SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT - PHASE 1 - 780 BASELINE ROAD



Project No.: CCO-22-0952

City File No.: D07-12-23-0076

Prepared for:

Theberge Homes 205-1600 Laperriere Ave Ottawa, ON, K1Z 8P5

Prepared by:

Egis Canada Ltd. (Formerly McIntosh Perry Consulting Engineers Ltd.) 115 Walgreen Road Carp, ON K0A 1L0

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1.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 Purpose

Egis Canada Ltd. (Egis) has been retained by Theberge Homes to prepare this Servicing and Stormwater Management Report in support of the Site Plan Control application for phase 1 of the proposed development located at 780 Baseline Road within the City of Ottawa.

The main purpose of this report is to present a servicing design for the development in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines provided by the City of Ottawa (City), the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA), and the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP). This report will address the water, sanitary and storm sewer servicing for the development, ensuring that existing and available services will adequately service the proposed development.

This report should be read in conjunction with the following drawings:

- COO-22-0952, C101 Ste Grading and Drainage Plan, and
- 000-22-0952, C102 Ste Servicing Plan.
- CCO-22-0952, PRE Pre-Development Drainage Area Plan (Appendix E)
- CCO-22-0952, POST Post-Development Drainage Area Plan (Appendix F)

1.2 Site Description

The subject property, herein referred to as the site, is located at 780 Baseline Road within the Knoxdale-Merivale Ward. The site covers approximately 1.57 ha and is located at the intersection of Baseline Road and Fisher Avenue. The site is zoned for General Mixed use (GM). See Site Location Plan in Appendix 'A' for more details.

1.3 Proposed Development and Statistics

Phase 1 of the proposed development consists of a high-rise mixed-use building covering approximately 0.48 ha within the site which includes 0.04 Ha of parkland dedication. Building A contains 320 residential units and 711 m² of commercial space with access from Fisher Avenue. Underground parking and drive aisles will be provided throughout the site with access Fisher Avenue. Refer to Ste Plan prepared by Roderick Lahey Architect Inc (RLA) and included in Appendix B for further details.

1.4 Existing Conditions and Infrastructure

The site is currently developed containing a 1-storey commercial strip mall and asphalt parking areas. The existing appears to be serviced by the 203 mm diameter watermain within Hillard Avenue. There is an existing 375 mm diameter municipal sanitary sewer that passes through the southern portion of the site, from Hillard Avenue to Fisher Avenue.



Sewer and watermain mapping collected from the City of Ottawa indicate that the following services exist across the property frontages within the adjacent municipal rights-of-way(s):

Fisher Avenue

- 406 mm diameter PVC watermain,
- 375-450 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer tributary to the Cave Creek collector,
- 1200 mm diameter concrete storm sewer tributary to the Rideau Canal approximately 1 km downstream.

Baseline Road

- 406 mm diameter cast iron watermain,
- 300 mm diameter concrete sanitary sewer tributary to the Cave Creek collector,
- 1050 mm diameter concrete storm sewer tributary to the Rideau Canal approximately 1 km downstream.

Hillard Avenue

- 203 mm diameter PVC watermain,
- 300 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer tributary to the Cave Creek collector,
- 450 mm diameter concrete storm sewer tributary to the Rideau Canal approximately 1.2 km downstream.

1.5 Approvals

The proposed development is subject to the City of Ottawa site plan control process. Site plan control requires the City to review, provided concurrence and approve the engineering design package. Permits to construct can be requested once the City has issued a site plan agreement.

An Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) through the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MEOP) will be required for the sanitary sewer realignment under the Transfer of Review process.



2.0 BACKROUND STUDIES, STANDARDS, AND REFERENCES

2.1 Background Reports / Reference Information

As-built drawings of existing services, provided by the City of Ottawa Information centre, within the vicinity of the proposed site were reviewed in order to identify infrastructure available to service the contemplated development.

A topographic survey of the site was completed by Farley, Smith & Denis Surveying Ltd., dated April 27, 2022, Revised February 23, 2023 (File No.: 26-23).

An Assessment of Adequacy of Public Services Report was completed by McIntosh Perry, dated October 6th, 2022.

2.2 Applicable Guidelines and Standards

Oity of Ottawa:

- ♦ Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, City of Ottawa, SDG002, October 2012. (Ottawa Sewer Guidelines)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2014-01 City of Ottawa, February 2014. (ISTB-2014-01)
 - Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2016-01 City of Ottawa, September 2016. (PIEDTB-2016-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-01 City of Ottawa, January 2018. (ISTB-2018-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-03 City of Ottawa, March 2018. (ISTB-2018-03)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2019-01 City of Ottawa, January 2019. (ISTB-2019-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2019-02 City of Ottawa, February 2019. (ISTB-2019-02)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution City of Ottawa, July 2010. (Ottawa Water Guidelines)
 - Technical Bulletin ISD-2010-2 Otty of Ottawa, December 15, 2010. (ISD-2010-2)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02 City of Ottawa, May 2014. (ISDTB-2014-02)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 City of Ottawa, March 2018. (ISTB-2018-02)

Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks:

- ◆ Stormwater Planning and Design Manual, Ministry of the Environment, March 2003. (MECP Stormwater Design Manual)
- Design Guidelines for Sewage Works, Ministry of the Environment, 2008. (MECP Sewer Design Guidelines)

Other:

Water Supply for Public Fire Protection, Fire Underwriters Survey, 2020. (FUS Guidelines)



3.0 PRE-CONSULTATION SUMMARY

A pre-consultation email was provided by City staff on March 20, 2023, regarding the proposed site servicing. The notes from this meeting can be found in Appendix B. Specific design parameters to be incorporated within this design include the following:

- Control post-development flows to the 5-year pre-development storm with a maximum combined C value of 0.50, and calculated time of concentration.
- Hows to the storm sewer in excess of the 5-year storm release rate, up to and including the 100-year storm event, must be detained on site.
- Quality Control to an enhanced level (80% TSS removal).



4.0 WATERMAIN

4.1 Existing Watermain

The site is located within the 2W2C pressure zone, as per the Water Distribution System mapping included in Appendix C. There are three municipal fire hydrants along Fisher Avenue, one along Baseline Poad, and one along Sunnycrest Drive available to service the development.

4.2 Proposed Watermain

Dual 150mm diameter PVC water services are proposed to service the development, extending from the existing 203mm PVC watermain within Hillard Avenue, complete with water valves located at the property line. In accordance with Section 4.3.1 of the Ottawa Water Guidelines, service areas with a basic day demand greater than 50 m³/day require a dual connection to the municipal system.

The Fire Underwriters Survey 2020 (FUS) method was utilized to determine the required fire flow for the site. The 'C' factor (type of construction) for the FUS calculation was determined to be 0.8 (non-combustible type). The occupancy type of the building was determined to be limited combustible per page 24 of the FUS guidelines. The total effective floor area ('A' value) for the FUS calculation was determined to be 2603 m². The results of the calculations yielded a required fire flow of 6,000 L/ min. The detailed calculations for the FUS can be found in Appendix C.

The water demands for the proposed building have been calculated to adhere to the Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution manual and can be found in Appendix C. The results have been summarized in Table 1, below. In accordance with Section 4.3.1 of the guidelines, service areas with a basic day demand greater than $50 \, \text{m}^3/\text{day}$ require a dual connection to the municipal system. The basic day demand for the development is estimated to be $156 \, \text{m}^3/\text{day}$, therefore a dual connection is required.



Table 1: Water Supply Design Criteria and Water Demands

Phase 1 Ste Area	0.48 ha	
Bachelor/ 1 Bedroom	1.4 L/person/unit	
2 Bedroom	2.1 L/person/unit	
3 Bedroom	3.1 L/person/unit	
Residential Daily Demand	280 L/person/day	
Maximum Daily Peaking Factor	2.5 x avg day	
Maximum Hour Peaking Factor	2.2 x max day	
Commercial	28,000 L/ ha/ day	
Average Day Demand (L/s)	1.82	
Maximum Daily Demand (L/s)	4.51	
Peak Hourly Demand (L/s)	8.09	
FUSFire Flow Requirement (L/s) 100.00 (6,000 L		

The City provided the estimated water pressures at both for the average day scenario, peak hour scenario and the max day plus fire flow scenario for the demands indicated by the correspondence in Appendix C. The resulting pressures for the boundary conditions results are shown in Table 2, below.

Table 2: Boundary Condition Results

Scenario	Proposed Demands (∐ s)	Connection 1 HGL(m H₂O)*/kPa			
Average Day Demand	1.81	48.7 / 477.4			
Maximum Daily + Fire Flow Demand	104.49	34.8 / 341.0			
Peak Hourly Demand	8.00	40.3 / 395.0			
* Adjusted for an estimated ground elevation of 84.1 m above the connection point.					

The normal operating pressure range is anticipated to be 395 kPa to 477 kPa and will not be less than 275 kPa (40 psi) or exceed 689 kPa (100 psi). The proposed watermains will meet the minimum required 20 psi (140 kPa) from the Ottawa Water Guidelines at the ground level under maximum day demand and fire flow conditions. A pressure reducing valve is not anticipated to be required since the pressures do not exceed 552 kPa (80 psi) in the average day scenario.

To confirm the adequacy of fire flow to protect the proposed development, public fire hydrants within 150 m of the proposed building were analysed per City of Ottawa ISTB 2018-02 Appendix I



Table 1. Based on City guidelines (ISTB-2018-02), the existing hydrants can provide adequate fire protection to the proposed development. The results are summarized in Table 3, below.

Table 3: Fire Protection Confirmation

Building	Fire How Demand (L/ min.)	Fire Hydrant(s) within 75m*	Fire Hydrant(s) within 150m*	Combined Fire Flow (L/ min.)
780 Baseline – Building A	6,000 (FUS)	3	2	24,700

^{*} Fire hydrants within 75 metres contribute 5,700 L/min to fire flow and fire hydrants within 150 meters contribute 3,800 L/min to fire flow, respectively, per ISTB-2018-02.



5.0 SANITARY DESIGN

5.1 Existing Sanitary Sewer

There is an existing 300 mm diameter sanitary sewer within Baseline Road, an existing 450 mm diameter sanitary sewer within Fisher Avenue, and an existing 300 mm diameter sanitary sewer within Sunnycrest Drive/Hillard Avenue fronting the site. The subject site currently contributes wastewater to the Cave Creek trunk sewer.

In addition, there is an existing 375 mm diameter municipal sanitary sewer that crosses through site, from Hillard Avenue to Fisher Avenue.

5.2 Sanitary Sewer Realignment

The existing 375mm diameter AC sanitary crossing through the site and the two 300mm diameter PVC sanitary sewers directly upstream of the 375mm sewer need to be relocated to allow for the construction of the Phase I building.

5.2.1 Pipe Capacity

Based on as built drawings (Contract No. ISB05-2058, DWG No. 2058-03), the existing capacity of the existing 375mm crossing through the site with a 1.57-3.00% slope is 229 L/s. The capacity of the existing 300mm diameter sewer from MHSA 46203 to MHSA46205 at 0.52% is 73 L/s. The existing capacity of the 300mm sewer from MHSA46208 to MHSA46205 at 0.52% 0.57% is 76 L/s. The existing capacity of the 450mm sewer within Fisher Avenue from MHSA50442 to MHSA50433 is $126 \, \text{L/s}$.

As shown in drawing C102 the existing 375mm sewer within the site is proposed to be realigned with a 375mm diameter sewer at 0.32%. The existing 300mm diameter sewer from MHSA46208 to MHSA46205 is proposed to be realigned with a 300mm diameter sewer at 0.57%. The existing 300mm diameter sewer from MHSA46203 to MHSA46205 is proposed to be realigned with a 300mm diameter sewer at 0.52%.

The realigned network will be conveyed through the site via a 6.00m utility easement in favor of the city of Ottawa. The alignment will be conveyed to proposed maintenance structure (MH1D) within the Fisher Avenue right-of-way. The existing 375mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer within Fisher Avenue is proposed to be replaced with a 450mm diameter concrete sewer from MH1D to existing maintenance structure MHSA50442.

As demonstrated in the Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet in Appendix D, the capacity of the existing legs of the realigned sanitary sewers within Hillard Avenue match or improve on the capacity of the respective existing sewers. The realigned 375mm sewer within the site has a capacity of 103 L/s. Due to the complexity of the downstream network, the City will need to advise of any downstream constraints.



5.3 Proposed Sanitary Sewer

A new 250 mm diameter gravity sanitary service is proposed to extend from the relocated sanitary sewer within Hilliard Avenue. As per coordination with City Staff, a wastewater sampling/inspection chamber is proposed to provide monitoring for site sanitary flows per the Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines and City of Ottawa Sewer-Use By-Law 2003-514 (14). Refer to plan C102.

