1940 CARLING AVENUE

7-STOREY RENTAL APARTMENTS

DESIGN BRIEF

22 NOVEMBER 2021



CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND TO THE PROJECT 1.1. ZONING AS CONTEXT	Pg - 01 Pg - 01			
2.	CONTEXTUAL STUDY	Pg - 02			
3.	DESIGN OBJECTIVE AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION	Pg - 03			
4.	CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SITE	Pg - 04			
	4.1 STREET VIEWS OF THE SITE4.2. ARIAL VIEWS OF THE SITE	Pg - 05 Pg - 06			
5.	ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN				
	 5.1. SITE SURVEY 5.2. URBAN DESIGN GUIDELINES FOR PROJECT SITE 5.3. FLOOR PLANS 5.4. SUMMARY OF BUILDING AREAS 5.5. BUILDING ELEVATIONS 5.6. BUILDING SECTIONS 5.7. 3D RENDERINGS 5.8. SHADOW STUDY ANALYSIS 5.9. MASSING ANALYSIS 5.10. FACADE TREATMENT 	Pg - 07 Pg - 08 Pg - 09 Pg - 15 Pg - 17 Pg - 21 Pg - 23 Pg - 27 Pg - 28 Pg - 32			
6.	BUILDING CODE MATRIX	Pg - 33			
7.	WIND STUDY	Pg - 35			
8.	TRAFFIC ANALYSIS DIAGRAM	Pg - 36			





1. INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND TO THE PROJECT

Located in the neighbourhood of Carlingwood West - Glaber Park - McKellar Heights, the project site 1940 Carling Avenue, engulfs a land parcel of 1457.22 sqm (15685.37 sqft) along with a perimeter length of 155.36 m (509.71 ft) while facing north-west towards the Carling Avenue, to be precise.

Currently, the site is occupied by a single family detached house with frontage facing the Carling Avenue. The existing structure is conventional wood-frame construction with brick cladded walls above grade and sitting on top of a stone masonry foundation wall with sloped roofing finished with shingles.

In the radius of 1km of the property some nodal areas include Bromley Square - Homestead Land, Mc Donalds & Petro canada Gas Station at Carling - Maitland Avenue, Bromley Road Baptist Church, Carlingwood Shopping Center, Staples, Somerset Towers, etc. Apart form this an OC Transpo Bus stop at Carling/Dunlevie is present just a few meters from the site which is one of the key factors that facilitates the proposed design involving the erection of the 7-Storey Rental Apartments.

1.1. ZONING AS CONTEXT

The site falls under Ward named 'Bay', Ward No.: 7 and AM10[2181]H(20) zone which is the Arterial Main Street Zone (Section 185 and 186) allowing the construction of Mid-Rise Apartment Buildings, Mixed-Use Buildings and the overall intensification of the area while maintaing the compatibility with the exisiting surrounding areas and built-up masses. Also permitting the building height of no more than 30m from a properly line abutting R1, R2, R3 or R4 Zones and even more than 30 meters in case the propoerty line is abutting R1-R4 Zone.

With the commencement of the year 2021 it was very much clear that the decesion taken by the government to bring the stretch of the neighbourhood that is in question along the Carling Avenue under the AM10 zoning was completely viable as the prices for the real estate in the city of Ottawa sky rockets, the new comers in the city are left to face housing shortage. The lack of affordability of real estate and an exponential increase in the rate of occupancy of the rental units clearly indicates that in order to mitigate the prevailing housing issues the city needs more rental housing. Hence, justifying the new design proposal for the 1940 Carling Avenue by Woodman Architect & Associates for the client Domenic Santaguida of Preeminant Developments Inc.



Legend

- A. Project Site
- B. OC Transpo Bus-Stop
- C. Bromley Road Baptist Church
- D. Notre Dame High School
- E. Mc Donalds
- F. Petro Canada
- G. Esso
- H. Dynacare Laboratory and Health Services Centre
- I. McKellar Park Apartments Ottawa
- J. Bromley Square Homestead Land
- K. Somerset Towers
- L. Carlingwood Shopping Centre
- M. Fairlawn Centre Shopping Mall
- N. Small / Private Business Area
- O. Weswood Park
- P. Tillbury Park
- Q. VCA Canada Ottawa Veterinary Hospital
- R. Broadview Public School





DESIGN OBJECTIVE AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The primary objective of the design is to provide affordable rental housing, while obeying the prevailing zoning regulations. Especially in the case of young professionals and students moving into the city of Ottawa, the project is expected to serve as their initial accommodation, keeping in mind the fact the OC Transpo Bus Stop is just a few meters away from the site so the project is deemed to attract a large chunk of the new comers.

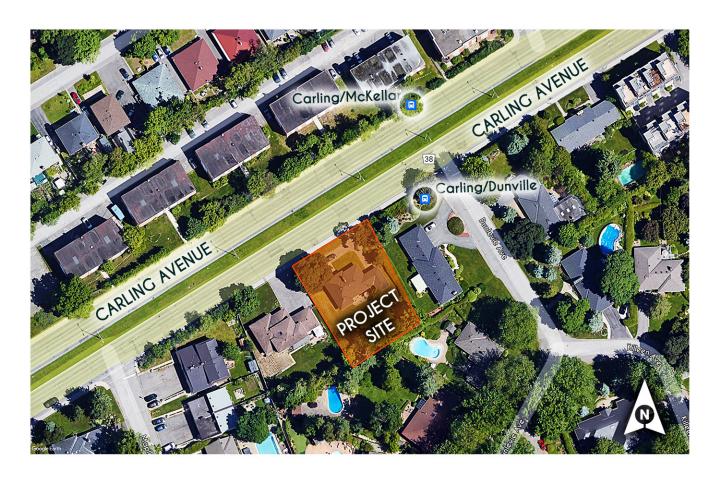
The apartment building will be totally furnished and well equipped with an indoor & outdoor amenity component, created just so as to enhance the living experience and facilitate the element of social interactions. The units within this building are going to be a mix of barrier-free, studio, one-bedroom, two-bedroom spacious units with inbuilt laundry area. Apart From this a multi-purpose terrace area is also a part of the design which will be developed in way to facilitate the outdoor activities for the residents of all age groups.





