# **ZIBI BLOCK 204**

## **Site Servicing Report**

City of Ottawa, Ontario



CIMA+ file number: A000931 April 19, 2022 Revision No. 0

# **ZIBI BLOCK 204**

## **Site Servicing Report**

City of Ottawa, Ontario



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## **Table of Contents**

1.	Introduction	1
1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	Site Description and Proposed Development Review of Available Background Documentation Existing Infrastructure Consultation and Permits	2 3
2.	Water Servicing	4
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	Existing Condition Water Supply Design Criteria Proposed Water Supply Servicing and Calculations Water Supply Summary and Conclusions	5 7
3.	Sanitary Servicing	9
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Existing Conditions Sanitary Servicing Design Criteria	0 1
4.	Storm Servicing and Stormwater Management 1	3
4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Existing Conditions	4 4
5.	Conclusion1	6

### **List of Tables**

Table 2-1: Water Supply Design Criteria	6
Table 2-2: Water Demands Block 204	7
Table 2-3: Water Demands Block 204, 211, 206, 207, 205A, 208, EO	7
Table 2-4: Watermain Boundary Conditions	8
Table 3-1: Sanitary Peak Flow Determination Design Criteria	0
Table 3-2: Block 204 Peak Sanitary Flows	12
Table 4-1: Peak Release Flows – Existing Site	14
Table 4-2: Post-development Flow Rate	15

### **List of Figures**

Figure 1-1: Site Location - Plan View	
Figure 1-2: Conceptual Site Plan	



Figure 2-1 Existin	g Watermain Network	. 5
Figure 3-1 Existin	g Sanitary Network	10
Figure 4-1 Existin	g Storm Network	13

### **List of Appendices**

Appendix A Pre-consultation Correspondence

Appendix B Water Supply Calculations

Appendix C Wastewater Collection Calculations

Appendix D Stormwater Management Calculations

Appendix E Drawings



### 1. Introduction

CIMA+ was retained by Windmill Dream on holdings LP to prepare a Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report for the proposed construction of mixed uses (retail and residential) high-rise building on Chaudière Island, Ottawa, Ontario henceforth referred to as ZIBI – Block 204.

The purpose of this assessment is to confirm that the proposed development can be adequately serviced by the existing municipal and private infrastructure (water, sanitary, and storm) surrounding the site. This assessment shall be used in support of the application for Site Plan Control.

### 1.1 Site Description and Proposed Development

The site is located on Chaudière Island, Ottawa on the west side of Booth Street and Chaudière Bridge. (Refer to **Figure 1** below). As an update to the current status, the overall ZIBI site received site plan approval on May 2018 following the submission of a Master Servicing report from the engineering consulting firm David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd (DSEL). In August 2018, DSEL submitted a Functional Servicing and Storm Water Management Report – Phase 1 which includes Block 204. This site servicing report was prepared respecting the approval already confirmed for the aforementioned Phase 1.

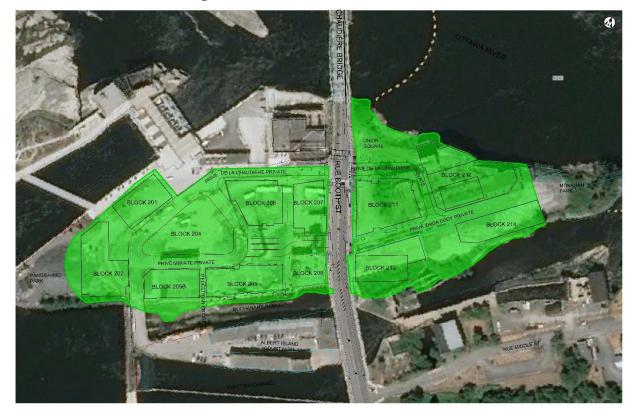
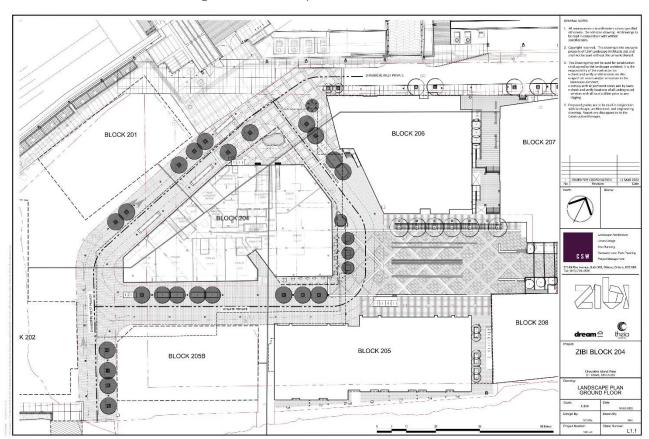


Figure 1-1: Site Location - Plan View.



ZIBI – Block 204 is comprised of twenty-two (22) storey building including one level of underground parking surrounded with woonerf landscaping street type design. The building footprint is about +/- 2700 m<sup>2</sup> for the first level, over an underground parking of 4200 m<sup>2</sup>. The underground parking has significant larger surface than the building footprint since it is connected with other underground parking infrastructure (205A and 206) to the east and design to include further underground parking connections. Each additional building floor varies between 775 m<sup>2</sup> and 1225 m<sup>2</sup>. Refer to **Figure 2** for a conceptual site plan of the proposed development (prepared by Neuf Architects Inc/CSW Landscape Architecture).





### 1.2 Review of Available Background Documentation

The following design guidelines have been used to estimate the theoretical servicing requirements for the proposed development; while geoOttawa, a detailed topographic survey prepared by Stantec, and the available as-built drawings provided by the client and City of Ottawa Information Centre have been used to determine the existing municipal services location, size, material, and inverts fronting the site.

- Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012), as amended by all applicable Technical Bulletins;
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution (2010), as amended by all applicable Technical Bulletins;
- + Ministry of the Environment Design Guidelines for Sewage Works (2008).



- + Ministry of the Environment Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual (2003).
- + Ministry of the Environment Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems (2008); and
- + Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (1999).

#### **1.3 Existing Infrastructure**

Chaudière Island is presently in the course of re-development. On the west side of the island, the construction of Buildings 205A and 208 (see Figure 1) were undertaken, now completed, and occupied. Buildings 206 and 207 (see Figure 1) are presently through construction. They are presently completing the underground parking and should be ready for occupancy 2024.

As identified using the detailed topographic survey completed by Stantec Geomatics Ltd, geoOttawa and the available Utility Record Drawings provided by the City of Ottawa Information Centre, the following municipal infrastructure are available within the right-of-way fronting the proposed development site (refer to **Appendix E** for Existing Conditions Plan). The municipal services collectors on Booth and Chaudière Streets are all constructed and connected with the City of Ottawa networks. A new pumping station, to be located on the east side of Booth Street on Chaudière Island, is presently through approvals.

#### **Booth Street**

- 203mm diameter ductile iron watermain (North of Middle Street);
- 305mm diameter PVC watermain (South of Middle Street);
- 250mm diameter sanitary sewer.
- 525mm diameter storm sewer.

#### Chaudière Private Street

- 203mm diameter ductile iron watermain;
- 250mm diameter sanitary sewer;
- 450mm diameter storm sewer.

#### **1.4 Consultation and Permits**

In response to the pre-consultation requirements defined in the City's Development Servicing Study Checklist, the following agencies were consulted in support of the preparation of this report. The Development Servicing Study Checklist as well as all relevant correspondence with the consulted agencies can be found in **Appendix A**.

#### **City of Ottawa**

The City of Ottawa Information Centre was contacted to obtain any Reports, Studies, Engineering, and/or Utility Plans including sanitary sewer, storm sewer, watermain, gas, etc. within or adjacent to the site location. The available as-built plans were obtained, while no existing reports or studies were available. Given a detailed utility survey was previously completed by Stantec Geomatics Ltd for the project the UCC drawings were not obtained.



CIMA+ also contacted Allison Hamlin from the City of Ottawa and Abdul Mottalib, City of Ottawa to obtain any site-specific servicing and stormwater management design criteria for the proposed development. The provided comments and criteria relevant to the Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report are referenced within the appropriate sections of this report.

#### **Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA)**

The subject site falls under the jurisdiction of the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA). As previously mentioned, a functional Servicing and Storm Water Management Report – Phase 1 for ZIBI development was submitted in August 2018 which included the RVCA reviewed and approval. These approved criteria were acknowledged and respected as part of this site plan approval report.

#### Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP)

It is expected that the application can be submitted to the MECP, if required, as direct submission from Dream following City's Ottawa review.

### 2. Water Servicing

#### 2.1 Existing Condition

The current ZIBI development is comprised of watermain networks along Booth Street, Chaudière Private and through the underground parking lot below the Head Street Square Courtyard. These the watermain networks vary between 200mm and 300mm in diameter. Refer to Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report by DSEL dated August 2018 for technical information about existing watermain network. Refer also to **Figure 2-1** below for visual representation of existing watermain network.



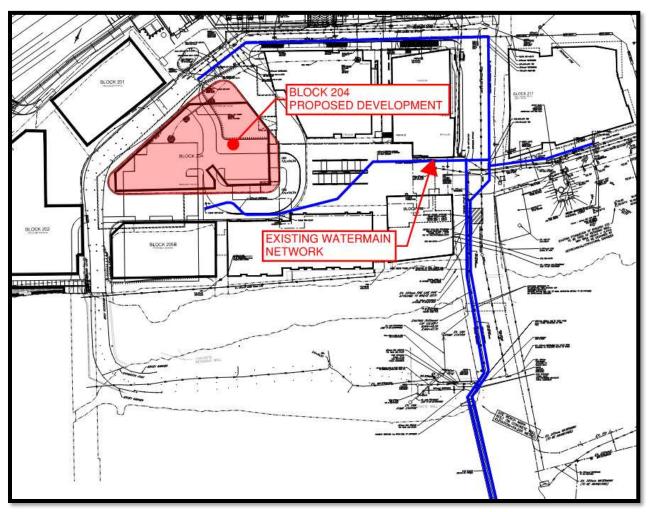


Figure 2-1 Existing Watermain Network

### 2.2 Water Supply Design Criteria

The design criteria for determining the water demand requirements for the proposed development follow the parameters outlined in the Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution (2010) and associated technical bulletins, as well as the MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems (2008). Namely, the following parameters have been used in determining the water demands:



Design Criteria	Residential / Commercia Areas			
Average Day Demand for Residential	350 L/capita/day			
Maximum Daily Demand for Residential	3.2 × average daily demand			
Maximum (Peak) Hour Demand for Residential	4.9 × average daily demand			
Average Day Demand Retail	2.5 L/m²/day			
Average Day Demand Amenity	2.5 L/m²/day			
Maximum Daily Demand for Retail and Amenity	1.5 x average daily demand			
Maximum (Peak) Hour Demand	1.8 x Maximum Daily Demand			
Desired Operating Pressure under Normal Operating Conditions	50 to 70 psi			
Minimum Operating Pressure under Normal Operating Conditions	40 psi			
Maximum Operating Pressure under Normal Operating Conditions	80 psi			
Minimum Operating Pressure under Maximum Daily Demand + Fire Flow	20 psi			

#### Table 2-1: Water Supply Design Criteria

In addition to those design criteria identified in **Table 2-1**, the following comments and criteria must be considered in the water supply servicing strategy in accordance with City Guidelines:

- + The subject site is located within the 1W pressure zone;
- Residential buildings with a basic day demand greater than 50 m<sup>3</sup>/day (0.57 L/s) are required to be connected to a minimum of two (2) water services separated by an isolation valve to avoid a vulnerable service area;
- Fire flow demand requirements shall be based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Water Supply for Public Fire Protection 1999 and Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02;
- Exposure separation distances shall be defined on a figure to support the FUS calculation and required fire flow (RFF);
- Hydrant capacity shall be assessed if relying on any public hydrants to provide fire protection, particularly if high design fire flows are being proposed, to demonstrate the Required Fire Flow (RFF) can be achieved. Identification of which hydrants are being considered to meet the RFF on a fire hydrant coverage figure is required as part of the boundary conditions request.



### 2.3 **Proposed Water Supply Servicing and Calculations**

#### Water Demands

The water supply demands for the proposed development are presented in **Table 2-2** below. The demands were developed utilizing the development statistics provided by Neuf Architects Inc. and those design criteria identified in *Section 2.1*. Refer to **Appendix B** for detailed calculations.

Demand Type	Average Daily Demand (L/s)	Maximum Daily Demand (L/s)	Maximum (Peak) Hour Demand (L/s)
Residential	1.58	5.06	7.74
Retail & Amenity	0.09	0.14	0.25
Total	1.67	5.19	7.99

Table 2-2: Water Demands Block 204

Given the basic day demand is more than 50 m<sup>3</sup>/day (0.57 L/s), two connection is required.

The Water demands for the entire ZIBI site have been updated and are presented in **Table 2-3** below. Flows from existing building came from previous servicing reports. Refer to **Appendix B** for detailed calculations.

Table 2-3: Water	<sup>r</sup> Demands B	Block 204, 211, 2	206, 207, 205A,	208, EO

Demand Type	Average Daily Demand (L/s)	Maximum Daily Demand (L/s)	Maximum (Peak) Hour Demand (L/s)
Total	5.77	14.12	24.96

#### **Proposed Watermain Network Extension**

The existing 300mm watermain along Chaudière Island will be extended around Block 204 and connect to the existing watermain stub south of the site. This will create a loop and increase service level and redundancy within the ZIBI watermain network. The proposed design is as per the approved Master Servicing Study (MSS). The proposed watermain extension will have an additional two fire hydrants and will have service connection stubs for the future development of Block 201, 202 and 205B. Each building will require two separate water connection separated by a valve. A portion of the watermain network will be located inside the underground parking garage. Detailed design by the mechanical consultant will be provided upon completion.



#### Proposed Service Connection

The proposed connection point for Block 204 will connect to the 300mm Watermain along Chaudière Private. The building will have two 150mm service connection separated by a valve for redundancy purposes.

#### **Required Fire Flow (RFF)**

The required fire flow for the site was developed using the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Water Supply for Public Fire Protection 1999 and Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02. It was determined that an RFF of **21,000 L/min (350 L/s)** would be required to provide adequate protection.

It was assumed that multiple municipal hydrants would be required to meet the fire flow requirements and a fire hydrant coverage figure was prepared is support of the boundary conditions request from the City.

Refer to **Appendix B** for detailed calculations, including supporting figures for exposure distances and hydrant coverage.

#### **Municipal Boundary Conditions**

Using the proposed demands, required fire flow, and supporting figures the City provided boundary conditions for hydraulic analysis for current conditions, based on computer model simulation. The boundary conditions are as follows:

Hydraulic Condition (HGL = Hydraulic Grade Line)	Boundary Condition (Connection 1) (Head) (m) Booth Street 305 mm diameter	Boundary Condition (Connection 2) (Head) (m) Booth Street 203 mm diameter	
Minimum HGL	107.7	107.7	
Maximum HGL	115.7	115.7	
Maximum Day + Fire Flow	102.2	98.1	

#### Table 2-4: Watermain Boundary Conditions

#### Hydraulic Analysis – Water Supply Adequacy

Since the water and fire flow demands were inferior to the approved master servicing study, no further hydraulic analysis was performed. Refer to table 2-5 and 2-6 for comparison.

Table 2-5 WATER DEMANDS FROM MASTER SEP	RVICING STUDY
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Water Demand – Proposed Site Conditions						
Design Parameter	Anticipated Demand (m H <sub>2</sub> O / kPa) (m H <sub>2</sub> O / l (L/min) Connection @ Booth Connection		Boundary Condition <sup>1</sup> (m H <sub>2</sub> O / kPa) Connection @ Booth		ary Condition <sup>1</sup> H₂O / kPa) nection @ ngton Street	
Average Daily Demand	858.9	61.7	605.3	58.6	574.9	
Max Day + Fire Flow	1754.6 + 22,000 = 23,754.6	47.0	461.1	51.5	505.2	
Peak Hour	3624.5	54.8	536.6	51.6	506.2	
1) Boundary conditions supplied by the City of Ottawa for demands as indicated in correspondence. Assumed ground elevation @ Booth Street <b>53.4m</b> , @ Wellington Street <b>56.5m</b> , See <b>Appendix B</b> .						



Demand Type	Average Daily Demand (L/min)	Maximum Daily Demand + Fire Flow (L/min)	Maximum (Peak) Hour Demand (L/min)
Total	346.2	21,847.34	1497.40

The approved master servicing study had identified that the recommended pressures exceeded the 80psi for the average daily demand and therefore pressure reducing valves will be required for the proposed development.

#### **Hydrant Analysis**

The proposed Block 204 development is surrounded by two new fire hydrant and 3 existing hydrants. Hydrants #5, #8 and #9 will have a max fire flow of 5700L/min. Hydrants #6 and #7 will have the rest of the fire flow with a capacity of 1950L/min. Refer to Appendix B for proposed and existing hydrants.

#### Water Supply Summary and Conclusions 2.4

The water supply design for the proposed development follows the parameters outlined in the Ottawa Design Guidelines - Water Distribution (2010) as amended by all applicable technical bulletins, as well as the MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems (2008).

There is adequate flow and pressure in the water distribution system to meet the required water demands for the proposed development. Pressure reducing valves will be required for the proposed development.

Water Data Card for service connection is to be completed and submitted once design has been finalized and in preparation to Commence Work Notification and Water Permit Application.

#### Sanitary Servicing 3.

#### 3.1 **Existing Conditions**

The current site is comprised of a sanitary network that extends from Chaudière Private, Booth Street and Zaida Eddy Street. The sanitary network is comprised of 250-300mm diameter sewer. See Figure 3-1 for extent of existing network. The sanitary network currently is discharging into a temporary pumping station within the footprint of the existing building 535 to service the first phase of the ZIBI development. As per the report prepared by Hatch dated November 2018, the current station has a max wet weather peak flow capacity of 13 L/s.

The Technical Memorandum for Block 206 prepared by DSEL dated March 2021, stated that the new development of Block 206 exceeded 80% of the temporary pump capacity and that the new permanent pumping station needed to be built before the next block development. The design of the permanent pumping station is currently going through Site Plan application. Refer to ZIBI Pumping Station Preliminary Design Report by Hatch in Appendix C.



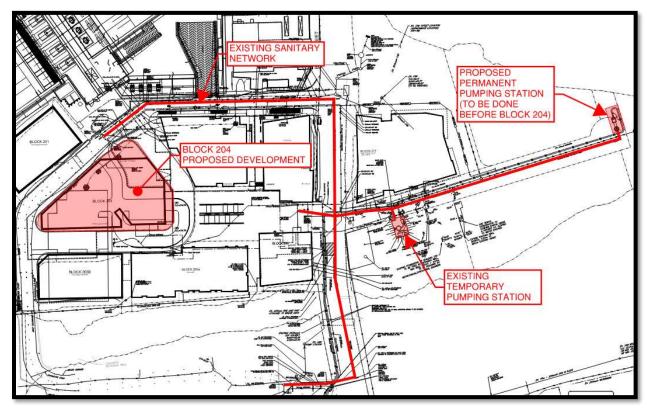


Figure 3-1 Existing Sanitary Network

### 3.2 Sanitary Servicing Design Criteria

The design criteria for determining the sanitary peak flow rates for the proposed development follow the parameters outlined in the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012 as amended by all applicable Technical Bulletins. Namely, the following parameters have been used in determining the peak sanitary flow rates:

Design Criterion	Residential and Commercial Areas
Residential Base Flow	280 L/capita/day
Commercial Base Flow	2.8 L/m²/day
Populations – Studio	1.4 Persons Per Unit
Population – 1 Bedroom	1.4 Persons Per Unit
Population – 2 Bedroom	2.1 Persons Per Unit
Population – 3 Bedroom	2.7 Persons Per Unit
Peaking Factor for Residential	Determined by Harmon Equation

Table 3-1: Sanitary Peak Flow	v Determination Design Criteria
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	$P.F. = 1 + \left[\frac{1}{4 + \left(\frac{P}{1,000}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}\right] \times 0.8$ $(P = \text{population}; P.F. = \text{peaking factor})$ $Maximum P.F. = 4.0$ $Minimum P.F. = 2.0$
Peaking Factor for Commercial	1.5
Dry Weather Infiltration Rate	0.05 L/s/effective gross hectare (for all areas)
Wet Weather Infiltration	0.28 L/s/effective gross hectare (for all areas)
Total Infiltration Allowance	0.33 L/s/effective gross hectare (for all areas)

### 3.3 Proposed Sanitary Servicing and Calculations

#### **Proposed Sanitary Network Extension**

The proposed Sanitary network extension will be as per the approved Master Servicing Study. A detailed Sanitary Calculation sheet has been developed with all the existing and future flows. Refer to **Appendix C** for detail calculations.



#### **Proposed Sanitary Peak Flows**

The estimated peak flows from the proposed development and existing development based on the design criteria listed in **Table 3-1** are outlined in the following Table.

Table 3-2: Block 204 Peak Sanitary Flows

Flow Type	Total Flow Rate (L/s)
Total Estimated Average Flow Rate	1.56
Total Estimate Peak Flow Rate (Exclude extraneous flow)	4.74

Refer to Appendix C for detailed calculations.

Flow Type	Total Flow Rate (L/s)
Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate	5.96
Total Estimate Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate	15.02
Total Estimate Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate	15.86

Refer to **Appendix C** for detailed calculations.

#### **Block 204 Sanitary Service Connections**

Block 204 sanitary servicing will be connected to the new extended 250mm sanitary network by gravity. Connections shall be 200 mm PVC DR26 at a gradient of 2%.

### 3.4 Sanitary Servicing Summary and Conclusions

The sanitary servicing design for the proposed development conforms to the requirements of the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012, as amended by all applicable Technical Bulletins.

New pumping Station will need to be built and operational before the occupancy of Block 204.

Peak wastewater demands are below the ultimate sanitary flow in the approved Master Servicing Study who confirmed that there is adequate residual capacity in the city of Ottawa system to accommodate the proposed wastewater flow.



### 4. Storm Servicing and Stormwater Management

#### 4.1 Existing Conditions

The western part of ZIBI development is comprised of two existing storm networks. The storm network located in the upper of the development drains most of the north and west parts of the island and discharges to an outlet on the East side of Booth and onto the Ottawa River. The second storm network drains the courtyard between Block 205A, 206 and 204 and is discharge into the underground parking lot where it eventually crosses Booth Street and onto the Ottawa River. See **Figure 4-1** below for existing storm configuration.

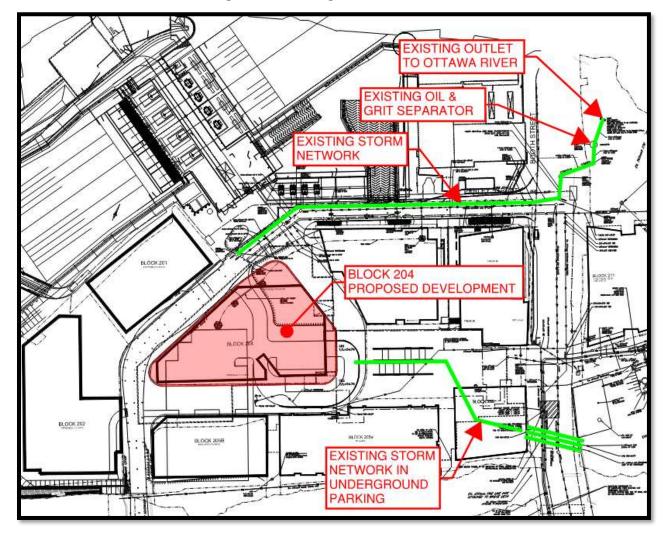


Figure 4-1 Existing Storm Network

As per the Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report by DSEL dated August 2018, the Storm Water Management approach was to design the Storm Network to capture the 2-year storm event and that larger storm events are to use major system flow route. Refer to **Table 4-1** for flows that was calculated in the Phase I servicing report.

		or System Flo & 104B (1.059				om Area 104A
Storm Event	Minor Flow to HW100 (L/s)	Major Flow to Booth (L/s)	On-Site Max Flow Depth (m)	Minor Flow to Outlet South of 535 (L/s)	Major Flow to Booth (L/s)	On-Site Max Flow Depth (m)
2-Year	183.5	0.28	0.0	15.8	0	0
5-Year	246.6	18.2	0.02	22.3	0	0
100-Year	344.5	121.3	0.10	60.0	0	0

Table 4-1: Pea	k Release	Flows -	Existing	Site
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The existing storm network is also comprised of a Stormceptor STC4000 capable of treating 80% TSS removal before discharge to the Ottawa River. The storm network that drains the Courtyard into the underground parking garage is also equipped with an internal mechanical system to treat 80% TSS removal. Refer to Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report by DSEL dated August 2018 for technical details of the existing Storm Network.

### 4.2 Storm Servicing Strategy and Design Criteria

As stated in the Servicing Report by DSEL, quantity control is not required for the site as it will not increase flood risk to the Ottawa River. However, the site plan configuration has been modified since the last stormwater report and a larger area than what was anticipated will be draining to the storm network. Roof retention of Block 204 will be implemented in order to not exceed the anticipated peak flow that was identified in the Phase I report.

As stated in the Servicing Report by DSEL, the site currently has a Stormceptor to ensure 80% TSS removal is achieved as per the set requirement by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority. Therefore, no additional quality treatment will be required for the proposed development.

# 4.3 Proposed Storm Servicing and Stormwater Management Design and Calculations

#### **Proposed Storm Network Extension**

The proposed storm sewer extension has been sized to capture the 5-year storm event. A Storm Sewer Hydraulic Design sheet using the rational method has been developed to analyze the existing and proposed storm network for the 2,5 and 100-year storm event. Refer to **Appendix D** for detail calculations.



#### **Proposed Flow Rates and Stormwater Quantity Control**

To calculate the peak flow rate, an evaluation of the runoff coefficient was done. The site is comprised of landscape surface, interlock pavers and hard surfaces such as roof and pavement. Refer to **Table 4-2** for the values that were used. The City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guideline does not have an attributed value for interlock pavers and therefore the value of 0.75 was used for from the MTO Drainage Management Manual (1997). Refer to **Appendix D** for table. For the 100-year Storm, the runoff coefficient has been increased by 25% as per City of Ottawa Guideline.

Table 4-2: Runoff Coefficient           Type of surface           Runoff Coefficient		
Landscape	0.2	
Interlock Pavers	0.75	
Hard surface	0.9	

For the hydraulic analysis of the storm network, a time of concentration of 10 minutes was used for the beginning of the network. The Block 204 will be doing water retention and will have a release rate of 21.13L/s. The flow restriction on the roof will result in 47m<sup>3</sup> of water retention. Around 30% of the roof surface will be developed as green surface and has been considered in the calculations. Below is a table that summarized the peak flow for different storm event and compares the anticipated flow from the Phase I servicing report.

Rain event	Phase I anticipated Flow to HW 100 (1.059ha) (L/s)	<u>4-2: Post-developm</u> From STM-111 to HW 100 (1.27ha) (L/s)	Phase I anticipated Flow Courtyard (0.234ha) (L/s)	Area ''A10'' Courtyard (0.134ha) (L/s)
2-year	183.78	176.56	15.8	21.46
5-year	264.8	234.09	22.3	29.11
100-year	465.8	457.48	60.0	62.53

Table 4.0. Dest development Flow Date

For the Area of the Courtyard, the flow calculated appears to be higher than what was calculated during the Phase I, however, in the Phase I servicing report, it was calculated that the plumbing system in the underground garage had a capacity of 535L/s. Therefore, the existing network will be able to convey the 100-year storm event.

The main network draining to HW 100 has a greater area than what was anticipated during the design of Phase I. However, due to the retention done by Block 204 and using a runoff coefficient of 0.75 for interlock pavers, we obtain a peak flow that is lower than what was anticipated.



#### **Stormwater Service Connections**

The Block 204 and future Blocks will have a storm service of 250mm diameter with a minimum slope of 1%. The service line will be used to convey the roof flow and foundation drain.

#### **Stormwater Quality Control**

As mentioned in section 4.1, the site is currently equipped with a Stormceptor to treat 80% TSS removal as required by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority.

# 4.4 Storm Servicing and Stormwater Management Summary and Conclusions

The storm servicing design for the proposed development conforms to the requirements of the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012, as amended by all applicable Technical Bulletins.

The peak flow rate for the 100-year storm is below the anticipated flow that was calculated during the Phase I report. Therefore, no additional storm analysis was done.

Roof Flow Control Declaration will be provided upon completion of the Mechanical and Structural design.

### 5. Conclusion

The purpose of this assessment is to confirm that the proposed development can be adequately serviced using the existing municipal infrastructure (water, sanitary, and storm) surrounding the site. This assessment shall be used in support of a Site Plan Control Application to allow for the construction of Block 204.

The important information and findings as a result of this assessment are as follows:

- The anticipated water demands for the ZIBI site are 346.49 L/min (average day), 21,847.34 L/min (max day + fire flow), and 1497.4 L/min (peak hour). Based on the boundary conditions provided by the City an additional private hydrant will be required on site to provide adequate fire flow. There is adequate flow and pressure in the water distribution system to meet the required potable water demands for the proposed development.
- The estimated sanitary flow for the proposed Block 204 development is 1.56 L/s (average flow rate) and 4.74 L/s (peak flow rate);
- The estimated sanitary flow for the ZIBI site is 5.96 L/s (average flow rate), 15.02 L/s (peak dry weather), and 15.86 L/s (peak wet weather). The new permanent pumping station designed by Hatch will need to be in operation before the Block 204 occupancy. The City of Ottawa has indicated that they can accept the anticipated sanitary flow for full built-up of the ZIBI development in the Master Servicing Study (MSS);
- Storm Peak Flow to HW-100 outlet for the 100-year event is lower than what was anticipated in the Phase I servicing report. Runoff of the Courtyard has been increased but internal plumbing has the capacity to convey the 100-year storm event;
- The site is currently equipped with an Oil Grit Separator and therefore no additional quality treatment was proposed for the development;



+ Roof Flow Control Declaration will be provided upon completion of the Mechanical and Structural design.

We trust this Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report is to your satisfaction. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to contact any of the signatories.



## Appendix A Pre-consultation Correspondence





#### Julien Sauvé

From:	Hamlin, Allison <allison.hamlin@ottawa.ca></allison.hamlin@ottawa.ca>
Sent:	Wednesday, January 19, 2022 9:32 AM
То:	Paul Cope; Darrin Rankine; Justin Robitaille
Cc:	Mottalib, Abdul; Paudel, Neeti; Wang, Randolph; Patel, Parthvi
Subject:	Pre-application Consultation Follow-up Email - ZIBI Block 204, 317 Miwate Private

#### --EXTERNAL--

Hello,

Thank you for meeting with us to discuss the fourth phase of development at Zibi. Your presentation was very helpful.

Please refer to the below and attached notes regarding the Pre-Application Consultation Meeting held on January 6, 2022, for the 22-storey, mixed-use, high-rise development at Zibi (Block 204, 315 priv Maw te Private, Chaudiare Island).

Below are staff's preliminary comments based on the information presented at the time of the pre-consultation meeting:

#### Planning

- A site plan application (Complex) will be required.
- Zoning: MD5[2172] S332; OP(2003): Central Area and Central Area Secondary Plan, Mixed Use on Schedule Q; New OP: Ottawa River Islands Special District within the Downtown Core Transect.
- Please provide details of if/how lands will be severed and how the woonerf will be added to the plan of condo in your cover letter.
- Please provide a legal description and a legal survey of the subject lands with your application. A topographical sketch will not be sufficient.

#### Transportation

•

- TIA requirements An addendum with trips, MMLOS and TDM for this site is accepted. It is recommended that the development provide as many TDM measures to enable and encourage travel by active modes.
- Ensure continuous, safe, and accessible pedestrian connections is provided from the site to the transit service on Booth Street. Recommend providing a close/ direct active mode connection through Block 204, 206 and 207 to Booth Street.
  - Site triangles at the following locations on the final plan will be required:
    - Local Road to Local Road: 3 metre x 3 metres
- On site plan:

- Show all details of the roads abutting the site up to and including the opposite curb; include such items as pavement markings, accesses and/or sidewalks.
- Turning templates will be required for all accesses showing the largest vehicle to access the site; required for internal movements and at all access (entering and exiting and going in both directions).
- Show all curb radii measurements; ensure that all curb radii are reduced as much as possible
- Show lane/aisle widths.
- Sidewalk is to be continuous across access as per City Specification 7.1.
- AODA legislation applies for all areas accessible to the public. Consider using Accessibility Design Standards

### Urban Design

- A Design Brief is required as part of the submission. The Terms of Reference is attached for convenience.
- Please consider both the Design Framework and Development Principles and the Heritage Interpretive Plan within the analysis.
- The site is within a Design Priority Area and formal review by the City's Urban Design Review Panel is required. The applicant can also benefit from informal review by the UDRP prior to submitting the application. Please reach out to the City's UDRP coordinator at udrp@ottawa.ca for scheduling details. Please note the UDRP is currently under high pressure with respect to project scheduling. Priority is given to projects at the stage of formal review.
- With respect to the design presented at the pre-consultation meeting, the programming and general site organization appears to have followed the approved master plan for the island. The detailed analysis and architectural aspirations presented by the architect are also appreciated. However, certain aspects of the design, particularly the positioning, shape, and the massing articulation of the tower are not most convincing.
  - Locating the tower to the northmost part of the site, while creating opportunities for a south-facing roof top amenity space, crowds the north shore of the island with a wall of towers. Do the benefits of this design strategy outweigh the shortcomings? Have the overall microclimate conditions of the site and the surrounding area been fully examined?
  - The generally rectangular shape of the tower appears to be quite arbitrary for the site and its location and does not respond to geometry of the site and the surrounding contextual elements effectively.
- Moving forward, it is important to continue to explore site plan and massing options taking into consideration the views of the island from the various vantage points as well as the overall optimal microclimate conditions of the site and the island. It is recommended as a best practice that a shadow study and a desk top wind study be prepared for each massing options explored to facilitate decision making.

#### Infrastructure

Capacity issues for sewers

- Please find the Servicing Report Template & Study Guidelines" in the attachment and prepare the servicing study accordingly. For capacity issue, please see section 3.2.1 page 3-3 and follow this section. A completed checklist with corresponding references from the servicing study is mandatory for the completeness of the study. Please add a completed checklist in the report.
  - Sanitary: as per approved master plan
  - Storm: as per approved master plan
  - Water: as per approved master plan
  - Sewage Pumping Station: Block 204 triggers Sewage Pumping Station. Sewage pumping station approval is required for this site as per the master plan agreement.

Required information for Water boundary conditions (not required if you're using existing service)

- Boundary conditions are required to confirm that the require fire flows can be achieved as well as availability of the domestic water pressure on the city street in front of the development. Please use Table 3-3 of the MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water System to determine Maximum Day and Maximum Hour peaking factors for 0 to 500 persons and use Table 4.2 of the Ottawa Design Guidelines, Water Distribution for 501 to 3,000 persons.
- 1. Location of Service
- 2. A sketch of the proposed water service to the city watermain
- 3. Street Number & Name
- 4. Type of development and units
- 5. Amount of fire flow required \_\_\_\_\_l/s (Calculation as per the FUS Method).
- 6. Average daily demand: -I/s
- 7. Maximum daily demand: -l/s
- 8. Maximum hourly daily demand: -l/s
- Please note proposed development will require 2 separate service connections from the city watermains if the basic day demand is greater than 50m3/day to avoid the creation of a vulnerable service area. Two water meters will be required for two service connections and the service connections will have to be looped.

#### Underground and above ground building footprints

• All underground and above ground building footprints and permanent walls need to be shown on the plan to confirm that any permanent structure does not extend either above or below into the existing property lines, sight triangles and/or future road widening protection limits.

Grade limitations for underground ramps

• Underground ramps should be limited to a 12% grade and must contain a subsurface melting device when exceeding 6%. If the ramp's break over slope exceeds 8%, a vertical-curve transition or a transition slope of half the ramp slope should be used.

#### Stormwater management criteria

• Quantity and quality control of the storm flow will be implemented as per master plan.

#### Monitoring MHs

• Onsite Monitoring MHs are required for sewers (sanitary and storm) if there will be commercial component with the residential development.

Studies required for Site Plan application

- Serviceability Study
- Erosion and sediment Control Plan, it can be combined with grading plan
- Stormwater Management Report
- Geotechnical Study
- Phase 2 Noise Control Detailed Study
- ESA-Phase 1 Study and Phase 2: Updated Phase II is required to ensure further contamination has not occurred and a description of the remediation process with available test results for our review.
- Filling of RSC.
- Wind Analysis
- Sewage Pumping Station

MOECC SWM Requirement:

• It will be indicated in the first review comments whether an ECA is required for that submission.

#### Relevant information

- Servicing & site works shall be in accordance with the following documents:
  - Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (2012)
  - Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution (2010)
  - Geotechnical Investigation and Reporting Guidelines for Development Applications in the City of Ottawa (2007)
  - City of Ottawa Slope Stability Guidelines for Development Applications (2004)
  - City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (2006)
  - City of Ottawa Park and Pathway Development Manual (2012)
  - City of Ottawa Accessibility Design Standards (2012)
  - Ottawa Standard Tender Documents (2015)
  - Ontario Provincial Standards for Roads & Public Works (2015)
- Record drawings and utility plans can be purchased from the City (Contact the City's Information Centre by email at InformationCentre@ottawa.ca or by phone at (613) 580-2424 x.44455).

