



SUBJECT 1650 Shea Road Guide Rail Assessment

DATE July 31, 2024

DEPARTMENT Transportation Engineering

COPIES TO

TO Davidson Co-Tenancy c/o Tartan Land Corporation

OUR REF https://arcadiso365.sharepoint.com/sites/Projects2/139185/I nternal Documents/6.0_Technical/6.23_Traffic/03_Reports/ PROJECT NUMBER 139185

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Arcadis has been retained by Davidson Co-Tenancy (in the care of Tartan Land Corporation) to undertake a guide rail assessment for the proposed townhouse development located at 1650 Shea Road. Within the proposed development, there are three private roads which run parallel to a public road. Due to grading constraints of the site, there are significant elevation differences ranging from 0.34m to 2.85m between the site and the adjacent roadway, and a retaining wall is therefore required along the eastern and southern boundaries of the site. Due to the elevation differences between the private lanes and the adjacent public roadway, there is a risk of a vehicle overtopping the retaining wall, potentially resulting in a serious collision. This guide rail assessment therefore provides a quantitative evaluation of the potential benefits of providing a guide rail barrier system to prevent overtopping of the retaining wall. The guide rail assessment has followed the guidelines prescribed in the *Roadside Design Manual* published by the Ontario Ministry of Transportation (MTO) in December 2017.

The site plan of the proposed development is provided in **Appendix A**. The three private lanes under evaluation are:

- Private Lane 1
- Private Lane 4
- Private Lane 6

Alternative Options

There are two alternative options being evaluated as part of this assessment:

- **Option 1:** No guide rail ('Do Nothing')
- Option 2: Steel beam guide rail installed at the edge of the road

Evaluation Methodology

The guide rail assessment has followed the guidelines prescribed in the Roadside Design Manual published by the Ontario Ministry of Transportation (MTO) in December 2017. For each location identified for review, an assessment of the frequency and severity of collisions with and without a guide rail in place was carried out.

Benefit-cost evaluations for each location with and without guide rails in place have been carried out based on the methodology prescribed in the Roadside Evaluation Manual published by the MTO in July 2018 and using MTO's Roadside.xlsx program. Option 1 represents the baseline condition for the analysis (i.e., the 'Do Nothing' option) and assumes that there will be no guide rail. Option 2 assumes that a guide rail will be implemented. Collisions

with the guide rail are expected to be less severe than collisions where vehicles overtop the wall, however, as the guide rail would be immediately adjacent to the road, the frequency of collisions will be higher. The MTO Roadside.xlsx program predicts the frequency and severity of collisions given the characteristics of the hazard or area of concern and calculates the weighted average cost of collisions. The difference in collision costs between the two options represents the benefit of Option 2 relative to Option 1. This in turn can be compared to the cost of implementing the guard rail to determine the cost-benefit ratio. A simple benefit/cost ratio of 1.0 or greater is considered a general measure of cost-effectiveness. Improvements with a B/C ratio of less than 1.0 are not normally considered economically justified.

Measurements of the proposed roadside conditions at each location were obtained based on the proposed site grading plan. In addition to the above, the following parameters and assumptions were applied in the evaluations:

- A project life of 30 years and a discount rate of 5.0% was applied in the economic analysis. The discount rate accounts for the cost of borrowing and for inflation and is used in calculating the present worth of the mitigation measures and collision costs.
- Annual average daily traffic (AADT) volumes for each private lane were calculated based on trip generation
 rates from the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual (11th Edition) and the
 number of townhouses proposed on each road. No adjustments were applied to account for the use of nonauto modes of travel.
- A growth rate of 0% was applied to the roadways as it is assumed that traffic volumes will remain constant throughout the project life.
- Unit prices applied for the guide rail cost estimates are based on rates provided by the City of Ottawa (November 2021):
 - Steel Beam Guide Rail: \$200.00/m
- End Treatment: It is assumed that no end treatment will be required in this situation.

