SERVICING BRIEF & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

765 Green Creek Drive Ottawa, Ontario

Report No. 20014

March 26, 2021 Revised June 21, 2022 Revised April 21, 2023 Revised May 10, 2024





Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Sewers - Watermains

700 Long Point Circle Ottawa, Ontario K1T 4E9 613-425-8044 d.gray@dbgrayengineering.com

SERVICING BRIEF & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

765 Green Creek Drive Ottawa, Ontario

This report describes the services and addresses the stormwater management requirements of 8225 sq.m. property at 765 Green Creek in Ottawa. Currently a 1290 sq.m. building used by SMART union as the Local 47 Training Center occupies the property. A 1,180 sq.m. addition to the training center is proposed.

This report forms part of the stormwater management design for the proposed development. Refer to drawings C-1 to C-4, also prepared by D. B. Gray Engineering Inc.

WATER SUPPLY FOR FIREFIGHTING:

There is an existing 150mm private watermain and fire hydrant on the property. The private hydrant is 23 m unobstructed distance to the fire department connection (FDC); less than the required maximum of 45 m. There are also two existing municipal fire hydrants adjacent to the property; about 67 m and 94 m unobstructed distances to the building.

The existing building and proposed addition are non-combustible construction with a sprinkler system throughout. Based on this construction, a fire flow of 83.3 L/s (5,000 L/min) is required, as calculated as per the Fire Underwriter Survey "Water Supply For Fire Protection". The calculations were submitted to the City and boundary conditions were requested. (The calculations submitted were based on a previous design requiring a fire flow of 133.33 L/s.)

The boundary conditions for the 133.3 L/s fire flow (based on the city's computer model of the municipal water distribution system) were received from the City. They include a HGL (hydraulic grade line) of 96.8 m during the above flow rate in the municipal watermains at the subject location which calculates to be 367 kPa (62 psi). (At 83.3 L/s fire flow the pressure would be higher.) Since the pressure is above 138 kPa (20 psi) there is an adequate water supply for firefighting from the existing municipal water distribution system.

As per City of Ottawa Tech Bulletin ISTB-2018-02, the aggregate fire flow of all contributing fire hydrants within 150 m of the building can used to supply the required fire flow. The two municipal hydrants are Class AA; one is within 75 m and can contribute 5,700 L/min (95 L/s); and the other is within 150 m and can tribute 3,800 L/min (63.3 L/s) (as per Table 1 of ISTB-2018-02). There is also the flow from the private on-site hydrant, therefore, the aggregate flow from all three hydrants is in excess of 9,500 L/min (158.3 L/s), which is greater than the required fire flow of 83.3 L/s.

WATER SERVICE:

The existing 150 mm private watermain and water service supplying the sprinkler system is adequate for the domestic demand.

As per the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines the daily average consumption rate for a commercial development is 35,000 litres per day per hectare; and the maximum daily demand for the subject property is calculated to be 0.3 L/s. Based on a maximum daily peaking factor of 1.5 times the daily average demand and a maximum hourly peaking factor of 1.8 times the maximum daily demand, the maximum daily demand is 0.5 L/s and maximum hourly demand is 0.9 L/s.

To determine water pressure under these demands, boundary conditions, based on the City of Ottawa computer simulation of the water distribution system, at the subject location, are required. Based on the boundary conditions received from the City, the minimum HGL (hydraulic grade line) is 110.5 m and the maximum is 116.1 m. With these HGLs the water pressure at the water meter is calculated to vary from 551 kPa to 606 kPa (80 psi to 88 psi). This is an acceptable range of water pressures for the proposed development. However, since it is calculated that the water pressure may be above 80 psi an on-site pressure check is recommended to determine if a pressure reducing valve (PRV) is required.

SANITARY SERVICE:

The existing 150 mm sanitary sewer connection serving the existing building will remain.

Based on the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines for an industrial property (35,000 L/ha/day; 7.0 peaking factor (as per Appendix 4-B.1); and a 0.33 L/s/ha infiltration flow) the peak flow is calculated to be 2.60 L/s. This flow will be adequately handled by the existing sanitary sewer connection with each pipe segment being only at about 9 to 16% of its capacity.

The 150 mm sanitary sewer connects to an existing 200 mm municipal sanitary sewer which, with a 0.68% slope, has a capacity of 28.2 L/s. The 2.60 L/s in sanitary flows contributing to the municipal sewer is expected to have an negligible impact, as it only serves the subject property and is only at about 8% of its capacity.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT:

Water Quality:

For the original 2008 design the City of Ottawa required the removal of 70% of the total suspended solids (TSS) from the site runoff. For the current design the City stated that "typically, 80% TSS removal is required", but requested that the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA) be consulted. However, the RVCA has stated: "Due to changes enacted"

through Bill 23 and Ontario Regulation 596/22, the Conservation Authority can no longer provide comments on water quality requirements on site specific applications. Therefore, the decision whether on-site water quality treatment is required and what would trigger on-site water quality now rests with the City."

To achieve the original 70% TSS removal criterion an oil/grit separator manhole was installed. Such a device is designed to remove sediment from the runoff entering the manhole and stores the sediment in a chamber for periodic removal. Specifically a "Stormceptor STC 300i" with a sediment capacity of 1.3 cubic metres and an oil capacity of 325 litres was installed. Based on the proposed site plan the manufacturer (based on the manufacturer's software – refer to pages 15 to 21) calculated that the existing OGS will remove 74% of the TSS. The 2008 site plan developed approximately 75% of the property; while with the current proposed site plan 100% of the property will be developed. Therefore, it can be reasoned that the weighted average of the TSS removal criterion should be about 72.5%; and since the existing OGS exceeds this criterion, it is proposed that the existing OGS shall remain. The sediment and liquid from the chamber of the existing OGS was recently removed (refer to the Manifest Movement Document on page 22), and a three-year Monitoring Agreement was recently signed (refer to page 23).

Independent from the existing OGS, to achieve 80% TSS removal in the 1975 m² drainage area that drains directly to the stormwater detention area (including the area draining to catch basin C-1), an infiltration trench with a storage volume of 5.7 m³ is required (as per MOE guidelines). Based on the geotechnical report's description of the soil, it is estimates that the infiltration rate is between 5 and 10 mm/hr. Using design infiltration rates of 2 to 4mm/hr (i.e. 2.5 safety factor) an infiltration trench with a depth of 0.15 m will drain down in 15 to 30 hours (MOE guidelines recommend 24 to 48 hours). An infiltration trench 0.15m deep and 97 m² in area (the area of the bottom of the stormwater detention area) will have a storage capacity of 5.8 m³; and therefore, 80% TSS removal will be achieved for this drainage area (refer to calculations on page 24). Since the 1975 m² drainage area will also drain through the OGS and since the manufacturer's software sizing the OGS will not take into account the infiltration trench, it will show that the existing OGS still removes 74% of the TSS; however, there will be a significant improvement in TSS removal.

For the infiltration trench to function adequately, the trench and detention area requires regular maintenance: Annually in the spring (and more frequently if necessary), any accumulated sediment needs to be removed from the infiltration trench. Also, about once every five years (more frequently if ponding is observed during non-freezing conditions), the top 50 mm of clear stone (above the geotextile fabric) should be removed and replaced; and any geotextile material that has been damaged also be replaced.

