



# Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report

## Riverside South School Rev 3

Brian Good and Solarium Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario



Prepared for



City of Ottawa  
Infrastructure Services and Community Sustainability  
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**Rev 3 SUBMISSION March 3, 2023**



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## **1 Introduction**

Jp2g Consultants Inc. was retained by PRTY Architects Inc. to complete a Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report suitable for the City of Ottawa Site Plan Control Application, for the Ottawa Catholic School Board development located at the southeast corner of Brian Good and Solarium Avenue intersection Ottawa, ON.

The site is approximately **2.74 ha** in size and is bound by Brian Good and Solarium Avenue on the east and south property limits respectively. The proposed development includes the construction of a new one-storey school with no basement, associated parking and landscaped areas, and future portables. The roof area of the main school building is approximately **4,721 m<sup>2</sup>**. 18 future portables are planned in the school's rear yard for expansion. Distributed over 6 rows, the site's services have been designed considering the layout of the future portables.

A Pre-Consultation meeting was held with City of Ottawa staff on July 25, 2022, to determine the project constraints and requirements. The following report details the site servicing & stormwater management calculations used for capacity, water quantity and quality control in accordance with the City of Ottawa's requirements.

### **1.1 Design Drawings**

The following reference civil design drawings are included.

- C1 – Site Servicing Plan
- C2 – Site Grading, Erosion and Sedimentation Control
- C3 – Details
- Figure 1 – Pre-Development Storm Drainage Areas
- Figure 2 – Post-Development Storm Drainage Areas
- Figure 3 – Fire Hydrant Coverage Area

### **1.2 Environmental Compliance Assessment**

Our understanding is an environmental compliance assessment for the subject site is not required. This site is exempt by the following Ontario Regulation 525/98, applicable as follows:

*“Subsections 53 (1) and (3) of the Act do not apply to the use, operation, establishment, alteration, extension or replacement of or a change in a storm water management facility that,*

- (a) is designed to service one lot or parcel of land;*
- (b) discharges into a storm sewer that is not a combined sewer;*
- (c) does not service industrial land or a structure located on industrial land; and*
- (d) is not located on industrial land. O. Reg. 525/98, s. 3; O. Reg. 40/15, s. 4.”*

### **1.3 Geotechnical Report**

In conjunction with this report, a geotechnical investigation and report was performed by exp. dated September 21, 2022. Existing soil conditions, grade raise restrictions, pipe bedding and pavement structure recommendations were considered in the preparation of this report and the design drawings.

## **2 Objective**

This study will outline the servicing requirements for the development and identify the impact of the development on the existing municipal services, including water, storm and sanitary.



The stormwater management plan is to control post-development peak flows to pre-determined levels, and detain onsite, stormwater up to and including the 100-year storm event with a 20% increase of rainfall intensity without affecting adjacent lands, and to provide clean runoff to minimize pollution of the downstream receiving watercourse.

### 3 Stormwater Management

#### 3.1 Pre-Development Conditions

The existing site is in an undeveloped parcel bounded by residential developments to the east, south, and west, and a park to the north. A **2400mm** storm sewer at **0.18%** slope is constructed by others on Solarium Avenue at the south side of the site.

#### 3.2 Allowable Release Rate

The stormwater management design criteria for this site are based on the IBI's storm drainage plan for design brief River's Edge at Riverside South - Phase 1 dated June 2020. According to the storm drainage plan see PDF page 143 for storm area drawing 501 of IBI report). A post-development allowable release rate of **Q<sub>allowable</sub> = 410 l/s** was determined, using a predevelopment runoff coefficient of 0.7, and the 2-year storm intensity, see attached [Appendix B](#).

#### 3.3 Post-Development Conditions

The proposed site development includes a new school building, future portables, asphalt parking, hard surface walkways and landscaped areas. Site storm drainage will be conveyed to the existing 2400mm dia. storm sewer on Solarium Avenue. The storm water will be managed to limit the 100-year post-development flow rate to the pre-allocated release rate identified in section 3.2.

The site development area is approximately 2.74 ha with a post-development average weighted run-off coefficient of **C = 0.40** and **C = 0.47** for the 5-year and 100-year storm events, respectively. Refer to calculations in [Appendix B](#). Stormwater management techniques are required to reduce peak flows from the area, given that post-development peak flows will exceed the pre-allocated allowable release rate of **410 l/s**.

There is an existing temporary swale conveying runoff from the rear property limit to the southwest corner, where an existing DICB conveys runoff to the existing 2400mm dia. storm sewer on Solarium, refer to [Appendix H](#), drawing 002 General Plan of Services. In post development conditions, the existing DICB will be modified to receive runoff from the proposed swale along the north and western property limits. Refer to drawing C1 – Site Services.

#### 3.4 Storm Sewer Pipe Design

Pipe diameter sizing was based on the **5-year** storm event, in accordance with City requirements. Under 5-year conditions, the storm sewers are not in surcharged conditions (i.e., flow/capacity <100%). In conjunction with the geotechnical investigation provided by exp. the recommended pipe bedding and cover should consist of minimum 300mm of OPSS Granular A compacted to a minimum of 98% SPMDD.

#### 3.5 Stormwater Quality Control

Based on the pre-consultation meeting and communication with the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority, no additional stormwater quality control is required for this site. We understand that the existing storm sewer system is treated downstream for quality control by the Riverside South Stormwater Management Ponds to an enhanced level of service (80% TSS removal).



### 3.6 Stormwater Quantity Control

Post-development peak flows will be controlled on the building's roof, in the proposed parking area and in the school yard by installing flow restrictors at the outlet of storm structures CB-1, CB-2, CB-3, and CBMH-3, limiting the outlet discharge for all structures as follows:

**Table 1: Allowable Release Rate Breakdown**

ID	Description	Flows	
		5-Year Event	100-Year Event
	Allowable Release Rate (Section 3.2)	<b>410 L/s</b>	<b>410 L/s</b>
1.1.1	Uncontrolled overland surface flow	<b>29.3 L/s</b>	<b>59.29 L/s</b>
1.1.2	Uncontrolled Network Flow	<b>81.4 L/s</b>	<b>155.4 L/s</b>
1.1.3	Controlled Network Allowable Release Rate	<b>299.3 L/s</b>	<b>195.3 L/s*</b>
1.1.4	Total Network Allowable Flow	<b>276.5 L/s</b>	<b>350.6 L/s</b>

\* Note: Must be controlled to net-allowable 100-year

**Table 2: Actual Release Rate Breakdown**

ID	Description	Flows	
		5-Year Event	100-Year Event
	Allowable Release Rate (Section 3.2)	<b>410 L/s</b>	<b>410 L/s</b>
1.2.1	Uncontrolled overland surface flow	<b>29.3 L/s</b>	<b>59.3 L/s</b>
1.2.2	Uncontrolled Network Flow	<b>81.4 L/s</b>	<b>155.4 L/s</b>
1.2.3	Controlled Network Release Rate	<b>193.9 L/s</b>	<b>193.9 L/s</b>
1.2.4	Summation of Released Flows	<b>304.3 L/s</b>	<b>408.6 L/s</b>

**Table 3: Controlled Flow Breakdown**

ID	Description	Controlled Flows	Head (m)	Surface Storage (m <sup>3</sup> )		
				5-Year Requirement	100-Year Requirement	100-Year +20% Requirement
	Net-allowable controlled release rate (Table 1)	<b>193.9</b>				
1.3.1	Building Roof	<b>39.69 L/s</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>146</b>	-
1.3.2	Parking Lot CB-4 and CBMH-3	<b>86.40 L/s</b>	<b>2.18</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>68</b>
1.3.3	Rear Yard CB-1	<b>33.0 L/s</b>	<b>1.10</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>31</b>
1.3.4	Rear Yard CB-2	<b>16.40 L/s</b>	<b>1.12</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>16</b>
1.3.5	Rear Yard CB-3	<b>18.40 L/s</b>	<b>1.16</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>17</b>



Site runoff is contributed from two components: uncontrolled watersheds releasing directly off the site overland, and the storm sewer network releasing flows into the 2400mm dia. On Solarium Avenue. The storm system comprises of controlled watersheds with ICDs at the inlet of catch basins, and two uncontrolled watersheds at CBMH-2 and CBMH-1. To meet the site's allowable release rate, the controlled watershed flows were restricted to the stringent requirement, 195.3 L/s, as shown in table 1. Storage requirements for the 5 year, 100 year, and 100+20% for the controlled flow catchments are shown in table 3. Provided surface storage for each controlled catchment area can be seen in [Appendix A – Figure 2 Post Development Plan](#).

The maximum ponding depth in parking lots will be less than 350mm for the 100-year + 20% event. The maximum ponding limits generated from the ICD's are indicated on drawing [C2 – Grading Plan](#). In the event the capacity of this system is exceeded, emergency runoff will overflow onto Solarium Avenue from the parking lot entrance as shown on drawing [C2](#).

Flow will be detained on the school roof by installing parabolic weirs, (Watts Drainage Adjustable Flow Control for Roof Drains, or equivalent approved product), at the 21 proposed roof drains. Refer to [Appendix F Product data sheets](#). Each Accutrol Weir slot is designed to control flow to 5 gpm per inch of head, up to a maximum of 30 gpm at 6" of head. Using a large sump roof drain with one slot, the total flow per roof drain will be 30 gpm at 6" of head ([1.89 L/s at 150mm](#)). Therefore, for the 21 proposed roof drains, and with scuppers at 150mm above the roof drains, the total flow from the roof drains will be [39.69 L/s](#).

## 4 Sanitary Servicing

A new **200mm** sanitary sewer will connect to the existing **200mm** sanitary sewer on Solarium Avenue. Sanitary sewers at 1.0% slope will convey the sanitary flows through the site, where a 5.6% last segment of sewer will connect the school's sanitary system to the existing sanitary manhole **MH505A** on Solarium Avenue. Refer to drawing [C1 – Site Servicing Plan](#).

Peak sanitary flow for the site is calculated to be **2.24 L/s**. From IBI's sanitary sewer design sheet, the 200mm PVC sanitary sewer from **MH505A** to **MH506A** has a total capacity of 20.24 L/s, and an available capacity of **14.51 L/s**. Additionally, the 300mm PVC sanitary sewer from **MH506A** to **MH507A** has a total capacity of **45.12 L/s** and an available capacity of **31.66 L/s**. Thus, the additional 2.24 L/s peak flow from the school site are within the available capacity of the receiving sanitary sewers on Solarium Avenue. Refer to the Sanitary Capacity Sheet within the Design Brief, Rivers Edge Phase 1 Riverside South Community seen in [Appendix H Subdivision Documents](#)

The sanitary demand was calculated based on the *City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines 2012* and *Technical Bulletins 2018*. Refer to [Appendix C](#) for full calculations.

## 5 Water

The school facility requires more than  $50 \text{ m}^3$  per day, therefore twining of the water connection is proposed from the existing 300mm watermain on Brian Good Avenue to supply the building and the future private fire hydrant on site.

### 5.1 Domestic Water Demand

The water demand for the new school is calculated based on Table 4.2 of the *City of Ottawa Design Guidelines for Water Distribution*.

#### **Design Criteria:**

The total population for the subject school is 1024 persons, including all students and staff in the main building and portables.

- Average daily demand for schools = 70 l/student/day
- Maximum school occupancy = 1,024 persons (staff and students)
- Maximum Day Factor (Institutional) = 1.5
- Maximum Hour Factor (Institutional) = 1.8

Average Daily Demand:  $\frac{70 \text{ l/student/day} \times 1024 \text{ population}}{24 \text{ hrs/day} \times 3600 \text{ s/hr}} = 0.83 \text{ l/s (71.68 m}^3 \text{ per day)}$

Maximum Daily Demand:  $0.83 \text{ l/s} \times 1.5 = 1.25 \text{ l/s}$   
 Maximum Hour Demand:  $1.25 \text{ l/s} \times 1.8 = 2.25 \text{ l/s}$

## 5.2 Fire Flow Demand

There are four (4) fire hydrants along the frontage of the property and a proposed future private fire hydrant which will provide fire protection to the site (building and future portables). Two (2) along Solarium Avenue and another two (2) along Brian Good Avenue. Considering the new building with an automatic sprinkler system, and the future portable stacks in the rear yard of the school, the fire flow demand for the new school is calculated to be:

Fire Flow Demand: **100.0 l/s** (Refer to Appendix D – Fire Flow Calculations, based on FUS Method 2020).

Based on the aggregate flow between the 3 fire hydrants along the Solarium and Brian Good Avenue, and the proposed private fire hydrant, the fire flow will be sufficiently met. The 3 fire hydrants in the municipal right-of-way contribute a fire flow of 189 L/s based on a class AA fire hydrant at a separation distance of between 75m to 150m. In addition, 42.5 psi is available at the private fire hydrant based on the pressure check conducted with the boundary conditions, refer to [Appendix G](#). Based on Appendix I, table 1 of the City of Ottawa design guidelines, the private fire hydrant of class AA will supply an additional 5,700 l/min (95 L/s) of fire flow, resulting in an aggregate contribution of 284 l/s exceeding the 100.0 l/s requirements.

The above water demand calculation requirements were provided to the City of Ottawa for the hydraulic analysis of the boundary conditions at the proposed school location. The following boundary conditions included in Appendix G were returned:

### Connection 1 – Brian Good Ave.

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure <sup>1</sup> (psi)
Maximum HGL	146.8	77.4
Peak Hour	143.7	73.0
Max Day plus Fire 1	144.3	73.9

Ground Elevation = 92.2 m

Pressure checks within the system were conducted at the municipal connection, at the building connection for the max hour, and max day + fire demand, as well as at the private hydrant for the max day + fire flow demand using the above boundary conditions. Full results can be seen in Appendix D.

Pressure at the municipal connection on Brian Good was found to be **504.91kPa**. Under max hour demand, the pressure at the building connection was found to be **500.5kPa**. Under Max day + fire demand, the pressure at the building connection was found to be **465.2kPa**. Additionally, at the fire hydrant under maximum day + fire demand, the pressure was found to be **292.87kPa**. All the system's operating pressures were found to be within the ranges required by the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines. Detailed results and operating pressures can be seen in [Appendix G Boundary Conditions](#).



