



SITE SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

FOR

WELLDALE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 1186-1194 WELLINGTON STREET WEST

CITY OF OTTAWA

PROJECT NO.: 20-1188

DECEMBER 7TH 2022 © DSEL

SITE SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FOR 1186-1194 WELLINGTON STREET WEST

WELLDALE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

David Schaeffer Engineering Limited (DSEL) has been retained by Welldale Limited Partnership to prepare a Site Servicing and Stormwater Management report in support of the application for a Site Plan Control (SPC) at 1186-1194 Wellington Street West.

The subject property is located within the City of Ottawa urban boundary, in the Kitchissippi Ward (Ward 15). As illustrated in *Figure 1*, below, the subject property is bounded Parkdale Avenue to the east, Wellington Street West to the north, and Hamilton Avenue to the west. To the south is a laneway between Parkdave Ave. and Hamilton Ave. that provides access to the existing properties as well as the church and parking lot located to the south of the subject properties. The subject property measures approximately *0.25 ha* and is designated Traditional Main Street (TM11[1815]) within 1186 Wellington Street West and Traditional Main Street (TM11) within 1188 & 1194 Wellington Street West under the current City of Ottawa zoning by-law.



Figure 1: Site Location

The proposed development involves the construction of a 16-storey residential/commercial building, consisting of **212** apartment units, **1,148m**² of ground level retail space, and **3 levels** of underground parking accessed from the expanded rear drive isle. The proposed layout is shown in the **Site Plan** prepared by Dialog included in **Drawings**.

The objective of this report is to provide sufficient detail to demonstrate that the proposed development is supported by existing municipal services and that the site design conforms to current City of Ottawa design standards.

1.1 Existing Conditions

The existing site includes two commercial/institutional buildings with an asphalt parking lot. The elevations range between 65.5m and 65.9m with a minimal grade change of approximately 0.4m from the Northeast to the Southwest corner of the property.

Sewer and watermain mapping collected from the City of Ottawa indicate that the following services exist across the property frontages within the adjacent municipal right-of-ways:

Hamilton Avenue

- 203 mm diameter PVC watermain;
- 525 mm diameter concrete storm sewer tributary to the Ottawa River, approximately 1.9 km downstream; and
- 250 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer tributary to the Cave Creek Collector trunk sewer.

Wellington Street West

- 305 mm diameter PVC watermain;
- 375 mm diameter PVC storm sewer tributary to the Ottawa River, approximately 1.9 km downstream; and
- 250 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer tributary to the Cave Creek Collector trunk sewer.

Parkdale Avenue

- > 305 mm diameter ductile iron watermain;
- 600 mm diameter concrete sanitary sewer tributary to the Cave Creek Collector trunk sewer; and
- ▶ 600 mm diameter concrete storm sewer tributary to the Ottawa River, approximately 2 km downstream.

1.2 Required Permits / Approvals

The proposed development is subject to the site plan control approval process. The City of Ottawa must approve the engineering design drawings and reports prior to the issuance of site plan control.

The proposed development does not connect to a combined sewer system and does not propose industrial uses. The development plan proposes to construct a single building across three parcels of land along with a common drive aisle supporting the subject property as well as 45 Hamilton Avenue and 416 Parkdale Avenue. Since the development is contemplated to service multiple parcels with a set of service laterals, an ECA is not anticipated to be required for the subject site.

External stormwater drainage currently enters the subject site via the rear drive aisle and therefore relies on the existing stormwater system.

1.3 Pre-consultation

Pre-Consultation was conducted with the City of Ottawa on July 29, 2020. City representatives from the transportation, public works, and planning departments were available at the meeting. An overview of the overall site servicing was presented by DSEL. Pre-consultation meeting minutes, along with the servicing guidelines checklist, is located in **Appendix A**.

Further pre-consultation was conducted with the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority via email on November 16, 2021. Associated correspondence is located in *Appendix A*.

2.0 GUIDELINES, PREVIOUS STUDIES, AND REPORTS

2.1 Existing Studies, Guidelines, and Reports

The following studies were utilized in the preparation of this report:

- Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, City of Ottawa, SDG002, October 2012. (City Standards)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-01
 City of Ottawa, February 5, 2014.
 (ISDTB-2014-01)
 - Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2016-01
 City of Ottawa, September 6, 2016.
 (PIEDTB-2016-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-01
 City of Ottawa, March 21, 2018.
 (ISTB-2018-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-03
 City of Ottawa, March 21, 2018.
 (ISTB-2018-03)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2019-01
 City of Ottawa, January, 2019. (ISTB-2019-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2019-02
 City of Ottawa, July 8, 2019.
 (ISTB-2019-02)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution City of Ottawa, July 2010. (Water Supply Guidelines)
 - Technical Bulletin ISD-2010-2
 City of Ottawa, December 15, 2010.
 (ISD-2010-2)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02
 City of Ottawa, May 27, 2014.
 (ISDTB-2014-02)

- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02
 City of Ottawa, March 21, 2018.
 (ISTB-2018-02)
- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2021-03
 City of Ottawa, August 18, 2021 (ISTB-2021-03)
- Fire Underwriters Survey, 2020. (FUS)
- Design Guidelines for Sewage Works,
 Ministry of the Environment, 2008.
 (MOE Design Guidelines)
- Stormwater Planning and Design Manual, Ministry of the Environment, March 2003. (SWMP Design Manual)
- Ontario Building Code Compendium Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing Building Development Branch, January 1, 2010 Update. (OBC)

3.0 WATER SUPPLY SERVICING

3.1 **Existing Water Supply Services**

The subject property lies within the City of Ottawa 1W pressure zone, as shown by the Pressure Zone map in *Appendix B*. A 203 mm diameter watermain exists within Hamilton Avenue, a 305 mm diameter watermain exists within Wellington Street West, and a 305 mm diameter watermain exists within Parkdale Avenue.

3.2 Water Supply Servicing Design

The subject property is proposed to have two connections to the municipal watermain; a 150 mm diameter service lateral connected to the existing 203 mm diameter watermain within Hamilton Street and a 150 mm diameter service lateral connected to the existing 305 mm watermain within Wellington Street West.

The development will be serviced by the existing fire hydrants located on Hamilton Avenue near the Wellington Street West intersection and 45 Hamilton Ave., as well as the hydrant located on Parkdale Ave. near the intersection with Wellington St. W. Refer to drawing **EX-1** for hydrant locations.

Table 1, below, summarizes the Water Supply Guidelines employed in the preparation of the preliminary water demand estimate.

Table 1 Water Supply Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value
Residential Average Apartment	1.8 P/unit
Residential Average Daily Demand	280 L/d/P
Residential Maximum Daily Demand	3 x Average Daily *
Residential Maximum Hourly	4.5 x Average Daily *
Commercial Retail	2.5 L/m ² /d
Commercial Maximum Daily Demand	1.5 x avg. day
Commercial Maximum Hour Demand	1.8 x max. day
Minimum Watermain Size	150 mm diameter
Minimum Depth of Cover	2.4 m from top of watermain to finished grade
During normal operating conditions desired operating	350 kPa and 480 kPa
pressure is within	
During normal operating conditions pressure must not	275 kPa
drop below	
During normal operating conditions pressure must not	552 kPa
exceed	
During fire flow operating pressure must not drop	140 kPa
below	
*Daily average based on Appendix 4-A from Water Supply Guidelines	

average based on Appendix 4-A from Water Supply Guidelines

^{**} Residential Max. Daily and Max. Hourly peaking factors per MOE Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems Table 3-3 for 0 to 500 persons.

The City of Ottawa was contacted to obtain boundary conditions associated with the estimated water demand as indicated in the boundary request correspondence included in *Appendix B*.

Table 2, below, summarizes the estimated water supply demand and boundary conditions for the proposed development based on the **Water Supply Guidelines**.

Table 2
Water Demand, Boundary Conditions and Proposed Conditions

	Design	Boundary Conditions			
Design Parameter	Design Demand ¹ (L/min)	Id ¹ Demand ² Condition ³		Boundary Condition³ (m H₂O / kPa) Hamilton Ave.	Boundary Condition³ (m H₂O / kPa) Parkdale Ave.
Average Daily Demand	76.3	86.3	114.5 / 481.7	114.5 / 480.7	114.5 / 482.2
Max Day + Fire Flow (per FUS)	10,225.8	11,255.5	109.5 / 432.6	106.7 / 404.2	109.5 / 433.1
Peak Hour	339.6	384.2	108.0 / 417.9	108.0 / 416.9	108.0 / 418.4

¹⁾ Water demand calculation per Water Supply Guidelines. See Appendix B for detailed calculations.

The City provided both the anticipated minimum and maximum water pressures, as well as, the estimated water pressure during fire flow, as indicated by the correspondence in *Appendix B*. As demonstrated in *Table 2*, pressures in average day scenario are within the recommended pressures, as per the *Water Supply Guidelines*, therefore no pressure reducing controls are required. Based on the boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa, sufficient supply is available for fire flow.

Fire flow requirements are to be determined in accordance with City of Ottawa *Water Supply Guidelines* and the Ontario Building Code.

Fire flow requirements were estimated per City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin *ISTB-2018-02*. The following parameters were coordinated with the architect:

- Type of construction Modified Fire-Resistive;
- Occupancy type Non-Combustible; and
- Sprinkler Protection Supervised Sprinklered.

The above assumptions result in an estimated fire flow of approximately **10,000** *L/min*, refer to supporting calculation in *Appendix B*. A certified fire protection system specialist

Estimated demand parameters used to determine boundary conditions vary slightly from estimated demand parameters derived from the final design. The minor differences would not result in a significant change to the boundary conditions and as such the original boundary conditions have been maintained.

³⁾ Boundary conditions above for Wellington St. W., Hamilton Ave., and Parkdale Ave. assumed ground elevation equal to 65.5 m

would need to be employed to design the building fire suppression system and confirm the actual fire flow demand.

Multiple hydrants are required to meet the required fire flow per *ISTB-2018-02*. There are three hydrants immediately adjacent (<75m) to the subject property:

- > Hamilton Ave. N., on the north west corner of the site,
- Hamilton Ave. N., approximately 10m south of the site, and
- Parkdale Avenue, approximately 20m east of the site.

The proximity of the existing hydrants and the AA rating as indicated by colour provides 17,100 L/min to the subject property, exceeding the required fire flow.

3.3 Water Supply Conclusion

The subject property is proposed to have a dual connection to the municipal watermain within Hamilton Avenue and Wellington Street West via 150 mm diameter services.

It is proposed that the development will be serviced by the nearest existing fire hydrants located on Hamilton Avenue, and Parkdale.

The anticipated water demand was submitted to the City of Ottawa for establishing boundary conditions. The City provided both the anticipated minimum and maximum water pressures, as well as the estimated water pressure during fire flow. Based on the City's model, the municipal system is capable of delivering water within the **Water Supply Guidelines** pressure range.

The proposed water supply design conforms to all relevant City Guidelines and Policies.

4.0 WASTEWATER SERVICING

4.1 Existing Wastewater Services

The subject site lies within the Cave Creek Collector Sewer catchment area, as shown by the City sewer mapping included in *Appendix C*. A 250 mm diameter sanitary sewer exists within Hamilton Avenue North, a 250mm diameter sanitary sewer exists within Wellington Street West, and a 600 mm diameter sanitary sewer exists within Parkdale.

4.2 Wastewater Design

The development is proposed to connect to the existing 250 mm sanitary sewer on Hamilton Avenue North. Refer to drawing *SSP-1*, located in *Drawings/Figures*, for a detailed servicing layout. Wastewater flow from the development is proposed to ultimately discharge into the Cave Creek Collector Sewer on Spencer Street via the local sanitary sewer system.

Table 3, below, summarizes the **City Standards** employed in the design of the proposed wastewater sewer system.

Table 3
Wastewater Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value			
Residential Average Apartment	1.8 P/unit			
Average Daily Demand	280 L/d/per			
Peaking Factor	Harmon's Peaking Factor. Max 4.0, Min 2.0 Harmon's Corrector Factor 0.8			
Commercial Floor Space	2.5 L/m²/d			
Infiltration and Inflow Allowance	0.01 L/s/ha (Dry Weather)			
	0.07 L/s/ha (Wet Weather)			
	0.08 L/s/ha (Total)			
Sanitary sewers are to be sized employing the Manning's Equation	$Q = \frac{1}{n} A R^{\frac{2}{3}} S^{\frac{1}{2}}$			
Minimum Sewer Size	200 mm diameter			
Minimum Manning's 'n'	0.013			
Minimum Depth of Cover	2.5 m from crown of sewer to grade			
Minimum Full Flowing Velocity	0.6 m/s			
Maximum Full Flowing Velocity	3.0 m/s			
Extracted from Sections 4 and 6 of the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, October 2012.				

Table 4, below, presents the estimated peak flow from the proposed development. See **Appendix C** for associated calculations.

Table 4
Summary of Estimated Peak Wastewater Flow

Design Parameter	Total Flow (L/s)
Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow	2.36
Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow	6.11
Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow	6.18

The estimated sanitary flow based on the **Site Plan**, included in **Drawings/Figures**, results in a peak wet weather flow of **6.18 L/s**.

A sanitary analysis was conducted for the local municipal sanitary sewers located across the frontage of the subject property in order to assess the available capacity. City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (2012) Figure 4.3 'Peak Flow Design Parameters' were employed to generate a conservative estimate of the existing wastewater flow conditions within the sewer.

The catchment area serviced by the Hamilton Avenue and Wellington Street West sanitary sewers were identified and evaluated by reviewing existing development and zoning within the area. The analysis was conducted from the site to the intersection of Hinton Avenue North and Armstrong Street, as shown by the sanitary drainage figure located in *Appendix C*. Based on the sanitary analysis, the controlling section of the local sewer system is located within Hamilton Avenue (section MH3-4) with an available residual capacity of *36.9 L/s*; detailed calculations are included in *Appendix C*.