#### City Surveyor

 The determination of property boundaries, minimum setbacks and other regulatory constraints are a critical component of development. An Ontario Land Surveyor (O.L.S.) needs to be consulted at the outset of a project to ensure properties are properly defined and can be used as the geospatial framework for the development. o Topographic details may also be required for a project and should be either carried out by the O.L.S. that has provided the Legal Survey or done in consultation with the O.L.S. to ensure that the project is integrated to the appropriate control network.

Questions regarding the above requirements can be directed to the City's Surveyor, Bill Harper, at Bill.Harper@ottawa.ca

#### **Community Representative Comments**

• Please see attached minutes

#### <u>Other</u>

- o Plans are to be standard A1 size (594 mm x 841 mm) sheets, utilizing an appropriate Metric scale (1:200, 1:250, 1:300, 1:400 or 1:500).
- o All PDF submitted documents are to be unlocked and flattened.
- o You are encouraged to contact the Ward Councillor, Councillor Catherine McKenney, about the proposal.

Please refer to the links to <u>Guide to preparing studies and plans</u> and <u>fees</u> for further information. Additional information is available related to <u>building permits</u>, <u>development</u> <u>charges</u>, <u>and the Accessibility Design Standards</u>. Be aware that other fees and permits may be required, outside of the development review process. You may obtain background drawings by contacting <u>informationcentre@ottawa.ca</u>.

These pre-application consultation comments are valid for one year. If you submit a development application(s) after this time, you may be required to meet for another preconsultation meeting and/or the submission requirements may change. You are as well encouraged to contact us for a follow-up meeting if the plan/concept will be further refined. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions.

#### Regards,

#### Allison Hamlin, MCIP, RPP

Planner III (A) | Urbaniste III (A) Development Review Central | Examen des demandes d'am nagement secteur centre Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department | Services de la planification, des biens immobiliers et du developpement economique City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa 110 Laurier Avenue West. Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue. Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1 613.580.2424 ext./ poste 25477 ottawa.ca/planning / ottawa.ca/urbanisme

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## Appendix B Water Supply Calculations







ZIBI Block 204

CIMA+ PROJECT NUMBER: A000931 CLIENT: DREAM PROJECT STATUS: Site Plan

A000931 DREAM Site Plan Application

#### WATER CONSUMPTION CALCULATIONS

#### APPLICABLE DESIGN GUIDELINES:

1. Ottawa Design Guidelines - Water Distribution (2010)

2. City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02, ISDTB-2014-02 and ISD-2010-02

3. MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems

<b>RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL WAT</b>	ER DEMAND	S:
<b>RESIDENTIAL DESIGN CRITERIA:</b>		
Decidential Average Dev Demands	050	- I

Residential Average Day Demand:	350	L/c/day
Maximum Day Peaking Factor:	3.2	x Average Daily Demand
Maximum (Peak Hour) Peaking Factor:	4.9	x Average Daily Demand

#### **EQUIVALENT POPULATION :**

Unit Type	Number of Units	Persons Per Unit	Population
1 Bedroom Apartments	141	1.4	197
2 Bedroom Apartments	79	2.1	166
Studio	19	1.4	27
Total	239		390

#### **RETAIL & AMENITY DESIGN CRITERIA:**

Contributing Retail & Amenity Area:	3,153.000	1
Retail & Amenity Average Day Demand:	2.5	
Maximum Day Peaking Factor:	1.5	2
Maximum (Peak Hour) Peaking Factor:	1.8	2

00 m<sup>2</sup> L/m<sup>2</sup>/d x Average Daily Demand x Maximum Daily Demand Per Unit Populations:

Unit Type	Persons Per Unit
Single Family	3.4
Semi-detached	2.7
Duplex	2.3
Townhouse (row)	2.7
Apartments:	
Bachelor	1.4
1 Bedroom	1.4
2 Bedroom	2.1
3 Bedroom	3.1
Average Apt.	1.8

#### WATER DEMANDS:

Demand Type	Average Daily Demand (L/s)	Maximum Daily Demand (L/s)	Maximum (Peak) Hour Demand (L/s)
Residential	1.58	5.06	7.74
Retail & Amenity	0.09	0.14	0.25
Total	1.67	5.19	7.99

#### NOTES:

1. Maximum Day and Maximum Hour residential peaking factors determined using Table 3-3 of the MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water System for 0 to 500 persons.

2. Given basic day demand less than 50 m³/day (0.57 L/s), only one connection is required.

Prepared by: Julien Sauvé, P.Eng. PEO #100200100 Date: 2022/04/05

Verified by: André Chaumont, P.Eng. PEO #90409194 Date: 2022/04/05

ZIBI Block 204

CIMA+ PROJECT NUMBER: A000931 CLIENT: DREAM PROJECT STATUS: Site Plan

A000931 DREAM Site Plan Application

#### WATER CONSUMPTION CALCULATIONS

#### APPLICABLE DESIGN GUIDELINES:

1. Ottawa Design Guidelines - Water Distribution (2010)

2. City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02, ISDTB-2014-02 and ISD-2010-02

3. MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems

#### WATER DEMANDS:

CIM

Phase	Block	Туре	Unit	Rate	No Units	Avg Day L/min	Max Day L/min	Peak Hour L/min
1	208	Office	75	L/9.3m <sup>2</sup> /d	975	5.46	8.19	14.75
1	208	Retail	2.5	L/m²/d	736	1.28	1.92	3.45
1	208	Restaurant	125	L/seat/d	8	0.69	1.04	1.88
1	205A	Res	474.6	L/unit/d	71	23.4	114.66	173.16
1	205A	Retail	2.5	L/m²/d	754	1.31	1.96	3.53
3	207	Office	75	L/9.3m <sup>2</sup> /d	4544	25.45	38.17	68.71
3	207	Retail	2.5	L/m²/d	567	0.98	1.48	2.66
3	207	Restaurant	125	L/seat/d	150	13.02	19.53	35.16
4	206	Res	280	L/unit/d	447	86.92	217.29	478.04
4	206	Retail	2.5	L/m²/d	857	1.49	2.23	4.02
4	206	Amenity	2.5	L/m²/d	1509	2.62	3.93	7.07
2	211	Office	75	L/9.3m <sup>2</sup> /d	14480	81.09	121.64	218.95
2	211	Retail	2.5	L/m²/d	1082	1.88	2.82	5.07
5	204	Res	350	L/p/d	390.00	94.79	303.33	464.48
5	204	Retail	2.5	L/m²/d	1595.60	2.77	4.16	7.48
5	204	Amenity	2.5	L/m²/d	1557.60	2.70	4.06	7.30
1	EO	Office	75	L/p/d	12	0.63	0.94	1.69
					Total	346.49	847.34	1497.40

#### NOTES:

1. Maximum Day and Maximum Hour residential peaking factors determined using Table 3-3 of the MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water System for 0 to 500 persons.

Prepared by: Julien Sauvé, P.Eng. PEO #100200100 Date: 2022/04/05

Verified by: André Chaumont, P.Eng. PEO #90409194 Date: 2022/04/05



ZIBI Block 204

# CIMA+ PROJECT NUMBER:A000931CLIENT:DREANPROJECT STATUS:Site Plan Control

#### FIRE FLOW ASSESSMENT

#### APPLICABLE DESIGN GUIDELINES:

1. Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Water Supply for Public Fire Protection, 1999

2. Ottawa Design Guidelines - Water Distribution (2010) including Appendix H per ISTB-2018-02

3. City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02

4. MOE Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems

#### **STEP A - DETERMINE THE TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION**

Type of Construction	Coefficient (C)	Value Selected (C)
Fire-resistive Construction (> 3 hours)	0.6	
Fire-resistive Construction (> 2 hours)	0.7	
Non-combustible Construction	0.8	0.7
Ordinary Construction	1.0	
Wood Frame Construction	1.5	

#### **STEP B - DETERMINE THE FLOOR AREA**

Floor/Level	Floor Area Per Level (sq. ft.)	Floor Area Per Level (m2)	Fire Resistive Building	Protected Openings (one hour rating)	Area of Structure Considered (m2)
GFA Level 1:	22,779	2,116			22,779
Mezzanine	9,416	875			219
GFA Level 2:	12,239	1,137			284
GFA Level 3:	8,783	816			-
GFA Level 4:	11,741	1,091			-
GFA Level 5:	11,741	1,091			-
GFA Level 6:	11,741	1,091			-
GFA Level 7:	11,741	1,091			-
GFA Level 8:	11,741	1,091			-
GFA Level 9:	11,741	1,091			-
GFA Level 10:	7,660	712		YES	-
GFA Level 11:	7,543	701	YES		-
GFA Level 12:	7,543	701	TES		-
GFA Level 13:	7,543	701			-
GFA Level 14:	7,543	701			-
GFA Level 15:	7,543	701			-
GFA Level 16:	7,543	701			-
GFA Level 17:	7,543	701			-
GFA Level 18:	7,543	701			-
GFA Level 19:	7,543	701			-
GFA Level 20:	7,543	701			-
GFA Level 21:	7,543	701	]		-
GFA Level 22:	7,543	701	1		-
GFA Level Mechanical Penthouse	2,165	201			-
TOTAL FLOOR AREA (A):	224,004	20,811			23,282



ZIBI Block 204

# CIMA+ PROJECT NUMBER:A000931CLIENT:DREANPROJECT STATUS:Site Plan Control

#### FIRE FLOW ASSESSMENT

#### **STEP C - DETERMINE THE HEIGHT IN STOREYS**

Floor/Level	Number of Storeys	Percent of Floor Area Considered
Ground Level:	1	100%
Mezzanine	1	25%
Level 2:	1	25%
Level 3:	1	-
Level 4:	1	-
Level 5:	1	-
Level 6:	1	-
Level 7:	1	-
Level 8:	1	-
Level 9:	1	-
Level 10:	1	-
Level 11:	1	-
Level 12:	1	-
Level 13:	1	-
Level 14:	1	-
Level 15:	1	-
Level 16:	1	-
Level 17:	1	-
Level 18:	1	-
Level 19:	1	-
Level 20:	1	-
Level 21:	1	-
Level 22:	1	-
Mechanical Penthouse	1	-
HEIGHT IN STOREYS:	24	

STEP D - DETERMINE BASE FIRE FLOW (ROUND TO NEAREST 1,000 L/min)

$$F = 220C\sqrt{A}$$

Where:

F is the required fire flow in L/min

C is the coefficient related to the type of construction, and;

A is the total floor area of the building in m<sup>2</sup>

Coefficient Related to Type of Construction (C) = Floor Area Considered (A) =

REQUIRED (BASE) FIRE FLOW (F) =

23,282 m<sup>2</sup>

23000 L/min (Rounded to Nearest 1,000 L/min)

#### STEP E - DETERMINE THE INCREASE OR DECREASE FOR OCCUPANCY AND APPLY TO STEP D (STEP D x STEP E, DO NOT ROUND)

0.7

Occupancy Class	Occupancy Factor	Value Selected (C)
Non-combustible	0.75	
Limited combustible	0.85	
Combustible	1.00	0.85
Free burning	1.15	
Rapid burning	1.25	

REQUIRED (BASE) FIRE FLOW (F) =19550 L/min (Not rounded)



ZIBI Block 204

CIMA+ PROJECT NUMBER:A000931CLIENT:DREANPROJECT STATUS:Site Plan Control

#### FIRE FLOW ASSESSMENT

STEP F - DETERMINE THE DECREASE, IF ANY, FOR AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER PROTECTION AND APPLY TO VALUE IN STEP D ABOVE (DO NOT ROUND)

Sprinkler System Design	Sprinkler Design Charge	Value Selected (C)	Total Charge
Automatic sprinkler system conforming to NFPA standards	-30%	Yes	-30%
Standard water supply	-10%	Yes	-10%
Fully supervised system	-10%	Yes	-10%
TOTAL CHARGE FOR SPRINKLER SYSTEM			-50%

DECREASE FOR SPRINKLER PROTECTION = -11500 L/min (Not rounded)

STEP G - DETERMINE THE TOTAL INCREASE FOR EXPOSURES AND APPLY TO VALUE IN STEP D ABOVE (DO NOT ROUND)

Façade	Separation Distance (m)	Length-height Factor of Exposed Wall (m-storeys)	Assumed Construction of Exposed Wall of Adiacent	Total Charge
North Façade	16.0	1222	Fire Resistive or Ordinary with Unprotected Openings	15%
East Façade	16.0	256	Fire Resistive or Ordinary with Unprotected Openings	15%
South Façade	17.0	1420	Fire Resistive or Ordinary with Unprotected Openings	15%
West Façade	17.0	56	Fire Resistive or Ordinary with Unprotected Openings	11%
TOTAL CHARGE FOR EXPOSURES				56%

INCREASE FOR EXPOSURES =

STEP H - DETERMINE FIRE FLOW INCLUDING ALL INCREASES AND REDUCTIONS ((STEP E + STEP F + STEP G, ROUND TO NEAREST 1,000 L/min)

12880 L/min (Not rounded)

 TOTAL REQUIRED FIRE FLOW (RFF) =
 21000
 L/min (Rounded to Nearest 1,000 L/min)

 350.00
 L/s

5548 USGPM



ZIBI Block 204

#### CIMA+ PROJECT NUMBER: A000931 CLIENT: DREAN Site Plan Control **PROJECT STATUS:**

#### **FIRE FLOW ASSESSMENT**

#### NOTES/COMMENTS:

#### **STEP A - DETERMINE THE TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION**

1. Building is made of typical Reinforced Concrete and has a fire rating of two hours. Extrapolation was used to determine the coefficient

#### **STEP B - DETERMINE THE FLOOR AREA**

1. Assumed vertical openings and exterior vertical communications are properly protected (one hour rating), thus only the area of the largest floor plus 25% of each of the two immediately adjoining floors accounted for per Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Water Supply for Public Fire Protection, 1999

#### **STEP C - DETERMINE THE HEIGHT IN STOREYS**

1. One levels of underground parking not considered as they are at least 50% below grade (note F of Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Water Supply for Public Fire Protection, 1999)

STEP D - DETERMINE BASE FIRE FLOW (ROUND TO NEAREST 1,000 L/min)

1. No notes or comments.

STEP E - DETERMINE THE INCREASE OR DECREASE FOR OCCUPANCY AND APPLY TO STEP D (STEP D x STEP E, DO NOT ROUND) 1. Occupancy selected will fall under C-2 occupancy type as per Neuf Architect.

STEP F - DETERMINE THE DECREASE, IF ANY, FOR AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER PROTECTION AND APPLY TO VALUE IN STEP D ABOVE (DO NOT ROUND) 1. Sprinkler system will be fully supervised.

STEP G - DETERMINE THE TOTAL INCREASE FOR EXPOSURES AND APPLY TO VALUE IN STEP D ABOVE (DO NOT ROUND) 1. Refer to sketch in Appendix for distance used in calculation.

#### STEP H - DETERMINE FIRE FLOW INCLUDING ALL INCREASES AND REDUCTIONS ((STEP E + STEP F + STEP G, ROUND TO NEAREST 1,000 L/min) 1. No notes or comments.

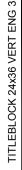
Prepared by: Julien Sauvé, P.Eng. PEO# 100173201

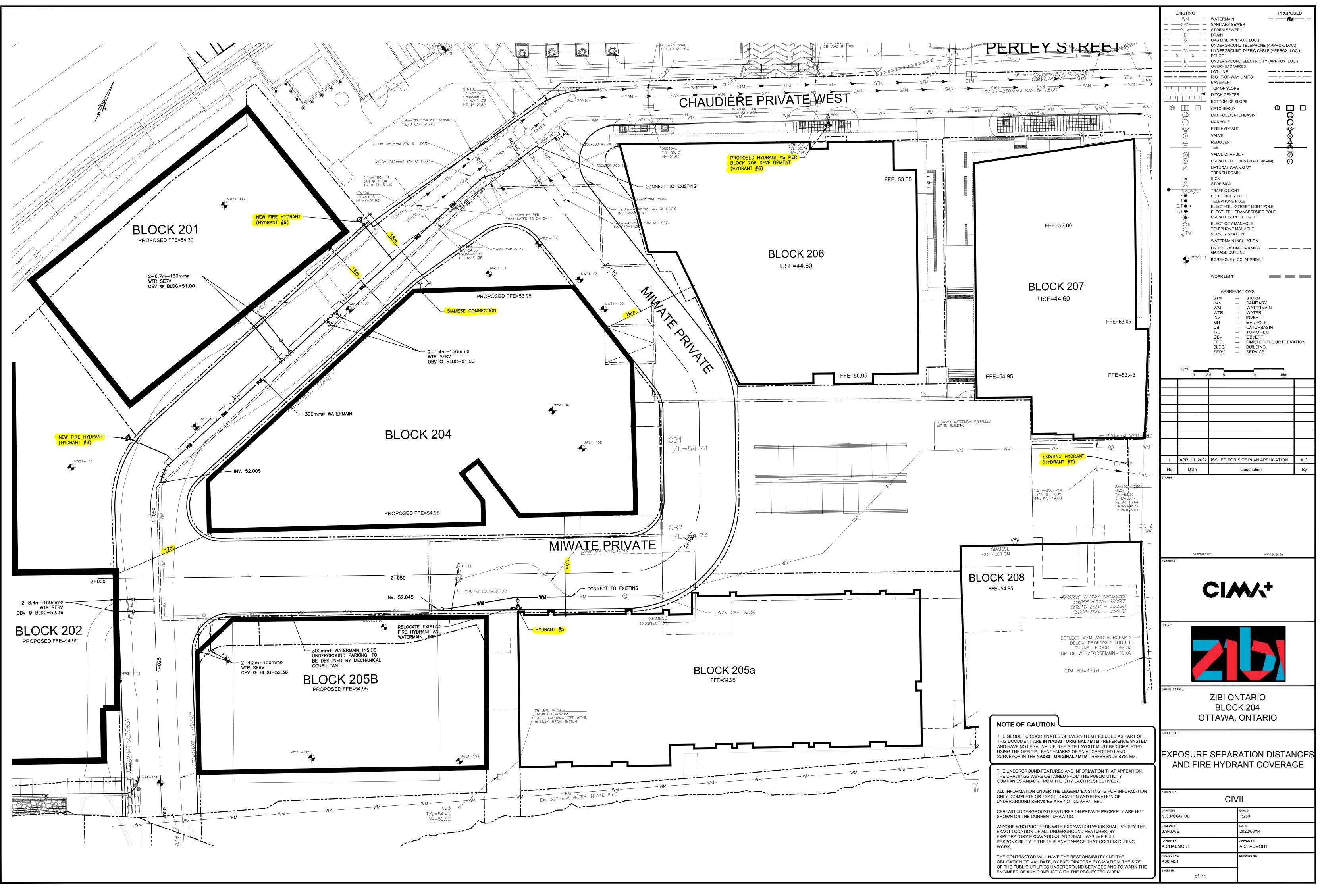
Date: 2022/04/05

Verified by: André Chaumont, P.Eng. PEO #90409194

Date: 2022/04/05

Z:\Cima-C10\Ott\_Projects\A\A000931\_Zibi\_Block 7\_Ottawa\300\_Design\360\_Civil\04\_Watermain\[220329\_Water Demands and Analysis.xlsx]Water Demand Summar





PRINT DATE: 2022/04/14 / PAPER SIZE: ----PATH: Z:\Cima-C10\Ott\_Projects\A\A000931\_Zibi\_Block 7\_Ottawa\400\_Drafting\460\_Civi\Figures for Fire Protection.dwg / LAYOUT: Separation D



## Appendix C Wastewater Collection Calculations







ZIBI - Ontario - Urban\_Development A000931 Windmill DREAM Ontario 207 LP Preliminary Design (Assessment of Adequacy of Public Services)

2 Bedroom 3 Bedroom

Average Apt

L/m<sup>2</sup>/day

L/m²/day

#### APPLICABLE DESIGN GUIDELINES:

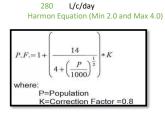
1. City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012

2. City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-01 3. Ontario Building Code 8.2.1.3.B.

#### DOMESTIC CONTRIBUTIONS:

RESIDENTIAL DESIGN CRITERIA: Residential Average Flow:

Residential Peak Factor:



280

Per Unit Populations: Table 4.2 Per Unit Populations Unit Type Single Family Semi-detached Persons Per Unit Duplex Townhouse (row) Apartments: Bachelor 1 Bedroom 1.4 1.4

For the design of new systems, the average residential flow of 280 L/capita per day (as noted in Figure 4.3) shall be used. The peaking factor shall be derived from the Harmon Formula with the minimum permissible peaking factor being 2.0 and the maximum being 4.0. A correction factor of 0.8 shall then be applied to the Harmon Peaking factor.

- Infiltration Allowance (Dry weather): 0.05 L/s/effective gross ha (for all areas)
- Infiltration Allowance (Wet weather): 0.28 L/s/effective gross ha (for all areas) Infiltration Allowance (Total I/I): 0.33 L/s/effective gross
- ha (for all areas)

COMMERCIAL & INSTITUTIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS: COMMERCIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL DESIGN CRITERIA:

Retail Average Flow:	28000	L/ha/day	2.8
Restaurant Average Flow:	125	L/seat/day	
Office Average Flow:	75	L/9.3m <sup>2</sup> /day	8.1
Office Average Flow:	75	L/c/day	
Commercial Peak Factor:	1.5		

Effective Gross Area:
DryWeather Infiltration rate
WetWeather Infiltration rate
Total Infiltration Allowance:
Peak Extraneous Flow:

2.1

- 3 ha 0.05 L/s/effective gross ha 0.28 L/s/effective gross ha
- 0.33 L/s/effective gross ha
- 0.99 L/s

Phase	Block	Туре		t Rate	Floor Area	Population	Number of Seats	Average Flow (L/s)	Peak Factor	Peak Flow (L/s)
1	208	Office	8.1	L/m2/day	2527	-	-	0.24	1.5	0.35
1	205A	Residential	280	L/c/day	-	127	-	0.41	3.4	1.40
1	205A	Retail	2.8	L/m2/day	750	-	-	0.02	1.5	0.04
2	211	Office	8.1	L/m2/day	14480	-	-	1.35	1.5	2.03
2	211	Retail	2.8	L/m2/day	1082	-	-	0.04	1.5	0.05
3	207	Office	8.1	L/m2/day	6451	-	-	0.60	1.5	0.90
3	207	Retail	2.8	L/m2/day	575	-	-	0.02	1.5	0.03
3	207	Restaurant	125	L/seat/day	-	-	150	0.22	1.5	0.33
4	206	Residential	280	L/c/day	-	447	-	1.45	3.4	4.93
4	206	Retail	2.8	L/m2/day	799	-	-	0.03	1.5	0.04
4	204	Residential	280	L/c/day	-	390	-	1.26	3.4	4.30
4	204	Retail	8.1	L/m2/day	1596	-	-	0.15	1.5	0.22
4	204	Amenity	8.1	L/m2/day	1558	-	-	0.15	1.5	0.22
1	EO	Office	75	L/c/day	-	10	-	0.01	1.5	0.01
1	ZIBI	Office	75	L/c/day	-	20	-	0.02	1.5	0.03

Total **Total Dryweather Flow Total Wetweather Flow**  5.96

14.87 15.02 15.86

#### NOTES:

1. Base sanitary flow, population densities, and infiltration rate are based on City of Ottawa design guidelines.

2. Harmon Equation has been used to calculate the residential peak factor for sanitary flows (see above) - maximum value of 4.0.

3. Population densities per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012, Section 4.3, Table 4.2 Per Unit Populations.

Prepared by: Zakaria Moumine, EIT

Date: 2022/03/24

PEO# 100564657

Verified by: Julien Sauvé, P.Eng. PEO# 100200100

Date: 2022/03/24





#### ZIBI - Ontario - Urban\_Development A000931 (360) HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS FOR SANITARY SEWERS

Manning Coefficient:	0.013
Maximum permitted velocity :	3.00
Minimum permitted velocity :	0.60

#### Hydraulic Calculations for Sanitary Sewers

Building Flow	Section	Dia.	Length	Slope	Capacity (full)	Velocity (full)	Flow	Cumulative Flow	Velocity (actual)	% Full
		mm	m	%	m³/s	m/s	m³/s	m³/s	m/s	
Building 202 / 205B	SAN-109 to SAN-108	250	30.6	0.35%	0.035	0.72	0.00665	0.00665	0.55	19%
	SAN-108 to SAN-107	250	9.9	0.35%	0.035	0.72	0.00000	0.00665	0.55	19%
Building 204 / 201	SAN-107 to SAN-106	250	57.2	0.35%	0.035	0.72	0.00919	0.01584	0.70	45%
	SAN-106 to SAN-105	250	22.2	1.00%	0.059	1.21	0.00000	0.01584	1.02	27%
	SAN-105 to SAN-104	250	9.2	1.10%	0.062	1.27	0.00000	0.01584	1.05	26%
Building 206 / 207 / EO	SAN-104 to SAN-103	250	107.8	1.50%	0.073	1.48	0.00624	0.02208	1.28	30%
	SAN-103 to SAN-102	250	67.3	0.42%	0.039	0.79	0.00000	0.02208	0.81	57%
ZIBI / 205a / 208/ 209	SAN-102 to SAN-101	250	18.3	0.45%	0.040	0.81	0.00462	0.02670	0.86	67%
Building 211 / 213	SAN-101 to SAN-100A	250	14.8	0.50%	0.042	0.86	0.00798	0.03468	0.96	83%
Building 212	SAN-100A to SAN-401A	300	75.9	0.23%	0.047	0.66	0.00520	0.03988	0.74	85%
Building 214 / 215	SAN-401A to SAN-402A	1,500	61.5	0.23%	3.393	1.92	0.00340	0.04328	0.66	1%
	SAN-402A to SAN PS	525	4.2	3.90%	0.849	3.92	0.00000	0.04328	2.05	5%

#### Remarks :

1. Slope of 2.00% has been assumed for all building connections.

2. Sewer runs generally do not achieve minimum flushing velocities (0.6m/s) under actual peak flow conditions, where the height of flow is less that 30% of the sewer diameter in accordance with City of Ottawa and MOE guidelines. A flushing program is to be implemented.

3. Sanitary Flows used for Future development are from the Master Servicing Study

Prepared by: Julien Sauvé, P.Eng PEO# 100200100 Date: ########

Verified by: André Chaumont, P.Eng PEO# 90409194 Date: ########



15 Allstate Parkway, Suite 300 Markham, Ontario, Canada L3R 5B4 Tel: +1 (905) 943 9600 Fax: +1 (905) 940 5848 www.hatch.ca

March 14, 2022

Ms. Taryn Glancy, P.Eng. Project Manager Zibi 6 Booth Street, Albert Island Ottawa, ON K1R 6K8

Dear Taryn:

# Subject: Preliminary Design for the Pumping Station to Service the Zibi Development on Chaudière Island - City of Ottawa

Hatch is pleased to present the Preliminary Design Report for the Zibi Permanent Pumping Station in the City of Ottawa.

We trust that this report is sufficient for your review and approval. Should you have any further questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,

K

Peter Rüsch, M.Eng., P.Eng., PMP Municipal Flow Assurance Lead - North America T 905.940.5497 peter.rusch@hatch.com

# Zibi Pumping Station, Chaudière Island, City of Ottawa



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# **Revision and Version Tracking**

Report Title: Zibi Pumping Station, Chaudière Island, City of Ottawa – Preliminary Design Report Submission Date: March 14, 2022

Version #	Filename:	Author	Checker	Approver	Date:
V0.50	Draft 1: Zibi Pumping Station Chaudière Island, Ottawa - Preliminary Design Report	P. Rüsch / A Gibbs	P. Rüsch	P. Rüsch	July 30, 2021
V0.90	Zibi Pumping Station Chaudière Island, Ottawa - Preliminary Design Report	P. Rüsch / A Gibbs	P. Rüsch	P. Rüsch	November 26, 2021
V0.95	Zibi Pumping Station Chaudière Island, Ottawa - Preliminary Design Report	P. Rüsch / A Gibbs	P. Rüsch	P. Rüsch	December 2, 2021
V1.00	Zibi Pumping Station Chaudière Island, Ottawa - Preliminary Design Report	P. Rüsch / A Gibbs	P. Rüsch	P. Rüsch	March 14, 2022



Peter Rüsch: Project Engineer



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# **Table of Contents**

Co	ver Le	tter	i						
1	Introduction								
2	Meth	odology	1						
	2.1	Capacity of the Pumping Station	1						
3	Desi	gn of the Pumping Station	1						
	3.1	Existing System Components / Elevations / Other Requirements							
	3.2 3.3	Approach Pipe Station Configuration							
	3.4	Sizing of the Wet Well.							
	3.5 3.6	Storage Requirements							
	3.7	Sizing and Pressure Class of the Forcemain, and System Curve	3						
	3.8 3.9	Pump Selection							
	3.9 3.10	Variable Frequency Drives Emergency Backup Times and Emergency Overflow							
	3.11	Regular and Emergency Maintenance							
	3.12	Operation, Maintenance and Service Manuals	5						
4	Elect	rical Works	5						
	4.1 4.2 4	Power Supply Control Panel .2.1 Operation	5						
5	Conf	ined Space Entry Requirements	6						

#### Appendices:

Appendix 1: Figures

List of Figures: FIGURE 1: SITE PLAN FIGURE 2: SYSTEM SCHEMATIC FIGURE 3: PROCESS MECHANICAL LAYOUT AND DETAILS FIGURE 4: SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM FIGURE 5: ELECTRICAL LAYOUT AND DETAILS FIGURE 6: STRUCTURAL LAYOUT AND DETAILS

Appendix 2: System Curve and Calculations

Appendix 3: KSB Pump Data Sheet

Appendix 4: E-mail RE: System Flow

Appendix 5: Generator Sizing TM-1



### 1 Introduction

This report has been prepared for Zibi for the preliminary design of a new sewage pumping station to be located on Chaudière Island in the City of Ottawa. A site plan is attached in Appendix 1: Figure 1. The pumping station will service the planned Zibi development on Chaudière Island.

The internal collection system will collect sewage by gravity to a low point near the proposed pumping station; refer to the site plan for details. The proposed pumping station is designed to lift the collected sewage through two existing forcemains to a manhole located on Brickhill Street (near Pimisi Station) in Ottawa, to be treated elsewhere.

The purpose of this report is to:

- Provide the design criteria and rational used to provide a preliminary design for the sewage pumping station;
- List specific requirements incorporated in the design;
- Outline the preliminary arrangement of the pumping station and site requirements;

This report is to be reviewed, and submitted to the City of Ottawa for review and comments for inclusion into the final design. This report is also to be submitted as part of the Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) application.

### 2 Methodology

#### 2.1 Capacity of the Pumping Station

Zibi, after review of the phasing of the development, requested a final capacity of the pumping station at 45 L/s, with a likely sewage flow of 30 to 35 L/s. Refer to an e-mail from Zibi in Appendix 4.

In line with the City of Ottawa requirements, a wet well with submersible pumps with an underground control valve chamber will form the core pumping station. The pumping station will be equipped with 2 duty and 1 standby pumps.

The invert of the incoming sewer and the forcemain is dictated by the existing ground levels / sewer designs and the requirements for storage in the wet well / approach pipe of the pumping station. The final inverts were set by Hatch, taking the incoming sewer, storage requirements, and operational levels / volumes into account.

For approval purposes, the firm capacity of this pumping station will be 45 L/s, with an expected peak flow of 30-35 L/s. Refer to Section 3.3 for a detailed description of pump/forcemain combinations and resulting capacities.

#### 3 Design of the Pumping Station

#### 3.1 Existing System Components / Elevations / Other Requirements

The MECP Design Guidelines (online version) call for a flow velocity of at least 0.6 m/s in forcemains, however Hatch's preference is for a velocity of above 1.0 m/s (ideally 1.25 m/s to 1.5 m/s) to maintain adequate self-cleaning velocities in the forcemain. The forcemains are pre-existing for this project, with an ID of 201 mm. This will result in a velocity of 0.95 m/s (at 30 L/s) and 1.42 m/s at 45 L/s. Therefore, the flow velocity requirements of the City and the MECP will be fully met.

Since there is inadequate storage in existing sewers and manholes to allow for emergency storage exceeding 30 minutes, a storage pipe will provide additional storage for the pumping station. In conjunction with a dedicated diesel drive standby generator, the storage will primarily serve to provide additional time to troubleshoot the station, should there be a failure / outage. An emergency overflow has been indicated upstream of the pumping station, connecting to an existing storm sewer. An overflow elevation of 47.109 m has been provided in as-built drawings for the sewers on site. We understand that this level was set to ensure that no basements will be flooded. The station will be designed for a minimum



time-to-overflow of 30 minutes at 45 L/s, which will result in a minimum time-to-overflow of 45 minutes at 30 L/s. Since the expected flows are at the lower end of the design range, the actual storage time will be at the higher end of the design range.

#### 3.2 Approach Pipe

The pumping station uses an approach pipe to bridge the elevation difference to the pumping station wet well from the end of the storage pipe, thus creating good suction conditions for the pumps. The key purpose is to create smooth flow conditions that will not entrain air, to avoid issues associated with air in the forcemain. The approach pipe is designed to have a hydraulic jump at the junction of the incoming supercritical flow and the subcritical flows into the wet well. This will allow for self-cleaning of the approach pipe as sewage cycles between the operating levels.

#### 3.3 Station Configuration

After a detailed analysis, it was determined that three pumps (2 duty, 1 standby) appears to be a more desirable station configuration. With this arrangement, two pumps are required to meet duty of 45 L/s using a single forcemain. Each pump can pump 30 -35 L/s using a dedicated forcemain. Therefore, with two pumps and two forcemains in operation a maximum capacity of approximately 60-70 L/s can be achieved. This results in a more energy efficient design, while accommodating flow variations between 30 and up to 50 L/s with two pumps and two forcemains in service and still meeting the desired 45 L/s with a single forcemain in service. The third pump operates as a standby pump in all cases.

#### 3.4 Sizing of the Wet Well

Sizing of the wet well was performed for a single pump pumping through a dedicated forcemain achieving a flow of up to 35 L/s. Other operational scenarios are less severe and will be accommodated by this arrangement. The wet well capacity required to achieve a given pump cycle time, with one pump in service, can be calculated as follows:

$$V = \frac{T_c \cdot Q}{4}$$

Where:

V = wet well volume in L;

 $T_c$  = Pump Cycle Time in seconds;

Q = Pump discharge rate, in L/s

Since normally three pumps are available, 8 starts and stops per hour equally spread over 3 pumps were used to calculate the wet well volume (for pumps of this size, generally between 15 and 30 starts per hour are allowed). The active wet well volume required can be calculated as:

$$V = \frac{T_c \cdot Q}{4} = \frac{450s \cdot 35 L/s}{4} = 3940L$$

Given the physical size of the pumps, and operational volume requirements, Hatch recommends a wet well within a precast chamber 2400mm x 3000mm to fit the pumps and piping. Allowing for 90% of the area being usable (to allow for some benching, equipment), this provides an area of:

$$A = 0.9 * l * w = 0.9 * 2.438 * 3.048 = 6.69m^2$$

A live wet well depth may be calculated as:

$$H = \frac{V}{A} = \frac{3.94m^3}{6.69m^2} = \sim 0.59m$$

#### 3.5 Storage Requirements

In the event of an equipment failure the station will have the storage capacity to prevent incoming sewage flow from spilling into the storm system for at least 30 minutes. Significant storage within the wet well is not practical due to site considerations, hence a storage pipe was designed. The storage pipe is a 51.7m



#### Zibi Pumping Station, Chaudière Island City of Ottawa – Preliminary Design Report

1500 mm sewer between SANMH 401A and SANMH 402A. Low flow benching has been added to the storage pipe to accommodate all sewage flows under normal operating conditions (up to 45 L/s). The storage pipe elevations have been set to provide full storage at 100 mm below the overflow to the storm sewer. The maintenance hole SANMH 401A will be increased in diameter to 2400mm and the maintenance hole SANMH 402A will be increased in diameter to 3000mm. Hatch has confirmed both of these maintenance holes can accommodate joining to a 1500 mm sewer. The storage pipe will, net of the low flow channel and the benching, have a storage volume of 1.55 m<sup>3</sup>/m.

#### 3.6 Station Levels

The system operating levels are controlled with a combination of an ultrasonic level sensor and backup floats. The low water level (LWL) is set at the sequent depth for 45 L/s of the approach pipe, this level is set at 44.35m. LWL1, at which Pump 1 starts, is set at 44.95m, 0.60m higher than LWL. Pump 1 will be set to run at 25 L/s to reduce energy consumption while ensuring suitable conveyance velocities in the forcemain. LWL2, is set at 45.15m, at which point Pump 2 starts at 25 L/s and the first pump continues to run at 25 L/s for a combined duty of up to 50 L/s. Should the sewage level further increase, to high water level (HWL), set 0.20m above the LWL2 at 45.35m, both pumps to run at full speed, 30-35 L/s each for a total pumpage of 60-70 L/s. Should sewage levels continue to rise, the alarm high water level (HHWL) will be reached. This arrangement allows for additional emergency capacity to prevent overflows, and should be utilized unless the discharge cannot be accepted by the downstream sewer. The HHWL has been set to coincide with the top of the low flow channel in the storage pipe. The low-low water level is set 0.20m below the LWL to raise an alarm and also turn of the pump. A float is set 0.10m below the LLWL as a backup to turn off the pumps in the event of a transducer failure. The wet well invert (station floor) is 0.55m below the LLWL to allow for variety of pumps to be installed and allow for construction tolerances.

