

Functional Servicing Report

Chick-fil-A

Type of Document: Functional Servicing Report

Project Name: Chick-fil-A Orleans

Project Number: BRM-23002042-H0

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1 Legal Notification

This Report was prepared by EXP Services Inc. for the account of Chick-fil-A.

Any use which a third party makes of the Report, or any reliance on or decisions to be made based on it, are the responsibility of such third parties. EXP Services Inc. accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this project.



2 Introduction

EXP Inc. has been retained by Chick-fil-A to prepare a Functional Servicing Report (FSR) to assess the servicing requirements relating to the proposed development located at 4280 Innes Road in Orleans which is located in Ottawa, Ontario. For additional background information, please refer to **Appendix A**, **EXP Drawing A100**.

This Functional Servicing Report (FSR) identifies and presents the servicing requirements for the proposed project. This FSR includes municipal water, sanitary drainage, and stormwater management (SWM) services, prior to the detailed design being undertaken. The Report will outline the requirements for site servicing for the proposed development and determine the available existing and proposed municipal servicing for discharge of storm and sanitary flows and water servicing.

2.1 Site Description

2.1.1 Existing Site

The property under study is a 0.474 ha site located on the northeast corner of Innes Road and Tenth Line Road in Orleans, Ontario. The parking lot is bound by Innes Road to the north, Swiss Chalet to the east, an existing commercial development to the south, and another commercial area to the west. The existing commercial site located at 4280 Innes Rd, Orleans, directly immediately adjacent to the site is not part of this development.

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The current site is a parking lot. See Figure 1 for an aerial view of the existing site.

Figure 1: Existing Site

2.1.2 Proposed Site

The project entails the construction of a proposed Chick-fil-A accompanied by the necessary sidewalks, landscape areas, parking lot and drive aisles.



The proposed development involves the construction of a proposed Chick-fil-A at the east corner of the site and will consist of a parking lot, a 461.94 m² building, sidewalk, landscape areas, and drive thru. The existing infrastructure on the existing commercial development will be modified to meet the requirements of the new development. The existing services will be utilized in accordance with city comments, which include demonstrating the use of services and capacity within the internal system.

For more detailed information regarding the building and site location, please refer to the **EXP Drawing A100 - Site Plan** provided in **Appendix A**.

2.2 References

The following documents were referred to in the preparation of this report:

- City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, Second Edition, October 2012
- Comments on 4280 Innes Road, Orleans (Chick-Fil-A) Phase 1/2 Pre-Consultation Submission
- Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2018-01
- City of Ottawa Water Design Guidelines, Section 4.2.2 of the Water Distribution Guidelines.
- Ontario Building Code or Fire Underwriter Surveys
- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2021-03
- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02, Appendix I Table 1

3 Sanitary Sewer Servicing

3.1 Sanitary Sewer System

The proposed Chick-fil-A site at 4280 Innes Road, Orleans, Ontario will connect to the existing sanitary infrastructure within the existing commercial development. The sanitary sewage flow from the site will be directed to the existing SAN MH09 situated east, of the subject site. The inverts, size and slope of the existing sanitary service is to be confirmed on field by the contractor. The existing sanitary sewers, maintenance holes, as well as the proposed sanitary sewer arrangement for the Chick-fil-A Development are shown on **EXP Drawing PS100 – Site Servicing, EXP Drawing PS101 – Site Servicing and Drawing SS-01 – Servicing Plan by Stantec within Appendix B.**

Sanitary sewage outflow from the site is calculated using the current City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines and Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2018-01 as depicted in **Table 1** below. Sewage flows will be calculated based on use as a commercial site with an average design flow of **0.324 L/sec/ha** (28,000 L/gross ha/day) plus allowances for infiltration. Based on the site area of **0.474** hectares, the sanitary flow equates to **0.39 L/s**.

| Avg. Flow Rate | 0.324 | L/sec/ha |
|--------------------|-------|--------------------|
| Peak Hourly Factor | 1.5 | Per Harmon Formula |
| Total Area | 0.474 | ha |
| Infiltration | 0.33 | L/s/ha |

Table 1: Proposed Sanitary Design Criteria (City of Ottawa Standards)

The Dry Weather proposed sanitary flow is depicted in Table 2 below.

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Table 2: Dry Weather Sanitary Flow

| Type of Flow | Proposed Flow (L/s) |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Average Domestic Flow (L/s) | 0.324 L/sec/ha * 0.474 ha = 0.154 L/s |
| Peak Domestic Flow (L/s) | 0.154 L/s * 1.5 = 0.23 L/s |

The Wet Weather proposed sanitary flow is depicted in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Wet Weather Sanitary Flow

| Type of Flow | Proposed Flow (L/s) |
|--------------------------|--|
| Peak Domestic Flow (L/s) | 0.23 L/s |
| Infiltration Flow (L/s) | 0.33 L/sec/ha * 0.474 ha = 0.16 L/s |
| TOTAL FLOW (L/s) | 0.39 L/s |

The sanitary sewage flow from the proposed Chick-fil-A site will discharge to the existing Sanitary Maintenance Hole 09 located east of the proposed Chick-fil-A.

3.2 Downstream Considerations

The Asset Management team at the City of Ottawa will analyze the system to ensure there is adequate residual capacity in the receiving and downstream wastewater system to support the proposed flow of **0.39 L/s** for the development. However, it is expected that the **0.39 L/s** is acceptable.

3.3 Proposed Sanitary Service

EXP proposes to service the new development with a new 200mm sanitary connection at 1.0% with a control maintenance hole within the site. This setup will include a grease interceptor and venting. The proposed connections to the building will be 150mm at a 2.0% slope. The sanitary service connection to the proposed building, will be designed to the Orleans Standards, as shown on **EXP Drawing PS100 – Site Servicing Plan**.

4 Water Supply and Appurtenances

4.1 Existing Water Supply

According to the survey conducted by JD BARNES on June 12, 2023, there is an existing 200mm watermain located east of the proposed restaurant. The existing watermain is shown on **EXP Drawing PS101 – Site Servicing and Drawing SS-01 – Servicing Plan by Stantec in Appendix B.**

4.2 Proposed Water Demand

The unit rate and peaking factors of water consumption, minimum pipe size and allowable pressure in line were established from the City of Ottawa Water Design Guidelines.



The pressures and volumes must be sufficient for peak hour conditions and under fire conditions as established by the City of Ottawa Standards. New water supply and distribution systems should maintain normal operating pressures between 345 kPa (50 psi) and 552 kPa (80 psi) during maximum daily flow. The maximum sustained operating pressure shall not exceed 552 kPa (81 psi). Minimum residual pressure at any hydrant shall not be less than 140 KPa (20 PSI).

4.2.1.1 Fire Flow

A detailed Fire Flow calculation has been prepared using the recommendation for the Fire Underwriters Survey as per City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2021-03. The fire flow calculation indicates that the recommended fire flow for this proposed development will be **6,000 I/min (100 litres/sec)**.

Calculations for the required domestic and fire flow demand are provided in Appendix C.

Currently, there is an existing class AA fire hydrant north of the proposed building for fire fighting purposes. The proposed building is 30 m unobstructed distance to the proposed fire department connection. Fire protection of the proposed building will be via the existing fire hydrant since the building is located within the 45 m range permitted by the Ontario Building Code; therefore, a private fire hydrant is not required. Refer to the **EXP Drawing PS100 – Site Servicing** within **Appendix B** showing the extent of proposed water servicing to be installed. Under proposed conditions, the existing fire hydrant is utilized.

As per City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02, the combined flow of all contributing fire hydrants within 150 meters of the building must meet or exceed the required fire flow. Appendix I of the same bulletin is summarized in **Table 4**.

| Class | Distance (m) | Contribution (L/min) |
|-------|----------------|----------------------|
| | ≤ 75 | 5,700 |
| AA | > 75 and ≤ 150 | 3,800 |

Table 4: Maximum Flow to be considered from a given hydrant (City of Ottawa, Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02)

The nearest existing Class AA fire hydrant is within 75 meters of the proposed building and can provide a flow of **5,700 L/min (95 L/s)**. There are three additional municipal Class AA fire hydrants within 150 meters of the proposed building, located within the existing commercial development owned by the applicant. Each of these hydrants can individually contribute 3,800 L/min (63.3 L/s), summing up to a total of 11,400 L/min (190 L/s). The combined flow of all four contributing fire hydrants is **17,100 L/min (285 L/s)**, which exceeds the required fire flow of **6,000 L/min (100 L/s)**.

4.2.2 Demand Requirements

It is proposed that the site will be serviced via a new 50mm diameter water service for domestic flow, connected into the existing 200mm watermain located to the east of the existing Swiss Chalet. The proposed water service contains a water valve located at the property line.

Water demands for the proposed development were determined from the City of Ottawa Water Design Guidelines; the design criteria is summarized in **Table 6**.



| Total Area | 0.474 | ha |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Commercial Average Daily Demand | 28,000 | L/ha/day |
| Commercial Maximum Daily Demand | 1.5 * Average Day | L/gross ha/day |
| Commercial Maximum Hour Demand | 1.8 * Average Day | L/gross ha/day |
| Chick-fil-A Hours Open Hours | 11 | Hours |

Table 5: Proposed Water Distribution Design Criteria (City of Ottawa Water Design Guidelines)

The total water demand for the site is estimated as the maximum daily water demand plus fire, resulting in a total demand of approximately (0.50 l/s + 100 l/s) = 100.50 L/s. The total water demand was calculated in **Table 6**.

Table 6: Water Demand Calculations

| Demand Type | Total Demand (L/s) |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Commercial Average Daily Demand | ((28,000 L/ha/day * 0.474 ha)/ 11 Hours) = 0.335 L/s |
| Commercial Maximum Daily Demand | 0.50 L/s |
| Commercial Maximum Hourly Demand | 0.60 L/s |
| Fire Flow (FUS method) | 100 L/s |
| Maximum Daily Demand + Fire Flow | 100.50 L/s |

Fire protection of the proposed building will be via the existing fire hydrant at the north of the site since the building is located within the 90 m range of the existing fire hydrant.