Benefit-Cost Evaluations

Private Lane 1

The following inputs were used in the benefit-cost evaluation of this location:

Table 1 Summary of Inputs: Private Lane 1

Analysis Parameter	Parameter Value
Design Speed	50 km/h
AADT	43 veh/day
Lane Width	3.0m
Shoulder Width	1.9m
Shoulder Grade	2%
Radius of Curvature	8m
Hazard Offset from Travel Lane	1.9m
Severity Index of Unshielded Hazard	Face: 3.3, Approach Side & Corner: 0
Estimated Guide Rail Cost	\$9,100.00

The results of the benefit/cost evaluation for Private Lane 1 are summarized in **Table 2**. Detailed input/output sheets from the analysis are provided in **Appendix B**.

Table 2 Summary of Outputs: Private Lane 1

Alternative	Expected Collisions	Collision Costs	Total Benefits	Net Costs	Net Present Value	Simple B/C
Option 1	0.02522	\$489.81	-	-	-	-
Option 2	0.06779	\$132.94	\$356.87	\$9,100.00	-\$8,743.13	0.04

The results of the analysis suggest that there is no benefit in providing a guide rail to prevent overtopping of the retaining wall on Private Lane 1. The net costs significantly exceed the anticipated benefits.

Private Lane 4

The following inputs were used in the benefit-cost evaluation of this location:

Table 3 Summary of Inputs: Private Lane 4

Analysis Parameter	Parameter Value
Design Speed	50 km/h
AADT	130 veh/day
Lane Width	3.0m
Shoulder Width	1.9m
Shoulder Grade	2%
Radius of Curvature	8m
Hazard Offset from Travel Lane	1.9m
Severity Index of Unshielded Hazard	Face: 4.8, Approach Side & Corner: 0
Estimated Guide Rail Cost	\$9,200.00

The results of the benefit/cost evaluation for Private Lane 4 are summarized in **Table 4**. Detailed input/output sheets from the analysis are provided in **Appendix B**.

Table 4 Summary of Outputs: Private Lane 4

Alternative	Expected Collisions	Collision Costs	Total Benefits	Total Senefits Net Costs		Simple B/C
Option 1	0.07694	\$4,563.85	-	-	-	-
Option 2	0.20689	\$1,253.89	\$3,309.96	\$9,200.00	-\$5,890.04	0.36

The results of the analysis suggest that there is no benefit in providing a guide rail to prevent overtopping of the retaining wall on Private Lane 4. The net costs significantly exceed the anticipated benefits.

Private Lane 6

The following inputs were used in the benefit-cost evaluation of this location:

Table 5 Summary of Inputs: Private Lane 6

Analysis Parameter	Parameter Value
Design Speed	50 km/h
AADT	180 veh/day
Lane Width	3.0m
Shoulder Width	1.9m
Shoulder Grade	2%
Radius of Curvature	8m
Hazard Offset from Travel Lane	1.9m
Severity Index of Unshielded Hazard	Face: 5.2, Approach Side & Corner: 0
Estimated Guide Rail Cost	\$19,000.00

The results of the benefit/cost evaluation for Private Lane 6 are summarized in **Table 6**. Detailed input/output sheets from the analysis are provided in **Appendix B**.

Table 6 Summary of Outputs: Private Lane 6

Alternative	Expected Collisions	Collision Costs	Total Benefits	Net Costs	Net Present Value	Simple B/C
Option 1	0.20196	\$16,828.08	-	-	-	-
Option 2	0.55091	\$3,783.89	\$13,044.19	\$19,000.00	-\$5,955.81	0.69

The results of the analysis suggest that there is also no benefit in providing a guide rail on Private Lane 6.

Conclusion

Based on the quantitative assessment undertaken above, the safety benefit of a guide rail is not sufficient to outweigh the cost at any of the locations analyzed. The overall risk of a vehicle overtopping the retaining wall is not sufficiently high to warrant the installation of a guide rail.

