Appendix A Water Supply Servicing April 20, 2023

Appendix A WATER SUPPLY SERVICING

A.1 DOMESTIC WATER DEMAND ESTIMATE



Holland Cross Phase 3 Residential

Project #160410274 3-Jun-22

Number of Density Population Units Studio 1.4 25.2 1 BR 110 1.4 154.0 1BR + Den 51 2.1 107.1 2 BR 101 2.1 212.1 2BR + Den 0 3.1 0.0 Guest 1.4 1.4

Building ID	Area	Population	Daily Rate of	Avg Day	Demand	Max Day	Demand 3,4	Peak Hour	Demand 3,4
	(m ²)		Demand ^{1 2} (L/m ² /day)	(L/min)	(L/s)	(L/min)	(L/s)	(L/min)	(L/s)
			(L/III /day)						
Residential		500	350	121.5	2.02	303.7	5.06	668.1	11.14
Commercial, Lobby and									
Amenity Space	1,282		28000	2.5	0.04	3.7	0.06	6.7	0.11
Total Site :				124.0	2.07	307.4	5.12	674.9	11.25

maximum day demand rate = 2.5 x average day demand rate peak hour demand rate = 2.2 x maximum day demand rate

maximum day demand rate = 1.5 x average day demand rate

peak hour demand rate = 1.8 x maximum day demand rate

¹ Average day water demand for residential areas are equal to 350 L/cap/d 2 28,000 L/gross ha/day is used to calculate water demand for commercial facilities.

³ Water demand criteria used to estimate peak demand rates for residential areas are as follows:

⁴ Water demand criteria used to estimate peak demand rates for commercial and institutional areas are as follows:

Appendix A Water Supply Servicing April 20, 2023

A.2 HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS SHEET





Project:	Holland Cross	No. 160410274
	SITE PLAN HYDRAULIC	ANALYSIS
Revision:	00	Prepared By: AM
Revision Date:	24-Nov-2022	Checked By: NC

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS (BC)				
Connection at Hamilton Avenue				
Site Plan Revision Date	14-Oct-2022			
Min. HGL (m)	107.9			
Max. HGL (m)	114.6			
Max. Day + Fire Flow (150 L/s)	104.4			

Ground Floor Elevation (GFE) (Level 01) (m) 62.95

GROUND FLOOR (GF) PRESSURE RANGE							
	GF HGL GF Pressure GF Pressure Outcome (m) (kPa) (psi)						
	= BC HGL (m) - FFE (m)	= GF HGL (m) x 9.804 (kPa/m)	= GF Pressure (kPA) x 0.145 (psi/kPa)	If min <50 psi: booster pump If max >100 psi: pressure reducer			
Minimum Normal	44.95	440.7	63.9	No Booster Pump Required			
Maximum Normal	51.65	506.4	73.4	No Pressure Reducer Required			

Number of Floors Not Below Ground	25
Approximate Height of One Storey (m)	3.21
Pressure Drop Per Floor (kPa)	31.5
Pressure Drop Per Floor (psi)	4.6

RESIDUAL PRESSURE RANGE IN MULTI-LEVEL BUILDINGS						
	Residual Pressure (kPa)	Residual Pressure (psi)	Outcome			
Top Floor Min	-314.6	-45.6				
Top Floor Max	-248.9	-36.1				
Maximum Number of Floors Above Ground at Minimum	5		Booster Pump Required			
Pressure						

RESIDUAL PRESSURE FROM FIRE FLOW						
	Outcome					
	Residual HGL (m)	(kPa)	Residual Pressure (psi)	Outcome		
Ground Floor	41.45	406.4	58.9	Fire Pump Required		
Top Floor	-35.59	-348.9	-50.6	The Fullip Required		

Pressure Check				
	Pressure (kPa)	Pressure (psi)		
Pressure Below Minimum	<138	<20		
Pressure Below Normal	138-345	20-50		
Pressure Within Normal Range	345-552	50-80		
Pressure Above Normal Range	552-690	80-100		
Pressure Above Maximum	>690	>100		

Appendix A Water Supply Servicing April 20, 2023

A.3 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS PER FUS



FUS Fire Flow Calculation Sheet - 2020 FUS Guidelines **Stantec**

Stantec Project #: 160410274
Project Name: Holland Cross
Date: 2/24/2023
Fire Flow Calculation #: 1
Description: 25 Floor Apartment Building with Fire Separations between floors

Notes: 1356m2 Floorplate

Step	Task		Notes							Req'd Fire Flow (L/min)
1	Determine Type of Construction		Ту	pe II - Nonc	ombustible (Construction	/ Type IV-A - Mass Timbe	r Construction	0.8	-
2	Determine Effective	Sum of Tw	um of Two Largest Floors + 50% of Eight Additional Floors Vertical Openings Protected?						NO	-
2	Floor Area	1356							1356	-
3	Determine Required Fire Flow		(F = 220 x C x A ^{1/2}). Round to nearest 1000 L/min							6000
4	Determine Occupancy Charge		Limited Combustible							5100
			Conforms to NFPA 13						-30%	
5	Determine Sprinkler					Standard W	ater Supply		-10%	-2040
5	Reduction				N	lot Fully Sup	ervised or N/A		0%	-2040
		% Coverage of Sprinkler System						100%		
		Direction	Exposure Distance (m)	Exposed Length (m)	Exposed Height (Stories)	Length-Height Factor (m x stories)	Construction of Adjacent Wall	Firewall / Sprinklered ?	-	-
	Determine Increase	North	0 to 3	49.3	1	41-60	Type III-IV - Unprotected Openings	YES	0%	
6	for Exposures (Max. 75%)	East	20.1 to 30	26.5	5	> 100	Type III-IV - Unprotected Openings	NO	5%	1020
	7370)	South	10.1 to 20	49.8	3	> 100	Type V	NO	15%	1020
		West	0 to 3	23.1	1	21-49	Type III-IV - Unprotected Openings	YES	0%	
		Total Required Fire Flow in L/min, Rounded to Nearest 1000L/min							4000	
7	Determine Final	Total Required Fire Flow in L/s						66.7		
'	Required Fire Flow					Required	Duration of Fire Flow (hrs))		1.50
						Required	d Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)			360

Appendix A Water Supply Servicing April 20, 2023

A.4 FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS PER OBC



Fire Flow Calculations as per Ontario Building Code (Appendix A)

Job# 1604-10274 Designed by: WJ
Date 24-Feb-23 Checked by: NC

Description: 25 Floor Apt

 $Q = KVS_{tot}$

Q = Volume of water required (L) V = Total building volume (m3)

K = Water supply coefficient from Table 1

 S_{tot} = Sotal of spatial coefficient values from property line exposures on all sides as obtained from the formula

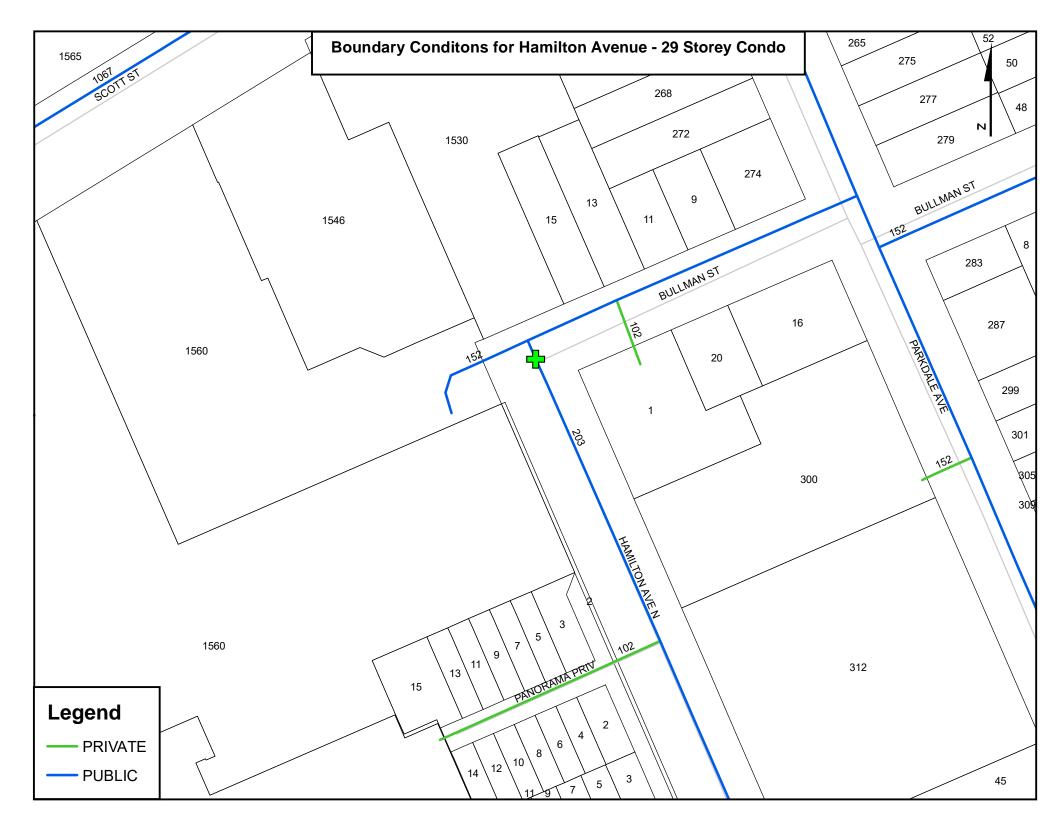
 $S_{tot} = 1.0 + [S_{side1} + S_{side2} + S_{side3} + S_{side4}]$

1	Type of construction	Building Classification		Water Supply Coefficient
	Non-Combustible with Fire- Resistance Ratings	A-2, B-1, B-2, B-3, C, D		10
2	Area of one floor	number of floors	height of ceiling	Total Building Volume
	(m ²)		(m)	(m ³)
	1356	25	3.0	102,284
3	Side	Exposure		Total Spatial
		Distance (m)	Spatial Coefficient	Coeffiecient
	North	0	0.5	
	East	26	0	2
	South	19.1	0	2
	West	0	0.5	
4	Established Fire	Reduction in		Total Volume
	Safety Plan?	Volume (%)		Reduction
	no	0%		0%
	-			
5				Total Volume 'Q' (L)
				2,045,680
				Minimum Required
				Fire Flow (L/min)
				9,000

Appendix A Water Supply Servicing April 20, 2023

A.5 BOUNDARY CONDITIONS





 From:
 Wu_John

 To:
 Rathnasoortya_Thakshika

 Subject:
 RE: Boundary Conditions

 Date:
 Thursday, July 30, 2020 4:07:21 PM

 Attachments:
 Hamilton Avenue July 2020.pdf

Here is the result:

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis on Hamilton Avenue (zone 1E) assumed to be connected to the 203mm on Hamilton Avenue (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL = 107.9m Maximum HGL = 114.6m Max Day + FF = 104.4m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

John

From: Rathnasooriya, Thakshika <Thakshika.Rathnasooriya@stantec.com>

Sent: July 29, 2020 2:46 PM

To: Wu, John < John.Wu@ottawa.ca>
Cc: Kilborn, Kris < kris.kilborn@stantec.com>
Subject: Boundary Conditions

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ATTENTION : Ce courriel provient d'un expéditeur externe. Ne cliquez sur aucun lien et n'ouvrez pas de pièce jointe, excepté si vous connaissez l'expéditeur.

Hi John,

I am looking for watermain hydraulic boundary conditions for Holland Cross Phase 3 residential. The proposed residential building consists of 29 storeys. We anticipate connecting to the existing 150mm watermain service in addition to constructing a secondary connection(basic day demand is greater than 50 m3/day). The service is connected to the exiting 200mm diameter watermains on Hamilton Avenue North and Bullman Street. (please see attached figure).

Please see the estimated domestic demands and fire flow requirements for the site as mentioned below: Average Day Demand - 2.63 L/s

Average Day Demand - 2.63 L/s Max Day Demand - 6.55 L/s Peak Hour Demand - 14.41 L/s

Fire Flow Requirement per OBC were used for the apartment building - 150 L/s (9,000 L/min)

Thank you,

Shika Rathnasooriya, P.Eng.

Direct: 613 724-4081 Thakshika.Rathnasooriya@stantec.com

Stantec 400 - 1331 Clyde Avenue Ottawa ON K2C 3G4

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,

Appendix A Water Supply Servicing April 20, 2023

A.6 ARCHITECT CONFIRMATIONS



Johnson, Warren

From: Robert Matthews <robertm@n45.ca>
Sent: Friday, February 17, 2023 2:20 PM

To: Shahzadeh, Serene; Yin, David; Holmes, Keith; Johnson, Warren; Cody, Neal

Cc: Barbieri, Sam; Ghajar, Sonia; Meloshe, Nancy **Subject:** RE: 1560 Scott - Resubmission Comments

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

Serene,

In respect to your letter and item nos. 9 & 10, we respond as follows:-

Item 9

On the Ground Floor attached, the RED line is the fire separation.

Item 10

- The building construction will be non-combustible concrete.
- Unsupervised sprinklers conforming to NFPA 13 will be provided, the design will be designed by a
 professional mechanical engineer.
- The floors will be designed as 2hr fire separations as per FUS guidelines.
- The building envelope will be designed at a minimum as a 1hr fire separation. This includes walls, decorative elements, structure, and floors, all as per FUS guidelines.
- The fire hazard of the building contents will conform to FUS guidelines.
- The gross floor area of the largest floor is +/- 970m2.

Robert Matthews

Partner

N45 ARCHITECTURE Inc.

I will be out of the office from Tuesday, 21 February, returning on Monday, 13 March.

N45 ARCHITECTURE Inc.