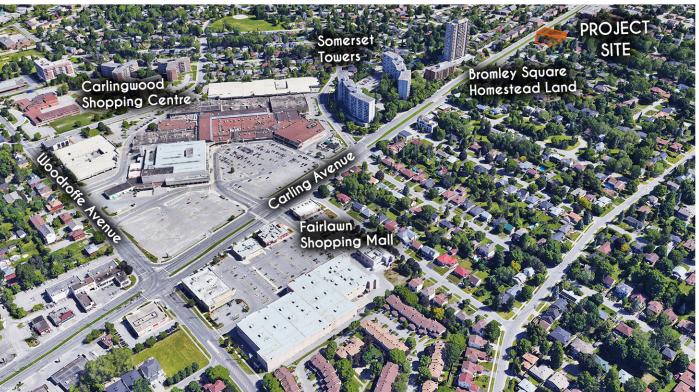
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SITE

The site is almost rectilinear in shape with eastern edge slightly protruding outwards along the edge of Carling Avenue. The frontage of the site abuts the Carling Avenue while maintaining a North-West orintation. A conventional asphalt driveway curves in and out of the site to serve as a drop-off as well as a pathway leading to the garage of the existing single-family detached house. The structure of the house is the traditional wood-frame cladded with brick resting on a stone foundation wall. As the OC Transpo bus service has a route via Carling Avenue, the site enjoys an extremely convinient approach to the bus-stops on this road. For instance the Carling/Dunville and the Carling/McKellar are merely 30 meters and 74 meters from the site respectively.



The the vicinity the site enjoys nodes like the Carlingwood Shopping Centre, Fairlawn Shopping Mall, Notre Dame high School, Broadview Public School, Canadian Tire within its 500m and 1km radius. Therefore provides an opportunity for the residents to have a convenient walk to these places.







STREET VIEWS OF THE SITE



VIEW FROM POINT - B



VIEW FROM POINT - A

VIEW FROM POINT - C



PROJECT KEY PLAN





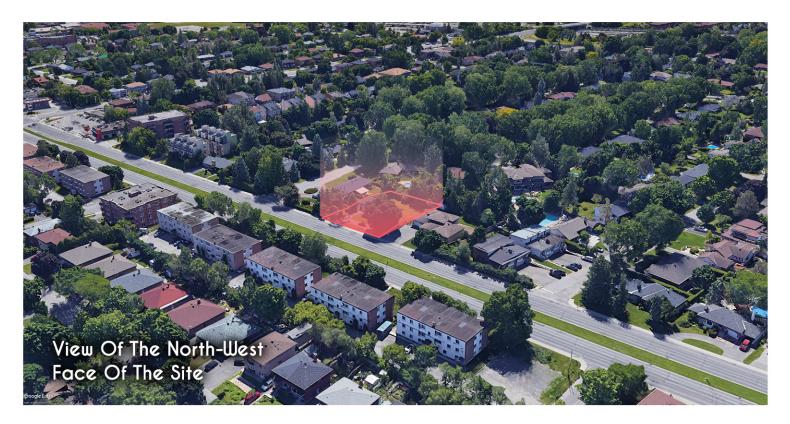
05.

VIEW FROM POINT - D



VIEW FROM POINT - E













06.

URBAN DESIGN GUIDELINES FOR PROJECT SITE | ZONING - AM 10 - ARTERIAL MAIN STREET

Mainstreets are defined in the Official Plan as "streets that offer some of the most significant opportunities in the City for intensification through more compact forms of development, a lively mix of uses and a pedestrian-friendly environment." Arterial Mainstreets, in contrast to Traditional Mainstreets, are identified as those Mainstreets developed after 1945 that generally "present an urban fabric of larger lots, larger buildings, varied setbacks, lower densities and a more automobile-oriented environment." These streets usually do not provide on-street parking. The predominant land use is often single purpose commercial, many with parking lots located between the building and the street.

ZONING OBJECTIVES TO MEET

- 1. To foster compatible development that will contribute to the recognized or planned character of the streets
- 2. To promote a comfortable pedestrian environment and create attractive streetscapes
- 3. To achieve high-quality built form and establish a strong street edge along Arterial Mainstreets
- 4. To facilitate a gradual transition to more intensive forms of development on Arterial Mainstreets
- 5. To accommodate a broad range of uses including retail, services, commercial, office, institutional and higher density residential
- 6. To enhance connections that link development sites to public transit, roads and pedestrian walkways