Level	Elevation	Notes
Station Floor	43.60m	
Low-Low Water Level	44.15m	Alarm level (float at 44.05m).
Low Water Level	44.35m	First pumps stops.
Low Water Level 1	44.95m	First pump starts (~25 L/s). Second pump stops.
Low Water Level 2	45.15m	Second pump starts (~2 x 25 L/s, from 1 x 35 L/s).
High Water Level	45.35m	Two pumps running each at 30 to 35 L/s.
High-High Water Level	45.55m	Alarm level (float at 45.65m).

Table 1 - Level Elevation Sum
-------------------------------

Should only a single forcemain be operational, 45 L/s capacity will be met with 2 pumps running at full speed. Under peak flow conditions this may utilize some storage, however it would be expected that under circumstances where only a single forcemain is available, the station will be manned and that vactrucks will be kept on standby.

#### 3.7 Sizing and Pressure Class of the Forcemain, and System Curve

The forcemains are existing, and the sizing was indicated above, as were the expected velocities. A review of the forcemain profile confirmed that the forcemains are not continuously rising to the high point; this usually indicates a potential for transients. Variable frequency drives (VFDs) will be used in the station, primarily to improve energy consumption and to allow for longer runtimes. In addition, they will aid in limiting transients during normal operation by ramping up and ramping down the pump speed to control sewage flow rates. VFDs can also be used increase operational speed to perform controlled and periodic flushing of the forcemains if full speed pumping operation does not regularly occur.

The static head of this pumping station will range between 15.1m (for High-High Water Level) and 16.3 m during normal operation (Based on Low Water Level) based on the operating levels as defined in section 3.6 above, and the forcemain discharge elevation of 60.69 m. Forcemain distances and losses are calculated based on as-built drawings sent to Hatch.



#### Zibi Pumping Station, Chaudière Island City of Ottawa – Preliminary Design Report

A system curve has been calculated from 0-80 L/s using the HW-C factors of 120, 130 and 140 for the 200 mm SDR-26 PVC forcemain for single and dual forcemain operation. Minor losses were estimated by allowing for a 'k' value of 2 for fittings inside the pumping station and 16.1 for the forcemains. This 'k' value results in an additional dynamic head of 1.8 m at a flow rate of 45.0 L/s.

Friction losses are noted as follows, at 45 L/s and 30 L/s respectively:

- Hazen Williams C (HW-C) = 120: 14.1 m and 6.7 m
- HW-C = 130: 12.2 m and 5.7 m
- HW-C = 140: 10.6 m and 5.0 m

From the friction loss difference, and the general transient understanding, it is advisable to limit pumping capacity to 30 L/s, unless higher capacities are required.

A graph of the system curve is attached as Appendix 1: Figure 3. The following lines have been plotted:

- Maximum static head, and friction losses based on a HW-C of 120, along with minor losses;
- Intermediate static head (LWL1), and friction losses based on a HW-C of 130, along with minor losses;
- Minimum static head (OWL), and friction losses based on a HW-C of 140, along with minor losses.

Since the forcemain is < 300 mm diameter, the pump selection was based on the maximum curve. The full calculations are shown in Appendix 2.

#### 3.8 Pump Selection

From the hydraulic system curve, three identical pumps have been pre-selected for the proposed pumping station – these are KSB 80-253/224XFG-K. Hatch has reached out to other manufacturers and the option presented is currently deemed the most suitable selection for this application.

Each pump is a submersible wastewater pump with a 255 mm diameter impeller. It operates with 600 V, 60 Hz, 3 phase motor with an output rating of 18.64 kW at 1777 rpm. These pumps require a minimum water level of 0.45 m, therefore the floor level proposed in section 3.6 of 0.75 m below the LWL is suitable.

With submersible pumps the NPSH requirements are met by designing the station to operate above the minimum water level. Hatch has calculated the NPSH available at the station and has confirmed that it will exceed the NPSH required by the pump manufacturer by a suitable margin for flows up to ~ 50 L/s per pump. The additional submergence below the LLWL alarm level contributes to having increased NPSH margin available.

The data sheet for the proposed pump is attached in Appendix 3. The pump curve for single and two pump operation has been plotted on the system curve derived in Section 3.7 above.

#### 3.9 Variable Frequency Drives

As noted above, VFD drives will reduce energy costs, and transient issues during normal operation. In addition, the VFDs will lessen the inrush current to the pumps, and will allow for a higher number of starts per hour.

#### 3.10 Emergency Backup Times and Emergency Overflow

Storage is available above the HHWL in the wet well, storage pipes and maintenance holes SANMH 401A and SANMH 402A. Any storage upstream of SANMH 401A was considered negligible.

The overflow elevation of the system was presented to Hatch as 47.109m on drawing, "PLAN AND PROFILE OF ZAIDA EDDY PRIVATE, SHEET No. 6" provided by Zibi. It is expected that the City/MECP will require a minimum emergency storage of 30 minutes of sewage flows, this would require a total storage of 81,000 L of storage. The storage time prior to overflow is 41 minutes at the full incoming flow condition, and is 53 minutes when the incoming flow rate is 35 L/s.



In the event of the surrounding water exceeding the 100 year flood level (46.81m), the system overflow may be compromised. A duckbill check valve should be installed on the overflow connection in SANMH 402A to eliminate water flowing into the station through the overflow connection during flood conditions.

#### 3.11 Regular and Emergency Maintenance

With a three pump / two forcemain configuration, the pumps can either pump through both forcemains concurrently, or one at a time. With a flow rate of 25 L/s for single pump operation, operation of a single pump / two forcemain will result in low flow velocities. It is therefore proposed that the valves in the control valve chamber be adjusted to suit operation of a pump / forcemain combination, with 1 pump assigned to one forcemain and the other 2 pumps to the other forcemain. It is recommended that the assignment is changed every 6 month as part of regular maintenance. A selector switch will be incorporated into the pump controls to ensure that the pumps will function correctly.

#### 3.12 Operation, Maintenance and Service Manuals

Access for maintenance personnel to the wet well will be provided through a hinged access cover with a locking device. Standard manhole ladders, set in the pre-cast concrete chamber, as well as safety platforms will be in accordance with applicable design standards for the given depth of the wet well. Three additional access openings, with locks and hinged covers, will facilitate maintenance of the pumps.

The wet well and the control valve chamber will both be located underground with locked access hatches. Therefore, additional security measures such as fencing should be unnecessary.

Operation, Maintenance and Service Manuals will be provided in accordance with the requirements of Section 7.1.5.3 of the City of Ottawa Pumping Station Design Guidelines. These manuals should be kept at a convenient location near the pumping station.

#### 4 Electrical Works

#### 4.1 Power Supply

A dedicated 3-phase supply will be made available for the pumping station. Details of the power supply requirement are provided in Appendix 1. There is an existing generator for the station, that was purchased by Zibi for the temporary pumping station. This generator was sized with the permanent station in mind and Hatch has confirmed it can be used at the permanent station. More information on the backup generator is available in Appendix 5.

#### 4.2 Control Panel

The control panel will contain the control schematic (3-position mode selector switch, push-buttons and any other ancillary equipment required to provide a safe pump control). These components will be supplied as loose equipment, in the same package as the submersible pumps. The general contractor will install, commission and start-up the control system as per the pump control supplier documentation.

#### 4.2.1 Operation

The pump control shall be based on the "Lead-Lag" principle. The operator can select three modes of operation from 2 selector switches:

- MANUAL mode: Each pump can be started and stopped individually, from push-buttons;
- AUTO mode: Pumps start and stop as per the "Lead-Lag" principle. At the first start Pump P-1 will be the lead pump and will start at the LWL1 level. Should the level reach LWL2, then the lag pump P-2 starts. The lag pump will stop once the LWL1 is reached. The lead pump stop once the LWL level is reached. Once both pumps are stopped, pump P-2 becomes the "lead" pump and P-3 the "lag" pump and P-1 becomes the standby pump. After each operation, the "lead" position alternates.
- OFF position: All pumps are stopped.

The control panel will include the LIT-1 ultrasonic level transducer. This transducer will provide the level inputs, (LWL, LWL1, LWL2, HWL) to be used to control the pumps.

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#### Zibi Pumping Station, Chaudière Island City of Ottawa – Preliminary Design Report

Floats will be used to control the alarm levels (LLWL, HHWL) in addition to the ultrasonic transducer, and as backup to the transducer. An alarm will activate when the floats are used to control the pumps indicating the ultrasonic transducer is in a state of failure.

The controls for the submersible pumps will be provided by the pump manufacturer.

Each pump circuit is fitted with a thermomagnetic circuit breaker with instantaneous magnetic trip and adjustable overload relay.

Control power for pump schematic is to be provided from a Un-interruptible Power Supply (UPS). The UPS will power the level transmitter and auto-dialer.

A heating element with a thermostat will control the temperature of the control panel.

The following items shall also be included in the motor control panel:

- Duplex receptacle with ground fault protection;
- Lightning arrester;
- Motor temperature surveillance;
- Intrinsically safe relays for level switches installed in classified area;
- Pump Protection Relays for submersible motor protection;
- Smoke detector for smoke alarm;
- Manual transfer switch for generator operation of the station;
- Dry contacts for the alarm function of high-high water level, pump faults, power failure, smoke alarm, diesel generator fault, illegal entry is to be wired to the alarm control panel.

The time totalizer and event counter will enable staff to monitor the performance of pumps. A flow meter can be provided if required, however due to the limited space on site, and no receiving SCADA endpoint is not recommended. It is recommended that volume calculations are based on runtimes.

Each pump will be monitored for failing to respond to a "start" command. The pump failing to respond will be locked out and the lag pump will assume the lead duty position.

A separate "Alarm Control Panel" (ACP) will be provided on the outside of the pumping station main control panel. The ACP will house the alarming control logic required and a programmable auto-dialer to relay alarms. The dialler will store at least 4 pre-set emergency numbers, and will dial in case of an alarm until the dialed call is acknowledged. As a backup, an industrial outdoor strobe/audible alarm unit will also be mounted on the outside of the ACP that will be activated only in case of an auto-dialer failure, or if the auto-dialer alarm is not acknowledged within an adjustable short period of time. Alarm notifications instructions will also be added near the strobe light/audible alarm for manual alarming. The ACP can also be replaced (in future) with a SCADA system, should this become a requirement.

#### 5 Confined Space Entry Requirements

The proposed wet well pumping station is classified as "confined space" similar to any underground maintenance hole or chamber.

Entry to the wet well is subject to the following requirements:

- Ontario Regulation 632/05 (Confined Spaces) http://www.elaws.gov.on.ca/html/regs/english/elaws\_regs\_050632\_e.htm
- Confined Spaces Guidelines prepared by the Ontario Ministry of Labour http://www.labour.gov.on.ca/english/hs/pdf/gl confined.pdf

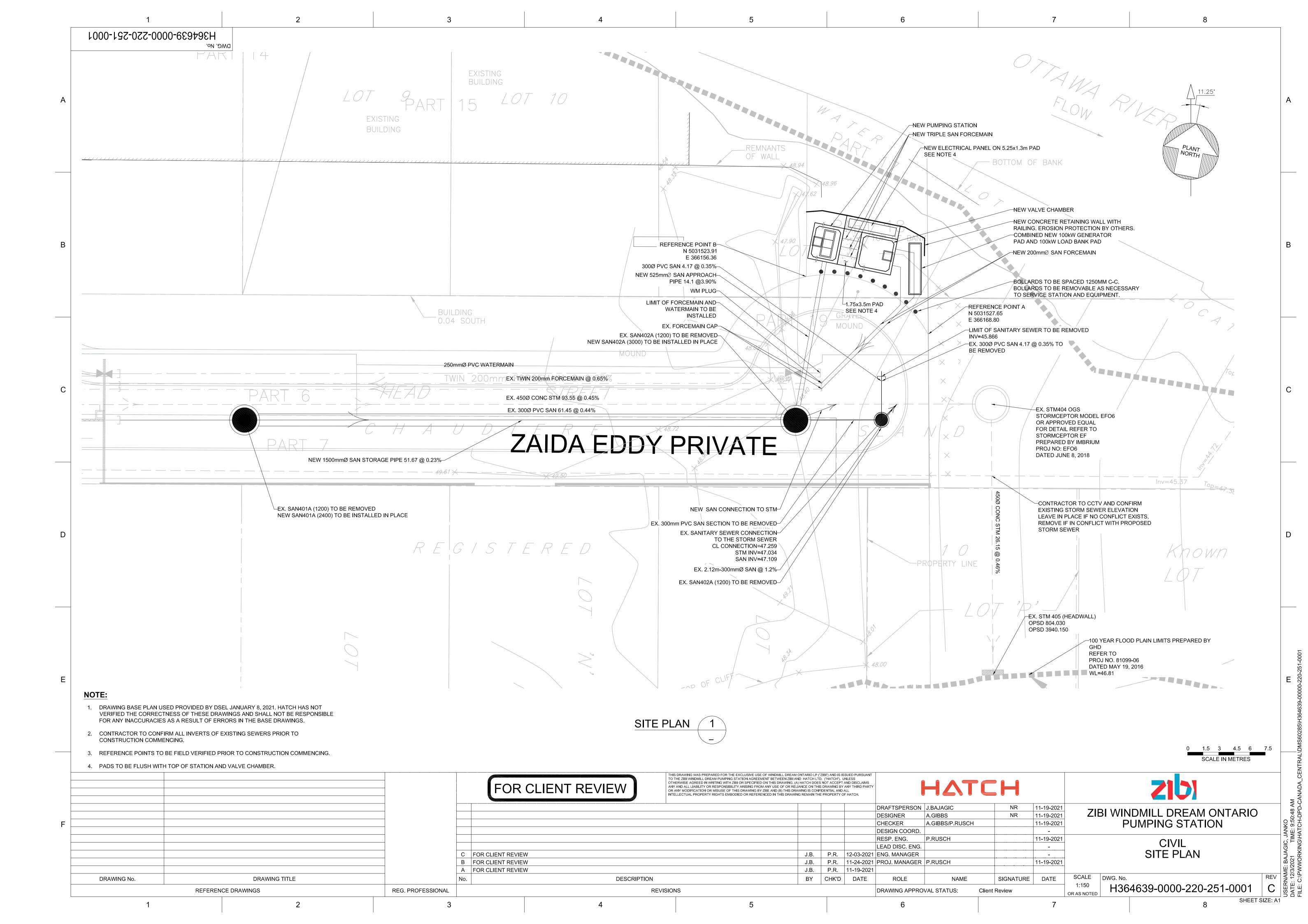
Entry procedures shall be developed by the owner of the Pumping Station in accordance with the above noted regulations and laws, and safety equipment shall meet legal requirements and be maintained in strict accordance with manufacturer's requirements.

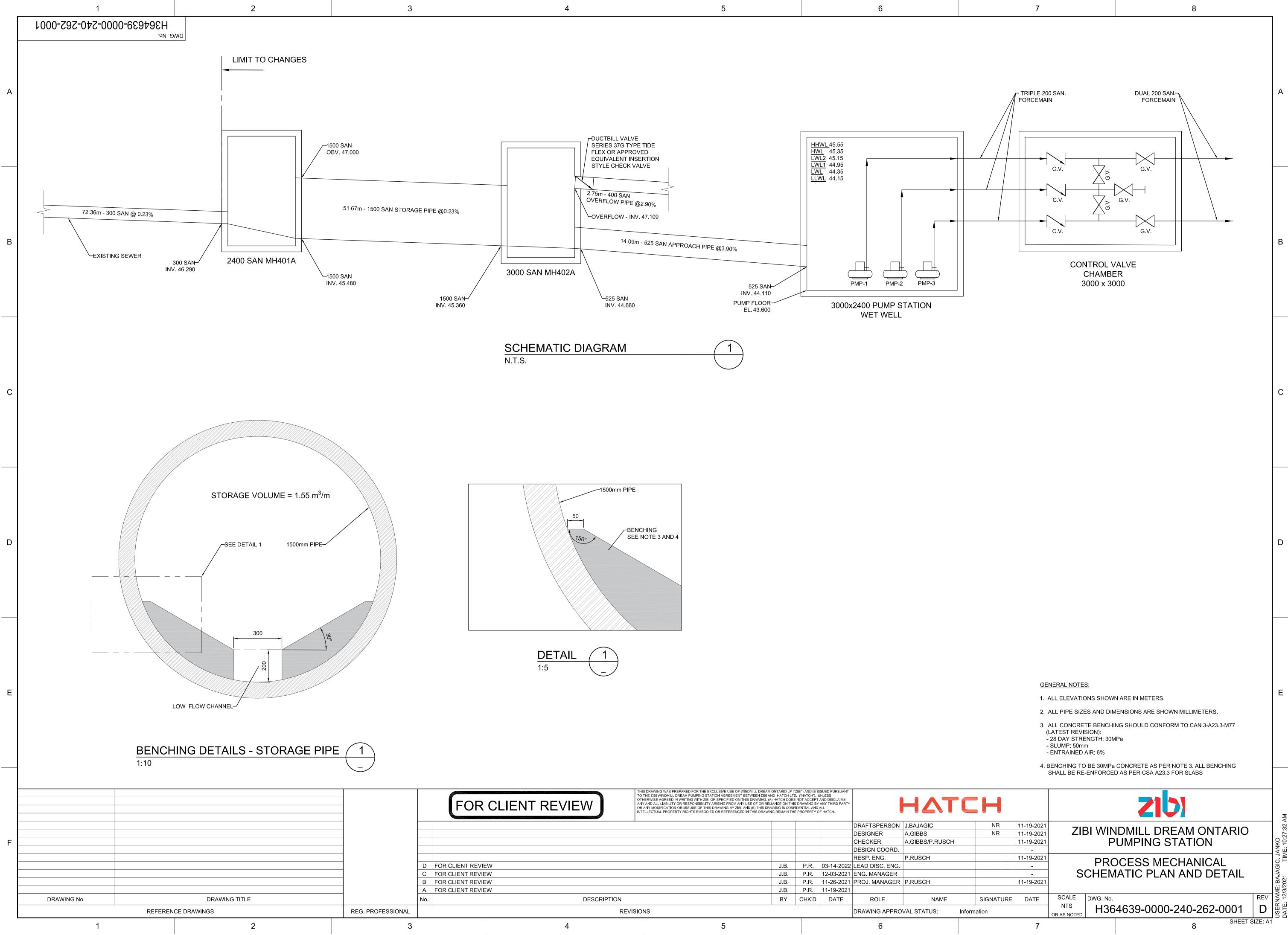


### Appendix 1

Figures •

- Site Plan
- System Schematic
- Process Mechanical Layout and Details
- Electrical Single Line Diagram
- Electrical Layout
- Structural Details





FOR	CLIENT REVIEW	'HIS DRAWING WAS PREPARED FOR THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF WINDMILL DREAM C O THE ZIBI WINDMILL DREAM PUMPING STATION AGREEMENT BETWEEN ZIBI AN DTHERWISE AGREED IN WRITING WITH ZIBI OR SPECIFIED ON THIS DRAWING, (A) NY AND ALL LIABILITY OR RESPONSIBILITY ARISING FROM ANY USE OF OR RELI OR ANY MODIFICATION OR MISUSE OF THIS DRAWING BY ZIBI, AND (B) THIS DRAW NTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS EMBODIED OR REFERENCED IN THIS DRAWING	NLESS AND DISCLAIMS ANY THIRD PARTY ALL		ΗΔΤ			
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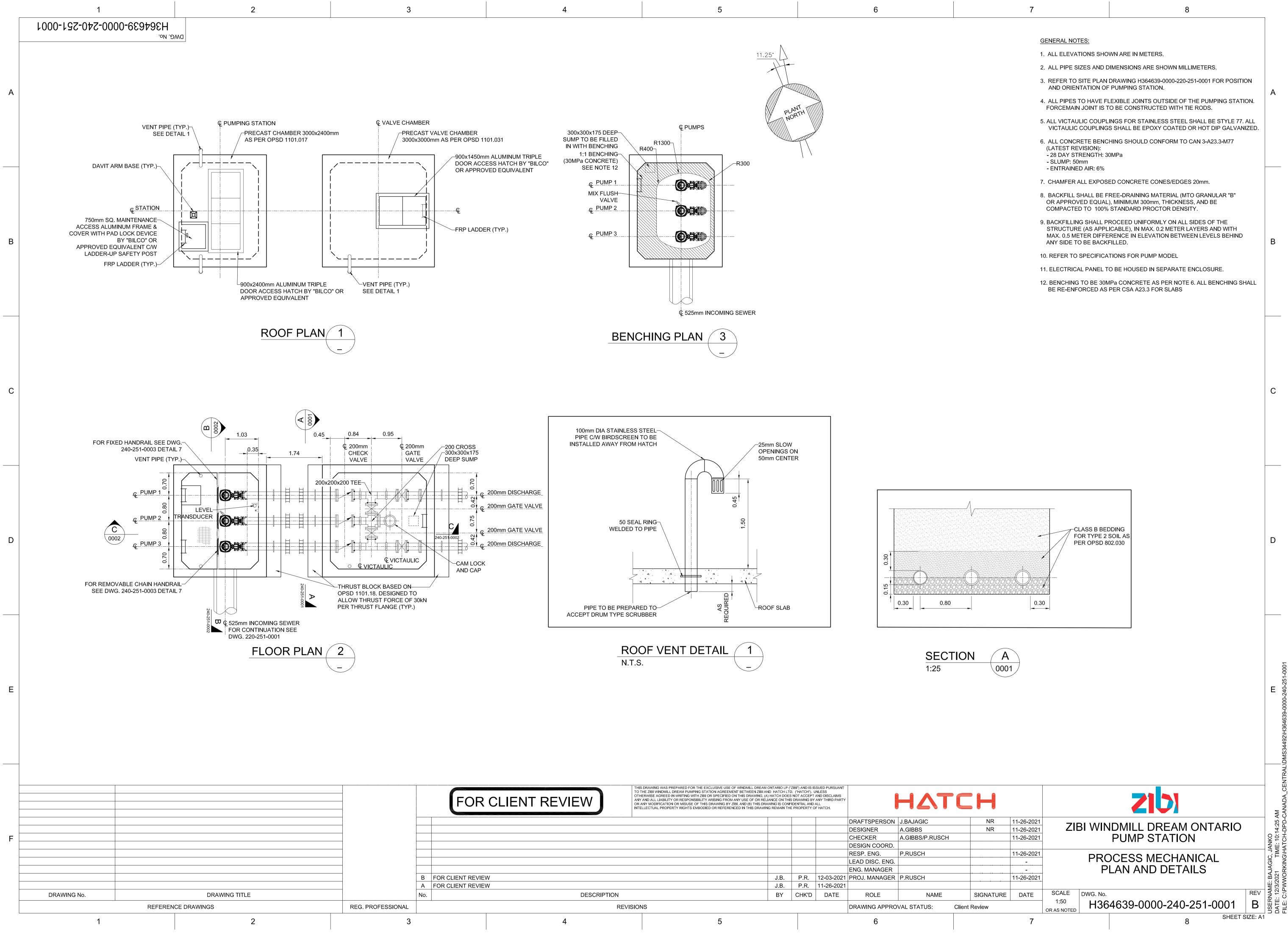
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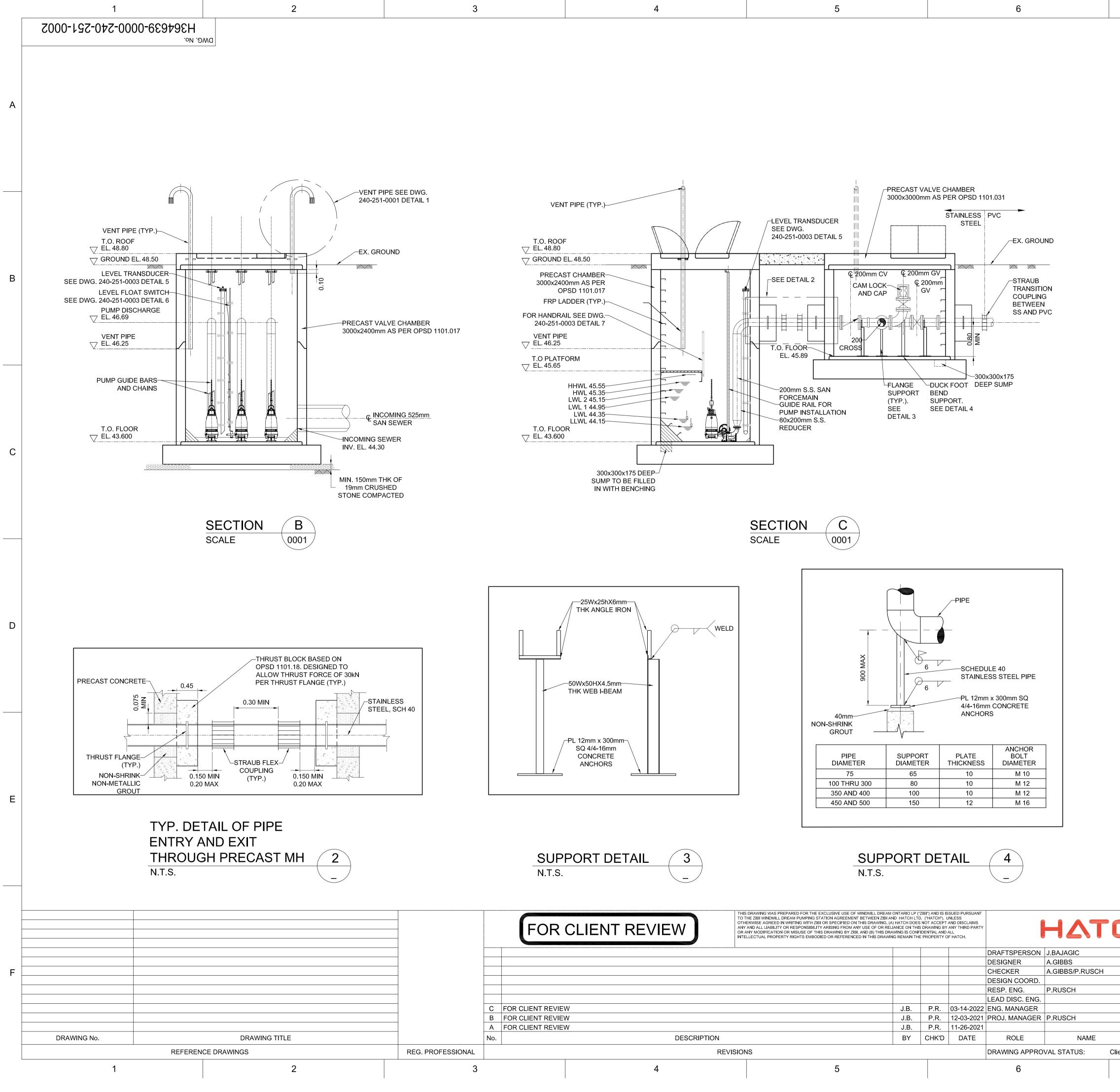
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GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE IN METERS.
- 2. ALL PIPE SIZES AND DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN MILLIMETERS.
- 3. REFER TO SITE PLAN DRAWING H364639-0000-220-251-0001 FOR POSITION AND ORIENTATION OF PUMPING STATION.
- 4. ALL PIPES TO HAVE FLEXIBLE JOINTS OUTSIDE OF THE PUMPING STATION. FORCEMAIN JOINT IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED WITH TIE RODS.
- 5. ALL CONCRETE SHOULD CONFORM TO CAN 3-A23.3-M77
- (LATEST REVISION): - 28 DAY STRENGTH: 30MPa
- SLUMP: 50mm - ENTRAINED AIR: 6%
- 6. CHAMFER ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE CONES/EDGES 20mm.
- 7. BACKFILL SHALL BE FREE-DRAINING MATERIAL (MTO GRANULAR "B" OR APPROVED EQUAL), MINIMUM 300mm, THICKNESS, AND BE COMPACTED TO 100% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY.
- 8. BACKFILLING SHALL PROCEED UNIFORMLY ON ALL SIDES OF THE STRUCTURE (AS APPLICABLE), IN MAX. 0.2 METER LAYERS AND WITH MAX. 0.5 METER DIFFERENCE IN ELEVATION BETWEEN LEVELS BEHIND ANY SIDE TO BE BACKFILLED.
- 9. PROVIDE POLYETHYLENE SLIP MEMBRANE ALL AROUND STRUCTURE (TO PREVENT SOIL ADFREEZING) TO A MIN. DEPTH OF 2.0m BELOW FINISHED GRADE.
- 10. REFER TO SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUMP MODEL
- 11. ELECTRICAL PANEL TO BE HOUSED IN SEPARATE ENCLOSURE.
- 12. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE AND INSTALL SIX FROST STRAPS EQUALLY SPACED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF EACH CHAMBER, EXTENDING FROM BASE SLAB TO CAP. REFER TO OPSD 701.100 FOR FROST STRAP DIMENSION, MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
- 13. BENCHING TO BE 30MPa CONCRETE AS PER NOTE 6. ALL BENCHING SHALL BE **RE-ENFORCED AS PER CSA A23.3 FOR SLABS**

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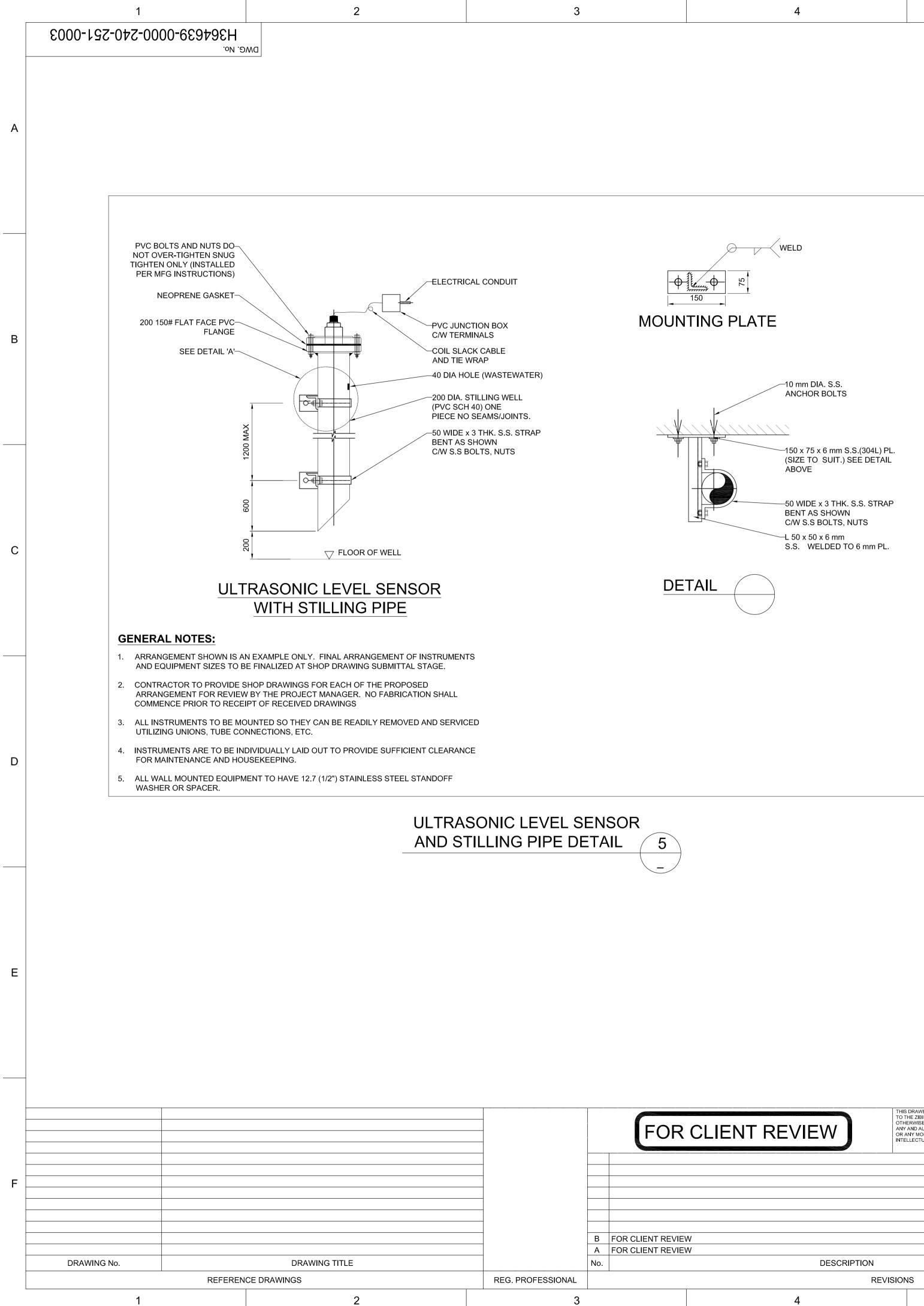
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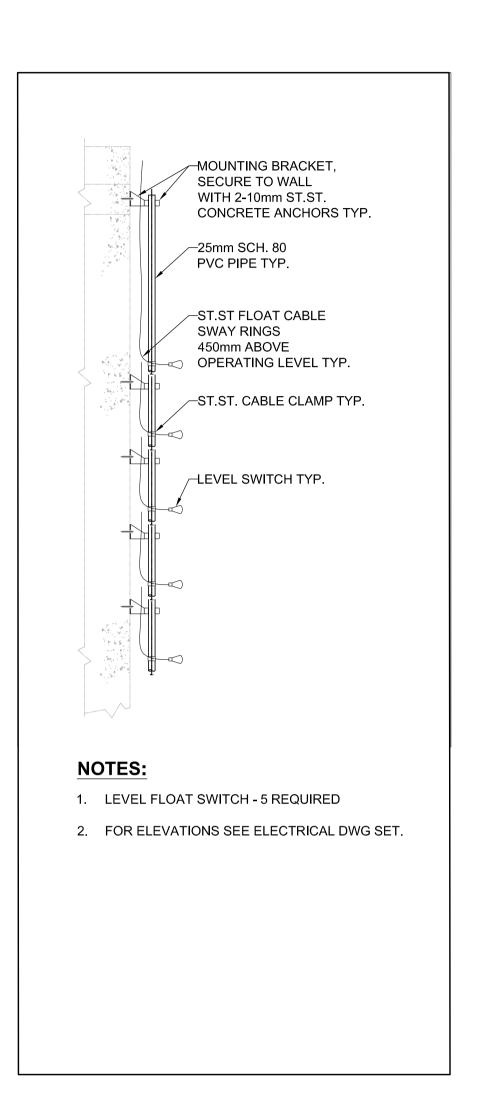
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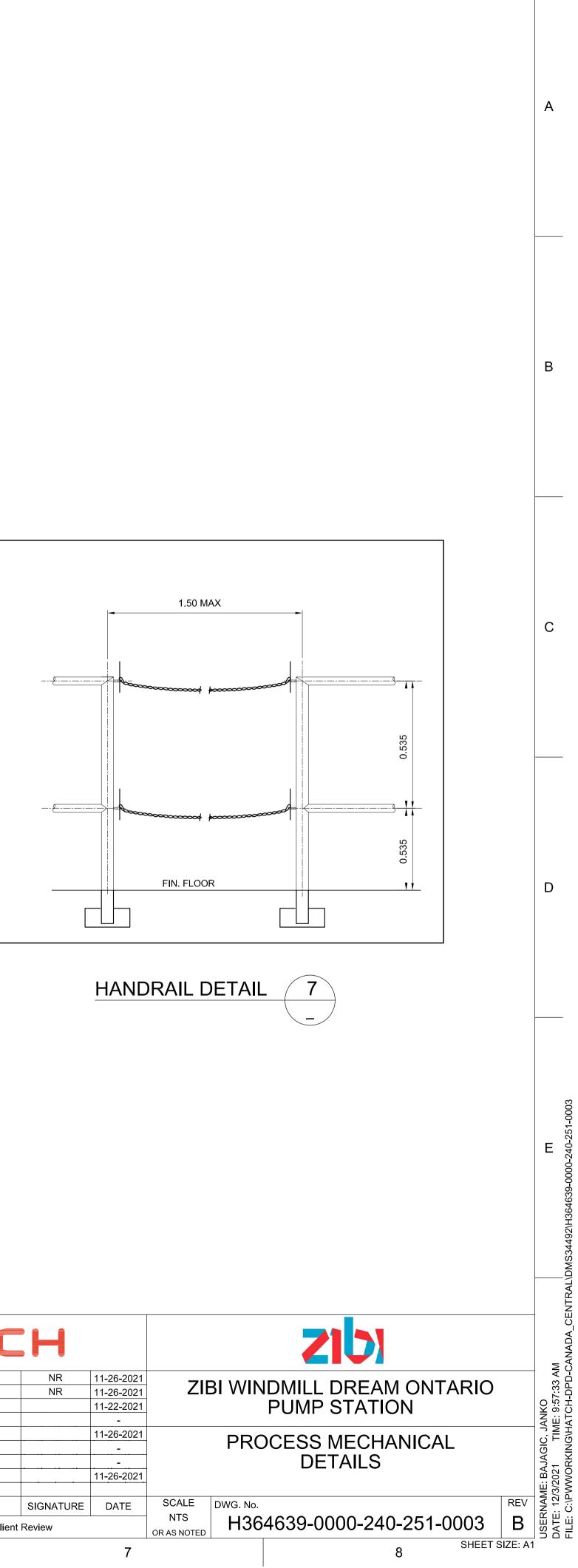