The Sovereign Building 71 Bank St., 7th Floor Ottawa, ON. K1P 5N2 O 613-224-0095 x 234 C 613-858-2789

From: Shahzadeh, Serene <Serene.Shahzadeh@stantec.com>

Sent: Monday, January 30, 2023 2:35 PM

To: Robert Matthews <robertm@n45.ca>; Yin, David <david.yin@stantec.com>; Holmes, Keith <Keith_Holmes@golder.com>; Johnson, Warren <Warren.Johnson@stantec.com>; Cody, Neal

<Neal.Cody@stantec.com>

Cc: Barbieri, Sam <Sam.Barbieri@lasalle.com>; Ghajar, Sonia <Sonia.Ghajar@lasalle.com>; Meloshe, Nancy

<Nancy.Meloshe@stantec.com>

Subject: 1560 Scott - Resubmission Comments

Good afternoon all,

We have received the resubmission comments for the Site Plan Control application on 1560 Scott Street. I have attached the draft response letter for your reference, flagging which comments are to be addressed by whom.

Please have the updates and comments addressed by February 17. Let me know if you have any questions, or if there is anything you need to address the comments.

Thanks,

Serene Shahzadeh

Planner

Serene.Shahzadeh@stantec.com

Stantec 300 - 1331 Clyde Avenue Ottawa ON K2C 3G4



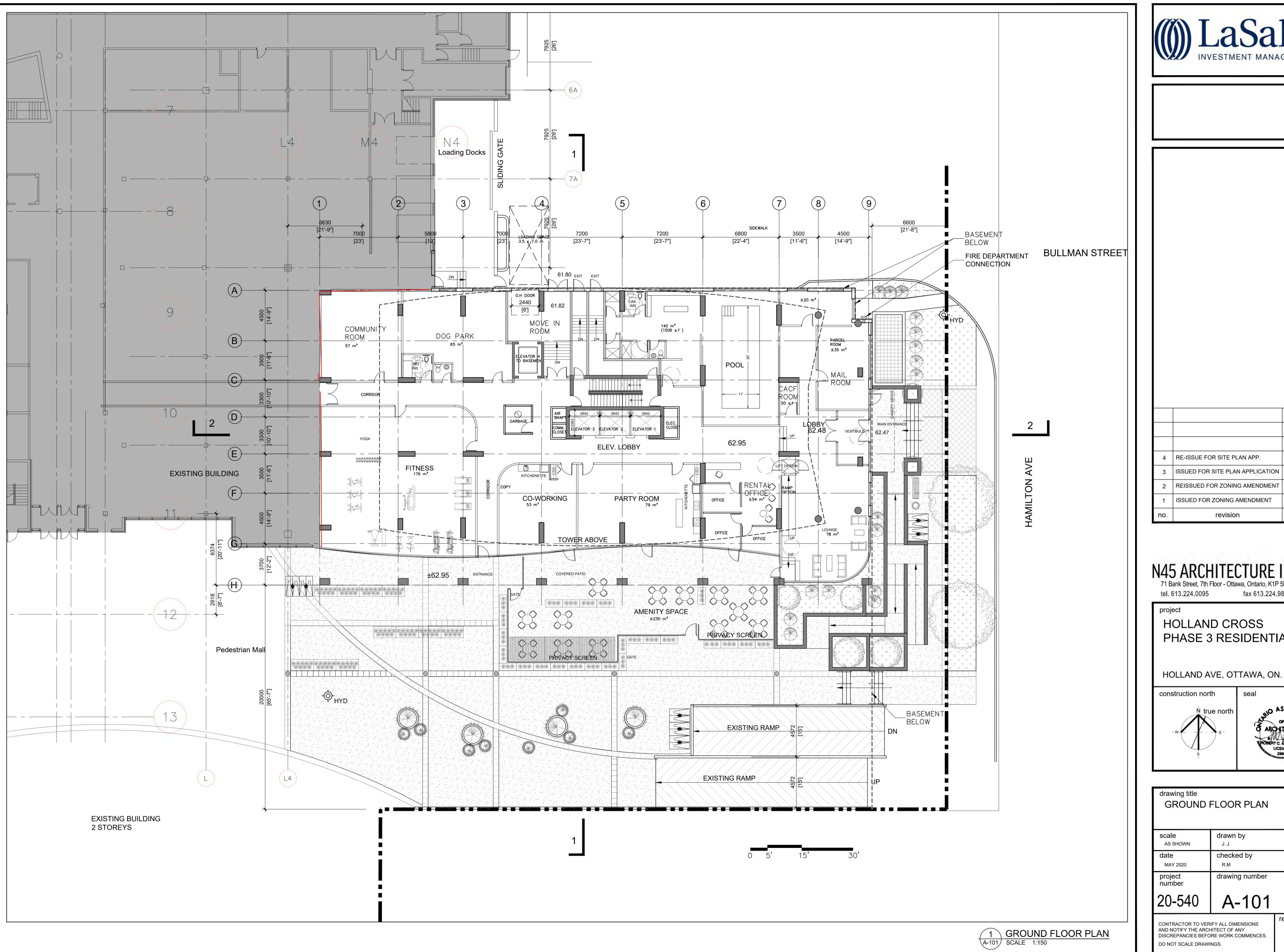
5th most sustainable corporation in the world, 1st in North America: Proud to be named a Corporate Knights world sustainability leader.

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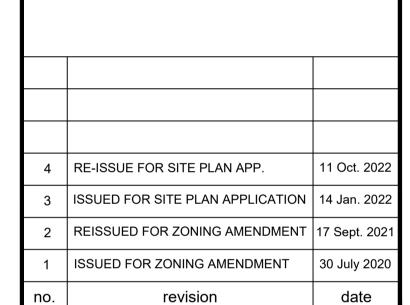
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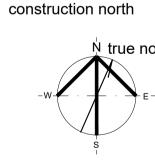


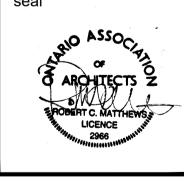


tel. 613.224.0095 fax 613.224.9811 project

PHASE 3 RESIDENTIAL

construction north





drawing title GROUND FLOOR PLAN				
scale drawn by AS SHOWN J. J				
date MAY 2020	checked by		NO.: Dxx-xx-xxx	
project number	drawing number		O.: D	
20-540	A-101		FILE N	
CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND NOTIFY THE ARCHITECT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES BEFORE WORK COMMENCES. DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS.			SITY'S FI	

Appendix B Wastewater Servicing April 20, 2023

Appendix B WASTEWATER SERVICING

B.1 SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET



	SUBDIVI		AND CROSS	3						RY SEWE	₹													DESIGN PA	RAMETERS								
									(City	of Ottawa)						MAX PEAK FA	ACTOR (RES.	.)=	4.0		AVG. DAILY F	LOW / PERS	ON	280	L/p/day		MINIMUM V	ELOCITY		0.60	m/s		
Stanted	DATE:		2023	-02-24	1											MIN PEAK FA	ACTOR (RES.))=	2.0		COMMERCIA	L		28,000	L/ha/day		MAXIMUM V	ELOCITY		3.00	m/s		
	REVISI			3													CTOR (INDUS	,	2.4		INDUSTRIAL	. ,		55,000	L/ha/day		MANNINGS	n		0.013			
		NED BY:	V	/AJ	FILE NUMBER	₹:				160410274						PEAKING FA	CTOR (ICI >20	0%):	1.5		INDUSTRIAL	(LIGHT)		35,000	L/ha/day		BEDDING CI	LASS		В	3		
	CHECK	ED BY:														PERSONS / S	STUDIO		1.4		INSTITUTION	AL		28,000	L/ha/day		MINIMUM CO	OVER		2.50) m		
																PERSONS / 1	BEDROOM		1.4		INFILTRATIO	V		0.33	L/s/ha		HARMON CO	ORRECTION FA	CTOR	0.8			
																PERSONS / 1	BEDROOM +	+ DEN	2.1		PERSONS / 2	BEDROOM +	- DEN	3.1									
																PERSONS / 2	BEDROOM		2.1		PERSONS / G	UEST		1.4									
LOCATION						RESIDEN	TIAL AREA AND PO	OPULATION					COMM	IERCIAL	INDUST	RIAL (L)	INDUST	RIAL (H)	INSTITU	TIONAL	GREEN /	UNUSED	C+I+I		INFILTRATION	_	TOTAL				PI	PE	
AREA ID FROM		AREA	STUDIO	1 BEDROOM	1 BEDROOM +	2 BEDROOM	2 BEDROOM +	GUEST	POP.	CUMULATIVE	PEAK	PEAK	AREA	ACCU.	AREA	ACCU.	AREA	ACCU.	AREA	ACCU.	AREA	ACCU.	PEAK	TOTAL	ACCU.	INFILT.	FLOW	LENGTH	DIA	MATERIAL	CLASS	SLOPE	CAP.
NUMBER M.H.	M.H.				DEN		DEN			AREA POP.	FACT.	FLOW		AREA		AREA		AREA		AREA		AREA	FLOW	AREA	AREA	FLOW							(FULL)
		(ha)								(ha)		(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	(mm)			(%)	(l/s)
OUTE DI DO	G SAN	0.000	40	440	E4	404			500	0.360 500	0.07	0.44	0.0054	0.005	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.005	0.365	0.40	6.56	4.7	050	PVC	SDR 35	4.00	60.6
SITE BLDO			18	110	51	101	0	1	500	0.500 500	3.97	6.44	0.0054	0.005	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.365	0.365	0.12	6.56	4./ 11.1	250	PVC	SDR 35	1.00	00.0
SAN	2 SAN	0.000	U	U	U	U	U		U	0.360 500	3.97	6.44	0.0000	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.305	0.12	0.50	11.1	250	PVC	SUR 33	1.00	60.6

CAP. V PEAK FLOW	VEL. (FULL)	VEL. (ACT.)
(%)	(m/s)	(m/s)
10.82%	1.22	0.67
10.82%	1.22	0.67

Appendix C Stormwater Management April 20, 2023

Appendix C STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

C.1 STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET



Chambas	НО	LLAND	CROSS	3		S	TORM	SEW	ER		DESIG	N PARAM	ETERS																								
Stantec							ESIGN	N SHE	ET		I = a / (t	+b) ^c		(As per C	City of Otta	awa Guide	elines, 2012))																			
	DATE:		2022-0	1-19			(City of	Ottaw	a)			1:2 yr	1:5 yr	1:10 yr	1:100 yı																						
	REVISION		2								a =	732.951	998.071	1174.184	1735.68	MANNIN	G'S n=	0.013		BEDDING	CLASS	В															
	DESIGNED	BY:	WA	J	FILE NU	MBER:	1604102	274			b =	6.199	6.053	6.014	6.014	MINIMUI	M COVER:	2.00	m																		
	CHECKED	BY:									c =	0.810	0.814	0.816	0.820	TIME OF	ENTRY	10	min																		
LOCATIO	ON														DRAINAGE	AREA																PIPE	SELECTIO	N			
AREA ID	FROM	то	AREA	AREA	AREA	AREA	AREA	С	С	С	С	AxC	ACCUM	AxC	ACCUM.	AxC	ACCUM.	AxC	ACCUM.	T of C	I _{2-YEAR}	I _{5-YEAR}	I _{10-YEAR}	I _{100-YEAR}	Q _{CONTROL}	ACCUM.	Q_{ACT}	LENGTH	PIPE WIDTH	PIPE	PIPE	MATERIA	CLASS :	SLOPE C	CAP % FU	L VEL.	VEL. TIME OF
NUMBER	M.H.	M.H.	(2-YEAR)	5-YEAR)	(10-YEAR)	(100-YEAF	(ROOF)	(2-YEAR	(5-YEAR) (10-YEAR	(100-YEAR	(2-YEAR)	AxC (2YR)	(5-YEAR)	AxC (5YR) (10-YEAR) AxC (10YR)	(100-YEAR)	AxC (100YR))						Q _{CONTROL}	(CIA/360)	C	OR DIAMETE	HEIGHT	SHAPE			(FI	JLL)	(FULL)	(ACT) FLOW
			(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(min) ((mm/h)	(mm/h)	(mm/h)	(mm/h)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	(mm)	(mm)	(-)	(-)	(-)	% (I	_/s) (-)	(m/s)	(m/s) (min)
BLDG, L101A	BLDG	MAIN	0.100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.090	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.00 7	76.81	104.19	122.14	178.56	9.5	9.5	28.7	14.0	200	200	CIRCULAR	PVC	SDR 28	1.00 3	3.3 86.0	% 1.05	1.05 0.22
																				10.22									200	200							
	i																																				

Appendix C Stormwater Management April 20, 2023

C.2 RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATIONS



Stormwater Management Calculations

File No: **160410274** Project: Holland Cross Date: 19-Jan-22

SWM Approach: Post-development to Pre-development flows

Post-Development Site Conditions:

Overall Runoff Coefficient for Site and Sub-Catchment Areas

		Runoff C	oefficient Table				
Sub-catch	ment		Area	Runo			Overall
Area	ID (December)		(ha)	Coeffic		x C"	Runoff
Catchment Type	ID / Description		"A"	"6"	- A	X C	Coefficien
Controlled - Tributary	L101A	Hard	0.100	0.9	0.090		
,		Soft	0.000	0.2			
	Su	ubtotal		0.1		0.09	0.900
Uncontrolled - Non-Tributary	UNC-1	Hard	0.039	0.9	0.035		
·		Soft	0.011	0.2	0.002		
	Su	ubtotal		0.05		0.0375	0.750
Roof	BLDG	Hard	0.130	0.9	0.117		
		Soft	0.000	0.2	0.000		
	Sı	ubtotal		0.13		0.117	0.900
Total				0.280		0.245	
verall Runoff Coefficient= C:							0.87