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## **Appendix A - Drawings and Figures**



OTTAWA  
CATHOLIC  
SCHOOL BOARD

Jp2g Consultants Inc.  
ENGINEERS • PLANNERS • PROJECT MANAGERS

1150 Morrison Drive, Suite 410, Ottawa, ONT.

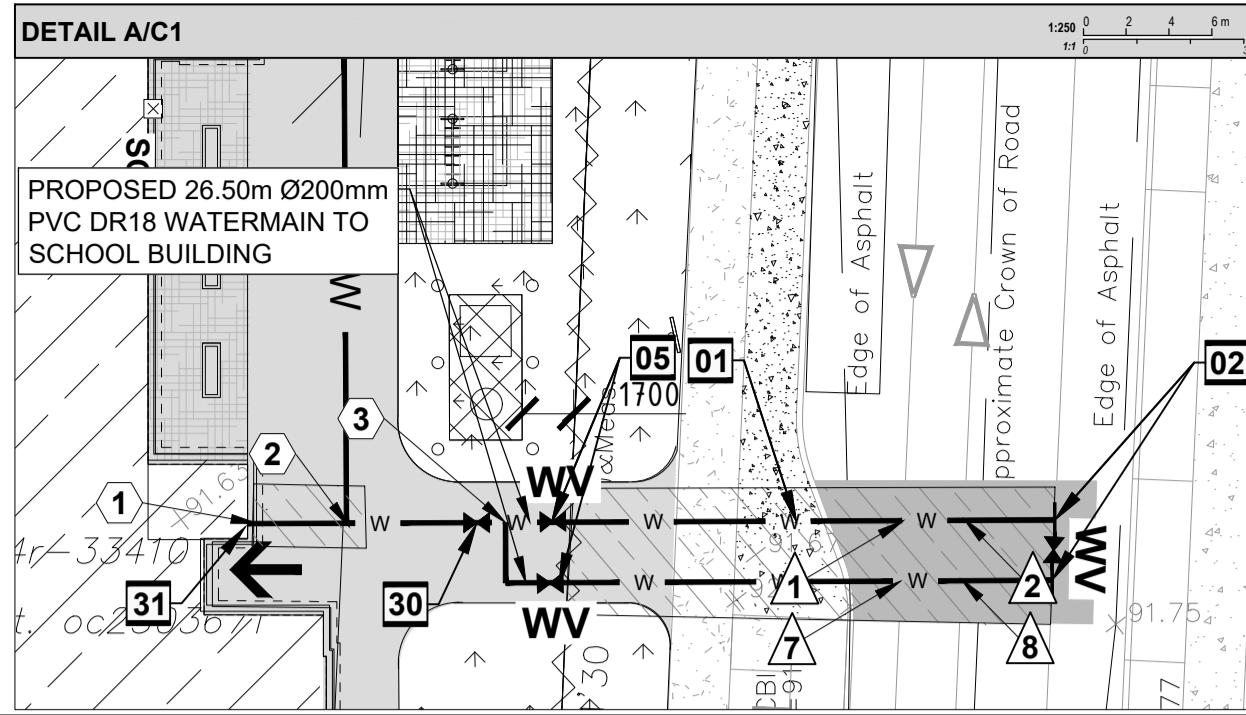
Phone: (613) 828-7800 Fax: (613) 828-2600

Jp2g No.: 20-1055D



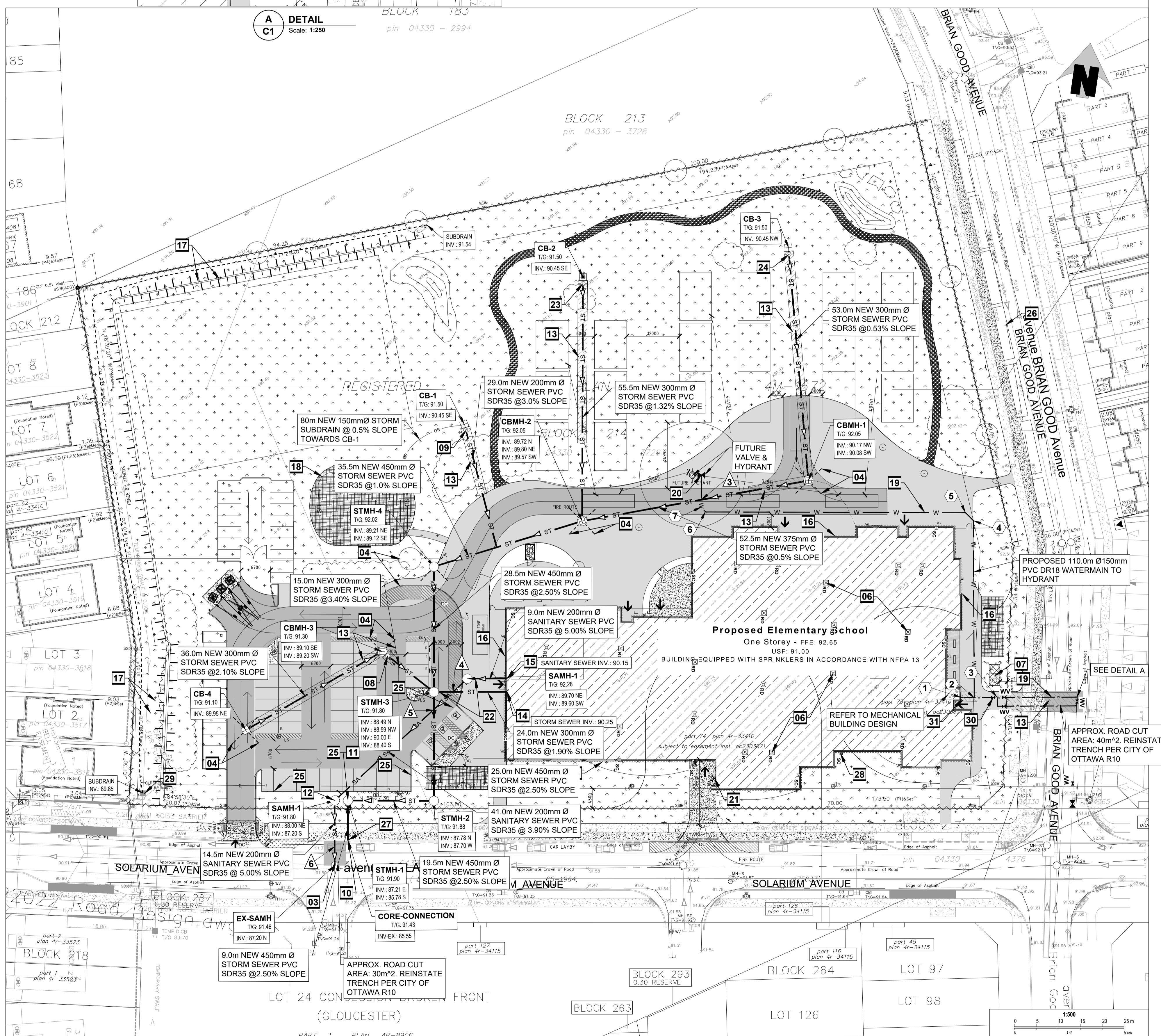
LEGEND	
— - - - -	PROPERTY LINE
/ \ / \ / \ /	EXISTING BUILDING
— D —	DEPRESSED CURB
— I — I — I —	BREAK OF SLOPE - NEW
— O — O —	NEW FENCE
— SA — SA —	EXISTING SANITARY SEWER
— ST — ST —	EXISTING STORM SEWER
— W — W —	EXISTING WATERMAIN
— SA — SA —	NEW SANITARY SEWER
— ST — ST —	NEW STORM SEWER
— W — W —	NEW WATERMAIN
— S — S —	NEW SILT FENCE
— S — — — —	SWALE
— B — — — —	BERM
— N — — — —	NEW LIGHT DUTY ASPHALT
— H — — — —	NEW HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT
— C — — — —	NEW CONCRETE SIDEWALK
— G — — — —	NEW GRASS
— R — — — —	NEW REINFORCED GRASS
— I — — — —	NEW INSULATION
— M — — — —	MILLING & OVERLAY 50mm THICK HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT AS PER CITY SPEC'S
— G — — — —	NEW GRAVEL
— M — — — —	NEW MULCH
SEE SHEET NUMBER "C3"	
SEE SHEET NUMBER "C3"	
EX-CB	EXISTING CATCHBASIN
EX-MH	EXISTING MANHOLES
CB-#	NEW CATCHBASIN
CBMH-#	NEW CATCHBASIN MANHOLE
SAMH-#	NEW SANITARY MANHOLE
STMH-#	NEW STORM MANHOLE
WV	NEW WATER VALVE
RD	NEW INLET CONTROL DEVICE
SC	NEW ROOF DRAIN
SE	NEW SCUPPER
▼	SEWER FLOW DIRECTION
►	BUILDING ENTRANCE
●	FIRE HYDRANT
▲	SEWER CAP
○	NEW SIAMESE CONNECTION

LEGEND CONTINUED	
— - - - -	NEW SUBDRAIN
— - - - -	NEW GRAVEL PATH
— - - - -	NEW LANDSCAPING BERM



**GENERAL NOTES**

- DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION IS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MOST RECENT ONTARIO BUILDING CODE.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CHECKING AND VERIFYING ALL DIMENSIONS WITH RESPECT TO SITE CONDITIONS AND ALL MATERIALS TO THE PROJECT. ANY DISCREPANCY SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER.
- THIS DRAWING IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL MATERIAL RELEVANT TO THE PROJECT.
- ADDITIONAL DRAWINGS MAY BE ISSUED FOR CLARIFICATION TO ASSIST PROPER EXECUTION OF WORK. SUCH DRAWINGS WILL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AND INTENT AS IF THEY WERE INCLUDED WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- CONTRACTOR MUST COMPLY WITH LOCAL BY-LAWS, ONTARIO OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT AND ALL REGULATIONS SET BY AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION. CASE OF CONFLICT OR DISCREPANCY, THE MORE STRINGENT REQUIREMENTS SHALL APPLY.
- CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL REQUIRED UTILITY LOCATES, DAYLIGHTING, INSPECTIONS, PERMITS, AND APPROVALS, INCLUDING ALL ASSOCIATED COSTS. LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY AND BASED ON BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION.



6	ISSUED FOR SITE PLAN CONTROL REV-3	2023-03-03
5	ISSUED FOR TENDER	2023-03-01
4	ISSUED FOR SITE PLAN CONTROL REV-2	2023-01-11
3	ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT	2022-12-14
2	ISSUED FOR 85% REVIEW	2022-10-20
1	ISSUED FOR SITE PLAN CONTROL REV-1	2022-10-10
No.	Description	YYYY-MM-DD



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Project

**OCSB Riverside South  
Elementary School**

Solarium & Brian Good, Ottawa, Ontario

Drawing Title

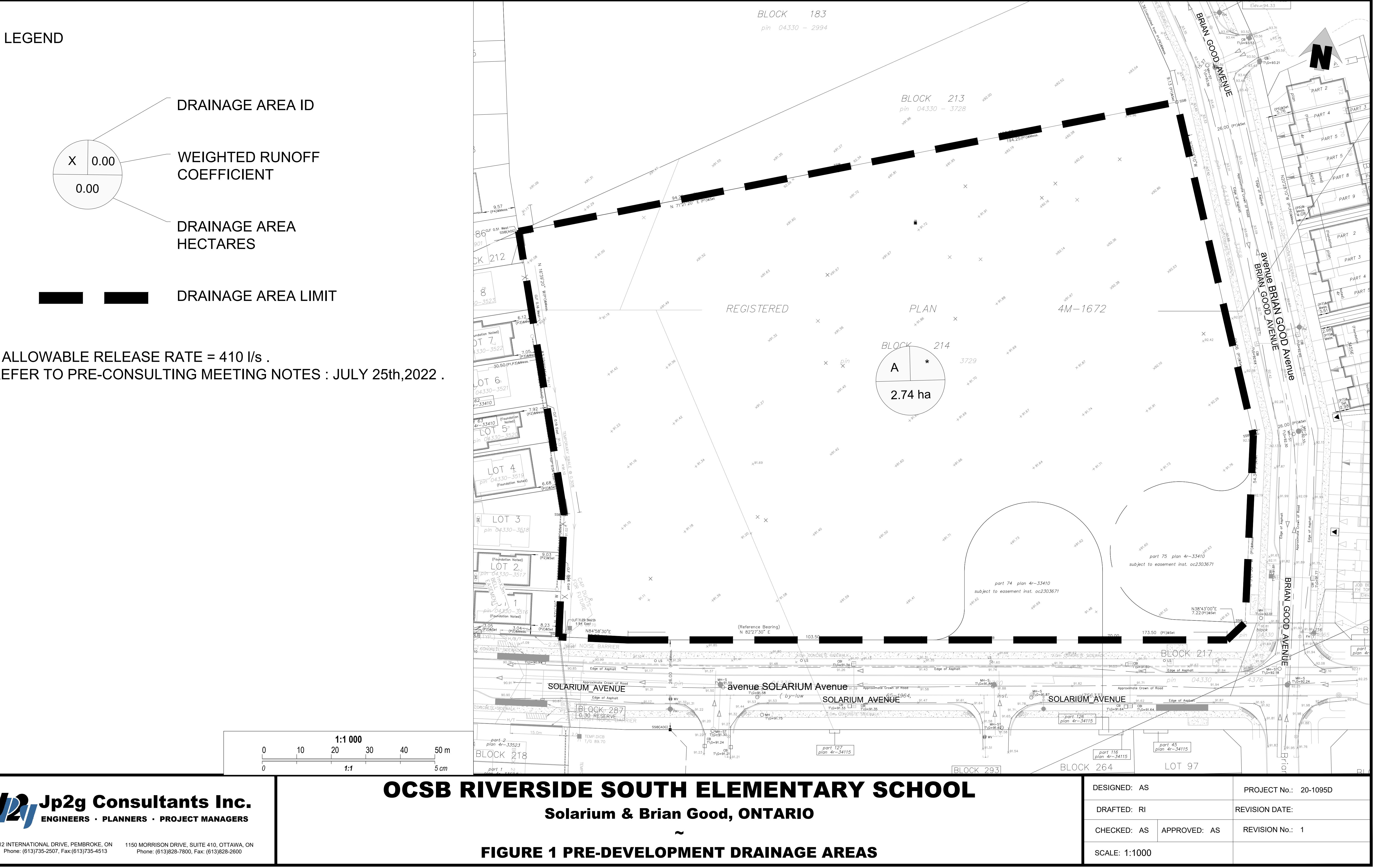
Do not scale. Refer any dimensional errors and/or possible trade interference/conflict to the architect(s) for clarification prior to commencement of the work. The conditions of the contract apply.	
Project No.	
Scale	As shown
Drawn By	R.I.
Checked	A.S.
Date	
Revision No.	