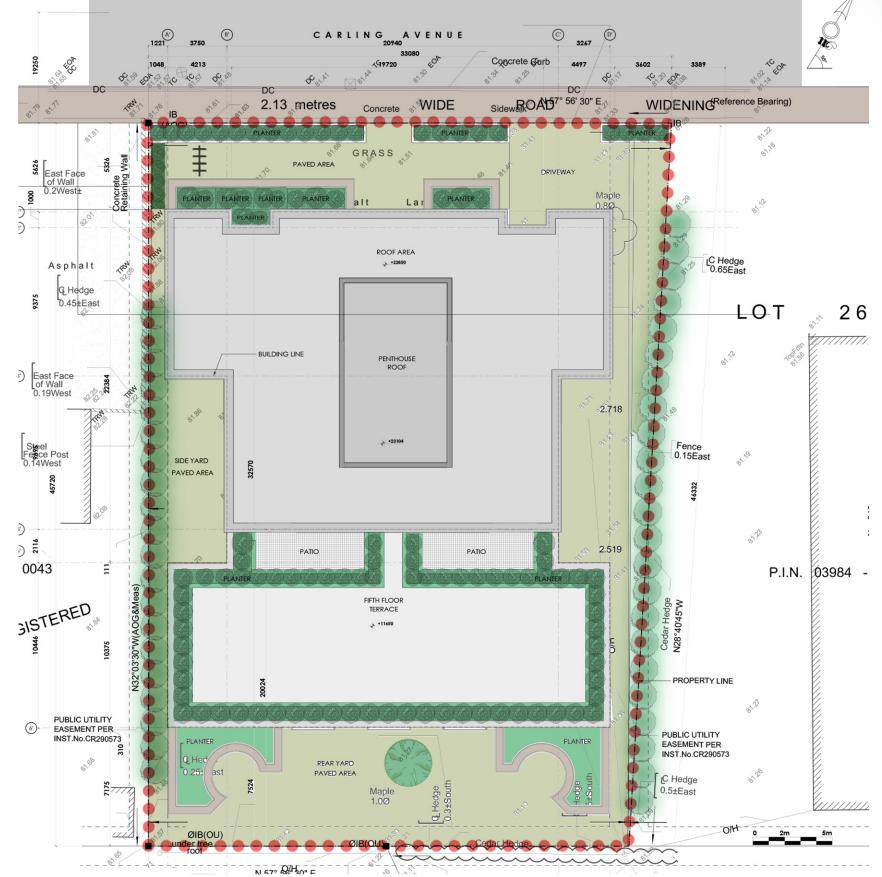
CONTEXT AND CHALLENGES

Development along Arterial Mainstreets is traditionally low in profile, set back from the street, and separated from other buildings by large areas of asphalt. This type of development has created large gaps in the urban fabric and has generally produced unpleasant walking environments and incomplete streetscapes. Arterial Mainstreets are prime locations that present significant opportunities to: intensify and enhance development in a manner that creates attractive pedestrian environments; contribute to vibrant new neighbourhoods; and create transit-friendly places. The challenge is to facilitate the evolution of these Arterial Mainstreets over time to a more balanced vehicular and pedestrian environment with the streetscape defined and supported by buildings and landscape.





ARCHITECTURAL SITE PLAN



ZONING INFORMA	TION		
1940 CARLING AVE AM 10 [2181] H (20) WARD 7- BAY WARD	REQUIRED	PROVIDED	NOTES
LOT WIDTH	NO MIN	33.08 m	
LOT AREA	NO MIN	1451.03 m2	
MAX HEIGHT	20m & 11m		11m within 20m FROM REAR YARD ABUTTING RESIDENTIAL, REST OF SITE 20m
REQUESTED ROAD WIDENING FROM & ROAD	22.25m (7.35m INTO PROPERTY LINE)	19.25m (4m INTO PROPERTY LINE)	
FRONT YARD	0m	1.4m	AM 10 (10) b) i) MIN FRONT YARD SETBACK 0m & 50% OF FRONTAGE MUST HAVE WALLS WITHIN 4.5m
			FROM PROPERTY LINE TO ALLOW R.O.W. OF 19.25m
SIDE YARD	NO MIN.	WEST SIDE 1.22m EAST SIDE MIN 1.22m	
REAR YARD	7.5 m	7.5 m	

LOT AREA	1451.0	1451.03 m2		
NUMBER OF STOREYS	7			
NUMBER OF UNITS	64			
PARKING DWELLING UNITS - AREA" X " ON AREA "Y"				
0 FOR FIRST 12 DWELLINGS .5 / DWELLING UNIT VISITOR PARKING	64 - 12 = 52 x .5 =	26.0		
0 FOR FIRST 12 DWELLINGS .1 / DWELLING UNIT	64 - 12 = 52 x .1 =	5.2		
	PROVIDED	31.2 =31 32		
AMENITY AREA 6 m / DWELLING UNIT = 6 m x 64 = 384 m2	PROVIDED 645 m2			
BICYCLE STORAGE				
.5 / DWELLING UNIT = 64 X .5 = 32	57			

GARBAGE REQUIREMENT	GARBAGE REQUIREMENT			
GARBAGE: LOOSE 0.110 cyd / UNIT	64 x 0.110 = 7.04 cyd			
RECYCLING: FIBRE 0.038 cyd / UNIT	64 x 0.038 = 2.43 cyd			
RECYCLING: GMP 0.018 cyd / UNIT	64 x 0.018 = 1.15 cyd			

	STUDIO UNITS	1 - BED UNITS	2 - BED UNITS	TOTAL UNITS
GROUND FLOOR	2	3	-	5
2nd FLOOR	6	4		10
3rd FLOOR	8	6		14
4th FLOOR	8	6	-	14
5th FLOOR	3	2	2	7
6th FLOOR	3	2	2	7
7th FLOOR	3	2	2	7
	33	25	6	64
,		TOTA	L NO. OF UNITS IN PR	OJECT = 64