Total Roof Areas
Total Tributary Surface Areas (Controlled and Uncontrolled)
Total Tributary Area to Outlet 0.130 ha 0.100 ha 0.230 ha Total Uncontrolled Areas (Non-Tributary) 0.050 ha 0.280 ha **Total Site**

Project #160410274, Holland Cross Roof Drain Design Sheet, Area BLDG Standard Watts Model R1100 Accutrol Roof Drain

	Rating	Curve						
Elevation	Discharge Rate	Outlet Discharge	Storage	Elevation	Area	Volume	(cu. m)	Water Depth
(m)	(cu.m/s)	(cu.m/s)	(cu. m)	(m)	(sq. m)	Increment	Accumulated	(m)
0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
0.025	0.0003	0.0047	0	0.025	29	0	0	0.025
0.050	0.0006	0.0095	2	0.050	116	2	2	0.050
0.075	0.0006	0.0095	7	0.075	260	5	7	0.075
0.100	0.0006	0.0095	15	0.100	462	9	15	0.100
0.125	0.0006	0.0095	30	0.125	722	15	30	0.125
0.150	0.0006	0.0095	52	0.150	1040	22	52	0.150

	Drawdown	n Estimate	1
Total	Total		
Volume	Time	Vol	Detention
(cu.m)	(sec)	(cu.m)	Time (hr)
0.0	0.0	0.0	0
1.7	178.1	1.7	0.04946
6.3	483.3	4.6	0.18372
15.2	941.2	8.9	0.44518
29.9	1551.8	14.7	0.87622
51.8	2314.9	21.9	1.51926

Rooftop Storage Summary									
				From Wat	ts Drain C	atalogue			
Total Building Area (sq.m)		1300		Head (m)	L/s				
Assume Available Roof Area (sq.	80%	1040			Open	0.75	0.5	0.25	Closed
Roof Imperviousness		0.99		0.025	0.3155	0.3155	0.3155	0.3155	0.3155
Roof Drain Requirement (sq.m/Notch)		232		0.05	0.6309	0.6309	0.6309	0.6309	0.6309
** Number of Roof Notches*		15		0.075	0.9464	0.8675	0.7886	0.7098	0.6309
Max. Allowable Depth of Roof Ponding (m)		0.15	* As per Ontario Building Code section OBC 7.4.10.4.(2)(c).	0.1	1.2618	1.1041	0.9464	0.7886	0.6309
Max. Allowable Storage (cu.m)		52		0.125	1.5773	1.3407	1.1041	0.8675	0.6309
Estimated 100 Year Drawdown Time (h)		1.3		0.15	1.8927	1.5773	1.2618	0.9464	0.6309

^{*} Note: Number of drains can be reduced if multiple-notch drain used.

Calculation Result	S	2yr	100yr	Available
Qr	esult (cu.m/s)	0.009	0.009	-
De	pth (m)	0.083	0.139	0.150
Vo	lume (cu.m)	9.3	42.7	52.0
Dra	aintime (hrs)	0.3	1.3	

Stormwater Management Calculations

Project #160410274, Holland Cross Modified Rational Method Calculatons for Storage

2 yr Intensity	$I = a/(t + b)^{c}$	a =	732.951	t (min)	I (mm/hr)
City of Ottawa		b =	6.199	10	76.81
		c =	0.81	20	52.03
				30	40.04
				40	32.86
				50	28.04
				60	24.56
				70	21.91
				80	19.83
				90	18.14
				100	16.75
				110	15.57
				120	14.56
2 YEAR Pre	development Ta	arget Releas	e from Po	rtion of Si	ite

Subdrainage Area: Predevelopment Tributary Area to Outlet Area (ha): 0.2800 C: 0.86

Typical Time of Concentration

tc	I (2 yr)	Qtarget
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)
10	76.81	51.46

2 YEAR Modified Rational Method for Entire Site

Subdrainage Area: L101A Area (ha): 0.10 C: 0.90

Controlled - Tributary

tc	1 (2 yr)	Qactuai	Qrelease	ustorea	vstorea
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m^3)
10	76.81	19.22	18.77	0.45	0.27
20	52.03	13.02	18.77	0.00	0.00
30	40.04	10.02	18.77	0.00	0.00
40	32.86	8.22	18.77	0.00	0.00
50	28.04	7.02	18.77	0.00	0.00
60	24.56	6.14	18.77	0.00	0.00
70	21.91	5.48	18.77	0.00	0.00
80	19.83	4.96	18.77	0.00	0.00
90	18.14	4.54	18.77	0.00	0.00
100	16.75	4.19	18.77	0.00	0.00
110	15.57	3.90	18.77	0.00	0.00
120	14 56	3.64	18 77	0.00	0.00

3 Above CB

Orifice Equation: : CdA(2gh)^0.5
Orifice Diameter: 133.00
Invert Elevation 62.53
T/G Elevation 62.71
Max Ponding Depth 0.07
Downstream W/L 58.20 Where C = 0.61 m m m

Stage (cu. m) 0.27 (cu. m) 19.00 2-year Water Level 62.78

Subdrainage Area:	UNC-1
Area (ha):	0.05
C.	0.75

Uncontrolled - Non-Tributary

tc	I (2 yr)	Qactual	Qrelease	Qstored	Vstored
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m^3)
10	76.81	8.01	8.01		
20	52.03	5.42	5.42		
30	40.04	4.17	4.17		
40	32.86	3.43	3.43		
50	28.04	2.92	2.92		
60	24.56	2.56	2.56		
70	21.91	2.28	2.28		
80	19.83	2.07	2.07		
90	18.14	1.89	1.89		
100	16.75	1.75	1.75		
110	15.57	1.62	1.62		
120	14.56	1.52	1.52		

Subdrainage Area:	BLDG		Roof
Area (ha):	0.13	Maximum Storage Depth:	150 mm
` ć.	n an	• •	

tc	I (2 yr)	Qactual	Qrelease	Qstored	Vstored	Depth
nin)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m^3)	(mm)
10	76.81	24.98	9.46	15.52	9.31	82.9
20	52.03	16.92	9.46	7.46	8.95	81.9
30	40.04	13.02	9.46	3.56	6.41	74.5
40	32.86	10.69	9.46	1.23	2.94	55.6
50	28.04	9.12	8.58	0.54	1.61	45.3
60	24.56	7.99	7.63	0.35	1.27	40.3
70	21.91	7.13	6.89	0.24	1.01	36.4
80	19.83	6.45	6.28	0.17	0.79	33.2
90	18.14	5.90	5.79	0.11	0.62	30.6
100	16.75	5.45	5.37	0.08	0.47	28.4
110	15.57	5.06	5.01	0.05	0.34	26.5
120	14.56	4.74	4.70	0.03	0.24	24.8

Roof Storage Storage:

	Depth	Head	Discharge	Vreq	Vavail	Discharge
	(mm)	(m)	(L/s)	(cu. m)	(cu. m)	Check
2-year Water Level	82.89	0.08	9.46	9.31	52.00	0.00
-						

Project #160410274, Holland Cross Modified Rational Method Calculatons for Storage

100 yr Intensity	I = a/(t + b)	a =	1735.688	t (min)	I (mm/hr)
City of Ottawa		b =	6.014	10	178.56
		c =	0.820	20	119.95
				30	91.87
				40	75.15
				50	63.95
				60	55.89
				70	49.79
				80	44.99
				90	41.11
				100	37.90
				110	35.20
				120	32.89

100 YEAR Predevelopment Target Release from Portion of Site

Subdrainage Area: Predevelopment Tributary Area to Outlet
Area (ha): 0.2800
C: 0.86

100 YEAR Modified Rational Method for Entire Site

Subdrainage Area: L101A Area (ha): 0.10 C: 1.00 Controlled - Tributary

tc	I (100 yr)	Qactual	Qrelease	Qstored	Vstored
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m^3)
10	178.56	49.64	18.77	30.87	18.52
20	119.95	33.35	18.77	14.58	17.49
30	91.87	25.54	18.77	6.77	12.19
40	75.15	20.89	18.77	2.12	5.09
50	63.95	17.78	18.77	0.00	0.00
60	55.89	15.54	18.77	0.00	0.00
70	49.79	13.84	18.77	0.00	0.00
80	44.99	12.51	18.77	0.00	0.00
90	41.11	11.43	18.77	0.00	0.00
100	37.90	10.54	18.77	0.00	0.00
110	35.20	9.79	18.77	0.00	0.00
120	32.89	9.14	18.77	0.00	0.00

Surface Storage Above CB

Orifice Equation: Q = CdA(2gh)^0.5
Orifice Diameter: 133.00 mm
Invert Elevation 62.53 m
T/G Elevation 62.71 m
lax Ponding Depth 0.007 m Where C = 0.61

Max Ponding Depth Downstream W/L 58.20 m

	Stage	Head	Discharge	Vreq	Vavail	Volume	
		(m)	(L/s)	(cu. m)	(cu. m)	Check	
100-year Water Level	62.78	0.25	18.77	18.52	19.00	OK	Ī
					0.48		

Uncontrolled - Non-Tributary

tc (min)	I (100 yr) (mm/hr)	Qactual (L/s)	Qrelease (L/s)	Qstored (L/s)	Vstored (m^3)
				(113)	(111-3)
10	178.56	23.27	23.27		
20	119.95	15.63	15.63		
30	91.87	11.97	11.97		
40	75.15	9.79	9.79		
50	63.95	8.33	8.33		
60	55.89	7.28	7.28		
70	49.79	6.49	6.49		
80	44.99	5.86	5.86		
90	41.11	5.36	5.36		
100	37.90	4.94	4.94		
110	35.20	4.59	4.59		

Subdrainage Area: Area (ha): C:	BLDG 0.13 1.00	Maximum Storage Depth:	Roof 150 n

tc (min)	I (100 yr) (mm/hr)	Qactual (L/s)	Qrelease (L/s)	Qstored (L/s)	Vstored (m^3)	Depth (mm)
10	178.56	64.53	9.46	55.07	33.04	128.4
20	119.95	43.35	9.46	33.89	40.66	137.1
30	91.87	33.20	9.46	23.74	42.73	139.4
40	75.15	27.16	9.46	17.69	42.47	139.1
50	63.95	23.11	9.46	13.65	40.95	137.4
60	55.89	20.20	9.46	10.74	38.65	134.8
70	49.79	17.99	9.46	8.53	35.83	131.5
80	44.99	16.26	9.46	6.80	32.62	127.9
90	41.11	14.86	9.46	5.39	29.13	123.4
100	37.90	13.70	9.46	4.23	25.41	117.0
110	35.20	12.72	9.46	3.26	21.51	110.4
120	32.89	11.89	9.46	2.42	17.46	103.5

Roof Storage

	Depth	Head	Discharge	Vreq	Vavail	Discharge
	(mm)	(m)	(L/s)	(cu. m)	(cu. m)	Check
100-year Water Level	139.42	0.14	9.46	42.73	52.00	0.00

Stormwater Management Calculations

Project #160410274, Holland Cross Modified Rational Method Calculatons for Storage

				-
SUMMARY TO OUTLET				
		Vrequired Vava	ilable*	
Tributary Area	0.230 ha			
Total 2yr Flow to Sewer	28.2 L/s	10	71 m ³	OI
Non-Tributary Area	0.050 ha			
Total 2yr Flow Uncontrolled	8.0 L/s			
Total Area	0.280 ha			
Total 2yr Flow	36.2 L/s			1
Target	51.5 L/s			

Project #160410274, Holland Cross Modified Rational Method Calculatons for Storage

	Vrequired Va	vailable*
0.230 ha	vioquilou vui	ranabio
28.2 L/s	61	71 m ³
0.050 ha		
23.3 L/s		
0.280 ha		
51.5 L/s		
51.5 L/s		
	28.2 L/s 0.050 ha 23.3 L/s 0.280 ha 51.5 L/s	0.230 ha 28.2 L/s 61 0.050 ha 23.3 L/s 0.280 ha 51.5 L/s

Appendix D Design Criteria and Report Excerpts April 20, 2023

Appendix D DESIGN CRITERIA AND REPORT EXCERPTS

D.1 2013 HOLLAND CROSS EXPANSION SWM REPORT EXCERPTS





Land / Site Development

Municipal

Infrastructure

Environmental / Water Resources

Traffic/

Transportation

Structural

Recreational

Planning

Land/Site Development

Planning Application Management

Municipal

Planning

Documents & **Studies**

Expert Witness

(OMB)

Wireless Industry

Landscape **Architecture**

Urban Design & Streetscapes

Recreation & Parks

Planning

Environmental

Restoration

Sustainable Design



HOLLAND CROSS EXPANSION CITY OF OTTAWA

SERVICING & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

HOLLAND CROSS EXPANSION CITY OF OTTAWA

SERVICING & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

Prepared For:

Colonnade Development Ltd.

16 Concourse Gate, Suite 200 Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7S8

Prepared By:

NOVATECH

Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa, Ontario K2M 1P6

> December 2013 Revised August 2014

Novatech File: 113150 Ref: R-2013-108



August 25, 2014

City of Ottawa
Planning and Growth Management Department
Development Review (Urban) Services Branch
Infrastructure Approvals Division
110 Laurier Avenue West
Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1

Attention: Kristin Bazinet

Dear Madam:

Re: 1560 Scott Street - Holland Cross Expansion

Servicing Design Brief Our File No.: 113150

Please find enclosed six (6) copies of the Holland Cross Expansion – Servicing and Stormwater Management Report, dated August 2014. This report has been revised per City comments and is hereby submitted for approval.

If you have any questions, please contact the undersigned.

