic volumes.

175 Main Street (Milieu) & 10 Oblats Avenue (Ballantyne)

A TIA was prepared by Novatech in March 2018 and revised in December 2018 for this development, which will include a six-storey mixed-use building and an eight-storey mixed-use building, containing a total of 235 apartment dwellings and 20,000 ft² of ground floor commercial space. Compared to the Greystone Village CTS, this equates to 20 additional dwellings and a reduction of 17,000 ft² of

commercial space. Additional traffic generated by this development has been added to the 2028 and 2033 background traffic volumes.

225 Scholastic Drive (Retirement Residence)

A Transportation Overview was prepared by Novatech in October 2017 for this development, which will include an eight-storey retirement home containing 146 dwellings. Compared to the Greystone Village CTS/Addendum, this equates to an additional six units. Traffic generated by this development has already been accounted for in the Addendum to the Greystone Village CTS.

205 Scholastic Drive (Deschâtelets Building)

A TIA was prepared by Novatech in July 2020 for this development, which will include an elementary school and daycare. The school will have a capacity of approximately 350 students, and daycare will accommodate 45 children/staff. Traffic generated by this development has been added to the 2028 and 2033 background traffic volumes.

Trips generated by the proposed development are shown in **Figure 6** and trips generated by other area developments are shown in **Figure 7**. Background and total traffic volumes in 2028/2033 are shown in **Figure 8** and **Figure 9**, respectively.



Figure 6: Proposed Site-Generated Volumes



Figure 7: Other Area Development-Generated Volumes



Figure 9: 2028/2033 Total Traffic Volumes

3.3 Demand Rationalization

As discussed in Section 2.4, the TIA will be limited to Modules 4.1 to 4.5. As Module 4.9 – Intersection Design will not be completed as part of the final TIA. As such, a review of background intersection operations has not been completed.

4.0 ANALYSIS

4.1 Development Design

4.1.1 Design for Sustainable Modes

Pedestrian facilities in the form of sidewalks or pathways are provided along both sides of all study area roadways within the Greystone Village subdivision. In addition, the Grande Alleé has been dedicated as City parkland, and repurposed to become a broad pedestrian promenade with restricted vehicular access. The semi-circular Forecourt immediately west of the development will be similarly repurposed as a public space.

The proposed development will provide pedestrian facilities between the main building entrances and the sidewalks along the adjacent roadways. A new east-west public pathway will be provided between the two buildings, connecting the Forecourt public space to Scholastic Drive and the northsouth multi-use pathway travelling along the Rideau River.

The bus stops nearest to the subject site are reviewed in Section 4.1.6 and shown in **Figure 4**. Bus stops #6809, #5824, #7636, #7639, #7638, and #5825 are located within a 400m walking distance of the site and serve routes 5, 16, 55, and 56.

Within the subdivision, cyclists will be accommodated on the internal roadways or the multi-use pathway between Scholastic Drive and the Rideau River. All internal roadways have a posted speed limit of 30 km/h. As shown in Section 6.3, the low posted speed adequately accommodates cyclists without providing dedicated cycling facilities. Bicycle parking will be provided within the underground parking garage, in accordance with the requirements of the City's Zoning By-law.

An on-site lay-by to facilitate short-term deliveries and pick-up/drop-off trips is anticipated to require a significant portion of property along either the Scholastic Drive or Deschâtelets Avenue frontage, would result in an increased building setback from the roadway, and a reduced landscaped courtyard at the rear of the development. An on-site lay-by would go against established principles of good urban design and item 1.1.1 on the City's Transportation Demand Management – Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist which suggest that buildings should be pedestrian-oriented, located close to the street and that parking areas should not be provided between the street and building entrances.

Based on the foregoing, two new short-term parking lay-bys are proposed along Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue. The parking lay-bys will function as short-term parallel parking to facilitate deliveries and pick-up/drop-off trips for the development. Traffic utilizing the proposed lay-bys is captured in the site generated traffic presented in Section 3.1. The proposed lay-bys allow the buildings to be located close to the street and maintains direct pedestrian access from the sidewalk to the site. The proposed lay-bys are not uncharacteristic within the Greystone Village subdivision, as two lay-bys are approved along Oblats Avenue adjacent to 175 Main Street. The design and function of the proposed lay-bys are consistent with the approved lay-bys along Oblats Avenue.

Scholastic Drive adjacent to the site consists of two 3.0m travel lanes and a 3.0m multi-use pathway separated by a 1.0m concrete strip. Deschâtelets Avenue adjacent to the site consists of two 3.0m travel lanes and a 2.5m parking lane on the south side of the road. The proposed short-term parking lay-bys will provide additional space for vehicles to stop along the roadways surrounding the site to perform pick-up/drop-off or delivery activities without blocking the adjacent travel lanes.

The lay-by along Scholastic Drive will be approximately 28m in length, where the parallel length commences approximately 15m south of the pedestrian crossover. The lay-by along Deschâtelets Avenue will be approximately 16m in length, where the parallel length commences approximately 15m west of Scholastic Drive. The sidewalks along Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue is proposed to wrap around the back of the proposed lay-bys, where a portion of the sidewalk will be located on private property. Bollards spaced at 4m intervals will be provided between the sidewalk and the lay-by to delineate the pedestrian facility from the parking area. Additional bollards will be provided at the sidewalk deflection to assist visually impaired pedestrians with navigating the realigned sidewalk. A maintenance and liability agreement is required for the portion of the sidewalks on private property. The design of the lay-bys will be coordinated through the subdivision detailed design process.

A copy of the approved pavement marking and signage plans for Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue are provided in **Appendix G**. Based on the approved plans, the previously proposed No-Stopping sign (Rb-55R) on the west side of Scholastic Drive south of the pedestrian crossover requires relocation to the back of sidewalk at the northern terminus of the lay-by. The previously proposed Pedestrian Crossing Ahead sign (Wc-27R) on the north side of Deschâtelets Avenue will also require relocation to the eastern terminus of the lay-by. No other pavement marking or signage alterations are anticipated to be required as a result of the proposed lay-bys. As identified previously, the design of the lay-bys will be coordinated through the subdivision detailed design process.

A review of the Transportation Demand Management (TDM) – *Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist* has been conducted, and is included in **Appendix H**. All required TDM-supportive design and infrastructure measures in the TDM checklist are met. In addition to the required measures, the proposed development also meets the following 'basic' or 'better' measures as defined in the TDM-supported design and infrastructure measures checklist:

- Locate building close to the street, and do not locate parking areas between the street and building entrances;
- Locate building entrances in order to minimize walking distances to sidewalks and transit stops/stations;
- Locate building doors and windows to ensure visibility of pedestrians from the building, for their security and comfort;
- Provide safe, direct and attractive walking routes from building entrances to nearby transit stops;
- Ensure that walking routes to transit stops are secure, visible, lighted, shaded and windprotected wherever possible;
- Provide lighting, landscaping and benches along walking and cycling routes between building entrances and streets, sidewalks and trails.

4.1.2 Circulation and Access

A loading area will be provided adjacent to the main access along Scholastic Drive. The turning movements of a Medium Single Unit (MSU) reversing into and driving out of the loading area are shown in **Figure 10**.

4.2 Parking

The subject site is located in Area B on Schedule 1 and Area X on Schedule 1A of the City's Zoning By-law. Minimum vehicular and bicycle parking rates for the existing and proposed uses are identified in the Zoning By-law and are summarized in **Table 6**.

Land Use	Rate	Units	Required	Proposed
Vehicle Parkin	ng			
Aportmont	0.5 per unit in excess of 12 units (Resident) ¹	260 upito	112	266
Apanment	0.1 pr unit in excess of 12 units (Visitor)	200 units	25	200
		Total	137	266
Bicycle Parkin	ng			
Apartment	0.5 per unit	260 units	130	260
		Total	130	260

Table 6: Parking Requirements Per Zoning By-Law

1. Section 101(6)(c) of the Zoning By-law – If parking is provided below grade, parking can be reduced by 10%

The proposed 266 vehicle parking spaces and 260 bicycle parking spaces meet the minimum requirements of the City's Zoning By-law. A ratio of one bicycle parking space per unit is being proposed, which is double the minimum requirement.



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4.3 Boundary Streets

This section provides a review of the boundary streets Deschâtelets Avenue and Scholastic Drive using complete streets principles. The *Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines* produced by IBI Group in October 2015 were used to evaluate the levels of service for the boundary roadways for pedestrians and cyclists. As none of the boundary streets are designated as Transit Priority Corridors or Truck Routes, the levels of service for transit and trucks have not been evaluated. Evaluation of the boundary streets for MMLOS is based on the approved cross-sections of the Greystone Village subdivision, as construction of the subdivision is not complete at the time of writing. The cross-sections for Deschâtelets Avenue and Scholastic Drive are shown in **Figures 11** and **12**.