Refer to the **EXP Drawing PS100 – Site Servicing Plan** within **Appendix B**. showing the extent of proposed water servicing, to be installed.

4.3 Proposed Connection

As part of the proposed project, we plan to connect the new Chick-fil-A building to the existing water infrastructure. This connection will ensure that the building has access to the necessary water supply for its operations and can utilize the existing infrastructure efficiently.

The City of Ottawa's asset management team has supplied the boundary conditions for the downstream municipal watermain at the subject property based on the following information: the type of development is a commercial development, with an average daily demand of 0.335 L/s, a maximum daily demand of 0.50 L/s, and a maximum hourly daily demand of 0.60 L/s. The required fire flow, according to the FUS Method, is 100 L/s, and according to the OBC Method, it is 30 L/s. For detailed correspondence with the City regarding these boundary conditions, please refer to **Appendix D**. The boundary conditions in the 305 mm, **Lanther Drive** municipal watermain provided by the City of Ottawa at the subject property indicate a minimum HGL of 130.3 m and a maximum HGL of 128.2 m. The peak hourly pressure demands for the proposed Connection 1 at the existing private watermain were assigned to the upstream junction at Lanther Drive & Vantage Drive, off the public looped watermains, with a peak hour pressure of 54.5 psi. Refer to **Boundary Conditions 4280 Innes Road** within **Appendix D**.



Based on these boundary conditions and the calculated headloss off the private watermain, the headloss calculation indicates a peak hour pressure of 53.04 psi at the building. The minimum requirement for maximum hourly demand is 40 psi, and the maximum requirement for maximum hourly demand is 80 psi. Therefore, there is sufficient pressure to service the proposed development. The calculated head loss calculations for the private watermain can be found in **Appendix D**.

5 Stormwater Management

5.1 Pre-Development Hydrology

5.1.1 Existing Drainage

The subject site is currently an existing parking lot. It drains into an on-site catch basin, where the proposed restaurant will be built, and towards the parking lot driveways, leading to existing catch basins located south of the site within the existing commercial development. Refer to **EXP Drawing SWM100 - Pre-Development Drainage Plan within Appendix B**, as well as **Drawing SS-1 – Servicing Plan by Stantec.**

The existing storm sewer that drains this site is a private on site 450mm diameter STM, located south of the proposed site within the existing commercial development. The subject site is part of the Loblaws Properties Limited Innes Road development. According to **Drawing SS-1 – Servicing Plan by Stantec**, the site is designated to drain to the existing 1800mm diameter storm sewer located within the Innes Road Right of Way (RoW).

There is an Inlet Control Device (ICD) downstream at Existing STM MH108, which regulates the flow into the storm sewer system. Additionally, a Stormceptor is installed downstream of Existing STM MH108 to provide quality control for the site. Prior to the existing storm sewer that drains the subject site, there is an 825mm diameter concrete sewer.

The subject site falls within the Ottawa River Watershed.

5.1.2 External Drainage

Based on the existing topography, there are no external drainage areas draining to the subject property. Refer to **EXP Drawing SWM100 - Pre-Development Drainage Plan** within **Appendix B**.

5.2 Stormwater Management Analysis

The storm drainage system for the Chick-fil-A site collects water through a series of catch basins, roof drains, and catch basin manholes surrounding the existing building. According to the City of Ottawa requirements, the site must have an accessible storm sewer with a private storm main network internal to the site. As per these requirements, we are utilizing the existing storm infrastructure, and the storm flows from our site are then conveyed via the existing private on-site storm sewer system.

The proposed Chick-fil-A development is situated on what is currently an existing parking lot. Since the area is mostly hard surface in its current state and the proposed development will also be primarily hard surface, there will be no net increase in storm runoff generated by the site. There will be no negative impacts on the overall stormwater management systems. The existing drainage patterns at 4280 Innes Road will be improved to self-contain the site. Additionally, no additional flows will be directed to the existing municipal storm sewer systems beyond what they currently receive from the subject area. Control is provided downstream within the existing development, through an inlet control device at existing STM MH108 ensuring effective stormwater management.



The proposed restaurant development will reduce the total amount of stormwater runoff generated due to newly constructed landscaped areas. Please refer to the Post-Development Drainage plan, **EXP Drawing SWM200**, available in **Appendix B**.

5.3 Allowable Release Rate

The existing private on site 450mm diameter STM located south of our proposed restaurant has been designed to accommodate the stormwater flow from the subject site at a run-off co-efficient of 0.84.

Existing Contributing Drainage Area = 0.41 ha Runoff Coefficient C = 0.84

Proposed Contributing Drainage Area = 0.43 ha Runoff Coefficient C = 0.77

Due to grading modifications, a portion of the site that was previously landscaped and drained uncontrolled to the street will now be captured on-site. However, as shown in the storm calculations included in **Appendix E**, the overall flow from the subject site has decreased due to the increased landscape area.

The comparison between the pre-development release rate and post development release rates can be found in **Table 6**.

| Storm Event (yr) | Pre-Dev. Peak Flow (L/s) | Post-Dev. Peak Flow (L/s) |
|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2 | 73.17 | 70.87 |
| 5 | 99.26 | 96.14 |
| 10 | 116.36 | 112.71 |
| 25 | 137.84 | 133.51 |
| 50 | 153.83 | 149.00 |
| 100 | 170.11 | 164.76 |

Table 7: Pre & Post Development Peak Flow

The proposed development must meet the City of Ottawa's drainage standards. According to the City of Ottawa Pre-Con Comments, the minor and major system design requirements must control the 100-year post-development peak flow rate to match the 100-year pre-development peak flow rate, using a runoff coefficient of 0.5 or the existing coefficient, whichever is lower. All drainage must be contained on-site up to and including the stress test event (100-year + 20% event). Given our existing Inlet Control Device (ICD) downstream at Existing STM MH108, as shown in **Drawing SS-1 – Servicing Plan by Stantec**, and the improved site conditions, we expect meet the City of Ottawa requirements. The enhanced landscaping has reduced ponding by increasing the infiltration capacity and reducing surface runoff.

Since the area is mostly hard surface in its current state and the proposed development will also be primarily hard surface, there will be no net increase in storm runoff generated by the site. The addition of 348 square meters (m²) of landscaped area ensures that the new development will generate less storm runoff than the existing site. The pervious area will increase from 346 m² to 694 m² with the proposed development. There will be no negative



impacts on the overall stormwater management systems. The existing drainage patterns at 4280 Innes Road will be improved to self-contain the site. Furthermore, no additional flows will be directed to the existing municipal storm sewer systems beyond what they currently receive from the subject area.

The ICD was originally designed for a runoff coefficient of 0.84 for this portion of the overall site. However, we have improved the site conditions, resulting in a reduced runoff coefficient of 0.77. This improvement further ensures compliance with the City of Ottawa's drainage standards.

For a detailed breakdown of the pre- and post-development run-off coefficient, see **Calculation Sheet 1** and **Calculation Sheet 2** in **Appendix E**, as well as **Drawing SS-1 – Servicing Plan by Stantec** within **Appendix B** for the downstream ICD device.

As per the Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report for Choice Properties Real Estate Investment Trust at 4270 Innes Road, City of Ottawa (Project No.: 17-961, September 2017 – Rev 1), located in Appendix F, there is currently no ponding on the site. Given that the elevations are similar to pre-development conditions, significant changes are not expected. In the unlikely event of ponding, it would be confined to the parking lot area, away from pedestrian paths.

5.4 Stormwater Quantity Management

Since the existing drainage pattern is being improved and post-development flows are controlled to be lower than pre-development flows, it is not anticipated that the proposed development will negatively impact the existing private downstream receiving system. We are utilizing the existing stormwater infrastructure on the site, including the current Inlet Control Device (ICD) and private sewer system, rather than proposing new infrastructure.

Stormwater quantity will be controlled through the existing ICD located at the downstream end of the private sewer system before it releases to the municipal sewers. This approach ensures that post-development flows from the site are managed effectively and controlled to the acceptable allowable release rate for this commercial development. By leveraging the existing infrastructure, we are maintaining continuity and ensuring compliance with the City of Ottawa's drainage standards. As the proposed site has a lower runoff coefficient than the allocated runoff coefficient, no additional quantity controls are proposed.

5.5 Stormwater Quality Management

The stormwater quality control for the development will adhere to the City of Ottawa's stormwater management criteria:

- Quality Control Suspended Solids:
 - a) Provide enhanced level of protection (80%) for suspended soils removal.
 - b) Demonstrate ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) protocol for sizing OGS units.

This target is achieved through the existing stormwater management system, which includes an STC 6000 unit providing quality control. The design of the onsite storm sewer drainage system incorporates this stormwater quality treatment unit to ensure compliance with the City of Ottawa's standards. The proposed development features an increase in roof and landscaped areas, which enhances the overall stormwater quality.

As the proposed site has a lower runoff coefficient than the allocated runoff coefficient, no additional quantity controls are necessary. The increase in pervious areas, from 346 m² to 694 m², further contributes to reducing



stormwater runoff. The existing STC 6000 unit will continue to provide effective quality control, ensuring that the stormwater management system meets all required standards.

The Stormceptor sizing considers our drainage area of 0.41 hectares with an initial runoff coefficient of 0.84. However, we have improved the site conditions, reducing the runoff coefficient to 0.77. The Stormceptor is currently installed at the location shown on **Drawing SS-1 – Servicing Plan by Stantec**, downstream of EX. STM MH108.

5.6 Storm Conveyance

Storm drainage for the subject site will be collected by a series catchbasins, roof drains and catchbasin manholes. Storm flows are then conveyed via the proposed storm sewer system to the existing private onsite storm sewer system.

The existing sewer connection is located within the existing parking lot entrance. The proposed grading will improve the existing drainage patterns to self-contain the site. As shown in the site grading and site servicing drawings located in **Appendix B** this site has been designed to integrate both minor and major storm systems. The overall site grading ensures that the existing drainage pattern on adjacent properties has not been altered and stormwater runoff from the subject development has been self-contained.