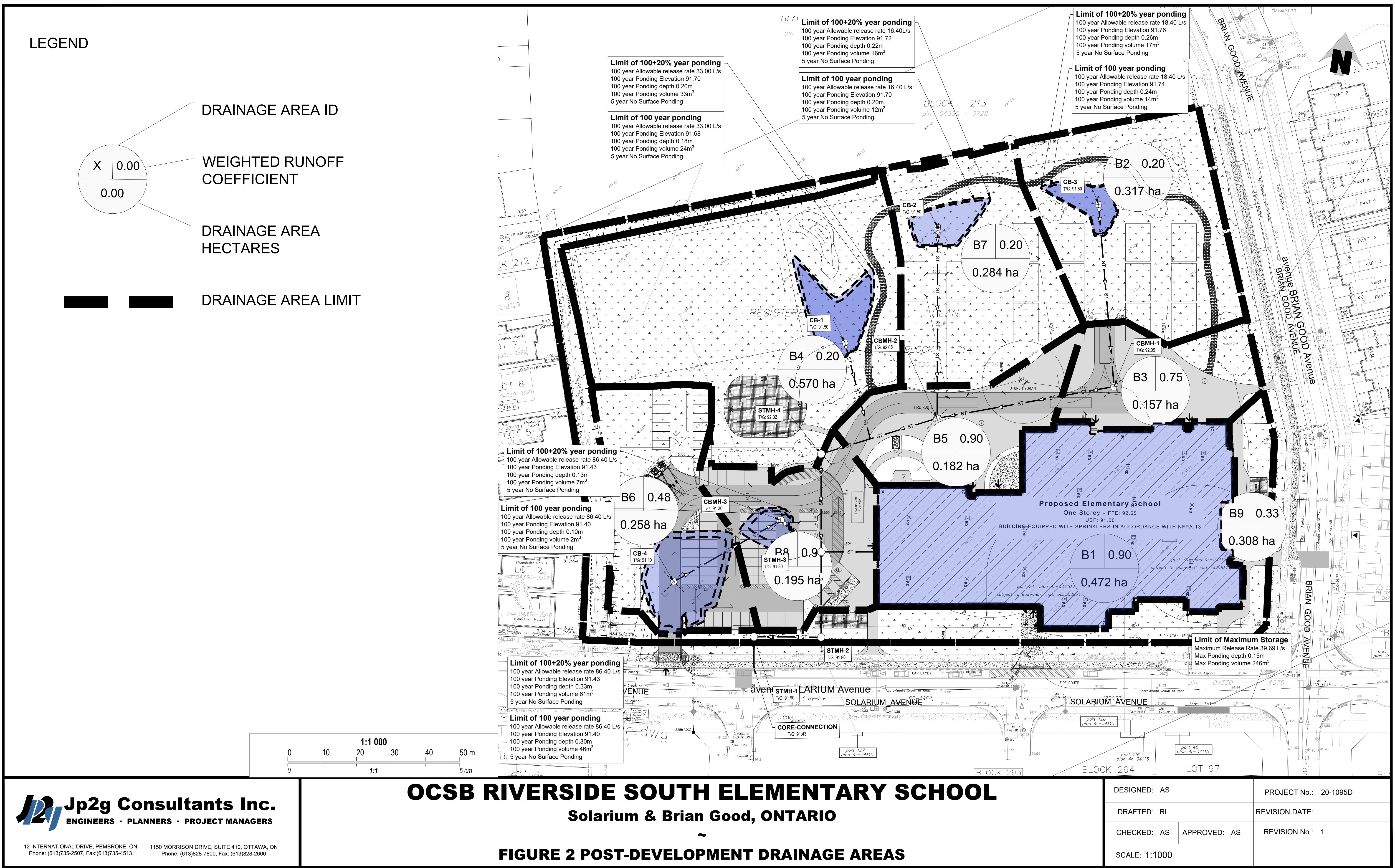
**C1**

Plan No. 18837









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## OCSB RIVERSIDE SOUTH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Solarium & Brian Good, ONTARIO

FIGURE 3 FIRE HYDRANT COVERAGE AREA

DESIGNED: AS	PROJECT No.: 20-1095D
DRAFTED: RI	REVISION DATE:
CHECKED: AS	APPROVED: AS
SCALE: 1:1000	REVISION No.: 1



## **Appendix B - Stormwater Management Calculations**

## Appendix B - Storm Sewer Design Sheet

### B.1.1 - Allowable release rate

ID	Description	Type	Areas (m <sup>2</sup> )		Total (m <sup>2</sup> )	C <sub>pre-2-yr</sub>
			C <sub>0.90</sub>	C <sub>0.20</sub>		
A	Property Grounds	uncontrolled	0	27422	27422	0.7
			0	27422	27422	

\*including 25% increase as per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines

Using the data for the site from the preconsultation meeting notes

The maximum allowable release rate allocated for this site is:

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{\text{allowable (2-year)}} &= 410 & \text{l/s} & & (\text{Provided in pre-consultation notes}) \\ \text{Total Area, A} &= 2.74 & \text{ha} & & \end{aligned}$$

Estimated time of concentration, t<sub>c</sub> =

10.0 minutes

\*\*\*As per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (Section 5.4.5.2)

Based on Ottawa IDF curve, i<sub>2-years</sub> =

732.951 / (t<sub>c</sub>+6.199)<sup>0.810</sup>

76.8 mm/hr

### B.1.2 - Post-development release rate

ID	Description	Type	Areas (m <sup>2</sup> )		Total (m <sup>2</sup> )	C <sub>post-5-yr</sub>	C <sub>post-100-yr</sub> *
			C <sub>0.90</sub>	C <sub>0.20</sub>			
B1	New School Building Roof	controlled	4721	0	4721	0.90	1.00
B6	CB-4 catchment	controlled	1016	1566	2582	0.48	0.55
B8	CBMH-3 Catchment	controlled	1949	0	1949	0.90	1.00
B4	CB-1 Catchment	controlled	0	5700	5700	0.20	0.25
B5	CBMH-2 catchment	uncontrolled	1820	0	1820	0.90	1.00
B7	CB-2 catchment	controlled	0	2836	2836	0.20	0.25
B3	CBMH-1 catchment	uncontrolled	1226	343	1569	0.75	0.84
B2	CB-3 catchment	controlled	0	3165	3165	0.20	0.25
B9	Overland fronts	uncontrolled	566	2515	3081	0.33	0.39
			11297	16125	27422	0.40	0.47

\*including 25% increase as per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines

Calculations for post-development runoff coefficient

$$C_{\text{post-5-yr}} = (\text{Column A} * 0.9 + \text{column B} * 0.2) / \text{column C}$$

$$C_{\text{post-100-yr}} = (\text{Column A} * 1.0 + \text{column B} * 0.2 * 1.25) / \text{column C}$$

Note: 0.90 x 1.25 = 1.125, use max. 1.0

Calculations for average weighted runoff coefficient

$$C_{\text{post-5-yr}} = 0.40$$

$$C_{\text{post-100-yr}} = 0.47$$

Estimated time of concentration, t<sub>c</sub> =

10.0 minutes

\*\*\*As per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (Section 5.4.5.2)

Based on Ottawa IDF curve, i<sub>5-years</sub> =

998.071 / (t<sub>c</sub>+6.053)<sup>0.814</sup>

104.2 mm/hr

Based on Ottawa IDF curve, i<sub>100-years</sub> =

1735.688 / (t<sub>c</sub>+6.014)<sup>0.820</sup>

178.6 mm hr

#### B.1.2.1a - Uncontrolled Overland Surface Flow

Uncontrolled area, Overland Fronts	0.308	ha
5-year Runoff coefficient, 5-yr-uncontrolled	0.33	
100-year Runoff coefficient, 100-yr-uncontrolled	0.39	

Uncontrolled overland surface Release Rate 5-year	29.3	l/s	A
Uncontrolled overland surface Release Rate 100-year	59.3	l/s	B

#### B.1.2.1b - Uncontrolled Network Flow

B3 Uncontrolled CBMH-1	0.157	ha
5-year Runoff coefficient, 5-yr-uncontrolled	0.75	
100-year Runoff coefficient, 100-yr-uncontrolled	0.84	

Uncontrolled overland surface Release Rate 5-year	33.9	l/s	C
Uncontrolled overland surface Release Rate 100-year	65.1	l/s	D

B5 Uncontrolled CBMH-2	<b>0.182</b>	ha		
5-year Runoff coefficient, 5-yr-uncontrolled	<b>0.90</b>			
100-year Runoff coefficient, 100-yr-uncontrolled	<b>1.00</b>			
Uncontrolled overland surface Release Rate 5-year	<b>47.4</b>	l/s	<b>E</b>	
Uncontrolled overland surface Release Rate 100-year	<b>90.3</b>	l/s	<b>F</b>	
Total uncontrolled Network Flow 5-year	<b>81.4</b>	l/s	<b>C+E</b>	
Total uncontrolled Network Flow 100-year	<b>155.4</b>	l/s	<b>D+F</b>	
<b><u>B.1.2.2 - Allowable release rate for Controlled network flow</u></b>				
Total uncontrolled flow ( surface + network) 5 year	<b>110.7</b>	l/s	<b>A+C+E</b>	
Total uncontrolled flow ( surface + network) 100 year	<b>214.7</b>		<b>B+D+F</b>	
$Q_{\text{net-allowable 5-year}} =$	<b>299.2</b>	l/s		
$*Q_{\text{net-allowable 100-year}} =$	<b>195.1</b>	l/s		<b>G : Must be controlled to net-allowable 100-year</b>
Accordingly, the allowable uncontrolled ( 5 year) + controlled flow in network is	<b>276.5</b>	l/s	<b>G+C+E</b>	(see storm sewer design sheet)
Accordingly, the allowable uncontrolled ( 100 year) + controlled flow in network is	<b>350.6</b>			

### B.1.3 - Post-development onsite storage

#### B.1.3.1 - Estimated detention Roof B1

Area	<b>0.472</b>	ha
5-year Runoff coefficient	<b>0.90</b>	
100-year Runoff coefficient	<b>1.00</b>	
Roof Drains	<b>39.69</b>	l/s

21 roof drains at 30 GPM at 6" head, each drain = 1.89 l/s at 150mm head (scuppers level)

Table 1.3.1a - 5-year estimated detention Building Roof

Time (minutes)	$i_{5\text{-years}}$ (mm/hr)	$Q_{\text{actual}}$ (l/s)	$Q_{\text{allowable}}$ (l/s)	$Q_{\text{stored}}$ (l/s)	$V_{\text{stored}}$ (m <sup>3</sup> )
10	104.2	123.1	39.7	83.4	50.0
15	83.6	98.7	39.7	59.0	53.1
20	70.3	83.0	39.7	43.3	51.9
25	60.9	71.9	39.7	32.2	48.4
30	53.9	63.7	39.7	24.0	43.2
35	48.5	57.3	39.7	17.6	37.0
40	44.2	52.2	39.7	12.5	30.0
45	40.6	48.0	39.7	8.3	22.4
50	37.7	44.5	39.7	4.8	14.4
55	35.1	41.5	39.7	1.8	5.9
60	32.9	38.9	39.7	-0.8	-2.8
Therefore	<b>53</b>	m <sup>3</sup>	estimated roof detention		

Table 1.3.1b - 100-year estimated detention Building Roof

Time (min)	$i_{100\text{-years}}$ (mm/hr)	$Q_{\text{actual}}$ (l/s)	$Q_{\text{allowable}}$ (l/s)	$Q_{\text{stored}}$ (l/s)	$V_{\text{stored}}$ (m <sup>3</sup> )
10	178.6	234.3	39.7	194.7	116.8
15	142.9	187.5	39.7	147.8	133.1
20	120.0	157.4	39.7	117.7	141.3
25	103.8	136.3	39.7	96.6	144.9
peak $V_{\text{stored}}$ →	30	91.9	120.6	39.7	80.9
	35	82.6	108.4	39.7	68.7
	40	75.1	98.6	39.7	58.9
	45	69.1	90.6	39.7	50.9
	50	64.0	83.9	39.7	44.2
	55	59.6	78.3	39.7	38.6
	60	55.9	73.4	39.7	33.7
Therefore	<b>146</b>	m <sup>3</sup>	estimated yard detention		

#### B.1.3.2 - Estimated detention CB-4 +CBMH-3 (surface Storage) B6+B8 Parking Lot

Area	<b>0.453</b>	ha
5-year Runoff coefficient	<b>0.66</b>	
100-year Runoff coefficient	<b>0.74</b>	
Install flow control downstream in CBMH-3	<b>86.40</b>	l/s

Table 1.3.2a - 5-year estimated detention in Parking and West School Yard

Time (minutes)	$i_{5\text{-years}}$ (mm/hr)	$Q_{\text{actual}}$ (l/s)	$Q_{\text{allowable}}$ (l/s)	$Q_{\text{stored}}$ (l/s)	$V_{\text{stored}}$ (m <sup>3</sup> )
peak $V_{\text{stored}}$ →	10	104.2	86.4	86.4	0.0
	15	83.6	69.3	86.4	-17.1
	20	70.3	58.2	86.4	-28.2
	25	60.9	50.5	86.4	-35.9
	30	53.9	44.7	86.4	-41.7
	35	48.5	40.2	86.4	-46.2
	40	44.2	36.6	86.4	-49.8
	45	40.6	33.7	86.4	-52.7
	50	37.7	31.2	86.4	-55.2
	55	35.1	29.1	86.4	-57.3
	60	32.9	27.3	86.4	-59.1

Therefore **0** m<sup>3</sup> estimated yard detention

**Table 1.3.2b - 100-year estimated detention in Parking and West School Yard**

<i>peak V<sub>stored</sub></i> →	Time (min)	i <sub>100-years</sub> (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> )
	10	178.6	166.6	86.4	80.2	48.1
	15	142.9	133.3	86.4	46.9	42.2
	20	120.0	111.9	86.4	25.5	30.6
	25	103.8	96.9	86.4	10.5	15.7
	30	91.9	85.7	86.4	-0.7	-1.2
	35	82.6	77.0	86.4	-9.4	-19.6
	40	75.1	70.1	86.4	-16.3	-39.1
	45	69.1	64.4	86.4	-22.0	-59.3
	50	64.0	59.7	86.4	-26.7	-80.2
	55	59.6	55.6	86.4	-30.8	-101.5
	60	55.9	52.2	86.4	-34.2	-123.3

Therefore **48** m<sup>3</sup> estimated yard detention**Table 1.3.2b - 100-year (+ 20%) estimated detention in Parking and West School Yard (surface Storage)**

<i>peak V<sub>stored</sub></i> →	Time (min)	i <sub>100-years</sub> × 120% (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> )
	10	214.3	199.9	86.4	113.5	68.1
	15	171.5	160.0	86.4	73.6	66.2
	20	143.9	134.3	86.4	47.9	57.5
	25	124.6	116.3	86.4	29.9	44.8
	30	110.2	102.9	86.4	16.5	29.6
	35	99.1	92.5	86.4	6.1	12.7
	40	90.2	84.1	86.4	-2.3	-5.4
	45	82.9	77.3	86.4	-9.1	-24.5
	50	76.7	71.6	86.4	-14.8	-44.4
	55	71.5	66.8	86.4	-19.6	-64.8
	60	67.1	62.6	86.4	-23.8	-85.7

Therefore **68** m<sup>3</sup> estimated yard detention**B.1.3.5 - Estimated detention CB-1 (Surface Storage) B4**

Total controlled Area **0.570** ha  
 5-year Runoff coefficient **0.20**  
 100-year Runoff coefficient **0.25**  
 Install flow control at CB-1 **33.00** l/s

**Table 1.3.4a - 5-year estimated detention North West Soccer Field**

<i>peak V<sub>stored</sub></i> →	Time (minutes)	i <sub>5-years</sub> (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> )
	10	104.2	33.0	33.0	0.0	0.0
	15	83.6	26.5	33.0	-6.5	-5.9
	20	70.3	22.3	33.0	-10.7	-12.9
	25	60.9	19.3	33.0	-13.7	-20.6
	30	53.9	17.1	33.0	-15.9	-28.6
	35	48.5	15.4	33.0	-17.6	-37.0
	40	44.2	14.0	33.0	-19.0	-45.6
	45	40.6	12.9	33.0	-20.1	-54.3
	50	37.7	11.9	33.0	-21.1	-63.2
	55	35.1	11.1	33.0	-21.9	-72.2
	60	32.9	10.4	33.0	-22.6	-81.2