Figure 11: Deschâtelets Avenue Cross Section





Exhibit 4 of the MMLOS guidelines has been used to evaluate the existing segment PLOS of the boundary streets. Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines suggests a target PLOS A for all roadways within 300m of a school (Oblats Avenue, Deschâtelets Avenue, Scholastic Drive). The results of the segment PLOS analysis are summarized in **Table 7**.

Table 7: PLOS Segment Analysis

Sidewalk Width	Boulevard Width	Avg. Daily Curb Lane Traffic Volume	Presence of On- Street Parking	Operating Speed	PLOS				
Deschâtelets Avenue (north/east side)									
1.8m	0m	<u><</u> 3,000 vpd	No	30 km/h	А				
Deschâtelets	Deschâtelets Avenue (south/west side)								
1.8m	0m	<u><</u> 3,000 vpd	Yes	30 km/h	A				
Scholastic Dr	ive (east side)								
<u>></u> 2.0m	0.5 to 2.0m	<u><</u> 3,000 vpd	No	30 km/h	A				
Scholastic Dr	Scholastic Drive (west side)								
1.8m	0m	<u><</u> 3,000 vpd	No	30 km/h	A				

Exhibit 12 of the MMLOS guidelines has been used to evaluate the existing segment BLOS of the boundary streets. Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines suggests a target BLOS D for roadways with no cycling designations within 300m of a school (Oblats Avenue, Deschâtelets Avenue, Scholastic Drive). The results of the segment BLOS analysis are summarized in **Table 8**.

Table of Blog beginning that you					
Road Class	Bike Route	Type of Bikeway	Travel Lanes	Operating Speed	BLOS
Deschâtelets Avenue (Oblats Avenue to Scholastic Drive)					
Local	No Class	Mixed Traffic	2	30 km/h	А
Scholastic Drive (Oblats Avenue to Deschâtelets Avenue)					
Local	No Class	Separated	2	30 km/h	A

Table 8: BLOS Segment Analysis

From the previous tables, Deschâtelets Avenue and Scholastic Drive meet the target PLOS A and BLOS D.

The proposed lay-bys along Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue are not anticipated to impact the PLOS along these roadways as the sidewalk will be realigned to the back of the lay-by. As mixedtraffic lanes will be provided along Deschâtelets Avenue and a separated multi-use pathway will be provided on the east side of Scholastic Drive, the proposed lay-bys are not anticipated to impact the BLOS along these roadways.

4.4 Access Design

One new all movement access is proposed along Scholastic Drive. The proposed access will have a width of 6.7m and will be located approximately 6m from the northern property line. A grade of 6% will be provided for a distance of 6m within the property line.

Section 25(d) of the City's Private Approach By-law identifies a maximum width of 9m for a two-way private approach. Section 107 of the City's Zoning By-law identifies a minimum width of 6.0m and maximum width of 6.7m for a driveway leading to a parking garage. The proposed driveway width conforms to the requirements of the City's Private Approach By-law and Zoning By-law.

Section 25(o) of the City's Private Approach By-law identifies a minimum distance of 6m between the nearest limits of the private approach and the intersecting street line. Section 25(p) identifies a minimum distance of 3m between the nearest limits of the private approach and the property line. The proposed driveway location conforms to the requirements of the City's Private Approach By-law.

For parking lots containing 50 or more parking spaces, Section 25 (u) of the Private Approach Bylaw identifies a maximum grade of 2% for a distance of 9m within the property. However, Section 24 (3) of the Private Approach By-law identifies that the General Manager may alter the direction of the grade and horizontal distances on which the direction of the grade applies, provided such alterations do not create any drainage issues or hazardous conditions. The proposed access is located at the lowest portion of the subject site to minimize grades leading to the underground parking ramp. However, a grade of 2% for the first 9m within the site is still not achievable to accommodate the desired finish floor grade for the proposed buildings.

Transportation Association of Canada (TAC) Geometric Design Guidelines Section 8.9.11 identifies a maximum recommended downgrade of 7% for low volume driveways on local roadways. The proposed 6% ramp grade for a distance of 6m within the property meets TAC recommendations and will allow one vehicle to stop on the ramp with adequate sight lines along Scholastic Drive. The proposed underground parking ramp grades are not anticipated to result in drainage concerns along Scholastic Drive. Based on the foregoing, a waiver to Section 25 (u) of the Private Approach By-law is requested.

Based on a design speed of 30km/hr, TAC Geometric Design Guidelines identify a Stopping Sight Distance (SSD) requirement of 35m, Intersection Sight Distance (ISD) requirement of 65m to turn left, and 55m to turn right. Scholastic Drive has a slight horizontal curvature, with clear sight lines on either side of the proposed access. The required SSD and ISD at the proposed access will be met.

4.5 Transportation Demand Management

4.5.1 Context for TDM

The proposed development will contain 260 residential units, consisting of 35 studio units, 106 onebedroom units, and 119 two-bedroom units.

4.5.2 Need and Opportunity

The modal shares for the Ottawa Inner Area have been modified to decrease the transit modal share by increasing the auto driver modal share for the development. As the auto modal share assumed for the development represents an increase from the existing modal share in the Ottawa Inner Area, the traffic projections presented in Section 3.1 are anticipated to be conservative. However, if the proposed auto driver modal share is not achieved, a greater impact to the auto level of service at the study area intersections is anticipated.

Should the developments auto modal share increase from 35% to 45%, an additional 10 vehicle trips (two-way) are anticipated during the AM and PM peak hours. This equates to one vehicle every six minutes during peak hours and is not anticipated to have a significant impact on the area intersection operations.

4.5.3 TDM Program

The proposed development conforms to the City's TDM initiatives by providing easy access to local pedestrian, bicycle, and transit systems as outlined in **Section 4.1**. A review of the TDM – Measures Checklist has been conducted and is included in **Appendix H**. The following measures will be implemented within the proposed development:

- Unbundle parking from purchase price, and
- Provide multimodal travel option information package to new residents.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The conclusions and recommendations of this TIA can be summarized as follows:

Development Design and Parking

• The proposed development will provide pedestrian facilities between the main building entrances and the sidewalks along the adjacent roadways. A new east-west public pathway will be provided between the two buildings, connecting the Forecourt public space to Scholastic Drive and the north-south multi-use pathway travelling along the Rideau River.

- Two new short-term parking lay-bys are proposed along Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue. The parking lay-bys will function as short-term parallel parking to facilitate deliveries and pick-up/drop-off trips for the development.
- The proposed lay-bys allow the buildings to be located close to the street and maintains direct
 pedestrian access from the sidewalk to the site. The design of the lay-bys are consistent with
 the approved lay-bys along Oblats Avenue and will provide additional space for vehicles to
 stop along the roadways surrounding the site to perform pick-up/drop-off or delivery activities
 without blocking the adjacent travel lanes.
- Bollards spaced at 4m intervals will be provided between the sidewalk and the lay-by to delineate the pedestrian facility from the parking area. Additional bollards will be provided at the sidewalk deflection to assist visually impaired pedestrians with navigating the realigned sidewalk.
- Based on the approved plans, the previously proposed No-Stopping sign (Rb-55R) on the west side of Scholastic Drive south of the pedestrian crossover requires relocation to the back of sidewalk at the northern terminus of the lay-by. The previously proposed Pedestrian Crossing Ahead sign (Wc-27R) on the north side of Deschâtelets Avenue will also require relocation to the eastern terminus of the lay-by. No other pavement marking or signage alterations are anticipated to be required as a result of the proposed lay-bys.
- All required TDM-supportive design and infrastructure measures in the TDM checklist are met.
- The proposed 266 vehicle parking spaces meet the minimum requirements of the City's Zoning By-law. Bicycle parking will be provided within the underground parking garage at a ratio of one space per unit (260 spaces total). This is double the minimum requirements outlined in the City's Zoning By-law.

Boundary Streets

- Deschâtelets Avenue and Scholastic Drive meet the target pedestrian level of service (PLOS) A and bicycle level of service (BLOS) D.
- The proposed lay-bys along Scholastic Drive and Deschâtelets Avenue are not anticipated to impact the PLOS along these roadways as the sidewalk will be realigned to the back of the lay-by.
- As mixed-traffic lanes will be provided along Deschâtelets Avenue and a separated multi-use pathway will be provided on the east side of Scholastic Drive, the proposed lay-bys are not anticipated to impact the BLOS along these roadways.