Yours truly,

NOVATECH

Cara Ruddle, P.Eng. Project Manager

cc: Kelly Rhodenizer, Colonnade Development Ltd.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	1
EXISTING AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT	1
WATERMAIN SERVICING	1
SANITARY SERVICING	2
STORM SERVICING	2
Proposed Site Drainage	3
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES	3
Temporary Measures	3
CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	4
Figures 1 Key Plan 2 Existing Site Conditions 3 Proposed Site Plan 4 Existing Servicing 5 Downstream Sanitary Drainage Areas 6 General Plan of Grading and Servicing 7 Erosion and Sediment Control Plan	
	 Key Plan Existing Site Conditions Proposed Site Plan Existing Servicing Downstream Sanitary Drainage Areas General Plan of Grading and Servicing

List of Appendices

Appendix A	Watermain Information
Appendix B	Sanitary Sewer Information
Appendix C	Engineering Figures
Appendix D	City of Ottawa Checklist

Novatech

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd. has been retained by Colonnade Development Ltd. to prepare a Servicing and Stormwater Management Report in support of the rezoning and site plan applications. The site is located at 1560 Scott Street on the southeast corner of the intersection of Scott Street and Holland Street in the City of Ottawa. Figure 1 is a Key Plan showing the site location.

2.0 EXISTING AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The property is approximately 3.2 hectares in size and is currently occupied by an existing seven storey tall complex consisting of two six storey office towers on top of a 1 storey retail podium. The site is bounded by office buildings to the north (Holland Cross), residential housing to the east and west, and residential condominiums to the south. Figure 2 shows the existing conditions of the site.

It is proposed to demolish part of the existing 1 storey retail building, and to construct a 12 storey office building (approximately 18,000ft² per floor) over the existing parking garage. Therefore, the building footprint will remain the same. Underground parking is already provided as part of the previous development. Refer to Figure 3 – Proposed Site Plan for details.

3.0 WATERMAIN SERVICING

The existing building complex is serviced by two 150mm diameter water services from Holland Ave and Bullman St, and one 50mm diameter water service from Scott Street. These existing water services connect to the municipal water system surrounding the existing development. The internal building water system will be extended to service the proposed development. Refer to Figure 4 – Existing Services for details on the existing water system.

Hydraulic boundary conditions were provided by the City of Ottawa and are as follows:

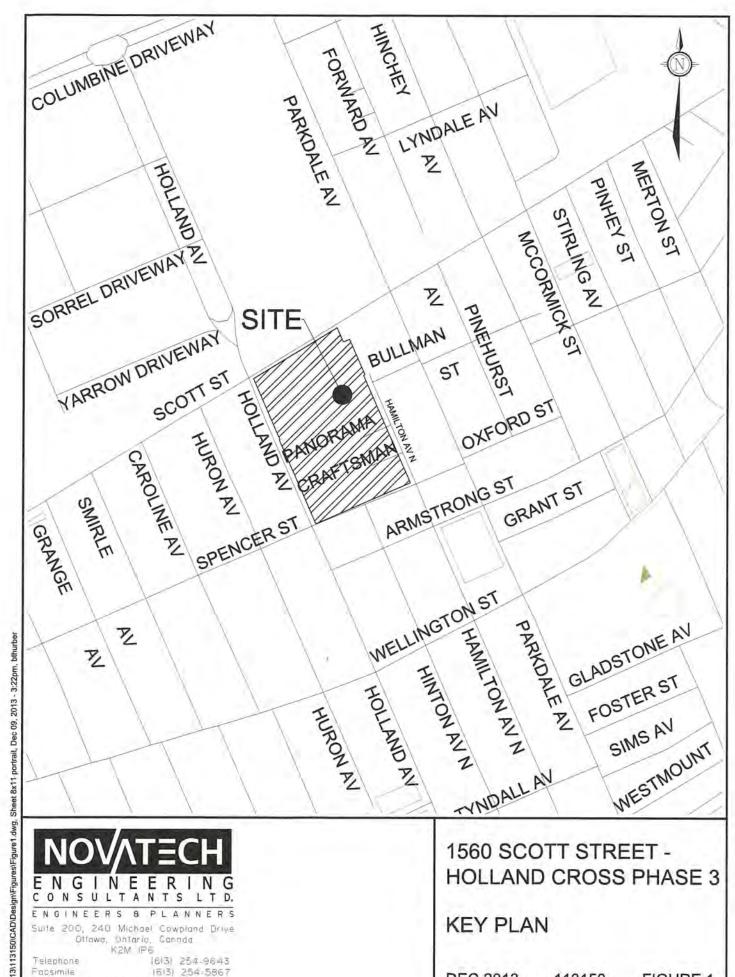
Minimum HGL = 107.4m Maximum HGL = 115.8m Max Day + FF = 77.5m

3.1 Domestic Water Demand

The following domestic water demands are based on the City of Ottawa Water Distribution Guidelines (Gross Site Area), and the Ontario Building Code, OBC, (Gross Floor Area). The Gross Floor Area method results in a more conservative value, which is used for this report. Refer to Appendix A for detailed calculations.

Estimated water demands for the entire complex including the proposed expansion are as follows:

 $Q_{avg day} = (47,409m^2 / 9.3 m^2/pers) \times 75L/pers/day$ $Q_{avg day} = 382,331L/day = 4.43 L/s$



