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STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT Proposed Residential Development 42 Northside Road OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Prepared For: Rohit Communities Ontario Inc. 550 91 Street SW, Suite 101 Edmonton, Alberta T6X 0V1

PROJECT #: 211099

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- 211099 GR Grading Plan
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1 INTRODUCTION

Kemptville, Ontario K0G 1J0

Kollaard Associates was retained by Rohit Communities Ontario Inc. to complete a Stormwater Management Report for a proposed 5 storey residential apartment building development in Ottawa, Ontario.

This report will summarize the stormwater management (SWM) design requirements and proposed works that will address stormwater flows arising from the site under post-development conditions. The report will identify any stormwater servicing concerns and also describe any measures to be taken during construction to minimize erosion and sedimentation. This report will also address the capacity of the existing municipal storm sewer to hydraulically convey the stormwater runoff from the site.

The proposed development is located at 42 Northside Road, Ottawa, Ontario. The property is on the southeast side of Northside Road immediately east of the west segment of Thorncliff Place.

The site has a total area of 0.12 hectares and is currently occupied by a vacant 1-storey commercial building. It is understood that the existing building will be removed and a new residential building with an approximately 883 square meter footprint will be constructed. The proposed development is to consist of a 5-storey building with 2 levels of underground parking.

On-site stormwater detention will be provided and the discharge rate from the stormwater storage will be restricted to ensure that the post-development runoff rate from the site during a 1 to 100 year design storm will be less than or equal to the predevelopment runoff rate for the 5 year design storm event. The stormwater storage requirements will be met for all design storm events up to and including the 100-year design storm on the roof for the proposed building.

Calculations of the required storage volumes have been prepared based on the modified Rational Method as identified in Section 5.4 and Section 8.3.10.3 of the City's Sewer Guidelines.

Design of the stormwater management system was completed in conformance with the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012 as amended).



2 STORMWATER DESIGN

2.1 Background

The majority of the runoff from the existing property currently drains via overland sheet flow towards the northwest flowing onto Northside Road and towards the southwest flowing onto Thorncliff Place.

The storm sewer along Thorncliff Place consists of a 375 mm diameter concrete pipe which outlets to the storm sewer trunk along Northside Road at storm manhole MHST20040. The storm sewer along Northside Road west of Thorncliff Place consists of a 750 mm diameter concrete pipe. This concrete storm sewer increases in diameter to a 900 mm storm sewer at storm manhole MHST20040 and is 900 mm in diameter immediately adjacent the site.

2.2 Stormwater Management Design Criteria

The SWM design criteria was provided by the City of Ottawa and the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority during the pre-consultation meeting and were summarized in the Pre-Consultation Meeting Notes. (Included in Appendix C) 100 year post development flow from the proposed development will be restricted to 5 year pre-development flow assuming a maximum pre-development runoff coefficient of C = 0.5.

2.2.1 Quantity Control Design Criteria

The quantity control design criteria were provided by the City of Ottawa and are as follows:

- Design Storm for receiving sewer: 5-design Storm;
- Runoff Coefficient to model pre-development conditions is to be the lesser of C = 0.5 or C = pre-development;
- Time of Concentration (Tc) to be calculated. Minimum Tc = 10 minutes;
- The post-development runoff rate from a 100-year storm event is to be controlled to the 5year pre-development runoff rate.
- Storm sewers to be designed and sized based on the rational formula and the Manning's Equation under free flow conditions for the 5-year storm using a 10-minute inlet time.

2.2.2 Quality Control Design Criteria

The quality control design criteria was provided by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority and is as follows:

- The RVCA has no concerns, Based on the overall design and site plan, the RVCA will not have any water quality requirements;
- Best management practices are encouraged where possible.



2.3 Stormwater Quantity Control

2.3.1 Methodology

The peak flow and runoff rates for quantity control purposes during both Pre-Development and Post-Development stages of the project were calculated using the rational method. The rational method is a common and straightforward calculation, which assumes that the entire drainage area is subject to uniformly distributed rainfall. The formula is:

$$Q = \frac{CiA}{360}$$

Where

Q is the Peak runoff measured in m^3/s C is the Runoff Coefficient, Dimensionless A is the runoff area in *hectares i* is the storm intensity measure in *mm/hr*

All values for intensity, i, for this project were derived from IDF curves provided by the City of Ottawa for data collected at the Ottawa International airport. For this project two return periods were considered, 5 and 100-year events. The formulas for each are:

5-Year Event

$$i = \frac{998.071}{\left(t_c + 6.053\right)^{0.814}}$$

100-Year Event

$$i = \frac{1735.688}{\left(t_c + 6.014\right)^{0.82}}$$

Where t_c is time of concentration

2.3.2 Runoff Coefficients

Runoff coefficients for impervious surfaces (roofs, asphalt, and concrete) were taken as 0.90, gravel areas were taken as 0.60, patio stones were taken as 0.7 and pervious surfaces (grass) were taken as 0.20.

A 25% increase for the post development 100-year runoff coefficients was used as per City of Ottawa guidelines.



2.3.3 Pre-development Site Conditions

As previously indicated, the site is located at 42 Northside Road. The property has a total area of about 0.12 hectares and is currently occupied by a vacant 1 -storey commercial building.

The adjacent property to the Northeast is a large church serviced with an asphalt parking lot. Topographic data and aerial photography indicate that the abutting parking lot drains away from the subject site and as such will not contribute offsite runoff to pre-development conditions.

The adjacent property to southeast appears to be a 1 storey commercial building used as the head office for Warlyn Construction Ltd. The property shares a common asphalt surface with the subject site. Topographic data indicates that a small portion of the adjacent property may contribute runoff onto the subject site, however, runoff originating from the adjacent property will be intersected by a property line swale during post development conditions and directed to towards Thorncliff Place to the Southwest. For this reason it is considered that no offsite runoff from the adjacent property to the southeast will be considered during the assessment of the pre-development runoff rate for the site.

Drawing 211099-PRE Pre-development Conditions shows the pre-development conditions and catchment areas considered for the proposed development.

2.3.4 Time of Concentration

The time of concentration for pre-development conditions was determined by referencing the Inlet Time Graph in Appendix 5-D of the Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. The maximum length of flow under pre-development conditions is about 26 metres towards Northside Road and about 31 metres towards Thorncliff Place. The existing ground surface is sloped to Northside at about 1.0 to 1.8 percent and toward Thorncliff Place at about 0.6 to 1.0 percent. The existing ground surface is mostly covered with asphaltic concrete pavement and has a runoff coefficient for pre-development conditions of 0.82 as indicated in section 2.3.5 of this report. From the Inlet Time Graph, a length of 31 metres, combined with a slope of 0.5 percent and an asphalt pavement surface results in an inlet time of about 5 minutes. Since the minimum time of concentration to be used is 10 minutes, a time of concentration of 10 minutes was used to model pre-development conditions and post-development uncontrolled runoff conditions.



2.3.5 Pre-development Runoff Coefficient

Pre-development site conditions are summarised in the following Table 2-1.

Table 2-1 – Summary of Pre-Development Runoff Coefficients

PRE-DEVELOPMENT

	Runoff Coefficient		Area	
Description	5-year	100year	(ha)	
			0.124	
Gravel	0.60	0.75	0.000	
Asphalt/ Concrete/ Roof	0.90	1.00	0.110	
Patio Stones/Pavers	0.70	0.88	0.000	
Grass	0.20	0.25	0.014	
Weighted Average C	0.82	0.92		

It is understood that pre-development conditions will be considered as the lesser of current conditions or conditions resulting in a runoff coefficient of 0.5.