The peak design flows for the proposed building were calculated using criteria from the Ottawa Sewer Guidelines and are summarized in Table 4, below. Based on the unit occupancy statistics provided by the architect, the proposed site development will generate a flow of 6.17 L/s. See Appendix D of this report for more details.

Table 4: Sanitary Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value
Ste Area	0.48 ha
Residential	280 L/ person/ day
Commercial/Amenity	2,800 L/ (m ² / day)
1 Bedroom Apartment	1.4 persons/unit
2 Bedroom Apartment	2.1 persons/unit
3 Bedroom Apartment	3.1 persons/unit
Bachelor Apartment	1.4 persons/ unit
Residential Peaking Factor	3.36
Extraneous Flow Allowance	0.33 L/s/ha

The full flowing capacity of a 250mm diameter service at a 1% slope is estimated to be 55.87 L/s. Therefore, a 200 mm diameter service would be sufficiently sized to accommodate the contemplated development.

A sanitary flow of 5.41 L/s for Building A was submitted to City staff for a review of the municipal system. It was indicated that there were no concerns with the additional flows. The estimated demand for Building A has increased to 6.17 L/s based on the latest site statistics provided by the architect. Due to the complexity of the downstream network, the City will need to advise of any downstream constraints. Refer to correspondence included in Appendix D for reference.



6.0 STORM SEWER DESIGN

6.1 Existing Storm Sewers

Stormwater runoff from the site is currently tributary to the Rideau River within the Ottawa River West sub-watershed. The site is currently serviced by series of existing catch basins.

There is an existing 450 mm diameter storm sewer within Hillard Avenue and an existing 1200 mm diameter storm sewer within Fisher Avenue available to service the site. The existing sewers are tributary to the Rideau River approximately 1.0-1.2 km downstream.

6.2 Proposed Storm Sewers

A new 250mm PVC storm service will be extended from the existing 450mm diameter storm sewer within Hillard Avenue. The sewer system will provide attenuation for the roof area and drive aisle/entrance area by an internal cistern complete with a Tempest LMF ICD or an approved equivalent. A cistern detail has been prepared by the Mechanical Engineer and is available is Appendix G.

Foundation drainage is proposed to be conveyed without flow attenuation via the 250mm diameter storm service downstream of any cistern controls.

0.13 ha of the site is proposed to be conveyed to the City as parkland. A new catchbasin is proposed to provide drainage for the parkland site via a 250mm storm lead extending to the existing 450mm diameter storm sewer within Hillard Avenue.

Two new catch basins are proposed to collect drainage north of the Phase I development. The existing drainage is currently collected by catch basins that are to be removed in order to construct Building A. The proposed catch basins will convey runoff to the existing site storm system.

See CCO-22-0952 - POST include in Appendix F of this report for more details. The Stormwater Management design for the subject property will be outlined in Section 7.0 of this report.



7.0 PROPOSED STORM WATER MANAGEMENT

7.1 Design Criteria and Methodology

Stormwater management for the proposed site will be maintained using an internal cistern and will collect runoff from the at-grade areas within the site. The flow will be directed to the existing 450mm diameter storm sewer within Hillard Avenue.

In summary, the following design criteria have been employed in developing the stormwater management design for the site as directed by the RVCA and City:

Quality Control

• 80% TSS removal is required for the site.

Quantity Control

- Any storm events greater than 5-year, up to 100-year, and including 100-year storm event must be detained on site.
- Post-development to be restricted to the 5-year storm event, based on a calculated time of concentration greater than 10 minutes and a rational method coefficient of 0.50. Refer to Section 7.2 for further details.

7.2 Runoff Calculations

Runoff calculations presented in this report are derived using the Rational Method, given as:

$$Q = 2.78CIA \text{ (L/s)}$$

Where: C = Runoff coefficient

= Rainfall intensity in mm/hr (City of Ottawa IDF curves)

A = Drainage area in hectares

It is recognized that the Pational Method tends to overestimate runoff rates. As a result, the conservative calculation of runoff ensures that any SWM facility sized using this method is expected to function as intended. The following coefficients were used to develop an average Cfor each area:

Roofs/ Concrete/ Asphalt	0.90
Undeveloped and Grass	0.20

As per the City of Ottawa - Sewer Design Guidelines, the 5-year balanced 'C' value must be increased by 25% for a 100-year storm event to a maximum of 1.0.



7.3 Pre-Development Drainage

The site currently contains a catch basin system within the parking lot. It has been assumed that the existing development contained no stormwater management controls for flow attenuation. The estimated pre-development peak flows for the 5- and 100-year events are summarized below in Table 5. See CCO-22-0952 - PRE in Appendix G for calculations.

Table 5: Pre-Development Runoff Summary

Dusinses	Δ	Q	(L/ s)
Drainage Area	Area (ha)	5-Year	100-Year
A1	* 0.34	83.88	160.04

^{*} Phase I Ste Area Less Parkland Dedication

7.4 Post-Development Drainage

The proposed site drainage limits are demonstrated on the Post-Development Drainage Area Plan. See CCO-22-0952 - POST in Appendix Fof this report for more details. Based on the quantity control criteria discussed in Section 7.1 and a site area of 0.34 ha, post development drainage from the site is to be limited to a maximum release rate of 49.17 L/S. A summary of the Post-Development Runoff Calculations can be found below.

Table 6: Post-Development Runoff Summary

Drainage Area	Area (ha)	5-year Peak How (L/s)	100-year Peak Row (L/s)	100-year Storage Required (m³)	100-year Storage Available (m³)
B1	0.28	15.52	29.67	72.10	72.10
B2	0.06	9.59	18.66	-	-
Total	0.34	25.11	48.33	72.10	72.10

Runoff for area B1 will be collected by roof drains (uncontrolled) and surface drains and conveyed to the internal cistern. The 72 m³ internal cistern is anticipated to convey stormwater to the outlet at a maximum flow rate of 15.52 L/s and 29.67 L/s for the 5 and 100-year storms, respectively. Hows in excess of the 100-year storm event will need to be directed to Hillard Avenue via a cistern overflow. The cistern details have been provided by the Mechanical Engineer (Appendix G), which will be equipped with Tempest HMF ICD for attenuation.

Foundation drainage is proposed to be conveyed without flow attenuation via the 250 mm storm service, downstream of cistern controls.



7.5 Quality Control

Quality control for Area B1 will be provided via a Stormceptor EFO4 OGS Unit (or approved equivalent) within the building upstream of the cistern. A detailed internal design is to be confirmed with the Mechanical Engineer and the Architect. The OGS will provide 80% TSS removal for surface runoff collected from area B1 before discharging it to the cistern. Pefer to Appendix G.



8.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

8.1 Temporary Measures

Before construction begins, temporary silt fence, straw bale or rock flow check dams will be installed at all natural runoff outlets from the property. It is crucial that these controls be maintained throughout construction and inspection of sediment and erosion control will be facilitated by the Contractor or Contract Administration staff throughout the construction period.

Silt fences will be installed where shown on the final engineering plans, specifically along the downstream property limits. The Contractor, at their discretion or at the instruction of the City, Conservation Authority or the Contract Administrator shall increase the quantity of sediment and erosion controls on-site to ensure that the site is operating as intended and no additional sediment finds its way off site. The rock flow, straw bale & silt fence check dams and barriers shall be inspected weekly and after rainfall events. Care shall be taken to properly remove sediment from the fences and check dams as required. Fibre roll barriers are to be installed at all existing curb inlet catchbasins and filter fabric is to be placed under the grates of all existing catchbasins and manholes along the frontage of the site and any new structures immediately upon installation. The measures for the existing/proposed structures is to be removed only after all areas have been paved. Care shall be taken at the removal stage to ensure that any silt that has accumulated is properly handled and disposed of. Removal of silt fences without prior removal of the sediments shall not be permitted.

Although not anticipated, work through winter months shall be closely monitored for erosion along sloped areas. Should erosion be noted, the Contractor shall be alerted and shall take all necessary steps to rectify the situation. Should the Contractor's efforts fail at remediating the eroded areas, the Contractor shall contact the City and/or Conservation Authority to review the site conditions and determine the appropriate course of action. As the ground begins to thaw, the Contractor shall place silt fencing at all required locations as soon as ground conditions warrant. Please see the Ste Grading, Drainage and Sediment & Erosion Control Plan for additional details regarding the temporary measures to be installed and their appropriate OPSD references.

8.2 Permanent Measures

Rip-rap will be placed at all locations that have the potential for concentrated flow. It is crucial that the Contractor ensure that the geotextile is keyed in properly to ensure runoff does not undermine the rip rapped area. Additional rip rap is to be placed at erosion prone locations as identified by the Contractor / Contract Administrator / City or Conservation Authority.

It is expected that the Contractor will promptly ensure that all disturbed areas receive topsoil and seed/sod and that grass be established as soon as possible. Any areas of excess fill shall be removed or levelled as soon as possible and must be located a sufficient distance from any watercourse to ensure that no sediment is washed out into the watercourse. As the vegetation growth within the



site provides a key component to the control of sediment for the site, it must be properly maintained once established. Once the construction is complete, it will be up to the landowner to maintain the vegetation and ensure that the vegetation is not overgrown or impeded by foreign objects.



9.0 SUMMARY

- Phase 1 of the proposed development consists of a high-rise mixed-use building at 780 Baseline Road.
- Two 150mm diameter water services are proposed to be connected to the existing 203mm diameter within Hillard Avenue.
- The existing sanitary sewer passing through the site is proposed to be re-aligned.
- A new 250 mm diameter sanitary service is proposed, complete with a wastewater sampling chamber, to service the development via the realigned sanitary sewer in the proposed easement south of the site.
- A new 250mm storm service for rooftop, surface, and foundation drainage is proposed to service the
 development. The storm service will connect to the 450mm diameter storm sewer within Hillard
 Avenue, tributary to the Rideau River approximately 1.0-1.2 km downstream.
- Storage for the 5- through 100-year storm events will be provided through internal cistern attenuation.
- Quality control will be provided for the development via an internal Stormceptor EFO4 or approved equivalent.



10.0 RECOMMENDATION

Based on the information presented in this report, we recommend that City of Ottawa approve this Assessment of Adequacy of Public Services report in support of the Site Plan Control application for the proposed development at 780 Baseline Poad.

This report is respectfully being submitted for approval.

Regards,

Egis Canada Ltd. (Formerly McIntosh Perry Consulting Engineers Ltd.)



Andrew MacLeod, P.Eng.

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11.0 STATEMENT OF LIMITATIONS

This report was produced for the exclusive use of <u>Theberge Homes</u>. The purpose of the report is to assess the existing stormwater management system and provide recommendations and designs for the post-construction scenario that are in compliance with the guidelines and standards from the Ministry of the Environment, Parks and Climate Change, City of Ottawa and local approval agencies. Egis reviewed the site information and background documents listed in Section 2.0 of this report. While the previous data was reviewed by Egisand site visits were performed, no field verification/measures of any information were conducted.

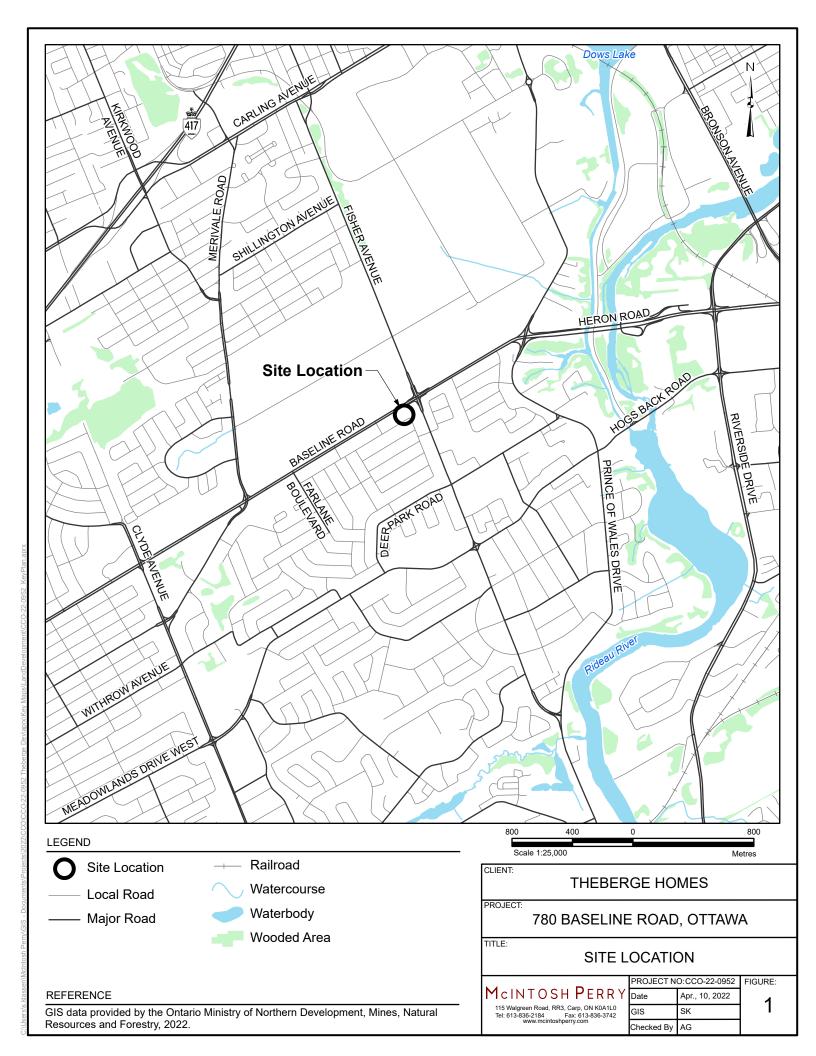
Any use of this review by a third party, or any reliance on decisions made based on it, without a reliance report is the responsibility of such third parties. Egis accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions or actions made based on this review.