Access Design

- One new all movement access is proposed along Scholastic Drive. The proposed access will have a width of 6.7m and will be located approximately 6m from the northern property line. A grade of 6% will be provided for a distance of 6m within the property line.
- The location and width of the proposed access conforms to the requirements of the City's Private Approach By-law and Zoning By-law.
- The proposed access is located at the lowest portion of the subject site to minimize grades leading to the underground parking ramp. However, a grade of 2% for the first 9m within the site is still not achievable to accommodate the desired finish floor grade for the proposed buildings.
- The proposed 6% ramp grade for a distance of 6m within the property meets TAC recommendations and will allow one vehicle to stop on the ramp with adequate sight lines along Scholastic Drive. The proposed underground parking ramp grades are not anticipated to result in drainage concerns along Scholastic Drive. A waiver to Section 25 (u) of the Private Approach By-law is requested.
- The required Stopping Sight Distance and Intersection Sight Distance at the proposed access will be met.

Transportation Demand Management

- The proposed development will contain 260 residential units, consisting of 35 studio units, 106 one-bedroom units, and 119 two-bedroom units.
- The modal shares for the Ottawa Inner Area have been modified to decrease the transit modal share by increasing the auto driver modal share for the development. As the auto modal share assumed for the development represents an increase from the existing modal share in the Ottawa Inner Area, the traffic projections presented in this report are anticipated to be conservative.
- Should the developments auto modal share increase from 35% to 45%, an additional 10 vehicle trips (two-way) are anticipated during the AM and PM peak hours. This equates to one vehicle every six minutes during peak hours and is not anticipated to have a significant impact on the area intersection operations.
- The proposed development conforms to the City's TDM initiatives by providing easy access to local pedestrian, bicycle, and transit systems.
- The following measures will be implemented within the proposed development:
 - Unbundle parking from purchase price, and
 - Provide multimodal travel option information package to new residents.

Based on the foregoing, the proposed development is recommended from a transportation perspective.

NOVATECH

Prepared by:



Brad Byvelds, P. Eng. Project Coordinator | Transportation/Traffic

APPENDIX A

Proposed Site Plan



					ABOVE			
REYSTONE VILLAGE PHA	SE 3, OTTAWA							
ROJECT STATISTICS								
ROJECT INFORMATION		PROJECT STATISTICS	BUILDING STATISTICS					
			GROSS FLOOR AREA (CITY OF OTTAWA DEFINITION)	UNIT STATISTICS	PARKING	AMENITY		
DNING	GM[2310] 5420	NORTH BUILDING			CAR PARKING	REQUIRED		
	011[2010] 0420	BUILDING HEIGHT 24.7m				negome.		
		FRONT YARD SETBACK (SCHOLASTIC DRIVE) 3.0m	GROUND FLOOR 647 m2	STUDIO 17	REQUIRED	TOTAL AMENITY: 260 UNITS x 6m2 1560m2		
		CORNER SIDE YARD SETBACK (DESCHATELETS AVE) 1.8m	LEVEL 2 1307 m2	1 BED 43		MIN. 50% COMMUNAL AREA 780m2		
TE AREA	7494m2	REAR YARD SETBACK VARIES	LEVEL 3 1578 m2	1 BED + DEN 14	RESIDENCE (0.5 PER UNIT AFTER 12 UNITS) 124			
JILDING HEIGHT (GM[2310] S420)	MAX 83.7m	MINIMUM WIDTH OF LANDSCAPE BUFFER 1.3m	LEVEL 4 1578 m2	2 BED 28	-10% (Section 101(6)(c) of the Zoning By-law) (-12)	PROVIDED		
			LEVEL 5 1578 m2	2 BED + DEN 33	VISITOR (0.1 SPACES/DWELLING UNIT) 25			
OOR SPACE INDEX	1.97 (All Phases)	SOUTH BUILDING	LEVEL 6 1578 m2		TO A MAXIMUM OF 30 SPACES	PRIVATE TERRACE/BALCONIES TOTAL 4600m2		
		BUILDING HEIGHT 24.7m	LEVEL 7 1244 m2		BARRIER FREE (4 TYPE A / 4 TYPE B) 8			
TBACKS GM[2310] S420	Schedule 420	FRONT YARD SETBACK 1.8m		TOTAL 135	-Section 3.1.2, Table 3 Ottawa ADS	TOTAL COMBINED INTERIOR		
		SIDE YARD SETBACK 0.0m			TOTAL 157	NORTH BUILDING 523m2		
TBACKS GM[2310] 5420		SIDE YARD SETBACK 0.0m	TOTAL 9510 m2	SOUTH BUILDING		SOUTH BUIDLING 538m2		
RONT	1.8m	REAR YARD SETBACK VARIES			TOTAL PARKING SPACES PROVIDED 266			
EAR	1.3m		SOUTH BUILDING	STUDIO 18		TOTAL COMMUNAL SPACE PROVIDED 1061m2		
TERIOR YARD	0.0m			1 BED 34				
TERIOR YARD	0.0m	LANDSCAPE OPEN SPACE	GROUND FLOOR 642 m2	1 BED + DEN 15	BICYCLE PARKING REQUIRED	TOTAL AMENITY PROVIDED 5661m2		
		DRIVING SURFACE 402m2 (6%)	LEVEL 2 1174 m2	2 BED 29				
		BUILDING FOOTPRINT 3440m2 (50%)	LEVEL 3 1470 m2	2 BED + DEN 29	RESIDENCE (0.5 SPACES/DWELLING UNIT) 130			
		LANDSCAPE OPEN SPACE 2947m2 (44%)	LEVEL 4 1470 m2					
		TOTAL 6789m2 (100%)	LEVEL 5 1470 m2	TOTAL 125	TOTAL 130			
			LEVEL 6 1443 m2					
			LEVEL 7 1156 m2	PROJECT TOTAL 260	TOTAL BICYCLE PARKING SPACES PROVIDED 260			
			TOTAL 8,825 m2		(INC. 10 EXTERIOR SPACES)			
			PROJECT TOTAL 18,335 m2					



PARKING TABLE - TO NAME

1 : 250

STANDARD P2 - PARKING: 150 ACCESSIBLE TYPE A ACCESSIBLE TYPE B COMPACT STANDARD P1 - PARKING: 116 TOTAL: 266 LOCKERS TABLE -