Based on the existing ground cover the pre-development runoff coefficient was calculated to be 0.82. However, the predevelopment runoff coefficient used for the purpose of this stormwater management design was C = 0.5.

2.3.6 Pre-development Flow Rate

Using the IDF curve formula for the Ottawa International Airport with a time of concentration of 10 minutes results in a rainfall intensity of 104.19 mm/hr for a 5 year design storm. Using the Rational Method, the previously calculated runoff coefficients and a storm intensity of 104.19 mm/hr, the pre-development runoff rate for the 5-year storm is:

5 year = 2.78 x 0.5 x 104.19 x 0.124= 17.9 L/s

In keeping with the stormwater management criteria, the total allowable runoff rate from the site is equal to the pre-development runoff rate occurring during a 5 year storm event. As such, the total allowable post-development runoff rate for the site is 17.9 L/s.

2.3.7 Post-Development Controlled and Uncontrolled Areas

For the purposes of this storm water management design, the site has been divided into uncontrolled and controlled areas as outlined on drawing 211099-SWMP Stormwater Management Plan and Catchment Areas. The site has two controlled areas.

The first controlled area is comprised of the main roof of the building. This roof area is considered as catchment 1 (CA1-upper roof). The upper roof area has an area of 0.082 Ha. The



upper roof will be constructed to accommodate stormwater storage. Outlet from the upper roof will be restricted by six WATTS Accutrol Roof Drains (with adjustable flow control) which will direct the roof discharge to internal stormwater plumbing that discharges to the storm service lateral connected to Thorncliff Place west of the site.

The second controlled area is the small roof section on the northeast side of the building located above level 2. This roof area is considered as catchment 2 (CA2 –lower roof). The lower roof section has an area of 0.008 Ha. CA2 will also be constructed to accommodate stormwater storage. Discharge from the lower roof will be restricted by two WATTS Accutrol Roof Drains (with adjustable flow control) which will also direct the discharge to the internal stormwater plumbing.

The site has one uncontrolled area. Since the building's footprint occupies the majority of the site, there is insufficient area available adjacent to the building to provide for appreciable detention and storage. As such, all of the surface areas in between the footprint of the building and the respective property lines are considered as one uncontrolled area (UA1). UA1 has an area of 0.033 Ha and is comprised of a combination of landscaped grass areas, ground level terrace, and concrete surfaces at the garage entrance and garbage collection area. Runoff from UA1 will be conveyed by surface flow and shallow swales without restriction to Northside Road and Thorncliff Place.

The following table provides a summary of the post development conditions.

Catchment	Runoff Coefficient	Runoff Coefficient	Catchment Area
Area ID.	(5yr)	(100yr)	(Ha)
Controlled CA1	0.90	1.00	0.082
(upper roof)			
Controlled CA2	0.90	1.00	0.008
(lower roof)			
Uncontrolled	0.43	0.51	0.033
UA1			
Total			0.124

Table 2-2 – Summary of Post-Development Site Conditions

2.3.8 Uncontrolled Runoff

Flow from the uncontrolled area will be directed without restriction towards Northside Road and Thorncliff Place. The maximum allowable release rate from the controlled area equals the allowable post development runoff rate minus the 100-year runoff rate from the uncontrolled portion of the site.

A post-development time of concentration of 10 minutes corresponds to a storm intensity of 104.19 mm/hr and 178.56 mm/hr during the 5-year and 100-year design storm events



respectively. The runoff rate from the uncontrolled areas was calculated using the Rational Method.

$$Q = \frac{CiA}{360}$$

The uncontrolled runoff for the 5 year and 100 year design storm events are as follows (calculations are provided in Appendix A):

5 year = 2.78 x 0.43 x 104.19 x 0.033= 4.1 L/s 100 year = 2.78 x 0.51 x 178.56 x 0.033= 8.4 L/s

2.3.9 Allowable Release Rate

The City of Ottawa requires that post-development stormwater runoff rate during a 100 year design storm event be limited to the to be less than or equal to the pre-development runoff rate, calculated assuming a maximum runoff coefficient of C=0.5, during a 5 year design storm event. To control runoff from the site it will be necessary to limit post-development flows, from the controlled areas, for all design storm events up to and including the 100-year event using onsite inlet controls.

The allowable release rate from the controlled areas of the site is equal to the total allowable runoff rate from the site less the runoff rate from the uncontrolled areas.

 $Q_{controlled} = Q_{total allowable} - Q_{uncontrolled}$

For the 5-year Storm event Q_{controlled}= 17.9 – 4.1L/s = 13.8 L/s

For the 100-year Storm event $Q_{controlled}$ = 17.9 – 8.4L/s = 9.5 L/s

Since the allowable release rate for a 100 year design storm event is less than the allowable release rate for a 5 year design storm event, the flow restriction for the 100 year design storm will govern. As such, the maximum allowable release rate from the combined controlled areas of CA1 and CA2 is limited to 9.5 L/s for a 100 year storm event.

2.3.10 Post Development Restricted Flow and Storage

Runoff generated on site in excess of the allowable release rate will be temporarily stored on both the main or upper roof (including penthouse roof) (CA1) and on the lower or second level roof (CA2). The stored water will be released during and following the storm event at a controlled rate less than or equal to the maximum allowable release rate from the controlled areas.

In order to achieve the allowable controlled area storm water release rate, storm water runoff from the roof CA1 (upper roof) will be controlled by six (6) roof drains fitted with weirs for flow control. The roof drains will be WATTS Large area single slot roof drains with adjustable flow control (RD-100-A1). The weir opening will be adjusted to the half open setting.

In order to achieve the allowable controlled area storm water release rate, storm water runoff from the roof CA2 (lower roof) will be controlled by two (2) roof drains fitted with weirs for flow control. The roof drains will be WATTS Large area single slot roof drains with adjustable flow control (RD-100-A1). The weir opening will be adjusted to the fully exposed mode

The controlled roof drains are selected such that the release rate, which is proportional to the head experienced by the drain, will not exceed the allowable maximum release rate from the controlled areas. Calculations for available rooftop storage are summarized in Appendix A. Roof drain specifications are provided in Appendix B.

The following tables present a summary of the controlled and uncontrolled runoff for each catchment and the required storage resulting from the restriction in flow rate.

Catchment	Outlet Location	100-year design Storm						
Area ID.		Release	Required	Required	Available			
		Rate	Storage Volume	Storage depth	Storage			
		(L/s)	(m ³)	(m)	(m ³)			
UA1	Northside Road							
	/ Thorncliff	8.4	N/A		N/A			
	Place							
CA1 (upper roof)	Storm sewer	6.5	26.0	0.12	57.2			
CA2 (lower roof)	Storm Sewer	1.2	1.9	0.05	10.3			
Total Storm		16 1						
Runoff Rate		10.1						

Table 2-2 – Summary of Runoff Rates and Storage

The total allowable runoff rate from the site was 17.9 L/s. The total actual runoff rate during a 100 year design storm event is 16.1 L/s which is less than the total allowable runoff rate. Refer to Appendix A for a detailed summary of the stormwater management.



2.3.11 Rooftop Storage

Rooftop storage will be provided in CA1(upper roof), and CA2(lower roof).