The catchment area serviced by the Parkdale Avenue sanitary sewer was identified and evaluated by reviewing existing development and zoning within the area. The analysis was conducted from the site to the intersection of Oxford Street and Parkdale Avenue, as shown by the sanitary drainage figure located in *Appendix C*. Based on the sanitary analysis, the controlling section of the local sewer system is located between the Parkdale and Wellington Street West intersection to the Grant Street and Parkdale Avenue intersection (section MH2-4) with an available residual capacity of *166.0 L/s*; detailed calculations are included in *Appendix C*.

It is proposed to increase the peak wastewater flow by **6.18 L/s**. Based on the available information and desktop analysis there is sufficient residual capacity available in either of the receiving sewers. For the benefit of grouping building services into a single location and to avoid excavation and disruption of traffic on arterial roads, a wastewater service connection to Hamilton Avenue is proposed.

4.3 Wastewater Servicing Conclusions

The site is tributary to the Cave Creek Trunk Collector sewer. The development is estimated to generate a peak wet weather flow of **6.18 L/s**, directed to the 250 mm sanitary sewer on Hamilton Street.

Based on the sanitary analysis completed, there exists a residual capacity of **36.9** *L/*, available in the most restrictive section of the Hamilton Avenue sewer. Therefore, there is sufficient capacity to accommodate the anticipated peak wet weather flow from the proposed development.

The proposed wastewater design conforms to all relevant City Standards.

5.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

5.1 Existing Stormwater Services

Stormwater runoff from the subject property is tributary to the City of Ottawa sewer system located within the Ottawa Central sub-watershed. As such, approvals for proposed development within this area are under the approval authority of the City of Ottawa.

Flows that influence the watershed in which the subject property is located are further reviewed by the principal authority. The subject property is located within the Ottawa River watershed, and is therefore subject to review by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA).

There are two existing CBs located within the subject site. The first CB is located behind 1188 Wellington Street West and the second is located within the parking lot at 1186 Wellington Street West.

As per the Existing Drainage figure, located within *Appendix D*, external drainage areas south of the site (Area EX-2 and EX-3) drain towards the subject site via overland flow. EX2 flows overland and is collected by the catchbasins within the subject property. EX3 flows overland to the parking area off site where it is collected by two additional existing catchbasins. Based on observations from a field investigation, the west catchbasin is believed to outlet to Hamilton Ave and the east catchbasin outlets north towards the rear lane.

The existing topography of the site area generally falls to the north and stormwater that is not collected by the sewer system on Hamilton Ave. or Wellington St. W. will be directed to the intersection of Wellington St. W. and Parkdale Ave. and flow north on Parkdale Ave.

The estimated pre-development peak flows for the 2, 5, and 100-year events are summarized in *Table 5,* below:

Table 5
Summary of Existing Peak Storm Flow Rates

City of Ottawa Design Storm	Estimated Peak Flow Rate (L/s) Area EX1	Estimated Peak Flow Rate (L/s) Area EX2 & EX3
2-year	45.3	21.9
5-year	61.5	29.8
100-year	124.0	63.7

Due to construction impacts on the rear laneway, areas referred to as existing or external are modified in the post development configuration. For post development drainage patters refer to **SWM-1** in **Drawings.**

5.2 Post-development Stormwater Management Target

Stormwater management requirements for the proposed development were reviewed with the City of Ottawa. The City has established the following requirements for the proposed development:

- Meet an allowable release rate based on a Rational Method Coefficient of 0.50, employing the City of Ottawa IDF parameters for a 2-year storm with a time of concentration equal to 10 minutes.
- Attenuate all storms up to and including the City of Ottawa 100-year design event on site.
- The RVCA has confirmed that no additional quality controls, beyond best practices, are required for the proposed development. The RVCA encourages the incorporation of LID measures for the stormwater management plans. Correspondence is located in *Appendix A*.

Based on the above the allowable release rate for the proposed development is 45.3 L/s.

5.3 Proposed Stormwater Management System

The proposed development consists predominantly of rooftop above an underground parking garage. It is proposed that flow from the roof area directed to an internal stormwater cistern.

The allowable release rate for the stormwater generated from the site will need to be restricted to less than **45.3 L/s** for the combination of both attenuated and un-attenuated flows. **Table 6** summarizes post-development flow rates. Unattenuated area will be compensated for in areas with flow attenuation controls.

Table 6
Stormwater Flow Rate Summary

Control Area	5-Year Release Rate	5-Year Storage	100-Year Release Rate	100-Year Storage
	(L/s)	(m³)	(L/s)	(m³)
Unattenuated Areas	7.9	0.0	15.9	0.0
Attenuated Areas	6.8	45.0	13.7	90.0
Total	14.7	45.0	29.6	90.0

The combined attenuated and unattenuated flows on site are **14.7** L/s for the 5-year storm and **29.6** L/s for the 100-year storm. The post development 100-year flow is less than the allowable release rate calculated in **Section 5.2** and therefore within the target range.

Under existing conditions, a portion of the external drainage area to the south of the site drains towards the site. These flows, **21.9 L/s** for the 5-year storm and **47.0 L/s** for the 100 year storm, are accommodated in the post development configuration by the addition of a manhole in the laneway that redirects flow to the existing sewer on Hamilton Avenue North. This requires an additional connection to the sewer main but allows for the

accommodation of external flows without further disturbance of those drainage areas or having to accommodate external drainage within the building envelope.

CB1 and CB2 in the rear laneway are to be fitted with Inlet Control Devices (ICDs), the Tempest LMF 100 and Tempest LMF 85, respectively. These ICDs are calculated to match the 100-year storm flow rate of their respective drainage areas. This ensures that the cistern continues to capture and store the 100-year flows for all attenuated areas while allowing any potential overland flow from external drainage areas to continue overland to Parkdale Avenue without impacting the proposed development.

The attenuated flows are to be captured within a stormwater cistern, which is to be pumped with a maximum 5-year release rate of **6.84** *L/s* and a maximum 100-year release rate **13.7** *L/s*, and is proposed to discharge to the existing 525 mm storm sewer on Hamilton Avenue North. It is anticipated that at least **90** *m*³ of storage will be required on site to attenuate flow to the established release rate; storage calculations are contained within *Appendix D*. An underground cistern with **112** *m*³ of storage, equipped with a pump, will be designed to respect this release rate. Refer to the drawing *SSP-1* for a detailed servicing layout. Cistern details will be prepared by Quasar Consulting Group.

5.4 Stormwater Quality Control

Quality controls are not required for the proposed development due to the combined sewer outlet; correspondence with the RVCA is included in *Appendix A*.

5.5 Stormwater Servicing Conclusions

Post development stormwater runoff will be required to be restricted to the allowable target release rate for storm events up to and including the 100-year storm in accordance with City of Ottawa Standards. The post-development allowable release rate was calculated as $45.3 \, \text{L/s}$ based on consultation with the City of Ottawa. The attenuated and unattenuated flows for the subject site total $29.5 \, \text{L/s}$ during the 100-year storm. It is calculated that at least $90 \, m^3$ of onsite storage will be required to meet this release rate, the proposed storage of $112 \, m^3$ exceeds the required storage volume.

Inlet Control Devices are installed in rear laneway catch basins to ensure attenuated flows are captured under the 100-year storm conditions while overland flow from external drainage areas is uninterrupted.

External drainage is intercepted at the rear laneway and directed west towards Hamilton Avenue North.

Quality controls are not anticipated to be required for the proposed development. Correspondence is located in *Appendix A*.

The proposed stormwater design conforms to all relevant City Standards and Policies for approval.

6.0 UTILITIES

Gas and Hydro services currently exist within the Hamilton Avenue, Parkdale Avenue, and Wellington Street West right-of-ways.

Utility servicing will be coordinated with the individual utility companies prior to site development.

7.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Soil erosion occurs naturally and is a function of soil type, climate and topography. During construction the extent of erosion losses is exaggerated due to the removal of vegetation or surface treatments and the top layer of soil becoming agitated.

Prior to topsoil stripping, earthworks or underground construction, erosion and sediment controls will be implemented and will be maintained throughout construction.

Silt fence must be installed around the perimeter of the site if there is potential for onsite sediments to migrate. Any silt fence installed must be cleaned and maintained throughout construction. Silt fence will remain in place until the risk of sediments leaving site has been mitigated.

Catch basins will have SILTSACKs or an approved equivalent installed under the grate during construction to protect from silt entering the storm sewer system.

Erosion and sediment controls must be in place during construction. The following recommendations to the contractor will be included in contract documents:

- Protect exposed slopes with plastic or synthetic mulches;
- Install silt fence to prevent sediment from leaving the site;
- Provide sediment traps and basins during dewatering;
- Install filter cloth between catch basins and frames:
- Plan construction at proper time to avoid flooding; and

The contractor will, at every rainfall, complete inspections and guarantee proper performance. The inspection is to include:

- Verification that water is not flowing under silt barriers; and
- Clean and change filter cloth at catch basins.

8.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd. (DSEL) has been retained by Welldale Limited Partnership to prepare a Site Servicing and Stormwater Management report in support of the application for a Site Plan Control (SPC) at 1186-1194 Wellington Street West. The preceding report outlines the following:

- Based on boundary conditions provided by the City the existing municipal water infrastructure is capable of providing the contemplated development with water within the City's required pressure range.
- ➤ The FUS method for estimating fire flow indicated **10,000 L/min** is required for the contemplated development.
- ➤ The contemplated development is anticipated to have a peak wet weather flow of **6.18 L/s**; Based on the sanitary analysis conducted the existing municipal sewer infrastructure has sufficient capacity to support the development.
- Based on consultation with City staff, the contemplated development will be required to attenuate post development flows to an equivalent release rate of 45.3 L/s for all storms up to and including the 100-year storm event. Post development flows, attenuated and unattenuated, total 29.6 L/s during the 100-year storm.
- ▶ It is contemplated that stormwater objectives may be met through inlet control devices and a storm water retention internal cistern storage. It is anticipated that 90 m³ of onsite storage will be required to attenuate flow to the established release rate above. 112 m³ of storage has been provided in the underground cistern.
- Quality controls are not anticipated for the subject site. RVCA has been contacted and will confirm these requirements subsequent this application; and
- ➤ The development proposes a set of service laterals to service the proposed development. As a result, an Environmental Compliance Application (ECA) is not required.

Prepared by,

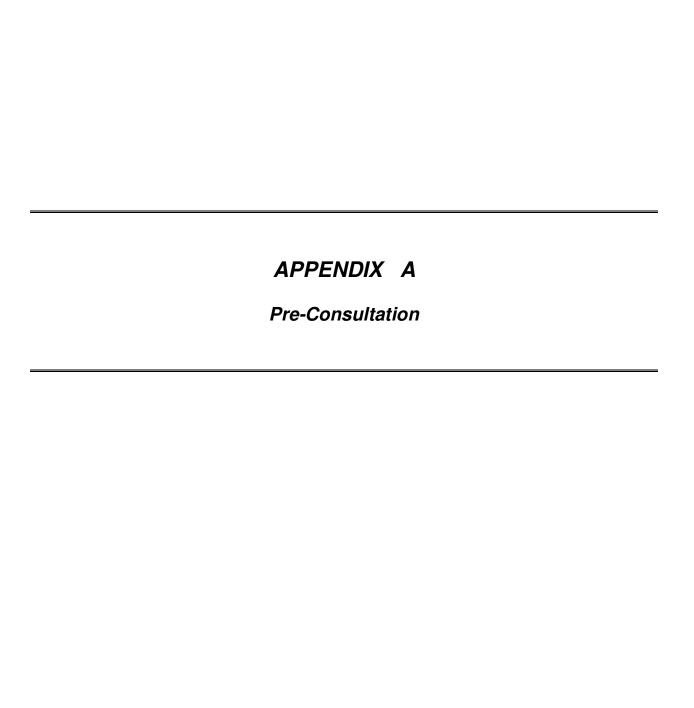
David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd.



Per: Laurence Coulson, P.Eng. Review Per: Alexandre Tourigny, P.Eng.