COMPACT

LEVEL NAME P2 - PARKING STORAGE LOCKER P1 - PARKING STORAGE LOCKER 01- GROUND STORAGE LOCKER FLOOR TOTAL: 266

		RESIDENTIAL SUITE COUNT								
QTY					SUITE TYP	E				
21	LEVEL		1 BR	1 BR+	2 BR	2 BR+	STUDIO	TOTAL		
129										
	01- GROUND FLO	OR	8	1	8	1	3	21		
4	02 - SECOND FLO	OR	10	5	10	5	8	38		
4	03 - THIRD FLOOF	2	13	5	9	11	6	44		
13	04 - FOURTH FLO	OR	13	5	9	11	6	44		
95	05 - FIFTH FLOOR		13	5	9	11	6	44		
	06 - SIXTH FLOOR	ł	13	7	7	11	6	44		
	07 - SEVENTH FLO	DOR	2	6	5	12	0	25		
	GRAND TOTAL		72	34	57	62	35	260		
QTY 70	BICY	′CLE	PARKIN	IG TABLE	- TOTAL					
45	LEVEL	LEVEL				QTY	,			
151	P2 - PARKING	BICY	CLE PAR	<		154				
	P1 - PARKING	BICY	CLE PAR	<	106					
	TOTAL: 260	•								
	QTY 21 129 4 4 13 95 95 0 70 45 151	QTY LEVEL 129 01- GROUND FLO 129 01- GROUND FLO 4 02 - SECOND FLO 4 03 - THIRD FLOOF 13 04 - FOURTH FLO 95 05 - FIFTH FLOOR 06 - SIXTH FLOOR 07 - SEVENTH FLO 07 - SEVENTH FLO GRAND TOTAL QTY BICY 45 LEVEL 151 P2 - PARKING TOTAL: 260 TOTAL: 260	QTY LEVEL 129 01- GROUND FLOOR 129 01- GROUND FLOOR 4 02 - SECOND FLOOR 4 03 - THIRD FLOOR 13 04 - FOURTH FLOOR 95 05 - FIFTH FLOOR 06 - SIXTH FLOOR 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR QTY BICYCLE 70 LEVEL 151 P2 - PARKING BICY P1 - PARKING BICY TOTAL: 260 260	QTY RESI 21 LEVEL 1 BR 129 01- GROUND FLOOR 8 02 - SECOND FLOOR 10 4 02 - SECOND FLOOR 10 4 03 - THIRD FLOOR 13 04 - FOURTH FLOOR 13 05 - FIFTH FLOOR 13 06 - SIXTH FLOOR 13 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 2 GRAND TOTAL 72 QTY BICYCLE PARKIN 151 P2 - PARKING BICYCLE PARK P1 - PARKING BICYCLE PARK TOTAL: 260 260	QTY RESIDENTIAL S 21 LEVEL 1 BR 1 BR+ 129 01- GROUND FLOOR 8 1 02 - SECOND FLOOR 10 5 4 02 - SECOND FLOOR 10 5 13 04 - FOURTH FLOOR 13 5 95 05 - FIFTH FLOOR 13 5 06 - SIXTH FLOOR 13 7 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 13 7 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 2 6 GRAND TOTAL 72 34 BICYCLE PARKING TABLE 151 P2 - PARKING BICYCLE PARK P1 - PARKING BICYCLE PARK TOTAL: 260	QTY SUITE TYPI 21 1 BR 1 BR+ 2 BR 129 01- GROUND FLOOR 8 1 8 02- SECOND FLOOR 10 5 10 03- THIRD FLOOR 13 5 9 04 - FOURTH FLOOR 13 5 9 05 - FIFTH FLOOR 13 7 7 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 13 7 7 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 13 7 7 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 2 6 5 GRAND TOTAL 72 34 57 BICYCLE PARKING TABLE - TOTAL 151 P2 - PARKING BICYCLE PARK P1 - PARKING BICYCLE PARK P1 - PARKING TOTAL: 260 8 12	QTY SUITE TYPE 21 1 BR 1 BR+ 2 BR 2 BR+ 129 01- GROUND FLOOR 8 1 8 1 4 02 - SECOND FLOOR 10 5 10 5 4 02 - SECOND FLOOR 13 5 9 11 03 - THIRD FLOOR 13 5 9 11 04 - FOURTH FLOOR 13 5 9 11 05 - FIFTH FLOOR 13 7 7 11 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 13 7 62 QTY 70 45 IEVEL NAME QTY 70 45 IEVEL NAME QTY 151 P2 - PARKING BICYCLE PARK 154 P1 - PARKING BICYCLE PARK 106 TOTAL: 260 260 106 107	QTY RESIDENTIAL SUITE COUNT QTY SUITE TYPE 129 1 BR 1 BR+ 2 BR 2 BR+ STUDIO 129 01- GROUND FLOOR 8 1 8 1 3 4 02 - SECOND FLOOR 10 5 10 5 8 4 03 - THIRD FLOOR 13 5 9 11 6 03 - THIRD FLOOR 13 5 9 11 6 04 - FOURTH FLOOR 13 5 9 11 6 05 - FIFTH FLOOR 13 7 7 11 6 06 - SIXTH FLOOR 13 7 7 11 6 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 13 7 7 11 6 07 - SEVENTH FLOOR 2 6 5 12 0 GRAND TOTAL 72 34 57 62 35 151 BICYCLE PARKING TABLE - TOTAL 12 0 14 151 P2 - PARKING BICYCLE PARK 154 154 11 - PARKING		



NOTES GÉNÉRALES General Notes

1 Ces documents d'architecture sont la propriété exclusive de

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2 Les dimensions apparaissant aux documents devront être vérifiées

APPENDIX B

TIA Screening Form



Transportation Impact Assessment Screening Form

City of Ottawa 2017 TIA Guidelines Screening Form

1. Description of Proposed Development

Municipal Address	Greystone Village – Phase 3
Description of Location	Northwest corner of Deschâtelets Avenue/Scholastic Drive
Land Use Classification	Residential
Development Size (units)	260 units
Development Size (m ²)	
Number of Accesses and Locations	One all movement access on Scholastic Drive
Phase of Development	Тwo
Buildout Year	2028

If available, please attach a sketch of the development or site plan to this form.

2. Trip Generation Trigger

Considering the Development's Land Use type and Size (as filled out in the previous section), please refer to the Trip Generation Trigger checks below.

Land Use Type	Minimum Development Size				
Single-family homes	40 units				
Townhomes or apartments	90 units				
Office	3,500 m ²				
Industrial	5,000 m ²				
Fast-food restaurant or coffee shop	100 m ²				
Destination retail	1,000 m ²				
Gas station or convenience market	75 m ²				

* If the development has a land use type other than what is presented in the table above, estimates of person-trip generation may be made based on average trip generation characteristics represented in the current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual.

If the proposed development size is greater than the sizes identified above, <u>the Trip Generation</u> <u>Trigger is satisfied.</u>



Transportation Impact Assessment Screening Form

3. Location Triggers

	Yes	No
Does the development propose a new driveway to a boundary street that is designated as part of the City's Transit Priority, Rapid Transit or Spine Bicycle Networks?		×
Is the development in a Design Priority Area (DPA) or Transit-oriented Development (TOD) zone?*		×

*DPA and TOD are identified in the City of Ottawa Official Plan (DPA in Section 2.5.1 and Schedules A and B; TOD in Annex 6). See Chapter 4 for a list of City of Ottawa Planning and Engineering documents that support the completion of TIA).

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Location Trigger is satisfied.

4. Safety Triggers

	Nee	NI-
	Yes	NO
Are posted speed limits on a boundary street are 80 km/hr or greater?		×
Are there any horizontal/vertical curvatures on a boundary street limits sight lines at a proposed driveway?		×
Is the proposed driveway within the area of influence of an adjacent traffic signal or roundabout (i.e. within 300 m of intersection in rural conditions, or within 150 m of intersection in urban/ suburban conditions)?		×
Is the proposed driveway within auxiliary lanes of an intersection?		×
Does the proposed driveway make use of an existing median break that serves an existing site?		×
Is there is a documented history of traffic operations or safety concerns on the boundary streets within 500 m of the development?		×
Does the development include a drive-thru facility?		×

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Safety Trigger is satisfied.

5. Summary

	Yes	No
Does the development satisfy the Trip Generation Trigger?	\checkmark	
Does the development satisfy the Location Trigger?		×
Does the development satisfy the Safety Trigger?		×

If none of the triggers are satisfied, <u>the TIA Study is complete</u>. If one or more of the triggers is satisfied, <u>the TIA Study must continue into the next stage</u> (Screening and Scoping).

APPENDIX C

OC Transpo Route Maps







Local

7 days a week / 7 jours par semaine All day service Service toute la journée



2020.08

Schedule / Hor Text / Texto plus your four digit bus stop number /	raire613-560-1000 				
Customer Service Service à la clientèle	613-741-4390				
Lost and Found / Objets p Security / Sécurité	oerdus 613-563-4011 613-741-2478				
Effective April 26, 2020 En vigueur 26 avril 2020					
C Transpo	INFO 613-741-4390 octranspo.com				



7 days a week / 7 jours par semaine

All day service Service toute la journée



En vigueur 3 mai 2020





7 days a week / 7 jours par semaine

On Sundays and evenings, service only between Elmvale and General campus of the Ottawa Hospital / Service le dimanche et en soirée seulement entre Elmvale et le campus Général de l'Hôpital d'Ottawa





Monday to Friday / Lundi au vendredi

Peak periods only Périodes de pointe seulement



APPENDIX D

Traffic Count Data



Turning Movement Count - Peak Hour Diagram HAZEL ST @ MAIN ST





Turning Movement Count - Peak Hour Diagram HAZEL ST @ MAIN ST





Turning Movement Count - Peak Hour Diagram MAIN ST @ OBLATE AVE





Turning Movement Count - Peak Hour Diagram MAIN ST @ OBLATE AVE



APPENDIX E

Collision Records



Transportation Services - Traffic Services Collision Details Report - Public Version

From: January 1, 2015 To: December 31, 2019

Location: HAZEL	ST @ MAIN	ST							
Traffic Control: Tra	ffic signal						Total Collisions:	: 13	
Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuve	er Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped
2015-Apr-15, Wed, 19:55	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	East	Slowing or stoppin	ng Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	0
					East	Slowing or stoppin	ng Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
2016-Mar-31, Thu,13:59	Rain	Angle	P.D. only	Wet	South	Going ahead	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	0
					West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2017-Oct-25, Wed, 15:20	Clear	Angle	Non-fatal injury	Dry	South	Going ahead	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle	0
					East	Stopped	Municipal transit bus	Cyclist	
						2.0000		0,0.00	



Transportation Services - Traffic Services Collision Details Report - Public Version