The storage on the upper roof, CA1, will consist of 6 sections each containing an outlet drain as previously discussed. One section will consist of the penthouse roof. The remaining roof area will be divided into 5 sections. The roof drainage plans obtained from the Architect have been included in Appendix B. The divide between each of the quadrants has been set at each 0.1 or 0.12 m high relative to the drain. When the water is less than 0.10m high relative to the drain, water will be confined within each of the four quadrants. Water levels in excess of 0.10m will result in overflow of the separation between the quadrants and the stored water will be able to drain through any of the quadrants should one or more drains become inoperable. Additionally the roof will be fitted with overflow scuppers located at 0.15m relative to the drains. In the event that ponding occurs during a storm event which significantly exceeds the required storage during a 100 year storm event, or if some or all drains become plugged water can outlet from the roof and will land on the uncontrolled area below and ultimately deposit into the storem drains located on the adjacent street. The roof top storage has been designed to prevent standing water from pooling and is designed with a slope of 2%.

The storage on the lower roof, CA2, will consist of two similar sections, each with an outlet drain as previously discussed. The lower roof will have a maximum and minimum slope of 2.5% and 0.7% respectively. The separation between the two sections will overflow above an elevation of 0.04m relative to the elevation of the drains. Due to the limited space available, above 0.04m, water will be confined by the northeast face of the building above the second floor, and the parapet of the roof of the second floor. The roof will be fitted with overflow scuppers at 0.15m relative to the drain.

Routing of the internal storm pipe directing water from the roofs to the storm lateral is the responsibility of the mechanical engineer.

2.4 Stormwater Quality Control

As previously indicated in the report, quality control requirements for the site have been provided by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority and are referenced in the preconsultation minutes included in Appendix C. Based on the recommendations from RVCA, there are no quality control requirements however best management practices are encouraged.

The major source of stomwater contamination from a site, once development is completed and vegetation is established in the landscaped areas, is the onsite surface parking and roadways.

The surface areas at the site consist of the roof of the building, the landscaped areas, visitor parking area and the walkway and terrace areas.

- Surface parking will be limited to three spaces which will be located under the overhang
 of the second storey footprint and as such will be subject to a reduce quantity of
 participation.
- The roof of the building is not considered to be a major source of suspended solids contamination.
- The runoff from surface area of the below grade parking area driveway is limited to a short section not covered by the building. The remainder of the driveway is covered and not subject to precipitation. Snow melt from the vehicles within the parking garage will be directed to the sanitary sewer.
- The landscaped areas are not considered to be a source of suspended contamination as the landscaped areas provide vegetative filtration of the surface runoff and the vegetation and landscaping protects the ground surface reducing the potential for erosion and eliminating the landscaped ground surface area as a source of suspended solids.
- The walkways are limited in area and will be graded to direct runoff to vegetated surfaces where possible.
- The terraces will be sloped to direct runoff to the landscaped areas only. The terrace areas are private.
- The use of best management practices for the application of salt, sand and other snow and ice removal products can reduce the potential pollution from the walkways.

2.5 Stormwater System Operation and Maintenance

2.5.1 Roof Drains

The Roof Drains should be inspected on a semi-annual basis and following major storm events. Any blockages, trash or debris should be removed. The Roof Drains should be inspected before winter to ensure they have not be clogged with leafs.

2.5.2 Catch basin / Manhole

The catch basins and manholes should be cleaned with a hydrovac excavation truck following completion of construction, paving of the asphaltic concrete surface and establishment of adequate grass cover on the landscaped areas.

Following the initial cleaning the catch basins and manholes should be inspected on a semiannual basis and following major storm events. Any blockages, trash or debris should be removed. Once the sediment accumulation in the catch basins and manhole has reached a level equal to 0.15 metres below the outlet invert of the structure, the sediment should be removed by hydro excavation.



2.5.3 Inspections

The owner or designated Property Management Company is responsible for inspections and maintenance. Records of inspections and maintenance should be kept for each visit. The suggested inspection schedule should be followed until the records indicate a more appropriate site specific schedule.

3 STORM SEWER DESIGN AND SUFFICIENCY OF EXISTING MUNICIPAL STORM SEWER

3.1 Storm Sewer Design

The on-site storm sewers were designed to be in general conformance with the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012 as amended). Specifically, storm sewers were sized using Manning's Equation, assuming a roughness coefficient N = 0.013, to accommodate the uncontrolled runoff from the 5-year storm, under 'open-channel' conditions. The proposed storm sewer lateral between the building and the street will have a diameter of 200 mm. From the sewer design calculations included in Appendix A, the minimum capacity of the lateral is 46.43 L/sec. The unrestricted storm demand on the lateral during a 5-year design storm with a time of concentration of 10 minutes is 23.46 L/sec. As such, the proposed lateral will be sufficient to meet the storm demand under 'open channel flow' conditions.

3.2 Existing Storm Sewer

The proposed storm lateral from the site will be connected to the existing 375 mm diameter concrete storm sewer along Thorncliff Place. The existing storm sewer along the west side of Thorncliff Place increases in size from 300 mm in diameter to 375 mm in diameter at storm manhole MHST20049 approximately 18 metres south of the site. The increase in pipe diameter results in a capacity increase in this storm sewer of 45.4 L/s from 64.2 L/sec to 109.6 L/sec. The increase in storm water demand based on the existing catchment area for this storm sewer is approximately 34.3 L/sec during a 5 year design storm event. (Q=2.78CIA -- 2.78 x 0.50 x 83.56 mm/hr x 0.369 ha = 34.3 L/sec). The difference in between the increase in capacity and the increase in demand is 45.4 L/sec - 34.3 L/sec = 11.1 L/sec. The 375 mm diameter storm sewer from Thorncliff Place discharges into the trunk storm sewer along Northside Road at the location where the trunk sewer increases in diameter from 750 mm to 900 mm.

The pre-development runoff rate from the site was 29.3 L/sec as calculated in the Pre-Development Runoff Rate, Allowable Release Rate And SWM Summary sheet in Appendix A. This flow was divided between Northside Road and Thorncliff. The post-development release rate to Thorncliff is 9.0 L/sec during a 5 year design storm event. This release rate is less than half of the pre-development runoff from the site and is less than the net increase in available capacity in the existing storm sewer of 11.1 L/sec.



As such, the existing storm sewer will have sufficient capacity to accommodate the flow from the site.

4 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

The owner (and/or contractor) agrees to prepare and implement an erosion and sediment control plan at least equal to the stated minimum requirements and to the satisfaction of the the City of Ottawa, appropriate to the site conditions, prior to undertaking any site alterations (filling, grading, removal of vegetation, etc.) and during all phases of site preparation and construction in accordance with the current best management practices for erosion and sediment control. It is considered to be the owners and/or contractors responsibility to ensure that the erosion control measures are implemented and maintained.

In order to limit the amount of sediment carried in stormwater runoff from the site during construction, it is recommended to install a silt fence along the property, as shown in Kollaard Associates Inc. Drawing #211099-ER The silt fence may be polypropylene, nylon, and polyester or ethylene yarn.

If a standard filter fabric is used, it must be backed by a wire fence supported on posts not over 2.0 m apart. Extra strength filter fabric may be used without a wire fence backing if posts are not over 1.0 m apart. Fabric joints should be lapped at least 150 mm (6") and stapled. The bottom edge of the filter fabric should be anchored in a 300 mm (1 ft) deep trench, to prevent flow under the fence. Sections of fence should be cleaned, if blocked with sediment and replaced if torn.

Filter socks should be installed across existing storm manhole and catch basin lids. As well, filter socks should be installed across the proposed catch basin and manhole lids immediately after the structures are placed. The filter socks should only be removed once the asphaltic concrete is installed and the site is cleaned.