Therefore **0** m<sup>3</sup> estimated yard detention**Table 1.3.4b - 100-year estimated detention North Soccer Field (underground Storage)**

<i>peak V<sub>stored</sub></i> →	Time (min)	i <sub>100-years</sub> (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> )
	10	178.6	70.7	33.0	37.7	22.6
	15	142.9	56.6	33.0	23.6	21.2
	20	120.0	47.5	33.0	14.5	17.4
	25	103.8	41.1	33.0	8.1	12.2
	30	91.9	36.4	33.0	3.4	6.1
	35	82.6	32.7	33.0	-0.3	-0.6

40	75.1	29.8	33.0	-3.2	-7.8
45	69.1	27.4	33.0	-5.6	-15.2
50	64.0	25.3	33.0	-7.7	-23.0
55	59.6	23.6	33.0	-9.4	-31.0
60	55.9	22.1	33.0	-10.9	-39.1

Therefore **23** m<sup>3</sup> estimated yard detention

Table 1.3.4b - 100-year (+ 20%) estimated detention North Soccer Field (underground Storage)

Time (min)	i <sub>100-years</sub> (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> )
peak V <sub>stored</sub> →	10	214.3	84.9	33.0	51.9
	15	171.5	67.9	33.0	34.9
	20	143.9	57.0	33.0	24.0
	25	124.6	49.4	33.0	16.4
	30	110.2	43.7	33.0	10.7
	35	99.1	39.3	33.0	6.3
	40	90.2	35.7	33.0	2.7
	45	82.9	32.8	33.0	-0.2
	50	76.7	30.4	33.0	-2.6
	55	71.5	28.3	33.0	-4.7
	60	67.1	26.6	33.0	-6.4

Therefore **31** m<sup>3</sup> estimated yard detention

#### B.1.3.6 - Estimated detention CB-2 ( surface Storage) B7

Total controlled Area **0.284** ha  
 5-year Runoff coefficient **0.20**  
 100-year Runoff coefficient **0.25**  
 Install flow control after CB-2 **16.40** l/s

Table 1.3.4a - 5-year estimated detention in Middle Rear Yard

Time (minutes)	i <sub>5-years</sub> (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> )
peak V <sub>stored</sub> →	10	104.2	16.4	16.4	0.0
	15	83.6	13.2	16.4	-3.2
	20	70.3	11.1	16.4	-5.3
	25	60.9	9.6	16.4	-6.8
	30	53.9	8.5	16.4	-7.9
	35	48.5	7.7	16.4	-8.7
	40	44.2	7.0	16.4	-9.4
	45	40.6	6.4	16.4	-10.0
	50	37.7	5.9	16.4	-10.5
	55	35.1	5.5	16.4	-10.9
	60	32.9	5.2	16.4	-11.2

Therefore **0** m<sup>3</sup> estimated yard detention

Table 1.3.4b - 100-year estimated detention in Parking Area ( surface + underground Storage)

Time (min)	i <sub>100-years</sub> (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> )
peak V <sub>stored</sub> →	10	178.6	35.2	16.4	18.8
	15	142.9	28.2	16.4	11.8
	20	120.0	23.6	16.4	7.2
	25	103.8	20.5	16.4	4.1
	30	91.9	18.1	16.4	1.7
	35	82.6	16.3	16.4	-0.1
	40	75.1	14.8	16.4	-1.6
	45	69.1	13.6	16.4	-2.8
	50	64.0	12.6	16.4	-3.8
	55	59.6	11.8	16.4	-4.6
	60	55.9	11.0	16.4	-5.4

Therefore **11** m<sup>3</sup> estimated yard detention

Table 1.3.4b - 100-year (+ 20%) estimated detention in Parking Area ( surface + underground Storage)

Time	i <sub>100-years</sub>	Q <sub>actual</sub>	Q <sub>allowable</sub>	Q <sub>stored</sub>	V <sub>stored</sub>
------	------------------------	---------------------	------------------------	---------------------	---------------------

	(min)	(mm/hr)	(l/s)	(l/s)	(l/s)	(m³)
peak $V_{stored} \rightarrow$	10	214.3	42.2	16.4	25.8	15.5
	15	171.5	33.8	16.4	17.4	15.7
	20	143.9	28.4	16.4	12.0	14.4
	25	124.6	24.6	16.4	8.2	12.2
	30	110.2	21.7	16.4	5.3	9.6
	35	99.1	19.5	16.4	3.1	6.6
	40	90.2	17.8	16.4	1.4	3.3
	45	82.9	16.3	16.4	-0.1	-0.2
	50	76.7	15.1	16.4	-1.3	-3.8
	55	71.5	14.1	16.4	-2.3	-7.6
	60	67.1	13.2	16.4	-3.2	-11.4

Therefore **16** m³ estimated yard detention

#### B.1.3.7 - Estimated detention CB-3 (Surface Storage) B2

Area **0.316** ha  
 5-year Runoff coefficient **0.20**  
 100-year Runoff coefficient **0.25**  
 Install flow control after CB-3 **18.40** l/s

Table 1.3.2a - 5-year estimated detention East Rear Yard

	Time (minutes)	i <sub>5-years</sub> (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m³)
peak $V_{stored} \rightarrow$	10	104.2	18.3	18.4	-0.1	0.0
	15	83.6	14.7	18.4	-3.7	-3.3
	20	70.3	12.4	18.4	-6.0	-7.2
	25	60.9	10.7	18.4	-7.7	-11.5
	30	53.9	9.5	18.4	-8.9	-16.0
	35	48.5	8.5	18.4	-9.9	-20.7
	40	44.2	7.8	18.4	-10.6	-25.5
	45	40.6	7.1	18.4	-11.3	-30.4
	50	37.7	6.6	18.4	-11.8	-35.3
	55	35.1	6.2	18.4	-12.2	-40.3
	60	32.9	5.8	18.4	-12.6	-45.4

Therefore **0** m³ estimated yard detention

Table 1.3.2b - 100-year estimated detention East Soccer Field (underground Storage)

	Time (min)	i <sub>100-years</sub> (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m³)
peak $V_{stored} \rightarrow$	10	178.6	39.3	18.4	20.9	12.5
	15	142.9	31.4	18.4	13.0	11.7
	20	120.0	26.4	18.4	8.0	9.6
	25	103.8	22.8	18.4	4.4	6.7
	30	91.9	20.2	18.4	1.8	3.3
	35	82.6	18.2	18.4	-0.2	-0.5
	40	75.1	16.5	18.4	-1.9	-4.5
	45	69.1	15.2	18.4	-3.2	-8.7
	50	64.0	14.1	18.4	-4.3	-13.0
	55	59.6	13.1	18.4	-5.3	-17.4
	60	55.9	12.3	18.4	-6.1	-22.0

Therefore **13** m³ estimated yard detention

Table 1.3.2b - 100-year (+ 20%) estimated detention East Soccer Field (underground Storage)

	Time (min)	i <sub>100-years</sub> (mm/hr)	Q <sub>actual</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>allowable</sub> (l/s)	Q <sub>stored</sub> (l/s)	V <sub>stored</sub> (m³)
peak $V_{stored} \rightarrow$	10	214.3	47.1	18.4	28.7	17.2
	15	171.5	37.7	18.4	19.3	17.4
	20	143.9	31.7	18.4	13.3	15.9
	25	124.6	27.4	18.4	9.0	13.5
	30	110.2	24.2	18.4	5.8	10.5
	35	99.1	21.8	18.4	3.4	7.1
	40	90.2	19.8	18.4	1.4	3.4
	45	82.9	18.2	18.4	-0.2	-0.5
	50	76.7	16.9	18.4	-1.5	-4.6
	55	71.5	15.7	18.4	-2.7	-8.8

60            67.1            14.8            18.4            -3.6            -13.1

Therefore        **17**        m<sup>3</sup> estimated yard detention

#### B.1.4 - Site storage

100+20% year storage / ponding depth	required (m3)				Available (m3)	
	5-year required (m3)	100-year required (m3)	100+20%-year required (m3)	Ponding depth (m)	Ponding area (m2)	Surface Available (m3)
Roof Detention ( B1) surface	<b>53</b>			0.15	4721	<b>236</b>
CB-4 and CBMH-3 Parking and West School Yard B6+B8 Parking Lot	<b>0</b>		<b>68</b>	0.33	554	<b>68</b>
CB-1 North West Soccer Field B4	<b>0</b>		<b>31</b>	0.20	491	<b>33</b>
CB-2 Middle Rear Yard B7	<b>0</b>		<b>16</b>	0.22	222	<b>16</b>
CB-3 East Rear Yard B2	<b>0</b>		<b>17</b>	0.26	200	<b>17</b>

### B.1.5 - Storm Sewer Pipe Design ( 5 YEARS)

<u>Definitions</u>		<u>Rational Method</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Manning's Coefficient =	0.013	$Q = 2.78 \text{ CIA} (I/s)$ , where	1) Used City of Ottawa IDF Curve
Return Frequency (yrs) =	5	$C = \text{Runoff Coefficient}$	2) Min. velocity = 0.8 m/sec
1 acre = 0.4047 hectares		$i = \text{Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr)}$	3) Max. velocity = 6.0 m/sec





## **Appendix C - Sanitary Servicing Calculations**

**Appendix C - Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet****C.1.1 - Peak Flow Design Based on Site Area****Definitions**

Manning's Coefficient (n) = 0.013

**Manning's Formula**

$$Q = A^*R^{2/3}S^{1/2}/n \text{ (l/s), where}$$

A = Areas in Hectares (ha)  
R = Hydraulic Radius (m)  
S = Slope

**Design Parameters\***

- 1) Average Daily Flow = 280 L/p/day
- 2) Commercial/Institutional Flow = 28,000 L/ha/day
- 3) Maximum Residential Peak Factor = 4
- 4) Commercial/Institutional Peak Factor = 1.50
- 5) Extraneous Flow = 0.33L/s/ha
- 6) Minimum Velocity = 0.6 m/s

Designed RI

Checked AS

Location			Residential Flow						Institutional Flow			Infiltration Flow			Total Flow		Sewer Data						
Note	From	To	Area (ha)	Units	Population	Cumulative		Average Flow (l/s)	Peak Flow (l/s)	Area (ha)		Average Flow (l/s)	Peak Flow (l/s)	Area (ha)		Inf. Flow (l/s)	Average Flow (l/s)	Peak Flow (l/s)	Dia. (mm)	Slope	Capacity (full) (l/s)	Velocity (full) (m/s)	Utilization (%)
						Area	Population			Individual	Cumulative			Individual	Cumulative								
School	School	SAMH-2	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	2.74	2.74	0.89	1.33	2.74	2.74	0.90	1.79	2.24	200	5.00%	73.3	2.3	3.0
School	SAMH-2	SAMH-1	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	2.74	2.74	0.89	1.33	2.74	2.74	0.90	1.79	2.24	200	3.90%	64.8	2.1	3.5
Municipal Connection	SAMH-1	Ex. MH																2.24	200	5.00%	73.3	2.3	3.0



## **Appendix D - Fire Flow Demand Calculations**





## **Appendix E - Pre-Consultation & Development Servicing Study Checklist**



## Description:

A Design Brief is the core submission document that illustrates how the development is designed to work with its existing and planned context, to improve its surroundings and also demonstrate how the proposal supports the overall goals of the Official Plan, relevant secondary plans, Council approved plans and design guidelines. The purpose of the Terms of Reference is to assist the applicant to organize and substantiate the design justification in support of the proposed development and to assist staff and the public in the review of the proposal.

## Authority to Request a Design Brief:

The *Planning Act* gives municipalities the authority to require that a Design Brief be prepared. Under Sections 22(4), (5) and Section 41(4) of the *Planning Act*, a Council has the authority to request such other information or material that the authority needs in order to evaluate and make a decision on an application. Section 5.2.6 of the Official Plan sets out the general requirement for a Design Brief.

## Preparation:

The Design Brief should be signed by an urban designer, licenced architect, landscape architect, or a full member of the Canadian Institute of Planners.

## When Required:

A Design Brief is required for a Site Plan Control planning application.

A Scoped Design Brief\* is required when the following planning applications are applied for and not accompanied by a Site Plan Control application:

- Official Plan Amendment
- Zoning By-law Amendment (exception: a change in use which does not result in an increase in height or massing)

The requirement and scope of a Design Brief will be determined at the formal pre-application consultation meeting. Should an application be required to go to the [Urban Design Review Panel \(UDRP\)](#), the Design Brief may be submitted as part of the submission materials to the panel.

## Contents for Design Brief Submissions:

A Design Brief will contain and/or address the points identified during the pre-consultation meeting. Failure to address the critical elements identified in the pre-consultation meeting may result in the application being considered incomplete.

\* A Scoped Design Brief is composed of:

- Section 1 should be combined into the Planning Rationale submission, and
- Section 2 items will be confirmed in the pre-application consultation meeting.

**SECTION 1**Application Submission:

Not Required      Required

State the: type of application, legal description, municipal address, purpose of the application and provide an overall vision statement and goals for the proposal.

Response to City Documents:

Not Required      Required

State the Official Plan land use designation for the subject property and demonstrate how the proposal conforms to the Official Plan as it relates to the design of the subject site. Reference specific policy numbers from the Official Plan to show consistency. Justify areas of non-compliance and explain why there is non-compliance.

State the applicable plans which apply to the subject proposal: community design plan, secondary plan, concept plan and design guideline. Reference the relevant design related policies within the applicable plans/guidelines and provide a comprehensive analysis as to how the proposed development incorporates the objectives or why it does not incorporate the objectives.

Context Plan:

Not Required      Required

Provide a contextual analysis that discusses/illustrates abutting properties, key destinations and linkages within a 100 meter radius (a larger radius may be requested for larger/more complex projects), such as transit stations, transportation networks for cars, cyclists, and pedestrians, focal points/nodes, gateways; parks/open spaces, topography, views towards the site, the urban pattern (streets, blocks), future and current proposals (if applicable), public art and heritage resources.

Photographs to illustrate existing site conditions and surrounding contexts. Include a map pinpointing (with numbers) where each photo is taken and correspond these numbers with the site photos. Arrows illustrating the direction the photo is taken is also useful.

## SECTION 2

### Design Proposal:

The purpose of the Design Proposal is to show the building elevations, exterior details, transitions in form, treatment of the public realm and compatibility with adjacent buildings, using 3-D models, illustrations, diagrams, plans, and cross sections. Referencing Official Plan, Section 5.2.1, as determined at time of pre-application consultation meeting, submissions will need to address the following in the form of labelled graphics and written explanation:

#### **Massing and Scale**

Not Required      Required

*Images which show:*

Building massing – from:

- at least two sides set within its current context (showing the entire height and width of the building) **OR**
- all four sides set within its current context (showing the entire height and width of the building).

Views – of the entire block, from:

- at least two perspectives to show how the proposed building is set within its current context **OR**
- all four perspectives to show how the proposed building is set within its current context.

- Building transition – to adjacent uses, with labelled explanation of the transition measures used.