BASEMENT LEVEL PLAN





GROUND FLOOR PLAN





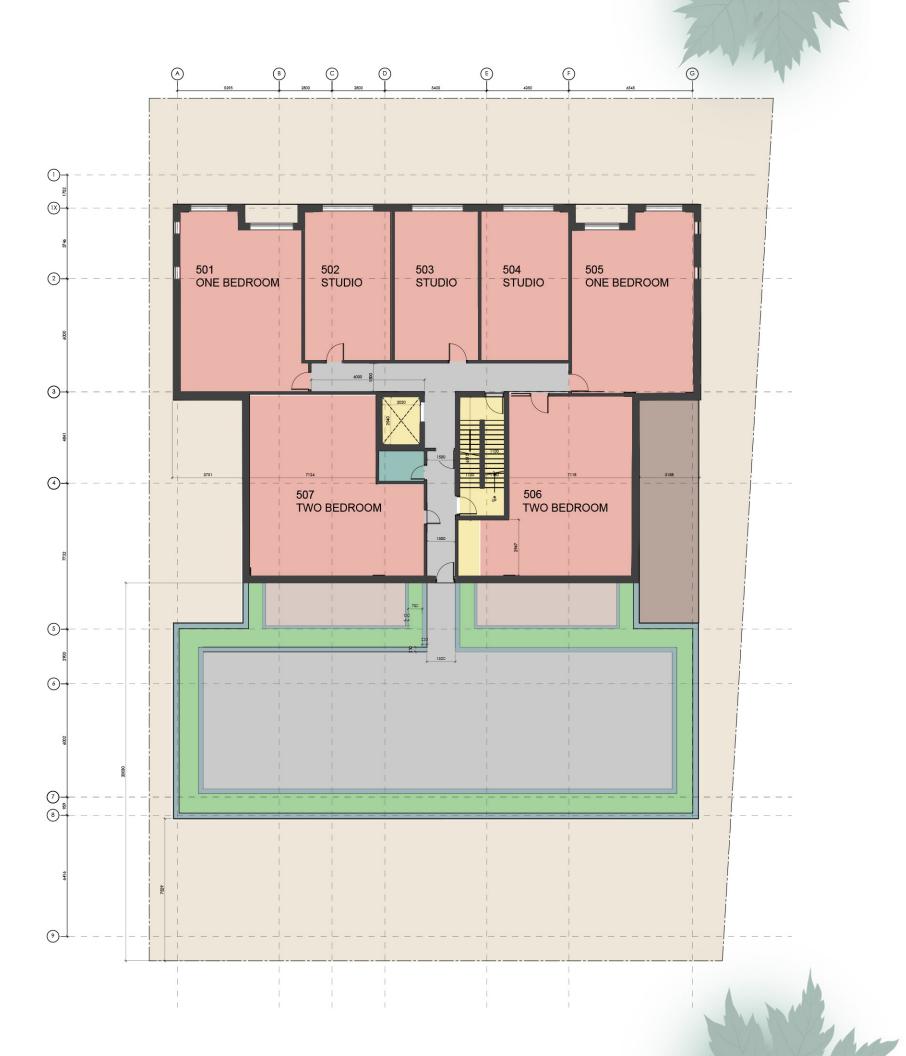




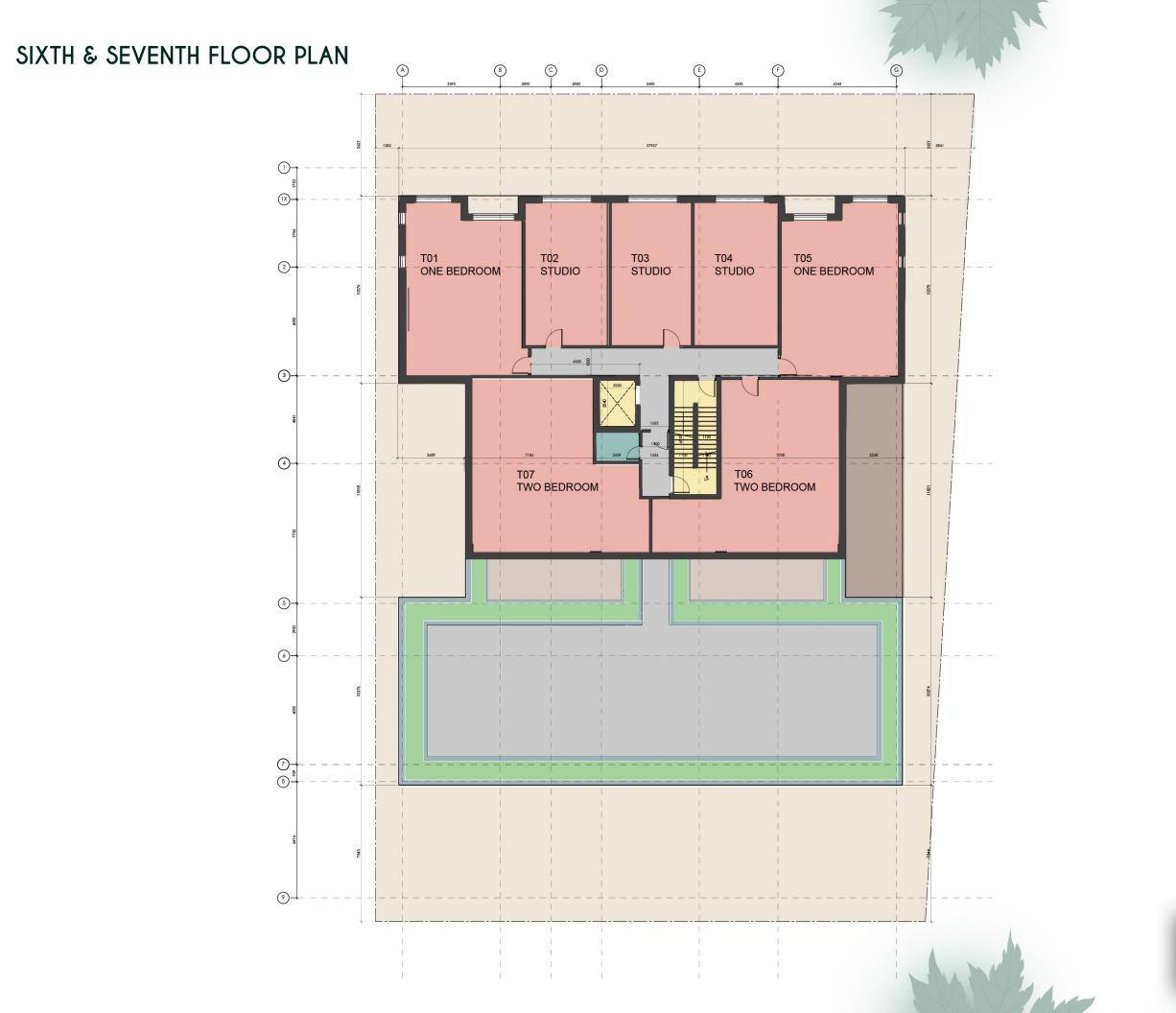




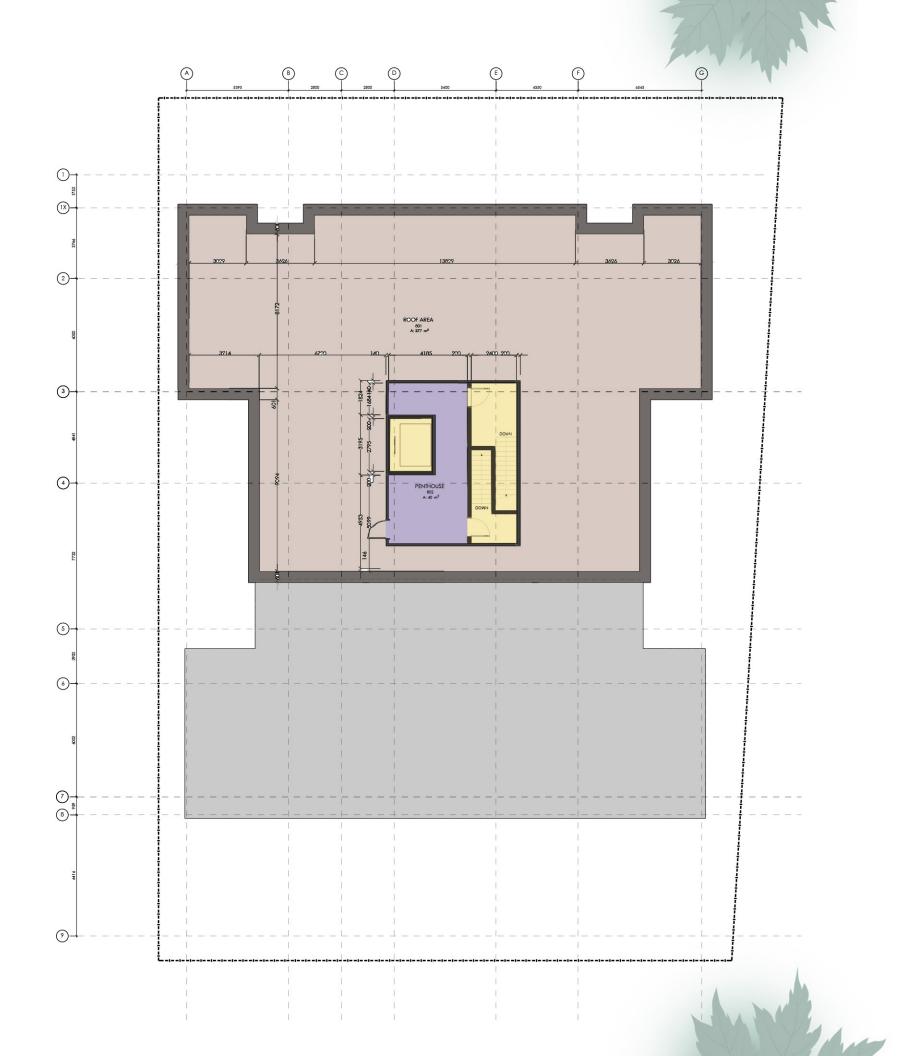
FIFTH FLOOR PLAN













- I. BRICK FINISH, COLOUR TO ARCHITECT'S APPROVAL
- 2. STONE FINISH, COLOUR TO ARCHITECT'S APPROVAL
- 3. CLEAR ANODIZED, THERMALLY BROKEN FRAMES C/W CLEAR DOUBLE GLAZED SEALED LITES

17.