The findings, conclusions and/or recommendations of this report are only valid as of the date of this report. No assurance is made regarding any changes in conditions subsequent to this date. If additional information is discovered or becomes available at a future date, Egis should be requested to re-evaluate the conclusions presented in this report, and provide amendments, if required.



APPENDIX A KEY PLAN





APPENDIX B BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS



Ryan Robineau

From:

Sent:

To:			Ryan Robineau
Cc:			Curtis Melanson; Livingstone, Kelly
Subje	ect:		Pre-consultation Notes for SPA - 780 Baseline Road
Hi R	yan,		
	ndary		w, let me know if you have any questions. I have included the standard water ion request comment below but acknowledge that you have already submitted your
1.	Wat	ermain	Infrastructure:
	a)	conne	dual residential facilities with a basic day demand greater than 50 m3/day shall be ected with a minimum of two water services, separated by an isolation valve, to avoid eation of a vulnerable service area (as per Tech Bulletin 2021-03).
	b)	Pleas	e submit a boundary condition request for this application:
		expec	Boundary condition requests must include the location of the services and the ted loads required by the proposed development. Please provide an email to Julie ow (<u>Julie.candow@ottawa.ca</u>) with the following information:
		i.	Location of services
		ii.	Type of development and the amount of fire flow required (as per OBC Section 7.2.11 or FUS for fire flows 9,000 L/min or above – See technical bulletin ISTB 2021-03).
		iii.	Average daily demand: l/s.
		iv.	Maximum daily demand:l/s.
		٧.	Maximum hourly daily demand: l/s.
2.	San	itary / S	torm Infrastructure:
	a)	of the	lic sanitary sewer and easement is located on the property; the continued functioning sanitary sewer must be demonstrated at the Site Plan Control stage if it is proposed re-located.
	b)	Munic	ipal storm and sanitary infrastructure is available on Fisher Avenue. Asset

Candow, Julie < julie.candow@ottawa.ca>

May 15, 2023 11:58 AM

3. The Stormwater Management Criteria, for the subject site, is to be based on the following:

this site (Tower A).

 Meet an allowable release rate based on the pre-development Rational Method Coefficient or a maximum of 0.50, employing the City of Ottawa IDF parameters for a 5-year storm with a calculated time of concentration equal to or greater than 10 minutes;

Management has no preliminary concerns with the sanitary release rate anticipated from

New services must be grouped in a common trench to minimize the number of road cuts.

b) Attenuate all storms up to and including the City of Ottawa 100-year storm event on site.

- c) Quality control to be provided to "Enhanced" level of treatment (80% TSS removal).
- 4. An MECP Environmental Compliance Approval is not anticipated to be required for this application assuming the proposed development meets the following criteria:
 - a) Is designed to service one lot or parcel of land;
 - b) Discharges into a storm sewer that is not a combined sewer;
 - c) Does not service industrial land or a structure located on industrial land; and
 - d) Is not located on industrial land. O.Reg. 525/98, s. 3; O.Reg. 40/15, s. 4.
- 5. Phase 1 ESAs and Phase 2 ESAs must conform to Ontario Regulation 153/04.

Julie Candow, P.Eng
Project Manager
Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department - West Branch
City of Ottawa
110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON
613.580.2424 ext. 13850

Please take note that due to the current COVID situation, I am working remotely and phone communication may not be reliable at this time. The best way to reach me is by email.

From: Ryan Robineau <r.robineau@mcintoshperry.com>

Sent: May 12, 2023 2:15 PM

To: Candow, Julie < julie.candow@ottawa.ca>

Cc: Curtis Melanson < c.melanson@mcintoshperry.com > Subject: RE: 780 Baseline Boundary Condition Request

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Thank you for the update Julie!

As noted in the attached pdf, no formal pre-consultation meeting was held for the 780 Baseline Tower A - Site Plan Control submission. Would you be able to provide a list of engineering requirements for the Tower A proposal?

Regards,

Ryan Robineau, EIT

Civil Engineering Technologist
T. 613.714.6611
r.robineau@mcintoshperry.com | www.mcintoshperry.com

From: Livingstone, Kelly <kelly.livingstone@ottawa.ca>

Sent: Monday, March 20, 2023 9:11 AM To: Scott Alain <alain@fotenn.com>

C: bey Theberge <joeytheberge@thebergehomes.com>; Miguel Tremblay @fotenn.com>; Jeremy Siburt

<jeremy@thebergehomes.com>; Hamlin, Allison <Allison.Hamlin@ottawa.ca>; Candow, Julie

<julie.candow@ottawa.ca>; Paudel, Neeti <neeti.paudel@ottawa.ca>; Hassan, Selma <Selma.Hassan@ottawa.ca>;

Cerveny, Louise <Louise.Cerveny@ottawa.ca>; Juarez, Luis <luis.juarez@ottawa.ca>

Subject: 780 Baseline - Ste Plan Control - Submission Requirements

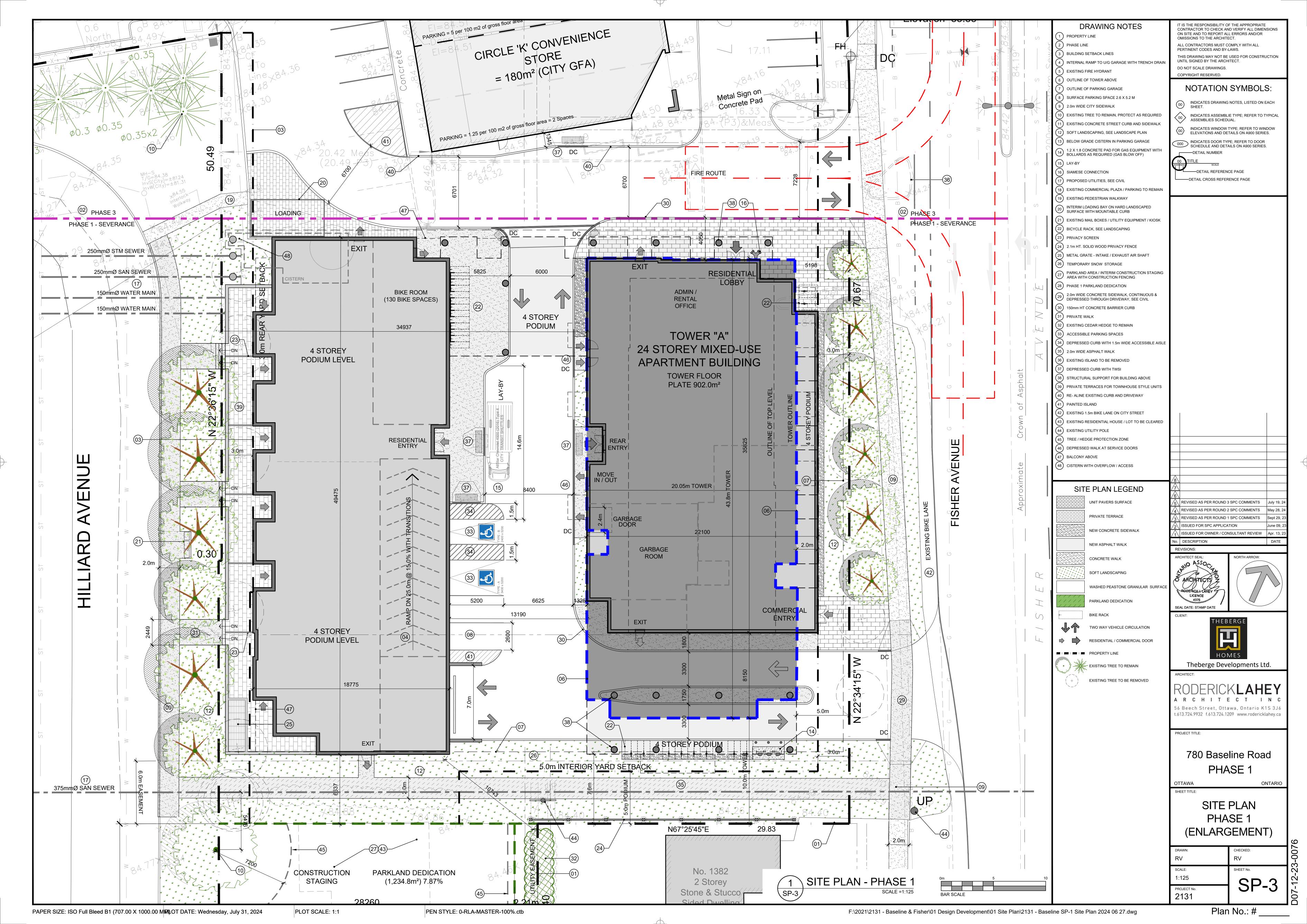
Hello all,

Please see attached for Ste Plan submission requirements for the 780 Baseline Avenue - Tower A proposal along Fisher, with retention of the existing commercial Plaza. No formal pre-consultation meeting was held due to the significant conversation we've already been having on the related Zoning By-law Amendment.

In addition to the Required Plans, two comments expressed by staff are provided herein:

- A public sanitary sewer and easement is located on the property; the continued functioning of the sanitary sewer must be demonstrated at the Ste Plan Control stage if it is proposed to be re-located.
- Please also see attached the Terms of Reference for the Design Brief submission. A new Design Brief is required
 for the Ste Plan submission. Please note a Planning Rationale is not required, and so all the information must be
 contained in the design brief.

Thank you,



APPENDIX C WATERWAIN CALCULATIONS





Phase I Area

3.1

persons/unit

000-22-0952 - 780 Baseline Road - Building A - Water Demands

Project: 780 Baseline Road - Building A

RRR

 Project No.:
 CCC-22-0952

 Designed By:
 RRR

Date: July 26, 2024

Checked By:

Ste Area:

<u>Residential</u> NUMBER OF UNITS **UNIT RATE** Single Family 3.4 homes persons/unit Semi-detached 2.7 homes persons/unit Townhouse 7 units 2.7 persons/unit Bachelor Apartment 19 units 1.4 persons/unit 127 units 1 Bedroom Apartment 1.4 persons/unit 2 Bedroom Apartment 142 units 2.1 persons/unit

9 units

0.48 gross ha

Total Population 550 persons

 Commercial
 701 m2

 Industrial - Light
 m2

 Industrial - Heavy
 m2

AVERAGE DAILY DEM AND

3 Bedroom Apartment

DBMAND TYPE	AMOUNT	UNITS	
Residential	280	L/c/d	
Industrial - Light	35,000	L/gross ha/d	
Industrial - Heavy	55,000	L/gross ha/d	
Shopping Centres	2,500	L/ (1000m² /d	
Hospital	900	L/ (bed/day)	
Schools	70	L/(Student/d)	
Trailer Park with no Hook-Ups	340	L/(space/d)	
Trailer Park with Hook-Ups	800	L/(space/d)	
Campgrounds	225	L/(campsite/d)	
Mobile Home Parks	1,000	L/ (Space/d)	
Motels	150	L/(bed-space/d)	
Hotels	225	L/(bed-space/d)	
Tourist Commercial	28,000	L/gross ha/d	
Other Commercial	28,000	L/ gross ha/ d	
	Residential	1.78	L/s
AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND	Commerical/Industrial/		
	Institutional	0.02	L/s



MAXIMUM DAILY DEMAND

DEM AND TYPE	P	MOUNT	UNITS
Residential	2.5	x avg. day	L/c/d
Industrial	1.5	x avg. day	L/ gross ha/ d
Commercial	1.5	x avg. day	L/gross ha/d
Institutional	1.5	x avg. day	L/ gross ha/ d
	Residential	4.46	L/s
MAXIMUM DAILY DEMAND	Commerical/Industrial/		
	Institutional	0.03	L/s

MAXIMUM HOUR DEMAND

DEMAND TYPE	AMOUNT		UNITS	
Residential	2.2	x max. day	L/c/d	
Industrial	1.8	x max. day	L/ gross ha/d	
Commercial	1.8	x max. day	L/ gross ha/d	
Institutional	1.8	x max. day	L/ gross ha/ d	
	Residential	7.94	L/s	
MAXIMUM HOUR DEMAND	Commerical/Industrial/			
	Institutional	0.06	L/s	

WATER DEMAND DESIGN FLOWS PER UNIT COUNT CITY OF OTTAWA - WATER DISTRIBUTION GUIDELINES, JULY 2010

AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND	1.81	L/s
MAXIMUM DAILY DEMAND	4.49	L∕s
MAXIMUM HOUR DEMAND	8.00	L∕s



000-22-0952 - 780 Baseline Road - Building A - Fire Underwriters Survey

Project: 780 Baseline Road - Building A Project No.: 000-22-0952 Designed By: RRR Checked By: CJM July 26, 2024

From the Fire Underwriters Survey (2020)

From Part II – Guide for Determination of Required Fire Flow Copyright I.SO.: Oty of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 Applied Where Applicable

A. BASE REQUIREMENT (Rounded to the nearest 1000 L/min)

 $F = 220 \times C \times VA$ Where:

F = Required fire flow in liters per minute

C= Coefficient related to the type of construction.