The proposed landscaping works should be completed as soon as possible. The proposed granular and asphaltic concrete surfaced areas should be surfaced as soon as possible.

The silt fences should only be removed once the site is stabilized and landscaping is completed.

These measures will reduce the amount of sediment carried from the site during storm events that may occur during construction.



5 CONCLUSIONS

This report addresses the adequacy of the existing municipal storm sewer to service the proposed development of the residential appartment building on Northside Road. Based on the analysis provided in this report, the conclusions are as follows:

SWM for the proposed development will be achieved by restricting the 100 year post development flow to the 5 year pre-development flow assuming a predevelopment runoff coefficient of 0.5.

The existing municipal storm sewers will have adequate capacity to service the proposed development for both domestic and fire protection.

During all construction activities, erosion and sedimentation shall be controlled.

We trust that this report provides sufficient information for your present purposes. If you have any questions concerning this report or if we can be of any further assistance to you on this project, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Sincerely, Kollaard Associates, Inc.



Steven deWit, P.Eng.



Appendix A: Storm Design Information

- Pre Development Runoff Rate, Allowable Release Rate and STM Summary
- Post-Development Runoff Rate Uncontrolled Area
- Actual Discharge Rate and Storage Volume Requirements (CA-1 Main Roof)
- Storage Volume & Discharge Rate Design Sheet CA-1
- Discharge Storage Curve CA-1 Main Roof
- Stage Storage Curve CA-1 Main Roof
- Actual Discharge Rate and Storage Volume Requirements (CA-2 Main Roof)
- · Storage Volume & Discharge Rate Design Sheet CA-2
- Discharge Storage Curve CA-2 Main Roof
- Stage Storage Curve CA-2 Main Roof
- Storm Sewer Service Design Sheet

APPENDIX A: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MODEL PRE-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF RATE, ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE AND SWM SUMMARY

Client:	Rohit Communities Ontario Inc.
Job No.:	211099
Location:	42 Northside Road
Date:	January 19, 2022

PRE DEVELOPMENT FLOW

Runoff Coefficient Equation

 $C = (A_{hard} \times 0.9 + A_{soft} \times 0.2 + A_{gravel} \times 0.6)/A_{tot}$

Area	Surface	На	"C"	Cavg
Total	Gravel	0.000	0.60	0.82
	Roof/Asphalt/Co			
0.1235	ncrete	0.110	0.90	
	Patio Stones	0.000	0.70	
	Grass	0.014	0.20	

5 Yea	r Event							
Pre Dev.	С	Intensity	Area					
5 Year	0.82	104.19	0.123					
2.78CIA	= 29.33							
29.3 L/s								

10

**Use a minute time of concentration for 5 year

	5 Year Event			
Pre Dev.		С	Intensity	Area
5 Year		0.50	104.19	0.123
	2.78CIA= 17	.88		
		17	.9 L/s	
	**Use a	10		

minute time of concentration for 5 year Total Allowable Release: 17.9 L/s

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

Sub Area I.D.	Sub Area (ha)	5 year C	100 year 'C'	Outlet Location	5 Year Flow Rate (L/s)	Required 5 year Storage (m ³)	100 Year Flow Rate (L/s)	Required 100 year Storage (m ³)	100 year Storage Depth (m)
Total Allowable Runoff Rate	from Site								
	0.12				17.9		17.9		
Post-Development Uncontrolle	ed Runoff Rate	from Site							
UA1	0.03	0.43	0.51	Storm	4.1	NA	8.4	NA	
Post-Development Controlled	Release Rate	rom Site							
CA1 (UPPER ROOF)	0.08	0.90	1.00	Storm	5.2	11.0	6.5	26.0	0.12
CA2 (LOWER ROOF)	0.01	0.90	1.00	Storm	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.9	0.05
Total Runoff Rate from Site									
	0.123				10.2		16.1		

APPENDIX A: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MODEL POST-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF RATE - UNCONTROLLED AREA

Client:Rohit Communities Ontario Inc.Job No.:211099Location:42 Northside RoadDate:January 19, 2022

UA1 - UNCONTROLLED AREA

Post Dev run-off Coefficient "C"

			5 Ye	ear Event	100 Y	ear Event	Runoff Coefficient Equation
Area	Surface	На	"C"	Cavg	"C"	C_{avg}	$C = (A_{hard} \times 0.9 + A_{soft} \times 0.2)/A_{tot}$
Total	Gravel	0.000	0.60	0.43	0.75	0.51	
	Roof/ Asphalt/						
0.033	Concrete	0.007	0.90		1.00		
	Patio Stones	0.005	0.70		0.88		
	Grass	0.021	0.20		0.25		

Post Dev Free Flow

5 Year Event				
Pre Dev.	C	Intensity	Area	I
5 Year 2.78CIA= 4.12 4.1 L/S	0.43	104.19	0.033	
**Use a	10	minute time	e of conce	ntration for 5 year

Event			
Pre Dev.	C*	Intensity	Area
100 Year	0.51	178.56	0.033
2.78CIA= 8.4	8.38 L/S		

100 Year

**Use a 10 minute time of concentration for 100 year

*C value multiplied by 1.25 for 100 year event

Equations:

Flow Equation $Q = 2.78 \times C \times I \times A$ Where: C is the runoff coefficient I is the intensity of rainfall, City of Ottawa IDF A is the total drainage area

APPENDIX A: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MODEL ACTUAL DISCHARGE RATE AND STORAGE VOLUME REQUIREMENTS

CA-1 Main Roof

Client:Rohit Communities Ontario Inc.Job No.:211099Location:42 Northside RoadDate:January 19, 2022

**Use a 10 minute time of concentration

(CA1)				5 Y	'ear Event			100 Yea	r Event	
Area ha	Surface	Ha	"C"	Cavg	Intensity (mm/hr)	Runoff Rate (L/s)	"C"	C _{avg}	Intensity (mm/hr)	Runoff Rate (L/s)
	Asphalt/ Concrete/Roof	0.082	0.90	0.90	104.19	21.40	1.00	1.00	178.56	40.74
	Gravel	0.000	0.60				0.75			
	Patio Stone/Semipermeable									
	block	0.000	0.70				0.88			
0.082	Grass	0.000	0.20				0.25			

Storage Requirements for Roof Area (CA1)

5- <u>-</u> 100- <u>-</u>	year Runoff year Runoff	Area = Coefficient = Coefficient =	0.082 0.90 1.00	hectares post devel post devel	opment opment					
		Relea	ase Rate L/s	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Return Period	Time (min)	Intensity (mm/hr)	Flow Q (L/s)	Storage R	equired (m	1 ³)				
5 Year	10	104.19	21.40	11.6	11.0	10.4	9.8	9.2	8.6	8.0
	20	70.25	14.43	14.9	13.7	12.5	11.3	10.1	8.9	7.7
	30	53.93	11.07	16.3	14.5	12.7	10.9	9.1	7.3	5.5
	40	44.18	9.07	17.0	14.6	12.2	9.8	7.4	5.0	2.6
	50	37.65	7.73	17.2	14.2	11.2	8.2	5.2	2.2	-0.8
	60	32.94	6.76	17.2	13.6	10.0	6.4	2.8	-0.8	-4.4
	70	29.37	6.03	16.9	12.7	8.5	4.3	0.1	-4.1	-8.3
	Ma	aximum 5 year	storage rate	17.2	14.6	12.7	11.3	10.1	8.9	8.0
Release Rate L/s		2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
	10	178.56	40.74	23.2	22.6	22.0	21.4	20.8	20.2	19.6
100 Year	20	119.95	27.37	30.4	29.2	28.0	26.8	25.6	24.4	23.2
	30	91.87	20.96	34.1	32.3	30.5	28.7	26.9	25.1	23.3
	40	75.15	17.15	36.3	33.9	31.5	29.1	26.7	24.3	21.9
	50	63.95	14.59	37.8	34.8	31.8	28.8	25.8	22.8	19.8
	60	55.89	12.75	38.7	35.1	31.5	27.9	24.3	20.7	17.1
	70	49.79	11.36	39.3	35.1	30.9	26.7	22.5	18.3	14.1
	80	44.99	10.27	39.7	34.9	30.1	25.3	20.5	15.7	10.9
	Maxir	mum 100 year	storage rate	39.7	35.1	31.8	29.1	26.9	25.1	23.3