Appendix A: Site Plan



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CITY PLAN No. 19029

Appendix B: Roadside Design Evaluation

Input - Printable				Project Name:	1650 Shea Road			
				Name of Analyst:	Eric McLaren			
Unadjusted Obstacle's	Offset from the Travelled Lane	1.9 m	ı	Location of Obstacle		Should	er	-
Design Speed of the Ro	bad	50 k	m/h	Width of Obstacle				0 m
Encroachment Rate		0.00045 e	nc/km/yr/vpo	Length of Obstacle			45.	5 m
Initial Year		0		Swath Width of Vehicle			3.	6 m
Project Life		30 y	r	Grade			2.	0 %
Discount Rate		5.0 %	6	Radius of Curvature			-	8 m
				Shoulder Width			1.	9 m
				Distance Between Edge	of Shoulder and Beginning of Slope			0 m
Choose one of:	Initial Year AADT	0 v	pd	Slope 1				0
	Design Year AADT	43 v	pd		for a horizontal distance of			0 m
				Distance Between Base Slope 1 and Edge Slope 2			0 m	
Which Costing System i	is to be used?	MTO 2011		Slope 2				0
					for a horizontal distance of			0 m
Traffic Growth Rate		0.0 %	6	Distance Between Base	Slope 2 and Edge Slope 3			0 m
One-Way Highway or T	wo-Way Highway	Two-Way Highway		Slope 3				0
Divided or Undivided		Undivided			for a horizontal distance of			0 m
Number of Lanes		2		Distance Between End o	f Slope and Obstacle			0 m
Lane Width		3 m	n					_
Directional Split (Adjace	ent)	50 %	6	*Average Damage Repa	ir Cost of Feature after collision for:			
					upstream side	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Upstre	eam Side of Obstacle	0			upstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Upstre	eam Corner of Obstacle	0			face	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Face of	of Obstacle	3.3			downstream side	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Downs	stream Side of Obstacle	0			downstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Downs	stream Corner of Obstacle	0						_

OPTION 1

Method of Improvement	Steel 0	Guide Rail	
*Obstacle's Offset from the Travelled Lane		0	m
*Width of Obstacle		0	m
*Length of Obstacle		45.5	m
Grade		0.0	%
Radius of Curvature		0	m
*Shoulder Width		0	m
Distance Between Edge of Shoulder and Beginning of Slope		0	m
Slope 1		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 1 and Edge Slope 2		0	m
Slope 2		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 2 and Edge Slope 3		0	m
Slope 3		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between End of Slope and Obstacle		0	m
*Severity Index of Upstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Upstream Corner		0	
*Severity Index of Face of Obstacle		2	
*Severity Index of Downstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Downstream Corner of Obstacle		0	
*Installation Cost	\$	9,100.00	
*Average Damage Repair Cost of improvement option after col	lision fo	or:	
upstream side	\$	-	/collision
upstream corner	\$	-	/collision
face	\$	9,100.00	/collision
downstream side	\$	-	/collision
downstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Annual Maintenance Cost	\$	-	/yr
Salvage Value of Studied Feature	\$	-	
			-

OPTION 2

Method of Improvement		0	
*Obstacle's Offset from the Travelled Lane		0	m
*Width of Obstacle		0	m
*Length of Obstacle		0	m
Grade		0.0	%
Radius of Curvature		0	m
Shoulder Width		0	m
Distance Between Edge of Shoulder and Beginning of Slope		0	m
Slope 1		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 1 and Edge Slope 2		0	m
Slope 2		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 2 and Edge Slope 3		0	m
Slope 3		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between End of Slope and Obstacle		0	m
*Severity Index of Upstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Upstream Corner		0	
*Severity Index of Face of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Downstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Downstream Corner of Obstacle		0	
*Installation Cost	\$	-	
*Average Damage Repair Cost of improvement option after collision	on for:		
upstream side	\$	-	/collision
upstream corner	\$	-	/collision
face	\$	-	/collision
downstream side	\$	-	/collision
downstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Annual Maintenance Cost	\$	-	/yr
Salvage Value of Studied Feature	\$	-	