- 4. PRE-FINISHED GLASS RAILINGS WITH METAL GUARDRAIL, AS PER MANUFACTURER
- 5. PRE-FINISHED METAL FLASHING, TYPICAL













FINISH SCHEDULE

- 1. BRICK FINISH, COLOUR TO ARCHITECT'S APPROVAL
- 2. STONE FINISH, COLOUR TO ARCHITECT'S APPROVAL
- 3. CLEAR ANODIZED, THERMALLY BROKEN FRAMES C/W CLEAR DOUBLE GLAZED SEALED LITES
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PROJECT 3D RENDERINGS







4 BEECHWOOD AVE, SUITE 201 OTTAWA, ONTARIO, CANADA K1L 8L9 TEL: 613 228-9850 FAX: 613 228-9848 mailbox@woodmanarchitect.com

PROJECT 3D RENDERINGS







SHADOW STUDY ANALYSIS



MARCH - 9:00 a.m.



MARCH - 01:00 p.m.



MARCH - 05:00 p.m.



JUNE - 9:00 a.m.



JUNE - 01:00 p.m.



JUNE - 05:00 p.m.



DECEMBER - 9:00 a.m.



DECEMBER - 1:00 p.m.

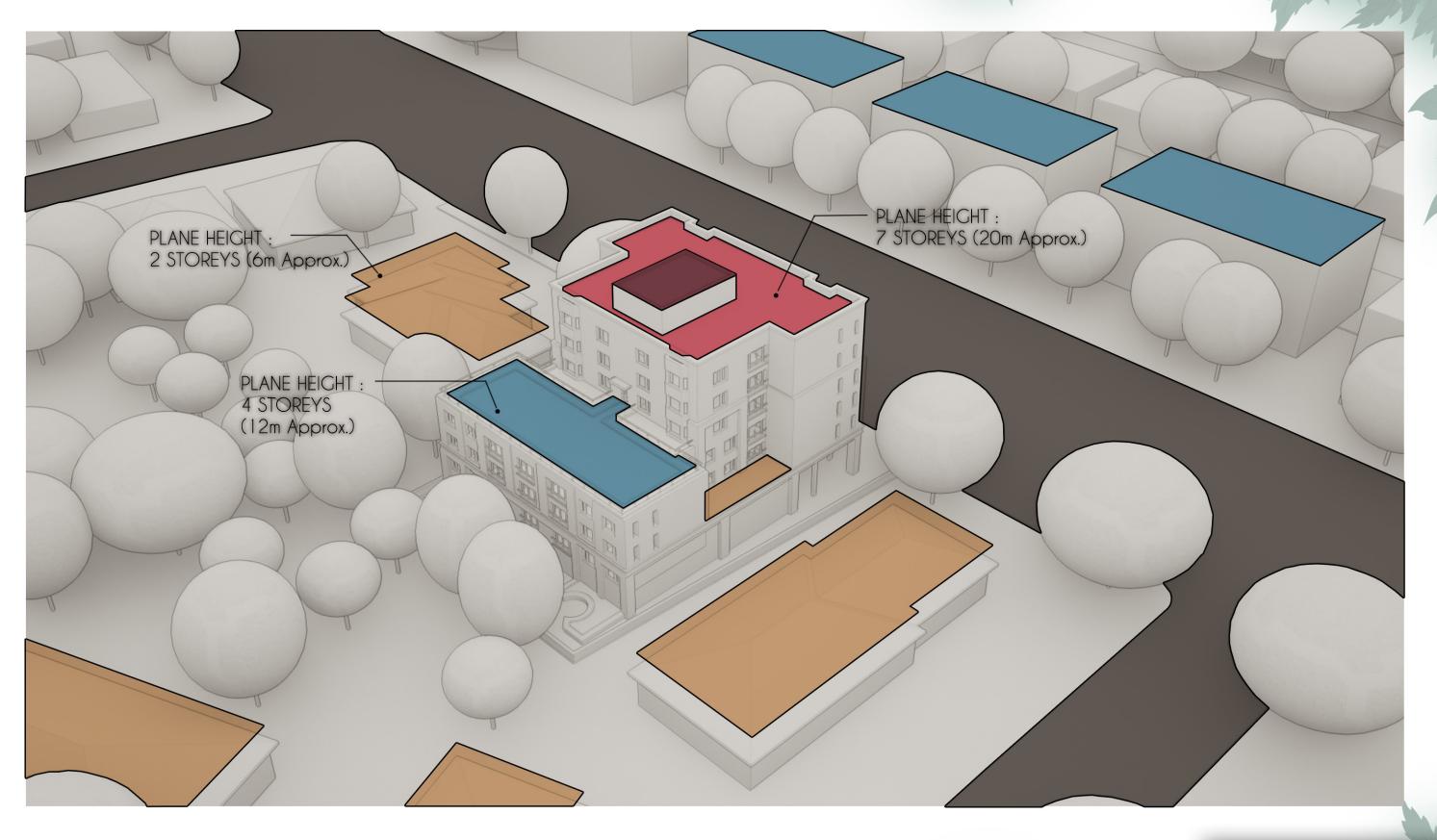


DECEMBER - 5:00 p.m.



27.

MASSING ANALYSIS - HEIGHT & FACADE ALIGNMENT







MASSING ANALYSIS - SITE SECTIONS & CONTEXT



PROJECT SITE & SURROUNDINGS



PROJECT SITE BLOW-UP



SITE SECTION AT A-A'



SITE SECTION AT B-B'









30.