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DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST

20-1188 24/06/2021

		• •
4.1	General Content	
	Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A
\boxtimes	Date and revision number of the report.	Report Cover Sheet
\boxtimes	Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	Drawings/Figures
\boxtimes	Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Figure 1
	Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan,	
\boxtimes	and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.	Section 1.0
\boxtimes	Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	Section 1.3
\boxtimes	Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defendable design criteria.	Section 2.1
\boxtimes	Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	Section 1.0
\boxtimes	Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	Sections 3.1, 4.1, 5.1
	Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	N/A
	Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	N/A
	Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	N/A
	Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/A
\boxtimes	Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	Section 1.4
	All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information: -Metric scale -North arrow (including construction North) -Key plan -Name and contact information of applicant and property owner -Property limits including bearings and dimensions -Existing and proposed structures and parking areas -Easements, road widening and rights-of-way -Adjacent street names	N/A
4.2	Development Servicing Report: Water	
	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available	N/A
\boxtimes	Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development	Section 3.1
\boxtimes	Identification of system constraints	Section 3.1
\boxtimes	Identify boundary conditions	Section 3.1. 3.2

$oxed{oxed}$ Identify boundary conditions Section 3.1, 3.2 □ Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure Section 3.3

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\boxtimes	Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is	Section 2.2
	calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.	Section 3.2
_	Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment	
	is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	N/A
	Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm	21/2
	servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design	N/A
	Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves	N/A
	Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification	N/A
	Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable	
\boxtimes	of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that	Section 3.2, 3.3
	shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow	Section 3.2, 3.3
	conditions provide water within the required pressure range	
	Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of	
	proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping,	N/A
_	and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire	,
	hydrants) including special metering provisions.	
	Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and	
	other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed	N/A
	development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of	·
	implementation.	
\boxtimes	Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Section 3.2
	Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations,	
	streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	N/A
4.0		
4.3	Development Servicing Report: Wastewater	
4.3	Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should	
	Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow	Section 4.2
<u> </u> 4.3 ⊠	Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity	Section 4.2
	Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	Section 4.2
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	Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A
	Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and	N/A
	maximum flow velocity.	<u>, </u>
	Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/A
	Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	N/A
	Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist	
\boxtimes	Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property)	Section 5.1
\boxtimes	Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	Section 5.1, Appendix D
\boxtimes	A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern.	Drawings/Figures
\boxtimes	Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	Section 5.2
\boxtimes	Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	Section 5.2
\boxtimes	Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information	Section 5.3
	Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A
	Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	N/A
\boxtimes	Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the	Annandiy A
	Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	Appendix A
	Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A
\boxtimes	Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period).	Section 5.3
	Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	N/A
\boxtimes	Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	Section 5.1, 5.3
	Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	N/A
	Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities.	N/A
	If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	N/A
	Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses	N/A
	Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/A
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\boxtimes	Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	Section 5.3
	100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	N/A
	Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations.	N/A
	Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.	N/A
	Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A
	Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	N/A
4.5	Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist	
\boxtimes	Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement ct. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	Section 1.2
	Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A
	Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A
	Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)	N/A
4.6	Conclusion Checklist	
\boxtimes	Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations	Section 7.0
	Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	
	All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario	

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Pre-application Consultation Meeting Minutes

Formal Pre-consultation
1186, 1188, and 1194 Wellington Street West
PC2020-0176
Wednesday July 29, 2020, 11:00am to 12:30pm
Teams Videoconference

ATTENDEES				
City of Ottawa				
Name	Role	Email		
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MacKenzie Kimm	Heritage Planner, Heritage Planning, PIED	Mackenzie.Kimm@ottawa.ca		
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Name	Community Association	Email		
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Applicant Team				
Name	Role	Email		
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Charlotte	Engineering, DSEL	-		
Nicole Tsiolas	Traffic, CGH Transportation	Nicole.tsiolas@cghtransportation.com		
Andrew Harte	Traffic, CGH Transportation	Andrew.harte@cghtransportation.com		
Paul Black	Planning, Fotenn Planning + Design	black@fotenn.com		
Frank Wang	Architecture, Dialog	fwang@dialogdesign.ca		
Simon Ko Architecture, Dialog		sko@dialogdesign.ca		

Introductions and Acknowledgements

- Round table introductions
- Acknowledgement that Jay Baltz from the Hintonburg Community Association are in attendance and has signed an NDA.

Overview of Proposal (applicant team)

Kevin Harper

- Provided overview of existing site
- Area of the site is approximately 0.6 of an acre. It is a highly visible "gateway" site.
- Proposal is for a 12-storey mixed-use building with integrated mechanical with residential uses around it. Proposal has approximately 150,000 square feet of GFA and has approximately 5.76 FSI. All parking to be located underground in a 3 ½ storey parking lot with approximately 174 spaces for 228 residential dwelling units.
- Currently Minto is in a due-diligence phase and do not own the property yet.
 They are proceeding with ESAs, Geotech, Topo, Survey etc. to have this material
 if they do acquire the property. They have not yet determined if it will be a
 condominium or a rental proposal but currently a rental proposal looks more
 desirable.

Paul Black

- Provided overview of planning context
- Designated Traditional Mainstreet in the Official Plan
- Wellington Street is the main street and will be treated as the frontage.
- The site is planned for a mid-rise development in the general OP
- The site is approximately 660m from Tunney's Pasture Transit Station
- The CDP for Wellington W includes a 2-3 storey base along TM. It also generally permits 6-storeys but does recognize potential for up to 9-storeys at this corner based on the provision of public benefits.
- The minimum height requirement is 4-storeys
- The Secondary Plan puts the CDP into statutory verbiage and speaks to key aspects of this node.
- The site is dual zoned as TM11 and an exception. The zoning encourages buildings to be close to the street.
- At this time the proposal is for an OPA and ZBLA (for a single zone with a
 potential exception) with the potential for a SPC application down the road.

Simon Ko

- Provided overview of architectural context
- The laneway at the back of the site to be expanded (widened to be 6m in width) and used to access the underground parking and loading. It is intended to be two-way through the block.

- Massing of 12-storeys
 - Along Wellington there are two stepbacks in massing: a 1.5m stepback at the fifth floor and a 4.5m stepback (from the property line) at the 9th floor.
 - There is a lighter expression at the top and an effort to "de-materialize" the corners in order to create a more visible retail component at the corner.
 - It is U-shaped in that there is an area that faces the rear lane that is setback/stepped in to create outdoor rooftop amenity.

Preliminary Comments from the City

Planning Comments (Ann O'Connor)

- Based on the current proposal and policy context, the following applications and processes will apply:
 - Official Plan Amendment
 - Zoning By-law Amendment
 - Site Plan Control, New, Complex, Non-Rural application.
 - Section 37 may apply. Provide calculations alongside submission.
 - Review at Urban Design Review Panel (UDRP)
- Please use the following policy context to guide the design as it progresses and refer to them in your Planning Rationale.
 - Official Plan designations:
 - Schedule B Urban Policy Plan designates the subject property "Traditional Mainstreet"
 - Schedule C Primary Urban Cycling Network designates Wellington a "Spine Route" (Parkdale nothing)
 - Schedule D Rapid Transit and Transit Priority Network designates
 Wellington St W "Transit Priority Corridor Isolated Measures" (Parkdale nothing)
 - Schedule E Urban Road Network designates both Wellington St W and Parkdale as "Arterial Existing"
 - As per Section 3.6.3 Mainstreets
 - Policy 1 identifies that TMs are planned as "compact, mixed-use, pedestrian-oriented streets that provide for access by foot, cycle, transit and automobile. The proposal is for a compact mixed-use development, which is supported by this policy. Applicant team is encouraged to incorporate building features that further incorporate the aims of this pedestrian-oriented policy.
 - Policy 5 identifies that a broad range of uses is permitted on TM. The proposed ground floor commercial with residential is supported by this policy.

- Policy 7 identifies that the development should adhere to S. 2.5.6 and 4.11 of the OP. The proposal will need further work to identify conformity with this policy.
- Policy 9 identifies that TM surface parking will not be permitted between the building and the street. The proposed removal of an existing surface parking lot and introduction of an underground parking garage is supported by this policy.
- Policy 11 identifies that the OP supports mid-rise building heights on Traditional Mainstreets, but secondary plans may identify circumstances where different building heights may be permitted.
 There is no policy currently within the parent OP that supports a highrise development.
- As per Annex 1 of the OP, the Right-Of-Way requirements on Wellington Street West is 20 metres. There is no ROW requirement along Parkdale Avenue or Hamilton Ave N. Corner site triangles will be required at both intersections (Wellington & Parkdale and Wellington & Hamilton).
- The site is subject to the Wellington Street West Secondary Plan and Community Design Plan. In the Secondary Plan, the site is identified as follows:
 - Schedule A Land Use designates the site "Traditional Mainstreet" (see policies 11.3.1 – General Mainstreet Policies)
 - Schedule B Specific Policy Areas designates the site "Parkdale Park" (see policies 11.3.3 – Parkdale Park Area Policies)
 - An Official Plan Amendment would be required for the current 12storey concept, as neither the parent OP nor the SP identifies where high-rises are permitted. A high-rise building is not considered as a permitted use in this Secondary Plan nor the parent OP. Policy direction allows for a maximum 9-storey built form, under specific circumstances.
- o The site is dual zoned:
 - TM11[1815] (Traditional Mainstreet, Subzone 11, Exception 1815) for 1186 Wellington St W
 - TM11 (Traditional Mainstreet, Subzone 11) for 1188 and 1194 Wellington St W.

- The current zones have a maximum height limit of 20 metres (roughly 6 storeys) and the proposal likely has other areas of non-conformity; therefore, a Zoning By-law Amendment application will be required.

Heritage

- See heritage section notes for additional guidance. Consider incorporating elements of the Apostolic Church per their guidance.
- The following design guidelines apply:
 - Urban Design Guidelines for Development along Traditional Mainstreets
 - Urban Design Guidelines for High-rise Buildings
 - Transit-Oriented Development Guidelines

Comments:

- Planning Services is supportive of infilling this site. Replacing the surface parking with a building format that defines the street edge with active frontages is positive and supported. However, the current high-rise form is not supported by policy.
- To pursue a 12-storey concept will require significant work from the applicant to do a larger area-study reflecting why, how, and where such high-rise development is appropriate within the SP area. In its current form, the proposal does not have support from Planning.
- Certain aspects of the project require further review and work:
 - massage the overall massing
 - reduce the mass/height of the podium to be more pedestrian-friendly and relate positively to the Isabella streetscape
 - keep the relationship to the established Glebe neighbourhood top of mind as the massing evolves
 - give serious consideration to future redevelopment potential on abutting lots and separation distances required as per design guidelines
 - more broadly, provide visuals and rationale for how the proposal fits into the area
 - As per Sch I in the OP, Hwy 417 is designated a Scenic Entry Route.
 The high-visibility this development will have will necessitate a high-level of design work.

Infrastructure Comments (Shawn Wessel)

- Infrastructure:
 - Wellington St. W.:

- A 305 mm dia. PVC Watermain (c. 2008) is available.
- A 250 mm dia. PVC Sanitary Sewer (c. 2008) is available, which drains to Cave Creek Trunk/Collector and conveys effluent to the Interceptor Sewer.
- A 375 mm dia. PVC Storm Sewer (c. 1997) is available, which drains to Holland Avenue, West Transit Storm and Outlets to the Ottawa River at Onigam Street.

Parkdale Ave.:

- A 305 mm dia. DI Watermain (c. 1989) is available.
- A 600 mm dia. Conc. Sanitary Sewer (c. 1914) is available, which drains to Cave Creek Trunk/Collector and conveys effluent to the Interceptor Sewer.
- A 600 mm dia. Conc. Storm Sewer (c. 1987) is available, which drains to Scott Street, East Hintonburg Storm, West Transit Storm and Outlets to the Ottawa River at Onigam Street.
- The following apply to this site and any development within a separated sewer area:
 - This site is upstream of a flood prone area on the West Nepean Collector Sewer
 - Total allowable release rate will be 2-year pre-development rate due to being within a partially separated sewer area.
 - Coefficient (C) of runoff will need to be determined as per existing conditions but in no case more than 0.5
 - TC = 20 minutes or can be calculated
 - TC should be not be less than 10 minutes, since IDF curves become unrealistic at less than 10 min.
 - Any storm events greater than 5 year, up to 100 year, and including 100-year storm event must be detained on site.
 - Two separate sewer laterals (one for sanitary and other for storm) will be required.

o Please note:

- Foundation drains are to be independently connected to sewermain (separated or combined) unless being pumped with appropriate back up power, sufficient sized pump and back flow prevention.
- Roof drains are to be connected downstream of any incorporated ICD within the SWM system.
- Provide Roof plan showing roof drain and scupper locations, flow rates, drain type and weir opening if controlled. Provide Manufacturer Specifications on drains and also provide 5- and 100year ponding limits on plan.
- Boundary Conditions will be provided at request of consultant after providing Average Daily Demands, Peak Hour Demands & Max Day + Fire Flow Demands
- If window wells are proposed, they are to be indirectly connected to the footing drains. A detail of window well with indirect connection is required, as is a note at window well location speaking to indirect connection.

Note:

If applicable, existing buildings require a CCTV inspection and report to ensure existing services to be re-used are in good working order and meet current minimum size requirements. Located services to be placed on site servicing plans.



o Other:

- Environmental Noise Study is required due to Wellington St. W., within 100m proximity of Parkdale Avenue and within 500 m of Hwy #417.
- Stationary Noise Study consultant to speak to this in their report as per City NCG and NPC 300 Guidelines. May be required after Mechanical Design completed and prior to building permit issuance.
- When greater than 9 metres in height, a Shadow Study required for all buildings/dwellings.
- When greater than 9 metres in height Wind Study for all buildings/dwellings.
- No Capital Projects listed in the area on GeoOttawa or Envista.

- Water Supply Redundancy Fire Flow:
 - Applicant to ensure that a second service with an inline valve chamber be provided where the average daily demand exceeds 50 m³ / day (0.5787 l/s per day)
 - FUS Fire Flow Criteria to be used unless a low-rise building, where OBC requirements may be applicable.
- Source Protection Policy Screening (SPPS):
 - The address lies within the Mississippi-Rideau Source Protection Region and is subject to the policies of the Mississippi-Rideau Source Protection Plan.
 - The area is <u>not</u> located within a Surface Water Intake Protection Zone (IPZ) where significant threat policies apply.
 - o The area is not located within a Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA).
 - o The area is <u>not</u> located within a Significant Groundwater Recharge Area.
 - The area <u>is identified as a Highly Vulnerable Aquifer</u>. There are no legally-binding source protection policies under the Mississippi-Rideau Source Protection Plan for activities within Highly Vulnerable Aquifers.
 - In terms of the Planning Act application, please note that the address is not located in an area where it would be considered a significant threat to drinking water sources and there are no legally-binding source protection policies.
- Applicant to contact Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA) for possible restrictions due to quality control. Provide correspondence in Report.
- Where servicing involves three or more service trenches, either a full road width or full lane width 40 mm asphalt overlay will be required, as per amended Road Activity By-Law 2003-445 and City Standard Detail Drawing R10. The amount of overlay will depend on condition of roadway and width of roadway(s).
- Pre-Construction (Piling/Hoe Ramming or close proximity to City Assets) and/or Pre-Blasting (if applicable) Survey required for any buildings/dwellings in proximity of 75m of site and circulation of notice of vibration/noise to residents within 150 m of site. Conditions for Pre-Construction/ Pre-Blast Survey & Use of Explosives will be applied to agreements. Refer to City's Standard S.P. No. F-1201 entitled Use of Explosives, as amended.
- Where underground storage (UG) and surface ponding are being considered:

- Show all ponding for 5- and 100-year events
- Above and below ground storage is permitted although uses ½ Peak Flow Rate or is modeled. Please confirm that this has been accounted for and/or revise.

Rationale:

The Modified Rational Method for storage computation in the Sewer Design Guidelines was originally intended to be used for above ground storage (i.e. parking lot) where the change in head over the orifice varied from 1.5 m to 1.2 m (assuming a 1.2 m deep CB and a max ponding depth of 0.3 m). This change in head was small and hence the release rate fluctuated little, therefore there was no need to use an average release rate.