As per the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks' (MECP's) Source Protection Information Atlas, the source protection plan for the subject property is the Mississippi-Rideau Source Protection Plan; and as per this plan the subject property is <u>not</u> within a Significant Groundwater Recharge Area and <u>not</u> within an area that has a Highly Vulnerable Aquifer. Therefore, spills, potentially entering the groundwater via the infiltration trench, are not a major concern.

An erosion and sediment control plan has been developed to be implemented during construction, (see drawing C-2 and notes 2.1 to 2.7 on drawing C-3). In summary: to filter out construction sediment; a silt fence barrier will be installed adjacent to the east property line; sediment capture filter sock inserts will be installed at existing catch basins adjacent to the site and in the new catch basins as it is installed; a straw bale check dam will be installed at the inlet of a culvert; and any material deposited on a public road will be removed.

Water Quantity:

For the original 2008 design the City of Ottawa required that the stormwater management criteria for quantity control are to control the post development peak flows for the 5-year and 100-year storm events to peak flows during the 5-year storm event using a runoff coefficient of 0.50; and a 20 minute time of concentration. However, to meet the City's current standards, the stormwater management the criteria for quantity control are now to control the post development peak flows for the 5-year and 100-year storm events to peak flows during the 5-year storm event using a pre-development runoff coefficient, whichever is less; and a calculated time of concentration (but not less than 10 minutes). The pre-development (prior to 2008) conditions reflect a 5-year runoff coefficient of 0.30 and, based on the Airport Formula, a time of concentration of 23 minutes. Therefore, using the Rational Method; the maximum allowable release rate is 44.62 L/s for all storm events. The Modified Rational Method is used to calculate the required storage volume. The runoff coefficients for the 100 year event are increased by 25% to maximum 1.00.

Stormwater will be stored within the development in a stormwater detention area (depressed grassed area) and on the asphalt surface above catch basins.

Drainage Area I

(Uncontrolled Flow Off Site – 459 sq.m.):

The runoff from the perimeter of the site will be allowed to flow uncontrolled off the site. The flow from is calculated at 10 minutes concentration.

Maximum flow rate: 100-year 5-year 5.70 L/s 2.66 L/s

Drainage Area II (7,766 sq.m.):

An inlet control device (ICD) located at the outlet pipe of catch basin / manhole CB/MH-2 will control the release of stormwater from the property. The ICD will restrict the flow and force the stormwater to back up into the stormwater detention area (located at the northwest corner of the property); and, during the 100-year event, onto the asphalt surface above catch basin CB/MH-2 and catch basin CB-3. The ICD shall be a plug style with a round orifice design (with the orifice located at the bottom of the plug) manufactured by Pedro Plastics (or approved equal) and shall be sized by the manufacturer for a discharge rate of 38.92 L/s at 1.39 m head. It is calculated that an orifice area of 12,237 sq.mm. (±125 mm in diameter) and a discharge coefficient of 0.61 will restrict the outflow rate to 38.92 L/s at 1.39 m. Based on this orifice the maximum outflow rate for the 1:5 year storm event is calculated to be 33.80 L/s at 1.05 m.

100-year 5-year

Maximum release rate:	38.92 L/s	33.80 L/s
Maximum water elevation:	52.84 m	52.50 m
Maximum stored volume:	226.53 cu.m.	93.97 cu.m.

The Entire Site:

THE CHO.		
	100-year	5-year
Maximum allowable release rate:	44.62 L/s	44.62 L/s
Maximum release rate:	44.62 L/s	36.46 L/s

Therefore, the maximum post-development release rate for the 100-year storm event is calculated to be equal to the maximum allowable. For the 5-year event the maximum post-development release is calculated to be 18% less than the maximum allowable.

The post development stormwater flows contributing to the private and municipal storm sewer system is expected to have a positive impact given that it is 18% less than the maximum allowable during the 5-year event.

CONCLUSIONS:

- 1. There is an adequate water supply for firefighting from the municipal watermain.
- 2. The aggregate flow from all three hydrants in the vicinity of the subject property is greater than the required fire flow.
- 3. The existing 150 mm water service is adequate for the domestic demand.
- 4. There is an acceptable range of water pressures for the proposed development, however, since the water pressure may be above 80 psi, an on-site pressure check is recommended to determine if a pressure reducing valve (PRV) is required.
- 5. The existing 150 mm sanitary sewer connection serving the existing building will remain. The design flow will be adequately handled by the existing sanitary sewer connection with it being only at about 3 to 4% of its capacity.
- 6. The design sanitary flow contributing to the municipal sewer is expected to have a negligible impact, as it only serves the subject property and is only at about 2% of its capacity.
- 7. The existing oil/grit separator manhole shall remain and will remove 74% TSS. In addition an infiltration trench is proposed to provide a significant improvement in TSS removal.
- 8. An erosion and sediment control plan has been developed to be implemented during construction.

- 9. The maximum post-development release rate for the 100-year storm event is calculated to be equal to the maximum allowable. For the 5-year event the maximum post-development release is calculated to be 18% less than the maximum allowable.
- 10. The post development stormwater flows contributing to the municipal storm sewer system is expected to have a positive impact given that it is 18% less than the maximum allowable during the 5-year event.

D.B. GRAY ENGINEERING INC.

Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Sewers - Watermains

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REVISED 23-Sep-20 REVISED 04-Dec-20 REVISED 21-Jun-22 REVISED 08-Mar-23

765 Green Creek Drive Ottawa, Ontario

Fire Flow Requirements

Fire flow requirement as calculated as per Fire Undewriter Survey "Water Supply For Fire Protection".

 $F = 220 \text{ C A}^{0.5}$ = the required fire flow in litres per minute

C = coefficient related to the type of construction

= 0.8 Non-Combustible Construction (Unprotected structural components)

A = total floor area (all storeys excluding basements at least 50% below grade)

2nd Floor 790
Ground Floor 1719 sq.m.
TOTAL FIRE AREA: 2509 sq.m.