DISTRIBUTION OF FUNCTIONS ACROSS THE PROJECT







BUILDING CODE MATRIX

Na	me	of	Pro	tor	ice

Woodman Architect & Associates Ltd. 201-4 Beechwood Ave. Ottawa, ON K1L 8L9

Name of Project: 1940 Carling – 7 Storey Apartment Building

Location: 1940 Carling Avenue, Ottawa ON, K2A 1E8

Date: 25[™] November 2021

		Ontario Building Code Data Matrix Part 3	Building Code Reference ¹
3.00	Building Code Version:	O. Reg. 332/12 Last Amendment O. Reg. 191/14	
3.01	Project Type:	☑ New ☐ Addition ☐ Renovation ☐ Change of use ☐ Addition and renovation Description:	[A] 1.1.2.
3.02	Major Occupancy Classification:	Occupancy Use Group C Residential Occupancies	3.1.2.1.(1)
3.03	Superimposed Major Occupancies:	□ No ☑ Yes Description: Residential Use Over Parking Area in the Basement.	3.2.2.7.
3.04	Building Area (m ²)	Description: <u>Existing</u> <u>New</u> <u>Total</u>	[A] 1.4.1.2.
		Building Area – New Construction 0 866.96m ² 866.96m ²	
	Insert additional lines as needed	Total <u>0</u> <u>0</u> <u>0</u>	

Ontario Building Code Data Matrix, Part 3

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October 2016

		December 1			4400.042	4400.042	
		Basement Level		0	1100.34m ²	1100.34m ²	
		Ground Floor		0	834.90m ²	834.90m ²	
		Second Floor		0	651.77m ²	<u>651.77m²</u>	
		Third Floor		0	799.82m ²	799.82m ²	
	Insert additional lines as needed	Fourth Floor		0	799.82m ²	799.82m ²	
		Fifth Floor		0	466.46m ²	466.46m ²	
		Sixth Floor		0	466.46m ²	466.46m ²	
		Seventh Floor		0	466.46m ²	466.46m ²	
		Penthouse Level		0	47.30m ²	47.30m ²	
		То	tal	0	<u>5633.33m²</u>	<u>5633.33m²</u>	
3.06	Mezzanine Area (m²)	Description:		Existing	New	Total	3.2.1.1.
	()	_N/A		0	0	0	
				0	0	0	
				0	0	0	
				0	0	0	
	Insert additional lines as needed	То	tal	0	0	0	
3.07	Building Height	7 Storeys above grade		20	(m) Above g	rade	[A] 1.4.1.2. & 3.2.1.1.
		1 Storeys below grade					0.2.1.1.
3.08	High Building	⊠ No □ Yes					3.2.6.
3.09	Number of Streets/ Firefighter access	1 street(s)					3.2.2.10. & 3.2.5.
3.10	Building Classification: (Size and Construction Relative to Occupancy)	3.2.2.42 Group/Div	С				3.2.2.20 83.
3.11	Sprinkler System	⊠ Required □ Not Required					3.2.1.5. &
		Proposed: ⊠ entire building □ selected floor are □ in lieu of roof ratir		□ selected □ baseme □ none	d compartment ent	S	3.2.2.17.
3.12	Standpipe System	☐ Not required ☐ Required					3.2.9.

Existing

<u>New</u>

<u>Total</u>

Ontario Building Code Data Matrix, Part 3
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3.05

Gross Area (m2)

Description:





October 2016

[A] 1.4.1.2.



BUILDING CODE MATRIX

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3.13	Fire Alarm System	⊠ Required □ Not required	3.2.4.
		Proposed: ☐ Single stage ☐ Two stage ☐ None	
3.14	Water Service / Supply is Adequate	□ No Yes	
3.15	Construction Type:	Restriction: □ Combustible permitted ☒ Non-combustible required Actual: □ Combustible ☒ Non-combustible □ Combination Heavy Timber Construction: □ No □ Yes	3.2.2.20 83. & 3.2.1.4.
3.16	Importance Category:	□ Low □ Low human occupancy □ Post-disaster shelter ☑ Normal □ High □ Minor storage building □ Explosive or hazardous substances □ Post-disaster	4.1.2.1.(3) & T4.1.2.1.B
3.17	Seismic Hazard Index:	$(I_E \text{ Fa Sa } (0.2)) = 0$ Seismic design required for Table 4.1.8.18. items 6 to 21: $((I_E \text{ Fa Sa } (0.2)) \ge 0.35 \text{ or Post-disaster})$ \square No \square Yes	4.1.2.1.(3) 4.1.8.18.(2)
3.18	Occupant Load Insert additional lines as needed	Floor Level/Area Occ. Type Based On Occupant Load (Persons) Basement Level - 0 Ground Floor Resi. 5 Units 10 Second Floor - 22 Third Floor - 28 Fourth Floor Resi. 13 Units 28 Fifth Floor Resi. 13 Units 18 - - - - Fifth Floor Resi. 7 Units 18 TOTAL Resi. 7 Units 142	3.1.17.
3.19	Barrier-free Design:		3.8.
3.20	Hazardous Substances:	☐ Yes <u>Explanation</u> ☑ No	3.3.1.2. & 3.3.1.19.