- Grading – if grades are an issue.

- Alternative building massing – additional imagery and site layouts considered and provide justification for the ultimate proposal sought.

#### **Public Realm**

Not Required      Required

*Labelled graphics and a written explanation which show:*

Streetscape – cross sections which illustrate the street design and right of way (referencing the City's design manuals).

- Relationship to the public realm – illustrating how the first few storeys of the proposed development responds to and relates to the existing context (e.g. through a podium plan and first floor plan). This is to include detailed explanation on:

- Architectural responses
- Landscaping details
- Public art features (in accordance with Official Plan, Section 4.11)
- For developments in Design Priority Areas, detail the building and site features, (in accordance with Official Plan, Section 4.11) which will enhance the public realm. Provide explanation for features which are not provided.

### **Building Design**

Not Required      Required



Labelled graphics (e.g. building elevations and floor plans) and a written explanation which document the proposed exterior architectural details and design (in accordance with Official Plan, Section 5.2.1).



For high-rise development applications, detail the building design and massing and scale elements and how they relate to the proposed high-rise development (in accordance with Official Plan, Section 5.2.1).

### **Sustainability**

Not Required      Required



Any sustainable design features to be incorporated, such as green roofs or walls, sun traps, reflective or permeable surfaces.

### **Heritage**

Not Required      Required



How the building relates to the historic details, materials, site and setting of any existing historic resources on or adjacent to the subject property (if applicable).

## **Additional Contents:**

Some proponents may be requested to provide submission material which complements the Design Brief. These additional requirements could be incorporated into the Design Brief submission for ease of review. These will be identified at the time of application consultation meeting:

- Site Plan
- Landscape Plan
- Plan showing existing and proposed servicing
  - Shadow Analysis
  - Wind Analysis

## **Submission Requirements**

- Six hard copies and one digital copy

## **Formal Pre- Application Consultation Meeting Notes**

**File #: PC2022-0187**

**File Type: Site Plan Control**

**Location: Solarium & Brian Good**

**Wednesday, July 25, 2022 from 10:30 am – 11:30 am**

### **Attendees**

*City of Ottawa*

Melanie Gervais, File Lead

Ben Brummelhuis, Planning Student

Randolph Wang, Urban Designer

Eric Harrold, Infrastructure Project Manager

**Note:** Matthew Haley the Environmental Planner, Mike Giampa the Transportation Project Manager, Burl Walker the Parks Planner, and Mark Richardson the Forester for the Pre-application Consultation were not able to attend. Comments are added to this document and attached the email.

### **Notes & Comments**

*Planning Comments, Mélanie Gervais*

- Existing Official Plan – designated “General Urban Area” on Schedule B of the City of Ottawa’s Official Plan. The General Urban Area permits the development of a full range and choice of housing types to meet the needs of all ages, incomes, and life circumstances, in combination with conveniently located employment, retail, service, cultural, leisure, entertainment and institutional uses.
- In the New Official Plan, the subject site is identified as a “Suburban” Transect Policy Area. Under Section 5.4.1. (Policy 2), it states that the Suburban Transect is generally characterized by low-rise to mid-density development. Further, the Suburban (Southwest)Transect identifies the site as an “Neighbourhood”. Section 5.4.5 Provides direction to Neighbourhoods located within the Suburban Transect:
  - Generally, provides for up to 3 storeys height permission, and where appropriate 4 storey height permission to allow for higher density low-rise residential development.
  - Provides an emphasis on regulation the maximum built form envelope, based on the context, that frames the public right of way.

- The New Official Plan also includes City-Wide Policies that relate specifically to School Facilities (Section 4.1) – Policy 4.10.1 includes an emphasis on active travel, low vehicle speeds, covered and shaded bike parking, school lay-byes should be built with visually contrasting materials or colours and Policy 4.10.2 notes the City's preference to locate schools and other neighbourhood uses close together such as daycares to provide convenient access to residents.
- The Riverside South CDP designates this property as School. The following guidelines have been created for schools:
  - Section 2.3.6 which speaks to co-locating with parks, stormwater areas and other public facility and efforts should be made to share facilities.
  - Section 6.5 speaks to the school built form where policies want fronting closing to street, walkways to connect entries to parking/bus/public sidewalk, bus loading as lay-byes in ROW, building reinforcing street corners, etc.
- Zoning Information: Split Zone Site - Minor Institutional Subzone A (I1A) and Residential Fourth Density Zone R4Z. Below is the zoning table for Subzone A with the required setbacks highlighted.

Table 170A - I1A Subzone provisions

I Zoning Mechanisms	Provisions		
	II Areas A and B on Schedule 1	III Abutting a residential zone in Area C on Schedule 1	IV Other cases
(a) Minimum Lot Width (m)	15		
(b) Minimum Lot Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	400		
(c) Minimum Front Yard Setback (m)	3	7.5	6
(d) Minimum Rear Yard Setback (m)	Abutting an R1, R2 or R3 Zone- 7.5 Other cases- 4.5	7.5	
(e) Minimum Interior Side Yard Setback (m)	7.5		3
(f) Minimum Corner Side Yard Setback (m)	4.5		
(g) Maximum Height (m)	15 (By-law 2017-303)		

- The City is happy to see the co-location of the daycare facility with the school, this is a positive step as identified in Policy 4.10.2 in the new Official Plan, which

encourages co-location of compatible land uses to encourage a walkable 15-minute neighbourhood.

- The zoning allows heights up to 15m (3-storeys) as of right. Please consider increasing the building height to three storeys to avoid future minor variance and site plan control applications in the future. Through the Building Better and Smarter Suburbs Initiative (Zoning By-law 2008-250: Omnibus Agreements Q3 2017 – Approved September 27, 2017), the City would like to see land efficiency on school sites.
- The new OP is encouraging school bus lay-byes and parent drop offs to be located on separate frontages, with visually contrasting materials or colours. It's great to see this being done, please consider making the lay-byes visual and stand out for children and families.
- In the new OP, Policy 4.10.1 includes encouragement of making it safe and easy to walk, bike or take transit to school through supportive site and neighbourhood design. Please consider adding a pedestrian pathway from the school to the adjacent park.
- The site is within Area C on Schedule 1A of the Zoning By-law (Areas for Minimum Parking Space Requirements). Please ensure the minimum parking space rates as set out in Section 101 are met for both school sites and daycare facilities. Please include these details on the site plan. There may be opportunities to have shared parking provisions between the school and park facilities, provided a shared parking agreement is in place.
- Include accessible stalls ([https://documents.ottawa.ca/sites/documents/files/documents/accessibility\\_design\\_standards\\_en.pdf](https://documents.ottawa.ca/sites/documents/files/documents/accessibility_design_standards_en.pdf)) and any EV charging locations of preferred green vehicle stalls.
- There is a requirement to provide a minimum amount of bicycle parking spaces on the site, see Section 111 of the Zoning By-law for applicable rates and citing requirements. Please ensure bike parking is covered, shaded and in a safe location and closest to the nearest possible building entrance. Please note that mulch within the bicycle parking area is ok if the bicycle racks are properly anchored as per Section 111 Subsection 10 "Where four or more bicycle parking spaces are provided in a common parking area, each bicycle parking space must contain a parking rack that is securely anchored to the ground and attached to a heavy base such as concrete." (Provide details on the Landscape Plan.)

*Infrastructure Project Manager Comments, Eric Harrold*

*List of Reports and Plans (Site Plan Control):*

- Site Servicing Plan

- Grading and Drainage Plan
- Erosion and Sediment Control Plan
- Storm Drainage and Ponding Plan
- Geotechnical Report
- Servicing and Stormwater Management Report / Brief

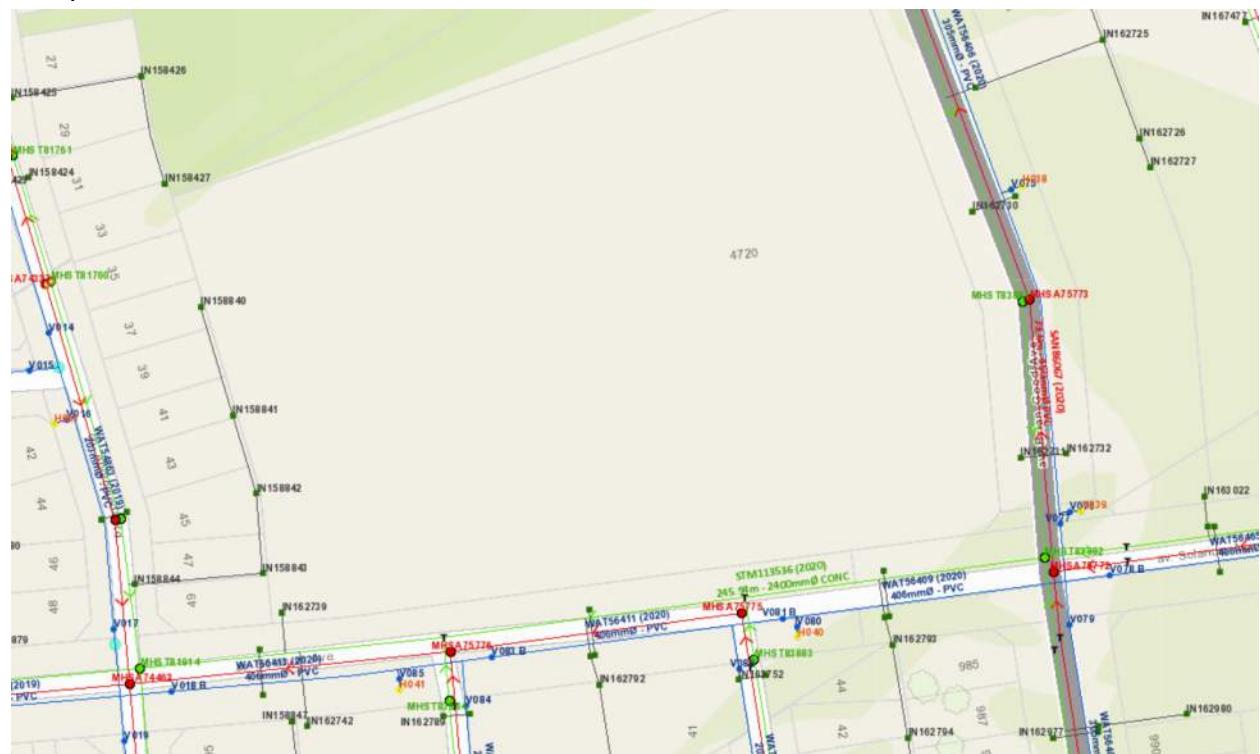
Please note the following information regarding the engineering design submissions for the above noted site:

1. The Servicing Study Guidelines for Development Applications are available at the following address:  
<https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/how-develop-property/development-application-review-process-2/guide-preparing-studies-and-plans>
2. Servicing and site works shall be in accordance with the following documents:
  - Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, Second Edition, (October 2012), including Technical Bulletins, ISDTB-2014-01, PIEDTB-2016-01, ISTB 2018-01, ISTB-2018-04, and ISTB-2019-02
  - Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution, First Edition, (July 2010), including Technical Bulletins ISD-2010-2, ISDTB-2014-02, ISTB-2018-02, and ISTB-2021-03
  - Geotechnical Investigation and Reporting Guidelines for Development Applications in the City of Ottawa (Revised 2008)
  - City of Ottawa Slope Stability Guidelines for Development Applications (Revised 2012)
  - City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (January, 2016)
  - City of Ottawa Hydrogeological and Terrain Analysis Guidelines (March 2021)
  - City of Ottawa Park and Pathway Development Manual (2012)
  - City of Ottawa Accessibility Design Standards (2012)
  - Ottawa Standard Tender Documents (latest version)
  - Ontario Provincial Standards for Roads & Public Works (2013)
3. Record drawings and utility plans are also available for purchase from the City (Contact the City's Information Centre by email at [geoinformation@ottawa.ca](mailto:geoinformation@ottawa.ca) or by phone at (613) 580-2424 x 44455
4. The Stormwater Management Criteria for the subject site is to be based on the following:
  - The servicing criteria and design for this site is outlined in the **River's Edge – Phase 1 Design Brief**. Please refer to this report for servicing details and stormwater quantity objectives. Provide the following link

(<https://cmap466/documents/TECHNICAL%20LIBRARY/REPORTS/5000/R-5398.pdf>) to [geoinformation@ottawa.ca](mailto:geoinformation@ottawa.ca) in order to access the report.

- Stormwater is to be restricted to the 2 year modelled flow using an assumed runoff coefficient of 0.7, a drainage area of 2.74 hectares and a calculated time of concentration (cannot be less than 10 minutes).
- All major flow must be contained on site; ensure no overland flow for all storms up to and including the 100-year event.
- Stormwater quality criteria may apply; please consult with the RVCA.
- There may be area specific subwatershed studies which may apply; please verify.

## 5. Deep Services:



Hydrants



Hydrant Lateral



Water Pipes

— Public

··· Private

Valves

● Valve

■ TVS, A, D



i. A plan view of the approximate services may be seen above. Services should ideally be grouped in a common trench to minimize the number of road cuts. The sizing of available future services is:

a. Connections:

- i. 406 mm dia. Watermain (PVC) – Solarium
- ii. 450 mm dia. SAN (PVC) – Brian Goode \*
- iii. 2400 mm dia. STM (concrete) – Solarium

\* There is also a 200mm PVC sanitary sewer on Solarium which may be viable for connection. Please review the design sheets in the subdivision servicing report to confirm that there is adequate capacity to accommodate the proposed development, if this connection is to be used.

- ii. Provide existing servicing information and the recommended location for the proposed connections. Services should ideally be grouped in a common trench to minimize the number of road cuts.
- iii. Provide information on the monitoring manhole requirements – should be located in an accessible location on private property near the property line (ie. Not in a parking area).
- iv. Provide information on the type of connection permitted  
Sewer connections to be made above the springline of the sewermain as per:
  - a. Std Dwg S11.1 for flexible main sewers – *connections made using approved tee or wye fittings.*
  - b. Std Dwg S11 (For rigid main sewers) – *lateral must be less than 50% the diameter of the sewermain,*
  - c. Std Dwg S11.2 (for rigid main sewers using bell end insert method) – *for larger diameter laterals where manufactured inserts are not available; lateral must be less than 50% the diameter of the sewermain,*
  - d. Connections to manholes permitted when the connection is to rigid main sewers where the lateral exceeds 50% the diameter of the

- sewermain. – Connect obvert to obvert with the outlet pipe unless pipes are a similar size.
- e. *No submerged outlet connections.*
  - v. *Please provide estimated sanitary flows with the first submission, to allow the City to confirm whether there are any downstream capacity constraints.*
6. Civil consultant must request boundary conditions from the City's assigned Project Manager prior to first submission. Water Boundary condition requests must include the location of the service and the expected loads required by the proposed development. **Water boundary conditions should be based on the recently released 2020 Fire Underwriters Survey guidelines.** Please note that there is approximately a 3 week turnaround for boundary conditions results, so it is recommended that these be coordinated early on to avoid delays.
- Please provide the following information:
- i. Location of service(s)
  - ii. Type of development and the amount of fire flow required (as per FUS, 2020).
  - iii. Average daily demand: \_\_\_\_ l/s.
  - iv. Maximum daily demand: \_\_\_\_ l/s.
  - v. Maximum hourly daily demand: \_\_\_\_ l/s.
  - vi. Hydrant location and spacing to meet City's Water Design guidelines.
  - vii. Water supply redundancy will be required for more than 50 m<sup>3</sup>/day water demand.
7. Phase 1 ESAs and Phase 2 ESAs must conform to clause 4.8.4 of the Official Plan that requires that development applications conform to Ontario Regulation 153/04.
8. All development applications should be considered for an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation, and Parks (MECP);
- a. The consultants determine if an approval for sewage works under Section 53 of OWRA is required and determines what type of application. The City's project manager may help confirm and coordinate with the MECP as required.
  - b. The project will be either transfer of review (standard), transfer of review (additional), direct submission, or exempt as per O. Reg. 525/98.
  - c. Pre-consultation is not required if applying for standard or additional works (Schedule A of the Agreement) under Transfer Review.