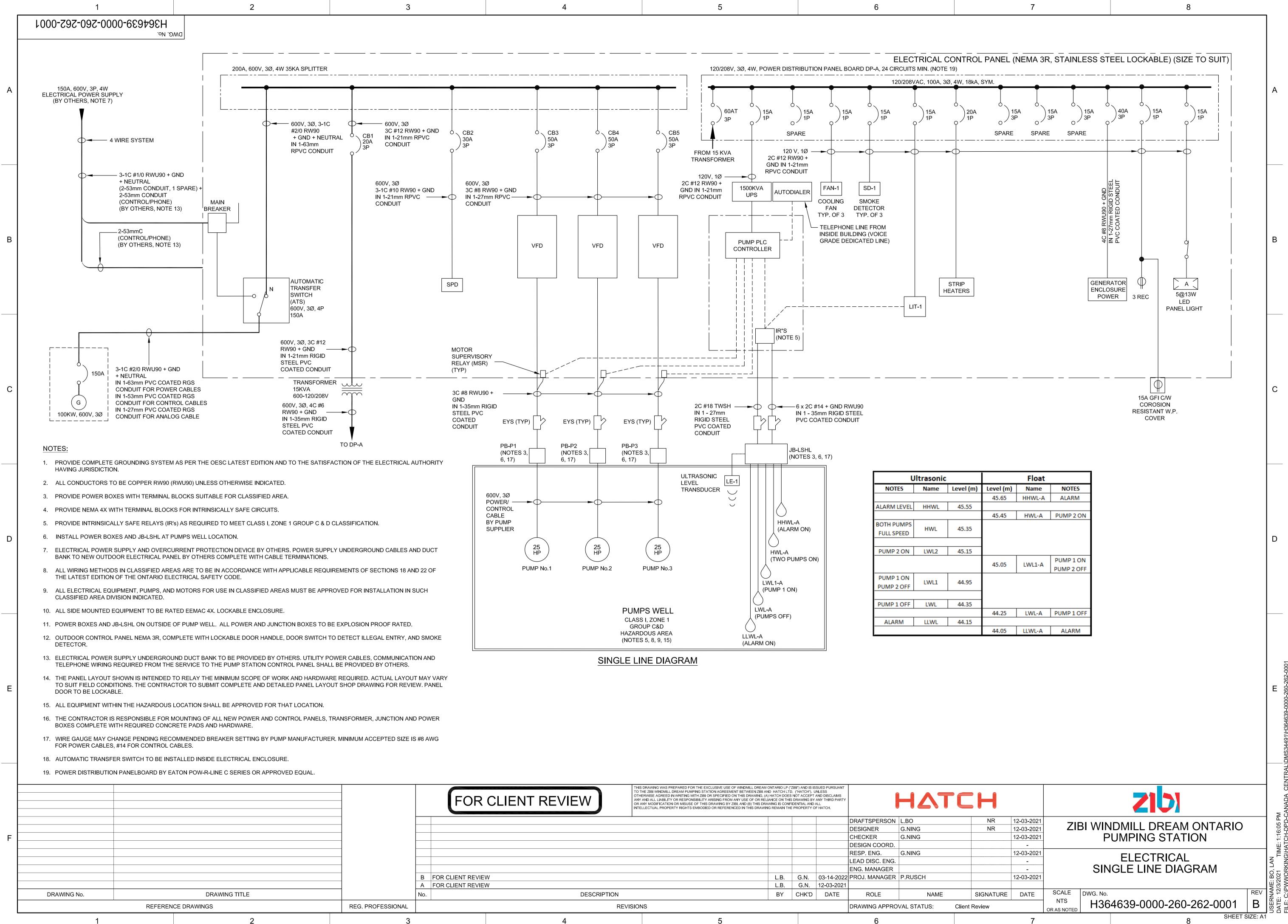


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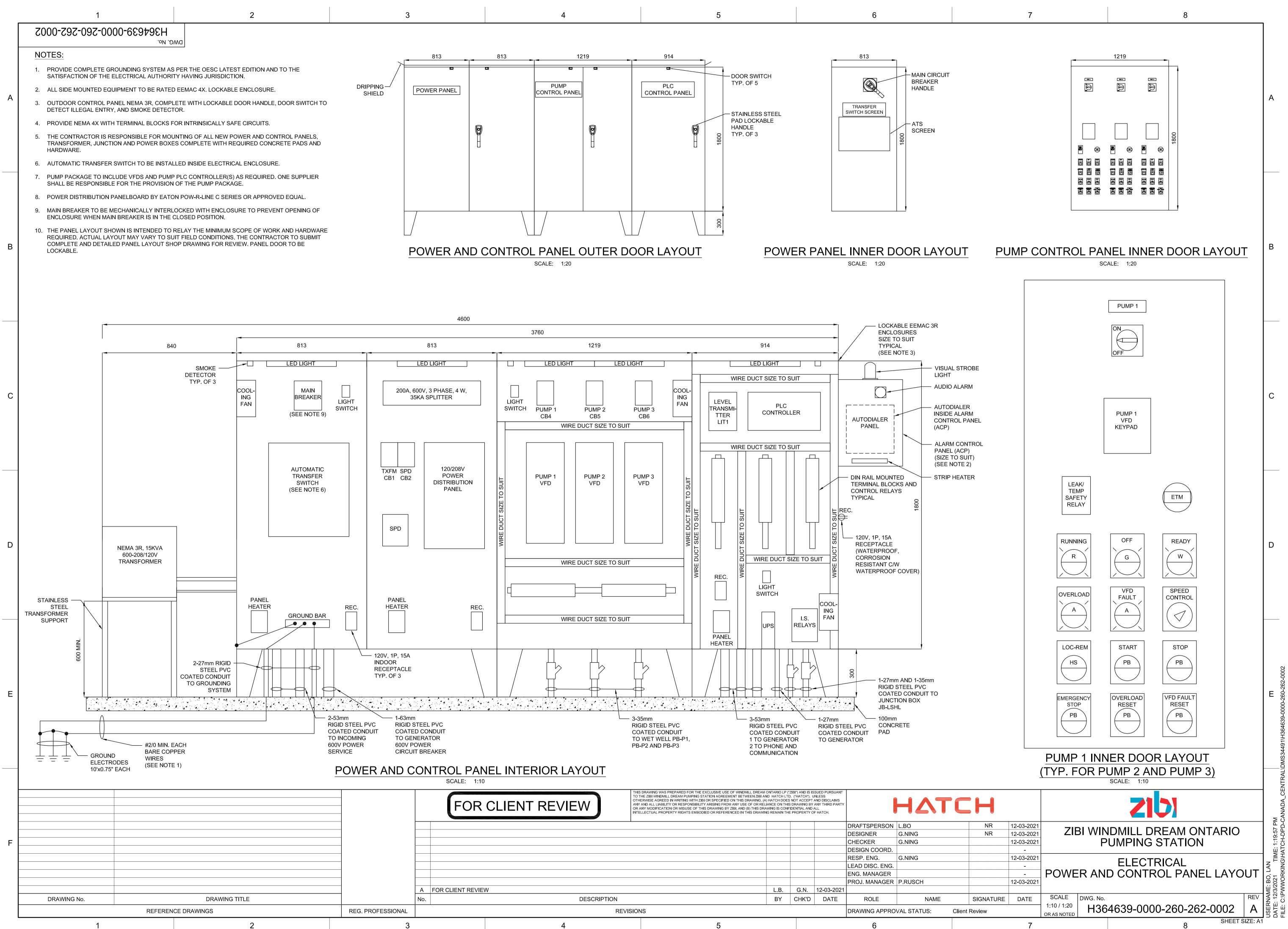
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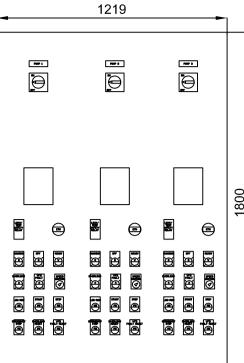


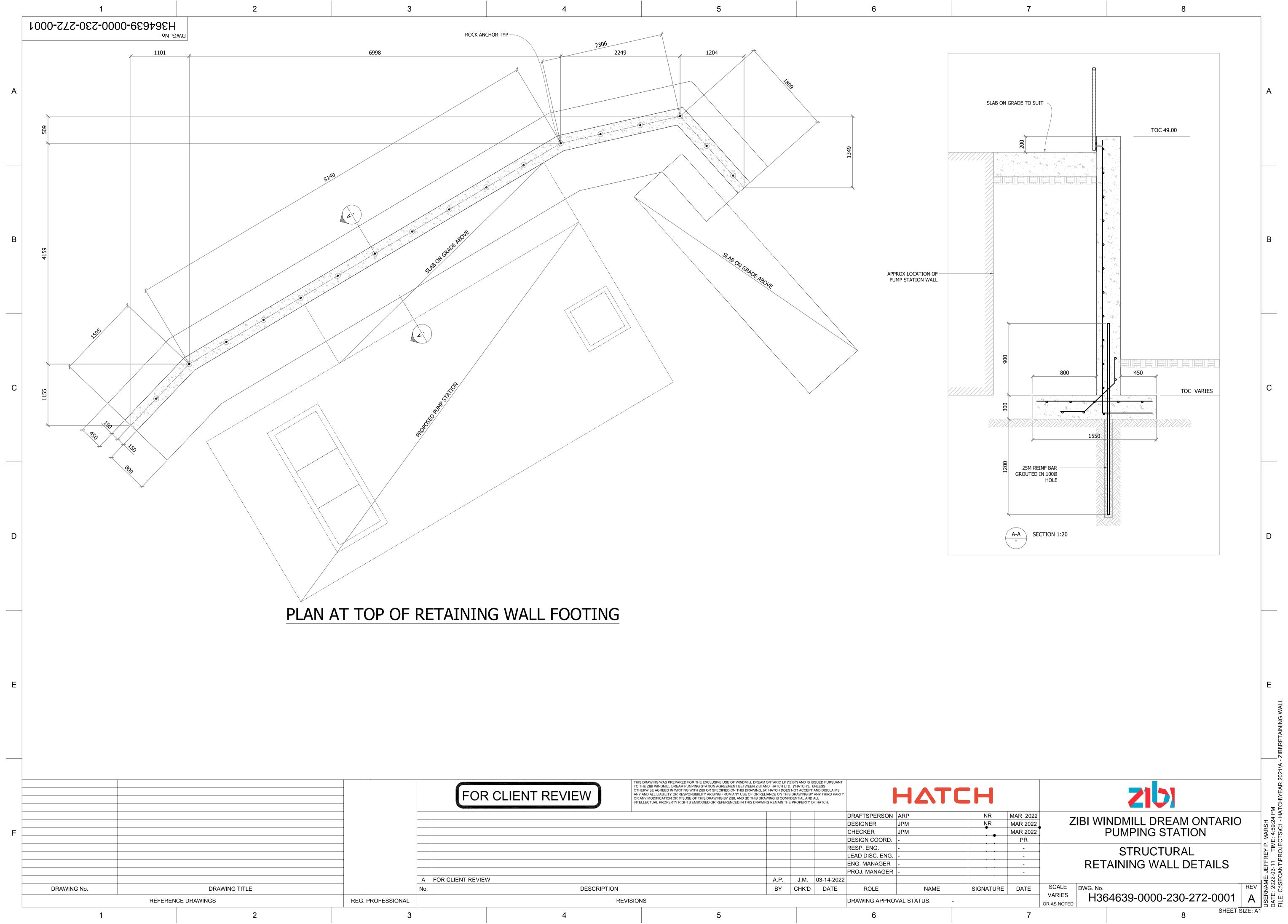
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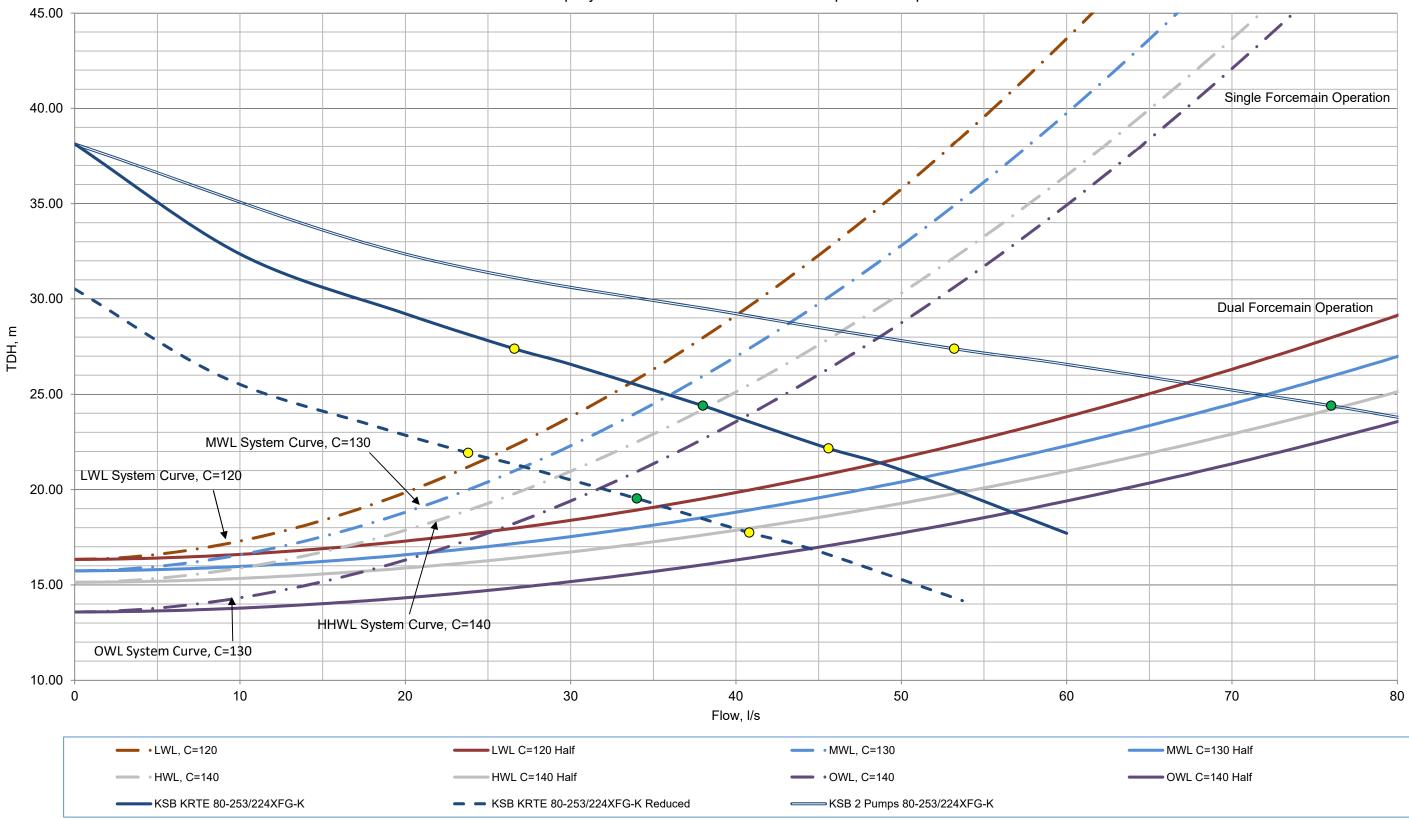


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Zibi Pumping Station, Chaudière Island City of Ottawa – Preliminary Design Report

Appendix 2 System Curve and Calculations



Pump/System Performance Curves for Proposed Pumps

Windmill Dream Hydraulic Calculations		
Incoming Sewer Hydraulics		Design Notes
Upstream Invert at Maintenance Hole SAN401A	46.290 m	Invert on drawing "Zaida Eddy Private" (717_Block 211_PP1_Asbuilts.pdf)
Extra Drop within Maintenance Hole SAN401A	0.81 m	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Exit Invert at Maintenance Hole SAN401A	45.480 m	
Storage Pipe Length	51.67 m	Dimensioned off of "Zaida Eddy Private" (717_Block 211_PP1_Asbuilts.pdf)
Storage Pipe Slope	0.23%	Continuing slope from MH SAN100A to MH SAN401A
Entrance Invert at Maintenance Hole SAN402A	45.360 m	
Assessed Disc		
Approach Pipe	0.700 m	
Drop within Maintenance Hole SAN402A	0.700 m	
Exit Invert at Maintenance Hole SAN402A Approach Pipe Length	44.660 m 14.1 m	
Approach Pipe Length Approach Pipe Slope	3.90%	Calculated to ensure suitable hydraulic jump in approach pipe.
Approach Pipe Diameter	0.533 m	Assuming a 525 nominal diameter pipe.
Invert at Pumping Station	44.110 m	
Minimum Active Volume of Wet Well		
Flow to PS (half station capacity = max starts)	0.045 m <sup>3</sup> /s	
Maximum Flow Rate Per Pump	0.035 m <sup>3</sup> /s	
Number of Pump Starts per Hour (combined for all pumps)	8	Minimum specified by all manufacturers
Number of Pumps in Operation	1	Designing for station to run with one pump for extended periods
Min. Volume of Wetwell+Approach Pipe (between LWL and LWL1)	3.94 m <sup>3</sup>	
····· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Wet Well Dimensions		
Width of Wet Well	2.44 m	
Length of Wet Well	<u>3.05</u> m	
Wet Well Area	7.43 m <sup>2</sup>	
Effective Surface Area	6.69 m <sup>2</sup>	Excluding benching and pumps. Assuming 90% surface area in wet well remaining.
Minimum Operational Depth (LWL to LWL1)	0.59 m	Calculated Value
Minimum Operational Depth (LWL to LWL1)	0.60 m	Set Value
Water Levels		
HHWL (Alarm)	45.55 m Top of Benching 45.56 m	Aligning to just below top of the low flow channel in storage pipe. Float Level.
HWL (Pumps full speed)	45.35 m	Set as 200mm below alarm. Pump speeds increase to full speed.
LWL2 (Pump 2 on)	45.15 m	Pump 2 Start
LWL1 (Pump 1 on)	44.95 m	Pump 1 Start
LWL (Pumps off)	44.35 m	
LLWL (Alarm)	44.15 m	Per Approach nine calculator, conscituat 0.45 d/D = 56 G/a Adamste
Approach Pipe Fill Ratio at LWL	0.45	Per Approach pipe calculator, capacity at 0.45 d/D = 56.6l/s. Adaquate. Since active volume is greater than minimum volume pumps will not cycle too
Total Active Wet Well Volume (excluding pump motor)	$4.01 \text{ m}^3$	• · · · ·
		frequently.
Wet Well Floor		
Low-Low Water Level	44.15 m	
Minimum Water Level above Wet Well Floor	0.445 m	Based on pump manufacturers
Additional Safety Factor	0.11 m	
Wet Well Floor	43.60 m	
Top of volute	44.04 m	As per drawing "KSB 80-253/224XFG-K", assuming minimum water level is at the top of
		the volute.
<u>Storage</u>		
Minimum Overflow Time	30 minutes	
Maximum Flow to Pumping Station	0.045 m <sup>3</sup> /s	
Storage Volume Required between HWL and Overflow	81.0 m <sup>3</sup>	
storage volume required between rive and overnow	<u> </u>	
Overflow Invert	47.109 m	Invert on drawing "Zaida Eddy Private" (717_Block 211_PP1_Asbuilts.pdf)
Wet Well Dimensions		
Width of Wet Well	2.44 m	Assuming a pre-fabricated maintenance hole
Length of Wet Well	3.05 m	
Wet Well Area	7.43 m <sup>2</sup>	Using full storage capacity since motors to not extend significantly into volume
		between HWL and OWL
Storage Volume in Wet Well above HWL	11.6 m <sup>3</sup>	
SAN402A Maintenance Hole		
SAN402A Mantenance Hole Diameter	3.05 m	
SANAOZA Mantenance HOLE Didmeter	5.05	
SAN402A Maintenance Hole Storage above High Water Alarm Level	11.4 m <sup>3</sup>	
SAN401A Maintenance Hole		
SAN401A Maintenance Hole Diameter	2.44 m	Confirmed 1500mm RCP can be joined to 2400mm MH as per Decast literature.
SAN401A Maintenance Hole Storage above HWL	7.3 m <sup>3</sup>	Assuming storage upstream of SAN401A is insignificant.
Storage Dine (CANA01A CANA02A)		
<u>Storage Pipe (SAN401A - SAN402A)</u> Diameter	<b>1.52</b> m	
Effective Storage (full area less benching and low flow channel)	1.52 m 1.55 m <sup>3</sup> /m	Refer to Schematic Drawing.
		nerer to senematic Drawing.
Available Storage Volume	80.1 m <sup>3</sup>	Available volume prior to overflow
Storage in Storage Pipe	80.1 m <sup>3</sup>	Including Approach Pipe volume unoccupied during operation
Storage in Maintance Holes (Including Wet Well)	$\frac{30.2}{30.2}$ m <sup>3</sup>	Including volume in Wet Well above HWL
Total Volume below OWL	110.3 m <sup>3</sup>	<b>,</b>
Storage Time (incoming flow of 45 L/s)	40.9 minutes	
Storage Time (incoming flow of 35 L/s)	52.5 minutes	
NPSH Requirements		
NPSH,	KSB - Pump	KSB 80-253/224XFG-K
	LWL LWL 1 Overflow	
Flow Rate (L/s)	22.5 30 34	

Flow Rate (L/s)	22.5	30	34			
NPSH₃ Required (Maximum), (m)	3.3	4.1	4.6			
Target/Initial Safety Factor	1.7	1.7	1.7			
NPSH Required @ Flow incl. FS (m)	5.61	6.97	7.82			
NPSH <sub>a</sub> Determination	·		-			
Pump Station Elevation	44.15					Height above sea level at low water level
Atmospheric Pressure	10.33	m	101.3 kPa			Standard atmospheric pressure at site elevation.
h <sub>vap</sub> ,Vapour Pressure at 30°C	0.43	m				From water property table. A-8 in Sanks.
h <sub>vol</sub> , partial pressure due to organics	0.6	m				From Sanks
NPSH <sub>a</sub> (site specific subtotal)	9.30	m				Using Equation 10-25 in Pumping Station Design (Jones): NPSHA = $H_{bar}$ + $h_s$ - $h_{vap}$ - $h_{fs}$ -
······a (-······························						Σh <sub>m</sub> - h <sub>vol</sub> - FS
NPSH Comparison			T		-	
	LV		LWL 1	OWL	4	
Pump Flow Rate, Q	22.5		30 l/s	34 l/s	- 1	Values selected to represent the potential range of flows.
Total Suction Losses	0.00	m	0.00 m	0.00 m		Losses are already factored into suction since hardware is integrated.
NPSH <sub>a</sub> at liquid Surface	9.30	m	9.30 m	9.30 m		
Correction above minimum liquid level of pump	0.31	m	0.91 m	3.07 m	]	
Adjusted NPSH <sub>a</sub> (relative to minimum liquid level of pump)	9.61	m	10.21 m	12.37 m		
NPSH Required @ Flow including a factor of safety	5.61	m	6.97 m	7.82 m		
Final NPSH Safety Factor	2.91		2.49	2.69		
	2.51		2.45	2.03		



Zibi Pumping Station, Chaudière Island City of Ottawa – Preliminary Design Report

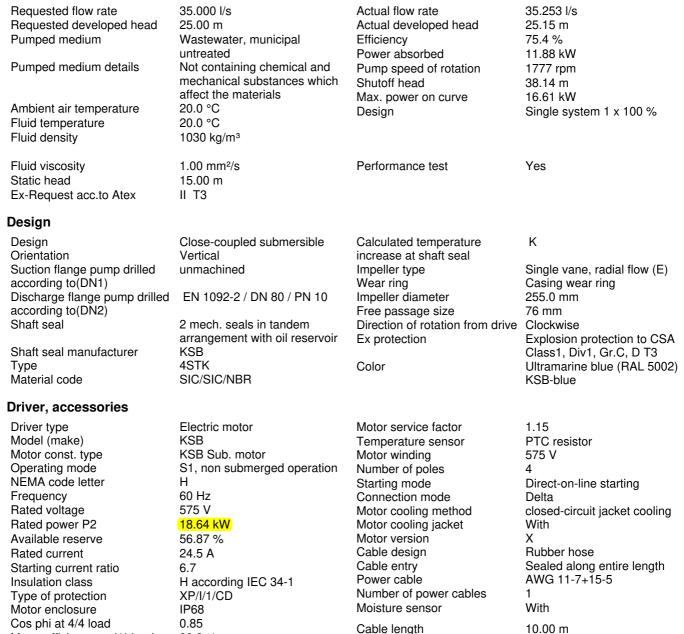
Appendix 3 KSB Pump Curve

#### Data sheet

Customer item no.:35L/s @ 25m Communication dated: 11/03/2022 Doc. no.: Zibi Pump Quantity: 1

#### KRTE 80-253/224XFG-K

#### **Operating data**



89.9 %

Motor efficiency at 4/4 load

KSB **b.** 

Number: ES 8001749776 Item no.: 200 Date: 11/03/2022 Page: 1 / 7

Version no.: 1

#### Data sheet

Materials G

Customer item no.:35L/s @ 25m Communication dated: 11/03/2022 Doc. no.: Zibi Pump Quantity: 1

KRTE 80-253/224XFG-K

# KSB **b.**

Number: ES 8001749776 Item no.: 200 Date: 11/03/2022 Page: 2 / 7

Version no.: 1

#### Pump casing (101) Cast iron A 48 Class 35 B Casing wear ring (502.1) Cast iron A 48 Class 35 B Discharge cover (163) Cast iron A 48 Class 35 B Cooling jacket (66-2) Stainless steel A 276 Type 316 Shaft (210) Chrome steel ASTM A276 Ti Type 420 T Motor housing (811) Cast iron A 48 Class 35 B Cast iron A 48 Class 35 B Impeller (230) Motor cable (824) Chloroprene rubber Cast iron A 48 Class 35 B Bearing bracket (330) Screw (900) Stainless steel A 193 B8M O-Ring (412) Nitrile rubber NBR Packaging **IPPC Standard ISPM 15** Yes Packaging for transport Ship Packaging category B1 Wooden or plywood case, Outdoor storage at -40°C to +50°C for up to 3 months. Packet cover provided with must be covered. No corrosion protection, only transport polyproylene cellular sheet, protection. outdoor storage up to 3 months Packaging for storage Indoor **Nameplates** International With Nameplates language Duplicate nameplate Certifications Test participation Non-witnessed Hydraulic performance test Quantity, non-witnessed 1 Acceptance standard ISO 9906 2B 0 Quantity, witnessed Quantity meas. points Q-H 5 Inspection cert. 3.1 to EN Certificate 10204

#### **Data sheet**

Customer item no.:35L/s @ 25m Communication dated: 11/03/2022 Doc. no.: Zibi Pump Quantity: 1

#### KRTE 80-253/224XFG-K

#### Installation parts

Installation type stationary 2 guide rail Type Material Scope of supply Pump with installation parts For guide rail arrangements, Length the guide rails are not included Max. load in KSB's scope of supply. Lifting Bail Installation depth 4.50 m G

Material concept

#### Duckfoot bend

Size Flange design Duckfoot bend size (DN2 / DN3) Material Mounting type Foundation rail

#### Claw

Design Size

Lifting chain / -rope

DN 80 ASME DN 80 Drilled according to ASME Cast iron A 48 Class 35 B Composite anchor bolts Without

Straight DN 80

KSB b

Number: ES 8001749776 Item no.: 200 Date: 11/03/2022 Page: 3 / 7

Version no.: 1

Chain CrNiMo steel 1.4404 5.00 m 400 kg With



Customer item no.:35L/s @ 25m Communication dated: 11/03/2022 Doc. no.: Zibi Pump Quantity: 1

Number: ES 8001749776 Item no.:200 Date: 11/03/2022 Page: 4 / 7

Version no.: 1

#### KRTE 80-253/224XFG-K

Speed of rotation1777 rpmFluid density1030 kg/m³Viscosity1.00 mm²/sFlow rate35.253 l/sRequested flow rate35.000 l/sTotal developed head25.15 mRequested developed head25.00 m

Efficiency75.4 %Power absorbed11.88 kWNPSH 3%4.73 mCurve numberK43404/2Effective impeller diameter255.0 mmAcceptance standardISO 9906 2B



Customer item no.:35L/s @ 25m Communication dated: 11/03/2022 Doc. no.: Zibi Pump Quantity: 1

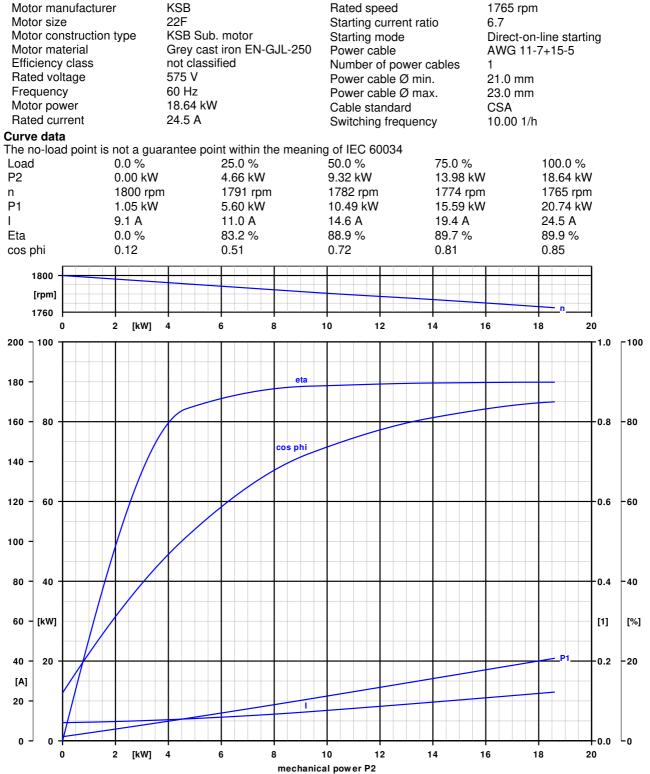


Number: ES 8001749776 Item no.:200 Date: 11/03/2022 Page: 5 / 7

Version no.: 1

#### KRTE 80-253/224XFG-K

### Motor data



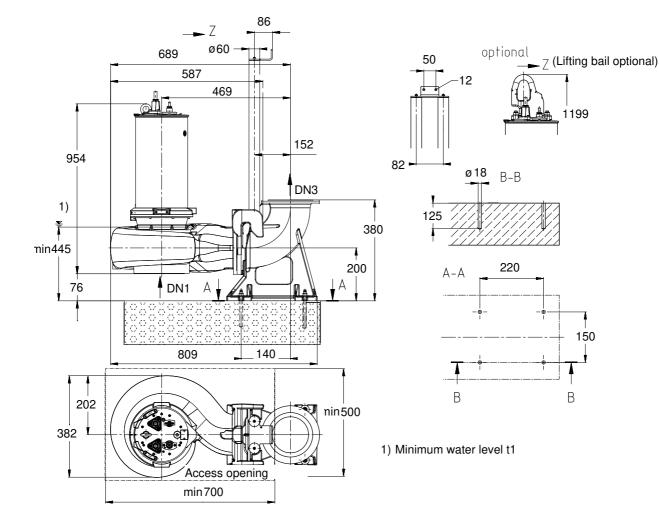
Customer item no.:35L/s @ 25m Communication dated: 11/03/2022 Doc. no.: Zibi Pump Quantity: 1

#### KRTE 80-253/224XFG-K



Number: ES 8001749776 Item no.:200 Date: 11/03/2022 Page: 6 / 7

Version no.: 1



Drawing is not to scale

#### Motor

Motor manufacturer Motor size Motor power Number of poles Speed of rotation Motor enclosure KSB 22F 18.64 kW 4 1765 rpm IP68

### Connections

Suction flange pump drilled according to(DN1) Duckfoot bend size (DN2 / DN3)

Weight net Pump, Motor, Cable Claw / Foot

Total

Dimensions in mm

unmachined

DN 80 Drilled according to ASME

291 kg 35 kg 326 kg

#### Installation plan

Customer item no.:35L/s @ 25m Communication dated: 11/03/2022 Doc. no.: Zibi Pump Quantity: 1

#### KRTE 80-253/224XFG-K

#### Connect pipes without stress or strain!

Dimensional tolerances for shaft axis height: DIN 747 Dimensions without tolerances, middle tolerances to: Connection dimensions for pumps:

Dimensions without tolerances - welded parts: Dimensions without tolerances - gray cast iron parts: Dimensions without tolerances - stainless steel parts:

ISO 2768-m EN735 ISO 13920-B ISO 8062-CT11 ISO 8062-CT12 Date: 11/03/2022 Page: 7 / 7 Version no.: 1

Number: ES 8001749776

#### For auxiliary connections see separate drawing.

KSB

Item no.:200





Zibi Pumping Station, Chaudière Island City of Ottawa – Preliminary Design Report

Appendix 4 Email RE: System Flow

#### **Gibbs**, Andrew

From:	Taryn Glancy <tglancy@zibi.ca></tglancy@zibi.ca>
Sent:	Friday, June 4, 2021 12:59 PM
To:	Rusch, Peter; afobert; Gibbs, Andrew
Subject:	Pump Station Design Flows
Attachments:	Copy of san-2021-05-10_windmill_worksheet.xlsx
Follow Up Flag:	Follow up
Flag Status:	Completed

Hi Peter,

We have finalized the design flows for the pump station. Please proceed with design and schedule. Max capacity of the station would be 45 L/s, however likely operating at 30-35 L/s based on our discussions.

I have contacted Gemtec to review the slope stability, and will set up a meeting soon.

Thanks,



TARYN GLANCY, P. ENG. PROJECT MANAGER

6 Booth St (Albert Island), Ottawa, ON K1R 6K8 C 613-219-2722 E TGlancy@zibi.ca



Zibi Pumping Station, Chaudière Island City of Ottawa – Preliminary Design Report

## Appendix 5 Generator Sizing TM-1



#### Project Memo

H 282834

November 7, 2018

To: David Schaeffer Engineering Limited Attention: Adam Fobert, P.Eng From: Peter Rüsch / Grace Ning

cc:

## Re: Zibi Development / Chaudiere Island, City of Ottawa Generator Sizing for Dual Use

#### 1. Introduction

Hatch has been retained by David Schaeffer Engineering Limited (DSEL) to design the pumping facilities for the Zibi Development on Chaudiere Island in the City of Ottawa The pumping facilities will consist of a permanent pumping station, and there may be a temporary pumping station to allow for a longer planning timeframe for the overall site. DSEL has advised that the permanent station will have a peak sanitary flow of 32.7 L/s. Furthermore, Zibi has advised that Zibi requires a standby generator for other purposes on site. Hatch in conjunction with the DSEL suggested that it may be prudent to re-use the generator for the permanent pumping station, if feasible.

The flows from the permanent pumping station will be conveyed through twin forcemains, for discharge at Brickhill Street near Albert Street in the City of Ottawa. Hatch has previously completed a technical memorandum (Forcemain TM) to provide suggested forcemain diameters to DSEL. The forcemain TM is attached to this TM, and it is our understanding that the Forcemain TM may not be approved by the City of Ottawa at the time or writing.

The purpose of this TM is to set out probable pump sizes and derive a load list for the permanent pumping station that will require to be supplied by the generator. It has to be understood that the sizing is based on the background information presented in this memo and, depending on the final layout of the pumping station may result in an inadequate generator.

## 2. Pump Sizing

Hatch has, in the Forcemain TM derived a likely duty point for the pumping station, and as such has pre-selected 2 pumps for the following duty points:

 33 L/s, with a total dynamic head of 25 m. This selection mimics the flow of the duty point referenced in the forcemain TM, with an additional allowance of 2.0m for additional depth / friction losses etc. This pump (from Flygt) would have a 15 kW motor. 40 L/s, with a total dynamic head of 27 m. This selection provides for a [somewhat] random scenario where the PS needs to either provide for more flows, or for more total dynamic head. This pump from Flygt would have a 22 kW motor.

Hatch has also requested a pump selection from KSB, however these show a larger motor for the smaller pump and a similar sized motor for the larger pump. As such we believe that a pump with a 15 kW motor should adequately cover the duty scenario set out in the forcemain TM.

### 3. Generator Load Cases (for Pumping Station Use)

In the design of the conceptual layout of the permanent station, Hatch as assumed that, under certain extreme conditions, the second pump could be started, therefore the generator should be compliant with the following load cases:

- Load case 1:
  - Start Pump # 1, 15 kW, Soft Starter (peak current inrush = 3 x nominal)
  - Start Pump # 2, 15 kW, Soft Starter (peak current inrush = 3 x nominal)
  - Add miscellaneous electrical loads, 5 kW total, in 2 steps.
  - Voltage drop to be less than 25%
- Load case 2:
  - Start Pump # 1, 22 kW, VFD (peak current inrush = 2 x nominal)
  - Start Pump # 2, 22 kW, VFD (peak current inrush = 2 x nominal)
  - o Add miscellaneous electrical loads, 5 kW total, in 2 steps.
  - Voltage drop to be less than 30%

Pumps of these sizes generally require 600 V power supply, and as such the genset should be a 3 Phase 600 V unit.

Zibi needs to determine the final generator size from the interim demands for other interim uses and the above noted proposed permanent pumping station demands.

Should there be any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact us.