5.6.1 Minor System: Storm Sewer

The site has been graded to contain the stormwater from the site, and to direct it through a series of catchbasins located throughout the site and roof water leaders on the building. These catchbasins and roof drains flow into an underground storm sewer system (minor system). The underground storm sewer has been designed to accommodate the 5-year peak storm event based on City of Ottawa's Intensity Duration Frequency (IDF) curve with Time of Concentration of (Tc) 10 minutes, using Rational Method. Storm sewer sizing and gradients will maintain a minimum velocity of 0.9 m/sec and maximum 3.0 m/sec. The detailed design of the minor system is provided in **Calculation Sheet 3** in **Appendix E**.

5.6.2 Major System: Overland Flow

In the event of a major storm, defined as storms 100-year post-development peak flow rate leaving the site area to the 100-year pre-development peak flow rate, the outlet control provided in the system in the form of an Inlet Control Device will utilize the available storm sewer infrastructure by allowing the system to back up, thus providing the required storage. Outlet controls in the sewer system are designed to restrict the post-development flows exiting from the system to the 100-year predevelopment allowable release rate. Thus, effectively restricting the flows by detaining the water in the system to release it at an allowable release rate. This will ensure that it will not have any impact on downstream overland flow capacity, and the municipal sewers. The controlled release rates of stormwater are directed to a Stormceptor to ensure that runoff from the site is treated to the City of Ottawa water quality requirements before it is released from the site.

In events larger than the 100-year return storm, the site has been graded to include an overland flow route. This route allows the stormwater to overtop the local highpoints and flow overland and off-site existing commercial development, consistent with the existing overland flow route. The existing overland discharge point is towards Innes Road. The major overland flow routes are shown on **EXP Drawing SWM100**, and **SWM200** in **Appendix B**.



6 Conclusion

Implementation of the design outlined in this report will ensure that the site can be serviced and complies with the requirements of the reviewing authorities and is of acceptable quality both during and after construction. In summary:

- Type of development: Commercial Development
- The total development area is 0.474 ha.
- The site will discharge sanitary flows to the existing SAN MH09 situated east of the proposed restaurant. The proposed Wet Weather Sanitary Flow is 0.39 L/s.
- The proposed sanitary connection is 200mm diameter with slope of 1.0%.
- The average water daily demand is 0.335 L/s
- The maximum water daily demand: 0.50 L/s
- The maximum hourly daily demand: 0.60 L/s
- The required fire flow demand using the FUS Method is 100 L/s
- The combined flow of all four contributing fire hydrants is 285 L/s, which exceeds the required fire flow of 6,000 L/min (100 L/s).
- The total water demand for the site is estimated as the maximum day water demand plus fire, resulting in a total demand of approximately Maximum Daily Demand + Fire Flow= (0.50 l/s + 100 l/s) = 100.50 L/s.
- The maximum hourly daily demand: 0.60 L/s
- The headloss calculation indicates a peak hour pressure of 53.04 psi at the building, exceeding the minimum requirement of 40 psi for maximum hourly demands.
- Quantity Control is not required as we are using the existing Inlet Control Device, and we are discharging to the private on-site storm sewers, while improving existing conditions.
- Runoff quality treatment is considered, with the existing downstream STC 6000.



Appendix A Site Plan





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Appendix B Engineering Drawings





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15 April 2025

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GENERAL NOTES:

2.

SURVEY INFORMATION PROVIDED BY J.D BARNES DATED 2023-06-12 GRID BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID, DERIVED FROM REAL TIME NETWORK (RIN) OBSERVATIONS, VIM LONE 18, NAD85 (CSRS) (2010.0). DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999610. FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTATION OF 1'04'07" CLOCKWISE WAS APPLIED TO BEARINGS ON PLAN P1, P2 AND P3 TO ROTATE TO NAD83 UTM 18.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL LOCATES PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION/DEMOLITION. ALL WORK TO BE DONE BY THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE -- WITHIN PROPERTY/LEASE LINES.

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION PROPOSED CHICK-FIL-A RESTAURANT #30042 BY BLUE FROG DATED AUGUST 22, 2024

LEGEND: EX. LIGHT POLE EX. YARD LIGHT EX. JUNCTION BOX PROP. BACKFLOW PREVENTER PROP. WATER METER EX. WATER METER EX. HYDRO POLE EX. GUY WIRE AND ANCHOR EX. TRAFFIC SIGNAL EX. GAS VALVE EX. SIGN EX. MONITORING WELL MWO EX. IRON PIN EX. FOUND LEAD PIN FOUND IRON BAR EX. FIRE HYDRANT EX. STORM MH NEW STORM MH EX. SANITARY MH NEW SANITARY MH EX. STORM CB NEW STORM CB NEW STORM CBMH EX. WATER VALVE EX. HYDRO POLE \longrightarrow EX. GUY WIRE AND ANCHOR DOOR EX. CONTROL MONUMENT ------ PROPERTY LINE EX. CONC. CURB NEW CONC. CURB CONC. CURB REMOVAL × XXX.XX EX. ELEVATION × (XXX.XX) MATCH EX. ELEVATION + XXX.XX PROP. ELEVATION + TCXXX.XX PROP. TOP OF CURB ELEVATION + BCXXX.XX PROP. BOTTOM OF CURB ELEVATION <u><2.0%</u> PROP. SLOPE <u><2.0%</u> EX. SLOPE EX OVERLAND FLOW -PROPOSED OVERLAND FLOW EX. CONC. CURB NEW CONC. CURB NEW CURB CUT ------ PROPOSED SWALE ---- PROPOSED SUBDRAIN _____ MATCH TO EXISTING MAX 3:1 SLOPING SCOPE OF WORK BOUNDARY LIGHT DUTY ASPHALT HEAVY DUTY CONCRETE LIGHT DUTY CONCRETE HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT SITE GRADING PLAN / SCALE 1:200

1



City File: D07-12-24-0131 & Plan: 17597





GENERAL NOTES:

PIN 4.

SURVEY INFORMATION PROVIDED BY J.D BARNES DATED 2023-06-12 GRID BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID, DERIVED FROM REAL TIME NETWORK (RIN) OBSERVATIONS, VIM LONE 18, NAD85 (CSRS) (2010.0). DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999610. FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTATION OF 1'04'07" CLOCKWISE WAS APPLIED TO BEARINGS ON PLAN P1, P2 AND P3 TO ROTATE TO NAD83 UTM 18.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL LOCATES PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION/DEMOLITION. ALL WORK TO BE DONE BY THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE -- WITHIN PROPERTY/LEASE LINES. GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION PROPOSED CHICK-FIL-A RESTAURANT #30042 BY BLUE FROG DATED AUGUST 22, 2024

LEGEND:

| $\bigcirc EX.$ $\bigcirc EX.$ $\bigcirc PRC$ $\bigcirc PRC$ $\bigcirc PRC$ $\bigcirc PRC$ $\bigcirc PRC$ $\bigcirc EX.$ $\bigcirc PRC$ $\bigcirc EX.$ $\bigcirc PRC$ $\bigcirc NEW$ $\bigcirc EX.$ $\bigcirc PRC$ $\bigcirc NEW$ $\bigcirc EX.$ $\bigcirc NEW$ $(\bigcirc NEW$ | LIGHT POLE YARD LIGHT JUNCTION BOX OP. BACKFLOW PREVENTER OP. WATER METER WATER METER HYDRO POLE GUY WIRE AND ANCHOR TRAFFIC SIGNAL GAS VALVE SIGN MONITORING WELL IRON PIN FOUND LEAD PIN FOUND LEAD PIN ND IRON BAR FIRE HYDRANT STORM MH SANITARY MH SANITARY MH STORM CB STORM CB STOR |
|--|--|
| << | - NEW CURB CUT - PROPOSED SWALE - PROPOSED SUBDRAIN - MATCH TO EXISTING |
| <u> </u> | MAX 3:1 SLOPING |
| G G G G G ST G UH UH UH UH S S G UH UH G UH G UH UH G UH G UH G UH UH G G G UH G G UH G G UH G G UH G | SCOPE OF WORK BOUNDARY EX. NAT. GAS LINE EX. WATER LINE EX. SANITARY LINE EX. STORM LINE EX. BURIED PHONE LINE EX. BURIED HYDRO LINE NEW WATER LINE NEW SANITARY LINE NEW SANITARY LINE NEW NAT. GAS LINE NEW BURIED HYDRO LINE EX. STORM LINE REMOVAL |
| | VENT PIPING |
| ⊗ ^{V&B} | PROP. WATER VALVE |
| | PIPE INSULATION |
| | |

SITE SERVICING PLAN

SCALE 1.200

1



produced for above named project may not be reproduced in any manner without express written or verbal consent from authorized project representatives. SHEET SITE SERVICING PLAN

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GENERAL NOTES:

- SURVEY INFORMATION PROVIDED BY J.D BARNES DATED 2023-06-12 GRID BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID, DERIVED FROM REAL TIME NETWORK (RIN) OBSERVATIONS, VIM LONE 18, NAD85 (CSRS) (2010.0). DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999610. FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTATION OF 1'04'07" CLOCKWISE WAS APPLIED TO BEARINGS ON PLAN P1, P2 AND P3 TO ROTATE TO NAD83 UTM 18.
- GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL LOCATES PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION/DEMOLITION. ALL WORK TO BE DONE BY THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR UNLESS
- NOTED OTHERWISE -- WITHIN PROPERTY/LEASE LINES.
- GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION PROPOSED CHICK-FIL-A RESTAURANT #30042 BY BLUE FROG DATED AUGUST 22, 2024

- EX.SAN MH02A

T/G 87.81

W 85.50

N 85.50 SE 85.44

NE 85.50

CS301

- TAP & SLEEVE AS PER CITY OF

OTTAWA STANDARD

DWG.02. SEE DWG

(1,200mmØ)

4.