Output (Comparison) - Printable				Project	Name:	1650 She	a Road			
				Name o	of Analyst:	Eric McLa	aren			
	Do Noti	hing		OPTIO	N 1			OPTION	2	
The Number of impacts with				Steel G	uide Rail				0	
the upstream side is:		0.00000 impacts/yr			0.00000) impacts/y	r		0.00000 impacts	/yr
the upstream corner is:		0.00012 impacts/yr			0.00007	7 impacts/y	r		0.00007 impacts	/yr
the face from adjacent traffic is:		0.00061 impacts/yr			0.00044	1 impacts/y	r		0.00000 impacts	/yr
the downstream side is:		0.00000 impacts/yr			0.00000) impacts/y	r		0.00000 impacts	/yr
the downstream corner is:		0.00002 impacts/yr			0.00004	1 impacts/y	r		0.00002 impacts	/yr
the face due to opposing traffic is:		0.00009 impacts/yr			0.00018	mpacts/y	ſ		0.00000 impacts	/yr
Cost Analysis										
Total Brocont Worth	Total	Annual	21.96	Total	0 222 04	Annual	600.62	Total	Annual	0.12
Total Present Worth :	¢	409.01 \$	31.00	Ð	9,232.94	¢	000.02	-⊅	1.95 -\$	0.13
Accident Costs :	\$	489.81 \$	31.86	\$	127.17	\$	8.27	-\$	1.95 -\$	0.13
Installation Cost :	\$	- \$	-	\$	9,100.00	\$	591.97	\$	- \$	-
Accident Repair Costs :	\$	- \$	-	\$	5.78	\$	0.38	\$	- \$	-
Annual Maintenance Cost :	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Salvage Value :	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
CETA		0.00073			0.00051	1			0.00007	
CFTO		0.00011			0.00023	3			0.00002	
						_				
Initial Collision Frequency:		0.00084			0.00074	1			0.00009	
Expected Impacts over Project Life:		0.02522			0.02218	3			0.00257	
Project Life:		30			30)			30	
For the Direction Being Considered						_				
Initial AADT is (vpd):		21.5			21.5	5			21.5	
Initial Encroachment Rate is (enc/yr/km):		0.0387			0.0387	7			0.0387	
Average Cost per Impact	-	1 007 00		•	4 007 00	_		-	1 007 00	
upstream side:	-\$	1,697.90		->	1,697.90			-\$	1,697.90	
upstream corner :	-\$	1,697.90		->	1,697.90			-5	1,697.90	
downetroom side:	ф Ф	1 607 00		ф с	1 607 00			-9 e	1,097.90	
downstream corper:	-ə _\$	1,097.90		-9 -\$	1,097.90			-⊅ _\$	1,097.90	
	-φ	1,037.30		-φ	1,097.90	-		-φ	1,097.90	
Summary of Benefits and Costs										
Net Costs	\$	-		\$	9,100.00	-		\$	-	
Total Benefits	\$	-		\$	356.87			\$	491.76	
Net Present Value		0.00			-8743.13	3		\$	491.76	
Benefit/Cost Ratio		0.00			0.04	1		#C	0IV/0!	
Change in Total Impacts		0.00			0.00)			-0.02	

Input - Printable				Project Name:	1650 Shea Road			
				Name of Analyst:	Eric McLaren			
Unadjusted Obstacle's	Offset from the Travelled Lane	1.9	m	Location of Obstacle		Should	ler	-
Design Speed of the Ro	bad	50	km/h	Width of Obstacle				0 m
Encroachment Rate		0.00045	enc/km/yr/vp	Length of Obstacle			4	6 m
Initial Year		0		Swath Width of Vehicle			3.	6 m
Project Life		30	yr	Grade			2.	0 %
Discount Rate		5.0	%	Radius of Curvature			-	8 m
			-	Shoulder Width			1.	9 m
			_	Distance Between Edge	of Shoulder and Beginning of Slope			0 m
Choose one of:	Initial Year AADT	0	vpd	Slope 1				0
Design Year AADT		130	vpd	for a horizontal distance of			0 m	
		_	Distance Between Base	Slope 1 and Edge Slope 2	0		0 m	
Which Costing System	is to be used?	MTO 2011	_	Slope 2				0
			_		for a horizontal distance of			0 m
Traffic Growth Rate		0.0	%	Distance Between Base	Slope 2 and Edge Slope 3			0 m
One-Way Highway or T	wo-Way Highway	Two-Way Highwa	ау	Slope 3				0
Divided or Undivided		Undivided			for a horizontal distance of	0 m		<u>0</u> m
Number of Lanes		2		Distance Between End of	of Slope and Obstacle			<u>0</u> m
Lane Width		3	m					_
Directional Split (Adjace	ent)	50	%	*Average Damage Repa	ir Cost of Feature after collision for:			
			_		upstream side	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Upstre	eam Side of Obstacle	0			upstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Upstre	eam Corner of Obstacle	0			face	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Face of	of Obstacle	4.8			downstream side	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Downs	stream Side of Obstacle	0			downstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Downs	stream Corner of Obstacle	0						