# Appendix D Stormwater Management Calculations





#### **EVALUATION OF RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS**

Client: DREAM Windmill Project: ZIBI Location: Ottawa, Ontario Project #: A000931



Area	Grassed Area (m²)	Runoff Coefficient	Interlock Pavers Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	Runoff Coefficient	Hard Surface Area (m²)	Runoff Coefficient	Total Area (m²)	Runoff Coefficient (10-year event)	Runoff Coefficient (100-year)
A1	322	0.20	98	0.75	1946	0.90	2366	0.80	0.95
A2	0	0.20	0	0.75	1228	0.90	1228	0.90	0.95
A3	0	0.20	0	0.75	1572	0.90	1572	0.90	0.95
A4	23	0.20	1358	0.75	728	0.90	2109	0.80	0.95
A5	28	0.20	736	0.75	0	0.90	764	0.73	0.91
A6	634	0.20	0	0.75	1479	0.90	2113	0.69	0.86
A7	0	0.20	959	0.75	0	0.90	959	0.75	0.94
A8	0	0.20	271	0.75	0	0.90	271	0.75	0.94
A9	38	0.20	1299	0.75	0	0.90	1337	0.73	0.92
TOTAL	1045	0.20	4721	0.75	6953	0.90	12719	0.79	0.95
A10	0	0.20	1963	0.75	0	0.90	1963	0.75	0.94
TOTAL	1045	0.20	6684	0.75	6953	0.90	14682	0.78	0.95

Prepared by: Julien Sauvé, P.Eng. PEO No.: 100200100

Date: 2022-03-17

Verified by: André Chaumont, P.Eng. PEO No.: 90409194

Date: 2022-03-17

## Design Chart 1.07: Runoff Coefficients

#### - Urban for 5 to 10-Year Storms

Land Use	Runoff Co	pefficient
	Min.	Max.
Pavement - asphalt or concrete	0.80	0.95
- brick	0.70	0.85
Gravel roads and shoulders	0.40	0.60
Roofs	0.70	0.95
Business - downtown	0.70	0.95
- neighbourhood	0.50	0.70
- light	0.50	0.80
- heavy	0.60	0.90
Residential - single family urban	0.30	0.50
- multiple, detached	0.40	0.60
- multiple, attached	0.60	0.75
- suburban	0.25	0.40
Industrial - light	0.50	0.80
- heavy	0.60	0.90
Apartments	0.50	0.70
Parks, cemeteries	0.10	0.25
Playgrounds (unpaved)	0.20	0.35
Railroad yards	0.20	0.35
Unimproved areas	0.10	0.30
Lawns - Sandy soil		
- flat, to 2%	0.05	0.10
- average, 2 to 7%	0.10	0.15
- steep, over 7%	0.15	0.20
- Clayey soil		
- flat, to 2%	0.13	0.17
- average, 2 to 7%	0.18	0.22
- steep, over 7%	0.25	0.35

For flat or permeable surfaces, use the lower values. For steeper or more impervious surfaces, use the higher values. For return period of more than 10 years, increase above values as 25-year - add 10%, 50-year - add 20%, 100-year - add 25%.

The coefficients listed above are for unfrozen ground.



# **CIACT** STORAGE VOLUME CALCULATIONS

Project:	ZIBI
	Block 204
Project #:	A000931
Station	OTTAWA SEWER DESIGN GUIDELINES
Date:	4/5/2022 14:02

File **#VALUE!** Location:

Description: Storage volume calculations with the rational method

Specified F	lelease Ra	100 L/s/ha	
Area Runoff Coe Rainfall Eve Discharge Discharge	ent: Flow Q:	-	0.2113 ha 0.86 100 ans 0.02113 m³/s 1

Design Volume: 47.30 m <sup>3</sup>	
-------------------------------------	--

Rainfall	2 ye	ear	5 y	<i>r</i> ear	10 year	
Pluviometry	30 min. or less	Over 30 min.	30 min. or less	Over 30 min.	30 min. or less	Over 30 min.
Coefficients						
A	732.951	732.951	998.071	998.071	1174.184	1174.184
В	6.199	6.199	6.053	6.053	6.014	6.014
С	0.810	0.810	0.814	0.814	0.816	0.816
Rainfall	25 y	rear	50	year	100	year
Pluviometry	30 min. or less	Over 30 min.	30 min. or less	Over 30 min.	30 min. or less	Over 30 min.
Coefficients						
A	1402.884	1402.884	1569.58	1569.58	1735.688	1735.688
В	6.018	6.018	6.014	6.014	6.014	6.014
С	0.819	0.819	0.820	0.820	0.820	0.820

Prepared by:	Julien Sauvé	
PEO No.:	100200100	
Verified by:	André Chaumont	
PEO No.:	90409194	

Date:	3/28/2022

Date: 3/28/2022

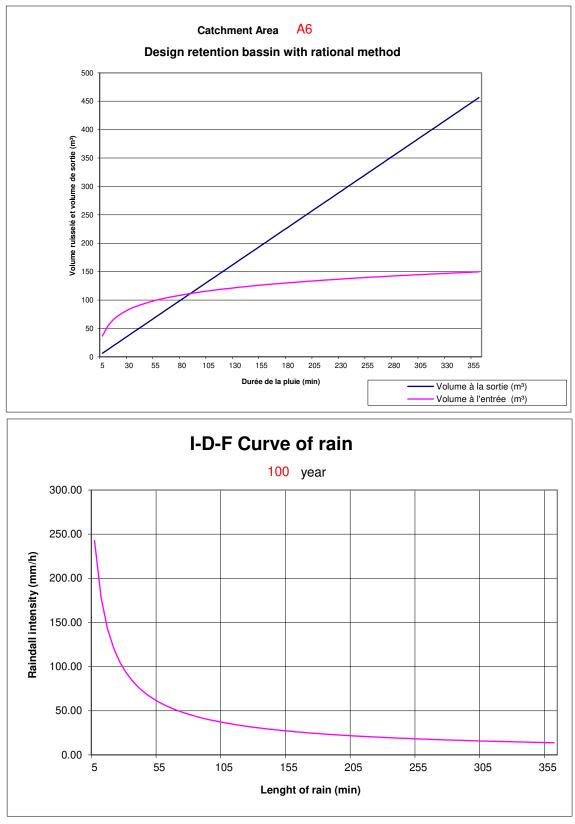
Init.\_\_\_\_

Rainfall	Rainfall	Rainfall intensity	Runoff	Output	Retention
Duration	Intensity	for Climate Ch.	Volume	Volume	Volume
(min)	(mm/h)	<del>(mm/h)</del>	(m³)	(m³)	(m <sup>3</sup> )
τ	Ì	I (2)*(factor)	ĊIAT	kQŤ	(4)-(5)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
5.0	242.70	266.97	36.75	6.339	30.41
10.0	178.56	196.41	54.08	12.678	41.40
15.0	142.89	157.18	64.92	19.017	45.90
20.0	119.95	131.95	72.66	25.356	47.30
25.0	103.85	114.23	78.63	31.695	46.93
30.0	91.87	101.06	83.47	38.034	45.44
35.0	82.58	<del>90.84</del>	87.54	44.373	43.16
40.0	75.15	82.66	91.04	50.712	40.32
45.0	69.05	<del>75.96</del>	94.11	57.051	37.06
50.0	63.95	70.35	96.85	63.39	33.46
55.0	59.62	<del>65.59</del>	99.32	69.729	29.59
60.0	55.89	61.48	101.57	76.068	25.50
65.0	52.65	<del>57.91</del>	103.64	82.407	21.23
70.0	49.79	54.77	105.56	88.746	16.81
75.0	47.26	<del>51.98</del>	107.34	95.085	12.25
80.0	44.99	49.49	109.01	101.424	7.58
85.0	42.95	47.25	110.58	107.763	2.81
90.0	41.11	4 <del>5.22</del>	112.06	114.102	-2.04
95.0	39.43	43.38	113.46	120.441	-6.98
100.0	37.90	41.6 <del>9</del>	114.79	126.78	-11.99
105.0	36.50	4 <del>0.15</del>	116.06	133.119	-17.05
110.0	35.20	<del>38.72</del>	117.28	139.458	-22.18
115.0	34.01	<del>37.41</del>	118.44	145.797	-27.36
120.0	32.89	<del>36.18</del>	119.55	152.136	-32.58
125.0	31.86	<del>35.05</del>	120.62	158.475	-37.85
130.0	30.90	<del>33.99</del>	121.65	164.814	-43.16
135.0	30.00	<del>33.00</del>	122.65	171.153	-48.51
140.0	29.15	<del>32.07</del>	123.61	177.492	-53.89
145.0	28.36	<del>31.19</del>	124.54	183.831	-59.30
150.0	27.61	<del>30.37</del>	125.43	190.17	-64.74
155.0	26.91	<del>29.60</del>	126.31	196.509	-70.20
160.0	26.24	<del>28.86</del>	127.15	202.848	-75.70
165.0	25.61	<del>28.17</del>	127.97	209.187	-81.21
170.0	25.01	<del>27.51</del>	128.77	215.526	-86.75
175.0	24.44	<del>26.89</del>	129.55	221.865	-92.32
180.0	23.90	<del>26.29</del>	130.31	228.204	-97.90
185.0	23.39	<del>25.73</del>	131.04	234.543	-103.50
190.0	22.90	<del>25.19</del>	131.76	240.882	-109.12
195.0	22.43	<del>24.67</del>	132.47	247.221	-114.75
200.0	21.98	<del>24.18</del>	133.15	253.56	-120.41
205.0	21.55	<del>23.71</del>	133.82	259.899	-126.07
210.0	21.14	<del>23.26</del>	134.48	266.238	-131.76
215.0	20.75	<del>22.83</del>	135.12	272.577	-137.45
220.0	20.37	<del>22.41</del>	135.75	278.916	-143.16

Design Volum	e (V design) :				47.30
Max Volume (	-				47.30
360.0	13.72	<del>15.09</del>	149.61	456.408	-306.80
355.0	13.88	<del>15.26</del>	149.20	450.069	-300.87
350.0	14.04	<del>15.44</del>	148.79	443.73	-294.94
345.0	14.20	<del>15.62</del>	148.38	437.391	-289.01
340.0	14.37	<del>15.81</del>	147.96	431.052	-283.09
335.0	14.54	<del>16.00</del>	147.53	424.713	-277.18
330.0	14.72	<del>16.19</del>	147.10	418.374	-271.27
325.0	14.90	<del>16.39</del>	146.67	412.035	-265.37
320.0	15.09	16.60	146.22	405.696	-259.47
315.0	15.28	<del>16.81</del>	145.77	399.357	-253.58
310.0	15.48	17.03	145.32	393.018	-247.70
305.0	15.68	17.25	144.86	386.679	-241.82
300.0	15.89	17.48	144.39	380.34	-235.95
295.0	16.11	<del>17.72</del>	143.91	374.001	-230.09
290.0	16.33	<del>17.96</del>	143.43	367.662	-224.23
285.0	16.56	<del>18.22</del>	142.94	361.323	-218.38
280.0	16.80	<del>18.48</del>	142.44	354.984	-212.54
275.0	17.04	<del>18.75</del>	141.94	348.645	-206.71
270.0	17.29	<del>19.02</del>	141.42	342.306	-200.88
265.0	17.56	<del>19.31</del>	140.90	335.967	-195.07
260.0	17.83	<del>19.61</del>	140.37	329.628	-189.26
255.0	18.11	<del>19.92</del>	139.83	323.289	-183.46
250.0	18.39	20.23	139.28	316.95	-177.67
245.0	18.69	20.56	138.72	310.611	-171.89
240.0	19.01	20.91	138.15	304.272	-166.12
235.0	19.33	21.26	137.57	297.933	-160.37
230.0	19.66	21.63	136.97	291.594	-154.62
225.0	20.01	22.01	136.37	285.255	-148.89

ZIBI

Block 204





PROJECT NAME: ZIBI CIMA+ PROJECT NUMI A000931 DREAM CLIENT: **PROJECT STATUS:** Site Plan Application Block 204

STORM SEWER HYDRAULIC DESIGN SHEET (SSDS) – RATIONAL METHOD

#### APPLICABLE DESIGN GUIDELINES:

1. City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012

#### STORM SEWER DESIGN CALCULATIONS: **DESIGN CRITERIA:**

Rainfall Station: City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012 (Macdonald-Cartier Airport) Manning's Coefficient (n): 0.013 Maximum Permitted Velocity: 3.00 m/s Minimum Permitted Velocity: 0.80 m/s

#### IDF PARAMETERS AND RATIONAL FORMULA:

Design Storm (year):	2			
IDF Regression Constants: (a) (b) (c)	732.951 6.199 0.810			
IDF Curve Equation (mm/hr):	$I = a / (Time in min + b)^{c}$			
Rational Formula (L/s):	Q = 2.78*C*I*A	where:	Q = Flow (L/s) C = Runoff Coefficient I = Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr) A = Area (hectares)	

#### OTHER FORMULAS USED IN CALCULATION TABLE:

Time of Concentration (minutes):	Tc = Ti + Tf	where: Tc = time of concentration (min) $Ti = inlet time before pipe (min)$ $Tf = time of flow in pipe (min) = L/(60*)$ $L = pipe length (m)$ $V = actual velocity (m/s)$	V)				
Manning's Equation (L/s):	$Q_{cap} = (1/n)^* A^* R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$	where: Qcap = flow rate at capacity (L/s) n = Manning's roughness coefficient A = area of flow (m <sup>2</sup> ) R = hydraulic radius (m)* S = slope of pipe (%) * Hydraulic radius is defined as the area of flow (m <sup>2</sup> ) divided by wetted perimeter (m)	)				

	LOCATION						FLOW	RUNOFF AREA FLOW							4			
Street/Catchment Name	From MH/CB	To MH/CB	C =	(ha)	Section 2.78*AC (ha)	Accum 2.78*AC (ha)	Time of Conc (min)	Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr)	Peak Flow (L/s)	Diameter (mm)	Material Type	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (full) (L/s)	Velocity (full) (m/s)	Velocity (actual) (m/s)	Time of Flow (min)	Ratio (%)
A10	Trench drain	Underground parking	0.75	0.134	0.279	0.279	10.00	76.805	21.46	375	CONC	0.20%	2.00	78.41	0.71	0.60	0.06	27%
A8	STM-110	STM-109	0.75	0.027	0.056	0.056	10.00	76.805	4.32	375	PVC	0.30%	32.40	96.03	0.87	0.44	1.24	5%
A9	STM-111	STM-109	0.73	0.134	0.272	0.272	10.00	76.805	20.89	375	CONC	0.20%	59.40	78.41	0.71	0.60	1.66	27%
-	STM-109	STM-108	-	-		0.328	11.66	70.976	23.30	375	PVC	0.30%	11.90	96.03	0.87	0.71	0.28	24%
Α7	STM-108	STM-107	0.75	0.096	0.200	0.528	11.94	70.088	37.03	375	PVC	0.30%	9.30	96.03	0.87	0.81	0.19	39%
A5	STM-107	STM-106	0.73	0.076	0.154	0.683	12.13	69.497	47.44	450	PVC	0.40%	57.70	180.32	1.14	0.94	1.02	26%
A6 (Block 204)			0.69	0.211	Contro	lled Flow by	roof drain (100	) L/s/ha)	21.13									
-	STM-106	STM-105	-	-		0.683	13.15	66.518	66.54	450	CONC	1.02%	21.60	287.94	1.82	1.46	0.25	23%
A4	STM-105	STM-104	0.80	0.211	0.469	1.152	13.39	65.839	96.97	450	CONC	1.12%	10.70	301.73	1.90	1.67	0.11	32%
A1 & A2 & A3	STM-104	STM-103	0.85	0.516	1.219	2.371	13.50	65.550	176.56	450	CONC	1.47%	99.60	345.67	2.18	2.18	0.76	51%
-	STM-103	STM-102B	-	-		2.371	14.26	63.567	171.86	525	CONC	0.64%	11.00	344.05	1.59	1.58	0.12	50%
-	STM-102B	STM-102A	-	-		2.371	14.38	63.276	171.17	525	CONC	0.88%	9.10	403.43	1.87	1.79	0.08	42%
-	STM-102A	STM-101	-	-		2.371	14.46	63.066	170.67	600	CONC	0.75%	14.80	531.75	1.89	1.66	0.15	32%
-	STM-101	STM-102 (OGS)	-	-		2.371	14.61	62.701	169.81	600	CONC	0.38%	7.90	378.50	1.34	1.29	0.10	45%
-	STM-102 (OGS)	HW100	-	-		2.371	14.71	62.453	169.22	600	CONC	0.43%	10.90	402.63	1.43	1.37	0.13	42%
				1.271														
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Existing Network

Julien Sauvé, P.Eng. PEO #100200100 Prepared by:

4/5/2022 Date:

Verified by: André Chaumont, P.Eng. PEO #90409194

Date: 4/5/2022



PROJECT NAME: ZIBI CIMA+ PROJECT NUMI A000931 CLIENT: DREAM **PROJECT STATUS:** Site Plan Application Block 204

#### STORM SEWER HYDRAULIC DESIGN SHEET (SSDS) – RATIONAL METHOD

#### APPLICABLE DESIGN GUIDELINES:

1. City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012

#### STORM SEWER DESIGN CALCULATIONS:

DESIGN CRITERIA:	
Rainfall Station:	City of O
Manning's Coefficient (n):	
Maximum Permitted Velocity:	
Minimum Permitted Velocity:	

Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012 (Macdonald-Cartier Airport) 0.013 3.00 m/s 0.80 m/s

#### **IDF PARAMETERS AND RATIONAL FORMULA:**

Design Storm (year):	5						
IDF Regression Constants: (a) (b) (c)	998.071 6.053 0.814						
IDF Curve Equation (mm/hr):	$I = a / (Time in min + b)^{c}$						
Rational Formula (L/s):	Q = 2.78*C*I*A	where:	Q = Flow (L/s) C = Runoff Coefficient I = Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr) A = Area (hectares)				

#### OTHER FORMULAS USED IN CALCULATION TABLE:

Time of Concentration (minutes):	Tc = Ti + Tf	where: Tc = time of concentration (min) $Ti = inlet time before pipe (min)$ $Tf = time of flow in pipe (min) = L/(60*V)$ $L = pipe length (m)$ $V = actual velocity (m/s)$
Manning's Equation (L/s):	$Q_{cap} = (1/n)^* A^* R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$	where: $Q_{cap} = flow rate at capacity (L/s)$ n = Manning's roughness coefficient $A = area of flow (m^2)$ $R = hydraulic radius (m)^*$ S = slope of pipe (%) * Hydraulic radius is defined as the area of flow (m <sup>2</sup> ) divided by wetted perimeter (m)

L	LOCATION						FLOW							SEWER DAT	Ą			
Street/Catchment Name	From MH/CB	To MH/CB	C =	(ha)	Section 2.78*AC (ha)	Accum 2.78*AC (ha)	Time of Conc (min)	Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr)	Peak Flow (L/s)	Diameter (mm)	Material Type	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (full) (L/s)	Velocity (full) (m/s)	Velocity (actual) (m/s)	Time of Flow (min)	Ratio (%)
A10	Trench drain	Underground parking	0.75	0.134	0.279	0.279	10.00	104.193	29.11	375	CONC	0.20%	2.00	78.41	0.71	0.66	0.05	37%
A8	STM-110	STM-109	0.75	0.027	0.056	0.056	10.00	104.193	5.87	375	PVC	0.30%	32.40	96.03	0.87	0.47	1.14	6%
A9	STM-111	STM-109	0.73	0.134	0.272	0.272	10.00	104.193	28.33	375	CONC	0.20%	59.40	78.41	0.71	0.65	1.53	36%
-	STM-109	STM-108	-	-		0.328	11.53	96.765	31.76	375	PVC	0.30%	11.90	96.03	0.87	0.77	0.26	33%
A7	STM-108	STM-107	0.75	0.096	0.200	0.528	11.78	95.632	50.53	375	PVC	0.30%	9.30	96.03	0.87	0.88	0.18	53%
A5	STM-107	STM-106	0.73	0.076	0.154	0.683	11.96	94.870	64.76	450	PVC	0.40%	57.70	180.32	1.14	1.04	0.92	36%
A6 (Block 204)			0.69	0.211	Contro	lled Flow by	roof drain (100	)L/s/ha)	21.13									1
-	STM-106	STM-105	-	-		0.683	12.88	91.086	83.31	450	CONC	1.02%	21.60	287.94	1.82	1.55	0.23	29%
A4	STM-105	STM-104	0.80	0.211	0.469	1.152	13.11	90.188	125.02	450	CONC	1.12%	10.70	301.73	1.90	1.80	0.10	41%
A1 & A2 & A3	STM-104	STM-103	0.85	0.516	1.219	2.371	13.21	89.810	234.09	450	CONC	1.47%	99.60	345.67	2.18	2.34	0.71	68%
-	STM-103	STM-102B	-	-		2.371	13.92	87.204	227.91	525	CONC	0.64%	11.00	344.05	1.59	1.70	0.11	66%
-	STM-102B	STM-102A	-	-		2.371	14.03	86.822	227.00	525	CONC	0.88%	9.10	403.43	1.87	1.92	0.08	56%
-	STM-102A	STM-101	-	-		2.371	14.11	86.546	226.35	600	CONC	0.75%	14.80	531.75	1.89	1.81	0.14	43%
-	STM-101	STM-102 (OGS)	-	-		2.371	14.25	86.072	225.22	600	CONC	0.38%	7.90	378.50	1.34	1.40	0.09	60%
-	STM-102 (OGS)	HW100	-	- 1.271		2.371	14.34	85.748	224.45	600	CONC	0.43%	10.90	402.63	1.43	1.47	0.12	56%
				1.271														
																		<u> </u>

Existing Network

Prepared by: Julien Sauvé, P.Eng. PEO #100200100

4/5/2022 Date:

Verified by: André Chaumont, P.Eng. PEO #90409194

Date: 4/5/2022



PROJECT NAME: ZIBI CIMA+ PROJECT NUMI A000931 DREAM CLIENT: **PROJECT STATUS:** Site Plan Application Block 204

STORM SEWER HYDRAULIC DESIGN SHEET (SSDS) – RATIONAL METHOD

#### APPLICABLE DESIGN GUIDELINES:

1. City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012

#### STORM SEWER DESIGN CALCULATIONS: **DESIGN CRITERIA:**

Rainfall Station: City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012 (Macdonald-Cartier Airport) Manning's Coefficient (n): 0.013 Maximum Permitted Velocity: 3.00 m/s Minimum Permitted Velocity: 0.80 m/s

### IDF PARAMETERS AND RATIONAL FORMULA:

Design Storm (year):	100	
IDF Regression Constants: (a) (b) (c)	1735.688 6.014 0.820	
IDF Curve Equation (mm/hr):	I = a / (Time	e in min + b) <sup>c</sup>
Rational Formula (L/s):	Q = 2.78*C*I*A	where: Q = Flow (L/s) C = Runoff Coefficient I = Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr) A = Area (hectares)

#### OTHER FORMULAS USED IN CALCULATION TABLE:

Time of Concentration (minutes):	Tc = Ti + Tf	where: Tc = time of concentration (min) $Ti = inlet time before pipe (min)$ $Tf = time of flow in pipe (min) = L/(60*V)$ $L = pipe length (m)$ $V = actual velocity (m/s)$							
Manning's Equation (L/s):	Q <sub>cap</sub> = (1/n)*A*R <sup>2/3</sup> *S <sup>1/2</sup>	where: Qcap = flow rate at capacity (L/s) n = Manning's roughness coefficient A = area of flow (m <sup>2</sup> ) R = hydraulic radius (m)* S = slope of pipe (%) * Hydraulic radius is defined as the area of flow (m <sup>2</sup> ) divided by wetted perimeter (m)							

L	LOCATION						FLOW						Ş	SEWER DAT	4			
Street/Catchment Name	From MH/CB	To MH/CB	C =	(ha)	Section 2.78*AC (ha)	Accum 2.78*AC (ha)	Time of Conc (min)	Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr)	Peak Flow (L/s)	Diameter (mm)	Material Type	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (full) (L/s)	Velocity (full) (m/s)	Velocity (actual) (m/s)	Time of Flow (min)	Ratio (%)
A10	Trench drain	Underground parking	0.94	0.134	0.350	0.350	10.00	178.559	62.53	375	CONC	0.20%	2.00	78.41	0.71	0.79	0.04	80%
																		·
A8	STM-110	STM-109	0.94	0.027	0.071	0.071	10.00	178.559	12.60	375	PVC	0.30%	32.40	96.03	0.87	0.60	0.91	13%
A9	STM-111	STM-109	0.92	0.134	0.343	0.343	10.00	178.559	61.20	375	CONC	0.20%	59.40	78.41	0.71	0.78	1.26	78%
-	STM-109	STM-108	-	-		0.413	11.26	167.768	69.33	375	PVC	0.30%	11.90	96.03	0.87	0.94	0.21	72%
A7	STM-108	STM-107	0.94	0.096	0.251	0.664	11.48	166.112	110.32	375	PVC	0.30%	9.30	96.03	0.87	0.87	0.18	115%
A5	STM-107	STM-106	0.91	0.076	0.192	0.856	11.65	164.738	141.08	450	PVC	0.40%	57.70	180.32	1.14	1.26	0.77	78%
A6 (Block 204)			0.86	0.211	Contro	lled Flow by	roof drain (100	)L/s/ha)	21.13									
-	STM-106	STM-105	-	-		0.856	12.42	159.109	157.39	450	CONC	1.02%	21.60	287.94	1.82	1.86	0.19	55%
A4	STM-105	STM-104	0.95	0.211	0.557	1.414	12.61	157.748	244.13	450	CONC	1.12%	10.70	301.73	1.90	2.11	0.08	81%
A1 & A2 & A3	STM-104	STM-103	0.95	0.516	1.363	2.776	12.70	157.164	457.48	450	CONC	1.47%	99.60	345.67	2.18	2.18	0.76	132%
-	STM-103	STM-102B	-	-		2.776	13.46	152.106	443.44	525	CONC	0.64%	11.00	344.05	1.59	1.59	0.12	129%
-	STM-102B	STM-102A	-	-		2.776	13.57	151.372	441.40	525	CONC	0.88%	9.10	403.43	1.87	1.87	0.08	109%
-	STM-102A	STM-101	-	-		2.776	13.65	150.860	439.98	600	CONC	0.75%	14.80	531.75	1.89	2.11	0.12	83%
-	STM-101	STM-102 (OGS)	-	-		2.776	13.77	150.127	437.94	600	CONC	0.38%	7.90	378.50	1.34	1.34	0.10	116%
-	STM-102 (OGS)	HW100	-	-		2.776	13.87	149.518	436.25	600	CONC	0.43%	10.90	402.63	1.43	1.43	0.13	108%
				1.271				ļ										<b></b>
																		ļ,

Existing Network

Julien Sauvé, P.Eng. PEO #100200100 Prepared by:

4/5/2022 Date:

Verified by: André Chaumont, P.Eng. PEO #90409194

Date: 4/5/2022



Appendix E Drawings





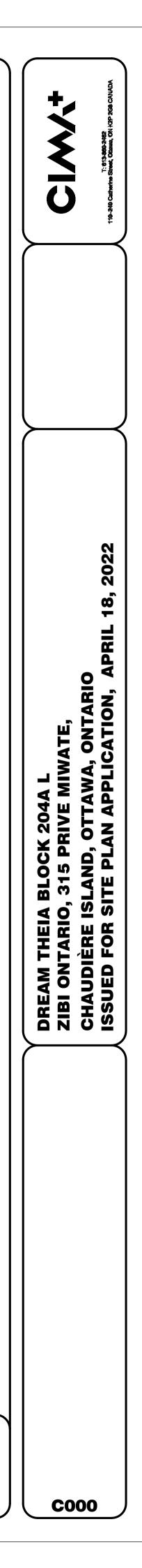


# **LIST OF DRAWINGS**

PLAN No:	DE
C000	COV
C001	TOP
C002	NOT
C003	SED
C004A	GRA
C004B	GRA
C005A	SITE
C005B	SITE
C006A	PLA
C006B	PLA
C007	CRC
C008	STO

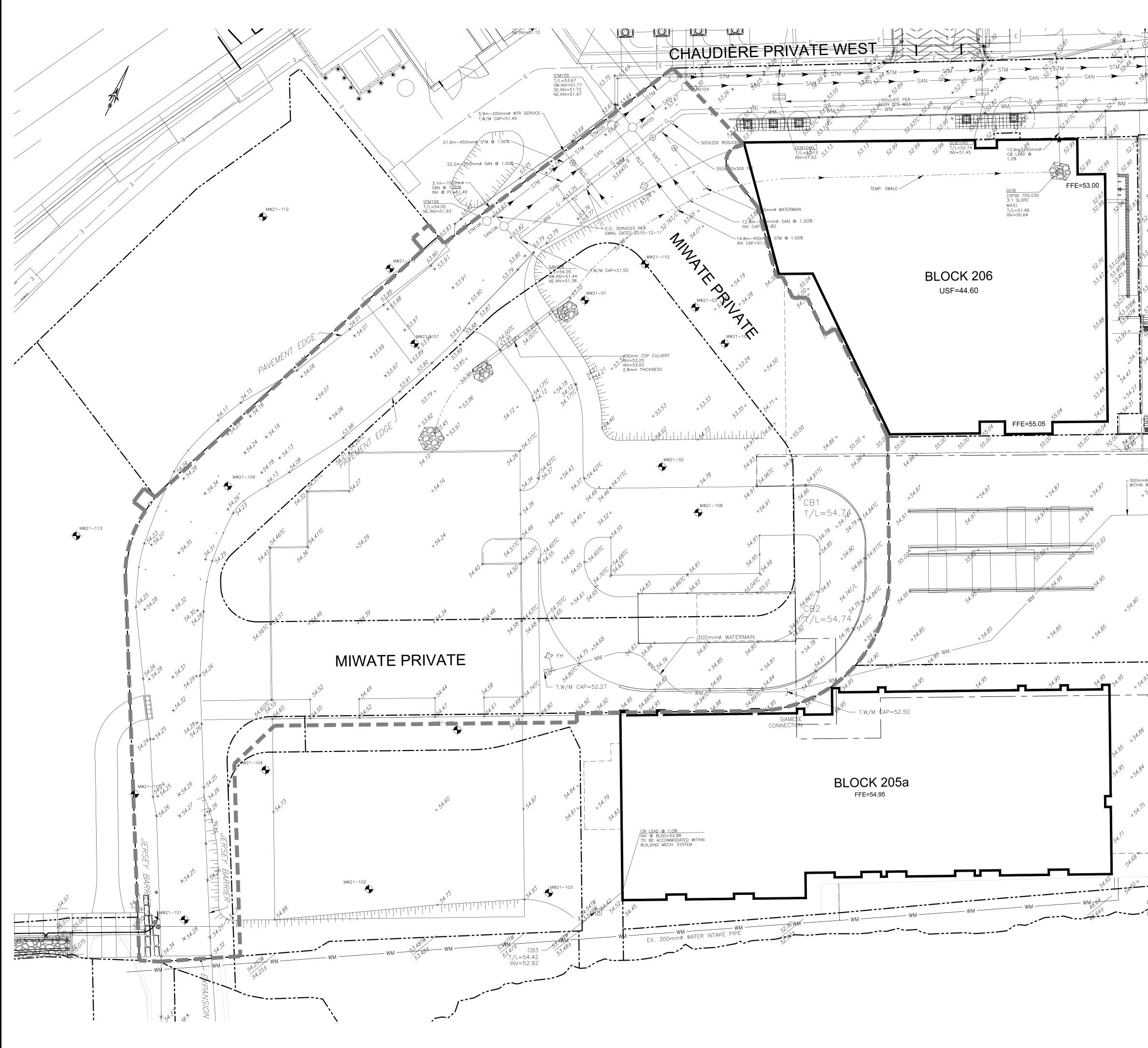
# ESCRIPTION

VER PAGE POGRAPHICAL SURVEY PLAN TES PLAN DIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN ADE CONTROL AND DRAINAGE PLAN (INTERIM) RADE CONTROL AND DRAINAGE PLAN (ULTIMATE) TE SERVICING PLAN (INTERIM) TE SERVICING PLAN (ULTIMATE) ANS AND PROFILE (CHAUDIÈRE PRIVATE) ANS AND PROFILE (MIWATE PRIVATE) ROSS-SECTIONS STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN









RINT DATE: 2022/04/14 / PAPER SIZE: ISO expand A1 (594.00 x 841.00 MM) ATH: Z:\Cima-C10\Ott\_Projects\A\A000931\_Zibi\_Block 7\_Ottawa\400\_Drafting\460\_Civil\C-1\_Topo.dwg / LAYOUT: C001\_

$ \begin{array}{c}         E \\             S2. \\             STM \\             S2. \\             STM \\             S2. \\             STM \\             S2. \\             STM \\             S2. \\             S2. \\             STM \\             S2. \\             S2. \\             S1 \\             S2. \\            $			EXISTING -WM	UNDERGROU FENCE UNDERGROU OVERHEAD W LOT LINE RIGHT-OF-WA EASEMENT TOP OF SLOP DITCH CENTE BOTTOM OF S CATCHBASIN MANHOLE/CA MANHOLE FIRE HYDRAN VALVE REDUCER TEE VALVE CHAMI PRIVATE UTIL NATURAL GAS SIGN STOP SIGN TRAFFIC LIGH ELECT.TELS ELECTTELS ELECTTELS ELECTTELS ELECTTELS ELECTTELS ELECTTELS ELECTICITY M TELEPHONE F SURVEY STAT ELEVATION INVERT	R PROX. LOC.) ND TELEPHONE (APPROX. LOC ND TAFFIC CABLE (APPROX. LOC VIRES Y LIMITS E R SLOPE TCHBASIN IT BER ITIES (WATERMAIN) S VALVE IT POLE POLE STREET LIGHT POLE RANSFORMER POLE EET LIGHT IANHOLE MANHOLE	:.) DC.)
54. <sup>14</sup> ×5 <sup>4.11</sup> 5 <sup>4.14</sup>			1:250 0 2.	STM - SAN - WM - INV - MH - CB - T/L - OBV - FFE - BLDG - SERV -	/IATIONS → STORM → SANITARY → WATERMAIN → WATER → INVERT → MANHOLE → CATCHBASIN → TOP OF LID → OBVERT → FINISHED FLOOR ELEV/ → BUILDING → SERVICE 10 15m	ATION
54,57 mmø WATERMAIN INSTALL HIN BULDING × 5 <sup>4.</sup> 54.80						
× <sup>5<sup>4.0</sup>. ×<sup>54.86</sup></sup>						
WM						
54. <sup>80</sup>		1	APR. 18, 2022	ISSUED FOR	SITE PLAN APPLICATION	A.C.
× 5 <sup>4.11</sup>		NO. stamps:	Date		Description	Ву
54.95 54.95 CC BLC BLC 64.95 CC BLC	TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION         • CHAUDIÈRE AND ALBERT ISLAND TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION PROVIDED BY FAIRHALL, MOFFATT & WOODLAND LIMITED, DATED JANUARY 15, 2015.         • BOOTH STREET/FLEET STREET/LLOYD STREET/ALBERT STREET TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION PROVIDED BY STANTEC GEOMATICS LIMITED, DATED APRIL 20, 2018         • TEMPORARY ROAD CHAUDIÈRE & ALBERT STREET TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION PROVIDED BY STANTEC GEOMATICS LIMITED, DATED AUGUST 08, 2019         LEGAL INFORMATION         • LEGAL SURVEY PROVIDED BY STANTEC GEOMATICS LIMITED, DATED AUGUST 08, 2019         EEGAL INFORMATION         • LEGAL SURVEY PROVIDED BY STANTEC GEOMATICS LIMITED, DATED 2022         BENCH MARK         # MULTIPLE ON-SITE AS PER SURVEY         • JOB BENCH MARK #3 CP SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE WALL. ELEVATION = 50.204         • FOR BENCH MARK LOCATIONS REFER TO MASTER PLAN ZIBI ONTARIO DRAWING EX-1, PREPARED BY DSEL, DATED JUNE 27 2018	ENGINEER: CLIENT: PROJECT N/	DRE	CLAM THE BLOCK	APPROVED BY	
× -54.1					VATE PRIVATE, RE ISLAND	
54.50 PIPES E		SHEET TITLE	0		ONTARIO	
41.84 41.84 T/L=5 INV=5	THE GEODETIC COORDINATES OF EVERY ITEM INCLUDED AS PART OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE IN <b>NAD83 - ORIGINAL / MTM -</b> REFERENCE SYSTEM AND HAVE NO LEGAL VALUE. THE SITE LAYOUT MUST BE COMPLETED USING THE OFFICIAL BENCHMARKS OF AN ACCREDITED LAND SURVEYOR IN THE <b>NAD83 - ORIGINAL / MTM -</b> REFERENCE SYSTEM. THE UNDERGROUND FEATURES AND INFORMATION THAT APPEAR ON THE DRAWINGS WERE OBTAINED FROM THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES AND/OR FROM THE CITY EACH RESPECTIVELY. ALL INFORMATION UNDER THE LEGEND 'EXISTING' IS FOR INFORMATION		TC		APHICAL Y PLAN	
	ALL INFORMATION UNDER THE LEGEND 'EXISTING' IS FOR INFORMATION ONLY. COMPLETE OR EXACT LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF UNDERGROUND SERVICES ARE NOT GUARANTEED.	DISCIPLINE:		CI\	/IL	
	CERTAIN UNDERGROUND FEATURES ON PRIVATE PROPERTY ARE NOT SHOWN ON THE CURRENT DRAWING.	drafter: S.C.POC	GGIOLI		scale: 1:250	
	ANYONE WHO PROCEEDS WITH EXCAVATION WORK SHALL VERIFY THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND FEATURES, BY	designer: J.SAUVI	<u>_</u>		date: 2022/03/14	
	EXPLORATORY EXCAVATIONS, AND SHALL ASSUME FULL RESPONSIBILITY IF THERE IS ANY DAMAGE THAT OCCURS DURING WORK.	APPROVER: A.CHAU			approver: A.CHAUMONT	
	THE CONTRACTOR WILL HAVE THE RESPONSIBILITY AND THE OBLIGATION TO VALIDATE, BY EXPLORATORY EXCAVATION, THE SIZE	PROJECT NO A000937			DRAWING No:	
	OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES UNDERGROUND SERVICES AND TO WARN THE ENGINEER OF ANY CONFLICT WITH THE PROJECTED WORK.	SHEET No:	1 of 11		C001	