- d. Pre-consultation with local District office of MECP is recommended for direct submission.
- e. Consultant completes an MECP request form for a pre-consultation. Send request to [moeccottawasewage@ontario.ca](mailto:moeccottawasewage@ontario.ca)
- f. ECA applications are required to be submitted online through the MECP portal. A business account required to submit ECA application. For more information visit <https://www.ontario.ca/page/environmental-compliance-approval>

NOTE: Site Plan Approval, or Draft Approval, is required before an application is sent to the MECP.

#### 9. General Engineering Submission requirements:

- a. As per section 53 of the Professional Engineers Act, O. Reg 941/40, R.S.O. 1990, all documents prepared by engineers must be signed and dated on the seal.
- b. All required plans are to be submitted on standard A1 size sheets (594mm x 841mm) sheets, utilizing a reasonable and appropriate metric scale as per City of Ottawa Servicing and Grading Plan Requirements: title blocks are to be placed on the right of the sheets and not along the bottom. Engineering plans may be combined, but the Site Plans must be provided separately. Plans shall include the survey monument used to confirm datum. Information shall be provided to enable a non-surveyor to locate the survey monument presented by the consultant.
- c. All required plans & reports are to be provided in \*.pdf format (at application submission and for any, and all, re-submissions)

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact me directly at (613) 580-2424, ext. 21447 or by email at [eric.harrold@ottawa.ca](mailto:eric.harrold@ottawa.ca).

#### *Urban Design Comments, Randolph Wang*

- A Design Brief is required. The Terms of Reference for the Design Brief is attached for convenience.
- Overall, the site plan layout is trending in the right direction. Here are a few detailed comments:
  - Provide continuous tree canopy along both Solarium & Brian Good.

- Maximize tree canopy coverage throughout the site where possible and reduce hard surfaces.
- Provide understory planting and foundation planting where appropriate.
- The amount of asphalt used on site is quite astonishing. Please consider:
  - Replacing asphalt with interlock pavers or concrete where possible.
  - Exploring colored asphalt options for visual interest and reducing urban heat island effects. Here are an interesting link regarding colored asphalt: [International Coloured Asphalt Foundation](#)
- The building looks playful graphically but is very flat spatially. Please consider:
  - Frames and shades around the windows that can add to the three-dimensional expression as well as to support sustainable design.
- Transitional materials between different colors and avoiding co-planarity.

*Transportation Project Manager Comments, Mike Giampa*

- A TIA is warranted. Steps 3 and 4 can be combined.
- The application will not be deemed complete until the submission of the draft step 2-4, including the functional draft RMA package (if applicable). Please note the RMA review process is experiencing significant delays. Although a full review of the TIA Strategy report (Step 4) is not required prior to an application, it is strongly recommended. Synchro files are required at Step 4.
- The corner sight triangle is to be: 5m x 5m
- A Road Noise Impact Study is required.
- The throat length requirements should follow the TAC guidelines.
- No ROW protection on Solarium and Brian Goode.
- Please indicate the municipal address on all reports and correspondence

*Environmental Planning Comments, Matthew Haley*

- Urban Heat Island Effect
- Please add features that reduce the urban heat island effect (see New OP 10.3.3) produced by the parking lot, asphalt apron and building footprint. For example, this impact can be reduced by adding large canopy trees, green roofs or vegetation walls, low heat absorbing materials/colours.
- Bird-safe Design
- The applicant team needs to consider the bird-safe design guidelines [https://documents.ottawa.ca/sites/documents/files/birdsafedesign\\_guidelines\\_en.pdf](https://documents.ottawa.ca/sites/documents/files/birdsafedesign_guidelines_en.pdf) and incorporate those elements into their design. Items to be include actions to make glass/glazing bird-safe, avoiding design traps (e.g., apparent flythroughs, entrapments, corner glass, etc.), consider structural hazards (e.g., glass railings, antennas, grate size, etc), landscaping that doesn't attract birds to

hazards, lighting design needs to consider bird-safe design. If there are a large number of windows (especially corner glass), please use bird-safe glazing as per the design guidelines.

*Forestry Comments, Mark Richardson*

- There aren't any trees on this site so a permit will not be needed and a TCR is not required.

LP tree planting requirements:

For additional information on the following please contact [tracy.smith@Ottawa.ca](mailto:tracy.smith@Ottawa.ca)

Minimum Setbacks

- Maintain 1.5m from sidewalk or MUP/cycle track or water service laterals.
- Maintain 2.5m from curb
- Coniferous species require a minimum 4.5m setback from curb, sidewalk or MUP/cycle track/pathway.
- Maintain 7.5m between large growing trees, and 4m between small growing trees. Park or open space planting should consider 10m spacing, except where otherwise approved in naturalization / afforestation areas. Adhere to Ottawa Hydro's planting guidelines (species and setbacks) when planting around overhead primary conductors.

Tree specifications

- Minimum stock size: 50mm tree caliper for deciduous, 200cm height for coniferous.
- Maximize the use of large deciduous species wherever possible to maximize future canopy coverage
- Tree planting on city property shall be in accordance with the City of Ottawa's Tree Planting Specification; and include watering and warranty as described in the specification (can be provided by Forestry Services).
- Plant native trees whenever possible
- No root barriers, dead-man anchor systems, or planters are permitted.
- No tree stakes unless necessary (and only 1 on the prevailing winds side of the tree)

Hard surface planting

- Curb style planter is highly recommended
- No grates are to be used and if guards are required, City of Ottawa standard (which can be provided) shall be used.
- Trees are to be planted at grade

Soil Volume

- Please document on the LP that adequate soil volumes can be met:

Tree Type/Size	Single Tree Soil Volume (m3)	Multiple Tree Soil Volume (m3/tree)
Ornamental	15	9
Columnar	15	9
Small	20	12
Medium	25	15
Large	30	18
Conifer	25	15

Please note that these soil volumes are not applicable in cases with Sensitive Marine Clay.

#### Sensitive Marine Clay

- Please follow the City's 2017 Tree Planting in Sensitive Marine Clay guidelines

#### Tree Canopy Cover

- The landscape plan shall show how the proposed tree planting will replace and increase canopy cover on the site over time, to support the City's 40% urban forest canopy cover target.
- At a site level, efforts shall be made to provide as much canopy cover as possible, through tree planting and tree retention, with an aim of 40% canopy cover at 40 years, as appropriate.
- Indicate on the plan the projected future canopy cover at 40 years for the site.

#### *Parks Planning Comments, Burl Walker*

- Parks and Facilities Planning is currently undertaking a legislated replacement of the Parkland Dedication By-law, with the new by-law to be considered by City Council on August 31, 2022. The by-law recommended for approval by Council includes one-year transition policies for in-stream development and building permit applications or those that will be submitted and meet the requirements for completeness by September 1, 2022.
- It is anticipated that the proposed site plan control application would be submitted after September 1 and would be subject to the provisions of the new Parkland

Dedication By-law. The proposed school use would be exempt from parkland dedication under subsection 11(2)(f) of the new Parkland Dedication By-law that was recommended for approval at the July 7, 2022, Planning Committee meeting.

- The school block is located adjacent to Atrium Park, which is a 2.4 ha neighbourhood park. The park is currently under construction with substantial completion targeted for fall 2022. Park amenities will include a full-size soccer field, full-size basketball court, double pickleball courts, outdoor fitness equipment, splash pad, playground, shade shelter and parking lot. I've attached an excerpt of the issued for construction drawings for the park for reference. Please note that the drawings were also provided to Laurel Leslie at the OCSB on June 16, 2022.
- We have no comments on the Site Plan – Option A drawing that was submitted with the application.



**Appendix F                    Roof Drain and ICD Product Data Sheets**

## PRODUCT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

### General

Inlet control devices (ICD's) are designed to provide flow control at a specified rate for a given water head level and also provide odour and floatable control. All ICD's will be IPEX Tempest or approved equal.

All devices shall be removable from a universal mounting plate. An operator from street level using only a T-bar with a hook will be able to retrieve the device while leaving the universal mounting plate secured to the catch basin wall face. The removal of the TEMPEST devices listed above must not require any unbolting or special manipulation or any special tools.

High Flow (HF) Sump devices will consist of a removable threaded cap which can be accessible from street level without entry into the catchbasin (CB). The removal of the threaded cap shall not require any special tools other than the operator's hand.

ICD's shall have no moving parts.

### Materials

ICD's are to be manufactured from Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) or Polyurethane material, designed to be durable enough to withstand multiple freeze-thaw cycles and exposure to harsh elements.

The inner ring seal will be manufactured using a Buna or Nitrile material with hardness between Duro 50 and Duro 70.

The wall seal is to be comprised of a 3/8" thick Neoprene Closed Cell Sponge gasket which is attached to the back of the wall plate.

All hardware will be made from 304 stainless steel.

### Dimensioning

The Low Medium Flow (LMF), High Flow (HF) and the High Flow (HF) Sump shall allow for a minimum outlet pipe diameter of 200mm with a 600mm deep Catch Basin sump.

### Installation

Contractor shall be responsible for securing, supporting and connecting the ICD's to the existing influent pipe and catchbasin/manhole structure as specified and designed by the Engineer.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION: TEMPEST HF & MHF ICD

### Product Description

Our HF, HF Sump and MHF ICD's are designed to accommodate catch basins or manholes with sewer outlet pipes 6" in diameter or larger. Any storm sewer larger than 12" may require custom modification. However, IPEX can custom build a TEMPEST device to accommodate virtually any storm sewer size.

Available in 5 preset flow curves, these ICDs have the ability to provide constant flow rates: 9lps (143 gpm) and greater

### Product Function

**TEMPEST HF (High Flow):** designed to manage moderate to higher flows 15 L/s (240 gpm) or greater and prevent the propagation of odour and floatables. With this device, the cross-sectional area of the device is larger than the orifice diameter and has been designed to limit head losses. The HF ICD can also be ordered without flow control when only odour and floatable control is required.



**TEMPEST HF (High Flow) Sump:** The height of a sewer outlet pipe in a catch basin is not always conveniently located. At times it may be located very close to the catch basin floor, not providing enough sump for one of the other TEMPEST ICDs with universal back plate to be installed. In these applications, the HF Sump is offered. The HF Sump offers the same features and benefits as the HF ICD; however, is designed to raise the outlet in a square or round catch basin structure. When installed, the HF sump is fixed in place and not easily removed. Any required service to the device is performed through a clean-out located in the top of the device which can be often accessed from ground level.



### TEMPEST MHF (Medium to High Flow):

The MHF plate or plug is designed to control flow rates 9 L/s (143 gpm) or greater. It is not designed to prevent the propagation of odour and floatables.

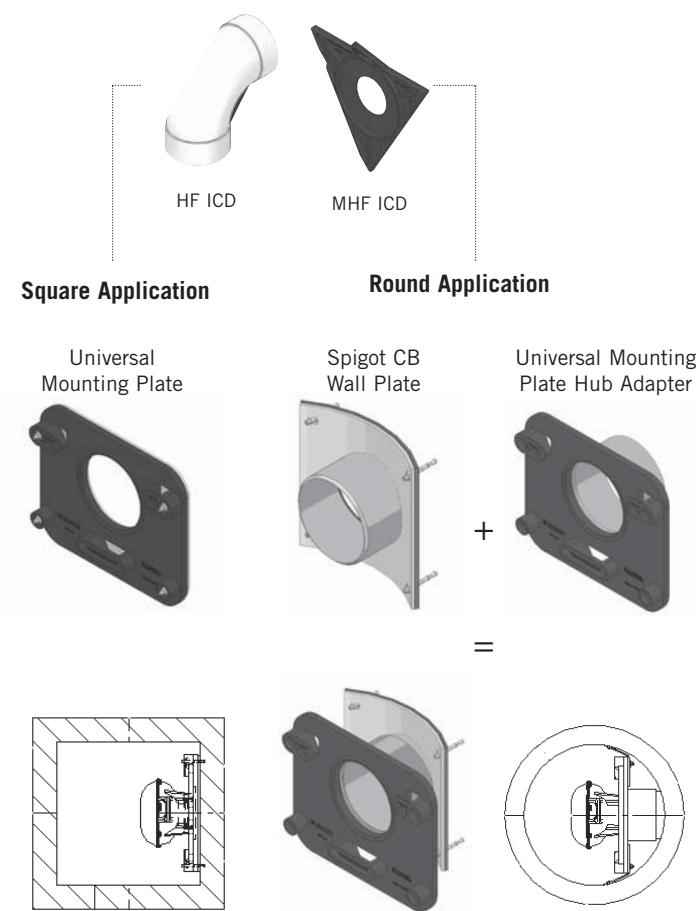


### Product Construction

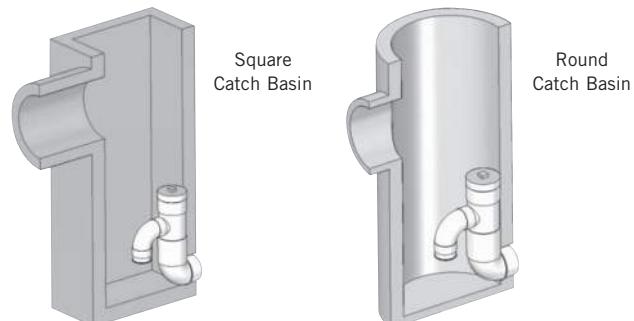
The HF, HF Sump and MHF ICDs are built to be light weight at a maximum weight of 6.8 Kg (14.6 lbs).