OPTION 1

Method of Improvement	Steel	Guide Rail	
*Obstacle's Offset from the Travelled Lane		0	m
*Width of Obstacle		0	m
*Length of Obstacle		46	m
Grade		0.0	%
Radius of Curvature		-8	m
*Shoulder Width		0	m
Distance Between Edge of Shoulder and Beginning of Slope		0	m
Slope 1		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 1 and Edge Slope 2		0	m
Slope 2		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 2 and Edge Slope 3		0	m
Slope 3		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between End of Slope and Obstacle		0	m
*Severity Index of Upstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Upstream Corner		0	
*Severity Index of Face of Obstacle		2	
*Severity Index of Downstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Downstream Corner of Obstacle		0	
· ·			•
*Installation Cost	\$	9,200.00	•
*Average Damage Repair Cost of improvement option after col	llision f	or:	
upstream side	\$	-	/collision
upstream corner	\$	-	/collision
face	\$	9,200.00	/collision
downstream side	\$	-	/collision
downstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Annual Maintenance Cost	\$	-	/yr
Salvage Value of Studied Feature	\$	-	

OPTION 2

			_
Method of Improvement		()
*Obstacle's Offset from the Travelled Lane		() m
*Width of Obstacle		() m
*Length of Obstacle		() m
Grade		0.0) %
Radius of Curvature		() m
Shoulder Width		() m
Distance Between Edge of Shoulder and Beginning of Slope		() m
Slope 1		()
For a horizontal distance of		() m
Distance Between Base Slope 1 and Edge Slope 2		() m
Slope 2		()
For a horizontal distance of		() m
Distance Between Base Slope 2 and Edge Slope 3		() m
Slope 3		()
For a horizontal distance of		() m
Distance Between End of Slope and Obstacle		() m
			-
*Severity Index of Upstream Side of Obstacle		()
*Severity Index of Upstream Corner		()
*Severity Index of Face of Obstacle		()
*Severity Index of Downstream Side of Obstacle		()
*Severity Index of Downstream Corner of Obstacle		Ċ)
			-
*Installation Cost	\$	-	-
*Average Damage Repair Cost of improvement option after of	collision for:		
upstream side	\$	-	/collision
upstream corner	\$	-	/collision
face	\$	-	/collision
downstream side	\$	-	/collision
downstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Annual Maintenance Cost	\$	-	/yr
Salvage Value of Studied Feature	\$	-	
			-

Output (Comparison) - Printable				Project	t Name:	1650 She	ea Road			
				Name	of Analyst:	Eric McL	aren			
	Do Not	thing		OPTIC	DN 1			OPTION	2	
The Number of impacts with				Steel C	Guide Rail				0	
the upstream side is:		0.00000 impacts	/yr		0.00000) impacts/y	٢		0.00000 impact	s/yr
the upstream corner is:		0.00035 impacts	/yr		0.00080) impacts/y	/r		0.00020 impacts	s/yr
the face from adjacent traffic is:		0.00187 impacts	/yr		0.00538	3 impacts/y	/r		0.00000 impacts	s/yr
the downstream side is:		0.00000 impacts	/yr		0.00000) impacts/y	/r		0.00000 impact	s/yr
the downstream corner is:		0.00006 impacts	/yr		0.00011	impacts/y	/r		0.00006 impact	s/yr
the face due to opposing traffic is:		0.00029 impacts	/yr		0.00059	mpacts/y	r		0.00000 impacts	s/yr
Cost Analysis										
Total Dracant Worth	Total	Annual	206.88	Total	10 452 90	Annual	690.04	Total	Annua	0.29
Total Present Worth :	\$	4,563.85 \$	296.88	\$	10,453.89	\$	680.04	-⊅	5.89 -\$	0.38
Accident Costs :	\$	4,563.85 \$	296.88	\$	1,198.91	\$	77.99	-\$	5.89 -\$	0.38
Installation Cost :	\$	- \$	-	\$	9,200.00	\$	598.47	\$	- \$	-
Accident Repair Costs :	\$	- \$	-	\$	54.98	\$	3.58	\$	- \$	-
Annual Maintenance Cost :	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Salvage Value :	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
CFTA		0.00222			0.00619)			0.00020	
CFTO		0.00035			0.00071	1			0.00006	
Initial Collision Frequency:		0.00256			0.00690)			0.00026	
Expected Impacts over Project Life:		0.07694			0.20689)			0.00776	
Project Life:		30			30)			30	
For the Direction Being Considered						-				
Initial AADT is (vpd):		65			65	<u>-</u>			65	
Initial Encroachment Rate is (enc/yr/km):		0.117			0.117	·			0.117	
upstream side:	¢	1 607 00		¢	1 607 00	-		¢	1 607 00	
upstream corper :	-9 -\$	1,097.90		-9 -8	1,097.90			-φ _\$	1,097.90	
face:	- - \$	158 218 21		-φ \$	15 229 96			-φ -\$	1,697,90	
downstream side:	-\$	1 697 90		-\$	1 697 90			-\$	1 697 90	
downstream corner:	-\$	1.697.90		-\$	1.697.90			-\$	1.697.90	
Summary of Benefits and Costs	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	.,	-		<u>.</u>	.,	
Net Costs	\$	-		\$	9,200.00			\$	-	
Total Benefits	\$	-		\$	3,309.96			\$	4,569.74	
Net Present Value	,	0.00		,	-5890.04	Ļ		\$	4,569.74	
Benefit/Cost Ratio		0.00			0.36	6		#C	DIV/0!	
Change in Total Impacts		0.00			0.13	3			-0.07	