- - Atlanta, Georgia 30349-2998 exp Services Inc. t: +1.905.793.9800 | f: +1.905.793.0641 1595 Clark Boulevard Brampton, ON L6T 4V1 Canada www.exp.com

Chick-fil-A

5200 Buffington Road

 BUILDINGS • EARTH & ENVIRONMENT • ENERGY • • INDUSTRIAL • INFRASTRUCTURE • SUSTAINABILITY

City File: D07-12-24-0131 & Plan: 17597

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OSED LEASE

| | | WATERM | AIN A $-(2$ | 200 DIAMETER) |
|---|---------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| ſ | STATION | FINISHED GRADE | TOP OF W/M | ITEM |
| ſ | 0+000 | | | CHAINAGE STARTS AT PROPERTY LINE |
| ſ | 0+003.9 | 88.10 | EXISTING | CONNECT TO EXISTING 3050 WATERMAIN |
| ſ | 0+006.2 | 88.10 | 85.70 | 305ø x 200ø REDUCER |
| ſ | 0+050 | 88.08 | 85.68 | |
| ſ | 0+056.8 | 88.15 | 85.875 | 150mmø WATER SERVICE CONNECTION |
| ſ | 0+104.3 | 88.00 | 85.60 | 200ø x 200ø TEE (WATERMAIN 'E'-NORTH) |
| ſ | 0+128.4 | 88.25 | 85.85 | 200ø VALVE BOX |
| ſ | 0+135.5 | 88.25 | 85.85 | 200ø x 200ø TEE (WATERMAIN 'B') |
| ſ | 0+150 | 88.10 | 85.70 | |
| ſ | 0+200 | 87.63 | 85.23 | |
| ſ | 0+243.5 | 87.73 | 85.33 | 45' HORIZONTAL BEND |
| ſ | 0+268.3 | 87.55 | 85.15 | 45' HORIZONTAL BEND |
| ſ | 0+300 | 87.70 | 85.30 | |
| ſ | 0+311 | 87.90 | 85.40 | 50mmø WATER SERVICE CONNECTION |
| ſ | 0+312 | 87.90 | 85.40 | 45' HORIZONTAL BEND |
| ſ | 0+313 | 87.90 | 85.40 | 45' HORIZONTAL BEND |
| ſ | 0+314 | 87.90 | 85.40 | 200ø VALVE BOX |
| ſ | 0+315 | 87.90 | 85.40 | CAPPED 2m FROM BUILDING FACE |

| | WATERM | AIN 'B' - (2 | 200 DIAMETER) |
|---------|----------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| STATION | FINISHED GRADE | TOP OF W/M | ITEM |
| 0+000 | 88.25 | 85.85 | 200ø x 200ø TEE (WATERMAIN 'A') |
| 0+006 | 88.25 | 85.85 | 200ø VALVE BOX |
| 0+012.6 | 88.25 | 85.85 | 150ø HYDRANT TEE |
| 0+050 | 88.25 | 85.85 | |
| 0+100 | 88.25 | 85.85 | |
| 0+150 | 88.25 | 85.85 | |
| 0+170.1 | 88.20 | 85.80 | 150ø HYDRANT TEE |
| 0+200 | 88.10 | 85.70 | |
| 0+230.9 | 87.90 | 85.50 | 200ø x 200ø TEE (WATERMAIN 'D') |
| 0+250 | 87.90 | 85.50 | |
| 0+258.9 | 88.05 | 85.65 | 200ø x 200ø TEE (WATERMAIN 'C') |
| 0+260.5 | 88.05 | 85.65 | 200ø VALVE BOX |
| 0+272.8 | 88.05 | 85.65 | CAPPED |

| WATERMAIN 'C' - (200 DIAMETER) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| STATION | FINISHED GRADE | TOP OF W/M | ITEM | | | |
| 0+000 88.05 85.65 | | 85.65 | 2000 × 2000 TEE (WATERMAIN 'B') | | | |
| 0+030 88.30 | | 85.90 | | | | |
| 0+048 88.32 | | 85.92 | 11.25' HORIZONTAL BEND | | | |
| 0+075 88.00 | | 85.60 | 2000 × 2000 TEE (FUTURE DEVELOPMENT) | | | |
| 0+091.7 87.85 | | 85.45 | 11.25' HORIZONTAL BEND | | | |
| 0+100 87.80 | | 85.40 | | | | |
| 0+123.6 87.75 | | 85.35 | 2000 VALVE BOX | | | |
| 0+134.4± | 87.80 | EXISTING | CONNECT TO EXISTING 6100 WATERMAIN | | | |

| WATERMAIN 'D' - (200 DIAMETER) | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| STATION | FINISHED GRADE | TOP OF W/M | ITEM | | |
| 0+000 | 87.90 | 85.50 | 2000 × 2000 TEE (WATERMAIN 'B') | | |
| 0+008.5 | 88.05 | 85.65 | 200ø VALVE BOX | | |
| 0+025 | 87.90 | 85.50 | | | |
| 0+050 | 88.05 | 85.65 | | | |
| 0+061.2 | 88.15 | 85.75 | 1500 HYDRANT TEE | | |
| 0+075.7 | 87.92 | 85.52 | 22.5' HORIZONTAL BEND | | |
| 0+080 | 87.94 | 85.54 | | | |
| 0+095.4 | 88.12 | 85.72 | 45' HORIZONTAL BEND | | |
| 0+100 | 88.16 | 85.76 | | | |
| 0+104.0 | 88.21 | 85.81 | 22.5' HORIZONTAL BEND | | |
| 0+125 | 88.21 | 85.81 | 2000 × 1000 TEE (GAS BAR SERVICE) | | |
| 0+126 | 88.21 | 85.81 | CAPPED END | | |

| WATERMAIN 'E' - (200 DIAMETER) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| STATION | FINISHED GRADE | TOP OF W/M | ITEM | | | | |
| 0+000 88.00 | | 85.60 | 2000 × 2000 TEE (WATERMAIN 'A') | | | | |
| 0+008.4 | 87.85 | 85.45 | 200ø VALVE BOX | | | | |
| 0+025 | 88.00 | 85.60 | | | | | |
| 0+050 | 88.10 | 85.60 | | | | | |
| 0+053.5 | 88.03 | 85.63 | 200ø × 200ø TEE (WATERMAIN 'F') | | | | |

| ent/Project | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| LOBLAWS P | ROPERTIES LIMITED | |
| INNES ROAD | | |
| Ottawa, Ontario | | |
| le | | |
| SERVICING | PLAN | |
| oject No. 60400250 | Scale 0 7.5 22.5 37.5m 1:750 | |
| awing No. | Sheet | |
| SS-1 | 1 of 6 | 5 |

| 14C INNES ROAD ENTRANCE ALIGNMENT | CV | RMW | JUL.18/05 | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|
| 13C SERVICING & GRADING REVISIONS | | CV | RMW | APR 19/05 |
| 12C ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION | | DMV | RMW | NOV 11/04 |
| 11 SITE PLAN SERVICING AND GRADING REVISIO | ON | DMV | RMW | OCT.28/04 |
| 10 RE-ISSUED FOR TENDER | | BCB | RMW | AUG.27/04 |
| 9 ISSUED FOR TENDER | | BCB | RMW | JULY 19/04 |
| 8 ISSUED FOR APPROVAL | | BCB | RMW | JULY 19/04 |
| 7 REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS | | SK | RMW | JUN.21/04 |
| 6 REVISED PROPERTY LINES AS PER | BCB | RJB | JUN.8/04 | |
| 5 REVISED AS PER CITY COMMENTS | RMW | RJB | MAY 6/04 | |
| 4 REVISED SITE PLAN AND SERVICING | RMW | RJB | APR.2/04 | |
| 3 ADDED STORM SEWER EASEMENT | BCB | RBJ | FEB.23/04 | |
| 2 SUBMITTED FOR SITE PLAN APPROV | 'AL | BCB | RBJ | NOV.3/03 |
| 1 REVISED SITE PLAN | | BCB | RJB | OCT.8/03 |
| Revision | By | Appd. | Date | |
| | | | | |
| File Name: 60400250U-BASE | File Name: 60400250U-BASE BCB | | | JUNE 2003 |
| | Chkd. | Dsgn. | Date | |

5. LASER ALIGNMENT CONTROL TO BE UTILIZED ON ALL SEWER INSTALLATIONS. 5. EXISTING MANHOLES TO BE RE-BENCHED WHERE A NEW CONNECTION IS MADE.

3. ALL IRRIGATION SLEEVES ARE TO BE 100mmø PVC UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. SEE LANDSCAPE DRAWING FOR DETAILS. 14. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO PROVIDE CCTV CAMERA INSPECTIONS OF ALL SANITARY AND STORM SEWERS, INCLUDING PICTORIAL REPORT, ONE (1) CD COPY AND TWO (2) VIDEO TAPES IN A FORMAT SATISFACTORY TO THE ENGINEER. ALL SEWERS ARE TO BE FLUSHED PRIOR TO CAMERA INSPECTION.

2. ALL CB LEAD INVERTS TO BE 1.5m BELOW FINISHED GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

ALL SINGLE CATCH BASIN LEADS TO BE 250mmø PVC. SDR-35 OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

SERVICES TO BUILDINGS TO BE TERMINATED 1.5m FROM THE OUTSIDE FACE OF BUILDING UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

3. "MODULOC" OR APPROVED PRE-CAST MANHOLE AND CATCH BASIN ADJUSTERS TO BE USED IN LIEU OF BRICKING. PARGE ADJUSTING UNITS ON THE OUTSIDE ONLY. 9. FOR CONSTRUCTION DETAILS NOT SHOWN ON PLANS, REFERENCE SHALL BE MADE TO THE LOCAL PROVINCIAL STANDARDS DRAWINGS AND MUNICIPAL STANDARDS.

7. STORM MANHOLES SHALL BE BENCHED TO SPRING LINE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. SANITARY MANHOLES SHALL BE BENCHED TO OBVERT. MINIMUM WIDTH OF BENCHING TO BE 230mm OR AS SPECIFIED ON DRAWINGS.

5. ALL SANITARY PVC SEWER PIPES SHALL BE SDR-35 EQUAL TO CSA SPECIFICATIONS B182.2-M1990 OR LATEST AMENDMENT UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. 6. ALL MANHOLE AND CATCH BASIN EXCAVATIONS TO BE BACKFILLED WITH GRANULAR MATERIAL COMPACTED TO 98% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY.