F = 8,816 L/min

9,000 L/min (rounded off to the nearest 1,000 L/min)

-15% Charge for Combustible Occupancy

= 7,650 L/min

40% Reduction: Sprinkler System

= 3,060 L/min

Increase for Separation Exposed Buildings Adjacent Building							Length- Height
			·-	Constuction	Length m	Storeys	Factor
	0%	North	>45				0
	5%	East	30.1 to 45m				0
	0%	South	>45				0
	0%	West	>45				0
	5%	Total Inc	rease for Exposu	re (maximum 7	75%)		
=	383	L/min Ind	rease				
=	4,973	L/min					
=	5,000	L/min (ro	unded off to the r	nearest 1,000 l	L/min)		
=	83.3	l/s					

Elevation at Fire Hydrant 53.07 m ASL

Static Pressure at Fire Hydrant

133 L/s FIRE FLOW: 96.8 m ASL 62 psi 429 kPa

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14-Sep-20

REVISED 23-Sep-20

REVISED 16-Mar-23

765 Green Creek Drive Ottawa, Ontario

Water Demand

DAILY AVERAGE LIGHT INDUSTRIAL: 35,000 L/gross ha/day (as per Ottawa Design Guidelines) ha (land area) 0.82 28788 L / day 24 hour day 20.0 5.3 USgpm L/min 0.3 L/s MAXIMUM DAILY DEMAND 1.5 (Peaking Factor as per Ottawa Design Guidelines) 30.0 0.5 L/min L/s 7.9 USgpm MAXIMUM HOURLY DEMAND (Peaking Factor as per Ottawa Design Guidelines) 1.8 54.0 L/min 0.9 L/s 14.3 USgpm

Elevation of Water Meter: 54.30 m ASL Finish Floor Elevation: 53.40 m ASL

Static Pressure at Water Meter

MINIMUM HGL: 110.5 m ASL 80 psi 551 kPa

MAXIMUM HGL: 116.1 m ASL 88 psi 606 kPa



Douglas Gray <d.gray@dbgrayengineering.com>

RE: 765 Green Creek Dr - Boundary Condition Request

1 message

Mashaie, Sara <sara.mashaie@ottawa.ca> To: Douglas Gray <d.gray@dbgrayengineering.com> Cc: Caoimhin Kennedy < c.kennedy@dbgrayengineering.com> Wed, Sep 23, 2020 at 8:58 AM

Hi Doug,

Please find the boundary conditions for the above-noted site, as requested.

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 765 Green Creek (zone 1E) assumed to be connected to the 305mm on Green Creek Drive (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL = 110.5m

Maximum HGL = 116.1m. The maximum pressure is estimated to be above 80 psi. A pressure check at completion of construction is recommended to determine if pressure control is required.

MaxDay + Fire Flow (133.3 L/s) = 96.8 m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

Regards,

Sara Mashaie, P.Eng., ing.

Project Manager | Gestionnaire de Projet

Development Review, East Branch | Examen des projets d'aménagement, Secteur est

Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department | Services de la planification, de l'infrastructure et du développement économique

City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa

110 Laurier Avenue West. Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue. Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1

613.580.2424 ext./poste 27885, sara.mashaie@ottawa.ca

From: Douglas Gray <d.gray@dbgrayengineering.com>

Sent: September 14, 2020 11:28 AM

To: Mashaie, Sara <sara.mashaie@ottawa.ca>

Cc: Caoimhin Kennedy <c.kennedy@dbgrayengineering.com> Subject: 765 Green Creek Dr - Boundary Condition Request

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Hi Sara

We are working on a project that proposes an addition to a Union Training Centre.

Please provide the boundary conditions at 765 Green Creek Dr based on the following expected demands:

Average daily demand: 0.8 L/s.

Maximum daily demand: 1.2 L/s.

Maximum hourly daily demand: 2.2 L/s

Fire Flow demand: 133.3 L/s

Fire Flow + Max Day: 134.5 L/s

Our calculations are attached.

Thanks, Doug



Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Sewers - Watermains

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765 Green Creek September 2020.pdf



D.B. GRAY ENGINEERING INC.

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN FORM

Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Sewers - Watermains Average Daily Flows Peaking Factor: Project: 765 Green Creek

Residential (Harmon Equation): 1 + 14 Residential: 280 I / capita / day

Designed By: D.B.G.

613-425-8044 700 Long Point Circle Commercial: 28000 I/ha/day P = Population / 1000 Ottawa, Ontario K1T 4E9 Harmon Correction Factor: 0.8

16-Mar-23 Light Industrial: 35000 I/ha/day Commercial & Institutional: 1.5 If contribution > 20%

Heavy Industrial: 55000 I / ha / day Commercial & Institutional: 1 If contribution < 20%

> Industrial: As per Ottawa Guidelines Appendix 4-B Page: 1 of 1

Infiltration Allowance: 0.33 1/s/ha

					Sec	tion				Cum	ulative		Section	l		C	Cumulati	ve		Sewer Data											
Loc	ation	<u> </u>								Resid	Residential		Non-Re	Non-Residential									Sewe	Dala							
		Single Family	Semi/Tow house	n Duplex Triplex		1 '	Apartment (2 Bed.)	Apartment (3 Bed.)	Residen							Area	Sewage	Infiltra- tion Flow	tion	tion	Total	n = 0.013						Comments			
		,				<u>l`.</u> ´	<u> </u>		tial Area	Pop.	Peak- ing	Area	Flow	Peak- ing	Flow	Alea	Flow						Flow	I	11	II	Dia.	Dia.	Slope	Length	Capacity
		ppu = 3.4	ppu = 2.	' ppu = 2	3 ppu = 1.8	3 ppu = 1.4	ppu = 2.1	ppu = 3.1] . op.	Factor			Factor						Type of Pipe	Actual	Nom.	Сюро	Longar	Сараску	Toloolty	Ocity Hallo				
FROM	TO	No. of Unit	No. of Uni	ts No. of Ur	its No. of Unit	s No. of Units	No. of Units	No. of Units	ha			ha	l/ha/day		l/s	ha	l/s	l/s	l/s	·	(mm)	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(l/s)	(m/s)	Q/Qfull				
										EXI	STING	SING	ILE FA	MILY I	DWEL	LING															
EXIST																															
BLDG	MH.SA.1									0.0	3.2	0.823	35000	7	2.332	0.823	2.33	0.27	2.60	PVC	152.4	150	1.60	26.8	20.1	1.10	0.13				
MH.SA.1	MH.SA.A									0.0	3.2					0.823	2.33	0.27	2.60	PVC	152.4	150	1.00	13.8	15.89	0.87	0.16				
										0.0	3.2					0.823	2.33	0.27	2.60	PVC	203.2	200	0.68		28.22	0.87	0.09				
											İ						1														
											İ						1														





Detailed Stormceptor Sizing Report – Existing Unit

Project Information & Location							
Project Name	Project Name 765 Green Creek Dr.		07047				
City	Ottawa	State/ Province	Ontario				
Country Canada		Date	3/16/2023				
Designer Information	1	EOR Information (optional)					
Name	Brandon O'Leary	Name	Ryan Faith				
Company	Company Forterra		D.B. Gray Engineering Inc.				
Phone #	Phone # 905-630-0359						
Email brandon.oleary@forterrabp.com		Email					

Stormwater Treatment Recommendation

The recommended Stormceptor Model(s) which achieve or exceed the user defined water quality objective for each site within the project are listed in the below Sizing Summary table.

Site Name	Existing Unit		
Recommended Stormceptor Model	STC 750		
Target TSS Removal (%)	80.0		
TSS Removal (%) Provided	82		
PSD	Fine Distribution		
Rainfall Station	OTTAWA MACDONALD-CARTIER INT'L A		

The recommended Stormceptor model achieves the water quality objectives based on the selected inputs, historical rainfall records and selected particle size distribution.