When underground storage is used, the release rate fluctuates from a maximum peak flow based on maximum head down to a release rate of zero. This difference is large and has a significant impact on storage requirements. We therefore require that an average release rate be used to estimate the required volume. Alternatively, the consultant may choose to use a submersible pump in the design to ensure a constant release rate.

In the event that there is a disagreement from the designer regarding the required storage, The City will require that the designer demonstrate their rationale utilizing dynamic modelling, that will then be reviewed by City modellers in the Water Resources Group.

Note that the above will added to upcoming revised Sewer Design Guidelines to account for underground storage, which is now widely used.

- Further to above, what will be the actual underground storage provided during the major (100 year) and minor (2 year) storm events?
- Please provide information on UG storage pipe. Provide required cover over pipe and details, chart of storage values, capacity etc. How will this pipe be cleaned of sediment and debris?
- Note There must be at least 15cm of vertical clearance between the spill elevation and the ground elevation at the building envelope that is in proximity of the flow route or ponding area. The exception in this case would be at reverse sloped loading dock locations. At these locations, a minimum of 15cm of vertical clearance must be provided below loading dock openings. Ensure to provide discussion in report and ensure grading plan matches if applicable.

- Provide information on type of underground storage system including product name and model, number of chambers, chamber configuration, confirm invert of chamber system, top of chamber system, required cover over system and details, interior bottom slope (for self-cleansing), chart of storage values, length, width and height, capacity, entry ports (maintenance) etc.
- Provide a cross section of underground chamber system showing invert and obvert/top, major and minor HWLs, top of ground, system volume provided during major and minor events. UG storage to provide actual 2and 100-year event storage requirements.
- o In regard to all proposed UG storage, ground water levels (and in particular HGW levels) will need to be reviewed to ensure that the proposed system does not become surcharged and thereby ineffective.
- Modeling can be provided to ensure capacity for both storm and sanitary sewers for the proposed development by City's Water Distribution Dept. - Modeling Group, through PM and upon request.
- For proposed depressed driveways or developments with private lanes, parking areas or with entrances etc. lower than roadway...





- Rear yard on grade parking to be permeable pavement. Refer to City Standard Detail Drawings SC26 (maintenance/temp parking areas), SC27 or permeable asphalt materials. No gravel or stone dust parking areas permitted.
- Note:
 - "Provided Info to applicant":
 - Please be advised that it is the responsibility of the applicant and their representatives/consultants to verify information provided by the City of Ottawa.
 - Please contact City View and Release Info Centre at Ext. 44455
- Environmental Source Information:
 - Due to more sensitive use, a Record of Site Condition (RSC) is required. Ensure Phase I, and if applicable, Phase II ESA's speak to required RSC.
 - Please also note that in the event soil and/or groundwater contamination is identified on this site and the proposal is for a more sensitive land use. the MECP will require approximately 1-1.5 years to review the RSC.

- PIED will apply appropriate conditions, based on Environmental Protection Act (Section 168.3.1 (1)) and O.Reg. 153/04 (Parts IV and V) regarding requirements for RSC prior to building permit issuance. Dependent on the levels/types of contamination, timelines for building permit issuance may be longer than expected and we recommend applicant speak to Building Code Services, at the earliest convenience, so as to discuss these timelines in more detail, if deemed applicable.
- City of Ottawa Historical Land Use Inventory (HLUI) Required
 - o Rationale:

The HLUI database is currently undergoing an update. The updated HLUI will include additional sources beyond those included in the current database, making the inclusion of this record search even more important.

Although a municipal historic land use database is not specifically listed as required environmental record in O. Reg 153/04, Schedule D, Part II states the following:

- The following are the specific objectives of a records review:
 - To obtain and review records that relate to the Phase I (One) property and to the current and past uses of and activities at or affecting the Phase I (One) property in order to determine if an area of potential environmental concern exists and to interpret any area of potential environmental concern.
 - To obtain and review records that relate to properties in the Phase I (One) study area other than the Phase I (One) property, in order to determine if an area of potential environmental concern exists and to interpret any area of potential environmental concern.
 - It is therefore reasonable to request that the HLUI search be included in the Phase I ESA to meet the above objectives.
 - Please submit.

In addition:

- All existing reports and plans will need to be revised if older than 2 years and must reflect current City Standards, Guidelines, By-laws and Policies.
- Please refer to City of Ottawa website portal for "Guide to preparing Studies and Plans" at <a href="https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/information-developers/development-application-review-process/development-application-submission/guide-preparing-studies-and-plans.

- Please ensure you are using the current guidelines, bylaws and standards including materials of construction, disinfection and all relevant reference to OPSS/D and AWWA guidelines - all current and as amended, such as:
- <u>City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines</u> (CoOSDG) complete with ISTDB 2012-01, 2014-01, 2016-01, 2018-01 & 2019-02 technical bulletin updates as well as current Sewer, Landscape & Road Standard Detail Drawings as well as Material Specifications (MS Docs).
- o Sewer Connection (2003-513) & Sewer Use (2003-514) By-Laws.
- <u>City of Ottawa Water Distribution Design Guidelines</u> (CoOWDDG) complete with ISTDB 2010-02, 2014-02 & 2018-02 technical bulletin updates as well as current Watermain/ Services Material Specifications (MS Docs) as well as Water and Road Standard Detail Drawings.
- FUS Fire Flow standards
- Water (2018-167) By-Law
- Ensure to include version date and add "(<u>as amended</u>)" when referencing all standards, detail drwaings, by-Laws and guidelines.
- Fourth (4th) Review Charge:
 - Please be advised that additional charges for each review, after the 3rd review, will be applicable to each file. There will be no exceptions.
- Water Resources Department
 - Storm Sewers
 - This is a ~1:2 year partially separated system. The sewer is relatively shallow and surcharges in events greater than 1:2 year.
 - Depending on the nature of the development (presence of below ground spaces vulnerable to flooding) backflow prevention will be required (e.g. storm backwater valve, sump pump to storm lateral).
 - Stormwater management is required to contain flows onsite and release to the minor system (1:2 year, C=0.5)
 - Sanitary sewers
 - Connection to either the Wellington or the Parkdale sewers appears to be okay
 - Sanitary backwater valves to prevent backup from surcharging sanitary sewers is recommended
 - Major System

- The attached figure shows what we know about the major system flow paths and low points under existing conditions
- The site design should have regard for the major system behavior so as not to create / increase flow risk to the subject property or the adjacent properties

Transportation Project Manager Comments (Neeti Paudel)

- Follow Traffic Impact Assessment Guidelines
 - Traffic Impact Assessment will be required.
 - Start this process asap.
 - Applicant advised that their application will not be deemed complete until the submission of the step 1-4, including the functional draft RMA package (if applicable) and/or monitoring report (if applicable).
 - Request base mapping asap if RMA is required. Contact Engineering Services (https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/engineering-services)
- ROW protection on Wellington Street West between Island Park and Terminus at Somerset is 20m even.
- The proposed lay-by on Hamilton Avenue or change to curbside regulations may not be accepted.
- Further analysis in the TIA is required to determine any restrictions to the Parkdale access. Left turns from the laneway to Parkdale may be restricted. Provide recommendations in the TIA for review.
- Ensure that the accessibility requirements are implemented (checklist attached).
- Site triangles at the following locations on the final plan will be required:
 - o 3 metre x 3 metres minimum (SE corner of Wellington and Hamilton)
- On site plan:
 - Show all details of the roads abutting the site up to and including the opposite curb; include such items as pavement markings, accesses and/or sidewalks.
 - Turning templates will be required for all accesses showing the largest vehicle to access the site; required for internal movements and at all access (entering and exiting and going in both directions).
 - Show all curb radii measurements; ensure that all curb radii are reduced as much as possible
 - Show lane/aisle widths.
 - Sidewalk is to be continuous across access as per City Specification 7.1.

 The laneway abutting the rear property line is City owned and it is identified as a class B Lane (lanes without municipal maintenance) and has the legal status of a public right of way.

Heritage Comments (MacKenzie Kimm)

- The property at 1196 Wellington Street West, the Apostolic Church, is currently listed on the City's Heritage Register for having some cultural heritage value or interest.
- As noted by the Community Association at the meeting, this property was constructed as movie theatre known as the Elmdale Theatre. It opened on September 9, 1947 and was constructed by architects Kaplan and Sprachman (see article below).
- Given that the property has been identified as having some cultural heritage value, heritage staff would encourage its retention/reuse/incorporation into the proposal.
- The marquee is an interesting feature that could be explored for incorporation.

 Additionally the flat-roofed form of the building may lend itself as a base element.
- A Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report should be submitted, should the applicant move forward with the proposal. Heritage staff would recommend this be completed early in the approval process, as it may help to inform the design.
- Should the applicant pursue the project, heritage staff can provide additional details for the CHER, but essentially it should evaluate the cultural heritage value of the existing property and make recommendations regarding the potential for designation under Part IV of the Ontario Heritage Act, conservation or retention options.
- If the applicant intends to demolish the building, they must provide the City with 60 days notice of that intention. The Form for Buildings Listed on the Register must be submitted and staff would require the CHER information as part of that process.



The Ottawa Journal, September 8, 1947

Urban Design Comments (Randolph Wang)

 Urban design appreciated the opportunity to participate in the very early stage of the process and some preliminary thoughts presented by the applicant and the architects, in particular, the mix of uses and the incorporation of building step backs. However,

- The proposed massing looks overwhelming for its context despite the incorporation of the step backs at the 5th and the 10th floors.
- The projected balconies somewhat cancel the potential benefits of the step backs.
- There appears to be a lack of contextual response to different conditions of the streets surrounding the site, for example, Wellington as a mainstreet, Parkdalke as an major entry route with heavy traffic, and Hamilton as a residential street.
- There is a lack of demonstration of built form relationship with the neighbouring properties, and the transition to the low-rise residential area.
- The public realm at the corners of Wellington and Parkdale, as well as Wellington and Hamilton, appears to be crowded.
- The proposal represents a significant departure from the Community Design Plan and the Secondary Plan, which was developed through a very extensive process. The current policies support mid-rise buildings with a maximum height of 6 storeys. The current policies also allow for the development of a gateway feature at the intersection of Wellington and Parkdale up to 9 storeys subject to certain conditions. The proposed 12-storey massing is a high-rise. While the attempt to explore an alternative direction is absolutely legitimate and the process to do it (the OPA) is correct, the urban design analysis to support the proposed OPA must be thorough, inclusive, extensive as highlighted in the attached Terms of the Design Brief.
 - The urban design analysis must go beyond the site and its immediate surroundings. Depending on the proposed OPA, it may have to include the entire West Wellington Secondary Plan area. As a minimum, it will have to include the entire Parkdale Park section identified in the Secondary Plan.
 - The urban design analysis should not only discuss built form and public realm options for the site itself but also for the broader study area. The Secondary Plan currently does not have policies for high-rise buildings because it does not support high-rise development. When exploring possibilities of developing a high-rise building in the area, questions with respect to what might be the appropriate form for a high-rise building in this area must also be discussed. For example, is a bar building with large floor plate appropriate?
 - The urban design analysis must also include a thorough study of the public realm. For example, the Secondary Plan envisions an intimate public realm in the context of mid-rise buildings. The urban design

- analysis must examine the scale and size of public realm in the context of the proposed high-rise.
- It is important to take note that the Secondary Plan sets limit for the building base at 2-3 storeys. The intent of this limit is to allow for a new building to respond to the low-rise buildings currently exist along Wellington Street. New buildings completed in recent years along Wellington have been following this direction.
- Please explore what does it mean to be a landmark building at this location.
- Please explore how some aspects of the heritage building at Wellington and Hamilton may inspire and may be incorporated into the design of the new building.
- Please be mindful of the hydro lines along Wellington Street and their impacts on the new development.
- Please be mindful of the development potential of the church property south of the public lane.
- o A shadow study and a preliminary wind study are required.
- The subject property is within a Design Priority Area. A visit to the UDRP for formal review is required.

Forestry Comments (Mark Richardson*)

*Did not attend meeting but provided the following comments:

- A Tree Conservation Report (TCR) must be supplied for review along with the suite of other plans/reports required by the City; an approved TCR is a requirement of Site Plan or Plan of Subdivision approval.
- Any removal of privately-owned trees 10cm or larger in diameter requires a tree permit issued under the Urban Tree Conservation Bylaw; the permit is based on the approved TCR
- Any removal of City-owned trees will require the permission of Forestry Services who will also review the submitted TCR – please identify all city-owned trees
- The TCR must list all trees on site by species, diameter and health condition
- The TCR must list all trees on adjacent sites if they have a critical root zone that extends onto the development site

- If trees are to be removed, the TCR must clearly show where they are, and document the reason they cannot be retained
- The City encourages the retention of healthy trees; if possible, please seek opportunities for retention of trees that will contribute to the design/function of the site.
- Please ensure newly planted trees have an adequate soil volume for their size at maturity. Here are the recommended soil volumes:

Tree	Single Tree Soil	Multiple Tree
Type/Size	Volume (m3)	Soil Volume
		(m3/tree)
Ornamental	15	9
Columnar	15	9
Small	20	12
Medium	25	15
Large	30	18
Conifer	25	15

 For more information on the process or help with tree retention options, contact Mark Richardson <u>mark.richardson@ottawa.ca</u>

Environmental Planner Comments (Sami Rehman*)

*Did not attend meeting but provided the following comments:

- I've reviewed the subject property and have no environmental concerns.
- I encourage the proponent to seek opportunities to incorporate locally appropriate native vegetation (trees, shrubs and plants) to contribute to the urban tree canopy. These can also be used to help reduce the urban heat island effect and increase the proposed development's energy efficiency (OP section 4.9, Energy Conservation Through Design).