From: January 1, 2015 To: December 31, 2019

Location: HAZEL	. ST @ MAIN 3	ST							
Traffic Control: Tra	ffic signal						Total Collisions	: 13	
Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuve	r Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped
2017-Dec-23, Sat,16:51	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Loose snow	North	Unknown	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	0
					North	Slowing or stopping	g Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
					North	Slowing or stopping	g Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
2018-Feb-09, Fri,12:20	Clear	SMV other	Non-fatal injury	Dry	West	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Pedestrian	1
2018-Feb-13, Tue, 15:52	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Wet	North	Turning right	Truck - dump	Other motor vehicle	0
					North	Stopped	Passenger van	Other motor vehicle	
2018-Oct-05, Fri,12:02	Clear	Turning movement	Non-fatal injury	Dry	South	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Cyclist	0
					North	Going ahead	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle	
2018-Nov-09, Fri,14:25	Snow	SMV other	Non-fatal injury	Wet	West	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Pedestrian	1
2019-Mar-13, Wed, 18:15	Snow	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Loose snow	East	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	0
					East	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					East	Stopped	Unknown	Other motor vehicle	
2019-Mar-16, Sat,12:49	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	0
					South	Stopped	Passenger van	Other motor vehicle	
2019-Oct-23, Wed, 18:00	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	North	Unknown	Unknown	Other motor vehicle	0
					North	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2019-Nov-08, Fri,17:40	Clear	Turning movement	P.D. only	Wet	West	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	0
					East	Turning right	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2019-Nov-28, Thu,18:13	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	0
					South	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
Location: MAIN S	GT @ OBLATE	EAVE							
Traffic Control: Tra	ffic signal						Total Collisions	6	
Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuve	r Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped



Transportation Services - Traffic Services Collision Details Report - Public Version

From: January 1, 2015 To: December 31, 2019

Location: MAIN 3	ST @ OBLATE	EAVE							
Traffic Control: Tra	iffic signal						Total Collisions:	6	
Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuve	r Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped
2015-Jan-13, Tue,18:02	Snow	Sideswipe	P.D. only	lce	South	Changing lanes	Unknown	Other motor vehicle	0
					South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2015-May-09, Sat,18:44	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	South	Going ahead	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	0
					South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2016-Dec-16, Fri,13:09	Clear	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Loose snow	North	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	0
					North	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					North	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					North	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2018-Dec-04, Tue, 11:00	Clear	Angle	P.D. only	Dry	West	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	0
					North	Turning left	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
2019-Feb-02, Sat,10:01	Snow	Angle	P.D. only	Loose snow	South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	0
					East	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2019-Jun-11, Tue,13:55	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	North	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	0
					North	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	

APPENDIX F

Relevant Excerpts from Other Area Developments

OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENTS

141 Main Street Transportation Brief Based on the foregoing assumptions, 'New' and 'Pass-by' site-generated trips are illustrated as Figure 5.



Figure 5: Site-Generated Traffic Volumes

It should be noted that the imbalances in site-generated traffic depicted in Figure 5 are attributed to the use of on-street parking by site patrons.

4. FUTURE TRAFFIC OPERATIONS

For the purpose of this study, total projected traffic volumes were derived by superimposing 'new' and 'pass-by' site-generated traffic (Figure 5) onto existing volumes (Figure 3). The resulting total projected traffic volumes used in the subsequent analysis are illustrated as Figure 6.

Figure 6: Projected Traffic Volumes





OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENTS

Greystone Village Subdivision Community Transportation Study



SHT8X11.DWG - 216mmX278mm



This addendum has been prepared in support of Phase 2 and 3 registration. It will provide an update of the estimated Phase 3 site traffic and review the proposed widening of Scholastic Drive between Oblates Avenue and Deschâtelets Avenue.

1.0 **REVISED DEVELOPMENT**

The revised Phase 3 development now includes three five-storey condo buildings and a retirement home along Scholastic Drive, in addition to the previously proposed Deschâtelets Building expansion and two four-storey apartment buildings.

Access to the Deschâtelets Building was previously proposed on Scholastic Drive. Access to the four-storey apartment buildings and town house blocks was previously proposed on Oblates Avenue and Deschâtelets Avenue. A shared underground parking garage is now proposed for the three condo buildings and the southerly apartment building, with an access to Scholastic Drive. Limited surface parking and a shared underground parking garage is proposed for the northerly apartment building and the Deschâtelets Building, with an access to Oblates Avenue. The retirement building will have an at-grade visitor pick-up/drop-off area and an underground parking garage, with an access to Scholastic Drive.

The proposed right-of-way (ROW) width of Scholastic Drive between Oblates Avenue and Deschâtelets Avenue has been widened from 10.5m to 13m, with a road width of 6m to accommodate two-way traffic versus the previous proposal of 4m for one-way traffic. The ROW has been widened to the west, away from the 3m multi-use pathway and the Rideau River. The revised cross section is shown in the Phase 2 and 3 Concept Plan included in Appendix A.

The revised Phase 3 concept consists of approximately 230 condo/apartment units and 140 retirement units, which represents an increase of 100 units from the previous proposal. On-site parking will be accommodated in accordance with the requirements of the Zoning By-Law. The proposed on-site parking will be reviewed in detail as part of future site plan applications for each block.

2.0 **TRIP GENERATION**

Trips generated by the revised Phase 3 development have been estimated using the methodology presented in the original CTS.

Weekday peak hour trip generation for the previous concept and the revised concept is outlined in the following table.

Total

70

-								
Land Use	ITE	GFA / Units	AM Peak (vph)			PM Peak (vph)		
	Code		In	Out	Total	In	Out	Tot
Previous Phase 3 Concept								
Condominium/Townhouse	230	120	10	50	60	47	23	70

Table 1: ITE Trip Generation



l and lise	ITE	GFA /	AM Peak (vph)			PM Peak (vph)		
	Code	Units	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Congregate Care Facility ¹	253	150	5	4	9	14	12	26
	Previous Total		15	54	69	61	35	96
Revised Phase 3 Concept								
Condominium/Townhouse	230	230	17	84	101	80	39	119
Congregate Care Facility ¹	253	140	5	3	8	13	11	24
Revised Total				87	109	93	50	143
Net Difference			+7	+33	+40	+32	+15	+47

1. Independent living developments that provide centralized amenities such as dining, housekeeping, transportation and organized social/recreational activities

An overall vehicle trip to person trip adjustment factor of approximately 1.42 was applied to the vehicle trips projected using the ITE rates. The projected person trips were then categorized by modal share using observed percentages from the 2011 TRANS O-D Survey Report for the Ottawa Inner Area. A breakdown of the projected person trips by modal share is shown in the following table.

Table 2: Phase 3 Person Trips by Modal Share

Travel Mode	Modal		AM Peak				
	Share	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Previous Person Trips		21	77	98	87	49	136
Auto Driver	40%	9	31	40	34	20	54
Auto Passenger	10%	2	8	10	9	5	14
Transit	25%	5	19	24	22	12	34
Non-Motorized	25%	5	19	24	22	12	34
Revised Person Trips		31	124	155	132	71	203
Auto Driver	40%	12	50	62	53	28	81
Auto Passenger	10%	3	12	15	13	7	20
Transit	25%	8	31	39	33	18	51
Non-Motorized	25%	8	31	39	33	18	51

The revised Phase 3 development is anticipated to generate approximately 60 vehicle trips during the weekday AM peak hour and approximately 80 vehicle trips during the weekday PM peak hour. This is an increase of 20 to 30 trips during the weekday peak hours compared to the previous Phase 3 concept.

OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENTS

530 de Mazenod Avenue (formerly 175 Main Street) Transportation Overview



March 23rd, 2017

City of Ottawa Planning and Growth Management Branch 110 Laurier Ave. W., 4th Floor Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1

Attention: Mr. Wally Dubyk Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals

Dear Sir:

Reference: 175 Main Street – Greystone Village Condo Development Transportation Overview – Addendum Our File No.: 114025

A Transportation Overview was submitted to the City of Ottawa in August 2015, in support of a Site Plan Control application for the development of two nine-storey condominium buildings within the Greystone Village subdivision. Following the submission, the site plan has been revised, increasing the number of dwelling units and altering the layout of the underground parking garage and access locations.

The following addendum will assess the impact of the revised development on the area road network.

1.0 REVISED DEVELOPMENT

Since the original Site Plan Control application, the layout of the underground parking garage has been revisited. The underground parking garages for both phase one and phase two will now be accessed through a shared driveway on De Mazenod Avenue, across from Jeremiah Kealey Street.