Stormceptor Sizing Summary						
Stormceptor Model	% TSS Removal Provided	% Runoff Volume Captured Provided				
STC 300	74	91				
STC 750	82	97				
STC 1000	84	97				
STC 1500	84	97				
STC 2000	87	99				
STC 3000	88	99				
STC 4000	91	100				
STC 5000	91	100				
STC 6000	93	100				
STC 9000	95	100				
STC 10000	95	100				
STC 14000	96	100				
StormceptorMAX	Custom	Custom				

Stormceptor Detailed Sizing Report - Page 1 of 7





Stormceptor

The Stormceptor oil and sediment separator is sized to treat stormwater runoff by removing pollutants through gravity separation and flotation. Stormceptor's patented design generates positive TSS removal for each rainfall event, including large storms. Significant levels of pollutants such as heavy metals, free oils and nutrients are prevented from entering natural water resources and the re-suspension of previously captured sediment (scour) does not occur. Stormceptor provides a high level of TSS removal for small frequent storm events that represent the majority of annual rainfall volume and pollutant load. Positive treatment continues for large infrequent events, however, such events have little impact on the average annual TSS removal as they represent a small percentage of the total runoff volume and pollutant load.

Design Methodology

Stormceptor is sized using PCSWMM for Stormceptor, a continuous simulation model based on US EPA SWMM. The program calculates hydrology using local historical rainfall data and specified site parameters. With US EPA SWMM's precision, every Stormceptor unit is designed to achieve a defined water quality objective. The TSS removal data presented follows US EPA guidelines to reduce the average annual TSS load. The Stormceptor's unit process for TSS removal is settling. The settling model calculates TSS removal by analyzing:

- Site parameters
- Continuous historical rainfall data, including duration, distribution, peaks & inter-event dry periods
- Particle size distribution, and associated settling velocities (Stokes Law, corrected for drag)
- TSS load
- · Detention time of the system

Hydrology Analysis

PCSWMM for Stormceptor calculates annual hydrology with the US EPA SWMM and local continuous historical rainfall data. Performance calculations of Stormceptor are based on the average annual removal of TSS for the selected site parameters. The Stormceptor is engineered to capture sediment particles by treating the required average annual runoff volume, ensuring positive removal efficiency is maintained during each rainfall event, and preventing negative removal efficiency (scour). Smaller recurring storms account for the majority of rainfall events and average annual runoff volume, as observed in the historical rainfall data analyses presented in this section.

Rainfall Station						
State/Province	Ontario	Total Number of Rainfall Events	4093			
Rainfall Station Name	OTTAWA MACDONALD- CARTIER INT'L A	Total Rainfall (mm)	20978.1			
Station ID #	6000	Average Annual Rainfall (mm)	567.0			
Coordinates	45°19'N, 75°40'W	Total Evaporation (mm)	1225.1			
Elevation (ft)	370	Total Infiltration (mm)	7308.5			
Years of Rainfall Data	37	Total Rainfall that is Runoff (mm)	12444.5			

Notes

- Stormceptor performance estimates are based on simulations using PCSWMM for Stormceptor, which uses the EPA Rainfall and Runoff modules.
- Design estimates listed are only representative of specific project requirements based on total suspended solids (TSS) removal defined by the selected PSD, and based on stable site conditions only, after construction is completed.
- For submerged applications or sites specific to spill control, please contact your local Stormceptor representative for further design assistance.





Drainage Area					
Total Area (ha)	0.5280				
Imperviousness %	65.04				

Up Stream Storage						
Storage (ha-m)	Discharge (cms)					
0.000	0.000					

Water Quality Objective				
TSS Removal (%)	80.0			
Runoff Volume Capture (%)	90.00			
Oil Spill Capture Volume (L)				
Peak Conveyed Flow Rate (L/s)				
Water Quality Flow Rate (L/s)				

Up Stream Flow Diversion						
Max. Flow to Stormceptor (cms)						
Design Details						
Stormceptor Inlet Invert Elev (m)						
Stormceptor Outlet Invert Elev (m)						
Stormceptor Rim Elev (m)						
Normal Water Level Elevation (m)						
Pipe Diameter (mm)						
Pipe Material						
Multiple Inlets (Y/N)	No					
Grate Inlet (Y/N)	No					

Particle Size Distribution (PSD)

Removing the smallest fraction of particulates from runoff ensures the majority of pollutants, such as metals, hydrocarbons and nutrients are captured. The table below identifies the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) that was selected to define TSS removal for the Stormceptor design.

, ,		i s
	Fine Distribution	
Particle Diameter (microns)	Distribution %	Specific Gravity
20.0	20.0	1.30
60.0	20.0	1.80
150.0	20.0	2.20
400.0	20.0	2.65
2000.0	20.0	2.65





Site Name		Existing Unit			
	Site I	Details			
Drainage Area		Infiltration Parameters			
Total Area (ha)	0.5280	Horton's equation is used to estimate infiltration			
Imperviousness %	65.04	Max. Infiltration Rate (mm/hr) 61.98			
Surface Characteristics	6	Min. Infiltration Rate (mm/hr) 10.16			
Width (m)	145.00	Decay Rate (1/sec) 0.00055			
Slope %	2	Regeneration Rate (1/sec) 0.01			
Impervious Depression Storage (mm)	0.508	Evaporation			
Pervious Depression Storage (mm)	5.08	Daily Evaporation Rate (mm/day) 2.54			
Impervious Manning's n	0.015	Dry Weather Flow			
Pervious Manning's n	0.25	Dry Weather Flow (lps) 0			
Maintenance Frequenc	V	Winter Months			
Maintenance Frequency (months) >	12	Winter Infiltration 0			
	TSS Loading	g Parameters			
TSS Loading Function		Build Up/ Wash-off			
Buildup/Wash-off Parame	eters	TSS Availability Parameters			
Target Event Mean Conc. (EMC) mg/L	125	Availability Constant A 0.057			
Exponential Buildup Power	0.40	Availability Factor B 0.04			
Exponential Washoff Exponent	0.20	Availability Exponent C 1.10			
		Min. Particle Size Affected by Availability (micron) 400			

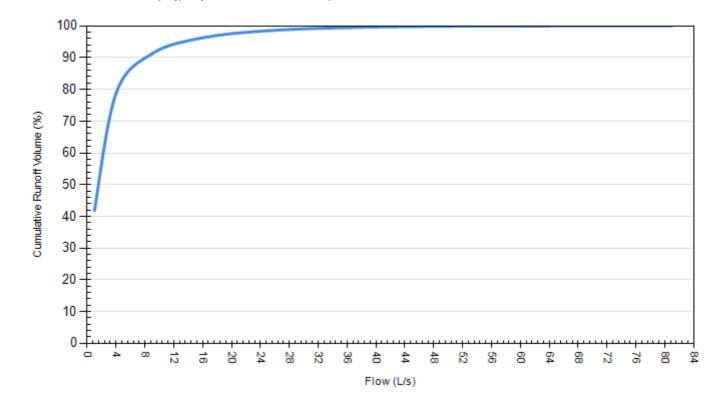




	Cumulative Runof	f Volume by Runoff Ra	te
Runoff Rate (L/s)	Runoff Volume (m³)	Volume Over (m³)	Cumulative Runoff Volume (%)
1	27630	38521	41.8
4	52159	13999	78.8
9	60374	5786	91.3
16	63707	2453	96.3
25	65162	998	98.5
36	65823	337	99.5
49	66076	84	99.9
64	66150	10	100.0
81	66160	0	100.0