Input - Printable			Project Name:	1650 Shea Road			
			Name of Analyst:	Eric McLaren			
Unadjusted Obstacle's	Offset from the Travelled Lane	1.9 m	Location of Obstacle		Should	er	-
Design Speed of the Ro	bad	50 km/h	Width of Obstacle) m
Encroachment Rate		0.00045 enc/km	/yr/vpd Length of Obstacle			9	5 m
Initial Year		0	Swath Width of Vehicle			3.	6 m
Project Life		30 yr	Grade			2.	D %
Discount Rate		5.0 %	Radius of Curvature			-1	3 m
			Shoulder Width			1.	9 m
			Distance Between Edge	of Shoulder and Beginning of Slope) m
Choose one of:	Initial Year AADT	0 vpd	Slope 1				C
Design Year AADT		180 vpd		for a horizontal distance of) m
			Distance Between Base	Slope 1 and Edge Slope 2) m
Which Costing System	is to be used?	MTO 2011	Slope 2				C
				for a horizontal distance of) m
Traffic Growth Rate		0.0 %	Distance Between Base	Slope 2 and Edge Slope 3) m
One-Way Highway or T	wo-Way Highway	Two-Way Highway	Slope 3				C
Divided or Undivided		Undivided		for a horizontal distance of) m
Number of Lanes		2	Distance Between End of	f Slope and Obstacle) m
Lane Width		3 m					
Directional Split (Adjace	ent)	50 %	*Average Damage Repai	r Cost of Feature after collision for:			
				upstream side	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Upstre	eam Side of Obstacle	0		upstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Upstre	eam Corner of Obstacle	0		face	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Face of	of Obstacle	5.2		downstream side	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Downs	stream Side of Obstacle	0		downstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Severity Index of Downs	stream Corner of Obstacle	0					_

OPTION 1

Method of Improvement	Steel	Guide Rail	
*Obstacle's Offset from the Travelled Lane		0	m
*Width of Obstacle		0	m
*Length of Obstacle		95	m
Grade		0.0	%
Radius of Curvature		-8	m
*Shoulder Width		0	m
Distance Between Edge of Shoulder and Beginning of Slope		0	m
Slope 1		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 1 and Edge Slope 2		0	m
Slope 2		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 2 and Edge Slope 3		0	m
Slope 3		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between End of Slope and Obstacle		0	m
*Severity Index of Upstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Upstream Corner		0	
*Severity Index of Face of Obstacle		2	
*Severity Index of Downstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Downstream Corner of Obstacle		0	
*Installation Cost	\$	19,000.00	
*Average Damage Repair Cost of improvement option after col	lision	for:	
upstream side	\$	-	/collision
upstream corner	\$	-	/collision
face	\$	19,000.00	/collision
downstream side	\$	-	/collision
downstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Annual Maintenance Cost	\$	-	/yr
Salvage Value of Studied Feature	\$	-	