The previously proposed access on Telmon Street will remain, and will be used for surface visitor parking and delivery/moving activities for the proposed development as well as the single detached dwellings to the south. The previously proposed access on Deschâtelets Avenue will now primarily serve the future building to the north/west of the subject site. This future driveway will straddle the northern property line, and the adjacent sidewalk will provide pedestrian connectivity to the northern pedestrian entrance of the proposed development. The driveway connecting to the future building will be constructed as part of a future Site Plan Control application, while the adjacent sidewalk will be constructed as part of this development to provide pedestrian connectivity during the interim.

The revised development consists of a total of 212 dwelling units (106 dwelling units per phase), which is an increase of 18 units from the previous proposal. The revised underground parking garage will contain a total of 205 parking spaces (113 spaces for Phase One and 92 spaces for Phase 2). A total of 152 bicycle parking spaces (76 spaces per phase) will be provided for the proposed development.

M:\2014\114025\DATA\REPORTS\TRAFFIC\CONDO\ADDENDUM.114025 - TRANSPORTATION OVERVIEW ADDENDUM.DOCX



A revised site plan is shown in **Figure 1**. A Greystone Village subdivision plan is provided in **Appendix A**.

2.0 TRIP GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION

Trips generated by the revised development have been estimated using the methodology presented in the original Transportation Overview. Based on the foregoing, the revised development is anticipated to generate a total of 53 vehicle trips during the weekday AM peak hour and 63 vehicle trips during the weekday PM peak hour. This is an increase of two trips during the AM peak hour and five trips during the PM peak hour compared to the previous development proposal.

As the revised site access will maintain all movements in/out, the new access location is not anticipated to alter the distribution of traffic generated by the revised development. Consistent with the previous development proposal, the revised development is not anticipated to impact the surrounding roadway network further to the results identified in the approved Greystone Village Community Transportation Study (dated January 2015).

3.0 ON-SITE DESIGN

3.1 Proposed Access

3.1.1 De Mazenod Access

The proposed shared parking garage access will contain an ingress and egress separated by a 9m wide landscaped island and a curb extension to restrict southbound through movements along De Mazenod Avenue. The northern driveway will function as the ingress and the southern driveway will function as the egress, permitting all movements in/out of the subject site.

The proposed access on De Mazenod Avenue will function as a shared space for all modes of transportation (pedestrian, cyclist, vehicle). The proposed ingress and egress will consist of a 4.5m wide asphalt vehicular driveway, and an adjacent 2.2m unit paver sidewalk at grade with the asphalt driveway. The overall 6.7m width will be depressed along the roadway edge and serve as the proposed fire route between the curbline and the ROW limit. Within the subject site, the proposed driveway width will permit vehicles to stop for drop-off/pick-up activity. Signage is recommended to indicate the one-way circulation pattern and prohibit parking within the fire route.

3.1.2 Telmon Street Access

The proposed access on Telmon Street will be 6m in width and located 3.8m from the southern property line. This access will serve six parking spaces for visitors to the proposed condominium building and the single detached dwellings to the south. This access and parking lot will also serve as a fire route for the single detached dwellings to the south. The location and width of the proposed access conforms to the minimum requirements of the City's *Private Approach By-law*.

OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENTS

175 Main Street (formerly 10 Oblats Avenue) Transportation Impact Assessment and Module 4.9 (Network Intersections) are omitted from the required analysis. As the projected traffic volumes along des Oblats Avenue will not exceed the assumed roadway capacity of 400vphpl for a local roadway (consistent with the strategic long range planning model), Module 4.6 (Neighbourhood Traffic Management) is exempt from the required analysis. As the proposed development is not anticipated to generate 200 person trips in excess of the equivalent volumes permitted by the established zoning for this site, Module 4.8 (Network Concept) is exempt from the required analysis. The following modules are included in the TIA report:

- Module 4.1 Development Design
- Module 4.2 Parking
- Module 4.3 Boundary Streets
- Module 4.4 Access Intersections
- Module 4.5 Transportation Demand Management

4.0 FORECASTING

The Greystone Village CTS assumed a development of 215 condominium units and approximately 37,000ft² GFA of specialty retail for the subject site. The site plan has now been revised to include 244 rental apartment units and approximately 20,000ft² GFA of specialty retail. This equates to an increase of approximately 30 residential units and a decrease of approximately 17,000ft² GFA of commercial retail, compared to the assumed development in the Greystone Village CTS.

The person trips generated by the proposed development during peak periods is based on the number of apartment units and the retail GFA. As some residents may own a vehicle for off-peak use and choose different modes of transportation for peak hour trips, the proposed parking does not correspond to the overall peak hour vehicular travel demand by the site. The person trips generated by the proposed development, compared to the assumed trip generation for the subject site in the CTS is summarized below.

Lond Lloo	ITE	Units/	AM Peak (PPH ¹)			PM Peak (PPH)			
Lanu USe	Code	GFA	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL	
Greystone Village	Greystone Village CTS								
Condo	230	215	23	112	135	107	54	161	
Specialty Retail	826	37,000 ft ²	16	20	36	62	79	141	
		Total	39	132	171	169	133	302	
Proposed Develo	pment								
Apartment	220	244	34	141	175	139	77	216	
Specialty Retail	826	20,000 ft ²	9	11	20	34	43	77	
		Total	43	152	195	173	120	293	
		Difference	4	20	24	4	-13	-9	

Table 1: Person Trip Generation

1) PPH = Persons Per Hour – calculated using an ITE Trip to Person Trip factor of 1.42, consistent with the Greystone Village CTS

Based on the foregoing, the proposed development is anticipated to generate an additional 24 person trips during the AM peak hour and a reduction of 9 person trips during the PM peak hour compared to the assumed development in the Greystone Village CTS.

The modal shares for the proposed development are anticipated to be consistent with the modal shares proposed in the Greystone Village CTS. The projected person trips by modal share, compared to the assumed trip generation for the subject site in the CTS is summarized below.

Traval Mada	Modal		AM Peak		PM Peak			
	Share	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL	
Greystone Village	CTS							
Condo Perso	on Trips	23	112	135	107	54	161	
Auto Driver	40%	9	45	54	43	22	65	
Auto Passenger	10%	2	11	13	11	5	16	
Transit	25%	6	28	34	27	13	40	
Non-Auto	25%	6	28	34	26	14	40	
Retail Perso	on Trips	16	20	36	62	79	141	
Auto Driver	20%	4	4	8	12	16	28	
Auto Passenger	10%	2	2	4	6	8	14	
Transit	10%	1	2	3	6	8	14	
Non-Auto	60%	9	12	21	38	47	85	
Auto Driver	(Total)	13	49	62	55	38	93	
Auto Passenger	(Total)	4	13	17	17	13	30	
Transit	(Total)	7	30	37	33	21	54	
Non-Auto	(Total)	15	40	55	64	61	125	
Proposed Development								
Apartment Perso	on Trips	34	141	175	139	77	216	
Auto Driver	40%	13	57	70	55	31	86	
Auto Passenger	10%	3	14	17	14	8	22	
Transit	25%	9	35	44	35	19	54	
Non-Auto	25%	9	35	44	35	19	54	
Retail Perso	on Trips	9	11	20	34	43	77	
Auto Driver	20%	2	2	4	7	8	15	
Auto Passenger	10%	1	1	2	4	4	8	
Transit	10%	1	1	2	3	5	8	
Non-Auto	60%	5	7	12	20	26	46	
Auto Driver	(Total)	15	59	74	62	39	101	
Auto Passenger	(Total)	4	15	19	18	12	30	
Transit	(Total)	10	36	46	38	24	62	
Non-Auto	(Total)	14	42	56	55	45	100	
Auto Driver (Diffe	erence)	2	10	12	7	1	8	
Auto Pass. (Diffe	erence)	0	2	2	1	-1	0	
Transit (Diffe	erence)	3	6	9	5	3	8	
Non-Auto (Diffe	erence)	-1	2	1	-9	-16	-25	

Table 2: Person Trips by Modal Share

Based on the foregoing, the proposed development is anticipated to generate an additional 12 vehicle trips during the AM peak hour and 8 vehicle trips during the PM peak hour. In general, background traffic and the assignment of the additional vehicle trips generated by the proposed development will be consistent with the Greystone Village CTS. The revised 2026 total traffic

the three Ottawa Hospitals, as well as Greenfield Avenue, Mann Avenue, Lees Transit Station, Lees Avenue, and Main Street/Smyth Road to Elmvale Aces.

- Route 5 will not change.
- The Main Street section of Route 16 will not change.

Bike surface parking will be provided near the main entrance at the northwest corner of Building 2A, as shown on the site plan attached in **Appendix B**. Underground bicycle parking is described further in Section 5.2.