Cumulative Runoff Volume by Runoff Rate





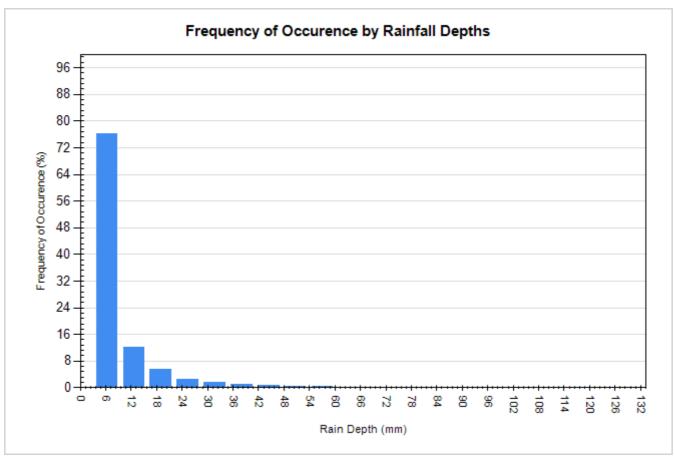




		Rainfall Event Analy	ysis	
Rainfall Depth (mm)	No. of Events	Percentage of Total Events (%)	Total Volume (mm)	Percentage of Annual Volume (%)
6.35	3113	76.1	5230	24.9
12.70	501	12.2	4497	21.4
19.05	225	5.5	3469	16.5
25.40	105	2.6	2317	11.0
31.75	62	1.5	1765	8.4
38.10	35	0.9	1206	5.8
44.45	28	0.7	1163	5.5
50.80	12	0.3	557	2.7
57.15	7	0.2	378	1.8
63.50	1	0.0	63	0.3
69.85	1	0.0	64	0.3
76.20	1	0.0	76	0.4
82.55	0	0.0	0	0.0
88.90	1	0.0	84	0.4
95.25	0	0.0	0	0.0
101.60	0	0.0	0	0.0
107.95	0	0.0	0	0.0
114.30	1	0.0	109	0.5
120.65	0	0.0	0	0.0
127.00	0	0.0	0	0.0







For Stormceptor Specifications and Drawings Please Visit: http://www.imbriumsystems.com/technical-specifications

MANIFEST Movement Document

DO NOT SIGN OR MAIL THIS DOCUMENT TO ONTARIO'S MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT, CONSERVATION AND PARKS.

AND PARKS.

This document is a paper copy of information submitted to Ontario's Hazardous Waste Program Registry. All parties on WIN-000371642 the manifest are required to submit information to the Registry as required by R.R.O. 1990, Reg. 347.

Movement Document	the manifest are	the manifest are required to submit information to the Registry as required by R.R.O. 1990, Reg. 347.	I to the Registry as	ledgiled by n.n.	J. 1930, Neg. 347.	
A Generator/Consignor	Registration Number ON001063953	B <u>Carrier</u>	Registration Number 3664-6GGPRM	J. I	C Receiver/Consignee	Registration Number 1857-6ZBR6H
Company Name SMART LOCAL 47 TRAINING CENTRE INC	Mailing Address VTRE 765 GREEN CREEK RD, GLOUCESTER, Ontario K11 0B2 Canada	Company Name CLEAN WATER WORKS INC.	Mailing Address 1800 BANTREE ST K1B5L6	Mailing Address 1800 BANTREE ST., OTTAWA, Ontario, KIBSL6	Company Name CLEAN WATER WORKS INC.	Mailing Address 1800 Bantree Street, Ottawa, Ontario, K1B 5L6
Email roger@smwia47ottawa.org	Generating Site Address 765 Green Creek Drive, Ottawa, Ontario K.11 K.6, Canada	Email wcook@cwwcanada.com	Phone 6137452444 ext. 253		Email wcook@cwwcanada.com	Receiving Site Address 1800 BANTREE ST. OTTAWA. Ontario
Phone 6137246116 ext. 1	NI INO CHIRGO	Vehicle Information (Trailer / Rail Car) (1) Registration Number PA/8526	Province/State Ontario		Phone 6137452444 ext. 253	NIDJIO Callada
		(2) Registration Number	Province/State			
Generator Signature	Name ROGER LORTIE Phone (613)724-6116 ext. 1	Carrier Signature Name SIGNED Wendy Cook Mar 01, 2024 08:54 AM Phone (613)745-244	Name Wendy Cook Phone (613)745-2444 ext. 253		Receiver Signature Name Phone	
Shipment Details Shipment Date An O1 2024 (Anticipated) Special Handling	Scheduled Arrival Date Mar 01 2024	24-HOUR NUMBER ext Additional TDG Information			Additional information	
Waste Information						
Waste DG UN Shipping	Shipping Name (8	Class Packing Toxic by QI (Sub. Class) Group Inhalation St	Quantity Number of Shipped Packages	Packaging Physical Code State	ical Quantity Comments Received	Handling Code Refused
	Waste oily water and sludge	=	1800.000 L. 1	Liquid	22	
	I certify that the information contained in Part A is correct and complete. I hereby declare that the contents of this consignment are fully and accurately described above by the proper shipping name, and are classified, packaged, marked and labelled/placarded, and are in all respects in proper condition for transport according to applicable international and national governmental regulations.	re that the contents of this consignment aged, marked and labelled/placarded, a ational governmental regulations.	ROGERL	ORTIE Shipper's name (Print)	Manifest Status In-Transit	



CUSTOMER SIGNATURE:

TAX INFORMATION:

Brantford, Ontario N3T 5M1 | Laval, Québec H7S 2N3

Ontario | Québec

566 Lynden Road 1804, boul. Le Corbusier, Suite 154 Tel: 519-647-3729 Tél.: 888-646-6828

Fax: 519-647-3198 Télécopieur: 519-647-3198 service@minotaur.ca | service@minotaurquebec.com

STORMCEPTOR MONITORING AGREEMENT

Registration for the Stormceptor Monitoring Agreement guarantees the Stormceptor owner that the Monitoring Inspection Fee of \$360.00 + H.S.T. per unit, per inspection, will not be subject to any increase, for the life of the contract. Monitoring Inspection Includes: 1. physical inspection on site 2. field report indicating existing levels of particulates & hydrocarbons 3. recommended course of action (Name of purchaser) agrees to purchase the THREE (3) ANNUAL INSPECTIONS (one inspection per year for three years) per STC unit MONITORING PACKAGE and Minotaur Stormwater Services Limited agrees to provide the maintenance described in this agreement for the Stormceptor units listed below in accordance with the terms and conditions and charges as set forth on this page. REMOVAL OF PARTICULATES & HYDROCARBONS When the levels of particulates and/or hydrocarbons require removal/disposal, Minotaur Stormwater Services Limited will provide an estimate and arrange for service at the owner's request. Service procedures are at cost to the owner, including tipping fees if applicable. REMOVAL COST: SITE SPECIFIC ESTIMATES FOR EACH UNIT MODEL LOCATION YEAR **UNIT ID#** STORMCEPTOR-300 2009 765 GREEN CREEK ROAD, OTTAWA 59989_1/1 MART LOCAL 47 TRRINING-CENTRE INC COMPANY NAME: Green Creek ADDRESS: PROV.: ON POSTAL CODE: KIJOBZ CITY: PHONE #: 6(3-714-6/16 CONTACT NAME: CELL#: 603-219-6908 SMWIN 47 Ottava, O.S. **EMAIL ADDRESS:** PURCHASE ORDER #: DATE: PLEASE CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX: THIS P.O. IS USABLE FOR 3 YEARS
OR NEW P.O. REQUIRED EACH YEAR PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR COMPANY'S BILLING INFORMATION FOR INVOICING IF DIFFERENT THAN ABOVE.