Hintonburg Community Association Representative Comments (Jay Baltz)

- Height
 - The secondary plan for all of West Wellington specifies 6 storey maximum with possibility of 9 storeys at specific sites (including corner lot at Wellington and Parkdale, but not the other lots to the west). See 11.3.1.(2) and 11.3.3 (2) in WW secondary plan. There is no clear justification for 12 storeys.

- For Traditional Mainstreet designations in the Official Plan (3.6.3 (11)) it states that "This Plan supports mid-rise building heights on Traditional Mainstreets, but secondary plans may identify circumstances where different building heights may be permitted." The West Wellington secondary plan does not identify any locations where heights could exceed 9 storeys, and generally mandates 6 storeys (the one exception is a density transfer at the site of Bethany Hope Centre, a part IV designated heritage building, where 13 storeys was permitted to the rear on the very deep lot, not neat the TM frontage).
- There does not seem to be a justification at this specific site for a highrise, which would be different from what is permitted in TMs in general and the rest of this TM.

Sidewalks and plazas

The secondary plan specifically mandates that the corners of Parkdale and Wellington must have "pedestrian-oriented, publicly accessible spaces to animate, attract and retain people. Small plazas, wider sidewalks, and/or patios shall be incorporated into the site design of new proposals" (11.3.3 (5)). The WWCDP itself states "A3b. New developments at all corners of the Parkdale-Wellington and Holland-Wellington intersections shall set back ground-level facades of buildings from the mainstreet property line to provide more public or quasi-public space at these busy corners." This proposal shows zero setback on Wellington and only 1.5 m on Parkdale. While there may be small open areas in the sight triangles at the corner, it is not clear that this policy direction has been satisfied. More animation at the corner and along Wellington is needed.

Architecture/visual features

- The secondary plan mandates that "Architectural and other visual features shall be introduced in new developments that mark arrival at the Parkdale and Holland Avenue gateways to the Wellington Street West community." (11.3.3 (6)). While this is a massing concept, the units are already laid out on the plans for each floor, which would seem to preclude a design other than a slab, which is not a desirable built form at a gateway.
- In addition, continuing the 12-storey height for an entire block is not compatible with a gateway design specifically marking the corner of Parkdale and Wellington.

Articulation

The WW Secondary plan stipulates that "proponents shall demonstrate how the key elements of scale and detail from the traditional one (1) to three (3) storey buildings and the narrow lot sizes of the Wellington West corridor have been incorporated into the building design" (11.3.1 (4). This proposal is a flat facade that extends an entire block (in the concept design, even where the small setback occurs at 4 storeys, the balconies still project to the lot line and could read as a straight facade up to the 11th storey). Furthermore, it should be broken up to match the rhythm of the main street, which is predominantly narrow stoefronts.

Base and tower

 Flat facades up to 9 storeys would overwhelm the street. In the concept plan, there is minimal setback at 4 storeys (1.5m). The Secondary plan requires that "New buildings over four (4) storeys within the Traditional Mainstreet and Mixed-Use Centre areas shall incorporate architectural articulation and details to form a two (2) to three (3) storey base." This proposal fails to provide the setback to create a substantial base at 2-3 storey. The secondary plan mandates this (11.3.1 (3). Furthermore, a high-rise, as proposed, would have to follow the high-rise policies and be of a podium and base design, rather than a slab design.

Traffic

There will be traffic issues entering of exiting on Parkdale, but this is true of any development on that street. However, there appear to be plans to direct traffic onto Hamilton, which has no signalized intersections and will not accommodate increased traffic. This will have to be addressed in a traffic study. We would like to see traffic exiting onto Hamilton be directed only towards Wellington.

Church building

 As was raised in the preconsultation, it would be a positive feature to incorporate the church marquee in a new development. The building is the former Elmdale Theatre, which was built in 1947 (closed as theatre in 1994). Photos can be found here: http://cinematreasures.org/theaters/25794. Alain Miguelez would also no

doubt be a source of information

(https://www.penumbrapress.com/book.php?id=250).

Conclusion

- A building at this site should:
 - be 9 storevs at the corner and 6 storevs towards Hamilton

- provide quasi-public space (plaza, patio etc.) and wider sidewalks at the corner to enhance the pedestrian realm and safety
- exhibit architectural excellence to form a gateway; a slab is not desirable
- be articulated particularly at grade to be compatible with the prewar rhythm of the traditional mainstreet
- Have a clear base at 2-3 storeys and a substantial setback above that to be compatible with the heights on the existing mainstreet
- provide a plan to reduce the impact of traffic to and from Hamilton
- preserve and incorporate the original façade of the Elmdale theatre.

Next Steps

- Refine the proposal to address issues raised through the pre-consultation.
- Staff are happy to set up another meeting to discuss an alternate option.

Charlene Souliere

From: Jamie Batchelor < jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>

Sent: November 16, 2021 8:31 PM

To: Charlene Souliere
Cc: Adam Fobert

Subject: RE: 1186-1194 Wellington Street West - Quality Control Requirements

EXTERNAL E-MAIL - Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender.

Good Evening Charlene,

I can confirm that rainwater from rooftop is considered clean for the purpose of protecting surface water quality and aquatic habitat. Based on the drawings provided, no additional on-site water quality control measures would be required save and except best management practices. We strongly encourage you to explore opportunities to incorporate Lid measures into the stormwater management plan for this site.

Jamie Batchelor, MCIP, RPP Planner, ext. 1191 Jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca



3889 Rideau Valley Drive PO Box 599, Manotick ON K4M 1A5 **T** 613-692-3571 | 1-800-267-3504 **F** 613-692-0831 | www.rvca.ca

This message may contain information that is privileged or confidential and is intended to be for the use of the individual(s) or entity n may contain confidential or personal information which may be subject to the provisions of the Municipal *Freedom of Information & I* you are not the intended recipient of this e-mail, any use, review, revision, retransmission, distribution, dissemination, copying, printing taking of any action in reliance upon this e-mail, is strictly prohibited. If you have received this e-mail in error, please contact the send and any copy of the e-mail and any printout thereof, immediately. Your cooperation is appreciated.

From: Charlene Souliere < CSouliere@dsel.ca>
Sent: Tuesday, November 9, 2021 4:35 PM
To: Jamie Batchelor < jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>

Cc: Adam Fobert < AFobert@dsel.ca>

Subject: 1186-1194 Wellington Street West - Quality Control Requirements

Hello Jamie,

We wanted to touch base with you regarding a development at 1186-1194 Wellington Street West. Our client, Minto, have submitted a ZBLA application to allow for the construction of a 18-storey residential building with a retail podium and underground parking.

The existing site conditions consist of one commercial building, one institutional building and an above-ground parking area, as demonstrated in Figure 1 below.

The development involves the construction of an 18-storey residential/commercial building, as shown in the contemplated site plan attached. Based on the information available, the development will discharge stormwater to the 525 mm diameter storm sewer within Hamilton Avenue and will travel approximately 1.9 km towards the Ottawa River. Refer to Figure 2 below for further details.

We anticipate that quality controls will not be required since the roof of the building occupies almost the entirety of the site. Can you please review and provide recommendations?

Please feel free to contact me to discuss.



Figure 1: Existing Site Limits

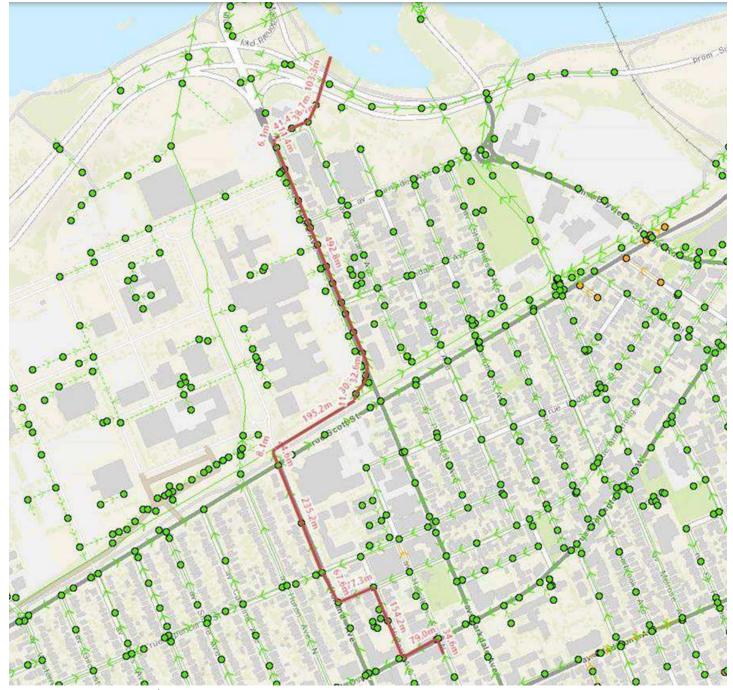


Figure 2: Distance to Outlet

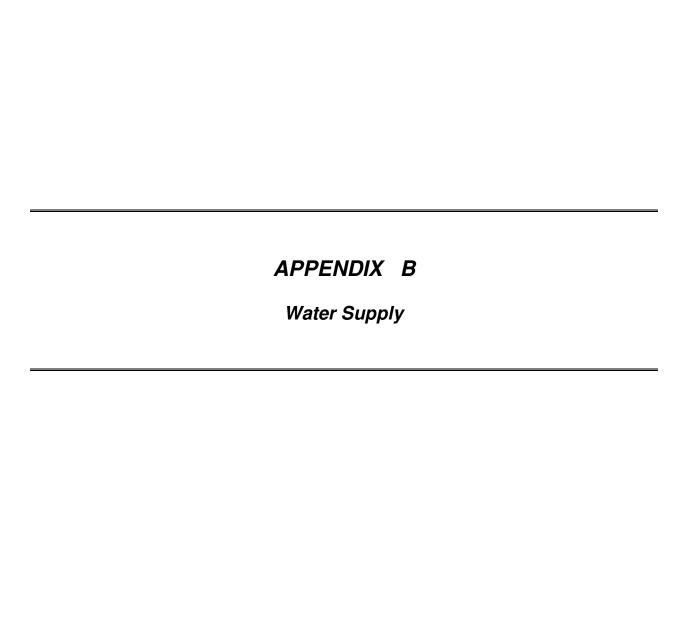
Thanks,

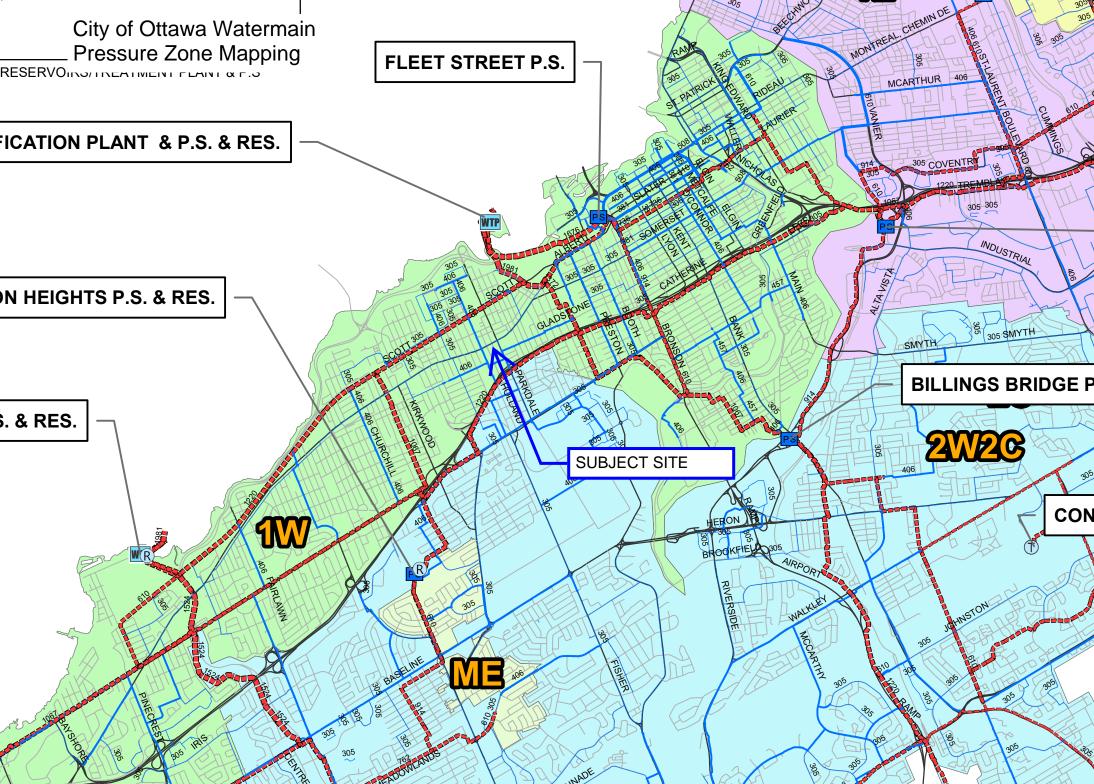
Charlene Souliere

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Suite 103 Ottawa, ON K2S 1E9





1186-1194 Wellington St Proposed Site Conditions

Water Demand Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa - Water Distribution Guidelines, July 2010



Domestic Demand

Type of Housing	Per / Unit	Units	Pop
Single Family	3.4	-	0
Semi-detached	2.7	-	0
Townhouse	2.7	-	0
Apartment			0
Bachelor	1.4	-	0
1 Bedroom	1.4	-	0
2 Bedroom	2.1	-	0
3 Bedroom	3.1	-	0
Average	1.8	212	382

	Pop	Avg. Daily		Max Day		Peak Hour	
		m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min
Total Domestic Demand	382	107.0	74.3	320.9	222.8	481.3	334.3

Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Demand

				Avg. [Daily	Max I	Day	Peak I	Hour
Property Type	Unit	Rate	Units	m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min
Commercial floor space	2.5	L/m²/d	1,148	2.87	2.0	4.3	3.0	7.7	5.4
Office	75	L/9.3m ² /d		0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Restaurant*	125	L/seat/d	-	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial - Light	35,000	L/gross ha/d	-	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial - Heavy	55,000	L/gross ha/d	-	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Total I/C	I Demand	2.9	2.0	4.3	3.0	7.7	5.4
		Tota	l Demand	109.8	76.3	325.2	225.8	489.1	339.6

^{*} Estimated number of seats at 1 seat per 9.3m²

Minto 1186-1194 Wellington St FUS-Fire Flow Demand

Fire Flow Estimation per Fire Underwriters Survey

Water Supply For Public Fire Protection - 2020

DSEL

Fire Flow Required

1. Base Requirement

 $F=220C\sqrt{A}$ L/min Where **F** is the fire flow, **C** is the Type of construction and **A** is the Total floor area

Type of Construction: Fire-Resistive Construction *Modified fire restistive per ISTB-2018-02 (non-

combustible construction, sprinkler system).