APPENDIX A: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MODEL STORAGE VOLUME & DISCHARGE RATE DESIGN SHEET - CA-1

Client:Rohit Communities Ontario Inc.Job No.:211099Location:42 Northside Road

Date: January 19, 2022

Storage Depth (m)	Layer Thickness (m)	Incremental Volume (upper roof) (m ³)	Cumulative Storage Volume (m3)	Release Rate Per Drain (Fully Open) (L/sec)	Release Rate All Drains (L/sec)	Total Outflow (L/sec)
0.15	0.01	6.61	41.96	1.25	7.48	7.48
0.14	0.01	6.03	35.35	1.18	7.11	7.11
0.13	0.01	5.46	29.32	1.12	6.74	6.74
0.12	0.01	4.86	23.86	1.06	6.36	6.36
0.11	0.01	4.23	19.00	1.00	5.99	5.99
0.10	0.01	3.61	14.77	0.94	5.62	5.62
0.09	0.01	3.00	11.16	0.87	5.25	5.25
0.08	0.01	2.44	8.16	0.81	4.87	4.87
0.07	0.01	1.92	5.72	0.75	4.50	4.50
0.06	0.01	1.44	3.80	0.69	4.13	4.13
0.05	0.01	1.04	2.36	0.62	3.73	3.73
0.04	0.01	0.68	1.32	0.50	2.98	2.98
0.03	0.01	0.40	0.64	0.37	2.24	2.24
0.02	0.01	0.20	0.24	0.25	1.49	1.49
0.01	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.75	0.75
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0

Roof Drain Type: Number of Drains: Watts Accutrol Large Area Roof Drain RD-100-A1 - HALF OPEN

6





APPENDIX A: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MODEL ACTUAL DISCHARGE RATE AND STORAGE VOLUME REQUIREMENTS

CA-2 Lower Roof

Client:Rohit Communities Ontario Inc.Job No.:211099Location:42 Northside RoadDate:January 19, 2022

**Use a 10 minute time of concentration

(CA1)				5 \	Year Event			100 Yea	ar Event	
										Runoff
Area	Surface	Ha	"C"	Cavg	Intensity	Runoff Rate	"C"	Cavg	Intensity	Rate
ha				-	(mm/hr)	(L/s)		-	(mm/hr)	(L/s)
	Asphalt/ Concrete/Roof	0.008	0.90	0.90	104.19	2.16	1.00	1.00	178.56	4.12
	Gravel	0.000	0.60				0.75			
	Patio Stone/Semipermeable									
	block	0.000	0.70				0.88			
0.008	Grass	0.000	0.20				0.25			

Storage Requirements for Roof Area (CA2)

		Area =	0.008	hectares						
5.	-year Runoff	Coefficient =	0.90	post devel	opment					
100-	-year Runoff	Coefficient =	1.00	post devel	opment					
		Relea	ase Rate L/s	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5
Return	Time	Intensity	Flow	Storage R	equired (m	³)				
Period	(min)	(mm/hr)	Q (L/s)	_						
5 Year	10	104.19	2.16	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4
	20	70.25	1.46	1.4	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.0
	30	53.93	1.12	1.5	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.0	-0.3	-0.7
	40	44.18	0.92	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.0	-0.4	-0.9	-1.4
	50	37.65	0.78	1.4	0.8	0.2	-0.4	-1.0	-1.6	-2.2
	60	32.94	0.68	1.4	0.7	-0.1	-0.8	-1.5	-2.2	-2.9
	70	29.37	0.61	1.3	0.5	-0.4	-1.2	-2.1	-2.9	-3.7
	Ma	ximum 5 year	storage rate	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4
		Relea	ase Rate L/s	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.7	2	2.3
	10	178.56	4.12	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.1
100 Year	20	119.95	2.77	2.7	2.4	2.0	1.6	1.3	0.9	0.6
	30	91.87	2.12	2.9	2.4	1.8	1.3	0.8	0.2	-0.3
	40	75.15	1.73	3.0	2.2	1.5	0.8	0.1	-0.6	-1.4
	50	63.95	1.48	2.9	2.0	1.1	0.2	-0.7	-1.6	-2.5
	60	55.89	1.29	2.8	1.8	0.7	-0.4	-1.5	-2.6	-3.6
	70	49.79	1.15	2.7	1.5	0.2	-1.1	-2.3	-3.6	-4.8
	80	44.99	1.04	2.6	1.1	-0.3	-1.7	-3.2	-4.6	-6.1
	Maxir	mum 100 year	storage rate	3.0	2.4	2.0	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.1

APPENDIX A: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MODEL STORAGE VOLUME & DISCHARGE RATE DESIGN SHEET - CA-2

Client:Rohit Communities Ontario Inc.Job No.:211099Location:42 Northside RoadDate:January 19, 2022

Storage Provided for Roof Area (CA2)

Storage Depth (m)	Layer Thickness (m)	Incremental Volume (Lower Roof) (m ³)	Cumulative Storage Volume (m3)	Release Rate Per Drain (Fully Open) (L/sec)	Release Rate All Drains (L/sec)	Total Outflow (L/sec)
0.15	0.01	0.84	10.46	1.86	3.73	3.73
0.14	0.01	0.84	9.62	1.74	3.48	3.48
0.13	0.01	0.84	8.78	1.61	3.23	3.23
0.12	0.01	0.84	7.94	1.49	2.98	2.98
0.11	0.01	0.84	7.10	1.37	2.73	2.73
0.10	0.01	0.84	6.26	1.24	2.48	2.48
0.09	0.01	0.84	5.42	1.12	2.24	2.24
0.08	0.01	0.84	4.58	0.99	1.99	1.99
0.07	0.01	0.84	3.74	0.87	1.74	1.74
0.06	0.01	0.84	2.90	0.75	1.49	1.49
0.05	0.01	0.84	2.06	0.62	1.24	1.24
0.04	0.01	0.66	1.22	0.50	0.99	0.99
0.03	0.01	0.36	0.56	0.37	0.75	0.75
0.02	0.01	0.16	0.20	0.25	0.50	0.50
0.01	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.25	0.25
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Roof Drain Type: Number of Drains: Watts Accutrol Large Area Roof Drain RD-100-A1 - FULLY OPEN

2





APPENDIX A: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MODEL Storm Sewer Service Design Sheet

Rohit Communities	211099	42 Northside Road	January 19, 2022
Client:	Job No.:	Location:	Date:

Storm Sewer Design Sheet (5-yr storm)