A review of the Transportation Demand Management (TDM) – *Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist* has been conducted. A copy of the TDM checklist is included in **Appendix D**. All required TDM-supportive design and infrastructure measures in the TDM checklist are met.

On-street lay-bys are proposed along des Oblats Avenue adjacent to the subject site, and will require RMA approval. The proposed lay-bys along Deschâtelets Avenue were previously approved as part of the Greystone Village CTS.

The majority of deliveries will be performed by medium single-unit trucks (MSU) and will occur onsite in the surface parking lot. Deliveries by any larger vehicles such as heavy single-unit (HSU) trucks will be performed in the on-street lay-bys.

5.2 Parking

The subject site is located in Area B of Schedule 1 and Area Y of Schedule 1A to the City of Ottawa's *Zoning By-law* (ZBL). Minimum vehicular and bicycle parking rates for the proposed development are identified in the ZBL, and are summarized in the following table. As the commercial component of the ground floor is split between eight units, where only one exceeds 500 m², the vehicular parking rates only apply to the larger unit.

	Pata	Units	/GFA	Requirement		
Lanu USe	пасе	Building 2A	Building 2B	Building 2A	Building 2B	
Vehicle Parkin	ng					
Aportmont	0.5 spaces per unit in excess of 12 (Resident)	105	119	57	54	
Apartment	0.1 spaces per unit in excess of 12 (Visitor)	120		11	11	
Commercial	1.25 spaces per 100m ² 790 m ² -		10	-		
		78	65			
			Provided	167	129	
Bicycle Parkin	g					
Apartment	0.5 spaces per unit	125	119	63	60	
Commercial	1 spaces per 250m ² of GFA	1,680m²	-	7	-	
			Total	70	60	
			Provided	70	60	

Table 3: Parking Requirement
OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENTS

225 Scholastic Drive (Retirement Residence) Transportation Overview



3.0 TRANSPORTATION NETWORK

The subject site is bounded by the following:

- Oblats Avenue and future residential development to the north;
- Scholastic Drive and the Rideau River to the east;
- Future residential development to the south and west.

The roadway platform for Oblats Avenue and Scholastic Drive have recently been constructed, with pedestrian facilities to be constructed in spring 2018.

Oblats Avenue is planned to be a local roadway with two-lane undivided urban cross section with sidewalks on both sides. On-street parking will be provided in parking bays on both sides of Oblats Avenue.

Scholastic Drive is planned to be a local roadway that travels on a north-south alignment adjacent to the Rideau River. It will have a two-lane two-way undivided urban cross section with a sidewalk on the west side between Oblats Avenue and Deschâtelets Avenue. It will be a one-way northbound roadway south of Deschatelets Avenue. A multi-use pathway will be provided between the roadway and the Rideau River on the east side of Scholastic Drive. This multi-use pathway forms part of the Rideau River Western Pathway which travels between Belmont Avenue and the University of Ottawa.

4.0 TRIP GENERATION

Trips generated by the proposed development have been estimated using the congregate care land use code (LU 253) identified in the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Trip Generation Manual, 9th Edition.* The estimated peak hour vehicle trips by the proposed development are outlined in the following table.

	ITE			AM Peak	ζ.	PM Peak			
Land Use	Code	Units	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL	
Congregate Care Facility	253	146	5	4	9	14	11	25	

Table 1: Trip Generation

An overall vehicle trip to person trip adjustment factor of approximately 1.42 was applied to the vehicle trips projected in the ITE rates. The projected person trips were then categorized by modal share using observed percentages from the 2011 TRANS O-D Survey Report for the Ottawa Inner Area. A breakdown of the projected person trips by modal share is shown in the following table.



	Modal		AM Peak			PM Peak	
Travel Mode	Share	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL
TOTAL PERSON TRIPS		7	6	13	20	16	36
Auto Driver	40%	3	2	5	8	6	14
Auto Passenger	10%	1	0	1	2	2	4
Transit	25%	2	2	4	5	4	9
Non-Motorized	25%	1	2	3	5	4	9

Table 2: Site-Generated Person Trips by Modal Share

Based on the foregoing, the proposed development is anticipated to generate five vehicle trips during the weekday AM peak hour and 14 vehicle trips during the weekday PM peak hour.

The addendum to the Greystone Village CTS included trip generation for the subject site, and estimated a development of 140 units for the subject site. The additional six units proposed will have no significant impact on the operating conditions identified in the Greystone Village subdivision CTS/addendum.

5.0 PROVISIONS FOR NON-AUTO MODES

Sidewalks are provided on both sides of Oblats Avenue and the west side of Scholastic Drive. Pedestrian facilities will be provided adjacent to the south side of the building, connecting building entrances to the sidewalk on the west side of Scholastic Drive.

The proposed number of bicycle parking spaces and minimum requirements identified in the City of Ottawa's *Zoning By-law* (ZBL) are outlined in Section 6.0 below.

OC Transpo bus stops #6809 and #7636 are located in the northwest and southeast corners of the Oblats Avenue/Main Street intersection, at a walking distance of approximately 450m from the main building entrance. These bus stops serve OC Transpo Route 5 and Route 16. OC Transpo Route 5 is a local route that travels between the Rideau Centre and the Billings Bridge transit station. OC Transpo Route 16 is a local route that travels between St. Pauls University and Britannia Park. Both OC Transpo Route 5 and Route 16 provide all day service, seven days a week.

It is noteworthy that as development progresses within the Greystone Village subdivision, OC Transpo Route 16 will travel east on Hazel Street, north on on Deschatelets Avenue, and west on Oblats Avenue. This will reduce the walking distance for residents to OC Transpo Route 16 to 250m.

6.0 ON-SITE DESIGN

6.1 Proposed Access

Access to the proposed development will be provided on Scholastic Drive. The proposed access will serve an underground parking garage as well as an on-site lay-by near the main building entrance.

OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENTS

205 Scholastic Drive (Deschâtelets Building – Elementary School) Transportation Impact Assessment





Figure 7: Other Area Development-Generated Volumes



APPENDIX G

Subdivision Pavement Marking and Signage Drawings



114025-00 REV # 6



8. REVISED AS PER CITY COMMENTS MAY 20/21 TJM SCALE FOR REVIEW ONLY CITY OF OTTAWA	
7. REVISED AS PER CITY COMMENTS MAY 17/21 TJM JAG	
6. REVISED DE MAZENOD CURB ALIGNMENT MAY 12/21 JAG	
5. REVISED AS PER CITY COMMENTS FEB 18/21 JAG TI SOU MSP	
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			Signed:
			Date:



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8.	REVISED AS PER CITY COMMENTS	MAY 20/21 TJM	SCALE	DESIGN	FOR REVIEW ONLY		CITY OF OTTAWA
7.	REVISED AS PER CITY COMMENTS	MAY 17/21 TJM		J	IAG		GREYSTONE VILLAGE
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2.	REVISED AS PER CITY COMMENTS	NOV 1/17 JAG	1:300 0 3 6 9 12			Telephone (613) 254-9643 Facsimile (613) 254-5867	SIGNAGE - HAZEL STREET
1.	ISSUED FOR CITY REVIEW	JUL 20/17 JAG		APPROVED		Website www.novatech-eng.com	PHASE 1A AND 1B
No.	REVISION	DATE BY		J	GR		



Reviewed By Develop
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REV # 8 WING No. 114025-PM3



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NORTH

SITE BOUNDARY







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3.	REVISED AS PER CITY COMMENTS AND ISSUED FOR E.C.A.	MAY 26/17	JAG	
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114025-00 REV # 7 AWING No. 114025-PM3-B

APPENDIX H

Transportation Demand Management Checklists

TDM-Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist:

Residential Developments (multi-family or condominium)

Legend			
REQUIRED	The Official Plan or Zoning By-law provides related guidance that must be followed		
BASIC	The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users		
BETTER	The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance		