A = The total effective floor area in square meters. Only the single largest floor plus 25% of the two immediately adjoining floors

considered per the 2020 FUS Page 20 section 2B.

Construction Type Non-Combustible Construction

С 0.8

Floor Level Area (m²) Area Applied (m²) L2 1742.9 1742.9 L3 1743 1 435.8 Protected Vertical Openings Per Architectectural Plan L4 1698.6 424.7

A - Total Floor Area (per the 2020 FUS Page 20 - Total Effective Area)

2,603.3 m²

Calculated Fire Flow

9,000.0 L/min

B. REDUCTION FOR OCCUPANCY TYPE (No Rounding)

From Page 24 of the Fire Underwriters Survey:

Limited Combustible

C. REDUCTION FOR SPRINKLER TYPE (No Rounding)

Fully Supervised Sprinklered

-50%

-15%

D. INCREASE FOR EXPOSURE (No Rounding)

	Separation Distance (m)	Cons.of Exposed Wall	Length Exposed Adjacent Wall (m)	Height (Stories)	Length-Height Factor		
Exposure 1	3.1 to 10	Fire Resistive - Non Combustible (Unprotected Openings)	21.3	1	26.0	7%	
Exposure 2	Over 30 m	Wood frame	7	2	14.0	0%	
Exposure 3	3.1 to 10	Wood frame	12.5	1	12.5	15%	
Exposure 4	20.1 to 30	Wood frame	15	1	15.0	0%	
					9/ Increases*	22%	

E. Total Fire Flow (Rounded to the Nearest 1000 L/min)

Fire Flow Required**

 $^{^{\}star}$ In accordance with Part II, Section 4, the Increase for separation distance is not to exceed 75%

^{**} In accordance with Section 4 the Fire flow is not to exceed 45,000 L/min or be less than 2,000 L/min



OCO-22-0952 - 780 Baseline Road - Boundary Condition Unit Conversion

 Project:
 780 Baseline Poad

 Project No.:
 COO-22-0952

 Designed By:
 AJG

 Checked By:
 AJG

 Date:
 July 26, 2024

Boundary Conditions Unit Conversion

HILLIARD AVE - BUILDING A

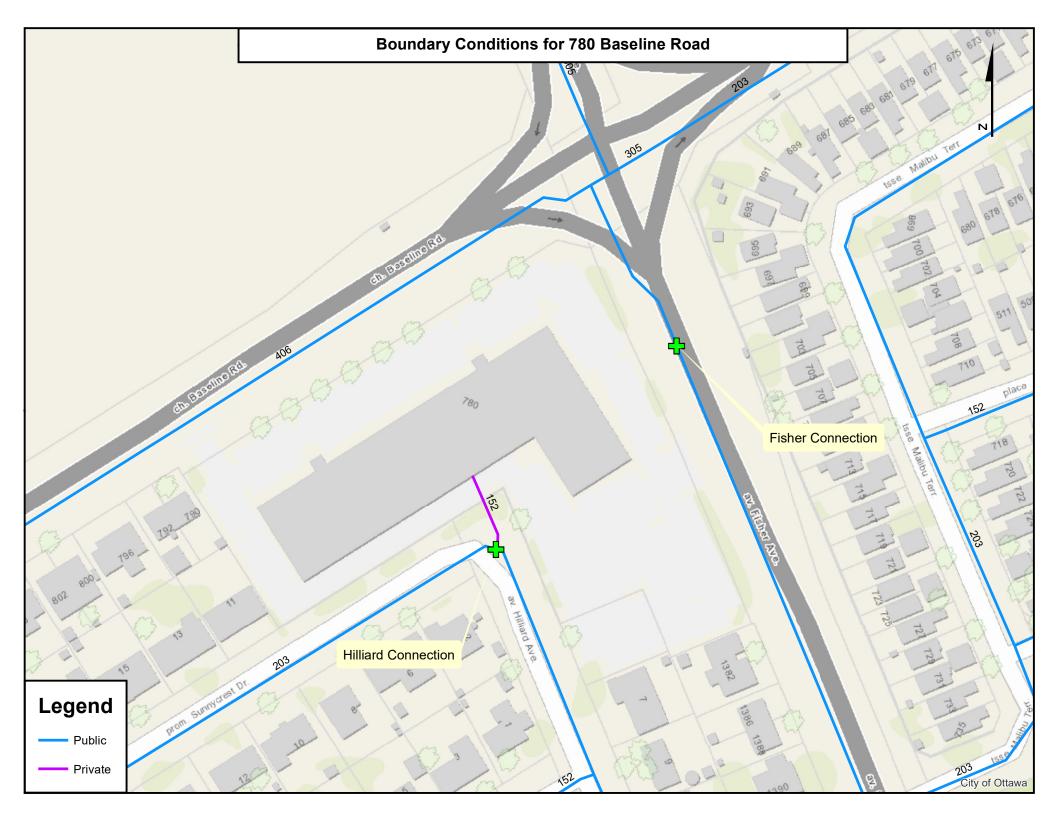
Scenario	Height (m)	Elevation (m)	m H₂O	PSI	kPa
Avg. DD	132.8	84.1	48.7	69.2	477.4
Fire Flow (100 L/s or 6,000 L/min)	118.9	84.1	34.8	49.5	341.0
Peak Hour	124.4	84.1	40.3	57.3	395.0

780 Baseline - Phase 1 Hydrant Coverage Figure



Hydrants within 75m = 3

Hydrants within 150m = 2



Ryan Robineau

From: Armstrong, Justin < justin.armstrong@ottawa.ca>

Sent: August 28, 2023 9:14 AM

To: Ryan Robineau Cc: Rasool, Rubina

Subject: RE 780 Baseline Boundary Condition Request

Attachments: 780 Baseline Road August 2023.pdf

Hi Ryan,

Here are the boundary conditions:

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 780 Baseline Road (zone 2W2C) assumed to be a dual connection to either the 203 mm watermain on Hilliard Avenue OR the 406 mm watermain on Fisher Avenue (see attached PDF for location).

Both Connections:

Minimum HGL = 124.4 m

Maximum HGL = 132.8 m

MaxDay + FireFlow (150 L/s) = 118.9 m (Hilliard Connection), 126.4 m (Fisher Connection)

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

Thanks, Justin

Justin Armstrong, P.Eng.

Project Manager

Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department – Direction générale de la planification, des biens immobiliers et du développement économique

Development Review - West Branch Otty of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa

110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue. Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1

613.580.2424 ext./poste 21746, justin.armstrong@ottawa.ca

From: Rasool, Rubina < Rubina. Rasool@ottawa.ca>

Sent: August 25, 2023 12:59 PM

- 2) For a building classified with a Construction Coefficient below 1.0:
 - a) if any vertical openings in the building (ex. interconnected floor spaces, atria, elevators, escalators, etc.) are unprotected, consider the two largest adjoining floor areas plus 50% of all floors immediately above them up to a maximum of eight; or
 - if all vertical openings and exterior vertical communications are properly protected in accordance with the National Building Code, consider only the single largest Floor Area plus 25% of each of the two immediately adjoining floors.

Protection requirements:

The protection requirements for vertical openings are only applicable in buildings with a Construction Coefficient below 1.0. The type of protection for vertical openings shall be based on the construction of the enclosure walls and the type of opening or other device used for the protection of openings in the enclosure. See also NBC Division B, Section 3.5. Vertical Transportation.

Protected openings:

- Enclosures shall have walls of masonry or other limited or noncombustible construction with a fire resistance rating of not less than one hour.
- ii. Openings including doors shall be provided with automatic closing devices
- iii. Elevator doors shall be of metal or metal-covered construction, so arranged that the doors must normally be closed for operation of the elevator.

Unprotected openings:

 Any opening through horizontal separations that are unprotected or otherwise have closures that do not meet the minimum requirements for protected openings, above.

Julie Candow, P.Eng
Project Manager
Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department - West Branch
City of Ottawa
110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON
613.580.2424 ext. 13850

Please take note that due to the current COVID situation, I am working remotely and phone communication may not be reliable at this time. The best way to reach me is by email.

From: Ryan Robineau <r.robineau@mcintoshperry.com>

Sent: May 11, 2023 4:40 PM

To: Candow, Julie < iulie.candow@ottawa.ca>

Cc: Curtis Melanson < c.melanson@mcintoshperry.com > Subject: 780 Baseline Boundary Condition Request

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Good afternoon Julie,

We would like to request boundary conditions for a proposed development at 780 Baseline Road. The proposed development consists of a mixed use residential building. Could you please provide boundary conditions for a potential dual connection to the existing 203mm pvc watermain within Hillard Avenue and a potential dual connection to the 406mm diameter PVC watermain within Fisher Avenue.

- The estimated fire flow is 9.000 L/min based on the 2020 FUS
- Average daily demand: 1.82L/s
- Maximum daily demand 4.52 L/s
- Maximum hourly daily demand 8.12 L/s

Attached is a map showing the proposed connection location along with the calculations prepared for the demands listed above.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Ryan Robineau, EIT

Civil Engineering Technologist

T. 613.714.6611

r.robineau@mcintoshperry.com | www.mcintoshperry.com

McINTOSH PERRY

Turning Possibilities Into Reality

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APPENDIX D SANITARY CALCULATIONS





000-22-0952 - 780 Baseline Road - Phase I Building A - Sanitary Demands

 Project :
 780 Baseline Road - Phase I Building A

 Project No.:
 COO-22-0952

 Designed By:
 AJG

 Checked By:
 AJG

 Date:
 July 26, 2024

0.48 Gross ha Phase I Area Ste Area Townhouse 2.70 Persons per unit Bachelor 19 1.40 Persons per unit 1 Bedroom 127 1.40 Persons per unit 2 Bedroom 142 2.10 Persons per unit 3 Bedroom 9 3.10 Persons per unit

Total Population 550 Persons

Commercial Area 701 m²

DESIGN PARAMETERS

Institutional/Commercial Peaking Facto

Residential Peaking Factor 3.36 * Using Harmon Formula = $1+(14/(4+P^{\lambda}0.5))*0.8$

where P = population in thousands, Harmon's Correction Factor = 0.8

Mannings coefficient (n)

0.013

Demand (per capita) 280 L/ day Infiltration allowance 0.33 L/ s/ Ha

EXTRANEOUS FLOW ALLOWANCES

Infiltration / Inflow	How (L/s)
Dry	0.02
Wet	0.13
Total	0.16

AVERAGE DAILY DEM AND

DEM AND TYPE	AMOUNT	UNITS	POPULATION / AREA	Flow (L/s)
Residential	280	L/c/d	550	1.78
Industrial - Light**	35,000	L/ gross ha/d		0
Industrial - Heavy* *	55,000	L/ gross ha/d		0
Commercial / Amenity	2,800	L/ (1000m ² /d)	701	0.02
Hospital	900	L/ (bed/day)		0
Schools	70	L/(Student/d)		0
Trailer Parks no Hook-Ups	340	L/(space/d)		0
Trailer Park with Hook-Ups	800	L/(space/d)		0
Campgrounds	225	L/(campsite/d)		0
Mobile Home Parks	1,000	L/ (Space/d)		0
Motels	150	L/(bed-space/d)		0
Hotels	225	L/(bed-space/d)		0
Office	75	L/7.0m ² /d		0
Tourist Commercial	28,000	L/ gross ha/d		0
Other Commercial	28,000	L/ gross ha/d		0