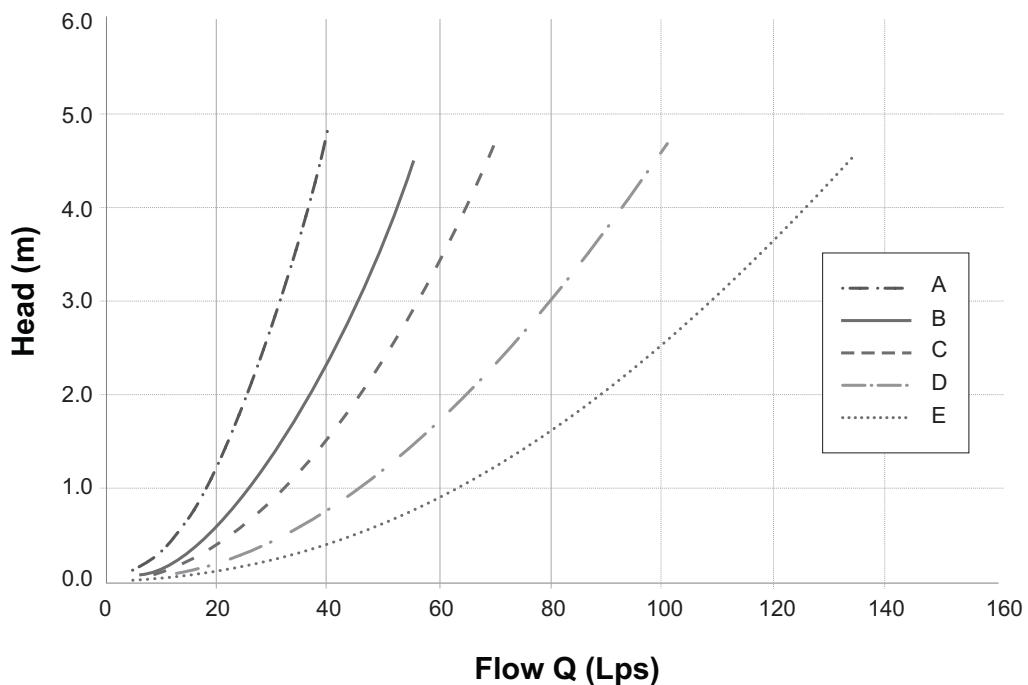
### Product Applications

The HF and MHF ICD's are available to accommodate both square and round applications:



The HF Sump is available to accommodate low to no sump applications in both square and round catch basins:



**Chart 3: HF & MHF Preset Flow Curves**



## RD-100

Tag: \_\_\_\_\_

Large Capacity  
Roof Drain

## Components:



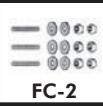
B2



B2-DM

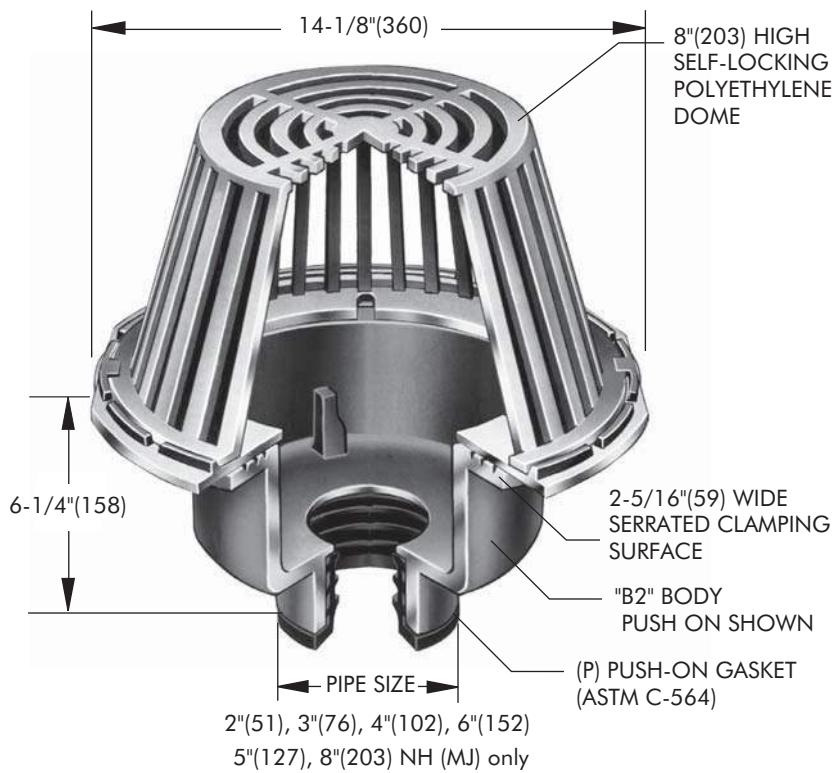


B2-FLG



FC-2

**SPECIFICATION:** Watts Drainage Products RD-100 epoxy coated cast iron roof drain with deep sump, wide serrated flashing flange, flashing clamp device with integral gravel stop and self-locking polyethylene (standard) dome strainer.



Free Area Sq. In.
137

Deck opening 10" (254)  
with sump receiver 13-1/4" (337)

\*\* Side Outlet (-SO) option only available in 2"(51), 3"(76), 4"(102) pipe sizes.  
Underdeck Clamp (-BED and -D options) are not available when -SO is selected.

Job Name \_\_\_\_\_ Contractor \_\_\_\_\_

Job Location \_\_\_\_\_ Contractor's P.O. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Engineer \_\_\_\_\_ Representative \_\_\_\_\_

WATTS Drainage reserves the right to modify or change product design or construction without prior notice and without incurring any obligation to make similar changes and modifications to products previously or subsequently sold. See your WATTS Drainage representative for any clarification. Dimensions are subject to manufacturing tolerances.



CANADA: 5435 North Service Road, Burlington, ON, L7L 5H7 TEL: 905-332-6718 TOLL-FREE: 1-888-208-8927 Website: www.wattdrainage.ca





**Accutrol Weirs**  
Tag: \_\_\_\_\_

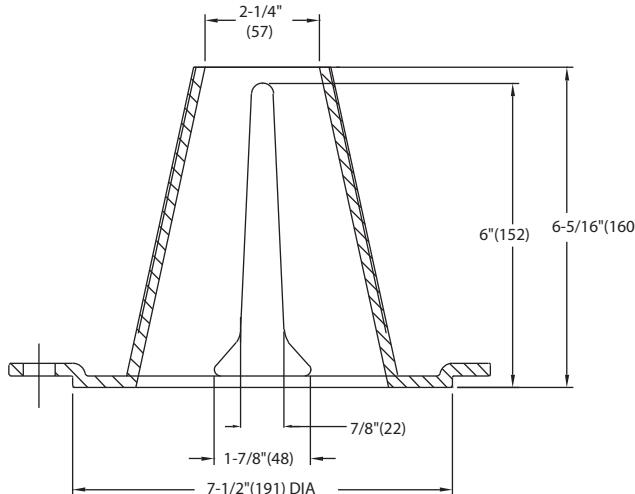
**Flow Control for  
Roof Drains**

**ACCUTROL WEIR FLOW CONTROL**

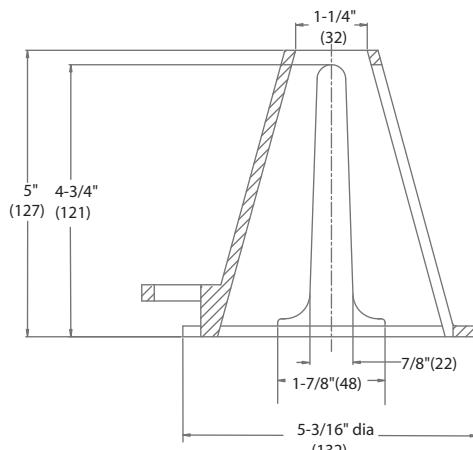
**SPECIFICATION:** Watts Drainage Products epoxy coated cast iron Accutrol Weir is designed with parabolic openings which limit the flow of rain water off a roof. Each weir slot controls flow to 5 gpm per inch of head to a maximum of 30 gpm at 6" head(for large sump), 25 gpm at 5" head(for small sump) . The Accutrol Weir is secured to the flashing clamp of the roof drain. The Accutrol Weir is available with 1 to 4 slots for the large sump drain and up to 3 slots for the small sump drain.

**For Large Sump Roof Drains Specify the "-A" option and number of slots required. (ie. "RD-100-A2" for two slot weir)**

**For Small Sump Roof Drains Specify the "-A" option and number of slots required. (ie. "RD-200-A1" for one slot weir)**



**LARGE SUMP ACCUTROL WEIR**



**SMALL SUMP ACCUTROL WEIR**

Job Name \_\_\_\_\_ Contractor \_\_\_\_\_

Job Location \_\_\_\_\_ Contractor's P.O. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Engineer \_\_\_\_\_ Representative \_\_\_\_\_

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CANADA: 5435 North Service Road, Burlington, ON, L7L 5H7 TEL: 905-332-6718 TOLL-FREE: 1-888-208-8927 Website: [www.wattdrainage.ca](http://www.wattdrainage.ca)





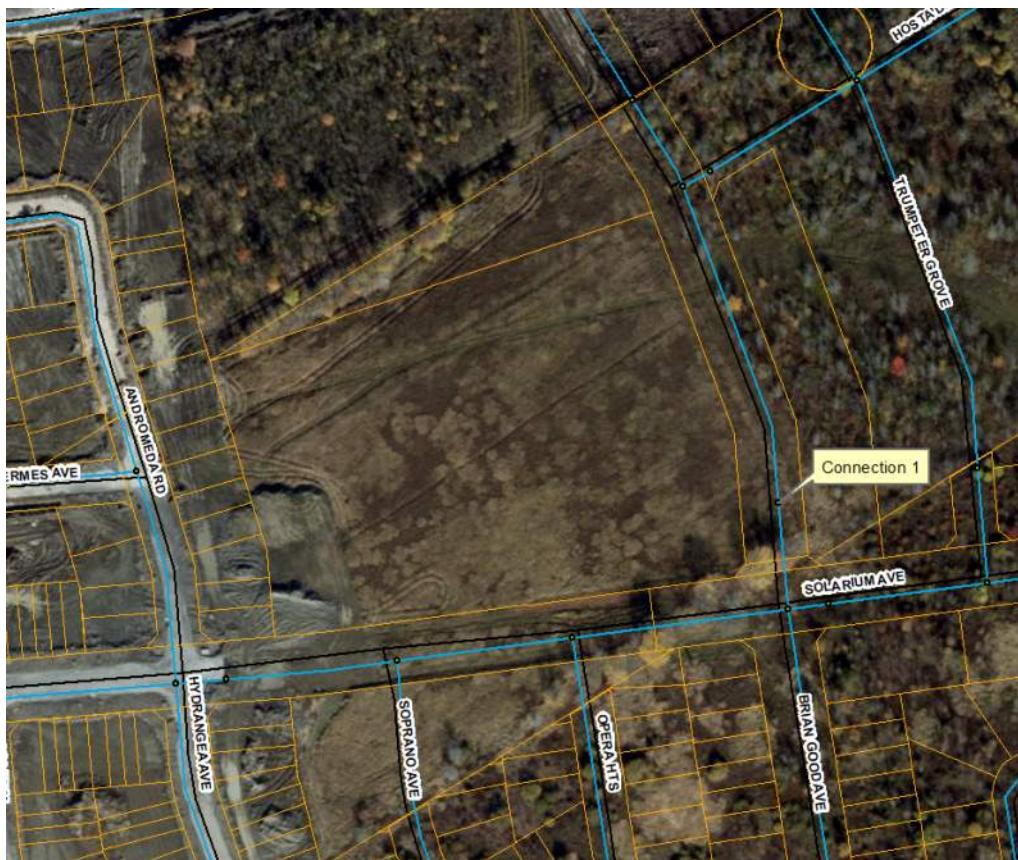
## **Appendix G - Boundary Conditions**

## Boundary Conditions 4720 Spratt Road

### Provided Information

Scenario	Demand	
	L/min	L/s
Average Daily Demand	50	0.83
Maximum Daily Demand	75	1.25
Peak Hour	135	2.25
Fire Flow Demand #1	6,000	100.00

### Location



### Results – Existing Conditions

Connection 1 – Brian Good Ave.

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure <sup>1</sup> (psi)
Maximum HGL	132.3	56.8
Peak Hour	124.9	46.4
Max Day plus Fire 1	127.0	49.3

Ground Elevation = 92.2 m

## **Results – SUC Zone Reconfiguration**

### **Connection 1 – Brian Good Ave.**

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure <sup>1</sup> (psi)
Maximum HGL	146.8	77.4
Peak Hour	143.7	73.0
Max Day plus Fire 1	144.3	73.9

Ground Elevation = 92.2 m

### **Notes**

1. A second connection to the watermain, separated by an isolation valve, is required to decrease vulnerability of the water system in case of breaks.

### **Disclaimer**

*The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of water mains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation. Fire Flow analysis is a reflection of available flow in the watermain; there may be additional restrictions that occur between the watermain and the hydrant that the model cannot take into account.*

## D.1.2 - Existing Water Boundary Conditions

<u>Water Demands</u>		<u>Design Parameters</u>		<u>Boundary Conditions</u>
Average Daily Demand:	0.83 l/s	Pipe Diameter:	150 mm	Max. HGL: <b>146.8</b> m
Maximum Daily Demand:	1.25 l/s	Pipe Material:	PVC	Min HGL: <b>143.7</b> m
Maximum Hour Demand:	2.25 l/s	Pipe Length (total network):	<b>28.0</b> m	Max. Day + Fire: <b>144.3</b> m
Fire Flow Demand:	<b>100.00</b> l/s	Finished Floor Elevation:	<b>92.65</b>	
Maximum Daily + Fire Flow Demand:	101.25 l/s	Pavement (R.O.W.) Elevation:	<b>92.20</b>	

### Boundary Condition Check

Check water pressure at municipal connection:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Min. HGL - Pavement elevation} &= 51.50 \text{ m} \\ &= 73.23 \text{ psi}^* \\ &= 504.91 \text{ kPa}^* \end{aligned}$$

\*Normal operating pressure ranges between 345 kPa (50 psi) and 552 kPa (80 psi) under a condition of maximum daily flow as per City of Ottawa Design Guidelines - Water Distribution (Section 4.2.2)

Pressure at municipal connection

OK

Check water pressure at building connection (at max. hour demand):

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Min. HGL - Finished floor elevation - Friction Loss}^{**} &= 51.05 \text{ m} \\ &= 72.59 \text{ psi}^{***} \\ &= 500.47 \text{ kPa}^{***} \end{aligned}$$

\*\*Friction loss calculated using the Hazen-Williams Equation  
\*\*\*Under maximum hourly demand conditions the pressures shall not be less than 276 kPa (40 psi) as per City of Ottawa Design Guidelines - Water Distribution (Section 4.2.2)

Pressure at building connection (at max. hour demand)

OK

Check water pressure at building connection (at max. day + fire demand):

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Min. HGL - Finished floor elevation - Friction Loss}^{**} &= 47.45 \text{ m} \\ &= 67.47 \text{ psi}^{****} \\ &= 465.17 \text{ kPa}^{****} \end{aligned}$$

\*\*Friction loss calculated using the Hazen-Williams Equation  
\*\*\*\*Under maximum day and fire flow demand conditions the residual pressure at any point in the system shall not be less than 140 kPa (20 psi) as per City of Ottawa Design Guidelines - Water Distribution (Section 4.2.2)

Pressure at municipal connection ( at max. day + fire demand)