TDM-supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments		supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	1.	WALKING & CYCLING: ROUTES	
	1.1	Building location & access points	
BASIC	1.1.1	Locate building close to the street, and do not locate parking areas between the street and building entrances	
BASIC	1.1.2	Locate building entrances in order to minimize walking distances to sidewalks and transit stops/stations	
BASIC	1.1.3	Locate building doors and windows to ensure visibility of pedestrians from the building, for their security and comfort	
	1.2	Facilities for walking & cycling	
REQUIRED	1.2.1	Provide convenient, direct access to stations or major stops along rapid transit routes within 600 metres; minimize walking distances from buildings to rapid transit; provide pedestrian-friendly, weather-protected (where possible) environment between rapid transit accesses and building entrances; ensure quality linkages from sidewalks through building entrances to integrated stops/stations (see Official Plan policy 4.3.3)	
REQUIRED	1.2.2	Provide safe, direct and attractive pedestrian access from public sidewalks to building entrances through such measures as: reducing distances between public sidewalks and major building entrances; providing walkways from public streets to major building entrances; within a site, providing walkways along the front of adjoining buildings, between adjacent buildings, and connecting areas where people may congregate, such as courtyards and transit stops; and providing weather protection through canopies, colonnades, and other design elements wherever possible (see Official <i>Plan policy 4.3.12</i>)	

	TDM-s	upportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
REQUIRED	1.2.3	Provide sidewalks of smooth, well-drained walking surfaces of contrasting materials or treatments to differentiate pedestrian areas from vehicle areas, and provide marked pedestrian crosswalks at intersection sidewalks (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.4	Make sidewalks and open space areas easily accessible through features such as gradual grade transition, depressed curbs at street corners and convenient access to extra-wide parking spaces and ramps (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.5	Include adequately spaced inter-block/street cycling and pedestrian connections to facilitate travel by active transportation. Provide links to the existing or planned network of public sidewalks, multi-use pathways and on- road cycle routes. Where public sidewalks and multi-use pathways intersect with roads, consider providing traffic control devices to give priority to cyclists and pedestrians (see Official Plan policy 4.3.11)	
BASIC	1.2.6	Provide safe, direct and attractive walking routes from building entrances to nearby transit stops	
BASIC	1.2.7	Ensure that walking routes to transit stops are secure, visible, lighted, shaded and wind-protected wherever possible	
BASIC	1.2.8	Design roads used for access or circulation by cyclists using a target operating speed of no more than 30 km/h, or provide a separated cycling facility	
	1.3	Amenities for walking & cycling	
BASIC	1.3.1	Provide lighting, landscaping and benches along walking and cycling routes between building entrances and streets, sidewalks and trails	
BASIC	1.3.2	Provide wayfinding signage for site access (where required, e.g. when multiple buildings or entrances exist) and egress (where warranted, such as when directions to reach transit stops/stations, trails or other common destinations are not obvious)	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	2.	WALKING & CYCLING: END-OF-TRIP FACILI	TIES
	2.1	Bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.1.1	Provide bicycle parking in highly visible and lighted areas, sheltered from the weather wherever possible (see Official Plan policy 4.3.6)	
REQUIRED	2.1.2	Provide the number of bicycle parking spaces specified for various land uses in different parts of Ottawa; provide convenient access to main entrances or well- used areas (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	
REQUIRED	2.1.3	Ensure that bicycle parking spaces and access aisles meet minimum dimensions; that no more than 50% of spaces are vertical spaces; and that parking racks are securely anchored <i>(see Zoning By-law Section 111)</i>	
BASIC	2.1.4	Provide bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of resident-owned bicycles, plus the expected peak number of visitor cyclists	
	2.2	Secure bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.2.1	Where more than 50 bicycle parking spaces are provided for a single residential building, locate at least 25% of spaces within a building/structure, a secure area (e.g. supervised parking lot or enclosure) or bicycle lockers (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	
BETTER	2.2.2	Provide secure bicycle parking spaces equivalent to at least the number of units at condominiums or multi- family residential developments	
	2.3	Bicycle repair station	
BETTER	2.3.1	Provide a permanent bike repair station, with commonly used tools and an air pump, adjacent to the main bicycle parking area (or secure bicycle parking area, if provided)	
	3.	TRANSIT	
	3.1	Customer amenities	
BASIC	3.1.1	Provide shelters, lighting and benches at any on-site transit stops	
BASIC	3.1.2	Where the site abuts an off-site transit stop and insufficient space exists for a transit shelter in the public right-of-way, protect land for a shelter and/or install a shelter	
BETTER	3.1.3	Provide a secure and comfortable interior waiting area by integrating any on-site transit stops into the building	

	TDM-supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments		Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	4.	RIDESHARING	
	4.1	Pick-up & drop-off facilities	
BASIC	4.1.1	Provide a designated area for carpool drivers (plus taxis and ride-hailing services) to drop off or pick up passengers without using fire lanes or other no-stopping zones	
	5.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
	5.1	Carshare parking spaces	
BETTER	5.1.1	Provide up to three carshare parking spaces in an R3, R4 or R5 Zone for specified residential uses <i>(see Zoning By-law Section 94)</i>	
	5.2	Bikeshare station location	
BETTER	5.2.1	Provide a designated bikeshare station area near a major building entrance, preferably lighted and sheltered with a direct walkway connection	
	6.	PARKING	
	6.1	Number of parking spaces	
REQUIRED	6.1.1	Do not provide more parking than permitted by zoning, nor less than required by zoning, unless a variance is being applied for	
BASIC	6.1.2	Provide parking for long-term and short-term users that is consistent with mode share targets, considering the potential for visitors to use off-site public parking	
BASIC	6.1.3	Where a site features more than one use, provide shared parking and reduce the cumulative number of parking spaces accordingly (see Zoning By-law Section 104)	
BETTER	6.1.4	Reduce the minimum number of parking spaces required by zoning by one space for each 13 square metres of gross floor area provided as shower rooms, change rooms, locker rooms and other facilities for cyclists in conjunction with bicycle parking <i>(see Zoning By-law Section 111)</i>	
	6.2	Separate long-term & short-term parking areas	
BETTER	6.2.1	Provide separate areas for short-term and long-term parking (using signage or physical barriers) to permit access controls and simplify enforcement (i.e. to discourage residents from parking in visitor spaces, and vice versa)	

TDM Measures Checklist:

Residential Developments (multi-family, condominium or subdivision)

Legend

C The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users

BETTER The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance

The measure is one of the most dependably effective tools to encourage the use of sustainable modes

	TDM	measures: Residential developments	Check if proposed & add descriptions
	1.	TDM PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	
	1.1	Program coordinator	
BASIC	★ 1.1.1	Designate an internal coordinator, or contract with an external coordinator	
	1.2	Travel surveys	
BETTER	1.2.1	Conduct periodic surveys to identify travel-related behaviours, attitudes, challenges and solutions, and to track progress	
	2.	WALKING AND CYCLING	
	2.1	Information on walking/cycling routes & des	tinations
BASIC	2.1.1	Display local area maps with walking/cycling access routes and key destinations at major entrances (multi-family, condominium)	
	2.2	Bicycle skills training	
BETTER	2.2.1	Offer on-site cycling courses for residents, or subsidize off-site courses	

		TDM	measures: Residential developments	Check if proposed & add descriptions
		3.	TRANSIT	
		3.1	Transit information	
BASIC		3.1.1	Display relevant transit schedules and route maps at entrances (multi-family, condominium)	
BETTER		3.1.2	Provide real-time arrival information display at entrances (multi-family, condominium)	
		3.2	Transit fare incentives	
BASIC	*	3.2.1	Offer PRESTO cards preloaded with one monthly transit pass on residence purchase/move-in, to encourage residents to use transit	
BETTER		3.2.2	Offer at least one year of free monthly transit passes on residence purchase/move-in	
		3.3	Enhanced public transit service	
BETTER	*	3.3.1	Contract with OC Transpo to provide early transit services until regular services are warranted by occupancy levels <i>(subdivision)</i>	
		3.4	Private transit service	
BETTER		3.4.1	Provide shuttle service for seniors homes or lifestyle communities (e.g. scheduled mall or supermarket runs)	
		4.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
		4.1	Bikeshare stations & memberships	
BETTER		4.1.1	Contract with provider to install on-site bikeshare station (<i>multi-family</i>)	
BETTER		4.1.2	Provide residents with bikeshare memberships, either free or subsidized <i>(multi-family)</i>	
		4.2	Carshare vehicles & memberships	
BETTER		4.2.1	Contract with provider to install on-site carshare vehicles and promote their use by residents	
BETTER		4.2.2	Provide residents with carshare memberships, either free or subsidized	
		5.	PARKING	
		5.1	Priced parking	
BASIC	*	5.1.1	Unbundle parking cost from purchase price (condominium)	X
BASIC	*	5.1.2	Unbundle parking cost from monthly rent (multi-family)	

TDM	l measures: Residential developments	Check if proposed & add descriptions
6.	TDM MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS	6
6.1	Multimodal travel information	
BASIC ★ 6.1.1	Provide a multimodal travel option information package to new residents	
6.2	Personalized trip planning	
BETTER ★ 6.2.1	Offer personalized trip planning to new residents	