AVERAGE RESIDENTIAL FLOW	1.78	L/s
PEAK RESIDENTIAL FLOW	5.99	L/s
AVERAGE ICI FLOW	0.02	L/s
PEAK INSTITUTIONAL/ COMMERCIAL FLOW	0.02	L/s
PEAK INDUSTRIAL FLOW	0.00	L/s
TOTAL PEAK ICI FLOW	0.02	L/s

TOTAL SANITARY DEMAND

TOTAL ESTIMATED AVERAGE DRY WEATHER FLOW	1.83	L/s
TOTAL ESTIMATED PEAK DRY WEATHER FLOW	6.04	L/s
TOTAL ESTIMATED PEAK WET WEATHER FLOW	6.17	L/s

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET

PROJECT: COO-22-0952 LOCATION: 780 Baseline



		LOCATION	VI.			RESIDENTIAL IQ AREAS INFILTRATION ALLOWANCE										SEWER DATA															
		LOCATIO	N .						RESIDENTIA	L_							IU AREAS				INHLIF			FLOW					4		
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
						UNIT	TYPES		AREA	POPU	LATION		PEAK			ARE	A (ha)			PEAK	ARE	A (ha)	FLOW	DESIGN	CAPACITY	LENGTH	DIA	SLOPE	VELOCITY	AVA	AILABLE
STREET	AREA	ID	FROM	TO	Bac/ 1-Bed	2-Bed	3-Bed	TH	(ha)	IND	CUM	PEAK	FLOW	INSTITU	JTIONAL	∞MN	1ERCIAL	INDL	ISTRIAL	FLOW	IND	СUМ	(L/s)	FLOW	(L/s)	(m)	(mm)	(%)	(full)	CAF	PACITY
					Data 1-Deta	Z-Deu	3-Deu	111	(IIa)	IND	COIVI	FACTOR	(L/s)	IND	CUM	IND	CUM	IND	CUM	(L/s)	IND	COIVI	(11 3)	(L/s)	(1.3)	(111)	(111111)	(/0)	(m/s)	L/s	(%)
SITE			BLDG	375mm Sewer	146	142	9	7	0.48	549.4	549.4	3.36	5.99	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07		0.00	0.02	0.48	0.48	0.16	6.17	62.04	3.71	250	1.00	1.224	55.87	90.05
																															1
Design Parameters:					Notes:							Designed:		RRR			No.					Revision							Date		
					1. Manning	gs coefficier	nt (n) =		0.013																						
Residential			ICI Areas		2. Demand	d (per capita	ı):	280	L/day																						
1-BED 1.4 p/p/u				Peak Factor	3. Infiltrati	on allowand	œ:	0.33	l/s/Ha			Checked:		RRR																	
2-Bed 2.1 p/p/u	INST	28,000	L/Ha/day	1.5	4. Resident	tial Peaking	Factor:																								
3-Bed 3.1 p/p/u	COM	28,000	L/ Ha/ day	1.5		Harmon Fo	rmula = 1+(1	4/(4+P^0.5	5)* 0.8)																						
Other 60 p/p/Ha	IND	35,000	L/ Ha/ day	MOE Chart		where P=	population ir	thousand:	3			Project No.		000-22-09	52																
TH 2.7 p/p/u																													Sheet No:		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,																													1 of 1		

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET

 PROJECT:
 COO-22-0952

 LOCATION:
 780 Baseline



	LOCATION		1				-	RESIDENTIA	<u> </u>			1				ICI AREAS				INIDI TO	ATION ALLO	JWW NICE	FLOW	1			SEWER DAT	Λ		
1 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		11	12	13	14	15	16		18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
'			7	Ü	UNIT		Ů	AREA		LATION	12	PEAK		10	AREA		10		PEAK	AREA		FLOW	DESIGN	CAPACITY	LENGTH	DIA	SLOPE	VELOCITY	AVAIL	
STREET	AREA ID	FROM	TO MH	SF	SD	TH	APT	(ha)	IND	CUM	PEAK	FLOW	INSTITU		COM M	ERCÍAL		STRIAL	FLOW	IND	QUM	(L/s)	FLOW	(L/s)	(m)	(mm)	(%)	(full)	CAPA	aty
		MH	MH					. ,			FACTOR	(L/s)	IND	CUM	IND	CUM	IND	CUM	(L/s)			, ,	(L/s)	` '	` '	, ,	. ,	(m/s)	L/s	(%)
		MHSA46208	MHSA46206																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	65.38	40.73	300	0.42	0.896	65.38	
		MHSA46206	MHSA46205																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	76.16	12.90	300	0.57	1.044	76.16	
		MHSA46203	MHSA46204																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	72.75	7.10	300	0.52	0.997	72.75	
Hillard Ave to Fisher Ave	Existing Sewer Capacity	MHSA46204	MHSA46205																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	72.75	32.50	300	0.52	0.997	72.75	
		WITIG (10201	WITIG TTOESC																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	72.70	02.00	000	0.02	0.007	72.70	
		MHSA46205	MHSA19079																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	316.81	61.87	375	3.00	2.779	316.81	
		MHSA19079	MHSA50442																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	229.19	21.00	375	1.57	2.010	229.19	
		MHSA50442	MHSA50443																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	126.19	109.30	450	0.18	0.769	126.19	
		WITISASU442	IVI FIGADU443																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	120.19	109.30	430	0.16	0.709	120.19	
		MHSA46208	MH1C																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	65.38	21.37	300	0.42	0.896	65.38	
		MHSA46203	MH1B																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	72.75	40.12	300	0.52	0.997	72.75	
	Proposed Sewer	MH1B	MH1C																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	76.16	21.37	300	0.57	1.044	76.16	
	Capacity	WITTE	IVIIIIC																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	70.10	21.07	300	0.57	1.044	70.10	
		MH1C	MH1D																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	103.47	87.82	375	0.32	0.908	103.47	
		MH1D	MHSA50442																	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	126.19	39.79	450	0.18	0.769	126.19	
																			1											
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		_																												
D : D :				N							D : :		PDD			N					D									
Design Parameters:				Notes:		· (m)		0.013			Designed:		RRR			No.					Revision							Date		
Residential		ICI Areas			s coefficient (per capita)			0.013 L/day																						
SF 3.4 p/p/u		IG AI Cas	Peak Factor		n allowance			L/s/Ha			Checked:		AM																	
TH/SD 2.7 p/p/u	INST 28,000	L/ Ha/ day			ial Peaking F		3.50	_ 3																						
APT 2.3 p/p/u		L/ Ha/ day	1.5		Harmon For	rmula = 1+(1	4/(4+P^0.5)*	*0.8)																						
Other 60 p/p/Ha	IND 35,000	L/ Ha/ day	MOE Chart		where $P = p$	opulation in	thousands				Project No.	:	000-22-095	2																
																												Sheet No:		
																												1 of 1		

Alison Gosling

From: Candow, Julie < julie.candow@ottawa.ca>

Sent: October 6, 2022 11:41 AM

To: Alison Gosling

Subject: RE: 22-4516 - 780 Baseline - Sanitary Capacity

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

Hi Alison,

Asset Management has no concerns with the extra flow.

Thanks,

Julie Candow, P.Eng

Project Manager

Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department - West Branch

City of Ottawa

110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON

613.580.2424 ext. 13850

Please take note that due to the current COVID situation, I am working remotely and phone communication may not be reliable at this time. The best way to reach me is by email.

From: Candow, Julie

Sent: September 29, 2022 10:18 AM

To: Alison Gosling <a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com> **Subject:** RE: 22-4516 - 780 Baseline - Sanitary Capacity

Hi Alison, I have passed on your request to Asset Management Branch for their confirmation.

I will follow up once I hear from them.

Thank you,

Julie Candow, P.Eng

Project Manager

Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department - West Branch

City of Ottawa

110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON

613.580.2424 ext. 13850

Please take note that due to the current COVID situation, I am working remotely and phone communication may not be reliable at this time. The best way to reach me is by email.

From: Alison Gosling <a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com>

Sent: September 29, 2022 9:17 AM

To: Candow, Julie < julie.candow@ottawa.ca >

Subject: FW: 22-4516 - 780 Baseline - Sanitary Capacity

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Good morning Julie,

There have been some site statistic changes to the contemplated design for 780 Baseline. The changes will be reflected in a revised Assessment of Adequacy of Public Services report for the ZBLA application. Can the City please review the sanitary flows below and advise us of any concerns?

- Building A is anticipated to be serviced via the municipal sanitary sewer that crosses through the site, tributary to the 450mm sanitary sewer within Fisher Ave.
- Building B is anticipated to be serviced via the 300mm sanitary sewer within Baseline Rd.
- Building C is anticipated to be serviced via either the municipal sanitary sewer that crosses through the site or the 300mm sanitary sewer within Baseline Rd.

	Building A	Building B	Building C	Total
Average Dry Weather Flow	1.81	2.06	2.11	5.98
Peak Dry Weather Flow	6.01	6.74	6.93	18.21
Peak Wet Weather Flow	6.14	6.87	7.06	18.61

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, P.Eng.

Project Engineer, Land Development

T. 613.714.4629

a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com | www.mcintoshperry.com

McINTOSH PERRY

Turning Possibilities Into Reality

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From: Alison Gosling <a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com>

Sent: April 4, 2022 2:14 PM

To: Valic, Jessica < jessica.valic@ottawa.ca>

Subject: RE: 22-4516 - 780 Baseline - Sanitary Capacity

Thanks Jessica.

Alison Gosling, P.Eng.

Project Engineer, Land Development

T. 613.714.4629

a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com | www.mcintoshperry.com

McINTOSH PERRY

Turning Possibilities Into Reality

From: Valic, Jessica < jessica.valic@ottawa.ca>

Sent: April 4, 2022 10:05 AM

To: Alison Gosling <a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com> **Subject:** RE: 22-4516 - 780 Baseline - Sanitary Capacity

Hi Alison,

There is no issue with the additional flow.

Regards,

Jessica

From: Alison Gosling <a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com>

Sent: March 31, 2022 11:19 AM

To: Valic, Jessica < jessica.valic@ottawa.ca>

Subject: RE: 22-4516 - 780 Baseline - Sanitary Capacity

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Hi Jessica,

Did you get a response on this?

Thanks in advance,

Alison Gosling, P.Eng.

Project Engineer, Land Development

T. 613.714.4629

a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com | www.mcintoshperry.com

McINTOSH PERRY

Turning Possibilities Into Reality

From: Alison Gosling <a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com>

Sent: March 18, 2022 8:14 AM

To: Valic, Jessica < jessica.valic@ottawa.ca>

Subject: 22-4516 - 780 Baseline - Sanitary Capacity

Hi Jessica,

As discussed, can the City please assess the capacity of the local sanitary sewers for the contemplated development at 780 Baseline Road?

- Building A is anticipated to be serviced via the municipal sanitary sewer that crosses through the site, tributary to the 450mm sanitary sewer within Fisher Ave.
- Building B is anticipated to be serviced via either the municipal sanitary sewer that crosses through the site or the 300mm sanitary sewer within Baseline Rd.
- Building C is anticipated to be serviced via the 300mm sanitary sewer within Baseline Rd.

	Building A	Building B	Building C	Total
Average Dry Weather Flow	1.57	1.91	1.77	5.24
Peak Dry Weather Flow	5.28	6.28	5.79	16.12
Peak Wet Weather Flow	5.41	6.40	5.92	16.50

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, P.Eng.