2. ALL CATCH BASINS TO BE PRECAST TO OPSD 705.010 c/w FRAME AND GRATE AS PER OPSD 3. SEWER TRENCH SHALL CONSIST OF CLASS 'B' BEDDING PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS S6 AND S7. COMPACTION SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 98% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY. 4. ALL STORM SEWER PIPES UP TO 450mm DIA. SHALL BE PVC SDR-35 OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT. ALL STORM SEWER PIPES 525mm DIA. AND LARGER SHALL BE CONCRETE AND EQUAL TO C.S.A. SPECIFICATIONS A257.2 REINFORCED CLASSES AS SPECIFIED (65-D, 100-D, 140-D,) OR LATEST AMENDMENT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

CATHODIC PROTECTION PER CITY OF OTTAWA W40 AND W42. STORM AND SANITARY SEWERS 1. STORM AND SANITARY MANHOLES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 701.010 TO 701.014. FRAME AND COVER TO OPSD 401.020. SAFETY PLATFORM TO BE INSTALLED IN ALL MANHOLES WHERE DEPTH EXCEEDS 5.0m.

ALL WATERMAINS SHALL BE HYDROSTATICALLY TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL MUNICIPAL AND PROVINCIAL GUIDELINES UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED. PROVISIONS FOR FLUSHING WATER LINE PRIOR TO TESTING, ETC. MUST BE PROVIDED. ALL WATERMAINS SHALL BE BACTERIALOGICALLY TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL MUNICIPAL AND PROVINCIAL GUIDELINES. ALL CHLORINATED WATER TO BE DISCHARGED AND PRETREATED TO ACCEPTABLE LEVELS PRIOR TO DISCHARGE. ALL DISCHARGED WATER MUST BE CONTROLLED AND TREATED SO AS NOT TO ADVERSELY EFFECT THE ENVIRONMENT. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE THAT ALL MUNICIPAL AND/OR PROVINCIAL REQUIREMENTS ARE FOLLOWED.

ALL WATERMAIN STUBS SHALL BE TERMINATED WITH A PLUG AND 50mm BLOW OFF UNLESS

7. BUILDING SERVICE VALVES TO BE 3.0m OFF THE FACE OF THE BUILDING UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED AND MUST BE RESTRAINED A MINIMUM OF 12m BACK FROM STUB. 8. WATERMAINS MUST COMPLY WITH MINIMUM HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CLEARANCES IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL PROVINCIAL GUIDELINES AND THE APPLICABLE BUILDING AND PLUMBING CODE. WHERE HORIZONTAL SEPARATIONS CANNOT BE ACHIEVED, APPROVAL FROM THE ENGINEER MUST BE OBTAINED AND A MINIMUM 500mm VERTICAL SEPARATION MUST BE MAINTAINED

ALL WATERMAIN BENDS, JOINTS, TEES AND PLUGS SHALL BE MECHANICALLY RETRAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS. , ALL FIRE HYDRANT INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE PER CITY OF OTTAWA W19. HYDRANTS SHALL BE PAINTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OTTAWA STANDARDS. ALL HYDRANT FLANGE ELEVATIONS TO BE INSTALLED 0.15m ABOVE PROPOSED FINISHED GRADE AT HYDRANT.

ALL WATERMAINS SHALL HAVE MIN. COVER OF 2.4m. WATERMAINS ARE TO BE INSTALLED TO THE ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THE APPROVED SITE SERVICING DRAWING. WHERE SPECIFIC WATERMAIN ELEVATIONS ARE NOT SHOWN ON SERVICING DRAWING, A MINIMUM COVER OF 2.4m FROM PROPOSED GRADES, AS SHOWN ON THE GRADING PLAN, MUST BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES. IN PREGRADE AREAS COVER TO BE FROM PREGRADED ELEVATIONS.

<u>WATERMAINS</u> 1. WATERMAIN SHALL BE POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) CLASS 150 DR-18 PIPE MANUFACTURED TO AWWA C900-89 AND CSA CAN3 B137.3-M1986 WITH GASKETED BELL END C/W #14 AWG DLID COPPER TRACER WIRE. ALL WATERMAINS, WATER SERVICES, CONNECTIONS AND APPURTENANCES AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CO-ORDINATE AND PAY ALL RELATED COSTS INCLUDING THE COST OF CONNECTION, INSPECTION AND DISINFECTION BY CITY OF OTTAWA PERSONELL. WATERMAIN TRENCH TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA W17.

4. THE INFORMATION SHOWN FOR EXISTING UTILITIES WAS PROVIDED BY OTHERS. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING AND PROTECTING ALL UTILITIES DURING CONSTRUCTION. ALL EXISTING UTILITIES MUST BE LOCATED AND VERIFIED BY EACH UTILITY PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. ANY VARIANCE IS TO BE IMMEDIATELY REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER. LOST TIME DUE TO FAILURE OF THE CONTRACTOR TO CONFIRM UTILITY LOCATIONS AND NOTIFY THE ENGINEER OF POSSIBLE CONFLICTS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION WILL BE AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS MADE IN THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT.

2. ALL WORK AND MATERIALS TO CONFORM WITH CURRENT MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT & ENERGY OF ONTARIO, CITY OF OTTAWA, ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. LOCAL UTILITY STANDARDS AND MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARDS WILL APPLY WHERE REQUIRED. . THE CONTRACTOR IS ADVISED THAT WORKS BY OTHERS MAY BE ONGOING DURING THE PERIOD OF THIS CONTRACT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITH ALL OTHER CONTRACTORS AND PREVENT CONSTRUCTION CONFLICTS.

PHASE 1 – CONSTRUCTION LIMITS <u>GENERAL NOTES</u>

(SEE DETAIL)

PROPOSED 1000 SUB-DRAIN

Stantec Consulting Ltd.

Ottawa ON Canada

Tel. 613.722.4420

Fax. 613.722.2799 www.stantec.com

PROPOSED CATCH BASIN

PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE

PROPOSED WATERMAIN

PROPOSED VALVE BOX

PROPOSED WATER METER

PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE

PROPOSED CATCHBASIN / MANHOLE

PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT AND VALVE

K1Z 7T1

The Contractor shall verify and be responsible for all dimensions. DO NOT scale the drawing — any errors or omissions shall be reported to Stantec Consulting Ltd. without delay

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that authorized by Stantec Consulting Ltd. is forbidden

– – – – PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER

- ----- - PROPOSED STORM SEWER

400–1505 Laperriere Avenue

PROPOSED REMOTE WATER METER

Stantec

opyright Reserved

egend

THERWISE NOTED.

ALL WORK SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT AND REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

<____>

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EXISTING 3750 :

87.92 (Top)

84.73 (E Inv) 84.83 (W Inv) 84.76 (N Inv) 84.83 (S Inv)

/___ · __ · __ · __ ·

VANTAGE

Appendix C Fire Flow Calculations

PROJECT NO. : BRM-23002042-H0 PROJECT NAME. : Chick-fil-A Orleans Date: April, 2025

Calculation Sheet : 1

Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Calculations

FUS Water Supply for Public Fire Protection, 2020

- F = Required Fire Flow
- C = Construction Type Coefficient
- A = Total Above-Ground Floor Area (m²)

1 Estimate of Fire Flow (Baseline)

| Print 462 | m ² | | 1 461 |
|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | 1 401 |
| reys 1 | | | |
| | | | |
| No. Co | and the set of the last | | |
| Non Co | mbustible | | |
| | 1.0 | | |
| 462 | m ⁺ | | |
| 2 | | | |
| | | | |
| L/min | rounded to n | arest 1000L/min, must be | 2000 L/min |
| | | | |
| | 2 L/min | Non Combustible 1.0 462 m ² 2 L/min rounded to ne | Non Combustible 1.0 462 m ² 2 L/min rounded to nearest 1000L/min, must be |

2 Occupancy Charge

| Contents | Free Burning | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Charge | 0.15 | | |
| O= F * Occupancy O= 5000*-0.15 | y Charge | | |
| O= 750 | L/min no rounding | | |

3 Automatic Sprinkler Reduction

| NFPA Sprinkler Standard | No | 0% | |
|-------------------------|--------|----|----|
| Standard Water Supply | No | 0% | 0% |
| Fully Supervised System | No | 0% | |
| S= F * Sprinkler Red | uction | | - |

| S= | 5000*0% | | | |
|----|---------|-----|------------|--------|
| S= | 0 | L/n | nin no roi | unding |
| | | | | |

4 Exposure Increase

| Direction | Distance (m) | Charge | TOTAL | |
|-----------|--------------|--------|-------|---------|
| North | >45 | | 0% | |
| East | 29 | | 10% | 10% |
| South | >45 | | 0% | 10% |
| West | >45 | | 0% | |
| | | | | max 75% |

E= F * Exposure Charge E= 5000*10% E= 500 L/min

H Adjusted Fire Flow

| Fa= | 5000+750-0-500 | | |
|-----|----------------|-------|------------------------------|
| Fa= | 6250 | L/min | |
| Fa= | 6000 | L/min | rounded to nearest 1000L/min |

no rounding

Appendix D Water Boundary Conditions Calculation

Khadija Jawwad

| From: | Elsby, Cam <cam.elsby@ottawa.ca></cam.elsby@ottawa.ca> |
|--------------|--|
| Sent: | Tuesday, September 24, 2024 11:00 AM |
| То: | Khadija Jawwad |
| Cc: | Kate Logan; Saifullah Khan |
| Subject: | Re: 4270 Innes Road, Orleans (Chick-Fil-A) Phase 1/2 Pre-Consultation Submission |
| Attachments: | 4270 Innes Boundary Condition.docx |

Some people who received this message don't often get email from cam.elsby@ottawa.ca. Learn why this is important

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Khadija,

Please find attached boundary condition result as requested.

Please don't hesitate to reach out should you have any questions or concerns.

Kind regards,

Cam Elsby, P.Eng. Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals Planning, Development and Building Services Department (PDBS) | Direction générale des services de la planification, de l'aménagement et du bâtiment (DGSPAB) Development Review – East Branch City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa 110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1 613.580.2424 ext./poste 21443 cam.elsby@ottawa.ca

From: Elsby, Cam <Cam.Elsby@ottawa.ca>
Sent: Tuesday, September 17, 2024 1:03 PM
To: Khadija Jawwad <Khadija.Jawwad@exp.com>
Cc: Kate Logan <Kate.Logan@exp.com>; Saifullah Khan <saifullah.khan@exp.com>
Subject: Re: 4270 Innes Road, Orleans (Chick-Fil-A) Phase 1/2 Pre-Consultation Submission

Thanks Khadija, I've now passed your requests onto our Asset Management team for processing. Please note that their turnaround time is approximately 2 weeks at this time due to a large influx of requests.