C 0.6 Type of Construction Coefficient per FUS Part II, Section 1

A 13114.0 m² Total floor area based on FUS Part II section 1

Fire Flow 15116.2 L/min

15000.0 L/min rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Adjustments

2. Reduction for Occupancy Type

Non-Combustible -25%

Fire Flow 11250.0 L/min

3. Reduction for Sprinkler Protection

Sprinklered - Supervised -50%

Reduction -5625 L/min

4. Increase for Separation Distance

C	ons. of Exposed Wall	S.D	Lw Ha	LH	EC	;	
N N	lon-Combustible	20.1m-30m	15	2	30	8%	
SN	lon-Combustible	10.1m-20m	25	4	100	15%	
ΕN	Ion-Combustible	20.1m-30m	27	5	135	10%	
WN	lon-Combustible	20.1m-30m	26	1	26	8%	
		% Increase				41%	value not to exceed 75%

Increase 4612.5 L/min

Lw = Length of the Exposed Wall

Ha = number of storeys of the adjacent structure. Max 5 stories

LH = Length-height factor of exposed wall. Value rounded up.

EC = Exposure Charge

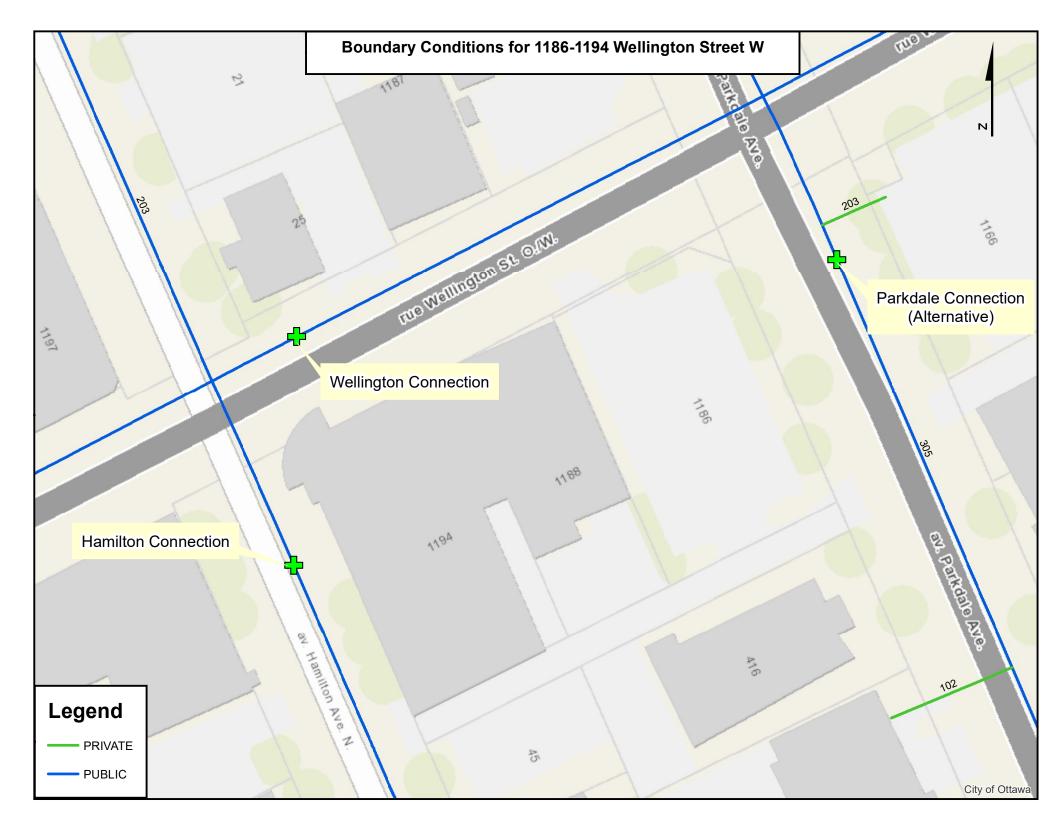
Total Fire Flow

Fire Flow	10237.5 L/min	fire flow not to exceed 45,000 L/min nor be less than 2,000 L/min per FUS Section
	10000.0 L/min	rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Notes:

-Calculations based on Fire Underwriters Survey - Part II

⁻Type of construction, Occupancy Type and Sprinkler Protection information provided Dialog



Alison Gosling

From: Wessel, Shawn <shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca>

Sent: June 9, 2021 9:57 AM

To: Alison Gosling

Subject: RE: 1186-1194 Wellington St W - Boundary condition request

Attachments: 1186-1194 Wellington St June 2021.pdf

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

EXTERNAL E-MAIL - Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender.

Good morning Alison.

Further to your request, please find water boundary conditions, below:

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at (zone 1W) assumed to be connected to the 305 mm on Wellington Street and the 203 mm on Hamilton Avenue OR the 305 mm on Parkdale Ave alternative connection (see attached PDF for location).

	305 mm on Wellington	203 mm on Hamilton	305 mm on Parkdale (Alternative)
Minimum HGL (m)	108.0	108.0	108.0
Maximum HGL (m)	114.5	114.5	114.5
Max Day + Fire Flow (183 L/s) (m)	109.5	106.7	109.5

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

If you require additional information or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact me anytime.

Thank you

Regards,

Shawn Wessel, A.Sc.T.,rcji **Project Manager - Infrastructure Approvals** Gestionnaire de projet – Approbation des demandes d'infrastructures

Development Review Central Branch | Direction de l'examen des projets d'aménagement, Centrale Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department | Direction générale de la planification de l'infrastructure et du développement économique City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa 110 Laurier Ave. W. | 110, avenue Laurier Ouest, Ottawa ON K1P 1J1 (613) 580 2424 Ext. | Poste 33017 Int. Mail Code | Code de Courrier Interne 01-14 shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca



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Please also note that, while my work hours may be affected by the current situation and am working from home, I still have access to email, video conferencing and telephone. Feel free to schedule video conferences and/or telephone calls, as necessary.

From: Alison Gosling < AGosling@dsel.ca>

Sent: June 09, 2021 9:19 AM

To: Wessel, Shawn <shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca>

Subject: RE: 1186-1194 Wellington St W - Boundary condition request

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Hi Shawn,

Just checking in on this request. Is it being processed by the water department?

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, P.Eng.

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

cell: (343) 542-9218 email: agosling@dsel.ca

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Please note that I will be working remotely given the current circumstances. Please send me an email should you wish to discuss over the phone and I will return your call as soon as possible.

From: Alison Gosling

Sent: June 2, 2021 4:21 PM

To: 'Wessel, Shawn' < shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca

Subject: 1186-1194 Wellington St W - Boundary condition request

Good afternoon Shawn,

We would like to request water boundary conditions for Wellington St W, Hamilton Ave, and Parkdale Ave using the following proposed development demands:

- 1. Location of Service / Street Number: 1186-1194 Wellington St W
- 2. Type of development and the amount of fire flow required for the proposed development:
 - The proposed development is mixed use residential/commercial. The full build-out proposes 240 residential units and approximately 1,330 m² of commercial/amenity space.
 - It is anticipated that the development will have a dual connection to the existing 203 mm diameter watermain within Hamilton Avenue and the 305 mm diameter watermain within Wellington St W, as shown by the attached map. At this time the water entry location has not been confirmed therefore, pressures within the 305 mm diameter Parkdale Ave watermain are also requested for comparison.
 - City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 has been used to calculate an estimated fire demand of 11,000
 L/min for the development. Refer to detailed calculations (attached) for further information.

3.

	L/min	L/s
Avg. Daily	86.3	1.44
Max Day	255.5	4.26
Peak Hour	384.2	6.40

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, P.Eng. Junior Project Manager

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

cell: (343) 542-9218 email: agosling@dsel.ca

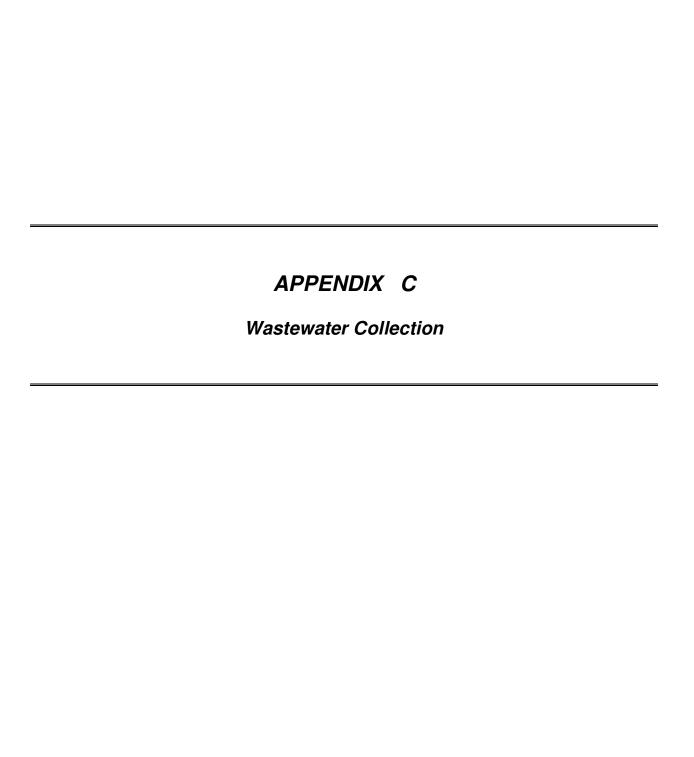
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Minto 1186-1194 Wellington St Proposed Site Conditions

Wastewater Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2004



Site Area	0.247 ha
-----------	-----------------

Extraneous Flow Allowances

Infiltration / Inflow (Dry)	0.01 L/s
Infiltration / Inflow (Wet)	0.07 L/s
Infiltration / Inflow (Total)	0.08 L/s

Domestic Contributions

Unit Type	Unit Rate	Units	Pop
Single Family	3.4		0
Semi-detached and duplex	2.7		0
Townhouse	2.7		0
Stacked Townhouse	2.3		0
Apartment			
Bachelor	1.4		0
1 Bedroom	1.4		0
2 Bedroom	2.1		0
3 Bedroom	3.1		0
Average	1.8	212	382

Total Pop 382

Average Domestic Flow 1.55 L/s

Peaking Factor 3.43

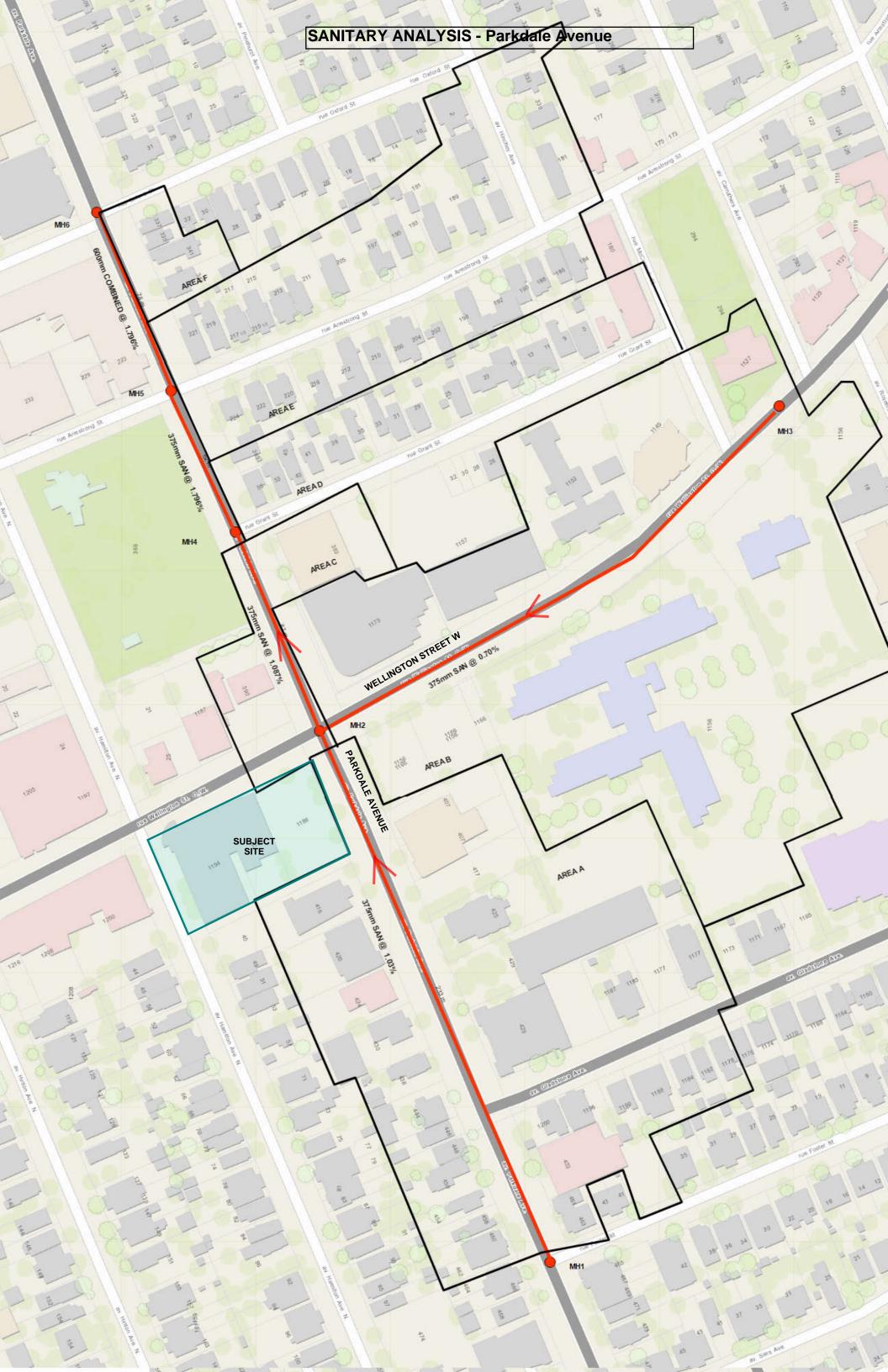
Peak Domestic Flow 5.30 L/s

Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Contributions

Property Type	Unit Rate	No. of Units	Avg Wastewater (L/s)
Commercial floor space	2.5 L/m ² /d	1,148	0.80