Project Engineer, Land Development

T. 613.714.4629

a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com | www.mcintoshperry.com

McINTOSH PERRY

Turning Possibilities Into Reality







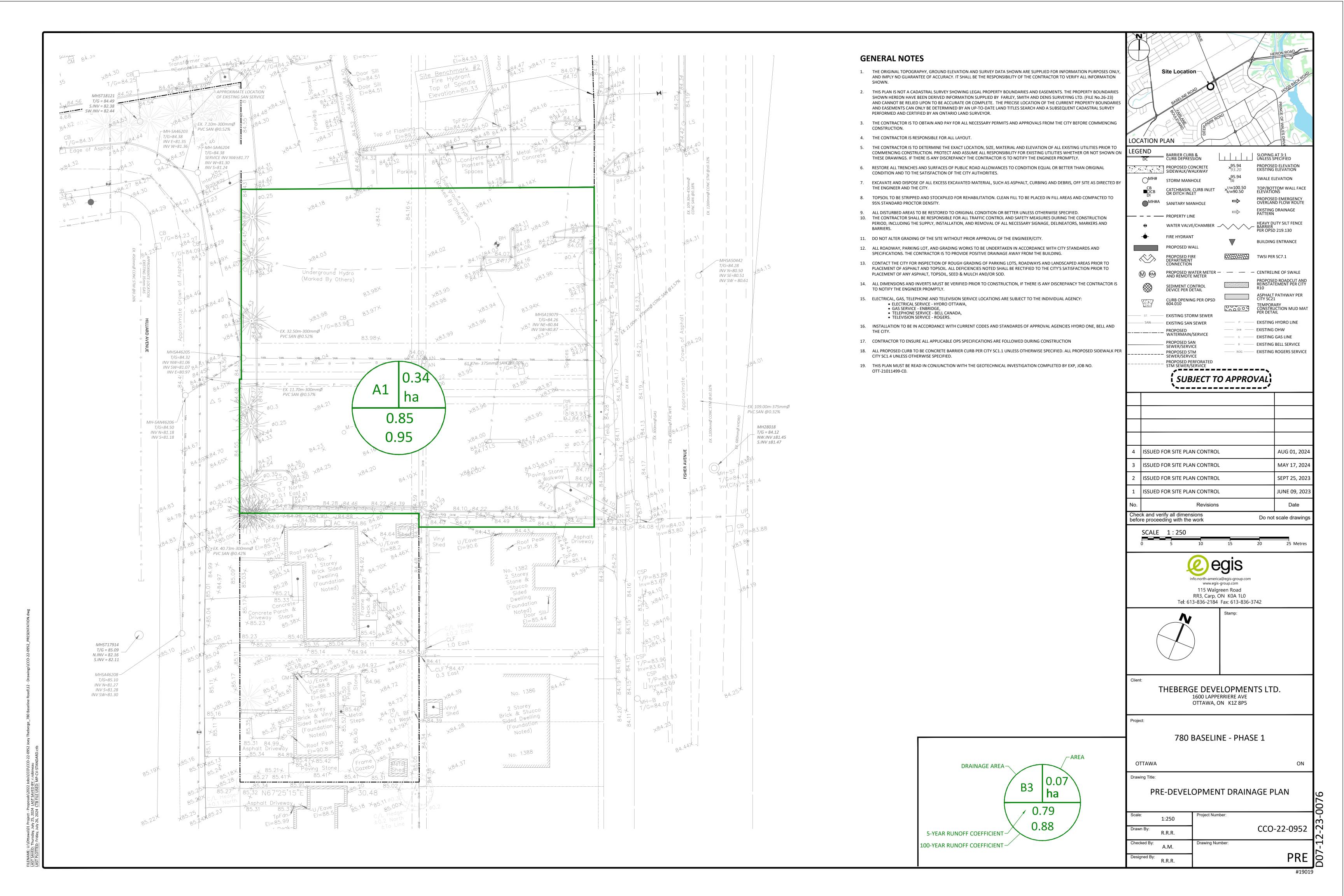
Platinum member

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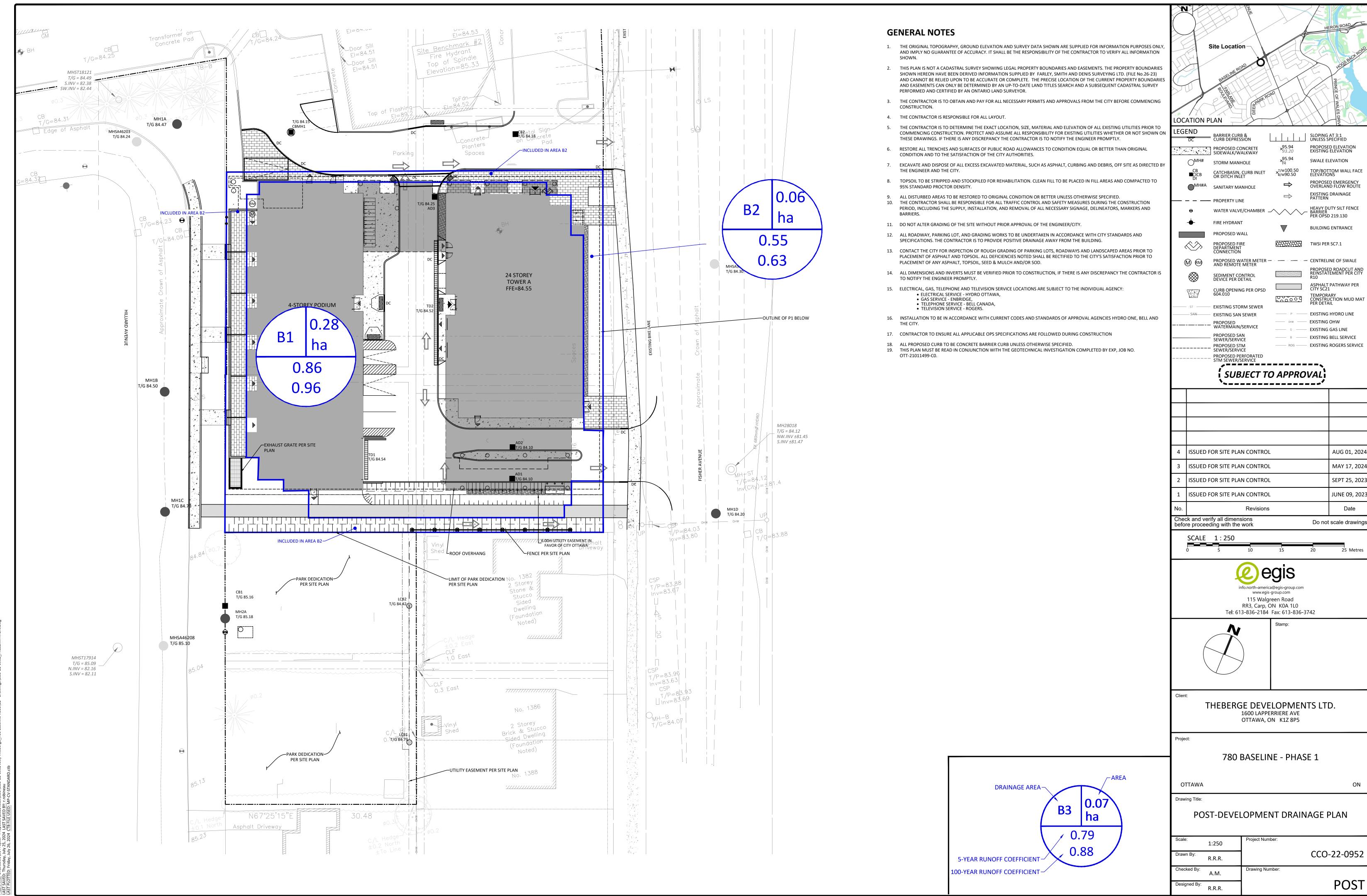
APPENDIX E PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN





APPENDIX E POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN





APPENDIX G STORWWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS





CO-22-0952 - 780 Baseline Phase 1 - SWM Calculations

1 of 3

Tc (min)		nsity n/hr)	
(111111)	5-Year	100-Year	
10	104.2	178.6	PRE-DEVELOPM ENT
10	104.2	178.6	POST-DEVELOPM ENT

C-Values									
Impervious	0.90								
Gravel	0.60								
Pervious	0.20								

Pre-Development Runoff Coefficient

Drainage	Impervious	Gravel	Pervious Area	Average C	Average C
Area	Area (m²)	(m²)	(m²)	(5-year)	(100-year)
A1	3,167	0	228	0.85	0.95

Pre-Development Runoff Calculations

Drainage	Area	C	C	Tc	Q (L/ s)					
Area	(ha)	5-Year	100-Year	(min)	5-Year	100-Year				
A1	0.34	0.85	0.95	10	83.88	160.04				
Total	0.34				83.88	160.04				

Post-Development Runoff Coefficient

Drainage Area	Impervious Area (m²)	Gravel (m²)	Pervious Area (m²)	Average C (5-year)	Average C (100-year)
B1	2,636	0	162	0.86	0.96
B2	302	0	295	0.55	0.63

Post-Development Runoff Calculations

Drainage	Drainage Area		Tc	Q(L/s)		
Area	(ha)	5-Year	C 100-Year	(min)	5-Year	100-Year	
B1	0.28	0.86	0.96	10	69.66	132.87	Re
B2	0.06	0.55	0.63	10	9.59	18.66	U
Total	0.34				79.25	151.53]

Restricted Unrestricted

Required Restricted Flow

Drainage	Area	С	Tc	Q (L/s)
Area	(ha)	5-Year	(min)	5-Year
A1	0.34	0.50	10	49.17

Post-Development Restricted Runoff Calculations

Drainage Area		cted Flow (S)		ted Flow /S)	Storage Re	equired (m ³)	Storage Provided (m ³)			
Alea	5-year	100-Year	5-Year	100-Year	5-Year	100-Year	5-Year	100-Year		
B1	69.66	132.87	15.52	29.67	37.8	71.6	71.6	71.6		
B2	9.59	18.66	9.59	18.66						
Total	79.25	151.53	25.11	48.33		•		_		



CO-22-0952 - 780 Baseline Phase 1 - SWM Calculations

Storage Requirements for Area B1

2 of 3 5-Year Storm Event

m³

Tc (min)	l (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B1	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
10	104.2	69.67	15.52	54.15	32.49
20	70.3	47.00	15.52	31.48	37.78
30	53.9	36.04	15.52	20.52	36.93
40	44.2	29.55	15.52	14.03	33.68
50	37.7	25.21	15.52	9.69	29.06
60	32.9	22.00	15.52	6.48	23.32
70	29.4	19.66	15.52	4.14	17.38
80	26.6	17.78	15.52	2.26	10.87
90	24.3	16.25	15.52	0.73	3.93

Maximum Storage Required 5-year = 38

100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	l (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B1	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
10	178.6	132.90	29.67	103.23	61.94
20	120.0	89.30	29.67	59.63	71.55
30	91.9	68.39	29.67	38.72	69.69
40	75.1	55.89	29.67	26.22	62.92
50	64.0	47.63	29.67	17.96	53.87
60	55.9	41.60	29.67	11.93	42.94
70	49.8	37.06	29.67	7.39	31.03
80	45.0	33.49	29.67	3.82	18.32
90	41.1	30.58	29.67	0.91	4.94

Maximum Storage Required 100-year =

72 m³

5-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Storage Available (m³) = 71.6 Storage Required $(m^3) = 37.8$

100-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Storage Available (m³) = 71.6 Storage Required (m3) = 71.6

 $^{^{\}star}$ Available Storage calculated from Ostern



CO-22-0952 - 780 Baseline Phase 1 - SWM Calculations

3 of 3

Time of Concentration Pre-Development

Drainage Area	Sheet Flow	Sope of	Tc (min)	Tc (min)
ID	Distance (m)	Land (%)	(5-Year)	(100-Year)
A1	67	2.30	5	3

Therefore, a Tc of 10 can be used

 $Tc = (3.26(1.1-c)L^0.5/S^0.33)$

c = Balanced Runoff Coefficient
 L = Length of drainage area
 S = Average slope of watershed

STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET

PROJECT: 780 Baseline - Phase 1

LOCATION: 780 Baseline

CLIENT: Theberg Developments Ltd.