Please don't hesitate to reach out should you have any questions or concerns.

Kind regards,

Cam Elsby, P.Eng.

Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals Planning, Development and Building Services Department (PDBS) | Direction générale des services de la planification, de l'aménagement et du bâtiment (DGSPAB) Development Review – East Branch City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa 110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1 613.580.2424 ext./poste 21443 <u>cam.elsby@ottawa.ca</u>

From: Khadija Jawwad <Khadija.Jawwad@exp.com>
Sent: Tuesday, September 17, 2024 12:13 PM
To: Elsby, Cam <Cam.Elsby@ottawa.ca>
Cc: Kate Logan <Kate.Logan@exp.com>; Saifullah Khan <saifullah.khan@exp.com>
Subject: RE: 4270 Innes Road, Orleans (Chick-Fil-A) Phase 1/2 Pre-Consultation Submission

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Hello Cam,

To summarize the information:

- Location of service: Provided in the attached drawing. (Marked up in blue file named: Water Connection.pdf)
- Type of development: Commercial Development
- Average daily demand: 0.335 L/s
- Maximum daily demand: 0.50 L/s
- Maximum hourly daily demand: 0.60 L/s
- Required fire flow and completed FUS Design Declaration if applicable. FUS Method: 100 L/s, OBC Method: 30 L/s

Best,

Khadija Jawwad, EIT

EXP | Design EIT, Water Resources t : +1.905.793.9800, 62438 | m : +1.416.910.5873 | e : khadija.jawwad@exp.com exp.com | legal disclaimer keep it green, read from the screen

From: Khadija Jawwad
Sent: Tuesday, September 17, 2024 12:10 PM
To: Elsby, Cam <Cam.Elsby@ottawa.ca>
Cc: Kate Logan <Kate.Logan@exp.com>; Saifullah Khan <saifullah.khan@exp.com>
Subject: RE: 4270 Innes Road, Orleans (Chick-Fil-A) Phase 1/2 Pre-Consultation Submission

Hello Cam,

Please find attached.

If you need any further information or details please let me know. 😊

Best,

Khadija Jawwad, EIT

EXP | Design EIT, Water Resources t : +1.905.793.9800, 62438 | m : +1.416.910.5873 | e : khadija.jawwad@exp.com exp.com | legal disclaimer keep it green, read from the screen

From: Elsby, Cam <<u>Cam.Elsby@ottawa.ca</u>>

Sent: Tuesday, September 17, 2024 10:43 AM

To: Khadija Jawwad <<u>Khadija.Jawwad@exp.com</u>>

Cc: Kate Logan <<u>Kate.Logan@exp.com</u>>; Saifullah Khan <<u>saifullah.khan@exp.com</u>>; Rashid, Zoha <<u>zoha.rashid@ottawa.ca</u>>; Andrew Hannaford <<u>ahannaford@mhbcplan.com</u>>; Gilbert, Jerrica <<u>jerrica.gilbert@ottawa.ca</u>>

Subject: Re: 4270 Innes Road, Orleans (Chick-Fil-A) Phase 1/2 Pre-Consultation Submission

You don't often get email from cam.elsby@ottawa.ca. Learn.why this is important

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Hi Khadija,

I've reviewed the submitted calculations for the boundary condition request and peak sanitary flow and have the following comments:

- 1. The water demands should be calculated using the gross commercial area rather than just the building area; please revise the demands accordingly.
- 2. Please provide a revised connection figure to clearly distinguish the connection point into the municipal water system, including the watermain size.

Once these changes are made, I'll be sure to pass the requests over to our Asset Management team for processing.

With regards to your question about runoff coefficient, typically a runoff coefficient of 0.2 is used for grassed or purely landscaped areas.

Please don't hesitate to reach out should you have any further questions or concerns.

Kind regards,

Cam Elsby, P.Eng.

Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals Planning, Development and Building Services Department (PDBS) | Direction générale des services de la planification, de l'aménagement et du bâtiment (DGSPAB) Development Review – East Branch City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa 110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1 613.580.2424 ext./poste 21443 cam.elsby@ottawa.ca From: Gilbert, Jerrica <jerrica.gilbert@ottawa.ca>
Sent: Monday, September 16, 2024 3:10 PM
To: Khadija Jawwad <<u>Khadija.Jawwad@exp.com</u>>; Elsby, Cam <<u>Cam.Elsby@ottawa.ca</u>>
Cc: Kate Logan <<u>Kate.Logan@exp.com</u>>; Saifullah Khan <<u>saifullah.khan@exp.com</u>>; Rashid, Zoha
<<u>zoha.rashid@ottawa.ca</u>>; Andrew Hannaford <<u>ahannaford@mhbcplan.com</u>>
Subject: FW: 4270 Innes Road, Orleans (Chick-Fil-A) Phase 1/2 Pre-Consultation Submission

Hi Khadija and Cam,

I am forwarding Khadija's questions highlighted below to Cam since he is the Engineer on this file. I'm not entirely sure if Asset Management will review at this stage given that this isn't a formal application yet, but Cam would have more insight on that process than I would.

Thank you,

Jerrica Gilbert (they/them), RPP MCIP Planner II | Urbaniste II Development Review - East | Examen des demandes d'aménagement - est Planning, Development and Building Services Department (PDBS) | Direction générale des services de la planification, de l'aménagement et du bâtiment (DGSPAB) City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa 110 Laurier Avenue West | 110, avenue Laurier Ouest Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1 Tel. | Tél. 613-580-2424, ext. | poste 16972

From: Khadija Jawwad <<u>Khadija.Jawwad@exp.com</u>>
Sent: September 16, 2024 2:58 PM
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Subject: 4270 Innes Road, Orleans (Chick-Fil-A) Phase 1/2 Pre-Consultation Submission

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Hello Jerrica,

As per the City of Ottawa Comments:

Please provide the boundary conditions for the 200 mm watermain at 4210 Innes Road. Location of connection will be 72 m east of the limit of lease.

We have calculated the following expected demands:

• Location of service: Provided in the attached drawing. (Marked up in blue and yellow in file named: Sanitary and WM Connection.pdf)

- Type of development: Commercial Development
- Average daily demand: 0.033 l/s
- Maximum daily demand: 0.05 l/s
- Maximum hourly daily demand: 0.06 l/s

• Required fire flow and completed FUS Design Declaration if applicable. OBC Method: 30 L/s, FUS Method: 100 L/s

• Supporting Calculations for all demands listed above and required fire flow as per Ontario Building Code or Fire Underwriter Surveys (See technical Bulletin ISTB-2021-03).

Attached are the proposed peak wet weather sanitary flow rate and supporting calculations. <mark>Could you</mark> please forward this to the City of Ottawa Asset Management team for analysis to demonstrate that there is adequate residual capacity in the receiving and downstream wastewater system to accommodate the proposed development?

Peak wet weather sanitary flow rate of 0.39 L/s for the development. Calculations attached in *Sanitary and watermain calcs*.

Please let me know if you need any clarifications.

Best,

[®]exp.

Khadija Jawwad, EIT EXP | Design EIT, Water Resources t : +1.905.793.9800, 62438 | m : +1.416.910.5873 | e : <u>khadija.jawwad@exp.com</u> 1595 Clark Boulevard Brampton, ON L6T 4V1 CANADA

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Boundary Conditions 4270 Innes Road

Provided Information

| Scopario | Demand | | | |
|----------------------|--------|--------|--|--|
| Scenario | L/min | L/s | | |
| Average Daily Demand | 20 | 0.34 | | |
| Maximum Daily Demand | 30 | 0.50 | | |
| Peak Hour | 36 | 0.60 | | |
| Fire Flow Demand #1 | 6,000 | 100.00 | | |

Location

Results

Connection 1 – Lanther Drive

| Demand Scenario | Head (m) | Pressure ¹ (psi) |
|---------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| Maximum HGL | 130.3 | 60.2 |
| Peak Hour | 126.3 | 54.5 |
| Max Day plus Fire Flow #1 | 128.2 | 57.2 |
| ¹ Ground Elevation = | 87.9 | m |

<u>Notes</u>

1. Demands for proposed Connection 1 at existing private water main were assigned to upstream junction at Lanther Drive & Vantage Drive off the public looped watermains. The engineer must calculate headloss off the private watermain.