*** Attach required certification ***

H.S.T. EXEMPT#:

765 Green Creek Drive Ottawa, Ontario

INFILTRATION CALCULATIONS

DRAINAGE AREA to STORMATER DETENTION AREA

Roof Area: 248 sq.m Asphalt/Concrete Area: 749 sq.m

Gravel Area: 0 sq.m Landscaped Area: 978 sq.m

Total Catchment Area 1975 sq.m.

Pervious (Landscaped) Area: 978 sq.m. Total Catchment Area: 1975 sq.m.

> Percentage Pervious: 50% Percentage Impervious: 50%

Require Storage Volume *: 50% Impervious Level 28.9 cu.m./ha (extrapolated from Table 3.2 *)

(for 80% TSS removal) 5.7 cu.m. (1975) sq.m.

^{*} As per MOE Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual, March 2003

	Infiltration	on Trench	
			Void
		Total	Volume
Depth	Area	Volume	40%
m	sq.m.	cu.m.	cu.m.
0.15	97	14.6	5.8

Silty Clay

	Infiltra	tion Rate		
-	10	mm/hr	High End of Range	
	5	mm/hr	Low End of Range	
_	Design Infiltration Rate (2.5 safety factor)			
Time to Drow Down	4	mm/hr	High End of Range	
Time to Draw Down:	15.0	Hours		
	2	mm/hr	Low End of Range	

Time to Draw Down: 30.0 Hours

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS

The orifice calculations are based on the following formula:

 $Q = C_d \times A_o \sqrt{2gh} \times 1000$

where:

Q = flowrate in litres per second

 $C_d = coefficient of discharge$

 A_0 = orifice area in sq.m.

g = 9.81 m/s2

h = head above orifice in meters

Storage calculations for the stormwater detention area are based on the following formula for volume of a prismodal shape (the formula is accurate if both length and width are changing proportionally):

 $V = (A_{top} + A_{bottom} + (A_{top} \times A_{bottom}))^{0.5}) / 3 \times d$

where:

V = volume in cu.m.

 A_{top} = area of pond in sq.m.

A_{bottom} = area of bottom of depressed area

d = ponding depth in meters

Summary Tables

ONE HUND	RED YE	AR EVE	ENT	
Drainage Area	Maximum Allowable Release Rate (L/s)	Maximum Release Rate (L/s)	Maximum Volume Required (cu.m)	Maximum Volume Stored (cu.m)
AREA I (Uncontrolled Flow Off Site)	-	5.70	-	-
AREA II	-	38.92	226.53	226.53
TOTAL	44.62	44.62	226.53	226.53

FIVE YEAR EVENT							
Drainage Area	Maximum Allowable Release Rate (L/s)	Maximum Release Rate (L/s)	Maximum Volume Required (cu.m)	Maximum Volume Stored (cu.m)			
AREA I (Uncontrolled Flow Off Site)	-	2.66	-	-			
AREA II	-	33.80	93.97	93.97			
TOTAL	44.62	36.46	93.97	93.97			

765 Green Creek Drive

Ottawa, Ontario

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS Rational Method

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE

(Flat Pasture, Clay and Silt Loam: 0.30 City of Ottawa Sewer Design Pre-development Conditions (prior to 2008): 8225 sq.m Guidelines - Table 5.7)

Airport Formula

Runoff Coefficient (C): 0.30 Sheet Flow Distance (L): 75 m Slope of Land (Sw): 1 %

Time of Concentration (Sheet Flow): 23 min

> Area (A): 8225 sq.m Time of Concentration: 23

Rainfall Intensity (i): 65 mm/hr (5 year event)

Runoff Coeficient (C): 0.30

Maximum Allowable Release Rate (2.78AiC): 44.62 L/s

ONE HUNDRED YEAR EVENT

DRAINAGE AREA I (Uncontrolled Flow Off Site)

(ONE HUNDRED YEAR EVENT)

Release Rate (2.78AiC):

,			
			С
Roof Area:	0	sq.m	1.00
Asphalt/Concrete Area:	0	sq.m	1.00
Gravel Area:	0	sq.m	0.875
Landscaped Area:	459	sq.m	0.25
_			
Total Catchment Area:	459	sq.m	0.25
Area (A):	459	sq.m	
Time of Concentration:	10	min	
Rainfall Intensity (i):	179	mm/hr	
Runoff Coeficient (C):	0.25		

5.70

L/s

DRAINAGE AREA II

	, , , , ,						
(ONE HUNDRED YEAR EV	/ENT)						
(,			С			
	Roof Area:	2486	sq.m	1.00			
Asphalt/Cor			sq.m	1.00			
	Gravel Area:		sq.m	0.875			
	caped Area:		_sq.m	0.25			
Total Catch	nment Area:	7766	sq.m	0.82			
		7700	34.111	0.02			
Water Elevation:	52.84	m					
Invert of Outlet Pipe - CB/MH-2:	51.39	m		Top Area	Depth		
Centroid of ICD Orifice:	51.45	m	CB/MH	(sq.m)	(m)	Vo	lume
(ICD in Outlet Pipe of CB/MH-2)	01.40	***	CB/MH-2	350	0.23	26.68	cu.m
Head:	1.39	m	CB-3B	493	0.19	30.97	cu.m
ricad.	1.00	""	05-05	430	0.13	00.57	ou.m
Orifice Diameter:	125	mm		vater Detentio			
Orifice Area:	12237	sq.mm	Bottom Area	Top Area	Average Depth		
		·	(sq.m)	(sq.m)	(m)	Vo	lume
Coefficient of Discharge:	0.61		97	249	1.01	168.88	cu.m
Marrian Palanca Pata	00.00	1./-		A a la i a	a d Malerra	000 50	
Maximum Release Rate:	38.92	L/s		Acnie	ved Volume:	226.53	cu.m
			Ma	aximum Volun	ne Required:	226.53	cu.m
				Release	Stored	Stored	
	Time	i	2.78AiC	Rate	Rate	Volume	
	(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(cu.m)	
_	5	243	430.57	38.92	391.65	117.49	_
	10	179	316.77	38.92	277.85	166.71	
	15	143	253.50	38.92	214.58	193.12	
	20	120	212.80	38.92	173.87	208.65	
	25	104	184.23	38.92	145.31	217.96	
	30	92	162.98	38.92	124.06	223.30	
	35	83	146.50	38.92	107.57	225.91	
	40	75	133.31	38.92	94.39	226.53	
	45	69	122.50	38.92	83.58	225.65	
	50	64	113.46	38.92	74.53	223.60	
	55	60	105.78	38.92	66.85	220.61	
	60	56	99.16	38.92	60.24	216.85	
	65	53	93.40	38.92	54.47	212.45	
	70	50	88.33	38.92	49.41	207.50	
	75	47	83.83	38.92	44.91	202.09	
	80	45	79.82	38.92	40.89	196.28	
	85	43	76.20	38.92	37.28	190.12	
	90	41	72.93	38.92	34.01	183.65	
	95	39	69.96	38.92	31.04	176.90	
	100	38	67.24	38.92	28.32	169.91	
	105	36 35	64.75	38.92	25.82	162.69	
	110	35	62.45	38.92	23.53	155.28	
	115	34	60.33	38.92	21.40	147.68	
	120 125	33	58.36 56.52	38.92	19.43 17.60	139.92	
	125 130	32 31	56.52 54.82	38.92 38.92	17.60 15.89	132.00 123.95	
	135	30	54.82 53.22	38.92 38.92	14.29	123.95	
	140	29	51.72	38.92	12.79	107.46	
	145	28	50.31	38.92	11.38	99.05	
	150	28	48.98	38.92	10.06	90.53	
	180	24	42.40	38.92	3.48	37.59	
	210	21	37.51	37.51	0.00	0.00	
	240	19	33.72	33.72	0.00	0.00	
	270	17	30.68	30.68	0.00	0.00	
	300	16	28 19	28.19	0.00	0.00	