1. GRADE CONTROL AND DRAINAGE - GENERAL 1.1. During the construction period the Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining temporary 1.20. traffic signage, including traffic signs, traffic markings and temporary traffic lights, and flagmen, as required by the Owner, the Consultant, the Municipality, and other governing authorities. 1.1. The Contractor must conform to all laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations adopted by federal, provincial or municipal government councils and government agencies, applying to work to be carried The Contractor must control surface runoff from precipitation during construction. 1.21. The Contractor must ensure the following mitigation measures are implemented in order to reduce the 1.2. Unless otherwise indicated, all materials and construction methods to be in accordance with the requirements of the latest edition of the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines, Ontario Provincial Standard 1.22. risk of ground contamination from petroleum products: Specifications and Drawings (OPSS and OPSD), the Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), applicable Conservation Authorities, the municipal standard specifications and drawings, The list of persons and agencies to contact in the event of an emergency must be posted in plair and all other governing authorities as they apply. sight on the work site for the duration of the construction period Machinery must be clean and kept clean to limit any grease or oil deposits inside the work area; 1.3. Wherever standards, laws and/or regulations are mentioned they refer to their current versions, Frequent inspections must be performed to detect any oil, fuel, grease or other leaks. If a leak is modifications included. detected, the necessary corrective action must be taken immediately An emergency kit for the recovery of petroleum products must be kept on site at all times. The kit 1.4. The boreholes and test pits shown on the plan are for information purposes only. Their location on the must include at least 30 m of absorbent booms, a box of absorbent pads and solid absorbent plan is approximate. The Contractor must refer to the boreholes and test pit records to obtain information material (powder or granules). The kit must be stored near the location of work and machinery, and about observed stratigraphy on site. kept within easy reach at all times to ensure a rapid response; In the event of a spill the Contractor must immediately report to the Spills Action Centre of the 1.5. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining all permits required to complete all works and bear cost of MECP at 1-800-268-6060. Hydrocarbons and contaminated soils will be recovered by a same, including road cut permit and water permit and their associated costs. specialized firm. 1.6. The Contractor is responsible for the coordination of his activities with others on site. The Contractor must ensure the following measures are implemented regarding the handling of concrete 1.23. 1.7. Submit copies of inspection and test reports to Owner's representative. Concrete should either be mixed away from the site or should be prepared on paved surfaces i only small quantities are required (i.e. minor repairs); 1.8. The location of existing underground municipal services and public utilities as shown on the plans are Excess concrete must be disposed off-site at a location that meets all regulatory requirements; approximate The Contractor must determine the exact location size material and elevation of all The washing of concrete trucks and other equipment used for mixing concrete should not be existing utilities (on-site and off-site) prior to any excavation work. Damage to any existing services carried out within 30 m of a watercourse or wetland and should take place outside of the work site; and/or existing utilities during construction, whether or not shown on the drawings must be repaired by All concrete trucks should collect their wash water and recycle it back into their trucks for disposal the Contractor at his own expense. off-site at a location meeting all regulatory requirements. 1.9. Site preparation includes clearing, grubbing, stripping of topsoil, demolition, removal of unsuitable DEMOLITION AND REMOVALS materials, cut, fill and rough grading of all areas to receive finished surfaces. 2.1. The Contractor must visit the premises in order to be fully aware of existing conditions on site, including 1 10 N/A all elements to be removed and demolished. No claim will be accepted due to a poor evaluation of the work to be completed. 1.11. Compaction must conform to the following requirements: 2.2. The Contractor must protect and maintain in service the existing works which must remain in place. If Exposed subgrade: they are damaged, the Contractor must immediately make the replacements and necessary repairs to the 95% Standard Proctor maximum dry density (SPMDD) satisfaction of the Owner's representative and without additional expense to the Owner. Granular Subbase foundations: 99% Standard Proctor maximum dry density (SPMDD) 2.3. The Contractor must perform the nessessary clearing and grubbing in accordance with OPSS.MUNI 201 Granular Base foundations: 2.4. The Contractor must carry out necessary saw cuts even if they are not shown on the drawings. 99% Standard Proctor maximum dry density (SPMDD) Asphalt pavement: 2.5. The Contractor must entirely remove the demolition wreckage from the construction site in accordance As per OPSS.MUNI 310 / City of Ottawa Special Provisions with the requirements of the MECP and in accordance with OPSS.MUNI 180 and OPSS.MUNI 510. Subgrade fill (pavement areas - OPSS Select Subgrade Material): 95% Standard Proctor Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD) - The Contractor must discard recyclable demolition materials in collaboration with a regional Structural fill (building footprints OPSS Granular 'A' or Granular 'B' Type II Material): recycling company. The Contractor must be able to provide proof, upon request, that the materials were properly recycled and that the chosen recycling company is recognized in the recycling field. 98% Standard Proctor Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD) All other demolition materials must be disposed off-site at authorized licensed landfills and in conformity with the applicable laws and regulations. The Contractor must be able to provide, upon 1.12. If groundwater is encountered during construction, dewatering of excavations could be required as per request, copies of the disposal tickets. OPSS.MUNI 518. It is assumed that groundwater may be controlled by sump and pumping methods. As required under the "Ontario Water Resources Act (OWRA)", the Contractor must register all water taking activities on Ontario's "Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR)" if water taking 2.1. The Contractor is responsible for locating existing public utilities and (if required) submit a request for the exceeds 50,000 I/day, and obtain a "Permit to Take Water (PTTW)" if water taking 2.6. interruption of public utility services, such as gas, telephone, power, cable, sewers, watermain, etc. exceeds 400,000 l/day. Furthermore, Contractor must provide all necessary measures required to ensure dewatering operations does not affect in any way the integrity of the existing surrounding buildings and The Contractor must conduct all removals required to make the work complete. must plan his work accordingly. Water Taking and Discharge Plan to be prepared by a Qualified Person as stipulated under O.Reg. 63/16. Unless otherwise specified, all materials, products and others coming from the demolition belong to the 2.8. Contractor 1.13. Control disposal or runoff of water containing suspended materials or other harmful substances in accordance with local authority requirements and as follows: Surfaces and works located outside of the construction work limit must be reinstated as they were before 2.9. beginning of work. 1.13.1. Provide flocculation tanks, settling basins, or other treatment facilities to remove suspended solids or other materials to within the required parameters of the receiving body before discharging to GENERAL SUBGRADE PREPARATION storm sewers, watercourses or drainage areas. 1.13.2. Before discharging to storm sewers, watercourses or drainage areas, discharge water must be 3.1. Earth removal must be inspected by an experienced Geotechnical Engineer to ensure that all unsuitable materials are removed prior to the placement of fill, including concrete and/or others, and to confirm the sampled and tested to ensure quality requirements in accordance with City of Ottawa Sewer Use compaction degree and condition of the founding soils. All unsuitable materials must be hauled off site By-Law No. 2003-514 and the MECP are adhered to. The Contractor is to perform all additional sampling and testing as required by City of Ottawa. All associated fees to be paid by the and disposed as per provincial and municipal regulations. 3.2. Subgrade must be approved by experienced geotechnical personnel before proceeding with placement 1.13.3. Where water is not suitable for discharge into the adjacent storm sewers, watercourses or drainage areas it must be discharged into the on-site sanitary sewer collection system, or disposed off-site at an approved disposal facility. 3.3. All granular fill must be placed in maximum 300 mm thick loose lifts and compacted using suitable methods as per the requirements. 1.13.4. Sanitary Sewer Discharge: 3.4. If soft spots develop in the subgrade during compaction or due to construction traffic, the affected areas should be excavated and replaced with OPSS Granular B Type II material. .a When discharging to the sanitary sewer, the Contractor must obtain a Sanitary Sewer Agreement for Dewatering from the City of Ottawa in accordance with City of Ottawa Sewer 3.5. If contaminated material is encountered during the work, the Contractor must dispose off-site all materials Use By-Law No. 2003-514 and pay all associated fees. from the contaminated area in accordance with the requirements of the MECP and OPSS.MUNI 180. Prior to the start of work the Contractor must provide the name and location of landfill(s) where the contaminated materials will be disposed to the Consultant. The Contractor must obtain from the landfill A copy of the signed Sanitary Sewer Agreement for Dewatering must be provided to the Owner's Owner documents confirming that he has the right to accept the contaminated material. During the work, Representative in advance of dewatering and discharge. the contractor must provide the Consultant copies of all check-in receipts issued by the landfill Owner. The Contractor must ensure all requirements of the Discharge Agreement are adhered to and all prerequisite requirements of the Agreement are in place prior to commencing dewatering. 3.6. The Contractor is responsible for providing a confirmation that the imported material used as subgrade fill Provide flow meter and record discharge rate in accordance with City of Ottawa requirements. is free of any contaminants such as Petroleum Hydrocarbons (C<sub>10</sub>-C<sub>50</sub>), PAH (Polycyclic Aromatic Dewatering discharge rate to sanitary sewer not to exceed rate specified by City. Hydrocarbons), MAH (Monocyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons) and metals like mercury, silver, arsenic, cadmium, cobalt, chromium, copper, tin, manganese, molybdenum, nickel, lead and zinc. .b For off-site disposal of dewatering effluent, Contractor to provide Departmental Representative EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL proof of receipt that dewatering effluent was received at a licensed landfill facility and pay all 4. associated disposal fees. 4.1. Subgrade preparation must be completed as per Section "3.0 General Subgrade Preparation". Contractor must provide name of proposed licensed disposal facility to Owner's Representative in advance of any dewatering waste leaving the site. 4.2. The management of excess materials to comply with OPSS.MUNI 180. Contractor is responsible for paying all costs associated with any water quality sampling and testing required. 4.3. Topsoil and deleterious fill, such as those containing organic materials, must be stripped from under any buildings, paved areas, pipe bedding, and other settlement sensitive structures. 1.14. The Contractor must maintain benchmarks and landmark references as is. Otherwise these references will be repositioned by a certified land surveyor at the Contractor's expense. 4.4. Due to the relatively shallow depth of the bedrock surface and the anticipated founding level for the proposed building, all existing overburden material must be excavated from within the proposed building 1.15. The Contractor is the only person in charge of safety on the building site. The Contractor is responsible for providing adequate protection of the workers, other personnel and the general public, protection of materials, as well as maintaining in good condition the completed works and works to be completed. The 4.5. Existing foundation walls and other construction debris must be entirely removed from within the building perimeter. Under paved areas, existing construction remnants, such as foundation walls, must be Contractor must supply, install and maintain an appropriate safety fence along the work perimeter until the excavated to a minimum of 1 m below final grade. work is complete. The Contractor must provide at any time: 4.6. Fill used for grading beneath the building areas must consist, unless otherwise specified, of clean - A sufficient number barriers, posters, guards and others to ensure safety; imported granular fill, such as Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications (OPSS) Granular A or Granular Necessary conveniences for the completion of the work such as heating, lighting, ventilation, etc. B Type II. This material must be tested and approved prior to delivery to the site. The fill must be placed n lifts no greater than 300 mm thick and compacted using suitable compaction equipment for the lift thickness. Fill placed beneath the building must be compacted to at least 98% of its standard Proctor 1.16. Temporary excavations in the overburden must be completed as per the requirements of the Occupational maximum dry density (SPMDD). Health and Safety Act (OHSA), O. Reg. 213/91, Part III - Excavations. The side slopes of excavations in the soil and fill overburden materials should either be cut back at acceptable slopes or should be retained by shoring systems from the star of the excavation until the 4.7. Non-specified existing fill along with site-excavated soil can be used as general landscaping fill where settlement of the ground surface is of minor concern. These materials should be spread in thin lifts and at structure is backfilled. least compacted by the tracks of the spreading equipment to minimize voids. If these materials are to be The excavation side slopes above the groundwater level extending to a maximum depth of 3 m should be used to build up the subgrade level for areas to be paved, they should be compacted in thin lifts to a cut back at 1H:1V or flatter. The flatter slope is required for excavation below groundwater level. The minimum density of 95% of their respective SPMDD. subsurface soil is considered to be mainly a Type 2 and 3 soil according to the Occupational Health and Safety Act and Regulations for Construction Projects. Slopes in excess of 3 m in height should be periodically inspected by the geotechnical consultant in order to detect if the slopes are exhibiting signs of 4.8 Non-specified existing fill and site-excavated soils are not suitable for use as backfill against foundation walls unless a composite drainage blanket connected to a perimeter drainage system is provided. 4.9. Based on the bedrock encountered in the area, it is expected that line-drilling in conjunction with 1.17. The Contractor must pace deliveries and removals in order to minimize and control stockpiles. hoe-ramming or controlled blasting may be required to remove the bedrock. In areas of weathered bedrock and where only a small quantity of bedrock is to be removed, bedrock removal may be possible 1.18. Excavated soil must not be stockpiled directly at the top of excavations and heavy equipment kept away by hoe-ramming. from the excavation sides. 4.10. Rock excavation must conform to OPSS 403.MUNI / City of Ottawa Special Provision F-4031 and to all 1.19. Cleanliness on the site: laws, codes, ordinances and regulations adopted by federal, provincial and municipal government The Contractor must clean roadways at his own cost as directed by the Owner's representative; councils and government agencies, applying to the work to be carried out. All site roads and walkways to and from the construction zone must be kept clean at all times, from mud, dirt, granular material. debris. etc.: 4.11. Prior to considering blasting operations, the effects on the existing services, buildings and other

GENERAL NOTES

structures must be addressed. A pre-blast or construction survey located in proximity of the blasting

The extent of the survey must be determined by the blasting consultant and sufficient to respond to any

As a general guideline, peak particle velocity (measured at the structures) must not exceed 25 mm/s

The blasting operations should be planned and conducted under the supervision of a licensed

during the blasting program to reduce the risks of damage to the existing structures.

operations must be conducted prior to commencing construction.

professional engineer who is an experienced blasting consultant.

inquiries/claims related to the blasting operations.

The Contractor must leave the work area clean at the end of each day;

of the Contract must be removed from the site;

provincial and municipal authorities having jurisdiction.

Materials and equipment must be laid out in an organized and safe manner;

- All material, equipment and temporary structures which are no longer necessary for the execution

If required the Contractor must use screens, bulkheads, or any other recognized means in order to

reduce noise, dust, interference, obstruction, etc., in conformity with the requirements of the

6	4.12.	<ol> <li>Excavation side slopes in sound bedrock may be completed with almost vertical side walls. As required, obtain confirmation from a geotechnical engineer for safety.</li> </ol>	
	4.13.	B. Construction operations could cause vibrations, and possibly, sources of nuisance to the community. Therefore, means to reduce the vibration levels as much as possible must be incorporated in the construction operations to maintain a cooperative environment with the residents.	
Э		The following construction equipments could cause vibrations: piling equipment, hoe ram, compactor, dozer, crane, truck traffic, etc. Vibrations, caused by blasting or construction operations could cause detrimental vibrations on the adjoining buildings and structures. Therefore, it is recommended that all vibrations detrimented by the limited	
ſ		vibrations be limited. Two parameters determine the recommended vibration limit, the maximum peak particle velocity and the frequency. For low frequency vibrations, the maximum allowable peak particle velocity is less than that for high frequency vibrations. As a guideline, the peak particle velocity should be less than 15 mm/s	
s t		between frequencies of 4 to 12 Hz, and 50 mm/s above a frequency of 40 Hz (interpolate between 12 and 40 Hz). These guidelines are for current construction standards. Considering there are several sensitive buildings in close proximity to the subject site, consideration to	
t		lowering these guidelines is recommended. These guidelines are above perceptible human level and, in some cases, could be very disturbing to some people. A pre-construction survey is therefore required to minimize the risks of claims during or following the construction of the proposed building.	
e a	5. PA	PAVEMENT STRUCTURES, CURBS, AND SIDEWALKS	
	o. <u>17</u>		
	5.1.	Construction of granular foundation must conform to OPSS.MUNI 314 / City of Ottawa Special Provisions.	
ſ	5.2.	Granular materials used on site must conform to the requirements of OPSS.MUNI 1010.	
Э	5.3.	Light duty and heavy duty asphalt pavements to be constructed as per Cross Sections on plan C007.	
ıl	5.4.	Road cut reinstatement as per City of Ottawa Detail R10 with surface course key.	
	5.5.	Where the proposed pavement structure abuts the existing pavement, the pavement structure should match the existing pavement layers.	
9	5.6.	Construction of asphalt must conform to OPSS.MUNI 310 and OPSS.MUNI 313.	
3	5.6.	6.1. Paving must not be carried out if the roadbed is frozen or wet.	
f	5.6.	5.2. The granular grade must be free of standing water at the time of hot mix asphalt placement. The surface of a pavement upon which hot mix asphalt is to be placed must be dry at the time of hot mix asphalt placement. Following the final compaction of a hot mix asphalt course, a 4 hour minimum time laps must be respected before placing a new new hot mix asphalt course. Additionally, the temperature of the previous course must be 50 °C or less.	
	5.6.	5.3. As per OPSS.310.07.06.02, the asphalt base coarse must not be placed unless the air temperature at the surface of the road is a minimum of 2°C and rising.	
9	5.6.	6.4. As per OPSS.310.07.06.02, the asphalt surface coarse must not be placed unless the air temperature at the surface of the road is a minimum of 7°C.	
1 S	5.7.	Asphalt concrete material must conform to OPSS.MUNI 1150 for Hot Mix Asphalt and OPSS.MUNI 1151 for Superpave and Stone Mastic Asphalt Mixtures. Minimum Performance Graded (PG) 58-34 asphalt cement must be used for this project.	
า า	5.8.		
-	5.9.		
3		OPSS.904.MUNI.	
	5.9.	9.1. When ambient air temperature is 5°C or less, forms for concrete work must be left in place for the duration of the curing period.	
-	5.9.	9.2. When the ambient air temperature is below 0°C at the time of placing, components must be cured with moisture vapour barrier.	
Э	5.9.	9.3. Contractor must conform to OPSS.MUNI 904.07.11 for Control of Temperature when subjected to cold weather.	

1. <u>MUNICIPAL SERVICES - GENERAL</u>

- 1.1. Unless otherwise indicated, all materials and construction methods to be in accordance with the requirements of the latest edition of the Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications and Drawings (OPSS and OPSD), the Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), applicable Conservation Authorities, the municipal standard specifications and drawings, and all other governing authorities as they apply.
- 1.2. Wherever standards, laws and/or regulations are mentioned they refer to their current versions, modifications included.
- 1.3. The boreholes and test pits shown on the plan are for information purposes only. Their location on the plan is approximate. The Contractor must refer to the boreholes and test pit records to obtain information about observed stratigraphy on site.
- 1.4. The location of existing underground municipal services and public utilities as shown on the plans are approximate. The Contractor must determine the exact location, size, material and elevation of all existing utilities (on-site and off-site) prior to any excavation work. Damage to any existing services and/or existing utilities during construction, whether or not shown on the drawings must be repaired by the Contractor at his own expense.
- 1.5. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining all permits required to complete all works and bear cost of same, including water permit and associated costs.
- 1.6. The Contractor is responsible for the coordination of his activities with others on-site.
- 1.7. Terminate and plug all service connections at 1.0 meter from edge of the building.
- 1.8. The Contractor must complete compaction as per OPSS.MUNI 501 and note the following requirements for service trenching:

MATERIALS CO	OMPACTION
Pipe bedding	95% Standard Proctor Maximum Dry Density
Trench backfill and pipe cover	er 95% Standard Proctor Maximum Dry Density

- 1.9. The Contractor is responsible for making or arranging all connections to the existing sewers as per municipal requirements. Prior to connection, the Contractor must provide, to the Engineer and the City for approval, all test results performed on the internal services. Test results must include C.C.T.V. inspection of sewers, infiltration/exfiltration tests for sewers and manholes, deformation tests of sewers, watermain hydrostatic leakage test, flushing and disinfecting operations, and bacteriological water analysis.
- 1.10. Advise the City Public Works at least 72 hours in advance before any connection to the City services. Coordinate with City as required.
- 1.11. The Contractor must determine the exact invert (geodetic elevation), diameter and construction material of the existing conduits at the proposed connections. He must also carry out, if necessary, exploratory excavations in order to determine the exact location and inverts of existing duct banks. This information must immediately be provided to the Engineer prior to start undertaking any municipal services work and a 48 hour period must be allocated to the Engineer for design review.
- 1.12. The Contractor is responsible for all excavation, backfill and reinstatement of all areas disturbed during construction to existing conditions or better and all associated works to the satisfaction of the Engineer and municipal authorities.
  - Asphalt reinstatement must be in accordance with OPSS.MUNI 310.
- Landscape areas to be reinstated with 150 mm of topsoil and sod in accordance with OPSS.MUNI 802 and OPSS.MUNI 803.
- 1.13. It is recommended that a trench box be used at all times to protect personnel working in trenches with steep or vertical sides. Services are expected to be installed by "cut and cover" methods and excavations should not remain open for extended periods of time.
- 1.14. The pipe bedding for sewer and water pipes must consist of at least 150 mm of OPSS Granular A material The material must be placed in maximum 300 mm thick lifts and compacted to a minimum of 95% of its SPMDD. The bedding material should extend at least to the spring line of the pipe.
- 1.15. The cover material, which must consist of OPSS Granular A, will extend from the spring line of the pipe to at least 300 mm above the obvert of the pipe. The material must be placed in maximum 300 mm thick loose lifts and compacted to a minimum of 95% of its SPMDD.
- 1.16, Where hard surface areas are considered above the trench backfill, the trench backfill material within the frost zone (about 1.8 m below finished grade) must match the soils exposed at the trench walls to minimize differential frost heaving. The trench backfill must be placed in maximum 300 mm thick loose lifts and compacted to a minimum of 95% of the material's SPMDD..
- 1.17. Dewatering of pipeline, utility and associated structure in rock excavations to be completed as per OPSS.MUNI 403.

1.18. Trenching, backfilling and compacting must conform to OPSS.MUNI 401.

2. WATERMAIN

- 2.1. Watermain, water service connections and associated appurtenances must be constructed in accordance with the Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically watermains must conform to OPSS.MUNI 441.
- 2.2. Watermain must be constructed as per OPSS.MUNI 441 and specifically OPSD 802.010 for earth excavations and 802.013 for rock excavation. Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granular 'A' compacted to 95% Standard Proctor Maximum Dry Density.
- 2.3. Watermain pipe materials must be class 150 PVC DR 18 or approved equivalent, unless otherwise shown on the Drawings. Materials must conform to OPSS 441.
- 2.4. All watermain must be installed with a minimum of 2.40 meters cover from finished grade. Where a minimum of 2.40 meters cover is not reached, thermal insulation is required as per City of Ottawa Details W22 and W23.
- 2.5. Watermain service connections must be installed a minimum of 2.40 meters from any catchbasin, manhole or object that may contribute to freezing. Thermal insulation must be installed as per City of Ottawa Details W22 and W23 where 2.40 meters of separation cannot be achieved.
- 2.6. Cathodic protection (if required) must be installed as per City of Ottawa Details W40 and W42.
- 2.7. Thrust block and restraints must be as per City of Ottawa Details W25.3, W25.4, W25.5 and W25.6.
- 2.8. Valves to be installed as per OPSS 441 and conform to the following:
  - All valves must open in a counter clockwise direction;
  - Designed for cold water working pressure of 1035 kPa;Types must be one of the following:
  - Valves less than 75 mm to be brass or bronze gate valves;
  - Valves greater than or equal to 75 mm, and less than or equal to 300 mm, to be cast or ductile iron gate valves;
  - Valves greater than 300 mm up to and including 500 mm to be gate or butterfly valves;
    Valves greater than 500 mm to be butterfly valves.
- 2.9. A continuous 12 gauge copper tracer wire must be installed over all watermains. Tracer wire must be tied to all fire hydrants.
- 2.10. Valve box assembly to be as per City of Ottawa Detail W24.
- 2.11. When a watermain pipe crosses a sewer pipe, installation must be as per City of Ottawa Detail W25.2.
- 2.12. Watermains must be thoroughly flushed and cleaned to remove all dirt and debris prior to the disinfection process.
- 2.13. All watermains must be hydrostatically and bacteriologically tested as per provincial and municipal regulations. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that all requirements are followed.
- 2.14. The Contractor must make arrangements with and give a minimum of 24 hours' notice to the City for the closing off of necessary valves in the water distribution system. The City will operate valves at the time of tie-ins, etc. at no expense to the Contractor under normal conditions; however the Contractor will be responsible for all costs associated with emergency shutdowns if they occur outside of the normal working hours of the City forces (Monday to Friday, 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.)