Disclaimer

The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation. Fire Flow analysis is a reflection of available flow in the watermain; there may be additional restrictions that occur between the watermain and the hydrant that the model cannot take into account.

| CFA Orleans - Private Watermain - PRESSURE LOSS CALCULATION | | | | | | Page 1 of 1 | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Q = REQUIRED FLOW for FIRE PROTECTION (L/S) | Q = REQUIRED FLOW for DOMESTIC DEMAND (L/S) | D = NOMINAL PIPE DIAMETER (m) | L = LENGTH OF WATERMAIN (m) | TYPE | C VALUE | INSIDE DIAMETER (m) | WALL THICKNESS (m) | CROSS SECTIONAL AREA (m2) | V =FLOW VELOCITY (m/s) | |
| Existing Private Watermain | n/a | 0.6 | 0.200 | 192.0 | PVC | 110 | 0.200 | 0.006 | 0.031 | 0.02 | |
| Proposed Private Watermain | n/a | 0.6 | 0.050 | 123.4 | PVC | 100 | 0.046 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.36 | |
| | START TOP OF PIPE ELEV (m) | END TOP OF PIPE ELEV (m) | |] | | | | | | ' | |
| Existing Private Watermain | 85.70 | 85.63 | 0. | 07 | 1 | | | | | | |
| Proposed Private Watermain | 85.63 | 85.60 | 0. | 03 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | EC | | | 1 | | | |
| | | | 200 mm BV/C | WINNOR READ LUSS | LJ | 50~~ | o PVC | | | | |
| | | | 200 mm PVC | main | Dro | SUITI | II PVC | | | | |
| | | Number | | Sub Tatal K | PIU | | | | | | |
| Inlat Anti Vertev (| Nata | Number | K 1.00 | | Number | K 1.00 | | | | | |
| Iniet Anti Vortex P | late | | 1.00 | 0.00 | | 1.00 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Pipe Colitiactic | 2 | | 0.25 | 0.00 | | 0.25 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Pipe Expansion | 1 | | 0.25 | 0.00 | | 0.25 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Strandard 90d Be | ei Ind | 1 | 0.50 | 0.00 | 2 | 0.50 | 2 70 | | | | |
| Standard 4Ed Bo | and . | 1 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 3 | 0.90 | 2.70 | | | | |
| Standard 450 Be | inu | | 0.45 | 0.00 | | 0.45 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Standard 11 2Ed B | enu | | 0.23 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.23 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Standard 11.250 E | | | 0.10 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.10 | 0.10 | | | | |
| Long Radius Berlu, 43 | a / 90a | | 0.50 | 0.00 | | 0.50 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Too, flow through | ranch | 1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 1.80 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Gate Valvo | Jianch | 1 | 0.40 | 0.40 | | 1.60 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Gate valve | Evennien | 1 | 0.40 | 0.40 | | 0.40 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Backflow Brown | expansion | | 0.20 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.20 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Backnow Preven | LOF | | 1.20 | 0.00 | 1 | 1.20 | 1.20 F. 00 | | | | |
| Meter Drain Valua | | 1 | 5.00 | 0.00 | 1 | 5.00 | 5.00 | | | | |
| Drain Valve | | 1 | 0.40 | 0.40 | | 0.40 | 0.00 | | | | |
| Dino Evit | | | 4.00 | 0.00 | | 4.00 | 0.00 | | | | |
| | | | 1.00 | 0.00 | | 1.00 | 0.00 | | | | |
| K TOTALS | | | | 5.50 | | | 9.00 | l | | | |
| | H = STATIC HEAD = HIGHEST SYSTEM ELEV - PIPE CONNECTION ELEV (m) | HL1 = FITTINGS F = (K TOTAL | FRICTION HEAD LOSS) (V)**2/2G (m) | HL2 = PIPE WALL F HEAD LOSS 6.78 (L)/(D)*1 *(V/C)**1.85 | FRICTION = 1655 (m) | HL3 = ' (V | /ELOCITY HEAD = ***2 / 2G (m) | H TC TOTAL DYN, H + HL1 + H | ITAL = AMIC HEAD = L2 + HL3 (m) | SYSTEM PRESSURE LOSS (Kpa) | SYSTEM PRESSURE LOSS (psi) |
| Existing Private Watermain | 0.07 | 0.000 | n/a | 0.00 | n/a | 0.00 | n/a | 0.07 | n/a | 0.70 | 0.10 |
| Proposed Private Watermain | 0.03 | 0.000 | n/a | 0.92 | n/a | 0.01 | n/a | 0.95 | n/a | 9.36 | 1.36 |
| Provided Pressure at Connection 1 54.50 psi Proposed Pressure at the Building 53.04 psi | | | | | | | | | | | |

Appendix E Storm Water Management Calculation

PROJECT NO. :BRM-23002042-H0 PROJECT NAME. : Proposed Chick fil A, 4280 Innes Road in Orleans, Ottawa, Ontario Date: January 2025

Pre Development Site Hydrology Drawing No. DP1

| Land Type | Area, A | | С | Total Area | AxC | Weighted C |
|-------------|---------|-------|------|------------|-------|------------|
| | (m2) | (ha) | | (ha) | | |
| Hardsurface | 3733.8 | 0.373 | 0.90 | 0.408 | 0.3 | 0.84 |
| Landscape | 345.84 | 0.035 | 0.20 | 0.400 | 0.007 | 0.04 |

| Total Area | 0.41 | ha |
|--------------------------------|------|----|
| | | - |
| Weighted Runoff Coefficient, C | 0.84 | |

Run off Calculation (using Modified Rational Method):

Q = C_i * C * i * A / 360 cms

C = Runoff Coefficient

i = Rainfall intensity (mm/hr) A = Watershed area (ha) [City of Ottawa IDF]

Time of Concentration, T_c 10.00 min

IDF Eqn : $i = A / (B + T)^{C}$

| A, B & C Faranielei IUI | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|------|-------|
| Year | A = | B = | C = |
| 2 | 732.951 | 6.20 | 0.81 |
| 5 | 998.071 | 6.05 | 0.814 |
| 10 | 1174.184 | 6.01 | 0.816 |
| 25 | 1402.884 | 6.02 | 0.819 |
| 50 | 1569.58 | 6.01 | 0.82 |
| 100 | 1735.688 | 6.01 | 0.82 |

Pre Development Peak Flows:

| YEAR | Rainfall | Intensity Peaking | Flows | |
|------|----------|-------------------|--------|--------|
| | mm/hr | Factor, Ci | m3/sec | L/Sec |
| 2 | 76.81 | 1.00 | 0.073 | 73.17 |
| 5 | 104.19 | 1.00 | 0.099 | 99.26 |
| 10 | 122.14 | 1.00 | 0.116 | 116.36 |
| 25 | 144.69 | 1.00 | 0.138 | 137.84 |
| 50 | 161.47 | 1.00 | 0.154 | 153.83 |
| 100 | 178.56 | 1.00 | 0.170 | 170.11 |
PROJECT NO. :BRM-23002042-H0 PROJECT NAME. : Proposed Chick fil A. 4280 Innes Road in Orleans, Ottawa, Ontario Date: January 2025



CALCULATION Sheet : 2

| Peak Flow (| Calculations |] | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------|---------|--------------|------------|-------|------------|---|--|
| Refer to SWM | 200 for Catchment ID | J | | | | | | |
| Catchment ID | Land Use | Area, A | Runoff Coeff | Total Area | AxC | Weighted C | Notes | |
| | | (ha) | С | (ha) | | | | |
| 201 | Impervious | 0.046 | 0.90 | 0.046 | 0.042 | 0.90 | Proposed Development Area-Considered in analysis | |
| 201 | Pervious | 0.000 | 0.20 | 0.040 | 0.000 | 0.50 | Toposed Development Area-considered in analysis | |
| 202 | Impervious | | 0.90 | 0.094 | 0.075 | 0.82 | Proposed Development Area-Considered in analysis | |
| 202 | Pervious | 0.010 | 0.20 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.02 | r roposed bevelopment Area-considered in analysis | |
| 203 | Impervious | 0.002 | 0.90 | 0.021 | 0.002 | 0.27 | Proposed Development Area-Considered in analysis | |
| 205 | Pervious | 0.019 | 0.20 | 0.021 | 0.004 | 0.27 | | |
| 204 | Impervious | 0.031 | 0.90 | 0.031 | 0.028 | 0.90 | Proposed Development Area-Considered in analysis | |
| 204 | Pervious | 0.000 | 0.20 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.00 | | |
| 205 | Impervious | 0.056 | 0.90 | 0.088 | 0.050 | 0.64 | Proposed Development Area-Considered in analysis | |
| 205 | Pervious | 0.032 | 0.20 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.04 | | |
| 206 | Impervious | 0.098 | 0.90 | 0.114 | 0.088 | 0.80 | Proposed Development Area-Considered in analysis | |
| 200 | Pervious | 0.016 | 0.20 | 0.114 | 0.003 | 0.00 | | |
| 207 | Impervious | 0.034 | 0.90 | 0.034 | 0.031 | 0.00 | Proposed Development Area-Considered in analysis | |
| 207 | Pervious | 0.000 | 0.20 | 0.004 | 0.000 | 0.50 | | |

Storm Peak Flow Controlled Area:

| Total Area (Catchment 201-206) | 0.43 | ha |
|--------------------------------|------|----|
| Weighted Runoff Coefficient, C | 0.77 | |

Run off Calculation (using Modified Rational Method):

Q = C_i * C * i * A / 360 cms

C = Runoff Coefficient i = Rainfall intensity (mm/hr.)

A = Watershed area (ha)

Time of concentration, T_c min 10.00

IDF Eqn : i = A / (B + T)^ C

| A, B & C paramet | | | |
|------------------|----------|------|-------|
| Year | A = | B = | C = |
| 2 | 732.95 | 6.20 | 0.81 |
| 5 | 998.071 | 6.05 | 0.814 |
| 10 | 1174.184 | 6.01 | 0.816 |
| 25 | 1402.884 | 6.02 | 0.819 |
| 50 | 1569.58 | 6.01 | 0.82 |
| 100 | 1735 688 | 6.01 | 0.82 |

Storm Peak Flow Controlled Site Areas:

| YEAR | Rainfall | Intensity Peaking | Flows | | | |
|------|----------|-------------------|--------|--------|--|--|
| | mm/hr. | Factor, Ci | m3/sec | L/sec | | |
| 2 | 76.81 | 1.00 | 0.071 | 70.87 | | |
| 5 | 104.19 | 1.00 | 0.096 | 96.14 | | |
| 10 | 122.14 | 1.00 | 0.113 | 112.71 | | |
| 25 | 144.69 | 1.00 | 0.134 | 133.51 | | |
| 50 | 161.47 | 1.00 | 0.149 | 149.00 | | |
| 100 | 178.56 | 1.00 | 0.165 | 164.76 | | |

[City of Ottawa IDF]