OK

## D.1.2 - Existing Water Boundary Conditions

<u>Water Demands</u>		<u>Design Parameters</u>		<u>Boundary Conditions</u>
Average Daily Demand:	0.83 l/s	Pipe Diameter:	150 mm	Max. HGL: 146.8 m
Maximum Daily Demand:	1.25 l/s	Pipe Material:	PVC	Min HGL: 143.7 m
Maximum Hour Demand:	2.25 l/s	Pipe Length (total network):	142.6 m	Max. Day + Fire: 144.3 m
Fire Flow Demand at hydrant	100.00 l/s	Finished Floor Elevation:	92.65	
Maximum Daily + Fire Flow Demand:	101.25 l/s	Pavement elevation at hydrant:	92.42	

### Boundary Condition Check

Check water pressure at fire hydrant

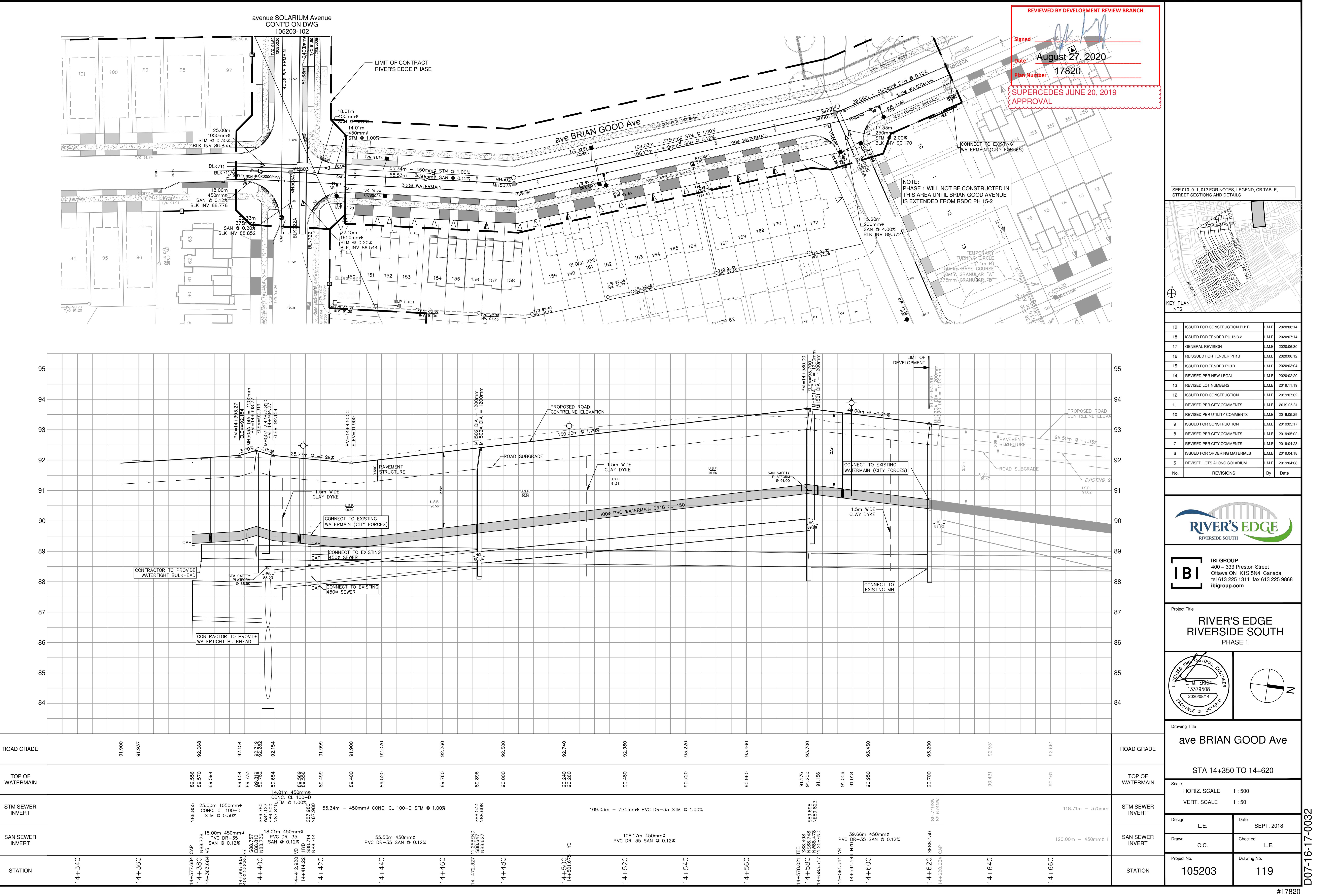
$$\begin{aligned}\text{Min. HGL - elevation at hydrant- Friction Loss}^{**} &= 29.87 \text{ m} \\ &= 42.48 \text{ psi}^{***} \\ &= 292.87 \text{ kPa}^{****}\end{aligned}$$

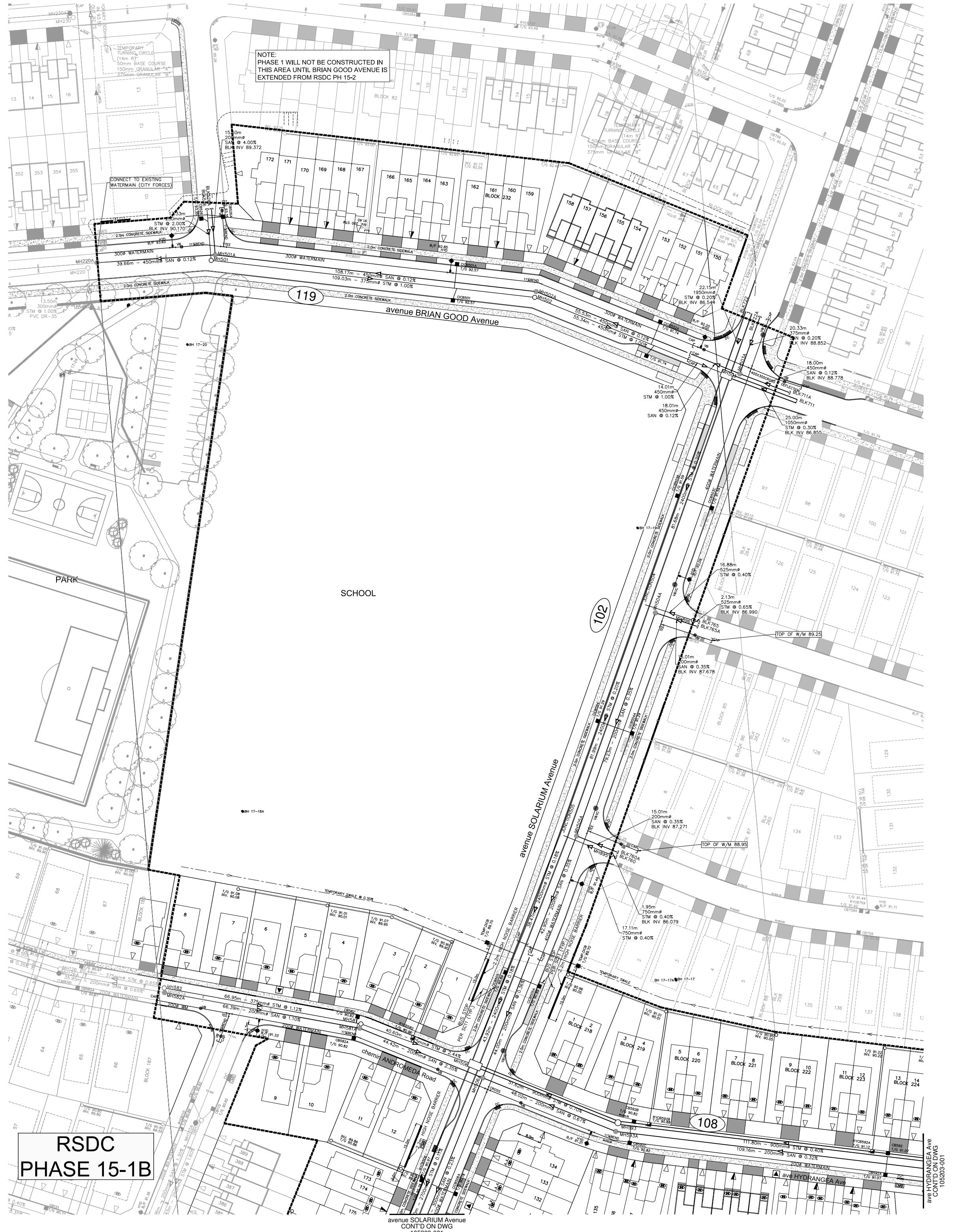
\*\*Friction loss calculated using the Hazen-Williams Equation

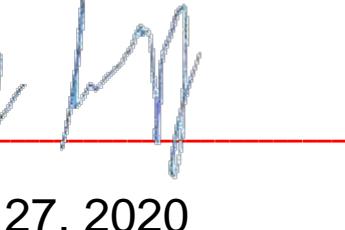
\*\*\*Appendix I Ottawa design guidelines table 1 hydrant class AA, 5,700 l/min =95 l/s at a minimum 20 psi



## **Appendix H - Subdivision Documents**





REVIEWED BY DEVELOPMENT REVIEW BRANCH  
  
Signed \_\_\_\_\_  
Date August 27, 2020  
Plan Number 17820

SUPERCEDES JUNE 20, 2019 APPROVAL

SEE 010, 011, 012 FOR NOTES, LEGEND, CB TABLE,  
STREET SECTIONS AND DETAILS



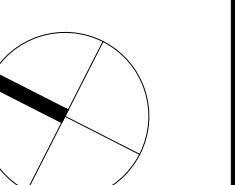
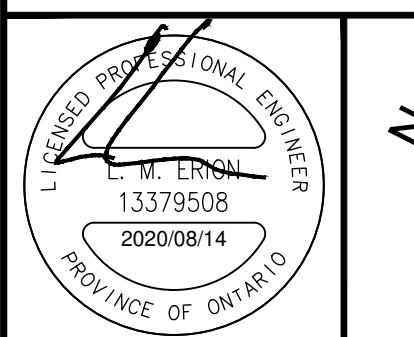
24		
23		
22		
21		
20	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION PH1B	L.M.E. 2020/08/14
19	GENERAL REVISION	L.M.E. 2020/06/30
18	REISSUED FOR TENDER PH1B	L.M.E. 2020/06/12
17	REVISED MOOSONEE CRES. GRADING	L.M.E. 2020/06/02
16	REVISED SEWER LAYOUT KENABECK/LUXURY	L.M.E. 2020/04/29
15	ISSUED FOR TENDER PH1B	L.M.E. 2020/03/04
14	REVISED PER NEW LEGAL	L.M.E. 2020/02/20
13	REVISED LOT NUMBERS	L.M.E. 2019/10/08
12	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	L.M.E. 2019/07/02
11	REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS	L.M.E. 2019/05/31
10	REVISED PER UTILITY COMMENTS	L.M.E. 2019/05/29
No.	REVISIONS	By Date



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Ottawa ON K1S 5N4 Canada  
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ibigroup.com

Project Title

## RIVER'S EDGE RIVERSIDE SOUTH



## GENERAL PLAN OF SERVICES

Scale  
1 : 1000

Design	L.E.	Date	SEPT. 2018
Drawn	C.C.	Checked	L.E.
Project No.	105203	Drawing No.	002

D07-16-17-0032

#17820







D07-16-17-0032

#17820



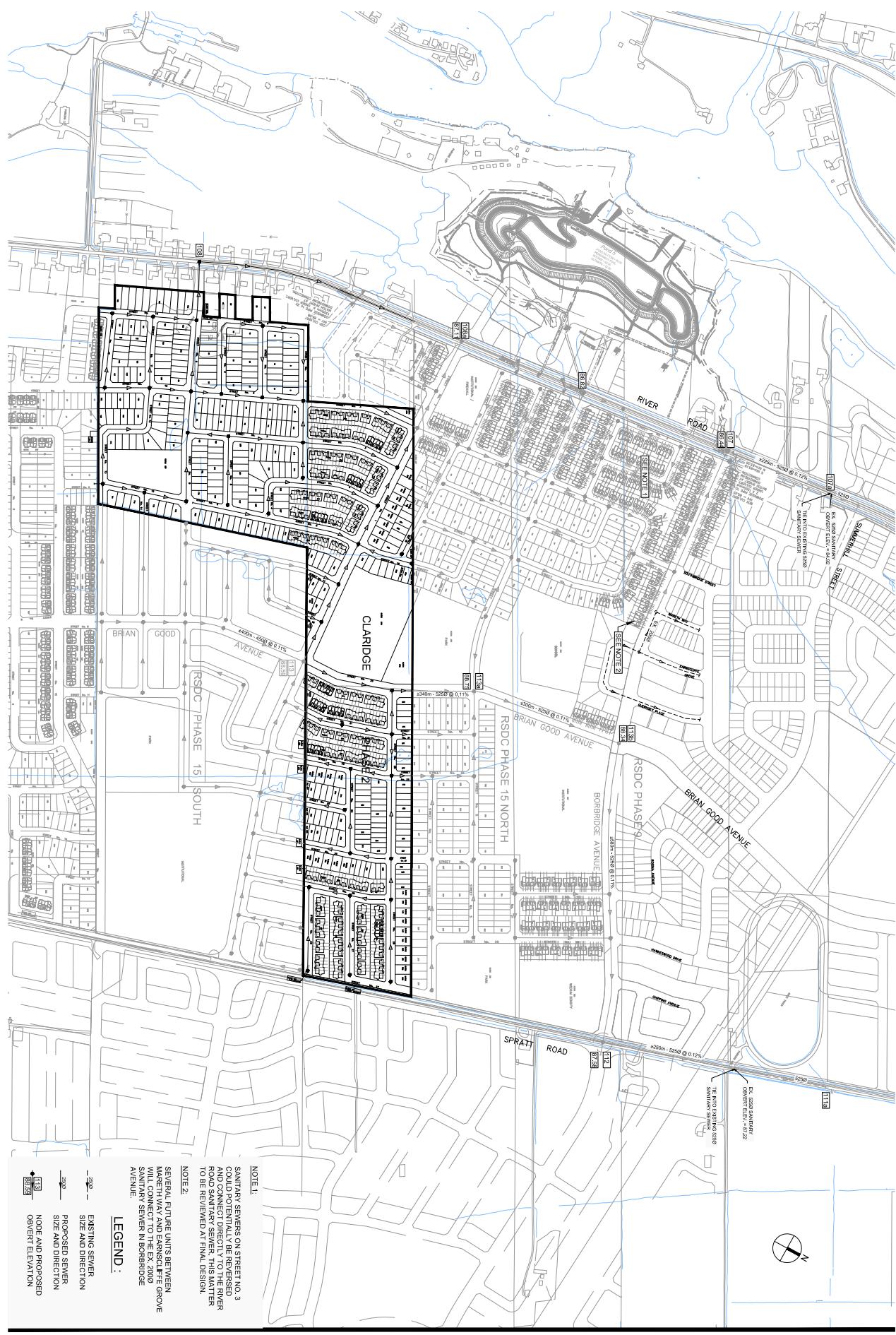


FIGURE 3.1

**PRELIMINARY  
SANITARY PLAN**

IB