OPTION 2

Method of Improvement		0	
*Obstacle's Offset from the Travelled Lane		0	m
*Width of Obstacle		0	m
*Length of Obstacle		0	m
Grade		0.0	%
Radius of Curvature		0	m
Shoulder Width		0	m
Distance Between Edge of Shoulder and Beginning of Slope		0	m
Slope 1		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 1 and Edge Slope 2		0	m
Slope 2		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between Base Slope 2 and Edge Slope 3		0	m
Slope 3		0	
For a horizontal distance of		0	m
Distance Between End of Slope and Obstacle		0	m
·			
*Severity Index of Upstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Upstream Corner		0	
*Severity Index of Face of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Downstream Side of Obstacle		0	
*Severity Index of Downstream Corner of Obstacle		0	
·			•
*Installation Cost	\$	-	
*Average Damage Repair Cost of improvement option after collisi	on for:		
upstream side	\$	-	/collision
upstream corner	\$	-	/collision
face	\$	-	/collision
downstream side	\$	-	/collision
downstream corner	\$	-	/collision
Annual Maintenance Cost	\$	-	/yr
Salvage Value of Studied Feature	\$	-	

Output (Comparison) - Printable					Project	t Name:	1650 S	hea Road			
					Name	of Analyst:	Eric Mo	Laren			
	Do No	othing			OPTIC	N 1			OPTION	2	
The Number of impacts with					Steel C	Guide Rail				0	
the upstream side is:		0.00000	impacts/	yr		0.00001	impact	s/yr		0.00000 impacts	/yr
the upstream corner is:		0.00048 i	impacts/	yr		0.00111	impact	s/yr		0.00028 impacts	/yr
the face from adjacent traffic is:		0.00534 i	impacts/	yr		0.01539) impact	s/yr		0.00000 impacts	/yr
the downstream side is:		0.00000	impacts/	yr		0.00000) impact	s/yr		0.00000 impacts	/yr
the downstream corner is:		0.00008	impacts/	yr		0.00016	impact	s/yr		0.00008 impacts	/yr
the face due to opposing traffic is:		0.00083	impacts/	yr		0.00170	mpact	s/yr		0.00000 impacts	/yr
Cost Analysis											
Tetel Due en ut Manuth	Total	40.000.00	Annual	1 004 00	Total	00 700 00	Annua	1 400 40	Total	Annual	0.50
Total Present Worth :	\$	16,828.08	\$	1,094.69	\$	22,783.89	\$	1,482.12	-\$	8.15 -\$	0.53
Accident Costs :	\$	16,828.08	\$	1,094.69	\$	3,459.19	\$	225.03	-\$	8.15 -\$	0.53
Installation Cost :	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,000.00	\$	1,235.98	\$	- \$	-
Accident Repair Costs :	\$	-	\$	-	\$	324.71	\$	21.12	\$	- \$	-
Annual Maintenance Cost :	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Salvage Value :	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
CETA		0.00583				0 01650)			0.00028	
CFTO		0.00091				0.00186	5			0.00008	
Initial Collision Frequency:		0.00673				0.01836	6			0.00036	
Expected Impacts over Project Life:		0.20196				0.55091				0.01075	
Project Life:		30				30)			30	
For the Direction Being Considered							_				
Initial AADT is (vpd):		90				90)			90	
Initial Encroachment Rate is (enc/yr/km):		0.162				0.162	2			0.162	
Average Cost per impact	¢	1 607 00			¢	1 607 00	-		¢	1 607 00	
upstream sorper :	-⊅ ¢	1,697.90			-¢	1,097.90			-⊅ ¢	1,097.90	
face:	-ə ¢	203 757 69			-9 2	1,097.90			-ə _\$	1,097.90	
downstream side:	Ψ _\$	1 607 00			-\$	1 607 00			-Ψ _\$	1,697,90	
downstream corner:	-φ -\$	1,697,90			-\$ -\$	1 697 90			-Ψ -\$	1,697,90	
	_Ψ	1,001.00				1,001.00	-		Ψ	1,001.00	
Summary of Benefits and Costs											
Net Costs	\$	-			\$	19,000.00	-		\$	-	
Total Benefits	\$	-			\$	13,044.19			\$	16,836.23	
Net Present Value		0.00				-5955.81			\$	16,836.23	
Benefit/Cost Ratio		0.00				0.69)		#1	DIV/0!	
Change in Total Impacts		0.00				0.35	5			-0.19	