			(ha)	(.c.)	2.78 AR	2.78 AR	CONC.	_	Q (I/s)		
BUILDING	STMH 01	PROPOSED	060.0	06.0	0.23	0.23	10.00	104.19	23.46		
THORNCLIFF	STMH 01	EXISTING	0.190	0.50	0.26	0.26	10.00	104.19	27.52		
STMH 01	STMH O2	PROPOSED			00.00	0.49	10.00	104.19	50.98		
					PRO	POSED SEWE	R				
Ž		TYPE	PIPE	BIPE			FULL FLOW	TIME OF	EXCESS		
FROM	TO	OF	SIZE	SLOPE	LENGTH	CAPACITY	VELOCITY	FLOW	CAPACITY	Q/Qfull	
		PIPE	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(s/I)	(s/ɯ)	(min.)	(s/I)		

Г

PEAK FLOW

RAINFALL INTENSITY

TIME

ACCUM

VIDN

Actual R

Total Area

COMMENT

5

FROM

LOCATION

Controlled Uncontrolled Uncontrolled

0.51 0.44 0.61

22.97 34.92 33.21

0.69 1.12 0.03

1.48 1.27 1.71

46.43 62.43 84.18

60.7 85.1 3.5

2.00 1.10 2.00

200.00 250.00 250.00

PVC PVC

STMH 02 STMH 01 STMH 01

STMH 01

THORNCLIFF

BUILDING

T= time in minutes Rainfall Intensity = 998.071/(T+6.053)^{∞ 0.814} (City of Ottawa, 5 year storm)



Appendix B: Product Information and Roof Drawings

- Accutrol Weirs Flow Control and Roof Drains Sheets
- · Typical Roof Plan from Architect

WATTS®	Adjustable Accutrol Weir Tag:	Adjustable Flow Control for Roof Drains
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ADJUSTABLE ACCUTROL (for Large Sump Roof Drains only)

For more flexibility in controlling flow with heads deeper than 2", Watts Drainage offers the Adjustable Accutrol. The Adjustable Accutrol Weir is designed with a single parabolic opening that can be covered to restrict flow above 2" of head to less than 5 gpm per inch, up to 6" of head. To adjust the flow rate for depths over 2" of head, set the slot in the adjustable upper cone according to the flow rate required. Refer to Table 1 below. Note: Flow rates are directly proportional to the amount of weir opening that is exposed.

EXAMPLE:

For example, if the adjustable upper cone is set to cover 1/2 of the weir opening, flow rates above 2"of head will be restricted to 2-1/2 gpm per inch of head.

Therefore, at 3" of head, the flow rate through the Accutrol Weir that has 1/2 the slot exposed will be: [5 gpm (per inch of head) x 2 inches of head] + 2-1/2 gpm (for the third inch of head) = 12-1/2 gpm.



TABLE 1. Adjustable Accutrol Flow Rate Setting	BLE 1. Adjuste	ble Accutrol	Flow Rate	Settinas
--	----------------	--------------	-----------	----------

	1"	2"	3"	4"	5"	6"
Exposed		Flow Ro	ate (galle	ons per	minute)	
Fully Exposed	5	10	15	20	25	30
3/4	5	10	13.75	17.5	21.25	25
1/2	5	10	12.5	15	17.5	20
1/4	5	10	11.25	12.5	13.75	15
Closed	5	5	5	5	5	5

Job Name

Job Location

Engineer

Contractor's P.O. No.

Representative ____

Contractor _

Watts product specifications in U.S. customary units and metric are approximate and are provided for reference only. For precise measurements, please contact Watts Technical Service. Watts reserves the right to change or modify product design, construction, specifications, or materials without prior notice and without incurring any obligation to make such changes and modifications on Watts products previously or subsequently sold.

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A Watts Water Technologies Company



1 ROOF PLAN

GENERAL NOTES NOTE:: ALL DRAWINGS ARE TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL OTHER DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS, INCLUDING OTHER CONSULTATS DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS. ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN DRAWINGS WILL BE REPORTED TO THE FROLECT LAD IMMEDIATELY FOR CLARIFICATION PRIVATE DRAWINGS ANY CONSTRUCTION. NOTE: 3: ALL GENERAL SITE INFORMATION AND CONSTRUCTION. NOTE: 4: ALL ME BEEN COMPLED FROM EXISTING FLANS AND SURVEYS. NOTE: 0: CONTRACTOR IN RESPONSIBLE TO CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE AND REPORT ALL ERRORS AND / OR OMISSIONS TO THE RACHTECT. NOTE: 0: NOTE CALE DRAWINGS. NOTE: F. ALL CONTRACTORS MUST COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE CODES AND REGULATIONS. SPECIFIC NOTES	<text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text>
LEGEND 2.PLY MODIFIED BITUMEN WATERPROOF MEMBRANE RD ROOF DRAINS ROOF SCUPPER	KEY PLAN / PLAN GLÉ : KEY PLAN
	CLIENT : Tel : XXX-XXXXXXXX WWW.WEBSITE.com
	revision description date
	PROJECT NAME / NOME DU PROJET :
	42 Northside Road
	DRAWING NAME / NOM DU DESSIN : TYPICAL ROOF PLAN
	DRAWING INFORMATION /
	PROJECT NO. / NO. DE PROJET : 2108
	DATE : 11/25/2
	REVIEWED BY / VÉRIFIÉ PAR : Check
	SCALE / ÉCHELLE : As indicate PROJECT PHASE / PHASE DU PROJET :





REVISION NO. / NO. DE RÉVISION :



Appendix C: Correspondence

Pre-Consultation Meeting Notes

Site Address: 42 Northside Road Location: Virtual - Microsoft Teams Meeting Date: August 23, 2021

- Attendees: Colette Gorni Planner, City of Ottawa Molly Smith – Planner, City of Ottawa Abi Dieme – Project Manager (Infrastructure), City of Ottawa Mike Giampa – Project Manager (Transportation), City of Ottawa Christopher Moise – Planner (Urban Design), City of Ottawa Louise Cerveny – Planner (Parks), City of Ottawa Jeffrey Ren – Co-op Student, City of Ottawa Eric Lalande – RVCA Akash Sinha – Rohit Group Adil Kodian – Rohit Group Mario Shaker – Rohit Group Gagan Prince – Rohit Group Robert Martin – Robert Martin Architects Luke Boonstra – Robert Martin Architects
- Regrets:Sami Rehman Planner (Environmental), City of OttawaMark Richardson Planning Forester, City of Ottawa

Applicants Comments:

- 1. There is an existing zero lot line condition with the church
- 2. High water table only 2 levels of underground parking.
- 3. 1:1 parking ratio (units plus visitor spaces = 1:1)
- 4. Bicycle parking in the underground parking garage.
- 5. Main entrance off northside road double loaded corridor

Planning

- 1. Official Plan (OP) Designation General Urban Area
- Zoning GM9 H(18.5) General Mixed Use, Subzone 9, maximum height of 18.5 metres
- 3. Parking is to be provided at the rates specified for Area C per Schedule 1A:
 - a. 1.2 per dwelling unit apartment dwelling, low rise
 - b. 0.2 visitor parking spaces per dwelling unit
 - c. 0.5 bicycle parking spaces per dwelling unit

- 4. As per Section 101(6)(c)(i) of the Zoning By-law, where all parking spaces provided or required for a permitted land use are located below grade in the same building as that land use, the parking required by Table 101 for that land use may be reduced by the lesser of (i) 10 per cent of the required parking spaces, or (ii) 20 parking spaces.
- 5. Please note that Thorncliff Place is considered the front lot line.
- The proposed development is subject to Site Plan Control and will require a Complex (Manager Approval, Public Consultation) application. Fees and forms for the above mentioned application can be found <u>here.</u>
- 7. Through a preliminary review of the provided concept plan, relief from the Zoning By-law is required for the following provisions:
 - a. The minimum required rear yard setback for a residential use building on the site is 7.5 metres, as per Table 187(e)(iii) in the Zoning By-law.
 - b. The minimum width of landscaped area abutting an institutional zone is 3 metres, as per Table 187(h)(ii) in the Zoning By-law)
 - c. 9 visitor parking spaces are required (3 provided at grade).