16

28.19

28.19

0.00

0.00

300

DRAINAGE AREA II

(ONE HUNDRED YEAR E)	/ENT + 20	%)					
				С			
	Roof Area	a: 2486	sq.m	1.00			
Asphalt/Cor	ncrete Area	a: 3434	sq.m	1.00			
C	Gravel Area	a: 0	sq.m	0.875			
Landso	caped Area	a: <u>1846</u>	sq.m	0.25			
Total Catch	nment Area	a: 7766	sq.m	0.82			
Water Elevation:	52.89	m					
Invert of Outlet Pipe - CB/MH-2:	51.39	m			5		
				Top Area	Depth		
Centroid of ICD Orifice:	51.45	m	CB/MH	(sq.m)	(m)		olume
(ICD in Outlet Pipe of CB/MH-2)			CB/MH-2	514	0.28	47.41	cu.m
Head:	1.43	m	CB-3B	778	0.24	61.39	cu.m
Orifice Diameter:	125	mm	Storm	water Detentio	n Area		
			Bottom	Тор	Average		
Orifice Area:	12237	sq.mm	Area	Area	Depth		
			(sq.m)	(sq.m)	(m)	Vo	olume
Coefficient of Discharge:	0.61		97	258	1.06	181.19	_cu.m
Maximum Release Rate:	39.60	L/s		Achie	ved Volume:	289.99	cu.m
			М	aximum Volun	ne Required:	289.99	cu.m
				Release	Stored	Stored	

				Release	Stored	Stored
Time	i	2.78AiC	Stress Test	Rate	Rate	Volume
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(cu.m)
5	243	430.57	516.68	39.60	477.09	143.13
10	179	316.77	380.13	39.60	340.53	204.32
15	143	253.50	304.20	39.60	264.61	238.15
20	120	212.80	255.36	39.60	215.76	258.91
25	104	184.23	221.08	39.60	181.48	272.22
30	92	162.98	195.58	39.60	155.98	280.76
35	83	146.50	175.80	39.60	136.20	286.03
40	75	133.31	159.97	39.60	120.38	288.91
45	69	122.50	147.00	39.60	107.40	289.99
50	64	113.46	136.15	39.60	96.55	289.66
55	60	105.78	126.93	39.60	87.33	288.21
60	56	99.16	118.99	39.60	79.40	285.83
65	53	93.40	112.08	39.60	72.48	282.68
70	50	88.33	106.00	39.60	66.40	278.88
75	47	83.83	100.60	39.60	61.00	274.52
80	45	79.82	95.78	39.60	56.18	269.68
85	43	76.20	91.44	39.60	51.85	264.42
90	41	72.93	87.52	39.60	47.92	258.79
95	39	69.96	83.95	39.60	44.36	252.82
100	38	67.24	80.69	39.60	41.09	246.57
105	36	64.75	77.70	39.60	38.10	240.04
110	35	62.45	74.94	39.60	35.35	233.28
115	34	60.33	72.39	39.60	32.80	226.30
120	33	58.36	70.03	39.60	30.43	219.11
125	32	56.52	67.83	39.60	28.23	211.75
130	31	54.82	65.78	39.60	26.18	204.22
135	30	53.22	63.86	39.60	24.26	196.53
140	29	51.72	62.06	39.60	22.46	188.70
145	28	50.31	60.37	39.60	20.77	180.74
150	28	48.98	58.78	39.60	19.18	172.65
180	24	42.40	50.89	39.60	11.29	121.92
210	21	37.51	45.01	39.60	5.42	68.26
240	19	33.72	40.46	39.60	0.86	12.45
270	17	30.68	36.82	36.82	0.00	0.00
300	16	28.19	33.83	33.83	0.00	0.00

FIVE YEAR EVENT

DRAINAGE AREA I (Uncontrolled Flow Off Site)

(FIVE YEAR EVENT)

Release Rate (2.78 • A • i • C):

 . V LINI)			
			С
Roof Area:	0	sq.m	0.90
Asphalt/Concrete Area:	0	sq.m	0.90
Gravel Area:	0	sq.m	0.70
Landscaped Area:	459	sq.m	0.20
Total Catchment Area:	459	sq.m	0.20
Area (A):	459	sq.m	
Time of Concentration:	10	min	
Rainfall Intensity (i):	104	mm/hr	
Runoff Coeficient (C):	0.20		

2.66 L/s

DRAINAGE AREA II

(FIVE YEAR EVENT)

			С
Roof Area:	2486	sq.m	0.90
Asphalt/Concrete Area:	3434	sq.m	0.90
Gravel Area:	0	sq.m	0.70
Landscaped Area: _	1846	sq.m	0.20
_			

Total Catchment Area: 7766 sq.m 0.73

Water Elevation: 52.50 m

Invert of Outlet Pipe - CB/MH-2: 51.39 m

Centroid of ICD Orifice: 51.45 m

(ICD in Outlet Pipe of CB/MH-2)

Head: 1.05 m

Orifice Diameter: 125 mm Stormwater Detention Area
Bottom Top Average
Orifice Area: 12237 sq.mm Area Area Depth