DEC 2013

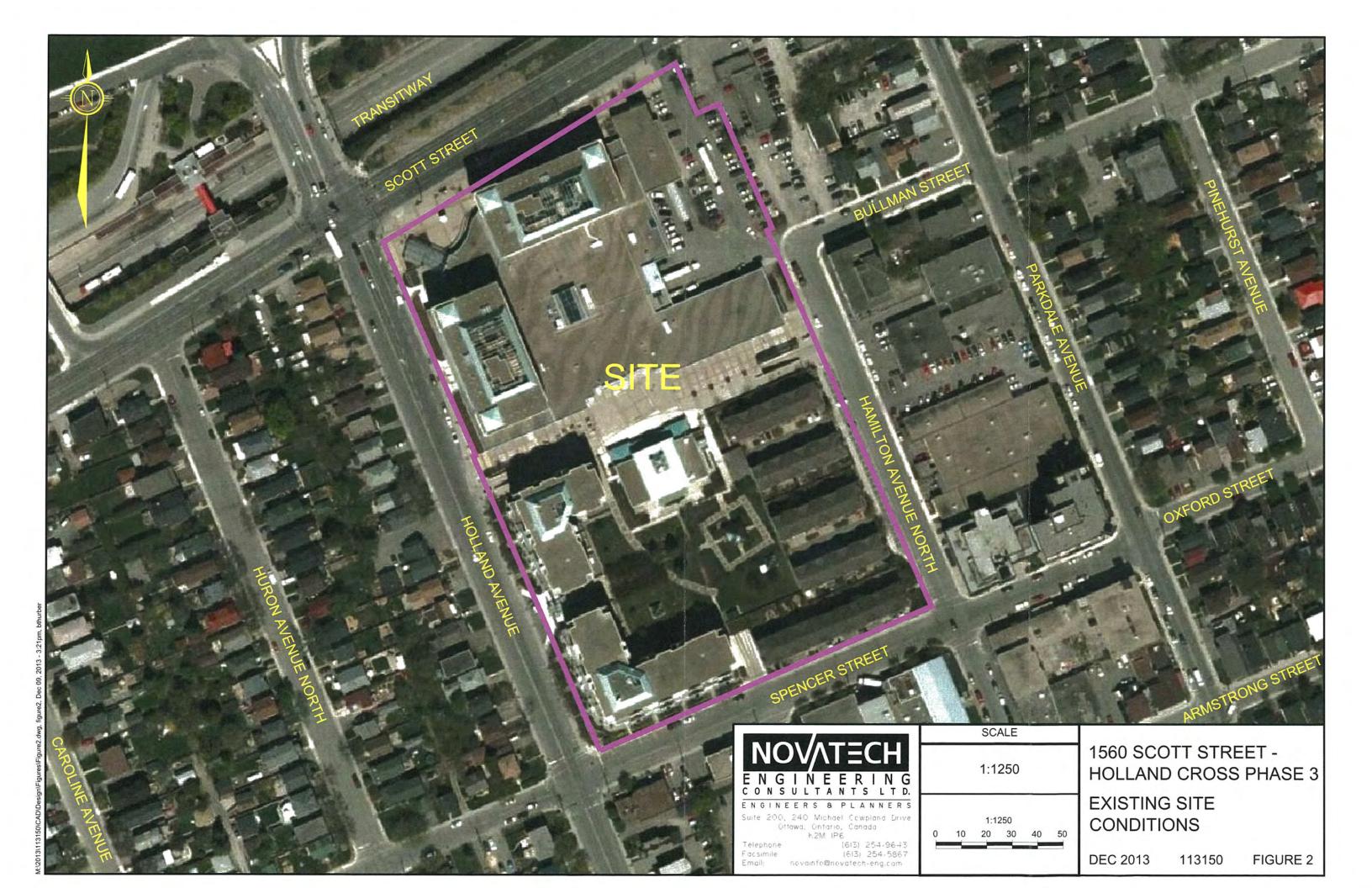
113150

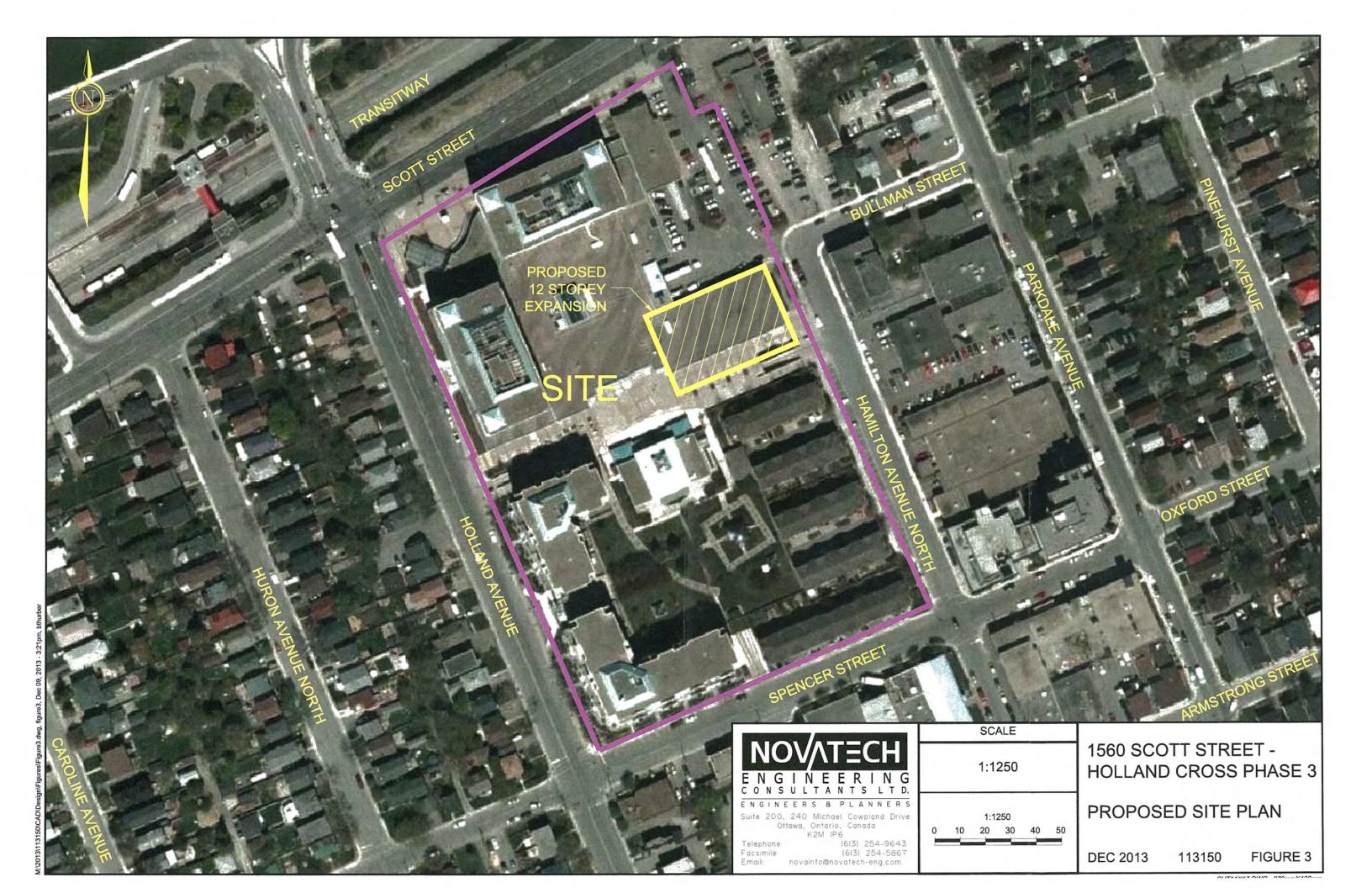
FIGURE 1

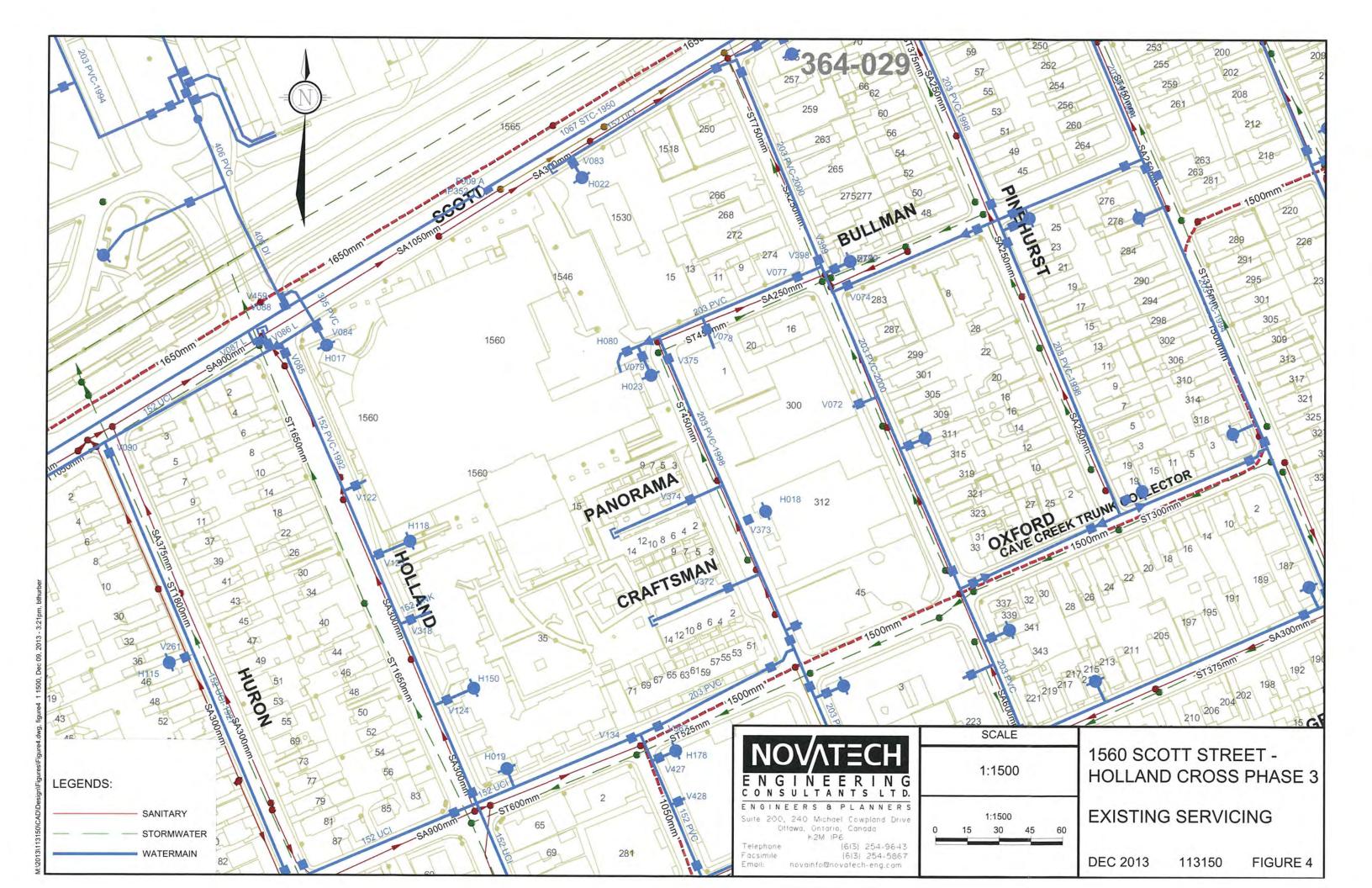
Sheet 8x11 portrait, Dec 09, 2013 - 3:22pm. bthurber

Email:

navaintel@novatech-eng.com







3.2 Fire Demand

For this type of building, the existing underground parking garage is classified as "Ordinary Hazard" (Group 1), and the new office building is classified as "Light Hazard." The calculations for required fire flow are based on the existing garage; therefore there is only a marginal increase in the required fire flow for the new addition.

The required fire demand is calculated using the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Guidelines. The required fire demand is calculated to be 100L/s using the FUS method. Using the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard for Sprinkler Systems the supply requirement is 41.0L/s for the sprinklers and hoses. Refer to Appendix A for detailed calculations.

According to the hydraulic boundary conditions provided by the City, the existing 200mm dia. watermain on Hamilton Street and Bullman Avenue has a hydraulic grade line of 77.5m at the maximum day demand plus a fire demand of 92.7L/s. This results in 92.7L/s of fire flow available at 22.4psi. Therefore the existing municipal watermain can provide the fire demand at a pressure greater than 20 psi.

4.0 SANITARY SERVICING

The existing building is serviced by a 150mm diameter sanitary which connects to an existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer within the Hamilton Street right-of-way. It is proposed to extend the internal plumbing to service the proposed development.

A review of the existing downstream sewer system is required to ensure there are no capacity issues. The sanitary flows from the proposed development are calculated to be 2.8L/s. Drainage areas and flows have been calculated for the downstream area and input into a sanitary sewer design sheet. There appears to be no issue with capacity in the existing sanitary sewer system due to the proposed development. Refer to Appendix B for flow calculations, the drainage area plan and sanitary sewer design sheet.

5.0 STORM SERVICING

5.1 Existing Drainage and Servicing

As indicated previously, the site is currently developed with single storey building as part of an existing office and retail development. The existing building is serviced by an existing 200mm storm service that connects to a 450mm diameter storm sewer at the Hamilton Avenue / Bullman Street intersection.

Stormwater from the building areas flow into roof drains and outlets to storm services which connect to the City storm sewer system along Scott Street, Holland Avenue and Hamilton Avenue. The remaining parking area sheet drains to catchbasins which outlet to the City storm sewer system on Scott Street.

Novatech Page 2

5.2 Proposed Site Drainage

Stormwater from the proposed development will drain to roof drains and outlet to the existing storm service per existing conditions and continue to outlet to the existing storm sewer on Hamilton Avenue.

5.3 Stormwater Management

The building footprint will not change from existing conditions. Therefore, there is no increase in storm flows from the proposed development and stormwater management is not required.

6.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

6.1 Temporary Measures

Temporary erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during construction. Silt fence and filter cloth catches will be used as erosion and sediment control measures. Details are provided on Figure 7.

Filter cloth catches should be inspected daily, and after every rain event to determine maintenance, repair or replacement requirements. Sediments or granulars that enter site sewers shall be removed immediately by the contractor. These measures will be implemented prior to the commencement of construction and maintained in good order until vegetation has been established.

Novatech Page 3

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The conclusions of this report are as follows:

- Water servicing, including both domestic and fire protection, can be provided by connection to the existing watermain infrastructure along Bullman Street.
- Sanitary flows for the proposed development have been calculated and there is sufficient capacity within the existing City sanitary sewer system along Bullman Street to service the development.
- Quantity and quality control of stormwater is not required, as there will be no change to the existing stormwater drainage.
- The existing overland flow route will be maintained.

C. J. RUDDLE

OVINCE OF O

Erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during construction.

NOVATECH

Prepared by:

Reviewed by:

Cara Ruddle, P.Eng. Project Manager

J. Lee Sheets, CET Sr. Project Manager

APPENDIX A

Watermain Information

The following are boundary conditions (provided by the City of Ottawa), HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 150 Holland Avenue assumed to be connected to the 200mm on Hamilton Street and Bullman Avenue.

Minimum HGL = 107.4m

Maximum HGL = 115.8m

Max Day + FF (92.7 L/s) = 77.5 m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Pressure Check:

Centreline of road at the intersection of Hamilton Street and Bullman Avenue = 61.7m (refer to the City as-built drawings)

2.31ft = 1 psi

Maximum HGL = $(115.8m - 61.7m) \times 3.281ft/m \div 2.31ft/1psi = 76.8psi$

Minimum HGL = $(107.4m - 61.7m) \times 3.281ft/m \div 2.31ft/1psi = 64.9psi$

• The system has adequate pressure under peak hour demand condition.

Fire Flow Check

Max Day + FF $(92.7L/s) = (77.5m - 61.7m) \times 3.281ft/m \div 2.31ft/1psi = 22.4psi$

The system has adequate pressure for fire flow conditions.



1560 Scott Street HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

Job no. 113150

12 Storey New Expansion Water Demand									
Node Area Demand (L/s)									
Node	Area	Average Day	Max. Daily	Peak Hour					
Gross Floo	r Area (m	2)							
New	19564	1.83	2.74	3.29					
Existing	27845	2.60	3.90	7.02					
Total	47409	4.43	6.64	10.30					
Gross Site	Area (ha)								
New	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00					
Existing	1.7	0.53	0.80	1.44					
Total	1.7	0.53	0.80	1.44					

Notes:

- All water demand calculations based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines for Water Distribution Table 4.2.
- Water Demand is based assuming all lands to be Other Commercial with a demand of 28,000L/gross ha/d.
- Peaking Factors: Maximum Daily Demand = 1.5 average daily demand; Peak Hour = 1.8 max daily demand.
- Gross Floor Area demand calculations based on Ontario Building Code; 9.3 m²/pers and 75 L/pers/day

12 Storey Office Building Fire Flow Calculations - Holland Cross Expansion

As per Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines

PROJECT: Holland Cross Expansion DATE: December 12, 2013

JOB#: 113150

Coefficient related to type of construction	[yes/no]					
Wood frame			1.5			
Ordinary construction			1			
 Non-combustible construction 			0.8			
 Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs) 	yes		0.6			
 Interpolation (Using FUS Tables) 						
Foot Print of New Tower				18,610		
Gross Floor area of Expanded Common Podium				99,060	ft2	
Gross Floor area of Existing Garage				129,920	ft ²	
Area of structure considered (m²)	5,320		<==>	57,269	ft ²	7
(All floors excluding Basement, under 2-Storeys)						_
*Note: This assumes protected openings, and consipodium, plus 25% of the GFA of each of the two adj Garage)						
Required fire flow (L/min)						
$F = 220 \text{ C } (A)^{0.5}$				10,000	L/min	_
Occupancy hazard reduction of surcharge	[yes/no]					
Non-combustible		_	-25%			
 Limited combustible 	yes		-15%	* Due to Pa	arking G	ara
Combustible			0%			
Free burning			15%			
Rapid burning			25%	8.500	L/min	(
Sprinkler Reduction						= \
Non-combustible - Fire Resistive (3)	yes		50%	4,250	L/min	_ (2
Exposure surcharge (cumulative (%))	[yes/no]					
0 - 3 m			25%			
3.1 - 10 m			20%			
10.1 - 20 m	yes		15%	1 side	15%	
20.1 - 30 m	yes		10%	1 side	10%	
30.1- 45 m	no		5%	1 side		
			Cumula	ative Total	25%	
				2,125	L/min	
Fire Wall Separation						
 Number of Party Walls * 1000 L/min 					30.7	
(As one City of Ottown Standard)				2,125	L/min	_(3
(As per City of Ottawa Standard)						-
REQUIRED FIRE FLOW [(1) - (2) + (3)]					L/min	
		or		100	L/min L/s IGPM	

64.5.9* For individual fasteners, the loads determined in 6-4.5.6 shall not exceed the allowable loads provided in Figure 6-4.5.9.

The type of fasteners used to secure the bracing assembly to the structure shall be limited to those shown in Figure 6-4.5.9. For connections to wood, through bolts with washers on each end shall be used. Holes for through bolts shall be $^1/_{16}$ in. (1.6 mm) greater than the diameter of the bolt.

Exception No. 1: Where it is not practical to install through bolts due to the thickness of the member or inaccessibility, lag screws shall be permitted. Holes shall be pre-drilled $^1/_8$ in. (3.2 mm) smaller than the maximum root diameter of the lag screw.

Exception No. 2: Other fastening methods are acceptable for use if certified by a registered professional engineer to support the loads determined in accordance with the criteria in 6-4.5.9. Calculations shall be permitted where required by the authority having jurisdiction.

6.4.5.10 Sway bracing assemblies shall be listed for a maximum load rating. The loads shall be reduced as shown in Table 6-4.5.10 for loads that are less than 90 degrees from vertical.

Exception: Where sway bracing utilizing pipe, angles, flats, or rods as shown in Table 6-4.5.8 is used, the components do not require listing. Bracing fittings and connections used with those specific materials shall be listed.

Table 6-4.5.10 Allowable Horizontal Load on Brace Assemblies Based on the Weakest Component of the Brace Assembly

Brace Angle	Allowable Horizontal Load
30–40 degrees from vertical	Listed load rating divided by 2.000
45–59 degrees from vertical	Listed load rating divided by 1.414
60–89 degrees from vertical	Listed load rating divided by 1.155
90 degrees from vertical	Listed load rating

6-4.5.11 Bracing shall be attached directly to feed and cross mains. Each run of pipe between changes in direction shall be provided with both lateral and longitudinal bracing.

Exception: Pipe runs less than 12 ft (3.6 m) in length shall be permitted to be supported by the braces on adjacent runs of pipe.

6-4.5.12 A length of pipe shall not be braced to sections of the building that will move differentially.

6-4.6 Restraint of Branch Lines.

6-4.6.1* Restraint is considered a lesser degree of resisting loads than bracing and shall be provided by use of one of the following:

- (1) A listed sway brace assembly
- (2) A wraparound U-hook satisfying the requirements of 6-4.5.3, Exception No. 3
- (3) No. 12, 440-lb (200-kg) wire installed at least 45 degrees from the vertical plane and anchored on both sides of the pipe
- (4) Other approved means

Wire used for restraint shall be located within 2 ft (610 mm) of a hanger. The hanger closest to a wire restraint shall be of a type that resists upward movement of a branch line.

6-4.6.2 The end sprinkler on a line shall be restrained against excessive vertical and lateral movement.

6-4.6.3* Where upward or lateral movement would result in an impact against the building structure, equipment, or finish materials, branch lines shall be restrained at intervals not exceeding 30 ft (9 m).

6-4.6.4* Sprig-ups 4 ft (1.2 m) or longer shall be restrained against lateral movement.

6-4.7 Hangers and Fasteners Subject to Earthquakes.