Average I/C/I Flow	0.80
Peak Institutional / Commercial Flow	0.80
Peak Industrial Flow**	0.00
Peak I/C/I Flow	0.80

Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate	2.36 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate	6.11 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate	6.18 L/s



1186-1194 Wellington St Proposed Site Conditions

PROJECT: Welldale Limited Partnership LOCATION: 1186-1194 Wellington Street W

FILE REF: **20-1188**

DATE: **23-Jun-21**

DESIGN PARAMETERS

Avg. Daily Flow Res. 280 L/p/d Peak Fact Res. Per Harmons: Min = 2.0, Max =4

Avg. Daily Flow Comr28,000L/ha/dPeak Fact. Comm.1.5Avg. Daily Flow Instit.28,000L/ha/dPeak Fact. Instit.1.5Avg. Daily Flow Indust35,000L/ha/dPeak Fact. Indust. per MOE graph

	Location					Residen	tial Area	ea and Population					Commercial Institut		ıtional Industrial		strial		, I	Infiltration	
Area ID	Up	Down	Area		Number of Units		Pop.	Cumu	lative	Peak.	Q _{res}	Area	Accu.	Area	Accu.	Area Accu	Accu.	Q _{C+I+I}	Total	Accu.	
					by t	уре			Area	Pop.	Fact.			Area		Area		Area		Area	Area
			(ha)	Singles	Semi's	Town's	Apt's		(ha)		(-)	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)
Area A	MH1	MH2	1.376	15			223	452.0	1.376	452.0	4.00	5.85		0.00	1.14	1.14		0.00	1.0	2.516	2.516
Area B	MH3	MH2	0.550				258	464.0	1.926	916.0	3.82	11.35	0.22	0.22	2.48	3.62		0.00	3.3	3.250	5.766
Area C	MH2	MH4	0.000					0.0	1.926	916.0	3.82	11.35	0.40	0.62		3.62		0.00	3.7	0.400	6.166
Area D& AREA E	MH4	MH5	2.240	51			6	184.0	4.166	1100.0	3.77	13.45	0.06	0.68		3.62		0.00	3.7	2.300	8.466
Area F	MH5	MH6	0.160	4				14.0	4.326	1114.0	3.77	13.61		0.68		3.62		0.00	3.7	0.160	8.626

.0 Infiltration / Inflow 0.33 L/s/ha

Min. Pipe Velocity

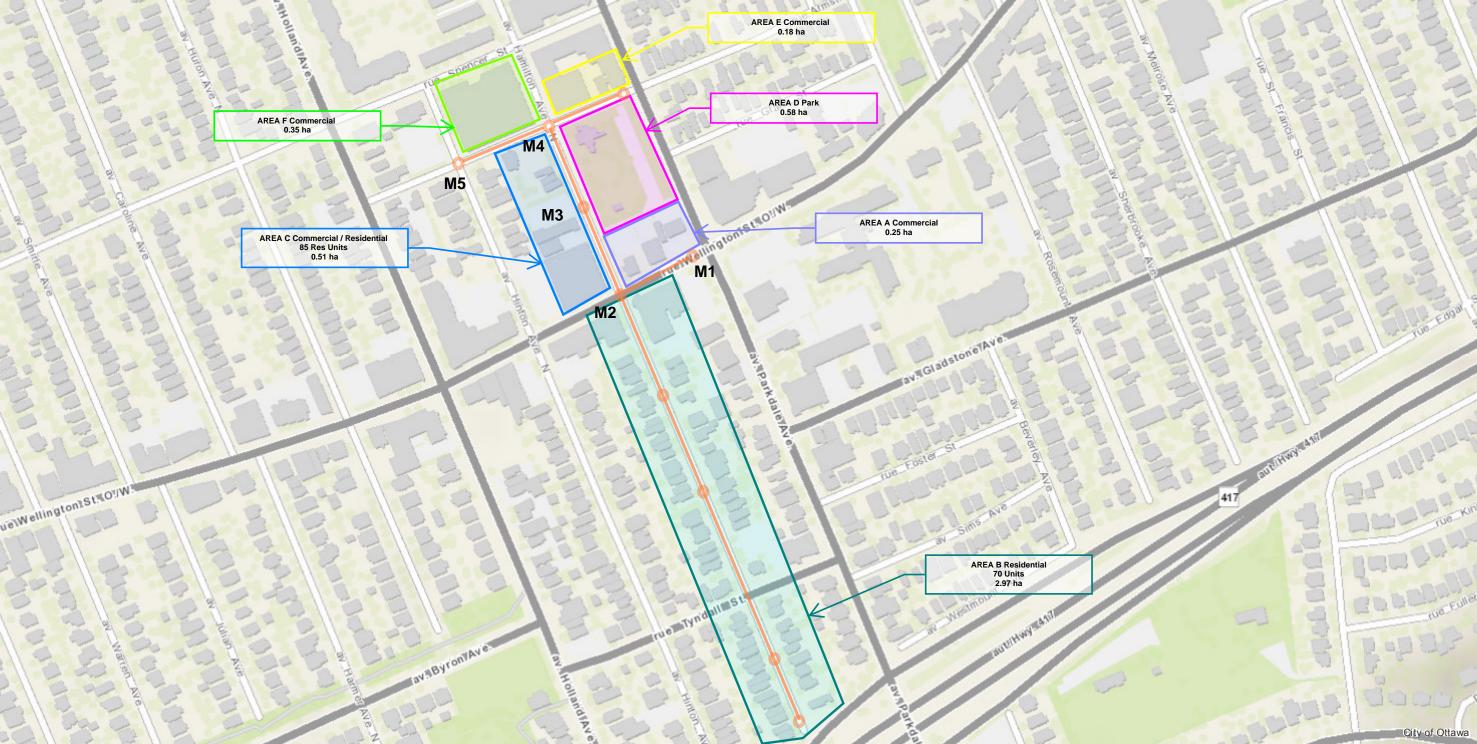
Max. Pipe Velocity

0.60 m/s full flowing
3.00 m/s full flowing

Mannings N 0.013



			Pipe Data										
Infiltration	Total	DIA	Slope	Length	A _{hydraulic}	R	Velocity	Q_{cap}	Q / Q full				
Flow	Flow												
(L/s)	(L/s)	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(m²)	(m)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(-)				
0.704	7.55	375	1.03	233.0	0.110	0.094	1.61	177.9	0.04				
1.614	16.30	375	0.70	228.0	0.110	0.094	1.32	146.3	0.11				
1.726	16.76	375	1.09	87.0	0.110	0.094	1.66	182.8	0.09				
2.370	19.55	375	1.80	62.0	0.110	0.094	2.13	235.0	0.08				
2.415	19.76	600	1.80	78.0	0.283	0.150	2.91	822.9	0.02				



1186-1194 Wellington St Proposed Site Conditions

PROJECT: Welldale Limited Partnership LOCATION: 1186-1194 Wellington Street W

FILE REF: **20-1188**

DATE: **23-Jun-21**

0.247

DESIGN PARAMETERS

Avg. Daily Flow Res. 280 L/p/d Peak Fact Res. Per Harmons: Min = 2.0, Max =4

Avg. Daily Flow Comr28,000L/ha/dPeak Fact. Comm.1.5Avg. Daily Flow Instit.28,000L/ha/dPeak Fact. Instit.1.5Avg. Daily Flow Indust35,000L/ha/dPeak Fact. Indust. per MOE graph

	Location					Resider	ntial Area an	d Pop	ulation				Comm	ercial	Institutional Inc		Indu	Industrial		Infiltration	
Area ID	Up	Down	Area	Number of Units Pop. Cumulative Peak. Q _{res} Area Accu. Area	Area	Accu.	Area	Accu.	u. Q _{C+I+I}	Total	Accu.										
					by type Are		Area	Pop.	Fact.			Area		Area		Area		Area	Area		
			(ha)	Singles	Semi's	Town's	Apt's		(ha)		(-)	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)
Area A	MH1	MH2						0.0	0.000	0.0	4.00	0.00	0.25	0.25		0.00		0.00	0.2	0.250	0.250
Area B	MH2	MH3	2.970	45	20	5		221.0	2.970	221.0	4.00	2.86		0.25		0.00		0.00	0.2	2.970	3.220
Area C & AREA D	МН3	MH4	0.510				85	153.0	3.480	374.0	4.00	4.85	0.58	0.83		0.00		0.00	0.7	1.090	4.310
AREA E & AREA F	MH4	MH5						0.0	3.480	374.0	4.00	4.85	0.35	1.18		0.00		0.00	1.0	0.350	4.660
																					1

.0 Infiltration / Inflow 0.33 L/s/ha

Min. Pipe Velocity

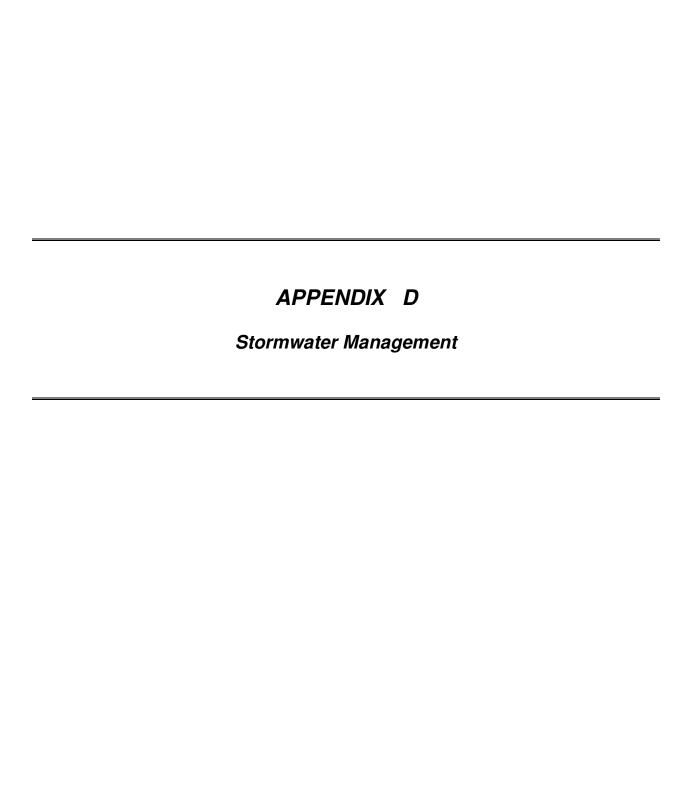
Max. Pipe Velocity

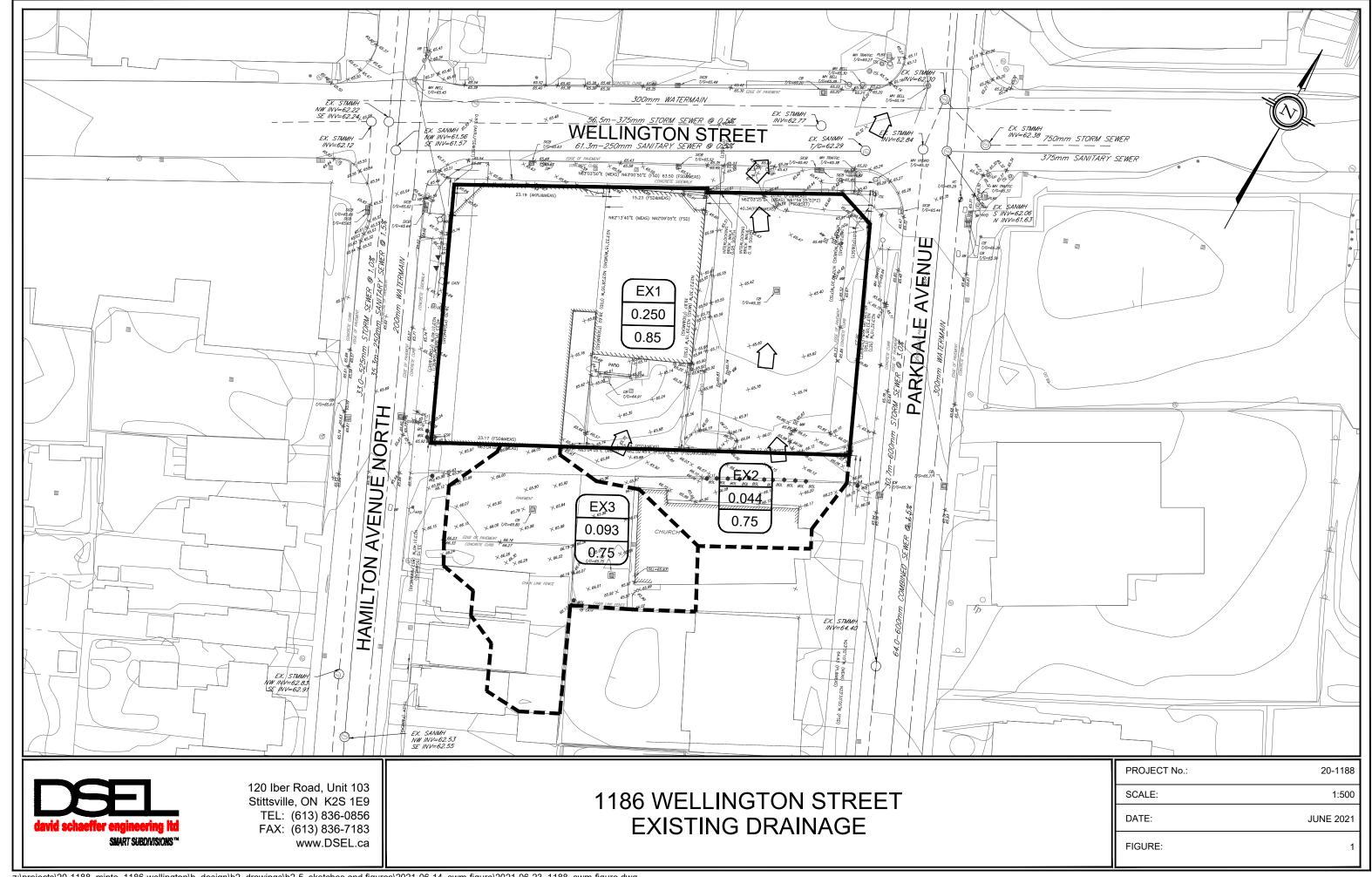
0.60 m/s full flowing
3.00 m/s full flowing