<ul> <li>Contract Administrator.</li> <li>Contractor must obtain a permit from the City before using an existing the hydrant located with the City Statement.</li> <li>Line Contractor must coordinate and say the cost of connection, inspection and counted on the model of permitting and the modunical engineer.</li> <li>Contractor must coordinate the supply and installation of water motor and remote water motor for the bidding water the modunical dengineer.</li> <li>Storm severs, laterias and atom service connections must be constructed in accordance with in Decay Statement and accordance with the moduli statement and service service. Specification is subject accord in the decay statement is a specification in the City of Datawal Standard Statement and accordance with in Decay Statement and accordance with the Decay Decay Statement and accordance with the Decay Deca</li></ul>	2.15.	Hydrostatic testing to be completed as per OPSS 441.07.24. Testing must be completed under the supervision of the Contract Administrator. The test section will be either a section between valves or the
<ol> <li>The Contractor must obtain a permit from the Chy below using an existing the hydraet located with the Chyle testings.</li> <li>The Contractor must coordinate and pay the cost of connection, impaction and clinitecton in muscles proportion.</li> <li>Contractor must coordinate the suppy and installation of water meter and remote water meter for II building with the mechanical anglines.</li> <li>Enclined Structs</li> <li>Storm severs, lateries and atom service contractions must be constructed in secondaria with in the installation of vater meter and remote water meter for II building with enclines. Clinitian enclinitian and clinitian Clinitian enclinitian and clinitian Clinitian enclinitian and clinitian Clinitian enclinitian and clinitian clinitian.</li> <li>PVC shorm sever, naterial to contom to CNRS MUM 1841. PVC storm severs to be installed at provide the sever material or sever material to contomic on the Store 10 for not. Acceleration Store material or sever material to contomic on the Store 10 for not. Store 10 for not. Research and store material or sever material for some secondaria to the sever sever material or sever material for some sever material or sever material or sever material for some sever material or sever material or sever material or Store 10 for some sever 10 for some for store 10 for some sever 10 for some for some 10 for some sever 10 for some for some 10 for some severe 10 for some for some for the severe 10 for some for</li></ol>	2.16.	Flushing and Disinfecting to be completed as per OPSS 441.07.25 under the supervision of the
<ul> <li>The Contractor must coordinate and gay the cost of connection, inspection and devided of multicipal personnel.</li> <li>Contractor must coordinate the supply and testalization of valer meter and remote water meter for the building and the moderance displaced.</li> <li>Storma server, Network and atom nervice connections must be constructed in secondario with a Grant Control Standard Storema Standard Storema Standard Storematics (Minute Control Control Control Standard Storema Standard Storematics (Minute Control Contro</li></ul>	2.17.	Contract Administrator. The Contractor must obtain a permit from the City before using an existing fire hydrant located within
<ul> <li>municipal personnel.</li> <li>Contractor must coordinate the supply and initialition of water meler and renote water meler for 11 building with the mechanical supplication.</li> <li>Storm server, laterials and atom serves competitors must, 66 contractor in account with the personnel and compared competitors must, 66 contractor in account and competitors.</li> <li>PVC atom server, laterials and atom serves competitors must, 66 contractor in account and competitors.</li> <li>PVC atom server material to conform to OPSS.MUN1 1611. PVC atom servers must contorm OPSS MUN1 400.</li> <li>PVC atom server material to conform to OPSS.MUN1 1611. PVC atom servers to be installed at proOPSD 02.01 for each secondaria and 62.010 for rick secondaria. Bedding and cover material to 10 OPSS formation.</li> <li>PVC atom server material to conform to OPSS.MUN1 400. Proceed must contain the OPSS MUN1 400.</li> <li>PVC atom server to be C.T.V. Impocted by the Centractor as per OPSS MUN1 400. Proceed must conformation of OPSS MUN1 400. Proceed must contain the OPSS MUN1 400. Proceed must be proved to the base must be analyzed must be provided to the impact in the OPSS 400.01 or 00 Centractor as per OPSS MUN1 400. Proceed must be provided to the impact in the OPSS 400.01 or 00 Centractor as per OPSS MUN1 400. Proceed must be accounted as an or 00 Section and the activation is the OPSS 400.01 or 00 Centractor as per OPSS MUN1 400. Proceed must be accounted as an or 00 Section and the optication and total sections and total sections and the optication and total sections and the optication and total sections and total seconted sections and total sections and total sections and total</li></ul>	2.18.	
Luiding with the mechanical engined:		municipal personnel.
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<ul> <li>OPES 082.010 for carlle receivation and 802.013 for nock excavation. Bedding and cover material to 10 OPES Granular X.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using facible pipe is as follows: <ul> <li>Popes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Grant the 750 mm: 6.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> </ul> </li> <li>Final baddill material for storm severs must be approved native material or select subgrade material conformance with OPSS MUNI 212.</li> <li>Slorm sever pipes must be type PVC SDR-35, unless noted otherwise on the drawings.</li> <li>All storm severs to be C.C.T.V. inspection Div the Contractor as per OPSS MUNI 400. Report must 1 provided to be Engineer in two (2) oppies and the C.J.V. inspection Div Diomat only provides on the Engineer in two (2) oppies and the C.J.V. inspection Div Diomat only provides on the Engineer in two (2) oppies and the C.J.V. inspection Div Diomat only provides to be completed as per OPSS 408 / Chy of Ottawa Special Provisions F-4080 and F-4081.</li> <li>Eczewating, baddilling and compacting for matricles, matribuleratchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlets and valve chambole, matribuleratchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlets and valve chambole, the POE 040.023 when exceeding 5.0 m to be baddilled with OPSS Granul 16 to ompacted to 99% Standard Proceedia.</li> <li>Storm mathole, namole/catchbasin and catchbasins exceeding 5.0 m to be baddilled with OPSS Granul 16 to ompacted to 99% Standard Proceedia.</li> <li>Storm matholes frame and cover to be as per OPSD 101.010 and must be equipped wis asticly platform as per OPSD 402.020 when exceeding 5.0 m to be towed lived.</li> <li>Storm matholes frame and cover to be as per CNS 102.010 Thyse hit be days from 11 to the oddill invert is granter frame 000 mm and isse than 1200 mm. A drop structure way is be used as per OPSD 400.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> <li>Storm matholes frame and cover to be as per CNS 402.010 Thyse hit be days for from instead 2.4 m figures</li></ul>	3.1.	Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry o Environment and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically storm sewers must conform to
<ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm<sup>2</sup> 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm<sup>2</sup> 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Final backfill material for stoms were must be approved native material or select subgrade material conformance with OPSS MUNI 212.</li> <li>Stom sever pipes must be type PVC SDR 35, unless noted otherwise on the drawings.</li> <li>Al atom asseers to be C.C.T.V. inspection by the Contractor as per OPSS MUNI 400. Report must to provide to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. impection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Stom metholes, matholetatiothasins, catchbasins, ditch inlest and valve chambers to be installed <i>i</i> per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Stom matholes, matholetostabiasin and catchbasin excavations in 400 and the completed as per OPSS 400.</li> <li>Excavating, backfilling, and compacting for matholes, matholetatobasins, catchbasins, ditch line and valve chambers to be completed as per OPSS 402.</li> <li>Stom mathole, matholetatobasins and catchbasin excavations to be backfilled with OPSS Granul 15 compacted to BMS. Staff of Dip Davidy (SPADD), Davids (SPADD), Davids between sectors must be wrapped in a non-voven spotentia.</li> <li>Stom matholes and rankholetabasins to be as per OPSD 101.010 and must be equipped wis aldry platform as per OPSD 404 202 when exceeding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Stom mathole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 100.010 when the dop from at hink lives to the odop tirverti grader than 600 mm and loss than 1200 mm. A drop slocuture ways is be used as per OPSD 100.200 when the dop from 4 insel work to be obting the odop tirverti grader than 600 mm and loss than 1200 mm. A drop slocuture ways is be used as per OPSD 100.320 when the dop for 401 insel as per CIV of Otawa Detail S11. Connection to find mine seer (PE to any Otawa Detail S11.</li> <li>When a minimum cover of 1.5 meters is not reached, final protection is required.</li> <li>Fore insultation of storm se</li></ul>	8.2.	PVC storm sewer material to conform to OPSS.MUNI 1841. PVC storm sewers to be installed as pe OPSD 802.010 for earth excavation and 802.013 for rock excavation. Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granular 'A'.
<ul> <li>conformance with OPSS.MUNI 212.</li> <li>Storm sever pipes must be type PVC SDR-35, unless noted otherwise on the drawings.</li> <li>Al storm sever pipes must be type PVC SDR-35, unless noted otherwise on the drawings.</li> <li>Al storm sever pipes must be type PVC SDR-35, unless noted otherwise on the drawings.</li> <li>Storm manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, dtch intels and valve chambers to be installed <i>i</i> per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Storm manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, dtch intels and valve chambers to be completed as per OPSS 402.</li> <li>Excevating, backfilling, and compacting for manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, dtch intels and valve chambers to be completed as per OPSS 402.</li> <li>Storm manhole, manhole/catchbasin and catchbasin excavations to be backfilled with OPSS Granul '9' compacted to 99% S404.</li> <li>Storm manhole, manhole/catchbasins to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped will safety platform as per OPSA 402. When exceeding 5 to the tho event invert.</li> <li>Storm manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type 'A' closed cover.</li> <li>A maintenance hole drop structure tee is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as PC OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as PC OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure tee is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as PC OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as PC OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as PC OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as PC OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as PC OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure wey is be used as PC OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure</li></ul>	3.3.	- Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe
<ul> <li>All storm services to be C.T.V. inspected by the Contractor as per OPS5 MUIN 400. Report must be provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Storm manholes, manholes/and mathole/atchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlets and valve chambers to be installed a per OPS5 408 / Cty of Otawa Special Provisions F-4080 and F-4081.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of manholes, manhole/atchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlets and valve chambers to be completed as per OPS5 408 / Cty of Otawa Special Provisions F-4080 and F-4081.</li> <li>Erzevaling, backfilling, and compacting for manholes, manhole/atchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlets and valve chambers to be completed as per OPS5 402.</li> <li>Storm manhole, manhole/catchbasin and cattrabasin excavations to be backfilled with OPSS Granul to compact of the SS Stordard Protor Mashmum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections must be wapped in a non-wover getelide.</li> <li>Storm manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type 'A' closed cover.</li> <li>Storm manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type 'A' closed cover.</li> <li>A maintenance hole drop structure to is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop form 1 intel invert to the outlin wire it greater than 600 mm and less than '2100 mm. A drop structure wey is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> <li>Storm service connections to rigid main sever pipe to be as PC Dy of Ottawa Detail S11. Connection to figid main sever pipe to be a sper CBy of Ottawa Detail S11.</li> <li>When a minimum cover of 1.5 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.</li> <li>For insilation of storm sever, refer to orly to arthwas Stardard's Specifications / Ministy of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specificatily samitary severes must be avalue of 1.5m instead 2.4m to figure out thickness of board insulation.</li> <li>Sanitary severes jateratis and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Orsta</li></ul>	.4.	Final backfill material for storm sewers must be approved native material or select subgrade material in conformance with OPSS.MUNI 212.
<ul> <li>provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. Inspection in DVD format only.<sup>21</sup></li> <li>Storm manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch linets and valve chambers to be installed <i>i</i> per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch linets and valve chambers to be completed as per OPSS 408 / City of Ottawa Special Provisions F-4080 and F-4081.</li> <li>Eczavaling, backfilling, and compacting for manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch linets and valve chambers to be completed as per OPSS 402.</li> <li>Storm manhole, manhole/catchbasin and catchbasin excavations to be backfilled with OPSS Granul. "B compacted to 90% Standard Proton Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections mu be wraped in a non-worve per petcetile.</li> <li>Storm manhole frame and over to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type 'A' doeed cover.</li> <li>A maintenance hole drop structure to is to be used as per CPSD 1003.010 when the drop form th intell worth to be culter liver if grader than 600 mm and less than 120 mm. A drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 1013.020 mm. A drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 1013.020 mm. A drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 101 base as per CPy of D102 mm. A drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 101 base as per CPy of D102 mm. A drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 101 base as per CPy of D102 mm. A drop structure ways is be used as per CPy of D102 mm. A drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 101 base as per CPy of D102 mm. A drop structure ways is be used as per CPy of D102 mm and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>C For insulation of storm sever, refer to achitectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>For building roof drain stress and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>Sanitary severs juterais and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provindial Standard Specifications / CV of Ottawa Standard Specifications / CV of Ottawa Standar</li></ul>	5.5	
<ol> <li>Storm manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlets and valve chambers to be installed a per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlets and valve chambers to be completed as per OPSS 408 / City of Otawa Special Provisions F-4080 and F-4081.</li> <li>Excerving, backfilling, and compacting for manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlet and valve chambers to be completed as per OPSS 402.</li> <li>Storm manhole, manhole/catchbasin and catchbasin exceeding 50 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Storm manhole manhole/catchbasins to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped value safety platform as per OPSD 404.020 when exceeding 50 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Storm manhole manhole/catchbasins to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped value safety platform as per OPSD 404.020 when exceeding 50 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Storm manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped valued invert be include lower is greater into 800 mm and lass than 1200 mm. A drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 700.310 ultuwen the drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 700.310 ultuwen the drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 700.310 ultuwen the drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 700.310 ultuwen the drop structure ways is be used as per OPSD 700 mm.</li> <li>Storm service connectors to fugit main sever pipo to be as per City of Otawa Detail S11. Connection to form structure to fully of the same structure and the structure.</li> <li>For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>Santard Specifications / City of Otawa Stardards Specifications / Ministry of Errorman and Gamet Compe Regulare and 1000 Region 1000 Region</li></ol>	6.6.	All storm sewers to be C.C.T.V. inspected by the Contractor as per OPSS.MUNI 409. Report must be provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.
<ul> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, dich inlets and value chambers to be completed as per OPSS 408 / City of Otlawa Special Provisions F-4080 and F-4081.</li> <li>Excervating, backfilling, and compacting for markoles, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlet and valve chambers to be completed as per OPSS 402.</li> <li>Storm manholes, manhole/catchbasin and catchbasin excervations to be backfilled with OPSS Granul Terror and the set of the se</li></ul>	8.7.	Storm manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlets and valve chambers to be installed a
<ol> <li>Excavaling. backfilling, and compacting for markhole, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inle and valve chambers to be completed as per OPSS 402.</li> <li>Storm manhole, manhole/catchbasin and catchbasin excavations to be backfilled with OPSS Granul "If compacting to 59%. Standard Proton Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joins between sections multiple wayped in a non-wove getexitie.</li> <li>Storm manhole and manhole/catchbasins to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped will safety platform as per OPSD 404.020 when exceeding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Storm manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type "A" closed cover.</li> <li>Storm manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure way is be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure way is be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop structure way is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> <li>Storm service connections to rigid main sever pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11. Connection to flexible main sever pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11.</li> <li>When a minimum cover of 1.5 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.</li> <li>For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>For building roof drain sizes and iocation refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>Somitary severe, pipe material is hope PVC SDR 35, conforming to DPSS MUNI 1811. PVC samitar service connectications / City of Ottawa Standard Specifications / Minstry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically santary severes must conform to OPSS MUNI 1410.</li> <li>PVC sanitary severe pipe material to hope PVC SDR 35, conforming to DPSS MUNI 1811. PVC sanitar services to be installed as aper OPSD 302.010 for mat. excavation and 802.013 for mak excavation and 802.013 for mak excavation set and accordance with the OPSS MUNI 202.</li> <li>PVC sanitary servere</li></ol>	8.8.	Adjustment or rebuilding of manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlets and valve
<ol> <li>Storm marhole, manhole/catchbasin and catchbasin excavations to be backfilled with OPSS Granul be wrapped in a non-woven geotextile.</li> <li>Storm manholes and manhole/catchbasins to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped will safety platform as per OPSD 40.020 when exceeding 50 m to the lowest linvert.</li> <li>Storm manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type 'A' dosed cover.</li> <li>A maintenance hole drop structure tee is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop from th intel invert to the outlet invert is greater than 600 mm and less than 1200 mm. A drop structure way is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> <li>Storm marhole rame and cover to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11. Connection to flexible main sever pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11.1.</li> <li>When a minimum cover of 1.5 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.</li> <li>For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>For insistation of storm sever, refer to city of Ottawa detail W22 and use a value of 1.5m instead 2.4m to figure out thickness of board insulation</li> <li>SANITARY SEWER</li> <li>Sanitary sewers, laterals and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environm and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically sanitary severs must contorn to OPSS.MUNI 410.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sewer pipe material to bye PVC SDR-36, conforming to OPSS.MUNI 141. PVC sanita severs to be installed as per OPSB 002.010 for earth excavation and 802.013 for rock excavato Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granuar 'A'.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows:         <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base insid</li></ul></li></ol>	s.9.	Excavating, backfilling, and compacting for manholes, manhole/catchbasins, catchbasins, ditch inlet
<ul> <li>Storm manholes and manhole/catchbasins to be as per OPSD 701/010 and must be equipped wisselely platform as per OPSD 404.020 when exceeding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Storm manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type 'A' closed cover.</li> <li>A maintenance hole drop structure tee is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop from the intel invert to the outlet invert is greater than 600 mm and less than 1200 mm. A drop structure way is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> <li>Atom service connections to rigid main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11.</li> <li>When a minimum cover of 1.5 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.</li> <li>For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>Sontrary Sewers, laterals and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specificatily sanitary severs must conform to OPSS.MUNI 140.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sever pipe material to type PVC SDR-35, conforming to OPSS.MUNI 141, PVC sanita severs to be installed as per OPSB 002.010 for earth excavation and 802.013 for rock excavatio Bedding and cover matterial to bo PRS 5 dranuter X.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows:         <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> </ul> </li> <li>Final backfill material for sanitary sewers must be approved native material or select subgrade materin in conformance with OPSS MUNI 212.</li> <li>Al sanitary sewers to be C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be installed as per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Adjustment orebuilding of</li></ul>	8.10.	Storm manhole, manhole/catchbasin and catchbasin excavations to be backfilled with OPSS Granula 'B' compacted to 99% Standard Proctor Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections mus
<ol> <li>Storm manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type 'A' closed cover.</li> <li>A maintenance hole drop structure tee is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop from the intel intert to the outel inveil is greater than 600 mm and less than 1200 mm. A drop structure we is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> <li>Storm service connections to rigit main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11. Connection to flexible main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11.</li> <li>When a minimum cover of 1.5 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.</li> <li>For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>For insulation of storm sewer, refer to city of Ottawa detail W22 and use a value of 1.5m instead 2.4m to figure out thickness of board insulation</li> <li>SANITARY SEWER</li> <li>Sanitary sewers, laterals and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provincial Standard Specifications / Otly of Ottawa Standard's Specifications / Ministry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically sanitary severs must conform to OPSS.MUNI 410.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sever pipe material to type PVC SDR-36, conforming to OPSS.MUNI 410.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sever pipe material to be DPSS Granular 'A'.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows:         <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li< td=""><td>5.11.</td><td>Storm manholes and manhole/catchbasins to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped wit</td></li<></ul></li></ol>	5.11.	Storm manholes and manhole/catchbasins to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped wit
<ul> <li>intel invert to the outlet river is greater than 600 mm and less than 1200 mm. A drop structure we is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> <li>14. Storm service connections to rigid main sever pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11. Connection to fexible main sever pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11.1.</li> <li>15. When a minimum cover of 1.5 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.</li> <li>16. For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>17. For insulation of storm sewer, refer to city of Ottawa detail W22 and use a value of 1.5m instead 2.4m to figure out thickness of board insulation</li> <li>SANITARY SEWER</li> <li>1. Sanitary sewers, laterals and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provincial Standard Specifications / Vity of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically sanitary sewers must conform to OPSS.MUNI 410.</li> <li>2. PVC sanitary sewer pipe material to type PVC SDR-35, conforming to OPSS.MUNI 1841. PVC sanita severs to be installed as per OPSD Bo2101 for earth excavation and 802.013 for rock excavatio Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granular X.</li> <li>3. The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows:         <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Sanitary sewers to be C. C. T.V. inspected by the Contractor as per OPSS MUNI 409. Report must be provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be installed as per OPSD 807.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of sanitary manholes to be completed as per OPSS MUNI 409. Report must be provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be baskfilled with</li></ul></li></ul>	.12.	
<ul> <li>to flexible main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11.1.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>When a minimum cover of 1.5 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.</li> <li>For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>For insulation of storm sewer, refer to city of Ottawa detail W22 and use a value of 1.5m instead 2.4m to figure out thickness of board insulation</li> <li>SANTARY SEWER</li> <li>Sanitary sewers, laterals and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically sanitary sewers must conform to OPSS.MUNI 410.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sewer pipe material to type PVC SDR-35, conforming to OPSS.MUNI 1411. PVC sanita sewers to be installed as per OPSD 802.010 for earth escavation and 802.013 for rock escavatio Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granular 'A'.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows: <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> </ul> </li> <li>Final backfill material for sanitary severs must be approved native material or select subgrade materi in conformance with OPSS.MUNI 202 copies and the C.C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be installed as per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of sanitary manholes to be completed as per OPSS.MUNI 409. Report must the provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be backfilled with OPSS Granular 'B' compacted to 99% Standard Proct Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections must be equipped with safety platform as p OPSD 404.020 when exceeding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped with saf</li></ul>	.13.	A maintenance hole drop structure tee is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop from th inlet invert to the outlet invert is greater than 600 mm and less than 1200 mm. A drop structure wye is t be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.
<ol> <li>For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.</li> <li>For insulation of storm sewer, refer to city of Ottawa detail W22 and use a value of 1.5m instead 2.4m to figure out thickness of board insulation</li> <li>SANITARY SEWER</li> <li>Sanitary sewers, laterals and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically sanitary sewers must conform to OPSS.MUNI 141.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sewer pipe material to type PVC SDR-35, conforming to OPSS.MUNI 1841. PVC sanita severs to be installed as per OPSD 802.010 for earth excavation and 802.013 for rock excavatio Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granular 'A'.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows:         <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> </ul> </li> <li>Final backfill material for sanitary severs must be approved native material or select subgrade materi in conformance with OPSS.MUNI 212.</li> <li>All sanitary severs to be C.C.T.V. inspected by the Contractor as per OPSS MUNI 409. Report must the provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be installed as per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of sanitary manholes to be completed as per OPSS.MUNI 40.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be backfilled with OPSS Granular 'B' compacted to 99% Standard Procti Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections must be wrapped in a non-woven geotextile</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped with safety platform as proPSD 404.020 when exceeding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Sanitary</li></ol>	.14.	Storm service connections to rigid main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11. Connection to flexible main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11.1.
<ol> <li>For insulation of storm sewer, refer to city of Ottawa detail W22 and use a value of 1.5m instead 2.4m to figure out thickness of board insulation</li> <li>SANITARY SEWER</li> <li>Sanitary sewers, laterals and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically sanitary sewers must conform to OPSS.MUNI 410.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sewer pipe material to type PVC SDR-35, conforming to OPSS MUNI 1841. PVC sanita sewers to be installed as per OPSS 0802.01 for earth excavation and 802.013 for rock excavatio Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granular 'A'.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows:         <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm be 2.0.1.1. inspected by the Contractor as per OPSS.MUNI 409. Report must the provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. Inspection in DVD format only.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be installed as per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of sanitary manholes to be completed as per OPSS.MUNI 40.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be backfilled with OPSS Granular 'B' compacted to 99% Standard Proot Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections must be wrapped in a non-woven geotextli</li></ol>	.15.	When a minimum cover of 1.5 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.
<ul> <li>2.4m to figure out thickness of board insulation</li> <li>SANITARY SEWER</li> <li>Sanitary sewers, laterals and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specificatily sanitary sewers must conform to OPSS.MUNI 1410.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sewer pipe material to type PVC SDR-35, conforming to OPSS.MUNI 1841. PVC sanita sewers to be installed as per OPSD 802.010 for earth excavation and 802.013 for rock excavatio Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granular 'A'.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows: <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> </ul> </li> <li>Final backfill material for sanitary sewers must be approved native material or select subgrade materin conformance with OPSS.MUNI 22.</li> <li>All sanitary sewers to be C.C.T.V. inspected by the Contractor as per OPSS.MUNI 409. Report must the provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> </ul> <li>Sanitary manholes to be installed as per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of sanitary manholes to be completed as per OPSS.MUNI 40 <ul> <li>Sanitary manholes to be backfilled with OPSS Granular 'B' compacted to 99% Standard Proct Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections must be wrapped in a non-woven geotextile</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped with safety platform as pr OPSD 404.020 when the acceding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Sanitary manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type 'A' closed cover.</li> <li>A maintenance hole drop structure tee is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop from the invert on the ou</li>	.16.	For building roof drain sizes and location refer to architectural and mechanical drawings.
<ol> <li>Sanitary sewers, laterals and service connections must be constructed in accordance with the Ontar Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically sanitary sewers must conform to OPSS.MUNI 140.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sewer pipe material to type PVC SDR-35, conforming to OPSS.MUNI 1841. PVC sanita sewers to be installed as per OPSD 802.010 for earth excavation and 802.013 for rock excavatio Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granular 'A'.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows:         <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> </ul> </li> <li>Final backfill material for sanitary severs must be approved native material or select subgrade materi in conformance with OPSS.MUNI 212.</li> <li>All sanitary severs to be C.C.T.V. inspected by the Contractor as per OPSS.MUNI 409. Report must to provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be installed as per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of sanitary manholes to be completed as per OPSS.MUNI 40.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be backfilled with OPSS Granular 'B' compacted to 99% Standard Proct Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections must be wrapped in a non-woven geotextile</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped with safety platform as p OPSD 404.020 when exceeding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Sanitary manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop from th intel invert to the outlet invert is greater than 600 mm and less than 1200 mm. A drop structure wye is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 w</li></ol>	.17.	For insulation of storm sewer, refer to city of Ottawa detail W22 and use a value of 1.5m instead of 2.4m to figure out thickness of board insulation
<ul> <li>Provincial Standard Specifications / City of Ottawa Standards Specifications / Ministry of Environme and Climate Change Requirements. Specifically sanitary sewers must conform to OPSS.MUNI 410.</li> <li>PVC sanitary sewer pipe material to type PVC SDR-35, conforming to OPSS.MUNI 1841. PVC sanita sewers to be installed as per OPSD 802.010 for earth excavation and 802.013 for rock excavatio Bedding and cover material to be OPSS Granular 'A'.</li> <li>The allowable deflected pipe diameter when using flexible pipe is as follows: <ul> <li>Pipes 100 to 750 mm: 7.5% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> <li>Greater than 750 mm: 5.0% of the base inside diameter of the pipe</li> </ul> </li> <li>Final backfill material for sanitary sewers must be approved native material or select subgrade materi in conformance with OPSS.MUNI 212.</li> <li>All sanitary sewers to be C.C.T.V. inspected by the Contractor as per OPSS.MUNI 409. Report must the provided to the Engineer in two (2) copies and the C.C.T.V. inspection in DVD format only.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be installed as per OPSS 407.</li> <li>Adjustment or rebuilding of sanitary manholes to be completed as per OPSS.MUNI 40.</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be backfilled with OPSS Granular 'B' compacted to 99% Standard Proct Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections must be wrapped in a non-woven geotextile</li> <li>Sanitary manholes to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped with safety platform as pr OPSD 404.020 when exceeding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>Sanitary manhole forme and cover to be as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop from th intel invert to the outlet invert is greater than 600 mm and less than 1200 mm. A drop structure wye is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> </ul>	<u>SA</u>	NITARY SEWER
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<ul> <li>.9. Sanitary manholes to be backfilled with OPSS Granular 'B' compacted to 99% Standard Procti Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections must be wrapped in a non-woven geotextile</li> <li>.10. Sanitary manholes to be as per OPSD 701.010 and must be equipped with safety platform as pr OPSD 404.020 when exceeding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>.11. Sanitary manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type "A" closed cover.</li> <li>.12. A maintenance hole drop structure tee is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop from the inlet invert to the outlet invert is greater than 600 mm and less than 1200 mm. A drop structure wye is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> <li>.13. Sanitary service connections to rigid main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S1 Connections to flexible main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S11.1.</li> <li>.14. When a minimum cover of 1.8 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.</li> </ul>	.7.	Adjustment or rebuilding of sanitary manholes to be completed as per OPSS 408.
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<ul> <li>OPSD 404.020 when exceeding 5.0 m to the lowest invert.</li> <li>.11. Sanitary manhole frame and cover to be as per OPSD 401.010 Type "A" closed cover.</li> <li>.12. A maintenance hole drop structure tee is to be used as per OPSD 1003.010 when the drop from the inlet invert to the outlet invert is greater than 600 mm and less than 1200 mm. A drop structure wye is be used as per OPSD 1003.020 when the drop exceeds 1200 mm.</li> <li>.13. Sanitary service connections to rigid main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S1 Connections to flexible main sewer pipe to be as per City of Ottawa Detail S1.1.</li> <li>.14. When a minimum cover of 1.8 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.</li> </ul>	.9.	Sanitary manholes to be backfilled with OPSS Granular 'B' compacted to 99% Standard Procto Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). Joints between sections must be wrapped in a non-woven geotextile.
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4.15. Benching is required inside the concrete bottom of sanitary manholes as per OPSD 701.021.	1.14.	When a minimum cover of 1.8 meters is not reached, frost protection is required.
	15.	Benching is required inside the concrete bottom of sanitary manholes as per OPSD 701.021.

1	APR. 18, 2022	ISSUED FOR SITE PLAN APPLICATION	A.C.
No.	Date	Description	Ву
TAMPS:	PROFESSION 22-04-15 J. A. SAUN 10020010 230 UNICE OF	ONTRAID	MOIREER
	DESIGNED B	Y APPROVED BY	
NGINEER:			



# DREAM THEIA ONTARIO BLOCK 204A LP

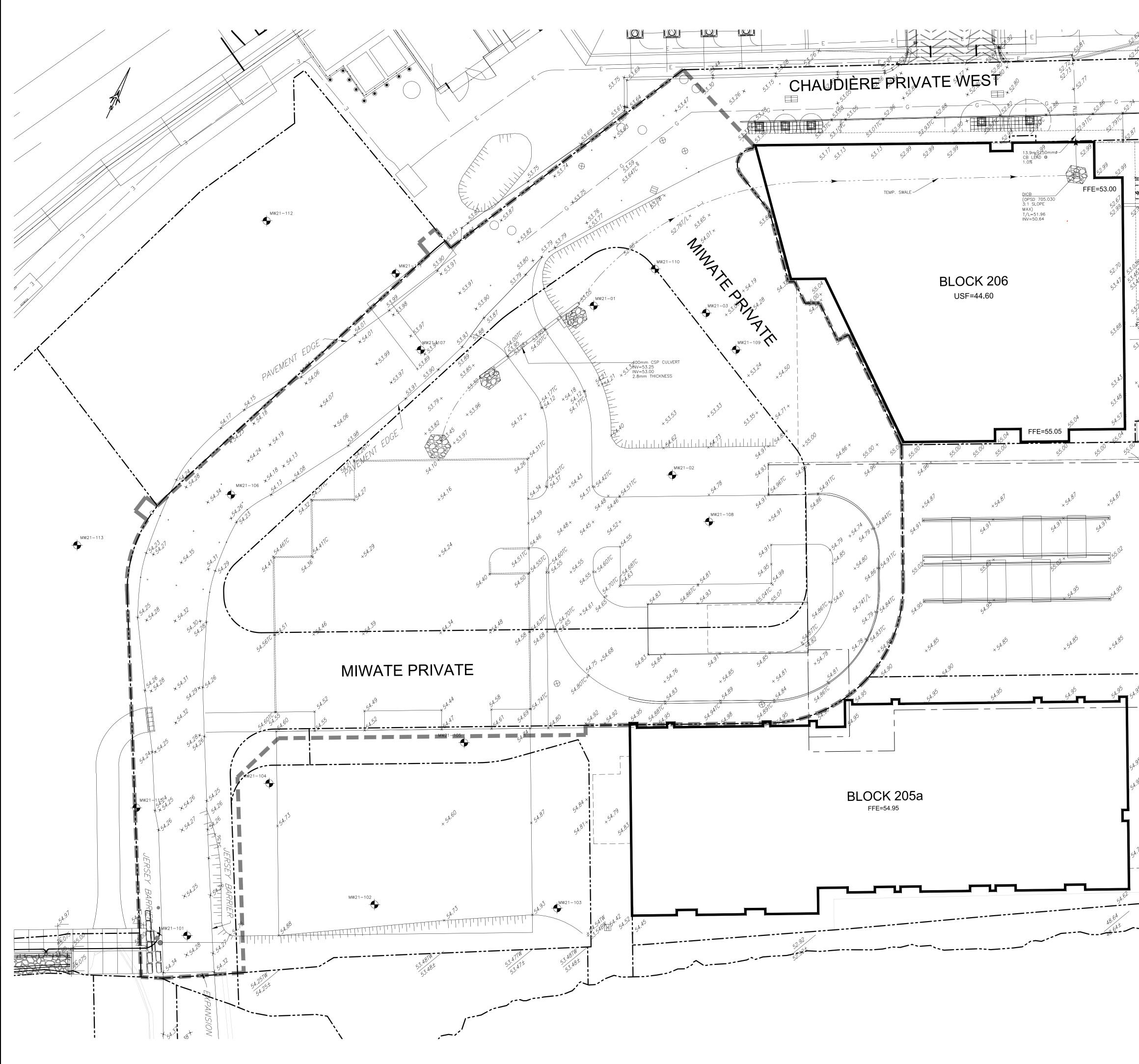
ZIBI ONTARIO BLOCK 204 315 PRIVE MIWATE PRIVATE, CHAUDIERE ISLAND OTTAWA, ONTARIO

HEET TITLE:

# NOTES PLAN

	ΊL
drafter: S.C.POGGIOLI	SCALE:
designer: J.SAUVÉ	date: 2022/03/14
approver: A.CHAUMONT	approver: A.CHAUMONT
ргојест №: A000931	
sнеет №: 2 of 11	C002





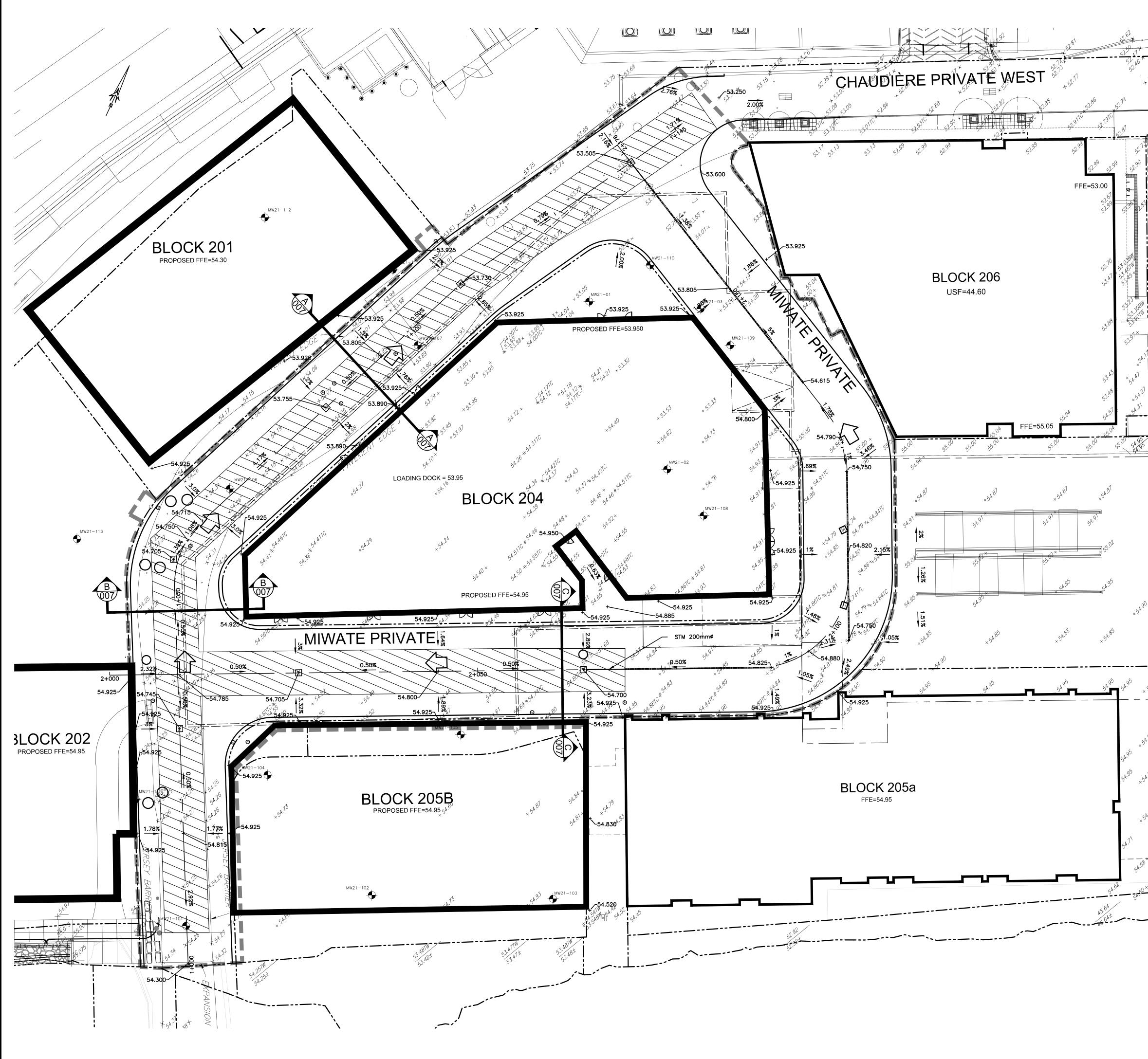
#### SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

- 1.1. Unless otherwise indicated, all materials and construction methods to be in accordance with the requirements of the latest edition of the Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications and Drawings (OPSS and OPSD), the Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), applicable Conservation authorities, the municipal standard specifications and drawings, and all other governing authorities as they apply.
- 1.2. Wherever standards, laws and/or regulations are mentioned they refer to their current versions, modifications included.
- 1.3. Specifically, sediment and erosion control measures to be constructed as per OPSS.MUNI 805.
- 1.4. The Contractor must implement best management practices and provide adequate sediment and erosion control measures during construction:
- Prevent soil erosion which can result from stormwater runoff or wind erosion during construction;
  Prevent sediment deposits in the storm sewer and/or collecting streams and;
  Prevent air pollution from dust and particulate matter.
- 1.5. Provisions must be made for sediment and erosion control measures prior to stripping the site of vegetation and other deleterious materials. Measures such as phase stripping, vegetation buffer zones, silt fences, straw bales, sediment traps/basins, rock checks, etc. must be constructed and maintained in order to control sediment, as required by the provincial and municipal governing authorities.
- 1.6. The Contractor must set up the measures shown on the plan, inspect them frequently and clean and repair or replace the deteriorated structures.
- 1.7. When the sediment and erosion control measures have to be removed in order to complete a portion of the work, these same measures must be reinstated.
- 1.8. When storing soil on site in piles the Contractor must cover each pile with tarps, straw or a geotextile fabric to avoid fine particle transport by wind and/or streaming rain water.
- 1.9. During the construction period, sediment capture silt sacks or filter cloths must be installed and maintained between the frame and cover of all catchbasins and catchbasin/manholes to minimize sediments entering the storm sewer system. All landscaping areas must be completed prior to the removal of the silt sacks or filter cloths.
- 1.10. The light duty silt fence barrier must be installed as per OPSD 219.110.
- 1.11. At all times the Contractor must maintain the municipal access roads clean and free of sediments. When cleaning the access roads, the Contractor must take the necessary precautions to clear the surfaces covered with sediment prior to cleaning with water.
- 1.12. For dust control, Contractor to apply calcium chloride (Type I OPSS 2501 and CAN/CGSB-15-1) and water with equipment approved by the Owner's representative at rate in accordance to OPSS.MUNI 506 when directed by Owner's representative.
- 1.13. At the end of the construction period, the Contractor is responsible for removal of the temporary sediment and erosion control measures and reconditioning the affected areas.
- 1.14. This plan is a "Living Document" which may be revised in the event that the control measures are not sufficient.

		IEIA ONTARIO K 204A LP
	BLC 315 PRIVE M CHAUDII	ONTARIO OCK 204 IWATE PRIVATE, ERE ISLAND A, ONTARIO
HE GEODETIC COORDINATES OF EVERY ITEM INCLUDED AS PART OF HIS DOCUMENT ARE IN NAD83 - ORIGINAL / MTM - REFERENCE SYSTEM ND HAVE NO LEGAL VALUE. THE SITE LAYOUT MUST BE COMPLETED SING THE OFFICIAL BENCHMARKS OF AN ACCREDITED LAND URVEYOR IN THE NAD83 - ORIGINAL / MTM - REFERENCE SYSTEM. HE UNDERGROUND FEATURES AND INFORMATION THAT APPEAR ON HE DRAWINGS WERE OBTAINED FROM THE PUBLIC UTILITY OMPANIES AND/OR FROM THE CITY EACH RESPECTIVELY.	-	& EROSION ROL PLAN
LL INFORMATION UNDER THE LEGEND 'EXISTING' IS FOR INFORMATION NLY. COMPLETE OR EXACT LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF NDERGROUND SERVICES ARE NOT GUARANTEED.		IVIL
ERTAIN UNDERGROUND FEATURES ON PRIVATE PROPERTY ARE NOT HOWN ON THE CURRENT DRAWING.	drafter: S.C.POGGIOLI	scale: 1:250
NYONE WHO PROCEEDS WITH EXCAVATION WORK SHALL VERIFY THE XACT LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND FEATURES, BY XPLORATORY EXCAVATIONS, AND SHALL ASSUME FULL	designer: J.SAUVÉ	date: 2022/03/14
ESPONSIBILITY IF THERE IS ANY DAMAGE THAT OCCURS DURING ORK.	approver: A.CHAUMONT	APPROVER: A.CHAUMONT
HE CONTRACTOR WILL HAVE THE RESPONSIBILITY AND THE BLIGATION TO VALIDATE, BY EXPLORATORY EXCAVATION, THE SIZE F THE PUBLIC UTILITIES UNDERGROUND SERVICES AND TO WARN THE NGINEER OF ANY CONFLICT WITH THE PROJECTED WORK.	PROJECT NO: A000931 Sheet No: 3 of 11	DRAWING No:

	KISTING		POSED
		SANITARY SEWER	
	– D — — —	STORM SEWER DRAIN GAS LINE (APPROX. LOC.)	
	- T	UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE (APPROX. L UNDERGROUND TAFFIC CABLE (APPROX	.OC.) LOC.)
	X _ E	FENCE UNDERGROUND ELECTRICITY (APPROX. OVERHEAD WIRES	LOC.)
		LOT LINE RIGHT-OF-WAY LIMITS	
		EASEMENT TOP OF SLOPE	
		DITCH CENTER BOTTOM OF SLOPE	
$\square$		CATCHBASIN MANHOLE/CATCHBASIN	
	$\bigcirc$	MANHOLE FIRE HYDRANT	
	$\bigotimes$	VALVE	
	<u> </u>	REDUCER TEE	
	(S)	VALVE CHAMBER PRIVATE UTILITIES (WATERMAIN)	
		NATURAL GAS VALVE SIGN STOP SIGN	
•		TRAFFIC LIGHT ELECTRICITY POLE	
	⊤● ,⊤●-•	TELEPHONE POLE ELECTTELSTREET LIGHT POLE	
Ł	,⊤●• -)–	ELECTTELTRANSFORMER POLE PRIVATE STREET LIGHT	
	O E O T - PK	ELECTICITY MANHOLE TELEPHONE MANHOLE SURVEY STATION	
	×.3°	ELEVATION	
		BOREHOLE (LOC. APPROX.)	
	Y	WORK LIMIT	
		ABBREVIATIONS	
		$\begin{array}{rccc} STM & \to & STORM \\ SAN & \to & SANITARY \\ WM & \to & WATERMAIN \end{array}$	
ĺ		$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
		$\begin{array}{rcl} MH & \to & MANHOLE \\ CB & \to & CATCHBASIN \end{array}$	
		T/L $\rightarrow$ TOP OF LIDOBV $\rightarrow$ OBVERTFFE $\rightarrow$ FINISHED FLOOR ELI	ΕVATION
		$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{FIRSTED FEOR EL} \\ \text{BLDG} & \rightarrow & \text{BUILDING} \\ \text{SERV} & \rightarrow & \text{SERVICE} \end{array}$	LVATION
	1:250 0 2.4	5 5 10 15m	
	APR. 18, 2022		
1 No. Stamps:	APR. 18, 2022 Date	ISSUED FOR SITE PLAN APPLICATION Description	A.C. By
No.	Date	Description	
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No.	Date PROFESSION 22-04-19 J.A. SAUN 10020011 Showince of	Description	By
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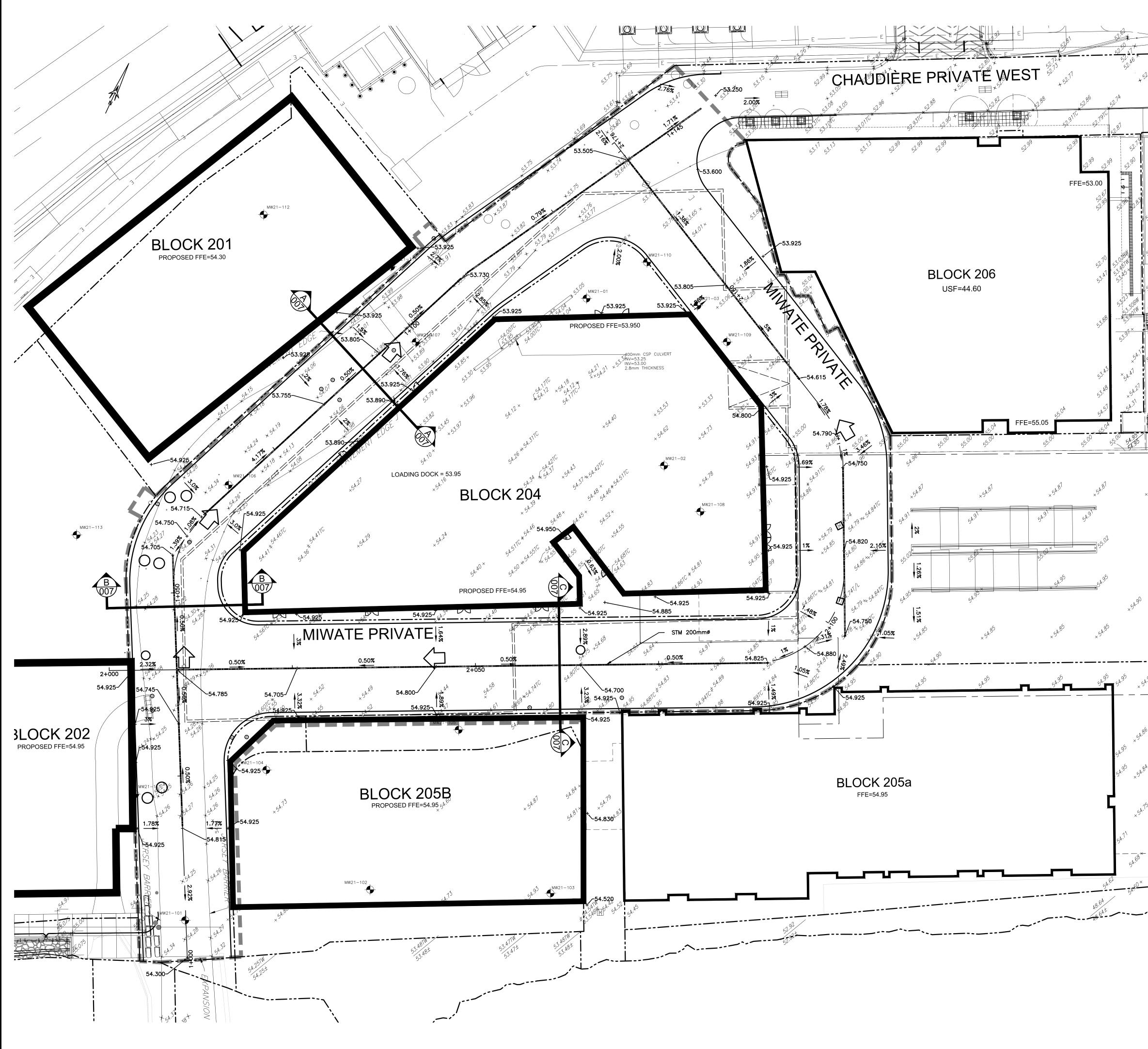