6-4.7.1 C-type clamps (including beam and large flange clamps) used to attach hangers to the building structure in areas subject to earthquakes shall be equipped with a restraining strap. The restraining strap shall be listed for use with a C-type clamp or shall be a steel strap of not less than 16 gauge thickness and not less than 1 in. (25.4 mm) wide for pipe diameters 8 in. (203 mm) or less and 14 gauge thickness and not less than $1^1/_4$ in. (31.7 mm) wide for pipe diameters greater than 8 in. (203 mm). The restraining strap shall wrap around the beam flange not less than 1 in. (25.4 mm). A lock nut on a C-type clamp shall not be used as a method of restraint. A lip on a "C" or "Z" purlin shall not be used as a method of restraint.

Where purlins or beams do not provide an adequate lip to be secured by a restraining strap, the strap shall be throughbolted or secured by a self-tapping screw.

6.4.7.2 C-type clamps (including beam and large flange clamps), with or without restraining straps, shall not be used to attach braces to the building structure.

6-4.7.3 Powder-driven fasteners shall not be used to attach braces to the building structure.

Exception: Powder-driven fasteners shall be permitted where they are specifically listed for service in resisting lateral loads in areas subject to earthquakes.

6-4.7.4 Powder-driven fasteners shall not be used to attach hangers to the building structure where the systems are required to be protected against earthquakes using a horizontal force factor exceeding $0.50~W_p$, where W_p is the weight of the water-filled pipe.

Exception: Powder-driven fasteners shall be permitted where they are specifically listed for horizontal force factors in excess of 0.50 W_{ν} .

Chapter 7 Design Approaches

7-1 General.

7-1.1 Water demand requirements shall be determined from the occupancy hazard fire control approach of Section 7-2.

Exception: Special design approaches as permitted in Section 7-9.

7-1.2 For buildings with two or more adjacent occupancies that are not physically separated by a barrier or partition capable of delaying heat from a fire in one area from fusing sprinklers in the adjacent area, the required sprinkler protection for the more demanding occupancy shall extend 15 ft (4.6 m) beyond its perimeter.

7-2 Occupancy Hazard Fire Control Approach.

7-2.1 Occupancy Classifications.

7-2.1.1 Occupancy classifications for this standard relate to sprinkler installations and their water supplies only. They shall not be used as a general classification of occupancy hazards.

7-2.1.2 Occupancies or portions of occupancies shall be classified according to the quantity and combustibility of contents, the expected rates of heat release, the total potential for energy release, the heights of stockpiles, and the presence of flammable and combustible liquids, using the definitions contained in Section 1-4. Classifications are as follows:

Light hazard

Ordinary hazard (Groups 1 and 2)

Extra hazard (Groups 1 and 2)

Special occupancy hazard (see Section 7-10)

7-2.2 Water Demand Requirements — Pipe Schedule Method.

7-2.2.1 Table 7-2.2.1 shall be used in determining the minimum water supply requirements for light and ordinary hazard occupancies protected by systems with pipe sized according to the pipe schedules of Section 8-5. Pressure and flow requirements for extra hazard occupancies shall be based on the hydraulic calculation methods of 7-2.3. The pipe schedule method shall be permitted only for new installations of 5000 ft² (465 m²) or less or for additions or modifications to existing pipe schedule systems sized according to the pipe schedules of Section 8-5. Table 7-2.2.1 shall be used in determining the minimum water supply requirements.

Exception No. 1: The pipe schedule method shall be permitted for use in systems exceeding $5000 \, \mathrm{ft}^2$ ($465 \, \mathrm{m}^2$) where the flows required in Table 7-2.2.1 are available at a minimum residual pressure of $50 \, \mathrm{psi}$ ($3.4 \, \mathrm{bar}$) at the highest elevation of sprinkler.

Exception No. 2: The pipe schedule method shall be permitted for additions or modifications to existing extra hazard pipe schedule systems.

7-2.2.2 The lower duration value of Table 7-2.2.1 shall be acceptable only where remote station or central station waterflow alarm service is provided.

7-2.2.3* The residual pressure requirement of Table 7-2.2.1 shall be met at the elevation of the highest sprinkler. (See the Exceptions to 7-2.2.1).

7-2.2.4 The lower flow figure of Table 7-2.2.1 shall be permitted only where the building is of noncombustible construction or the potential areas of fire are limited by building size or compartmentation such that no open areas exceed 3000 ft² (279 m²) for light hazard or 4000 ft² (372 m²) for ordinary hazard.

Table 7-2.2.1 Water Supply Requirements for Pipe Schedule Sprinkler Systems

Occupancy Classification	Minimum Residual Pressure Required (psi)	Acceptable Flow at Base of Riser (Including Hose Stream Allowance) (gpm)	Duration (minutes)
Light hazard	15	500-750	30-60
Ordinary hazard	20	850-1500	60-90

For SI units, 1 gpm = 3.785 L/min; 1 psi = 0.0689 bar.

7-2.3 Water Demand Requirements — Hydraulic Calculation Methods.

7-2.3.1 General.

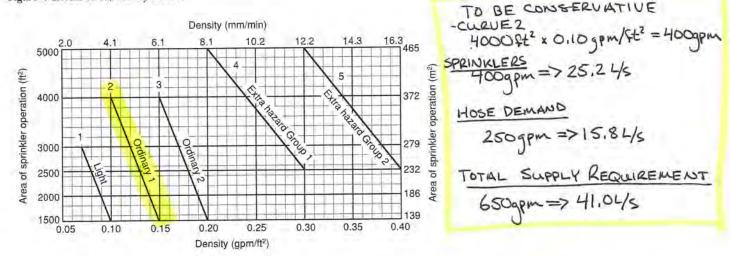
7-2.3.1.1* The minimum water supply requirements for a hydraulically designed occupancy hazard fire control sprinkler system shall be determined by adding the hose stream demand from Table 7-2.3.1.1 to the water supply for sprinklers determined in 7-2.3.1.2. This supply shall be available for the minimum duration specified in Table 7-2.3.1.1.

Exception No. 1: An allowance for inside and outside hose shall not be required where tanks supply sprinklers only.

Exception No. 2: Where pumps taking suction from a private fire service main supply sprinklers only, the pump need not be sized to accommodate inside and outside hose. Such hose allowance shall be considered in evaluating the available water supplies.

7-2.3.1.2 The water supply for sprinklers only shall be determined either from the area/density curves of Figure 7-2.3.1.2 in accordance with the method of 7-2.3.2 or be based upon the room design method in accordance with 7-2.3.3, at the discretion of the designer. For special areas under consideration, as described in 7-2.3.4, separate hydraulic calculations shall be required in addition to those required by 7-2.3.2 or 7-2.3.3.

Figure 7-2.3.1.2 Area/density curves.



7-2.3.1.3 Regardless of which of the two methods is used, the following restrictions shall apply:

- (a) For areas of sprinkler operation less than 1500 ft² (139 m²) used for light and ordinary hazard occupancies, the density for 1500 ft² (139 m²) shall be used. For areas of sprinkler operation less than 2500 ft² (232 m²) for extra hazard occupancies, the density for 2500 ft² (232 m²) shall be used.
- (b) *For buildings having unsprinklered combustible concealed spaces (as described in 5-13.1.1 and 5-13.7), the minimum area of sprinkler operation shall be 3000 ft² (279 m²).

Exception No. 1: Combustible concealed spaces filled entirely with noncombustible insulation.

Exception No. 2: "Light or ordinary hazard occupancies where noncombustible or limited combustible ceilings are directly attached to the bottom of solid wood joists so as to create enclosed joist spaces 160 ft⁸ (4.8 m³) or less in volume.

Exception No. 3: *Concealed spaces where the exposed surfaces have a flame spread rating of 25 or less and the materials have been demonstrated to not propagate fire in the form in which they are installed in the space.

- (c) Water demand of sprinklers installed in racks or water curtains shall be added to the ceiling sprinkler water demand at the point of connection. Demands shall be balanced to the higher pressure. (See Chapter 8.)
- (d) Water demand of sprinklers installed in concealed spaces or under obstructions such as ducts and cutting tables need not be added to ceiling demand.
- (e) Where inside hose stations are planned or are required, a total water allowance of 50 gpm (189 L/min) for a single hose station installation or 100 gpm (378 L/min) for a multiple hose station installation shall be added to the sprinkler requirements. The water allowance shall be added in 50gpm (189-L/min) increments beginning at the most remote hose station, with each increment added at the pressure required by the sprinkler system design at that point.
 - (f) When hose valves for fire department use are attached to wet pipe sprinkler system risers in accordance with 5-15.5.2, the water supply shall not be required to be added to standpipe demand as determined from NFPA 14, Standard for the Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems.

Exception No. 1: Where the combined sprinkler system demand and hose stream allowance of Table 7-2.3.1.1 exceeds the requirements of NFPA 14, Standard for the Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems, this higher demand shall be used.

Exception No. 2: For partially sprinklered buildings, the sprinkler demand, not including hose stream allowance, as indicated in Table 7-2.3.1.1 shall be added to the requirements given in NFPA 14, Standard for the Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems.

- (g) Water allowance for outside hose shall be added to the sprinkler and inside hose requirement at the connection to the city water main or a yard hydrant, whichever is closer to the system riser.
- (h) The lower duration values in Table 7-2.3.1.1 shall be permitted where remote station or central station waterflow alarm service is provided.
- (i) Where pumps, gravity tanks, or pressure tanks supply sprinklers only, requirements for inside and outside hose need not be considered in determining the size of such pumps or tanks.
- **7-2.3.1.4** Total system water supply requirements shall be determined in accordance with the hydraulic calculation procedures of Section 8-4.

7-2.3.2 Area/Density Method.

7-2.3.2.1 The water supply requirement for sprinklers only shall be calculated from the area/density curves in Figure 7-2.3.1.2 or from Section 7-10 where area/density criteria is specified for special occupancy hazards. When using Figure 7-2.3.1.2, the calculations shall satisfy any single point on the appropriate area/density curve as follows:

- (1) Light hazard area/density curve 1
- (2) Ordinary hazard (Group 1) area/density curve 2
- (3) Ordinary hazard (Group 2) area/density curve 3
- (4) Extra hazard (Group 1) area/density curve 4
- (5) Extra hazard (Group 2) area/density curve 5

It shall not be necessary to meet all points on the selected curve.

Exception: Sprinkler demand for storage occupancies as determined in Sections 7-3 through 7-8.

7-2.3.2.2 For protection of miscellaneous storage, miscellaneous tire storage, and storage up to 12 ft (3.7 m) in height, the discharge criteria in Table 7-2.3.2.2 shall apply.

Table 7-2.3.1.1† Hose Stream Demand and Water Supply Duration Requirements for Hydraulically Calculated Systems

Occupancy or Commodity Classification	Inside Hose (gpm)	Total Combined Inside and Outside Hose (gpm)	Duration (minutes)
Light hazard	0, 50, or 100	100	30
Ordinary hazard	0, 50, or 100	250	60-90
Extra hazard	0, 50, or 100	500	90-120
Rack storage, Class I, II, and III commodities up to 12 ft (3.7 m) in height	0, 50, or 100	250	90
Rack storage, Class IV commodities up to 10 ft (3,1 m) in height	0, 50, or 100	250	90
Rack storage, Class IV commodities up to $12~\mathrm{ft}~(3.7~\mathrm{m})$ in height	0, 50, or 100	500	90
Rack storage, Class I, II, and III commodities over 12 ft (3.7 m) in height	0, 50, or 100	.500	90
Rack storage, Class IV commodities over 12 ft (3.7 m) in height and plastic commodities	0, 50, or 100	500	120
General storage, Class I, II, and III commodities over 12 ft (3.7 m) up to $20 \text{ ft } (6.1 \text{ m})$	0, 50, or 100	500	.90
General storage, Class IV commodities over 12 ft (3.7 m) up to 20 ft (6.1 m)	0, 50, or 100	500	120
General storage, Class I, II, and III commodities over 20 ft (6.1 m) up to 30 ft (9.1 m)	0, 50, or 100	.500	120
General storage, Class IV commodities over 20 ft (6.1 m) up to 30 ft (9.1 m)	0, 50, or 100	500	150
General storage, Group A plastics ≤ 5 ft (1.5 m)	0, 50, or 100	250	90
General storage, Group A plastics over 5 ft (1.5 m) up to 20 ft (6.1 m)	0, 50, or 100	500	120
General storage, Group A plastics over 20 ft (6.1 m) up to 25 ft (7.6 m)	0, 50, or 100	500	150

For SI units, 1 gpm = 3.785 L/min.

Alex McAuley

From:

White, Joshua < Joshua. White@ottawa.ca>

Sent:

October-29-13 3:49 PM

To:

Alex McAuley

Cc:

Cara Ruddle

Subject:

RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Good eye Alex. There was a mistake in the model. We are looking into it please find the revision below to the HGL.

The Max Day + FF HGL is actually 77.5m, not 112.2m.

Cheers

Josh

From: Alex McAuley [mailto:a.mcauley@novatech-eng.com]

Sent: October 11, 2013 11:28 AM

To: White, Joshua Cc: Cara Ruddle

Subject: RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Josh,

Can you please double check the HGL below? The Max Day + Fire Flow is 4.8m above the Min HGL, which is unusual.

Thank you,

Alex McAuley, P.Eng Project Engineer

Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd 200-240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa . Ontario . Canada . K2M 1P6

Office: 613-254-9643 Fax: 613-254-5867

The information contained in this email message is confidential and is for exclusive use of the addressee.