If the proposed building is unable to meet the requirements, relief from minimum rear yard setback provision in the Zoning By-law will be required prior to Site Plan Approval. This can be attained through either a minor variance or minor rezoning. Based on the scale of the relief required, staff are of the opinion that a minor rezoning application would most appropriate. Fees and forms for the Zoning By-law Amendment application can be found <u>here</u>. Refer to the Committee of Adjustment comments for more information on the minor variance process.

- 8. Staff have concerns with the proposed 0 metre rear yard setback, please consider increasing the setback. The Planning Rationale will need demonstrate that the 0 metre will not have an undue adverse impact on the abutting institutional use if they were to redevelop in the future.
- For more information on electrical servicing, the following link outlines Hydro Ottawa's services for Commercial, Overhead and Underground, and Residential projects, together with contact information for Hydro Ottawa representatives: <u>https://hydroottawa.com/en/accounts-services/accounts/contractorsdevelopers/distribution-system-design</u>
- 10. Please note that each planning application fee will be reduced by 10 per cent if two or more applications are submitted at the same time and for the same lands.
- 11. You are encouraged to reach out to Councillor Rick Chiarelli to discuss the proposal prior to submitting a formal application.
- 12. Please ensure that the submission takes into account appropriate Official Plan policies that are applicable at the time of the submission of the application
 - a. If a complete application is received by no later than the day before the new Official Plan is adopted (October 2021), it will be processed on the basis of

existing Official Plan policy provided it is consistent with the 2020 Provincial Policy Statement

b. Applications received after the day before the new Official Plan is adopted (October 2021), will be reviewed and evaluated on the basis of the policies of the new Official Plan, which is consistent with the 2020 Provincial Policy Statement

Please contact Planner Colette Gorni at <u>Colette.Gorni@ottawa.ca</u> if you have any questions or require additional information relating to the comments above.

Committee of Adjustment

- 1. The Committee of Adjustment is authorized to grant a minor variance if all of the following criteria identified in Section 45(1) of the Planning Act, commonly referred to as the 'four tests', are met:
 - 1. The variance is minor;
 - 2. The variance is desirable for the appropriate development or use of the property;
 - 3. The general intent and purpose of the Zoning By-law is maintained;
 - 4. The general intent and purpose of the Official Plan is maintained.

A requirement of a minor variance application is a detailed cover letter and/or report explaining the nature of the application and addressing the four tests of the Planning Act. In your rationale, in addition to the first two tests you should also explain how you are meeting the general intent and purpose of the Zoning by-law as well as Section 2.5.1 and 4.11 of the Official Plan. Section 2.5.1 Designing Ottawa provides the overall direction for assessing neighbourhood compatibility. Section 4.11 - Urban Design and Compatibility identifies general criteria for the evaluation of a specific development relative to policies of Section 2.5.1

- Please note that Minor Variance applications are handled by the Committee of Adjustment. The Planning Department provides comments on Committee of Adjustment applications; however, the Committee of Adjustment makes the decision. For more information on the Committee of Adjustment, including application forms and fees, please visit: <u>https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/committee-</u> <u>adjustment</u>. For questions pertaining to forms and fees, please contact the Committee of Adjustment directly at <u>CofA@ottawa.ca</u> or at (613)-580-2436.
- 3. Please note that the Committee of Adjustment process typically takes approximately 12 to 14 weeks from application submission to the end of the appeal period. My understanding is that once your application has been deemed complete it takes four to six weeks before the application is heard at a Committee meeting. The Committee meeting is the official public meeting; however, the Committee strongly recommends applicants consult with the public beforehand. As of June 3, 2020, meetings have been taking place via Zoom.

4. You are encouraged to consult with a Committee of Adjustment Planner before submitting an application to the Committee of Adjustment. Please refer to below contact information.

Please contact Committee of Adjustment Planner Lucy Ramirez at <u>Lucy.Ramirez@ottawa.ca</u> if you have any questions or require additional information relating to a Minor Variance application.

<u>Urban Design</u>

This proposal does not run along one of the City's Design Priority Areas and need not attend the City's UDRP. We appreciate the material provided for the pre-consult and have the following comments/questions regarding the design:

- 1. Main entrance that faces the public right of way, should employ architectural features that clearly indicate this to the public which is distinguishable from the private entrances.
- 2. We are supportive of the grade related units with access from the street.
- 3. GM zone: What is the planned context and future of the surrounding properties?
 - a. Is the decision not to provide a reduced mass in the SW corner of the lot warranted and supportable?
- 4. **Rear yard separation**: Is 0m provided a reasonable decision for two storeys? We may have concerns if this results in a large blank wall condition.
 - a. Is the location of exterior amenity on the 0m lot line set-back appropriate and sufficiently protected?
- 5. What is the nature of surrounding commercial? Would more bike parking be appropriate?
- 6. Is the Corner side yard set-back properly calculated?
 - a. Would additional set-back fit better with surrounding development today and future? An illustration of the building alignment with neighbouring properties along Northside Road would help support these decisions;
- 7. **Facade**: We recommend that the street facing elevations employ quality materials and designed to improve the streetscape;
- 8. A scoped Design Brief is a required submittal for all Site Plan/Re-zoning applications and can be combined with the Planning Rationale. Please see the Design Brief Terms of Reference provided.

Please contact Urban Design Planner Christopher Moise at <u>Christopher.Moise@ottawa.ca</u> if you have any questions or require additional information relating to the comments above.

Engineering

Water:

- 1. District Plan No. 2W2C
- 2. Frontage charges are not applicable to the proposed development.
- 3. Connection point: 203mm PVC watermain on Thorncliff Place or 203mm CI watermain on Northside Road.
- 4. Connection to the watermain on Northside Road would be challenging in terms of road cut and traffic management as Northside is a collector Road.



- 5. Submission documents must include:
 - a. Boundary conditions (civil consultant to request boundary conditions from the City's assigned Project Manager, Development Review). Water boundary conditions request must include the location of the service and the expected loads required by the proposed development. Please provide all the following information:
 - i. Location of service (show on a plan or map)
 - ii. Type of development and the amount of fire flow required (as per FUS, 1999).
 - iii. Average daily demand: ____ l/s.
 - iv. Maximum daily demand: ____l/s.
 - v. Maximum hourly daily demand: ____ l/s.
 - vi. Supporting Calculations of the required fire flow and all domestic demands listed above

- b. Watermain system analysis demonstrating adequate pressure per section 4.2.2 of the Water Distribution Guidelines.
- c. Fire protection (Fire demand, Hydrant Locations)
- d. Proposed emergency route (to be satisfactory to Fire Services) to be on municipal street
- 6. A water meter sizing questionnaire [water card] will have to be completed prior to receiving a water permit (water card will be provided post approval)

Sanitary:

- 7. Connection Point: 200mm sanitary main on Thorncliffe Place or 375mm concrete main on Northside Road
- 8. Connection to the sanitary main on Northside Road would be challenging in terms of road cut and traffic management as Northside is a collector Road.