Mannings N 0.013



	Pipe Data											
Infiltration	Total	DIA	Slope	Length	A _{hydraulic}	R	Velocity	Q_{cap}	Q / Q full			
Flow	Flow											
(L/s)	(L/s)	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(m²)	(m)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(-)			
0.070	0.29	250	1.02	71.0	0.049	0.063	1.22	60.1	0.00			
0.902	3.98	250	1.12	84.0	0.049	0.063	1.28	62.9	0.06			
1.207	6.78	250	0.54	71.0	0.049	0.063	0.89	43.7	0.16			
1.305	7.18	300	1.50	62.0	0.071	0.075	1.68	118.4	0.06			





Minto 1186 Wellington Street Existing Conditions

Estimated Peak Stormwater Flow Rate City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Existing Drainage Charateristics From Internal Site

ID EX1

Area 0.250 ha

C 0.85 Rational Method runoff coefficient
L 39.5 m

Up Elev 66.1 m

Dn Elev 65.44 m

Slope 1.7 %

Tc 10.0 min

1) Time of Concentration per Federal Aviation Administration

$$t_c = \frac{1.8(1.1 - C)L^{0.5}}{S^{0.333}}$$

tc, in minutes

C, rational method coefficient, (-)

L, length in ft

S, average watershed slope in %

Estimated Peak Flow - Internal

	2-year	5-year	100-year	
i	76.8	104.2	178.6	mm/hr
Q	45.3	61.5	124.0	L/s

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Minto 1186 Wellington Street Existing Conditions

Estimated Peak Stormwater Flow Rate City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



ID EX2,
Area 0.044 ha
C 0.75 Rational Method runoff coefficient
L 18 m
Up Elev 66.1 m
Dn Elev 66.01 m
Slope 0.5 %
Tc 10.0 min

1) Time of Concentration per Federal Aviation Administration

$$t_c = \frac{1.8(1.1 - C)L^{0.5}}{S^{0.333}}$$

tc, in minutes

C, rational method coefficient, (-)

L, length in ft

S, average watershed slope in %

Estimated Peak Flow - External

	2-year	5-year	100-year
i	76.8	104.2	178.6 mm/hr
Q	7.0	9.6	20.5 L/s

DEEL

Existing Major System Drainage Charateristics From External Sil

ID EX3
Area 0.093 ha
C 0.75 Rational Method runoff coefficient
L 36 m
Up Elev 66.75 m
Dn Elev 65.92 m
Slope 2.3 %
Tc 10.0 min

1) Time of Concentration per Federal Aviation Administration

$$t_c = \frac{1.8(1.1 - C)L^{0.5}}{S^{0.333}}$$

tc, in minutes

C, rational method coefficient, (-)

L, length in ft

S, average watershed slope in %

Estimated Peak Flow

	2-year	5-year	100-year	
i	76.8	104.2	178.6	mm/hr
Q	14.9	20.2	43.2	L/s

Estimated External Major System Flow (100 year flow - 5year flow

Q 23.1 L/s

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Alex Tourigny

From: Wessel, Shawn <shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca>

Sent: May 11, 2022 1:55 PM

To: Alex Tourigny

Cc: Kevin A. Harper; Laurence Coulson

Subject: RE: Minto Communities 1186, 1188, 1194 Wellington West Site Plan Application - Civil

Inquiry

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Good afternoon, Alex.

We do not have any issue with a single connection, as proposed.

If you require additional information or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact me anytime.

Thank you

Regards,

Shawn Wessel, A.Sc.T.,rcji

Project Manager - Infrastructure Approvals

Gestionnaire de projet – Approbation des demandes d'infrastructures

Development Review Central Branch | Direction de l'examen des projets d'aménagement, Centrale Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department | Direction générale de la planification des biens immobiliers et du développement économique City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa 110 Laurier Ave. W. | 110, avenue Laurier Ouest, Ottawa ON K1P 1J1 (613) 580 2424 Ext. | Poste 33017 Int. Mail Code | Code de Courrier Interne 01-14 shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca



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From: Alex Tourigny <ATourigny@dsel.ca>

Sent: May 10, 2022 9:11 AM

To: Wessel, Shawn <shawn.wessel@ottawa.ca>

Cc: Kevin A. Harper < KHarper@minto.com>; Laurence Coulson < LCoulson@dsel.ca>

Subject: Minto Communities 1186, 1188, 1194 Wellington West Site Plan Application - Civil Inquiry

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Hi Shawn,

Minto Communities is proceeding with their site plan design for their 1186 Wellington project. We had submitted an Assessment of Adequacy of Public Services Report for the site in June 2021 in support of the application. For stormwater, the total release rate for the site was determined to be 26.7 L/s based on the City provided criteria of 2year release rate with a maximum C-value of 0.5 and minimum TC of 10 minutes. A site review has determined that there are portions of the site currently draining to Parkdale, and portions also draining to Wellington and Hamilton.

As we're using a very restrictive release rate and that the Parkdale, Wellington and Hamilton storm sewers are all tributary to the same system on Armstrong, we're going to be proposing a single connection on Wellington Street.

Please let us know if there are any objections to this approach. We'd like to confirm the outlets to allow building design to proceed and wrap up the civil component.

Thank you,

Alex Tourigny, P.Eng.

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

phone: (613) 836-0856 cell: (343) 542-8847 e-mail: atourigny@dsel.ca

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2

1186 Wellington Street Existing Conditions - Internal

Estimated Peak Stormwater Flow Rate City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Existing Drainage Charateristics From Internal Site

ID Existing Drainage

 Area
 0.277 ha

 C
 0.85 Rational Method runoff coefficient

 L
 39.5 m

 Up Elev
 66.1 m

 Dn Elev
 65.44 m

 Slope
 1.7 %

 Tc
 10.0 min

1) Time of Concentration per Federal Aviation Administration

$$t_c = \frac{1.8(1.1 - C)L^{0.5}}{S^{0.333}}$$

tc, in minutes

C, rational method coefficient, (-)

L, length in ft

S, average watershed slope in %

Estimated Peak Flow - Internal

	2-year	5-year	100-year	
i	76.8	104.2	178.6	mm/hr
Q	50.2	68.1	137.4	L/s

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Minto 1186 Wellington Street Existing Conditions - External

Estimated Peak Stormwater Flow Rate City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Existing Drainage Charateristics From External Site

ID EX1

Area 0.101 ha

C 0.75 Rational Method runoff coefficient

L 18 m

Up Elev 66.1 m

Dn Elev 66.01 m

Slope 0.5 %

Tc 10.0 min

1) Time of Concentration per Federal Aviation Administration

$$t_c = \frac{1.8(1.1 - C)L^{0.5}}{S^{0.333}}$$

tc, in minutes

C, rational method coefficient, (-)

L, length in ft

S, average watershed slope in %

Estimated Peak Flow - External

	2-year	5-year	100-year	
i	76.8	104.2	178.6	mm/hr
Q	16.2	21.9	47.0	L/s

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Minto 1186 Wellington Street Proposed Conditions

Stormwater - Proposed Development City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Target Flow Rate

Area 0.277 ha

C 0.50 Rational Method runoff coefficient

t_c 10.0 min

 i
 76.8
 104.2
 178.6 mm/hr

 controlled Q
 29.5
 29.5
 L/s

Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from Unattenuated Areas

Total Area

0.032 ha

C

0.85 Rational Method runoff coefficient

		5-year					100-year				
	t _c (min)	i (mm/hr)	Q _{actual} (L/s)	Q _{release} (L/s)	Q _{stored} (L/s)	V _{stored} (m ³)	i (mm/hr)	Q _{actual} * (L/s)	Q _{release} (L/s)	Q _{stored} (L/s)	V _{stored} (m ³)
ı	(111111)	(11111111111)	(E/3)	(E/3)	(1.3)	(111 /	(11111111111)	(1.3)	(E/3)	(2/3)	(111)
	10.0	104.2	7.9	7.9	0.0	0.0	178.6	15.9	15.9	0.0	0.0

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from Attenuated Areas

Total Area 0.245 ha

0.85 Rational Method runoff coefficient

ſ	5-year					100-year				
t _c	i	Q _{actual}	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}	ĺ	Q _{actual}	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m ³)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m ³)
10	104.2	60.3	6.8	53.5	32.1	178.6	121.5	13.7	107.8	64.7
15	83.6	48.3	6.8	41.5	37.4	142.9	97.2	13.7	83.6	75.2
20	70.3	40.6	6.8	33.8	40.6	120.0	81.6	13.7	68.0	81.5
25	60.9	35.2	6.8	28.4	42.6	103.8	70.7	13.7	57.0	85.5
30	53.9	31.2	6.8	24.4	43.9	91.9	62.5	13.7	48.8	87.9
35	48.5	28.1	6.8	21.2	44.6	82.6	56.2	13.7	42.5	89.3
40	44.2	25.6	6.8	18.7	44.9	75.1	51.1	13.7	37.5	89.9
45	40.6	23.5	6.8	16.7	45.0	69.1	47.0	13.7	33.3	90.0
50	37.7	21.8	6.8	14.9	44.8	64.0	43.5	13.7	29.8	89.5
55	35.1	20.3	6.8	13.5	44.4	59.6	40.6	13.7	26.9	88.8
60	32.9	19.1	6.9	12.2	43.9	55.9	38.0	13.7	24.4	87.7
65	31.0	18.0	6.9	11.1	43.3	52.6	35.8	13.7	22.2	86.4
70	29.4	17.0	6.9	10.1	42.6	49.8	33.9	13.7	20.2	84.9
75	27.9	16.1	6.9	9.3	41.7	47.3	32.2	13.7	18.5	83.2
80	26.6	15.4	6.9	8.5	40.8	45.0	30.6	13.7	16.9	81.3
85	25.4	14.7	6.9	7.8	39.8	43.0	29.2	13.7	15.6	79.3
90	24.3	14.1	6.9	7.2	38.8	41.1	28.0	13.7	14.3	77.2
95	23.3	13.5	6.9	6.6	37.7	39.4	26.8	13.7	13.2	75.0
100	22.4	13.0	6.9	6.1	36.5	37.9	25.8	13.7	12.1	72.7
105	21.6	12.5	6.9	5.6	35.3	36.5	24.8	13.7	11.2	70.3
110	20.8	12.0	6.9	5.2	34.1	35.2	24.0	13.7	10.3	67.9

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

 5-year Qattenuated
 6.84 L/s
 100-year Qattenuated
 13.68 L/s

 5-year Max. Storage Required
 45.0 m³
 100-year Max. Storage Required
 90.0 m³

Summary of Release Rates and Storage Volumes

Control Area	5-Year Release Rate (L/s)	5-Year Storage (m³)	100-Year Release Rate (L/s)	100-Year Storage (m³)	
Unattenuated Areas	7.9	0.0	15.9	0.0	
Attenutated Areas	6.8	45.0	13.7	90.0	
Total	14.7	45.0	29.5	90.0	

1186 Wellington Street Proposed Conditions

Stormwater - Proposed Development City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012 Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from A2



Total Area 0.018 ha

C 0.85 Rational Method runoff coefficient

		5-year					100-year				
	t _c	i	Q _{actual}	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}	i	Q _{actual} *	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}
-	(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)
ı	10.0	104.2	4.4	4.4	0.0	0.0	178.6	8.9	8.9	0.0	0.0

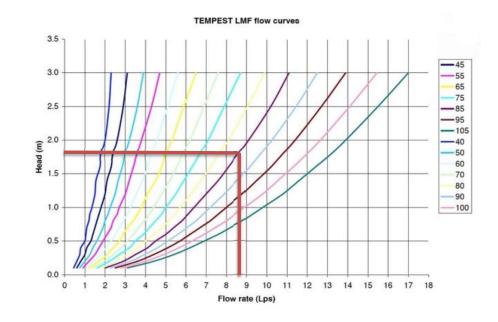
Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

ICD Sizing

CB 12
Top of Lid 65.83 m
Invert 64 m
Depth 1.83 m

Target Q 8.9 L/s
Design Q 8.7 L/s
Tempest LMF 85



1186 Wellington Street Proposed Conditions

Stormwater - Proposed Development City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012 Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from A3



Total Area 0.026 ha

C 0.85 Rational Method runoff coefficient

		5-year					100-year				
	t _c	i	Q actual	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V_{stored}	i	Q _{actual} *	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V_{stored}
-	(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)
	10.0	104.2	6.4	6.4	0.0	0.0	178.6	12.9	12.9	0.0	0.0

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

ICD Sizing

CB 12
Top of Lid 65.78 m
Invert 63.95 m
Depth 1.83 m

Target Q 12.9 L/s
Design Q 12.0 L/s
Tempest LMF 100