From: Alex McAuley

Sent: October-11-13 11:22 AM

To: 'White, Joshua' Cc: Cara Ruddle

Subject: RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Thank you Josh,

Regards,

Alex McAuley, P.Eng Project Engineer

Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd 200-240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa . Ontario . Canada . K2M 1P6

Office: 613-254-9643 Fax: 613-254-5867

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From: White, Joshua [mailto:Joshua.White@ottawa.ca]

Sent: October-11-13 9:44 AM

To: Alex McAuley Cc: Cara Ruddle

Subject: RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Hi Alex,

I have received the revised boundary conditions.

Cheers

Josh

Please find attached the revised boundary conditions for the above noted

****The following information may be passed on to the consultant, but do NOT forward this e-mail directly.****

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 1560 Scott Street (zone 1W) assumed to be connected to the existing 152mm on Bullman (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL = 107.4 m

Maximum HGL = 115.8 m

Max Day + FF (92.7 L/s) = 112.2 m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

From: Alex McAuley [mailto:a.mcauley@novatech-eng.com]

Sent: October 08, 2013 10:04 AM

To: White, Joshua Cc: Cara Ruddle

Subject: RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Hi Josh,

Thank you for the information.

We will be reusing the existing 150mm diameter water service that is fed from the corner of Bullman Street and Hamilton Ave N. The information provided below is for the Holland Street service, and gives us approximately 22.8psi during fire flow conditions which is sufficient. We are close to the Scott Street trunk watermain, so I wouldn't anticipate a major drop, but will there be any change to the HGL at that location?

I attached a sketch with the location of the service we are proposing to use.

Regards,

Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd 200-240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa . Ontario . Canada . K2M 1P6

Office: 613-254-9643 Fax: 613-254-5867

The information contained in this email message is confidential and is for exclusive use of the addressee.

From: White, Joshua [mailto:Joshua.White@ottawa.ca]

Sent: October-07-13 11:10 AM

To: Alex McAuley

Subject: RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Hi Alex,

Here is the results of the water boundary condition modeling.

Cheers

Josh

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 1560 Scott Street (zone 1W) assumed to be connected to the existing 152mm on Holland Avenue (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL = 108.8 m Maximum HGL = 115.3 m Max Day + FF (92.7 L/s) = 77.0 m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

From: Alex McAuley [mailto:a.mcauley@novatech-eng.com]

Sent: September 27, 2013 10:36 AM

To: White, Joshua

Subject: RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Hi Josh,

We will be reusing the existing water connection.

Alex McAuley, P.Eng Engineer

Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd 200-240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa . Ontario . Canada . K2M 1P6

Office: 613-254-9643 Fax: 613-254-5867

The information contained in this email message is confidential and is for exclusive use of the addressee.

From: White, Joshua [mailto:Joshua.White@ottawa.ca]

Sent: September-26-13 1:19 PM

To: Alex McAuley

Subject: RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Hi Alex,

Just to confirm the water connection will be from the internal private water main, or are you planning on installing a connection to the water main in the street.

Cheers

Josh

From: Alex McAuley [mailto:a.mcauley@novatech-eng.com]

Sent: September 26, 2013 11:44 AM

To: White, Joshua Cc: Cara Ruddle

Subject: RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Josh,

Per our phone conversation yesterday, I have revised our fire flow calculations for the new addition based on FUS for a sprinklered office building with fire resistive construction.

I have calculated the fire flows and demands based on the new expansion only, as the existing two towers have independent services.

Fire Flow (FUS) = 92.7 L/s Average Daily Flow = 1.88 L/s Max Day Flow = 2.81 L/s Max hourly Flow = 3.38 L/s

Please let me know if you require additional information.

Regards,

Alex McAuley, P.Eng Engineer

Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd 200-240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa . Ontario . Canada . K2M 1P6

Office: 613-254-9643 Fax: 613-254-5867

The information contained in this email message is confidential and is for exclusive use of the addressee.

From: Cara Ruddle

Sent: September-19-13 11:02 AM

To: Alex McAuley

Subject: FW: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Cara Ruddle, P.Eng. Project Manager

Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd 200-240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa . Ontario . Canada . K2M 1P6

Office: 613-254-9643 x 220

Fax: 613-254-5867

The information contained in this email message is confidential and is for exclusive use of the addressee.

From: White, Joshua [mailto:Joshua.White@ottawa.ca]

Sent: September-19-13 11:05 AM

To: Cara Ruddle

Subject: RE: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Hi Cara,

The fire flow should be based off of the Fire Under Writers Survey. Also the may I please have the following information;

Average Daily Flow: I/s Max Day Flow: I/s Max hourly Flow: I/s

I have put in a request to our ISD regarding possible servicing constraints in the area and I will relay them to you once I have received them.

Cheers

Josh

From: Cara Ruddle [mailto:c.ruddle@novatech-eng.com]

Sent: September 19, 2013 10:43 AM

To: White, Joshua

Subject: Holland Cross - 1560 Scott Street

Josh:

Using the NFPA 13 Sprinkler/Hose demands and a max day office demand we have calculated a fire flow requirement of 650gpm (43.82L/s) for the new 12 storey building. We would use the existing 150mm water service at the corner of Bullman and Hamilton.

Sanitary flows are calculated to be just less than 3.0 L/s. The sanitary connection for the building is also by the intersection of Bullman and Hamilton.

As discussed, please provide boundary conditions for the water system and any servicing constraints that you are aware of for this development.

Please call or email if you have any questions. Thanks.

Cara Ruddle, P.Eng. Project Manager

Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd 200-240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa . Ontario . Canada . K2M 1P6

Office: 613-254-9643 x 220

Fax: 613-254-5867

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APPENDIX B

Sanitary Sewer Information

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET

PROJECT:

113150

DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY: ARM CJR

DATE: 09-Dec-13

DATE REVISED:



	LOCATIO	ON						JO	BS & POPUL	ATION							PROPOSED	SEWER PIPE			CHEC
		7-5-3	-	Jobs	Population		CUMULATIVE		Jobs/Co	mmercial	Рори	lation	PEAK EXTRAN.	PEAK DESIGN		PIPE ID	TYPE OF		CAPACITY	FULL FLOW	Qpeak/
STREET	FROM	то	AREA (ha)	(per ha) 207	(per ha) 48	Jobs	POP.	AREA (ha)	PEAK FACTOR (M)	FLOW Q(p) (L/s)	PEAK FACTOR (M)	POP. FLOW Q(p) (L/s)	FLOW Q(i) (L/s) 0.28	FLOW Q(d) (L/s)	DIA. (mm)	(mm)	PIPE	SLOPE (%)	(L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	Qcap
Hamilton Av N	Oxford	Bullman	1.05	217	50	217	50	1.05	1.50	0.28	4.00	0.81	0.29	1.39	250	251.5	DR 35	0.24	29.6	0.60	4.7%
2 Storey Office	Bullman			2161	0	2161	0	1.05	1.50	2.81	4.00	0.00	0.29	3.11	250	251.5	DR 35	0.24	29.6	0.60	10.5%
Bullman	Hamilton	Parkdale	0.36	75	17	2453	67	2.46	1.50	3.19	4.00	1.09	0.69	4.97	250	251.5	DR 35	0.24	29.6	0.60	16.8%
Parkdale	Oxford	Bullman	1.30	269	62	2722	129	3.76	1.50	3.54	4.00	2.09	1.05	6.69	250	251.5	DR 35	0.24	29.6	0.60	22.6%
Parkdale	Bullman	Scott	0.75	155	36	2877	165	4.51	1.50	3.75	4.00	2.67	1.26	7.68	250	251.5	DR 35	0.24	29.6	0.60	26.0%
Scott		Parkdale	1.62	335	78	335	78	1.62	1.50	0.44	4.00	1.26	0.45	2.15	250	251.5	DR 35	0.24	29.6	0.60	7.3%
Scott	Parkdale	Pinehurst	0.17	35	8	3247	251	6.30	1.50	4.23	4.00	4.07	1.76	10.06	250	251.5	DR 35	0.24	29.6	0.60	34.0%
Scott	Pinehurst	Carruthers	2.25 1.50	466 311	108 72	3713 4024	359 431	8.55 10.05	1.50	4.83	4.00	5.82	2.39	13.05	300	299.4	DR 35	0.19	41.9	0.60	31.1%
Scott	Carruthers	Stirling	1.40	290	67	4314	498	11.45	1.50	5.24 5.62	4.00 3.98	6.98 8.02	2.81 3.21	15.04 16.84	300 300	299.4	DR 35	0.19	41.9	0.60	35.9%
Scott	Stirling	Pinhey	1.47	304	71	4618	569	12.92	1.50	6.01	3.94	9.09	3.62	18.72	300	299.4 299.4	DR 35 DR 35	0.19 0.19	41.9	0.60	40.2%
Scott	Pinhey	Merton	1.72	356	83	4974	652	14.64	1.50	6.48	3.91	10.33	4.10	20.91	300	299.4	DR 35	0.19	41.9	0.60	49.9%

Notes:

1. Q(d) = Q(p) + Q(i), where

Q(d) = Design Flow (L/sec)

Q(p) = Population Flow (L/sec)

Q(i) = Extraneous Flow (L/sec)

2. Q(i) = 0.28 L/sec/ha

3. Q(p) = (PxqxM/86.4), where

P = Persons (Population = 48/ha, Jobs=207/ha)

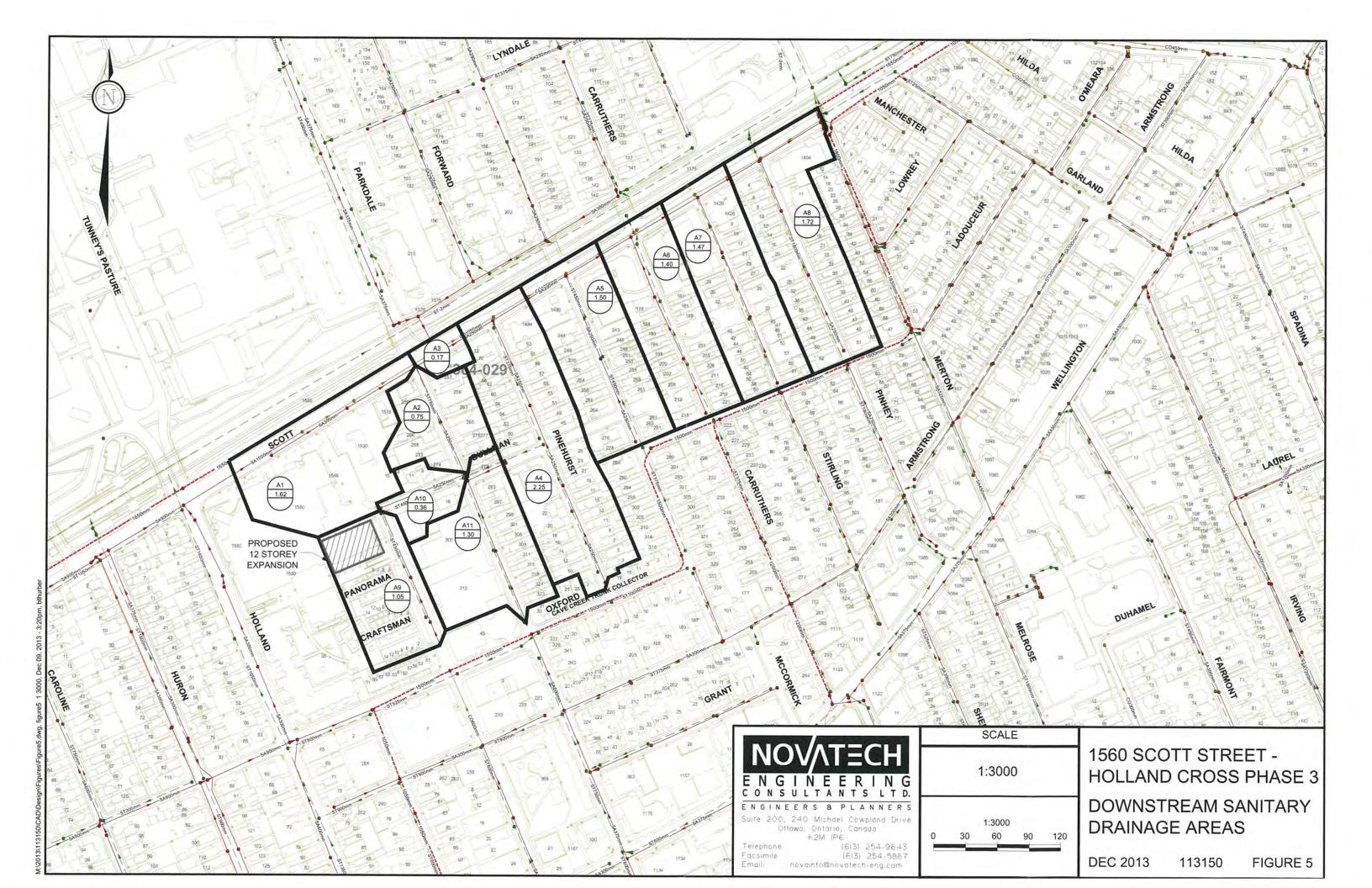
q = Average per capita flow = 350 L/cap/day

M = Harmon Formula (maximum of 4.0)