Ontario Building Code Data Matrix, Part 3

_			
3.21	Required Fire Resistance Ratings	Horizontal Assembly Rating (Hr.) Supporting Non-combustible Assembly in lieu of rating?	3,2.2.20 83. & 3,2.1.4.
		Floors over basement11	
		Floors1 1 No ⊠ Yes □ N/A	
		Mezzanine0 O No □ Yes ⊠ N/A	
		Roof <u>1</u> 1 □ No ⊠ Yes □ N/A	
3.22	Spatial Separation	Wall EBF L.D. L/H Required Construction Type Cladding Type Area (m) or FRR (H) Required Required (m²) H/L	3.2.3.
	Insert additional lines as needed		
3.23	Plumbing Fixture Requirements	Ratio: Male:Female = 50:50 Except as noted otherwise	3.7.4.
		Floor Level/Area Occupant Load OBC Fixtures Fixtures Reference Required Provided	
		n/a 	
	Insert additional lines as needed		
3.24	Energy Efficiency:	Compliance Path:	
		Climatic Zone:	
3.25	Notes:		
	Insert additional lines as needed		

All references are to Division B of the OBC unless preceded by [A] for Division A and [C] for Division C.

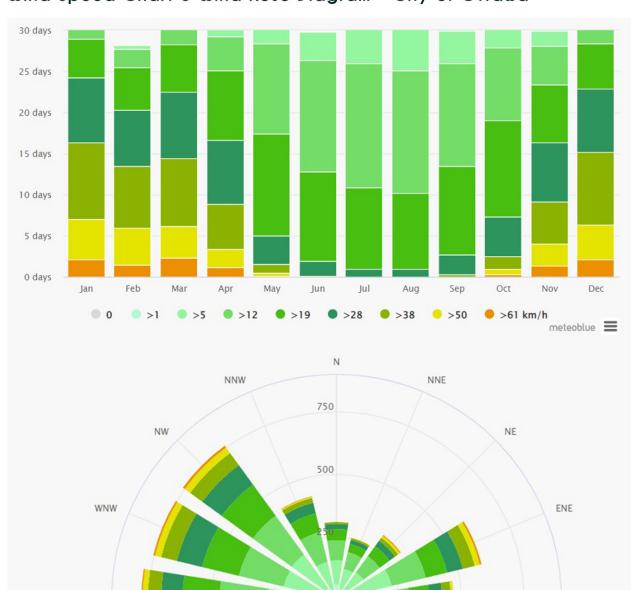
Ontario Building Code Data Matrix, Part 3 © Ontario Association of Architects October 2016

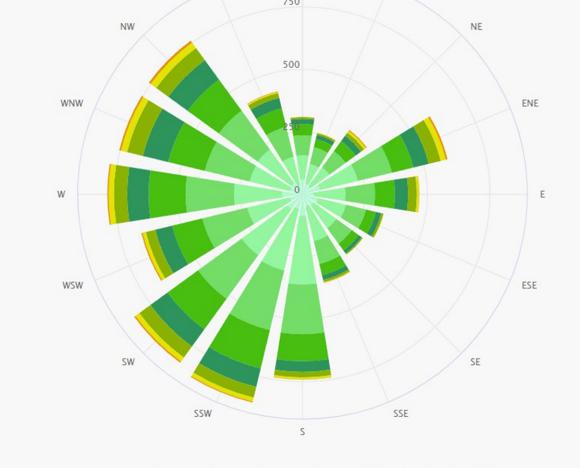




WIND STUDY

Wind Speed Chart & Wind Rose Diagram - City of Ottawa





● >19
● >28
● >38
● >50

Pedestrian Comfort and Safety Criteria - City of Ottawa

Pedestrian comfort and safety criteria are based on the mechanical effects of wind without consideration of other meteorological conditions (i.e., temperature, relative humidity). The comfort guidelines assume that pedestrians are appropriately dressed for a specified outdoor activity during any given season. Five pedestrian comfort classes are based on 80% non-exceedance mean wind speed ranges, which include:

- 1. Sitting: Mean wind speeds no greater than 10 km/h occurring at least 80% of the time. The gust equivalent mean wind speed is approximately 16 km/h.
- 2. Standing: Mean wind speeds no greater than 14 km/h occurring at least 80% of the time. The gust equivalent mean wind speed is approximately 22 km/h.
- 3. Strolling: Mean wind speeds no greater than 17 km/h occurring at least 80% of the time. The gust equivalent mean wind speed is approximately 27 km/h.
- 4. Walking: Mean wind speeds no greater than 20 km/h occurring at least 80% of the time. The gust equivalent mean wind speed is approximately 32 km/h.
- 5. Uncomfortable: Uncomfortable conditions are characterized by predicted values that fall below the 80% target for walking. Brisk walking and exercise, such as jogging, would be acceptable for moderate excesses of this criterion.

Wind Comfort Conditions - Level 5 Amenity Terrace

The following discussion is focused on the two amenity terraces situated atop the podia roofs at Level 5, as well as the level 5 amenity terraces situated between the two buildings. The noted terraces are predicted to be mostly calm; pedestrian wind comfort is summarized below for each seasonal period.

- Spring Season: Conditions are predicted to be mostly suitable for sitting, with isolated regions suitable for standing. This terrace will be suitable for sitting for at least 70% of the time during the spring season.
- Summer Season: Conditions are predicted to be universally suitable for sitting. These areas are suitable for sitting for at least 80% of the time during summers.
- Autumn Season Conditions are similar to those predicted for the spring season. These areas are suitable for sitting for at least 70% of the time during the autumn season.
- Winter Season Conditions are predicted to be mostly suitable for sitting, with isolated regions suitable for standing. The southwest corner of each terrace is somewhat windier, and suitable for standing. These areas will be suitable for sitting for at least 65% of the time.