	LOCATION				CONTRIBUTING AREA (ha	a)						RATIO	ONAL DESIGN	FLOW									SEWER DATA	١			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
STREET	AREA ID	FROM	TO	C-VALUE	AREA	INDIV	CUMUL	INLET	TIME	TOTAL	i (5)	i (10)	i (100)	5yr PEAK	10yr PEAK	100yr PEAK	FIXED	DESIGN	CAPACITY	LENGTH		PIPESIZE (mi	n)	SLOPE	VELOCITY	AVAIL	CAP (5yr)
SIREI	AREATO			GVALUE	AREA	AC	AC	(min)	IN PIPE	(min)	(mm/hr)	(mm/hr)	(mm/hr)	FLOW (L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	DIA	W	Н	(%)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(%)				
			EX. 450mm																								+
Hillard Ave	B1	BLDG	CONCSTM	0.86	0.28	0.24	0.24	10.00	0.23	10.23	104.19	122.14	178.56	69.66				29.67	62.04	17.16	250			1.00	1.224	32.37	52.189
efinitions:				Notes:				Designed:					No.					Revision							Date		
Q = 2.78QA, where:				1. Mannings coefficient (n) =		0.013		RP																		
Q = Peak Flow in Litres p	oer Second (L/s)																										
A = Area in Hectares (ha)	a)							Checked:																			
= Rainfall intensity in m	millimeters per hour	(mm/hr)							RRR																		
[i = 998.071 / (TC+6.05	53)^0.814]	5 YEAR																									
[i = 1174.184 / (TC+6.0	014)^0.816]	10 YEAR						Project No.:																			
[i = 1735.688 / (TC+6.0	014)^0.820]	100 YEAR							000-22-0952																Sheet No:		
								1																	1 of 1		





Stormceptor EF Sizing Report

Imbrium® Systems **ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SEDIMENT (TSS) LOAD REDUCTION**

07/26/2024

Province:	Ontario					
City:	Ottawa					
Nearest Rainfall Station:	OTTAWA CDA RCS					
Climate Station Id:	6105978					
Years of Rainfall Data:	20					
Cita Nama						

Site Name:

0.28 Drainage Area (ha): Runoff Coefficient 'c': 0.96

Particle Size Distribution: Fine Target TSS Removal (%): 80.0

90.00 Required Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%): Estimated Water Quality Flow Rate (L/s): 8.68 Oil / Fuel Spill Risk Site? Yes **Upstream Flow Control?** No Peak Conveyance (maximum) Flow Rate (L/s): 135.80 Influent TSS Concentration (mg/L): 100 158 Estimated Average Annual Sediment Load (kg/yr): Estimated Average Annual Sediment Volume (L/yr): 129

Project Name:	780 Baseline Phase I
Project Number:	CCO-22-0952
Designer Name:	Ryan Robineau
Designer Company:	EGIS
Designer Email:	ryan.robineau@egis-group.com
Designer Phone:	613-714-6611
EOR Name:	
EOR Company:	
EOR Email:	
EOR Phone:	

Net Annual Sediment	
(TSS) Load Reduction	
Sizing Summary	

Stormceptor Model	TSS Removal Provided (%)				
EFO4	90				
EFO6	96				
EFO8	99				
EFO10	100				
EFO12	100				

Recommended Stormceptor EFO Model:

EFO₄

Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction (%):

90

Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%):

> 90





Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

THIRD-PARTY TESTING AND VERIFICATION

► Stormceptor® EF and Stormceptor® EFO are the latest evolutions in the Stormceptor® oil-grit separator (OGS) technology series, and are designed to remove a wide variety of pollutants from stormwater and snowmelt runoff. These technologies have been third-party tested in accordance with the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators and performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) protocol.

PERFORMANCE

► Stormceptor® EF and EFO remove stormwater pollutants through gravity separation and floatation, and feature a patent-pending design that generates positive removal of total suspended solids (TSS) throughout each storm event, including high-intensity storms. Captured pollutants include sediment, free oils, and sediment-bound pollutants such as nutrients, heavy metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Stormceptor is sized to remove a high level of TSS from the frequent rainfall events that contribute the vast majority of annual runoff volume and pollutant load. The technology incorporates an internal bypass to convey excessive stormwater flows from high-intensity storms through the device without resuspension and washout (scour) of previously captured pollutants. Proper routine maintenance ensures high pollutant removal performance and protection of downstream waterways.

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION (PSD)

▶ The Canadian ETV PSD shown in the table below was used, or in part, for this sizing. This is the identical PSD that is referenced in the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators for both sediment removal testing and scour testing. The Canadian ETV PSD contains a wide range of particle sizes in the sand and silt fractions, and is considered reasonably representative of the particle size fractions found in typical urban stormwater runoff.

Particle Size (µm)	Percent Less Than	Particle Size Fraction (µm)	Percent
1000	100	500-1000	5
500	95	250-500	5
250	90	150-250	15
150	75	100-150	15
100	60	75-100	10
75	50	50-75	5
50	45	20-50	10
20	35	8-20	15
8	20	5-8	10
5	10	2-5	5
2	5	<2	5





Stormceptor EF Sizing Report

Rainfall Intensity (mm / hr)	Percent Rainfall Volume (%)	Cumulative Rainfall Volume (%)	Flow Rate (L/s)	Flow Rate (L/min)	Surface Loading Rate (L/min/m²)	Removal Efficiency (%)	Incremental Removal (%)	Cumulative Removal (%)
0.50	8.6	8.6	0.37	22.0	19.0	100	8.6	8.6
1.00	20.3	29.0	0.75	45.0	37.0	100	20.3	29.0
2.00	16.2	45.2	1.49	90.0	75.0	100	16.2	45.2
3.00	12.0	57.2	2.24	135.0	112.0	95	11.4	56.5
4.00	8.4	65.6	2.99	179.0	149.0	89	7.6	64.1
5.00	5.9	71.6	3.74	224.0	187.0	86	5.1	69.2
6.00	4.6	76.2	4.48	269.0	224.0	82	3.8	73.0
7.00	3.1	79.3	5.23	314.0	262.0	80	2.5	75.4
8.00	2.7	82.0	5.98	359.0	299.0	79	2.2	77.6
9.00	3.3	85.3	6.73	404.0	336.0	77	2.6	80.2
10.00	2.3	87.6	7.47	448.0	374.0	75	1.7	81.9
11.00	1.6	89.2	8.22	493.0	411.0	73	1.1	83.1
12.00	1.3	90.5	8.97	538.0	448.0	72	1.0	84.0
13.00	1.7	92.2	9.71	583.0	486.0	70	1.2	85.2
14.00	1.2	93.5	10.46	628.0	523.0	68	0.8	86.0
15.00	1.2	94.6	11.21	673.0	560.0	66	0.8	86.8
16.00	0.7	95.3	11.96	717.0	598.0	65	0.5	87.3
17.00	0.7	96.1	12.70	762.0	635.0	64	0.5	87.7
18.00	0.4	96.5	13.45	807.0	673.0	64	0.3	88.0
19.00	0.4	96.9	14.20	852.0	710.0	64	0.3	88.3
20.00	0.2	97.1	14.95	897.0	747.0	64	0.1	88.4
21.00	0.5	97.5	15.69	942.0	785.0	63	0.3	88.7
22.00	0.2	97.8	16.44	986.0	822.0	63	0.2	88.8
23.00	1.0	98.8	17.19	1031.0	859.0	63	0.6	89.5
24.00	0.3	99.1	17.93	1076.0	897.0	62	0.2	89.6
25.00	0.0	99.1	18.68	1121.0	934.0	62	0.0	89.6
30.00	0.9	100.0	22.42	1345.0	1121.0	59	0.6	90.2
35.00	0.0	100.0	26.15	1569.0	1308.0	55	0.0	90.2
40.00	0.0	100.0	29.89	1793.0	1495.0	49	0.0	90.2
45.00	0.0	100.0	33.63	2018.0	1681.0	44	0.0	90.2
	Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction = 90 %							

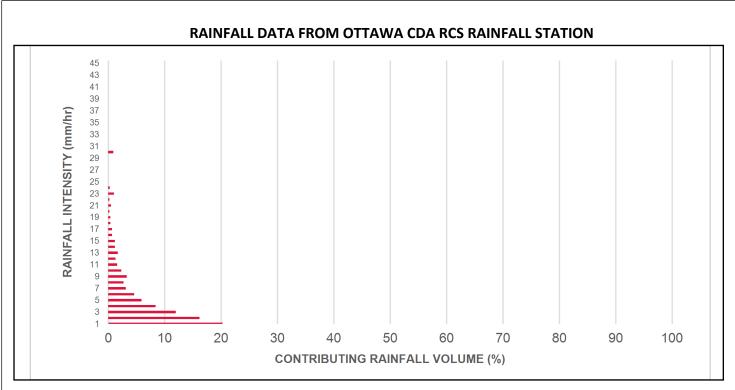
Climate Station ID: 6105978 Years of Rainfall Data: 20



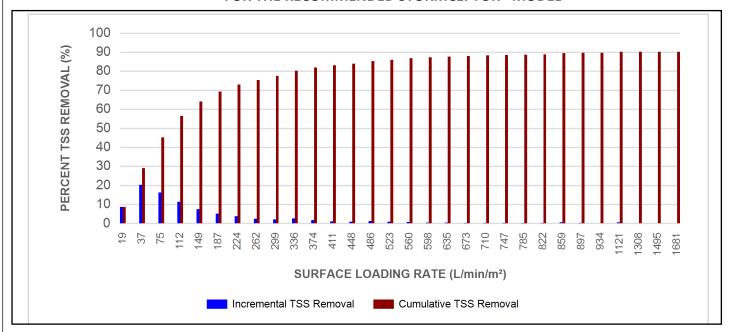




Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report



INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE TSS REMOVAL FOR THE RECOMMENDED STORMCEPTOR® MODEL







Stormceptor EF Sizing Report

Maximum Pipe Diameter / Peak Conveyance

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Model Diameter		Model Diameter Min Angle Inlet / Max Inlet Pipe Outlet Pipes Diameter		Max Outl Diame	•	Peak Conveyance Flow Rate		
	(m)	(ft)		(mm)	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(L/s)	(cfs)
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	90	609	24	609	24	425	15
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	90	914	36	914	36	990	35
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	90	1219	48	1219	48	1700	60
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100
EF12 / EFO12	3.6	12	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100

SCOUR PREVENTION AND ONLINE CONFIGURATION

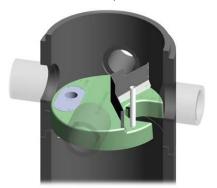
► Stormceptor® EF and EFO feature an internal bypass and superior scour prevention technology that have been demonstrated in third-party testing according to the scour testing provisions of the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, and the exceptional scour test performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 ETV protocol. As a result, Stormceptor EF and EFO are approved for online installation, eliminating the need for costly additional bypass structures, piping, and installation expense.

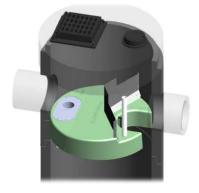
DESIGN FLEXIBILITY

► Stormceptor® EF and EFO offers design flexibility in one simplified platform, accepting stormwater flow from a single inlet pipe or multiple inlet pipes, and/or surface runoff through an inlet grate. The device can also serve as a junction structure, accommodate a 90-degree inlet-to-outlet bend angle, and can be modified to ensure performance in submerged conditions.

OIL CAPTURE AND RETENTION

► While Stormceptor® EF will capture and retain oil from dry weather spills and low intensity runoff, **Stormceptor® EFO** has demonstrated superior oil capture and greater than 99% oil retention in third-party testing according to the light liquid reentrainment testing provisions of the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**. Stormceptor EFO is recommended for sites where oil capture and retention is a requirement.

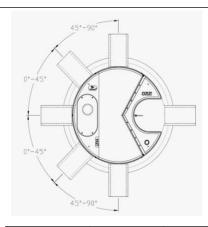








Stormceptor EF Sizing Report



INLET-TO-OUTLET DROP

Elevation differential between inlet and outlet pipe inverts is dictated by the angle at which the inlet pipe(s) enters the unit.

 0° - 45° : The inlet pipe is 1-inch (25mm) higher than the outlet pipe. 45° - 90° : The inlet pipe is 2-inches (50mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

HEAD LOSS

The head loss through Stormceptor EF is similar to that of a 60-degree bend structure. The applicable K value for calculating minor losses through the unit is 1.1. For submerged conditions the applicable K value is 3.0.

Pollutant Capacity

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Mod Diam	_	Depth Pipe In Sump		Oil Vo	lume	Sedi	mended ment ice Depth *	Maxii Sediment '	-	Maxim Sediment	
	(m)	(ft)	(m)	(ft)	(L)	(Gal)	(mm)	(in)	(L)	(ft³)	(kg)	(lb)
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	1.52	5.0	265	70	203	8	1190	42	1904	5250
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	1.93	6.3	610	160	305	12	3470	123	5552	15375
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	2.59	8.5	1070	280	610	24	8780	310	14048	38750
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	3.25	10.7	1670	440	610	24	17790	628	28464	78500
EF12 / EFO12	3.6	12	3.89	12.8	2475	655	610	24	31220	1103	49952	137875

^{*}Increased sump depth may be added to increase sediment storage capacity $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$

^{**} Average density of wet packed sediment in sump = 1.6 kg/L (100 lb/ft³)

Feature	Benefit	Feature Appeals To		
Patent-pending enhanced flow treatment and scour prevention technology	Superior, verified third-party performance	Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer		
Third-party verified light liquid capture and retention for EFO version	Proven performance for fuel/oil hotspot locations	Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer, Site Owner		
Functions as bend, junction or inlet structure	Design flexibility	Specifying & Design Engineer		
Minimal drop between inlet and outlet	Site installation ease	Contractor		
Large diameter outlet riser for inspection and maintenance	Easy maintenance access from grade	Maintenance Contractor & Site Owner		

STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO DRAWINGS

For standard details, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef

STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO SPECIFICATION

For specifications, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef







Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

STANDARD PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR "OIL GRIT SEPARATOR" (OGS) STORMWATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICE

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

This section specifies requirements for selecting, sizing, and designing an underground Oil Grit Separator (OGS) device for stormwater quality treatment, with third-party testing results and a Statement of Verification in accordance with ISO 14034 Environmental Management – Environmental Technology Verification (ETV).