4. Depth of flow/Diameter from Hydraulic properties of circular pipes flowing partially full

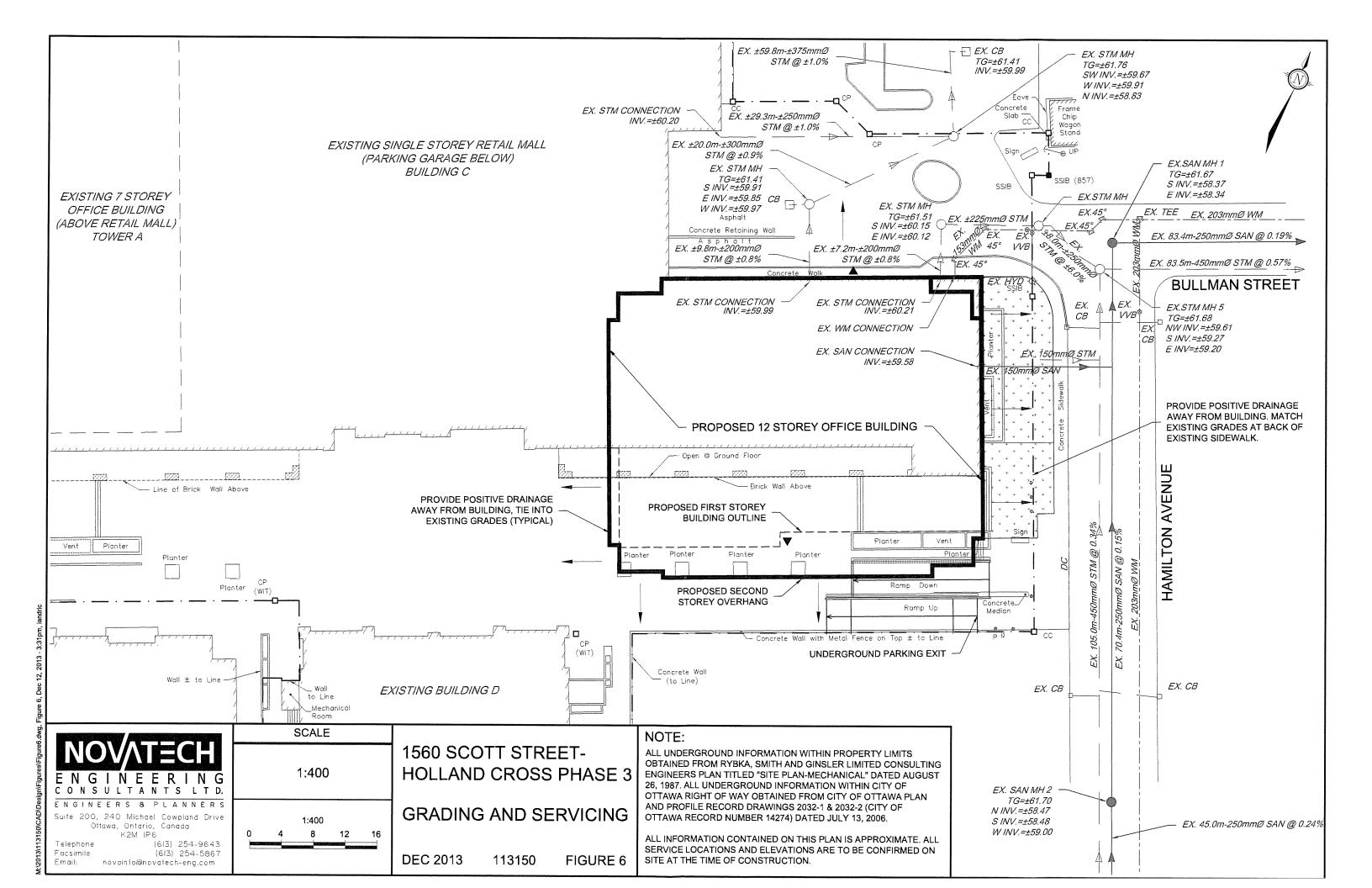
5. Population/Jobs Target Density 2031 = 250/ha (17915 jobs, 4204 pop = 255/ha density at 2031) per Figure 30 for Tunney's-Quad area (Residential Land Strategy for Ottawa 2006-2031, City of Ottawa Feb 2009)

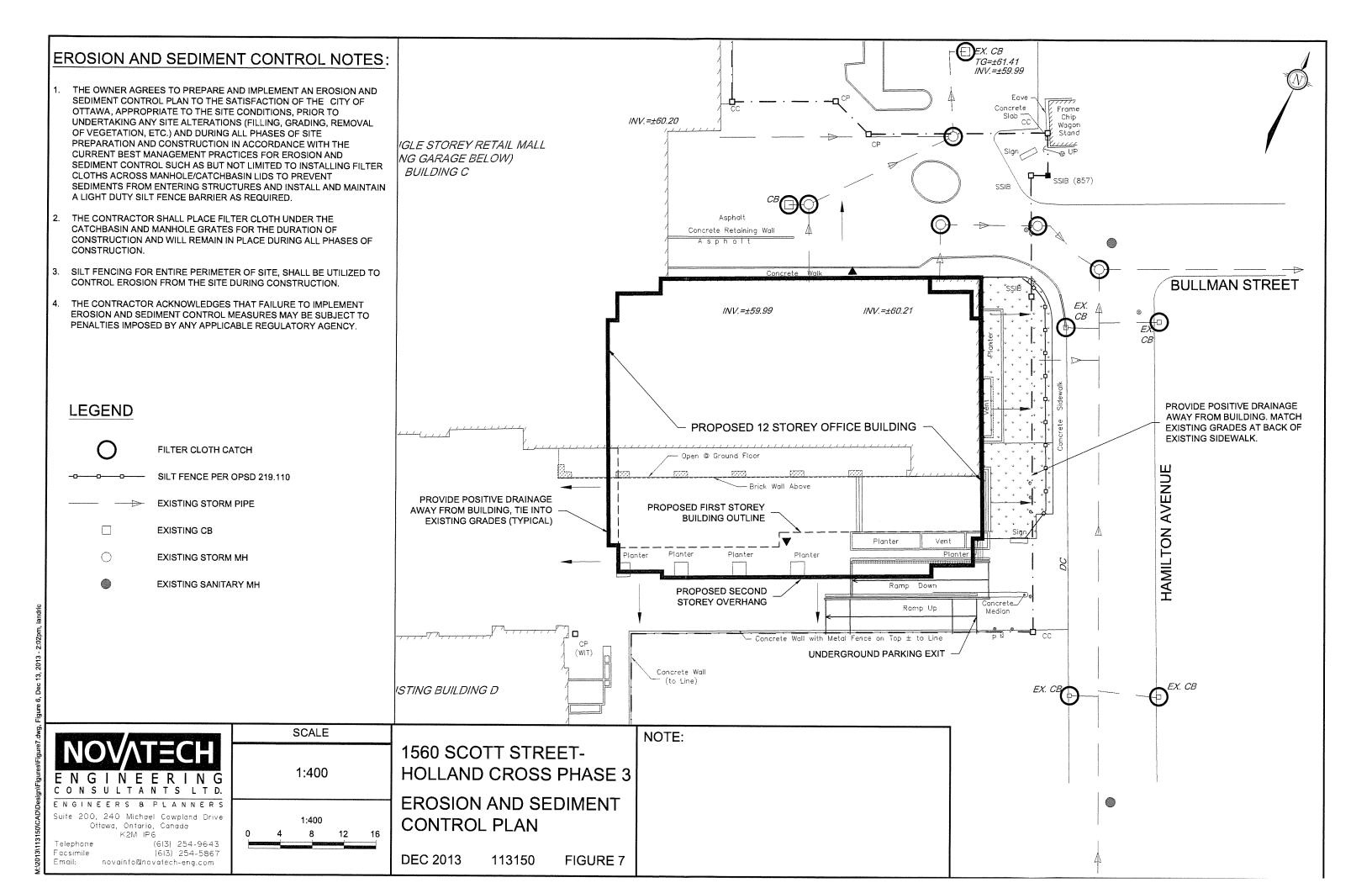
Breakdown	Jobs	Population
Projected	17915	4204
Percentage	81.0%	19.0%
At 255/ha =	207	48



APPENDIX C

Engineering Figures





APPENDIX D

City of Ottawa Checklist



Date: 13/12/2013

4.1 General Content	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Section	Comments
Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	NA		
Date and revision number of the report.	Υ		
Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	Y		
Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Y		
Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual	N		Refer to Planning Rationale
developments must adhere.			
Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	N		
Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defendable design criteria.	NA		
Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	Y		
Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	Y		
Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	NA		
Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighboring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	NA		The proposed building will occupy the majority of the site.



Date: 13/12/2013

4.1 General Content	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Section	Comments
Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	NA		
Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	NA		
Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	NA		
All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information:			
Metric scale	Y		
North arrow (including construction North)	Y		
Key plan	Y		
Name and contact information of applicant and property owner	Y		
Property limits including bearings and dimensions	Υ		
Existing and proposed structures and parking areas	Y		
Easements, road widening and rights-of-way	Y		
Adjacent street names	Y		



Date: 13/12/2013

4.2 Water	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Section	Comments
Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available.	N		None Known
Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development.	Y		
Identification of system constraints.	N		None Known
Identify boundary conditions.	Υ		City supplied
Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure.	Υ		
Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.	Y		
Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	Y		
Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design.	NA		No phasing planned
Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut- off valves.	Y		
Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification.	NA		
Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range.	Y		
Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions.	Y		
Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	NA		
Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Y		
Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	NA		



Date: 13/12/2013

4.3 Wastewater	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Section	Comments
Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	Y		
Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.	N		
Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.	N		
Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.	Y		
Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)	Y		
Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.	Y		
Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains.	Y		
Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).	NA		
Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	NA		
Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity.	NA		
Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	NA		
Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	NA		



Date: 13/12/2013

4.4 Stormwater	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Section	Comments
Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlet (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property).	Y		
Analysis of the available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	N		Hard surface areas and theferore, storm flows are not being increased.
A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns and proposed drainage patterns.	N		Drainage patterns are not being altered.
Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	Y		
Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	N		The site will be roof and underground parking (sanitary sewer)
Description of stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information.	Y		
Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	NA		
Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	NA		
Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	NA		
Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	NA		
Storage requirements (complete with calcs) and conveyance capacity for 5 yr and 100 yr events.	Υ		
Identification of watercourse within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	NA		
Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	NA		
Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	NA		
Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and SWM facilities.	NA		
If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	NA		



Date: 13/12/2013

4.4 Stormwater	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Section	Comments
Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	NA		
Description of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	NA		
100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	NA		
Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including HGL elevations.	NA		
Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.	NA		
Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	NA		
Identification of fill constrains related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	NA		



Date: 13/12/2013

4.5 Approval and Permit Requirements	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Section	Comments
Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	NA		
Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	NA		
Changes to Municipal Drains.	NA		
Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)	NA		

4.6 Conclusion	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Section	Comments
Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations.	Υ		
Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	Y		
All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario.	Y		

SITE SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT, HOLLAND CROSS OTTAWA, ON

Appendix D Design Criteria and Report Excerpts April 20, 2023

D.2 JUNE 14, 2022 CITY MEETING MINUTES



Johnson, Warren

From: Fawzi, Mohammed <mohammed.fawzi@ottawa.ca>

Sent: Friday, June 17, 2022 12:06 PM

To: Johnson, Warren

Cc: Kilborn, Kris; Shahzadeh, Serene; Cody, Neal

Subject: RE: 1560 Scott Street

Attachments: Roof Drain Control Letter - Template.docx

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Completed

Hi Warren,

Thank you for the summary.

I've attached the Roof Drain Control Letter, which I kindly ask to be completed and signed and attached as an appendix in the servicing report. Regarding the hydrant classifications and flow that can be considered from a given hydrant, please refer to City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin IST-2018-02 Appendix I Table 1.

Let me know if you wish to discuss further. Thank you.

Best Regards,

Mohammed Fawzi, P.Eng.

Project Manager

Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department - Services de la planification, de l'infrastructure et du développement économique

Development Review - Central Branch

City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa

110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue. Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1 613.580.2424 ext./poste 20120, Mohammed.Fawzi@ottawa.ca

Please note that due to the current situation, I am working remotely. Email is currently the best way to contact me

From: Johnson, Warren < Warren. Johnson@stantec.com>

Sent: June 14, 2022 2:37 PM

To: Fawzi, Mohammed < mohammed.fawzi@ottawa.ca>

Cc: Kilborn, Kris <kris.kilborn@stantec.com>; Shahzadeh, Serene <Serene.Shahzadeh@stantec.com>; Cody, Neal

<Neal.Cody@stantec.com> **Subject:** 1560 Scott Street

CAUTION: This email originated from an External Sender. Please do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the source.

ATTENTION : Ce courriel provient d'un expéditeur externe. Ne cliquez sur aucun lien et n'ouvrez pas de pièce jointe, excepté si vous connaissez l'expéditeur.

Hi Mohammad,

As a follow up from today's meeting see below items discussed:

- FUS is required when OBC calculations exceed 9000 L/min. New boundary conditions will be requested with the revised calculation. A sketch should be provided illustrating the distance from the existing hydrants to the proposed building. Mohammad to provide information regarding hydrant classifications.
- The comment regarding the allowable release rate using a runoff coefficient of 0.5 can be deleted. As per discussion in the previous meeting, given that this is not a full modification to the property a post to pre swim analysis is acceptable (pre-development C being 0.86). We will review correspondence to see if there was an email to this effect from the meeting with Eric.
- The northern drainage area (EXT-1) can be discounted from the allowable release rate since only minor revisions are being made to this area.
- Rooftop storage plans are not required given that the roof plan is subject to change prior to building permit
 and the servicing report provides a very conservative volume estimate. A line will be added to the report to
 indicate that the mechanical consultant is required to provide a sign-off letter confirming that they will respect
 the requirements outlined in the servicing report.
- It was noted that dual water services are required for the building. Pending mechanical confirmation, the secondary service will be provided by the existing water stub off of the Bullman Street access to the north of the proposed building.

If you have any questions let me know.
Thanks,
Warren Johnson C.E.T. Civil Engineering Technologist
Direct: 613 784-2272 Warren.Johnson@stantec.com
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2

SITE SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT, HOLLAND CROSS OTTAWA, ON

Appendix E Drawings April 20, 2023

Appendix E DRAWINGS