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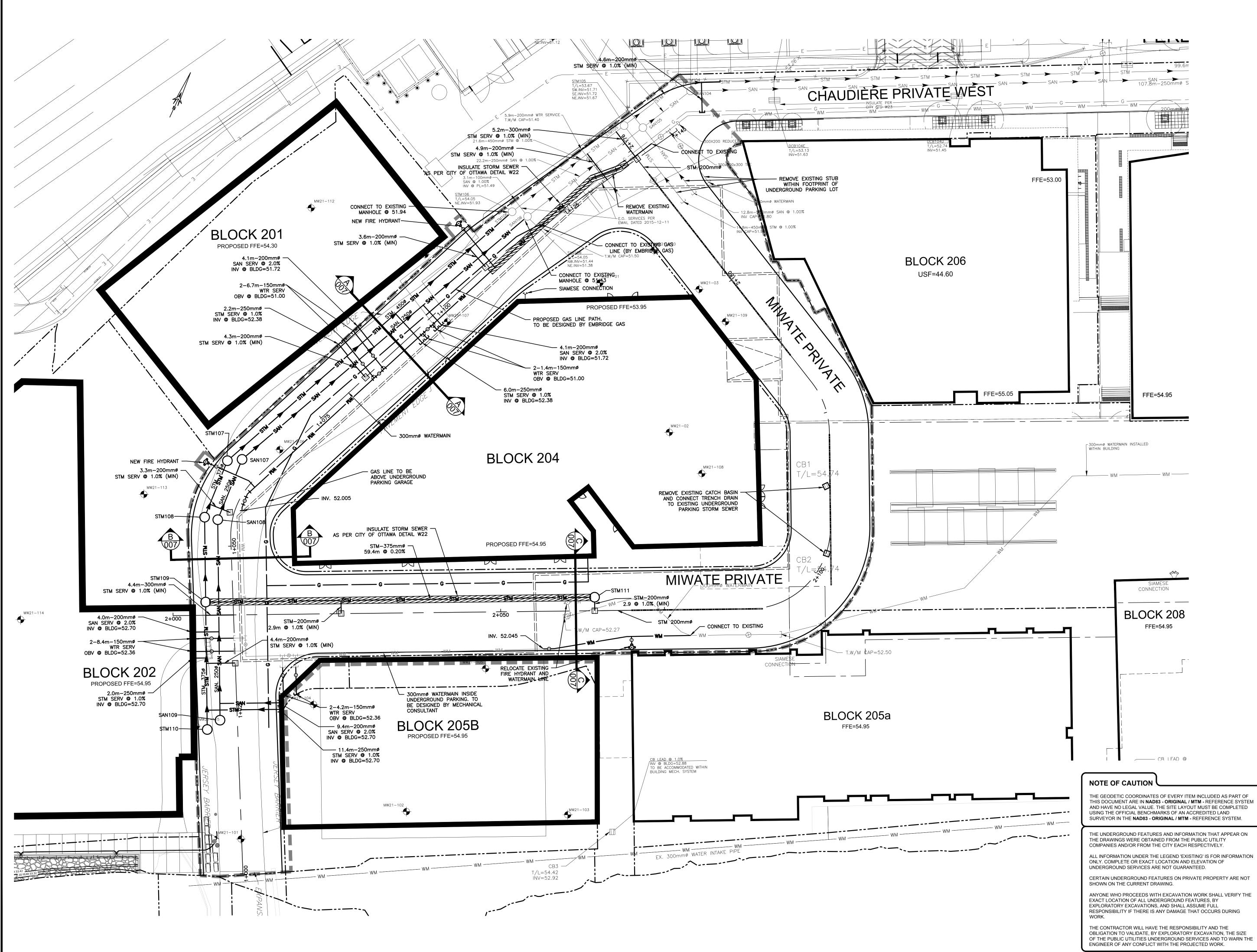
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x. <sup>86</sup>		client: DRE	EAM THEIA ONTAR BLOCK 204A LP	RIO
×	NOTE OF CAUTION	C	ZIBI ONTARIO BLOCK 204 RIVE MIWATE PRIN HAUDIERE ISLAND OTTAWA, ONTARIC	)
× 41.84	THE GEODETIC COORDINATES OF EVERY ITEM INCLUDED AS PART OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE IN <b>NAD83 - ORIGINAL / MTM -</b> REFERENCE SYSTEM AND HAVE NO LEGAL VALUE. THE SITE LAYOUT MUST BE COMPLETED USING THE OFFICIAL BENCHMARKS OF AN ACCREDITED LAND SURVEYOR IN THE <b>NAD83 - ORIGINAL / MTM -</b> REFERENCE SYSTEM. THE UNDERGROUND FEATURES AND INFORMATION THAT APPEAR ON THE DRAWINGS WERE OBTAINED FROM THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES AND/OR FROM THE CITY EACH RESPECTIVELY.	GRA	DE CONTROL A RAINAGE PLAN (INTERIM)	ND
	ALL INFORMATION UNDER THE LEGEND 'EXISTING' IS FOR INFORMATION ONLY. COMPLETE OR EXACT LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF UNDERGROUND SERVICES ARE NOT GUARANTEED.	DISCIPLINE:	CIVIL	
	CERTAIN UNDERGROUND FEATURES ON PRIVATE PROPERTY ARE NOT SHOWN ON THE CURRENT DRAWING.	drafter: S.C.POGGIOLI	scale: 1:250	
	ANYONE WHO PROCEEDS WITH EXCAVATION WORK SHALL VERIFY THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND FEATURES, BY EXPLORATORY EXCAVATIONS, AND SHALL ASSUME FULL	designer: J.SAUVÉ	DATE: 2022/03/14	
	RESPONSIBILITY IF THERE IS ANY DAMAGE THAT OCCURS DURING WORK.	APPROVER: A.CHAUMONT PROJECT No:	APPROVER: A.CHAUMONT DRAWING NO:	
	THE CONTRACTOR WILL HAVE THE RESPONSIBILITY AND THE OBLIGATION TO VALIDATE, BY EXPLORATORY EXCAVATION, THE SIZE OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES UNDERGROUND SERVICES AND TO WARN THE ENGINEER OF ANY CONFLICT WITH THE PROJECTED WORK.	A000931 SHEET No: 4 of 11		004A





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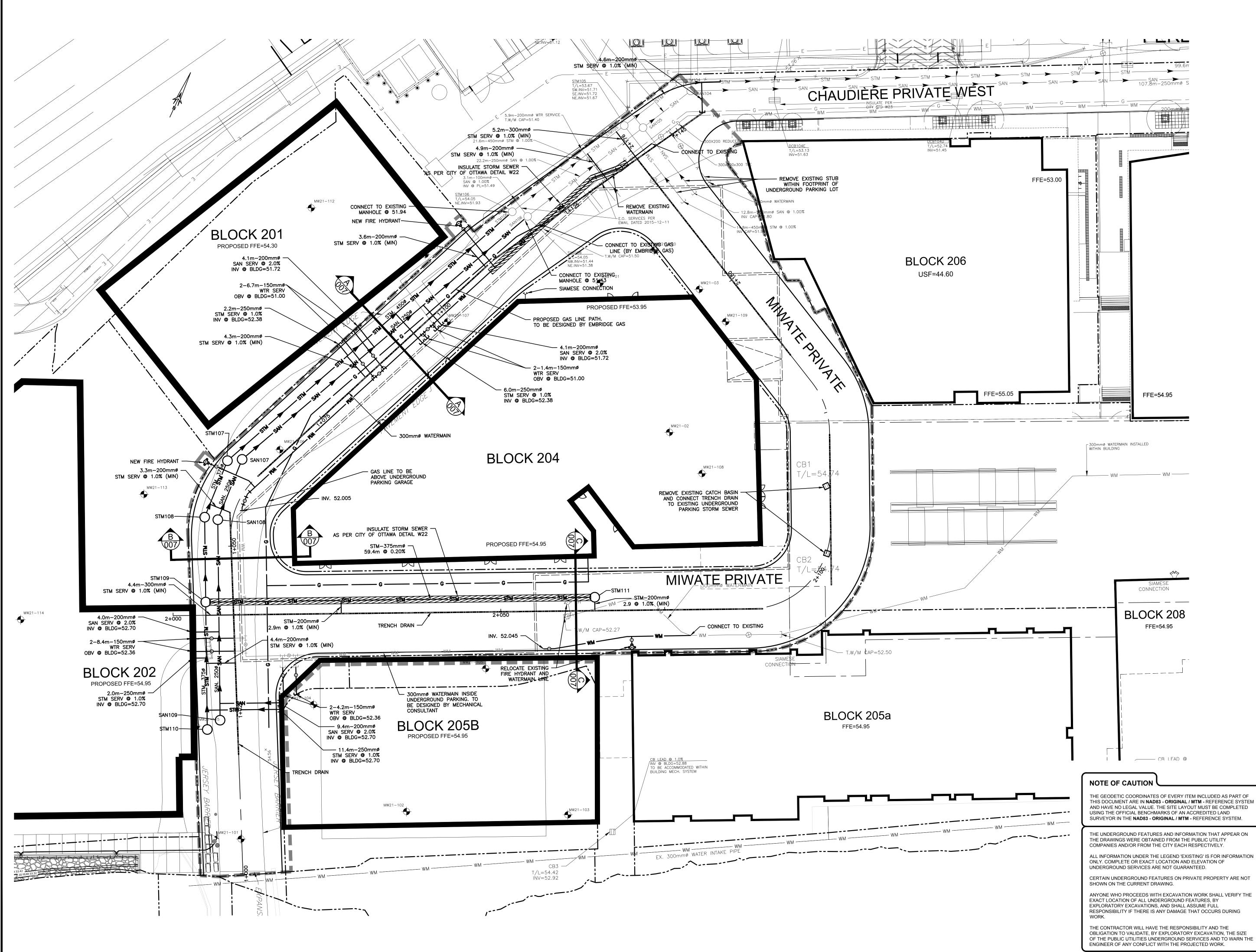


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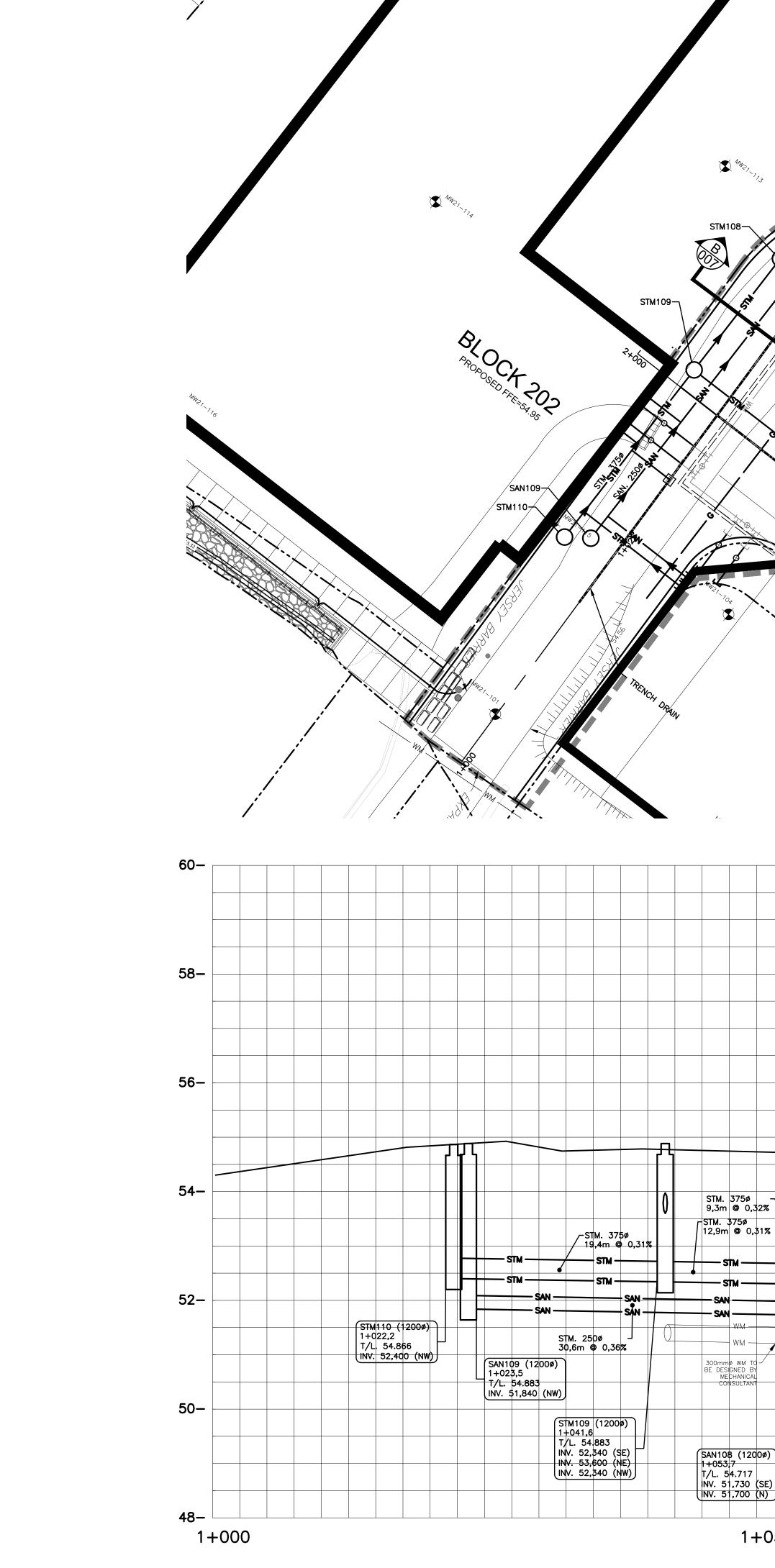


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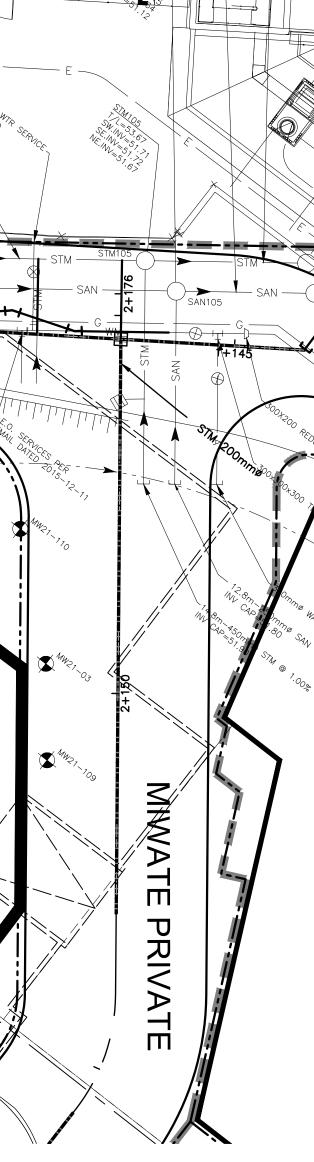
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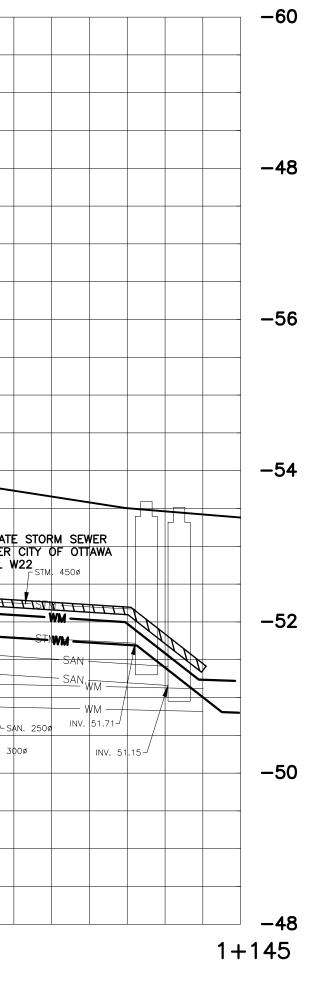
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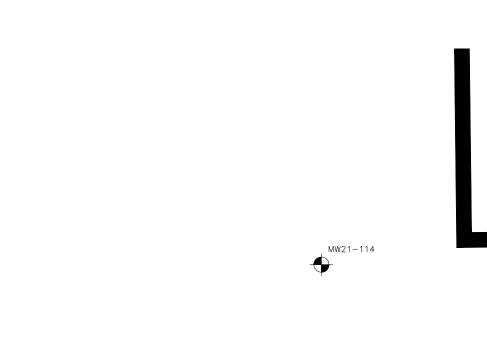
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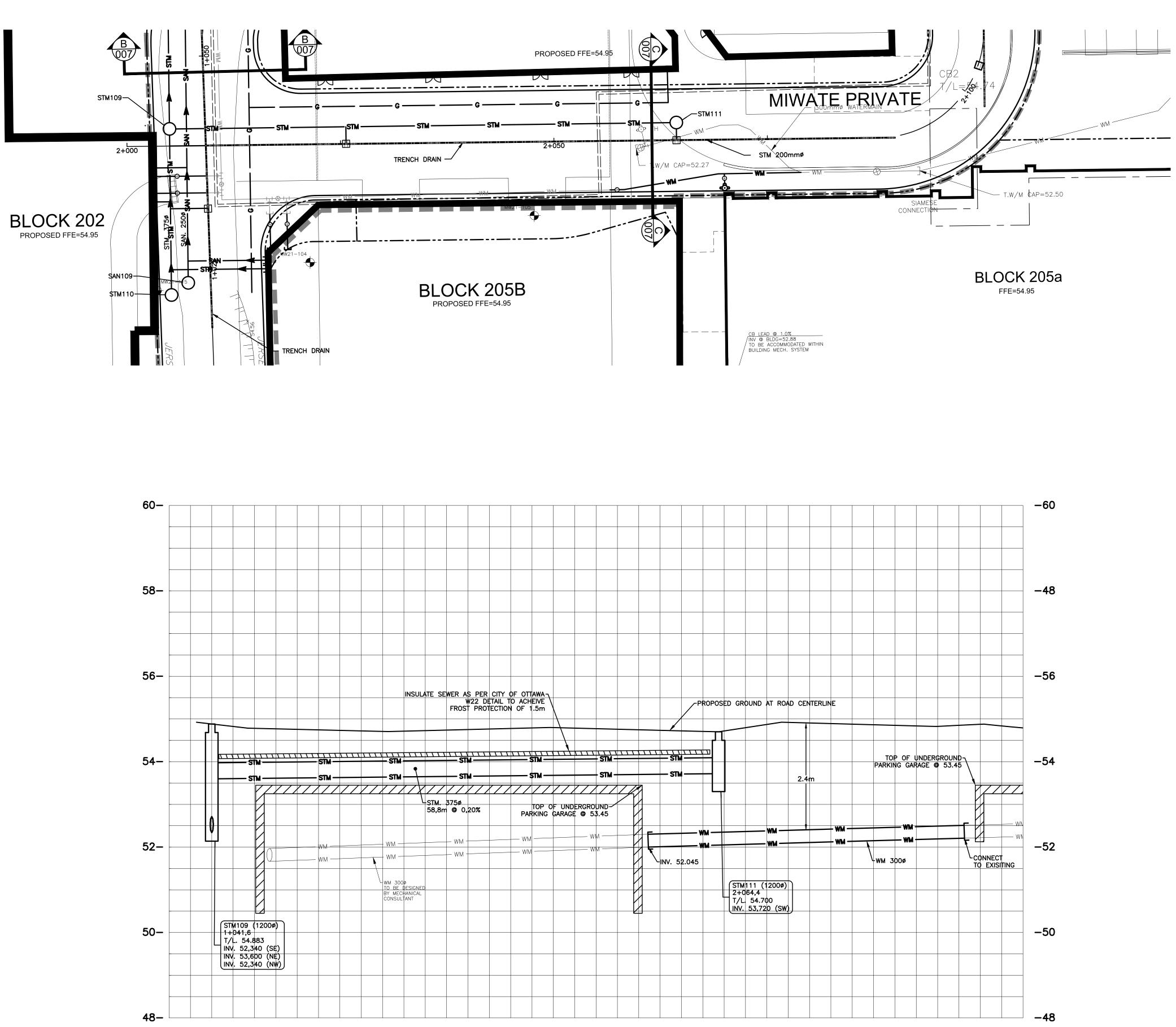


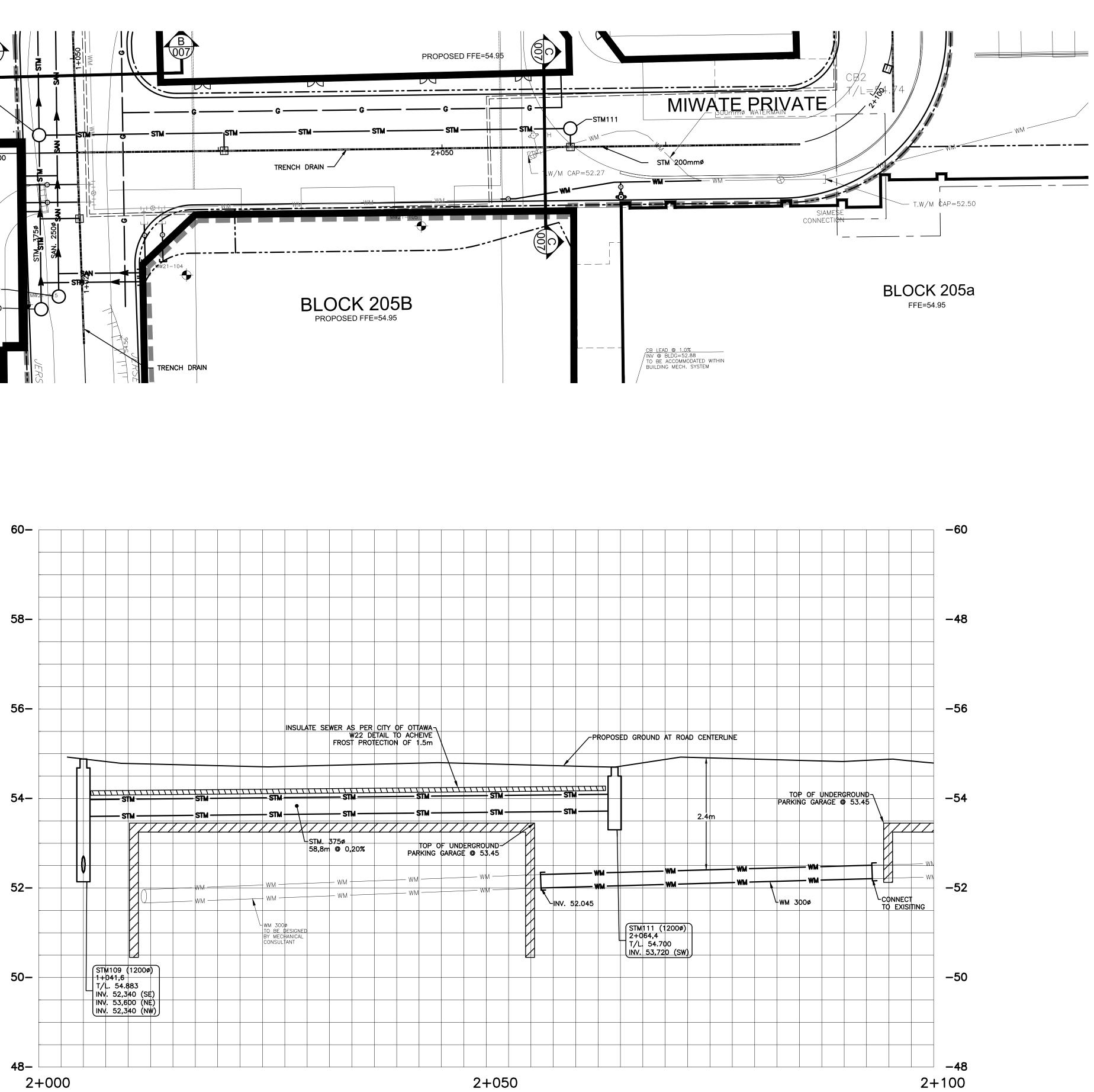


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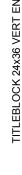


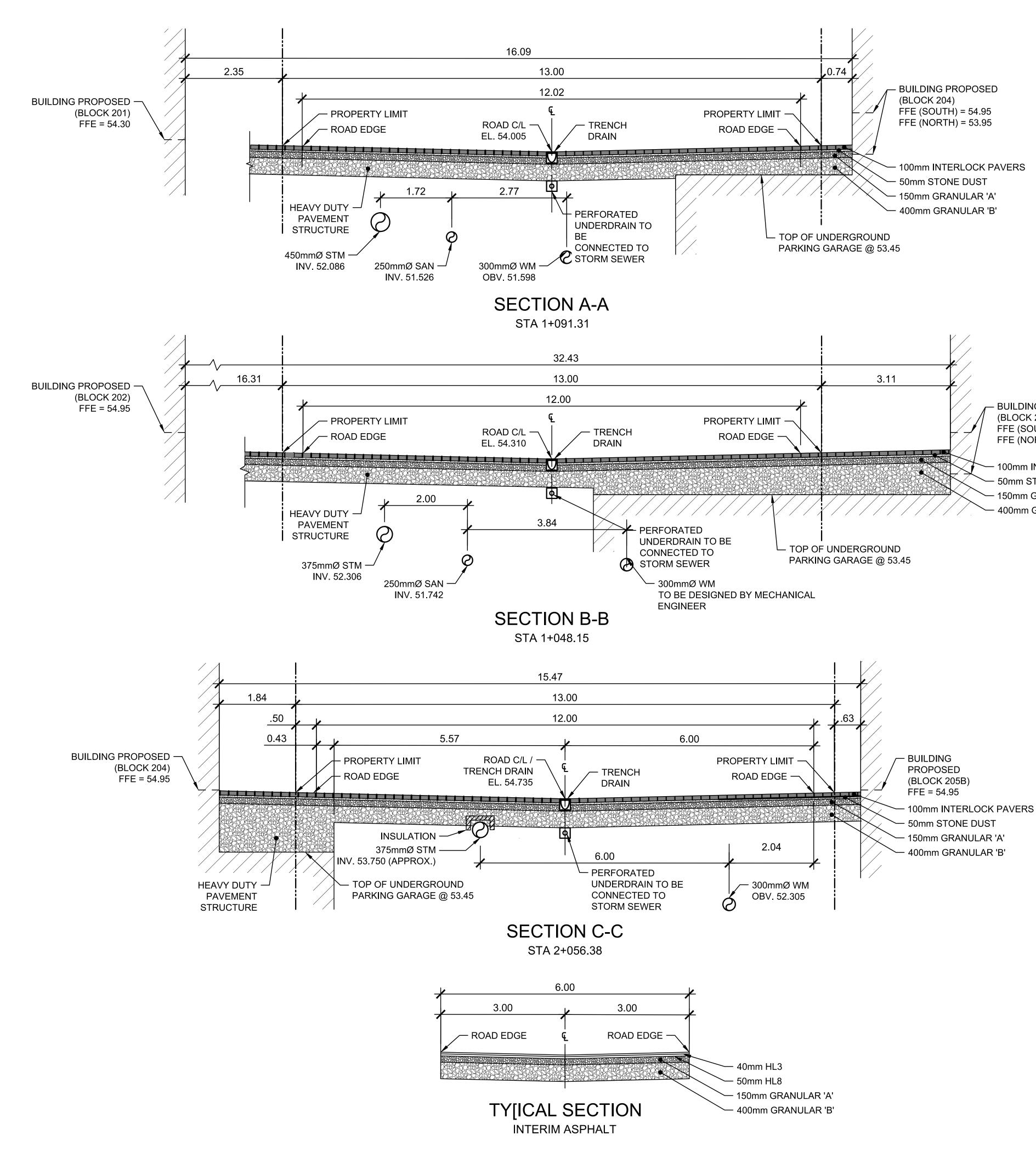


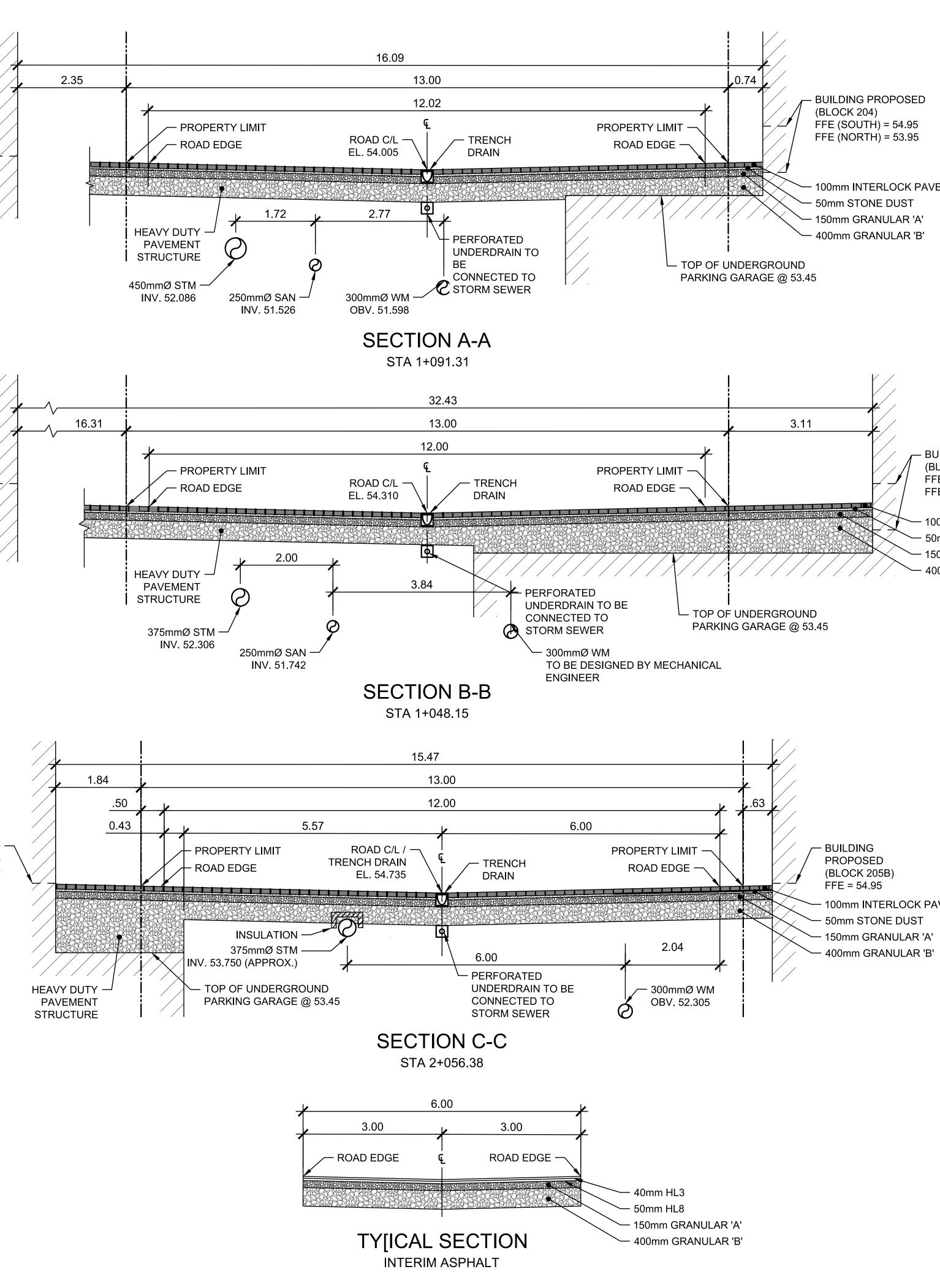




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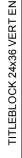


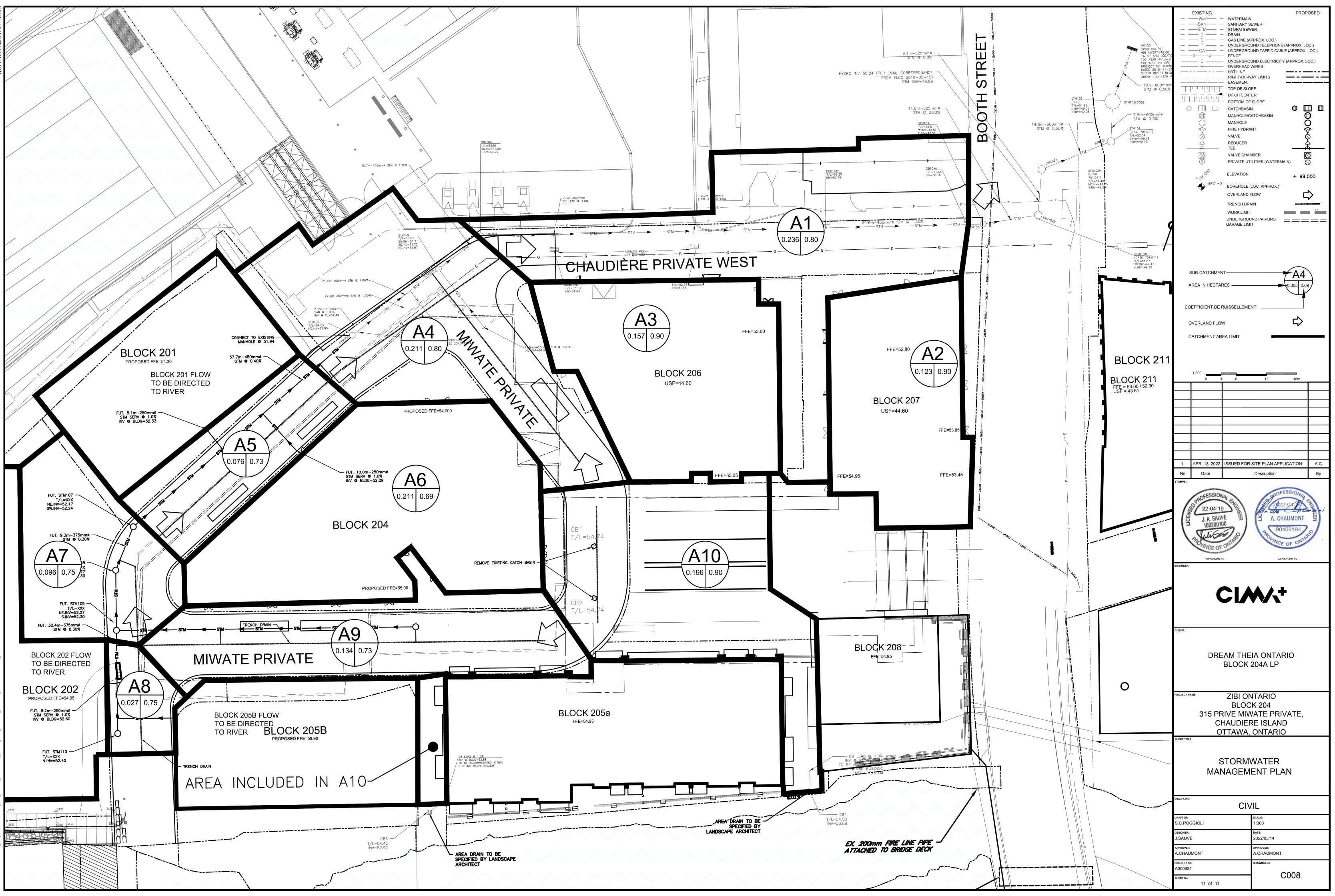


– BUILDING PROPOSED (BLOCK 204) FFE (SOUTH) = 54.95 FFE (NORTH) = 53.95

- 100mm INTERLOCK PAVERS - 50mm STONE DUST ── 150mm GRANULAR 'A' - 400mm GRANULAR 'B'

1 APR. 18, 2022 ISSUED FOR No. Date	SITE PLAN APPLICATION A.C. Description By
STAMPS:	
ENGINEER:	
CLIENT:	
DREAM THEIA ONTARIO BLOCK 204A LP	
	NTARIO
BLOC 315 PRIVE MIV CHAUDIER	NTARIO XK 204 VATE PRIVATE, RE ISLAND
BLOC 315 PRIVE MIV CHAUDIER	NTARIO XK 204 VATE PRIVATE,
BLOC 315 PRIVE MIV CHAUDIEF OTTAWA,	NTARIO XK 204 VATE PRIVATE, RE ISLAND ONTARIO
BLOC 315 PRIVE MIV CHAUDIER OTTAWA,	NTARIO CK 204 VATE PRIVATE, RE ISLAND ONTARIO SS SECTIONS
BLOC 315 PRIVE MIV CHAUDIER OTTAWA, Sheet title: TYPICAL CRO DISCIPLINE: CIN DRAFTER: S.C.POGGIOLI	NTARIO K 204 VATE PRIVATE, RE ISLAND ONTARIO SS SECTIONS /IL SCALE: 1:50
BLOC 315 PRIVE MIV CHAUDIEF OTTAWA, Sheet title: TYPICAL CRO DISCIPLINE: CIN	NTARIO K 204 VATE PRIVATE, RE ISLAND ONTARIO SS SECTIONS
BLOC 315 PRIVE MIV CHAUDIER OTTAWA, SHEET TITLE: TYPICAL CRO DISCIPLINE: CIV DRAFTER: S.C.POGGIOLI DESIGNER: J.SAUVÉ	NTARIO K 204 VATE PRIVATE, RE ISLAND ONTARIO SS SECTIONS /IL SCALE: 1:50 DATE: 2022/03/14
BLOC 315 PRIVE MIV CHAUDIER OTTAWA, SHEET TITLE: TYPICAL CRO DISCIPLINE: CIV DRAFTER: S.C.POGGIOLI DESIGNER: J.SAUVÉ APPROVER: A.CHAUMONT	NTARIO X 204 VATE PRIVATE, RE ISLAND ONTARIO SS SECTIONS /IL SCALE: 1:50 DATE: 2022/03/14 APPROVER: A.CHAUMONT





INT DATE: 2022/04/14 / PAPER SIZE: ISO expand A1 (594.00 x 841.00 MM) TH: Z:\Cima-C10\Ott\_Projects\A\A000031\_Zibi\_Block 7\_Ottawa\400\_Drafting\460\_Civi\\C-8\_S\VM.dwg / LAYOUT.