9. A monitoring manhole will be required on private property.

Storm:

- 10. Connection Point: 375mm storm sewer on Thorncliffe Place or 900mm concrete sewer on Northside Road.
- 11. Connection to the sanitary main on Northside Road would be challenging in terms of road cut and traffic management as Northside is a collector Road



Stormwater Management:

- 12. Quality Control: Rideau Valley Conservation Authority to provide criteria.
- 13. Quantity Control:
 - a. Design storm for receiving sewer: 5-year design storm
 - b. Runoff coefficient (C): C=0.5 or C=pre-development, whichever is less
 - c. Time of concentration (Tc): To be calculated, min Tc=10mins
 - d. Allowable flow rate: Control the 100-year event to the 5-year event

Additional Notes

- 14. Please ensure that all existing and proposed utilities (municipal pipes) must be shown on the servicing plans.
- 15. No Capital Works Projects that would impact the application has been identified.
- 16. No moratorium that would impact the application has been identified.

- 17. Any easement identified should be shown on all plans.
- 18. For any proposed exterior light fixtures, please provide certification from a licensed professional engineer confirming lighting has been designed only using fixtures that meet the criteria for full cut-off classification as recognized by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America and result in minimal light spillage onto adjacent properties (maximum allowable spillage is 0.5 fc). Additionally, include in the submission the location of the fixtures, fixture type (make, model, part number and mounting height).
- 19. For information on preparing required studies and plans refer to: <u>http://ottawa.ca/en/development-application-review-process-0/guide-preparing-studies-and-plans</u>
- 20. Servicing and site works shall be in accordance with the following documents:
 - a. Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012)
 - b. Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution (2010)
 - c. Geotechnical Investigation and Reporting Guidelines for Development Applications in the City of Ottawa (2007)
 - d. City of Ottawa Slope Stability Guidelines for Development Applications (revised 2012)
 - e. City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (January, 2016)
 - f. City of Ottawa Park and Pathway Development Manual (2012)
 - g. City of Ottawa Accessibility Design Standards (2012)
 - h. Ottawa Standard Tender Documents (latest version)
- 21. Record drawings and utility plans are also available for purchase from the City (Contact the City's Information Centre by email at <u>InformationCentre@ottawa.ca</u> or by phone at (613) 580-2424 x.44455).

Please contact Infrastructure Project Manager Abi Dieme at <u>Abibatou.Dieme@ottawa.ca</u> if you have any questions or require additional information relating to the comments above.

<u>RVCA</u>

1. The RVCA has no concerns. Based on the overall design and site plan, the RVCA will not have any water quality requirements, however encourage best management practices where possible

Please contact the RVCA's Planner, Eric Lalande, at <u>Eric.Lalande@rvca.ca</u> if you have any questions or require additional information relating to the comments above.

Environmental Planning

1. No comments.

Please contact Environmental Planner Sami Rehman at <u>Sami.Rehman@ottawa.ca</u> if you have any questions or require additional information relating to the comments above.

Transportation

- 1. A TIA is warranted, please proceed to scoping.
 - a. The application will not be deemed complete until the submission of the draft step 2-4. Although a full review of the TIA Strategy report (Step 4) is not required prior to an application, it is strongly recommended.
 - b. Synchro files are required at Step 4. Due to the low number of units, steps 3 and 4 may be combined.
- 2. No ROW protection.
- 3. A Road Noise Impact Study is required
- 4. Access should be as far away from the intersection as possible/feasible. Clear throat requirements as per TAC guidelines for a collector road.

Please contact Transportation Project Manager Mike Giampa at <u>Mike.Giampa@ottawa.ca</u> if you have any questions or require additional information relating to the comments above.

Forestry

 A Tree Conservation Report (TCR) is required if there any trees greater than 10cm in diameter located on the site. There appears to possibly be a tree in the southeast corner of the site – please confirm. If so, please refer the below requirements.

TCR Requirements

- 1. A Tree Conservation Report (TCR) must be supplied for review along with the suite of other plans/reports required by the City
 - a. An approved TCR is a requirement of Site Plan approval.
 - b. The TCR may be combined with eh LP provided all information is supplied
- As of January 1 2021, any removal of privately-owned trees 10cm or larger in diameter, or publicly (City) owned trees of any diameter requires a tree permit issued under the Tree Protection Bylaw (Bylaw 2020 – 340); the permit will be based on an approved TCR and made available at or near plan approval.
- 3. The Planning Forester from Planning and Growth Management as well as foresters from Forestry Services will review the submitted TCR
 - a. If tree removal is required, both municipal and privately-owned trees will be addressed in a single permit issued through the Planning Forester

- b. Compensation may be required for city owned trees if so, it will need to be paid prior to the release of the tree permit
- 4. The TCR must list all trees on site, as well as off-site trees if the CRZ extends into the developed area, by species, diameter and health condition
- 5. Please identify trees by ownership private onsite, private on adjoining site, city owned, co-owned (trees on a property line)
- 6. The TCR must list all trees on adjacent sites if they have a critical root zone that extends onto the development site
- 7. If trees are to be removed, the TCR must clearly show where they are, and document the reason they cannot be retained
- 8. All retained trees must be shown and all retained trees within the area impacted by the development process must be protected as per City guidelines available at <u>Tree Protection Specification</u> or by searching Ottawa.ca
 - a. The location of tree protection fencing must be shown on a plan
 - b. Show the critical root zone of the retained trees
 - c. If excavation will occur within the critical root zone, please show the limits of excavation
- 9. The City encourages the retention of healthy trees; if possible, please seek opportunities for retention of trees that will contribute to the design/function of the site.

For more information on the process or help with tree retention options, contact Mark Richardson <u>mark.richardson@ottawa.ca</u> or on <u>City of Ottawa.</u>

Next Steps

Please refer to the links to <u>Guide to preparing studies and plans</u> and <u>fees</u> for further information. Additional information is available related to <u>building permits</u>, <u>development charges</u>, and the <u>Accessibility Design Standards</u>. Be aware that other fees and permits may be required, outside of the development review process. You may obtain background drawings by contacting <u>informationcentre@ottawa.ca</u>.

These pre-con comments are valid for one year. If you submit a development application(s) after this time, you may be required to meet for another pre-consultation meeting and/or the submission requirements may change. You are as well encouraged to contact us for a follow-up meeting if the plan/concept will be further refined.

Please do not hesitate to Colette Gorni, at <u>Colette.Gorni@ottawa.ca</u>, if you have any questions.



Appendix D: Drawings

- 211099– PRE Pre-Development Conditions
- 211099 SWMP Stormwater Management Plan and Catchment Areas
- 211099 GR Grading Plan
- 211099 SER Site Servicing Plan
- 211099 ER Erosion Control Plan







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PROJECT NAME PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT	DATE 19. JAN. 2022
PROJECT LOCATION 42 NORTHSIDE RD, OTTAWA, ONTARIO	SCALE 1:150
	DRAWING No. 211099 - PRF





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	0.34 IMPERVIOUS RATIO
	CATCHMENT AREA BOUNDARY
	PROPERTY LINE
	SILT FENCE
	CONTROLLED AREA
	EXISTING TREE
	POTENTIAL SEPTIC BED LOCATION
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	PROJECT No.
	SCALE SCALE
42 NORTHSIDE RD, OTTAWA, O	IN FARIO 1: 150
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN &	CATCHMENT AREAS 211099 - SWMP