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS & PROCEDURES

ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV)

Canadian Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- 1.3.1 All submittals, including sizing reports & shop drawings, shall be submitted upon request with each order to the contractor then forwarded to the Engineer of Record for review and acceptance. Shop drawings shall detail all OGS components, elevations, and sequence of construction.
- 1.3.2 Alternative devices shall have features identical to or greater than the specified device, including: treatment chamber diameter, treatment chamber wet volume, sediment storage volume, and oil storage volume.
- 1.3.3 Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer of Record, OGS stormwater quality treatment product substitutions or alternatives submitted within ten days prior to project bid shall not be accepted. All alternatives or substitutions submitted shall be signed and sealed by a local registered Professional Engineer, based on the exact same criteria detailed in Section 3, in entirety, subject to review and approval by the Engineer of Record.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 OGS POLLUTANT STORAGE

The OGS device shall include a sump for sediment storage, and a protected volume for the capture and storage of petroleum hydrocarbons and buoyant gross pollutants. The minimum sediment & petroleum hydrocarbon storage capacity shall be as follows:

2.1.1 4 ft (1219 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 1.19 m³ sediment / 265 L oil
6 ft (1829 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 3.48 m³ sediment / 609 L oil
8 ft (2438 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 8.78 m³ sediment / 1,071 L oil
10 ft (3048 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 17.78 m³ sediment / 1,673 L oil
12 ft (3657 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 31.23 m³ sediment / 2,476 L oil

PART 3 - PERFORMANCE & DESIGN

3.1 GENERAL

The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall be verified in accordance with ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV). The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall







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remove oil, sediment and gross pollutants from stormwater runoff during frequent wet weather events, and retain these pollutants during less frequent high flow wet weather events below the insert within the OGS for later removal during maintenance. The Manufacturer shall have at least ten (10) years of local experience, history and success in engineering design, manufacturing and production and supply of OGS stormwater quality treatment device systems, acceptable to the Engineer of Record.

3.2 SIZING METHODOLOGY

The OGS device shall be engineered, designed and sized to provide stormwater quality treatment based on treating a minimum of 90 percent of the average annual runoff volume and a minimum removal of an annual average 60% of the sediment (TSS) load based on the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) specified in the sizing report for the specified device. Sizing of the OGS shall be determined by use of a minimum ten (10) years of local historical rainfall data provided by Environment Canada. Sizing shall also be determined by use of the sediment removal performance data derived from the ISO 14034 ETV third-party verified laboratory testing data from testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV protocol Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, as follows:

- 3.2.1 Sediment removal efficiency for a given surface loading rate and its associated flow rate shall be based on sediment removal efficiency demonstrated at the seven (7) tested surface loading rates specified in the protocol, ranging 40 L/min/m² to 1400 L/min/m², and as stated in the ISO 14034 ETV Verification Statement for the OGS device.
- 3.2.2 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates between 40 L/min/m² and 1400 L/min/m² shall be based on linear interpolation of data between consecutive tested surface loading rates.
- 3.2.3 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates less than the lowest tested surface loading rate of 40 $L/min/m^2$ shall be assumed to be identical to the sediment removal efficiency at 40 $L/min/m^2$. No extrapolation shall be allowed that results in a sediment removal efficiency that is greater than that demonstrated at 40 $L/min/m^2$.
- 3.2.4 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates greater than the highest tested surface loading rate of 1400 L/min/m² shall assume zero sediment removal for the portion of flow that exceeds 1400 L/min/m², and shall be calculated using a simple proportioning formula, with 1400 L/min/m² in the numerator and the higher surface loading rate in the denominator, and multiplying the resulting fraction times the sediment removal efficiency at 1400 L/min/m².

The OGS device shall also have sufficient annual sediment storage capacity as specified and calculated in Section 2.1.

3.3 CANADIAN ETV or ISO 14034 ETV VERIFICATION OF SCOUR TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of third-party scour testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**.

3.3.1 To be acceptable for on-line installation, the OGS device must demonstrate an average scour test effluent concentration less than 10 mg/L at each surface loading rate tested, up to and including 2600 L/min/m².

3.4 <u>LIGHT LIQUID RE-ENTRAINMENT SIMULATION TESTING</u>

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of completed third-party Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Program's Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**, with results reported within the Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV verification. This reentrainment testing is conducted with the device pre-loaded with low density polyethylene (LDPE) plastic beads as a surrogate for light liquids such as oil and fuel. Testing is conducted on the same OGS unit tested for sediment removal to



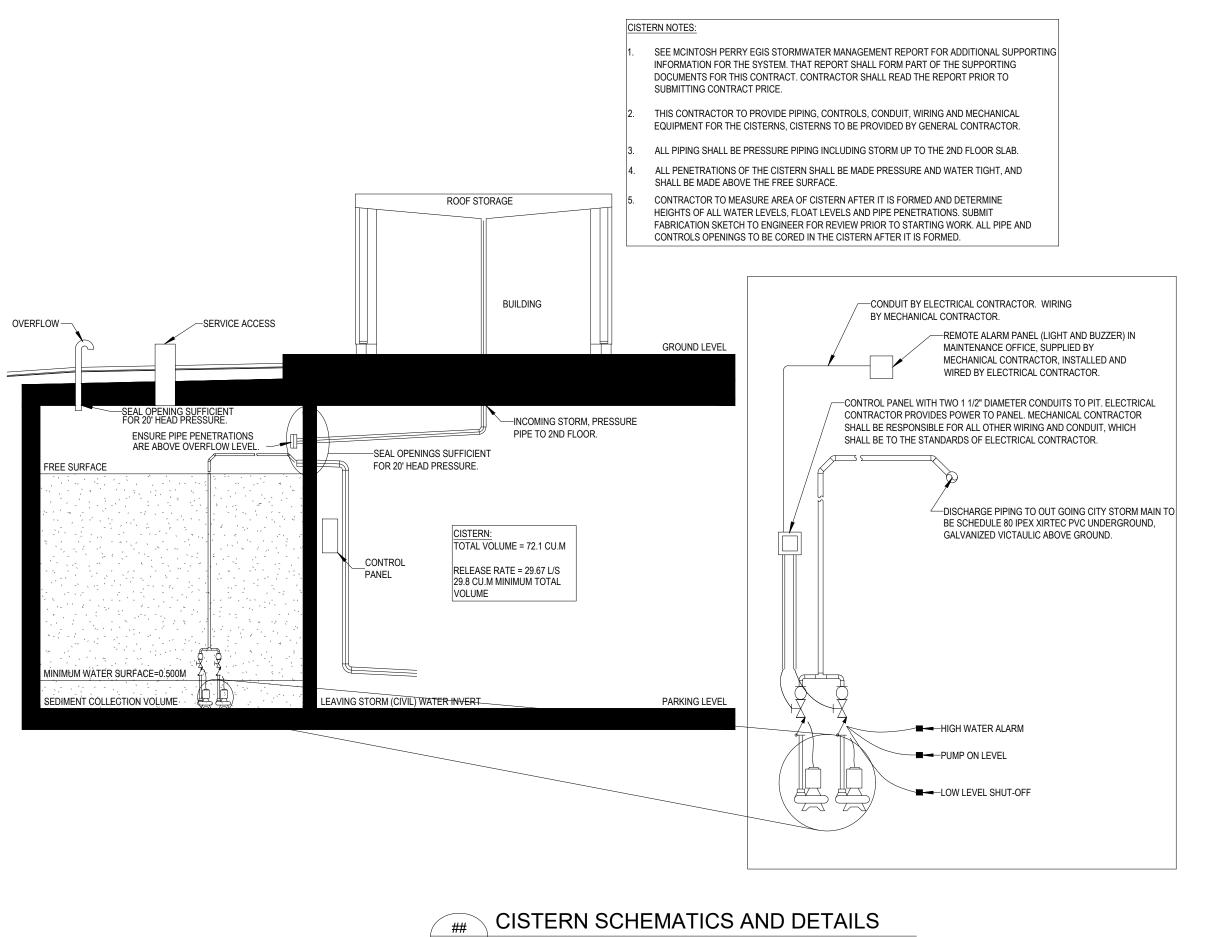




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assess whether light liquids captured after a spill are effectively retained at high flow rates.	
3.4.1 For an OGS device to be an acceptable stormwater treatment device on a site where vehicular traffic occurs and the potential for an oil or fuel spill exists, the OGS device must have reported verified performance results of greater than 99% cumulative retention of LDPE plastic beads for the five specified surface loading rates (ranging 200 L/min/m² to 2600 L/min/m²) in accordance with the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing within the Canadian ETV Program's Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators. However, an OGS device shall not be allowed if the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing was performed with screening components within the OGS device that are effective at retaining the LDPE plastic beads, but would not be expected to retain light liquids such as oil and fuel.	





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SCALE: N.T.S.

APPENDIX H CITY OF OTTAWA DESIGN CHECKLIST



City of Ottawa

4. Development Servicing Study Checklist

The following section describes the checklist of the required content of servicing studies. It is expected that the proponent will address each one of the following items for the study to be deemed complete and ready for review by City of Ottawa Infrastructure Approvals staff.

The level of required detail in the Servicing Study will increase depending on the type of application. For example, for Official Plan amendments and re-zoning applications, the main issues will be to determine the capacity requirements for the proposed change in land use and confirm this against the existing capacity constraint, and to define the solutions, phasing of works and the financing of works to address the capacity constraint. For subdivisions and site plans, the above will be required with additional detailed information supporting the servicing within the development boundary.

4.1 General Content

Oriteria	Location (if applicable)
Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A
Date and revision number of the report.	On Cover
Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	Appendix A
Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	N/A
Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and	1.1 Purpose
watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.	1.2 Site Description
	6.0 Stormwater Management
Summary of pre-consultation meetings with City and other approval agencies.	Appendix B
☐ Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments,	1.1 Purpose
Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and	1.2 Ste Description
develop a defendable design criteria.	6.0 Stormwater Management
\square Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	3.0 Pre-Consultation Summary



	Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	N/A
	Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	N/ A
	Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	N/ A
	Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	N/A
	Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/ A
	Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	Section 2.0 Background Studies, Standards and References
0 0 0 0 0 0	All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information: Metric scale North arrow (including construction North) Key plan Name and contact information of applicant and property owner Property limits including bearings and dimensions Existing and proposed structures and parking areas Easements, road widening and rights-of-way Adjacent street names	N/A
		1



4.2 Development Servicing Report: Water

Oriteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available	N/ A
Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development	N/ A
☐ Identification of system constraints	N/A
☐ Identify boundary conditions	Appendix C
☐ Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure	N/A
 Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development. 	Appendix C
 Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves. 	N/ A
Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design	N/ A
Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves	N/ A
☐ Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification.	N/A
Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range	Appendix C, Section 4.2



 Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions. 	N/A
Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	N/ A
Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Appendix C
 Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference. 	N/A

4.3 Development Servicing Report: Wastewater

Oriteria	Location (if applicable)
Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	N/ A
Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.	N/A
Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.	N/ A
Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.	Section 5.2 Proposed Sanitary Sewer



☐ Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)	Section 5.3 Proposed Sanitary Design
☐ Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.	N/A
Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains.	Section 5.2 Proposed Sanitary Sewer
Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).	N/A
Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A
Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity.	N/A
Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/ A
Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	N/A



4.4 Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist

Oriteria	Location (if applicable)
 Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property) 	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	N/A
 A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern. 	N/A
Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5-year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100-year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A
☐ Watercourse and hazard lands set backs.	N/A
Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	N/A
Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A



	Appendix G
☐ Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5-year return period) and major events (1:100-year return period).	лърспаіх d
☐ Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	N/A
Calculate pre-and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management Appendix G
Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
 Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities. 	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	N/ A
☐ Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses	N/A
☐ Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/ A
Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ 100-year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	N/A
☐ Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations.	N/ A



 Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors. 	N/A
Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A
 Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation. 	N/ A

4.5 Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist

The Servicing Study shall provide a list of applicable permits and regulatory approvals necessary for the proposed development as well as the relevant issues affecting each approval. The approval and permitting shall include but not be limited to the following:

O riteria	Location (if applicable)
Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	N/ A
Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A
☐ Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A



 Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.) 	N/ A

4.6 Conclusion Checklist

Oriteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations	Section 8.0 Summary
	Section 9.0 Recommendations
Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	All are stamped
All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario	All are stamped