 (sq.m)
 (sq.m)
 (m)
 Volume

 Coefficient of Discharge:
 0.61
 97
 189
 0.67
 93.97
 cu.m

Maximum Release Rate: 33.80 L/s Achieved Volume: 93.97 cu.m

Maximum Volume Required: 93.97 cu.m

Time	:	0.704:0	Release	Stored	Stored
Time (min)	i (mm/hr)	2.78AiC (L/s)	Rate (L/s)	Rate (L/s)	Volume (cu.m)
5	141	223.60	33.80	189.80	56.94
10	104	165.02	33.80	131.22	78.73
15	84	132.34	33.80	98.54	88.69
20	70	111.27	33.80	77.47	92.96
25	61	96.45	33.80	62.65	93.97
30	54	85.41	33.80	51.61	92.90
35	49	76.84	33.80	43.04	90.39
40	44	69.98	33.80	36.18	86.84
45	41	64.35	33.80	30.55	82.48
50	38	59.64	33.80	25.84	77.51
55	35	55.63	33.80	21.83	72.04
60	33	52.18	33.80	18.38	66.16
65	31	49.17	33.80	15.37	59.94
70	29	46.52	33.80	12.72	53.43
75	28	44.17	33.80	10.37	46.67
80	27	42.07	33.80	8.27	39.70
85	25	40.18	33.80	6.38	32.54
90	24	38.47	33.80	4.67	25.22
95	23	36.91	33.80	3.11	17.75
100	22	35.49	33.80	1.69	10.14
105	22	34.18	33.80	0.38	2.42
110	21	32.98	32.98	0.00	0.00
115	20	31.87	31.87	0.00	0.00
120	19	30.83	30.83	0.00	0.00
125	19	29.87	29.87	0.00	0.00
130	18	28.98	28.98	0.00	0.00
135	18	28.14	28.14	0.00	0.00
140	17	27.35	27.35	0.00	0.00
145	17	26.61	26.61	0.00	0.00
150	16	25.91	25.91	0.00	0.00
180	14	22.46	22.46	0.00	0.00
210	13	19.89	19.89	0.00	0.00
240	11	17.89	17.89	0.00	0.00
270	10	16.29	16.29	0.00	0.00
300	9	14.98	14.98	0.00	0.00

765 Green Creek Drive
Ottawa, Ontario

STORM SEWER COMPUTATION FORM Rational Method

FIVE YEAR EVENT

March 26, 2023

Q = 2.78 A i C

n = 0.013

	Areas								Rainfall Peak Pipe Data											
Location			(I	ha)				Time of	Intensity	Flow		Actual	Nominal					Time of		Notes
		Hard	Gravel	Landscape	Roof	Individual	Accum.	Conc.	i	Q		Diameter	Diameter	Slope	Length	Capacity	Velocity	Flow	Ratio	
From	То	C = 0.9	C = 0.7	C = 0.2	C = 0.9	2.78AC	2.78AC	(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	Material	(mm)	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(L/s)	(m/s)	(min)	Q/Qfull	
CB -1	DITCH	0.0614		0.0191	0.0137	0.1985	0.1985	10.00	104	20.68	PVC	254.0	250	0.43	58.4	40.7	0.80	1.21	0.51	
DITCH	CB/MH 2	0.0135		0.0787	0.0111	0.1053	0.3038	11.21	98	29.84	PVC	254.0	250	1.00	24.2	62.0	1.22	0.33	0.48	
ROOF	CB/MH 2				0.1835	0.4591	0.4591	10.00	104	47.84	PVC	203.2	200	4.10	13.3	69.3	2.14	0.10	0.69	
CB-3	CB/MH 2	0.207		0.0468	0.0403	0.6448	0.6448	10.00	104	67.18	PVC	254	250	0.47	33.7	42.5	0.84	0.67	1.58	
CD/MILO	NALL 4	0.0615		0.0400		0.1701	1 5000	11.54	07	150.15	DVC	201	075	0.74	0.4	157.0	1.00	0.10	0.07	
CB/MH 2	MH-1	0.0615		0.0400		0.1761	1.5838	11.54	97	153.15	PVC	381	375	0.74	8.4	157.3	1.38	0.10	0.97	T
										33.80	PVC	381	375	0.74	8.4	157.3	1.38	0.10	0.21	THRU ICD
MH-1	EXIST MH-					0.0000	1.5838	11.64	96.25	152.44	PVC	381	375	0.60	16.0	141.68	1.24	0.21	1.08	
	ST					0.0000			33.E0	33.80	PVC	381	375	0.60	16.0	141.7	1.24	0.21	0.24	THRU ICD

City of Ottawa Servicing Study Checklist

General Content

Executive Summary (for large reports only): not applicable

Date and revision number of the report: see page 1 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development: see drawings C-1 to C-3

Plan showing the site and location of all existing services: see drawings C-1 to C-3

Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere: not applicable

Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies: not available

Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defendable design criteria: not applicable

Statement of objectives and servicing criteria: see page 1 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area: see drawings C-1 to C-3

Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available). see drawings C-1 to C-3

<u>Concept level master grading plan</u> to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths: not applicable

Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts: not applicable

Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable: not applicable

Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing: see note 1.5 on drawing C-3

All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information:

Metric scale: includedNorth arrow: included

(including construction North): not included

Key Plan: included

- Name and contact information of applicant and property owner: not available
- Property limits: included
 - including bearings and dimensions: not included
- Existing and proposed structures and parking areas: included
- Easements, road widening and rights-of-way: included
- Adjacent street names: included

Development Servicing Report: Water

Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available: not applicable

Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development: see page 2 & 3 of Servicing Brief

Identification of system constraints: see page 2 of Servicing Brief

Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure: see page 2 of Servicing Brief

Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow locations throughout the development: see page 2 & 7 of Servicing Brief

Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves: see page 2 of Servicing Brief

Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design: not applicable

Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves: not applicable

Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification:. not applicable

Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range: not applicable

Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing systems, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions: not applicable

Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation: not applicable

Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines: see page 2 & 3 of Servicing Brief

Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference: not applicable

Development Servicing Report: Wastewater

Summary of proposed design criteria: see page 3 of Servicing Brief

(Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure): not applicable

Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and /or justification for deviations: not applicable

Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and conditions of sewers: not applicable

Descriptions of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development: see page 3 of Servicing Brief

Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and / or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable): not applicable

Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix C) format. see page 9 of Servicing Brief

Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains: see page 3 of Servicing Brief

Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality): not applicable

Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development: not applicable

Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity: not applicable

Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding: not applicable

Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc: not applicable

Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist

Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property): see page 3 to 5 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure. not applicable

A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern: see drawing C-1 to C-3

Water quality control objective (e/g/ controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking

into account long-term cumulative effects: see Stormwater Management Report Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements: Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Descriptions of the references and supporting information. Set-back from private sewage disposal systems. not applicable

Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks: not applicable

Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed: the pre-application consultation record is not yet been issued

Confirm consistency with sub-waterched and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists: not applicable

Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period). see drawings C-2 and Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals. see drawings C-1 to C-5 and Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions: see Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another. : not applicable

Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities. : not applicable

If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event: not applicable

Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses: Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements. : not applicable

Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development: see page 4 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading:

Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations. : not applicable

Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourses of drainage corridors: see notes 2.1 to 2.7 on drawing C-3

Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplains elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current: not applicable

Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation. : not applicable

Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist

The Servicing Study shall provide a list of applicable permits and regulatory approvals necessary for the proposed development as well as the relevant issues affecting each approval. The approval and permitting shall include but not be limited to the following:

Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act: see page 19 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act:

Changes to Municipal Drains. : not applicable

Other permits (National Capital commission, Parks Canada, public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of transportation etc.): not applicable

Conclusion Checklist

Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations: see page 5 & 6 of Servicing Brief

Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.

All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in **Ontario:** included