PROJECT NO. :BRM-23002042-H0

PROJECT NAME. : Proposed Chick fil A, 4280 Innes Road in Orleans, Ottawa, Ontario

| Date: January | <u>y 2025</u> | | [™] € | exp. | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|--|--|-------|--------|--------|-------|------|
| Q=0.0028*C*I*A (C : RUNOFF COE I : RAINFALL INTI I=A / (t + B) ^ C A : AREA (ha) | cms) EFFICIENT ENSITY | Minimum Velocity Max Velocity Mannings Coefficient | 0.90 3.00 0.013 | m/sec m/sec | | [City of Ottawa IDF For Yr: A = B = C = | ⁻] 998.071 1174.184 0.814 | | | | | |
| | | MAINTENANCE | LENGTH | | INCREMENT | | TOTAL | FLOW | / TIME | I | TOTAL | S |
| Sub Catchment | | HOLE | | | | | | (min) | | -year | Q | |
| ID | FROM | то | (m) | С | A | CA | CA | то | IN | (mm/h) | (cms) | (%) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | | | - | - | - | - | | | | | - |
| Area - 205 | PROP CB01 | EX. CBMH105B | 9.70 | 0.64 | 0.088 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 10.00 | 0.15 | 3.14 | 0.001 | 1.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Area - 207 | PROP. CB02 | PROP. MH02 | 28.44 | 0.90 | 0.034 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 10.00 | 0.45 | 3.14 | 0.000 | 1.00 |
| Area - 201 | Building | PROP. MH02 | 9.74 | 0.90 | 0.046 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 10.00 | 0.11 | 3.14 | 0.001 | 2.00 |
| | PROP. MH02 | EX. CBMH105A | 21.30 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 10.45 | 0.43 | 3.14 | 0.001 | 0.64 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Area - 202 | PROP. CB04 | PROP. CBMH03 | 24.80 | 0.82 | 0.094 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 10.00 | 0.40 | 3.14 | 0.001 | 1.00 |
| Area - 203 | PROP. CBMH03 | PROP. CBMH02 | 37.00 | 0.27 | 0.021 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 10.40 | 0.84 | 3.14 | 0.001 | 0.50 |
| Area - 204 | PROP. CBMH02 | PROP. CBMH05 | 18.10 | 0.90 | 0.031 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 11.23 | 0.41 | 3.14 | 0.001 | 0.50 |
| Area - 206 | PROP. CBMH05 | EX. CBMH105A | 34.20 | 0.80 | 0.114 | 0.09 | 0.20 | 11.64 | 0.59 | 3.14 | 0.002 | 0.50 |

CALCULATION Sheet :3

| | Prepared by: Checked by: Last Revised: | Khadija Jawwad Kate Logan, P.En 4/14/2025 | g. | |
|-------|--|---|----------|---------|
| V | Sec. | Accum. | Perc. | Storage |
| FULL | Time | Time | Capacity | |
| (m/s) | (min) | (min) | (%) | (m3) |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 1.04 | 0.15 | 10.15 | 2% | 0.30 |
| | | | | |
| 1.04 | 0.45 | 10.45 | 1% | 0.89 |
| 1.48 | 0.11 | 10.11 | 1% | 0.31 |
| 0.84 | 0.43 | 10.88 | 2% | 0.67 |
| | | | | |
| 1.04 | 0.40 | 10.40 | 2% | 0.78 |
| 0.74 | 0.84 | 11.23 | 3% | 1.16 |
| 0.74 | 0.41 | 11.64 | 4% | 0.57 |
| 0.97 | 0.59 | 12.23 | 3% | 2.42 |

D

(mm)

200

200

200

200

200

200 200 300 Q

FULL

(cms)

0.0328

0.03

0.05

0.03

0.03

0.02 0.02 0.07

7.10

Appendix F Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report for Choice Properties Real Estate Investment Trust at 4270 Innes Road, City of Ottawa (Project No.: 17-961, September 2017 – Rev 1)





120 lber Road, Suite 103 Ottawa, Ontario K2S 1E9 Tel. (613)836-0856 Fax (613) 836-7183 www.DSEL.ca

FUNCTIONAL SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

FOR

CHOICE PROPERTIES REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST 4270 INNES ROAD

CITY OF OTTAWA

PROJECT NO.: 17-961

SEPTEMBER 2017 – REV 1 © DSEL

FUNCTIONAL SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR 4270 INNES ROAD

CHOICE PROPERTIES REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST

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Figure 1

Site Location

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APPENDICES

- Appendix A Pre-consultation Notes
- Appendix B Water Supply
- Appendix C Wastewater Collection
- Appendix D Stormwater Management
- Drawings / Figures Proposed Site Plan

FUNCTIONAL SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR 4270 INNES ROAD CHOICE PROPERTIES REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST SEPTEMBER 2017 – REV 1

CITY OF OTTAWA PROJECT NO.: 17-961

1.0 INTRODUCTION

David Schaeffer Engineering Limited (DSEL) has been retained by Choice Properties to prepare a Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management report in support of their application for a Site Plan Amendment (SPA) at 4270 Innes Road.

The subject property is located within the City of Ottawa urban boundary, in the Cumberland ward. As illustrated in *Figure 1*, the subject property is located south west of the intersection of Innes Road and Lanthier Drive. Comprised of a single parcel, the subject property measures approximately *6.43 ha* and is zoned Arterial Mainstreet (AM).



Figure 1: Site Location

The proposed SPA would allow for the addition of three single-storey commercial buildings located within the existing parking lot. The proposed development would include approximately *2,734 m*² of ground level retail, with additional parking and associated drive aisles within *1.6 ha* of the existing site. A copy of the proposed site plan is included in *Drawings/Figures*.

No change in floor area is proposed to the existing buildings. The site plan proposes to revise existing drive aisles and curbed islands to allow for fire routes and pedestrian access.

The objective of this report is to provide sufficient detail to demonstrate that the proposed development is supported by existing municipal services.

1.1 Existing Conditions

The existing site consists of two commercial buildings with associated asphalt parking lots and drive aisles. The elevations range between 87.91m and 88.19m from the Northeast to the Southwest corner of the property.

Sewer and watermain mapping collected from the City of Ottawa indicate that the following services exist across the property frontages within the adjacent municipal right-of-ways:

Water

200mm diameter private internal PVC watermain network located within the subject site

Wastewater

200-250mm diameter private internal sanitary sewer network located within the subject site tributary to the Cumberland Collector Sewer

Stormwater

450 mm diameter private internal storm sewer network located within the subject site tributary to Billberry Creek

1.2 Required Permits / Approvals

The proposed development is subject to the site plan control approval process. The City of Ottawa must approve the engineering design drawings and reports prior to the issuance of site plan control.

The proposed development is a single parcel; as a result, the stormwater management system qualifies for an exemption under the OWRA.

1.3 Pre-consultation

Pre-consultation correspondence, along with the servicing guidelines checklist, is located in *Appendix A*.

2.0 GUIDELINES, PREVIOUS STUDIES, AND REPORTS

2.1 Existing Studies, Guidelines, and Reports

The following studies were utilized in the preparation of this report.

- Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, City of Ottawa, SDG002, October 2012. (City Standards)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution
 City of Ottawa, July 2010.
 (Water Supply Guidelines)
 - Technical Bulletin ISD-2010-2 City of Ottawa, December 15, 2010. (ISD-2010-2)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02 City of Ottawa, May 27, 2014. (ISDTB-2014-02)
- Design Guidelines for Sewage Works, Ministry of the Environment, 2008. (MOE Design Guidelines)
- Stormwater Planning and Design Manual, Ministry of the Environment, March 2003. (SWMP Design Manual)
- Ontario Building Code Compendium Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing Building Development Branch, January 1, 2010 Update. (OBC)
- Water Supply for Public Fire Protection Fire Underwriters Survey, 1999. (FUS)

- Final Stormwater Management Report
 Loblaws Innes Road and Lanthier Drive
 Stantec Consulting Ltd., November 25, 2004 Update.
 (Loblaws SWM Report)
- Trinity Development Group Innes Road Stormwater Management Report Stantec Consulting Ltd., March 28, 2005. (Trinity SWM Report)

3.0 WATER SUPPLY SERVICING

3.1 Existing Water Supply Services

The subject property lies within the City of Ottawa 2E pressure zone, as shown by the Water Distribution System figure located in *Appendix B*. A 200mm diameter private internal watermain exists within the subject site and is available to service the development, as shown by drawing *EX-1*.

Table 1 summarizes the *Water Supply Guidelines* employed in the preparation of the preliminary water demand estimate.

| Design Parameter | Value |
|---|--|
| Commercial Retail | 2.5 L/m²/d |
| Commercial Office | 75 L/9.3m²/d |
| Commercial Maximum Daily Demand | 1.5 x avg. day |
| Commercial Maximum Hour Demand | 1.8 x max. day |
| Minimum Watermain Size | 150mm diameter |
| Minimum Depth of Cover | 2.4m from top of watermain to finished grade |
| During normal operating conditions desired | 350kPa and 480kPa |
| operating pressure is within | |
| During normal operating conditions pressure must | 275kPa |
| not drop below | |
| During normal operating conditions pressure must | 552kPa |
| not exceed | |
| During fire flow operating pressure must not drop | 140kPa |
| below | |
| *Daily average based on Appendix 4-A from Water Supply Guidelines | " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

Table 1Water Supply Design Criteria

** Residential Max. Daily and Max. Hourly peaking factors per MOE Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems Table 3-3 for 0 to 500 persons.

-Table updated to reflect ISD-2010-2

Table 2 summarizes the water supply demand for the existing development based on the *Water Supply Guidelines*.

Table 2 Water Demand Existing Site Conditions

| Anticipated Demand ¹ | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| (L/min) | | | |
| 27.5 | | | |
| 41.3 | | | |
| 74.3 | | | |
| per Water Supply Guidelines. See Appendix B | | | |
| | | | |

3.2 Water Supply Servicing Design

It is proposed that the development will connect to the existing 200mm diameter watermain network within the subject site. Servicing details for the proposed connection are shown by drawing *SSP-1*.

Table 3 summarizes the anticipated water supply demand the proposed and the existing development based on the *Water Supply Guidelines*.

Table 3Water DemandProposed Site Conditions

| Design Parameter | Anticipated Demand ¹ (L/min) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Average Daily Demand | 32.3 | | | |
| Max Day + Fire Flow | 48.4 + 13,000 = 13,048.4 | | | |
| Peak Hour | 87.1 | | | |
| Water demand calculation per <i>Water Supply Guidelines</i>. See <i>Appendix B</i> for detailed calculations. | | | | |

Fire flow requirements are to be determined in accordance with Local Guidelines (*FUS*), City of Ottawa *Water Supply Guidelines*, and the Ontario Building Code.

Using the *FUS* method a conservative estimation of fire flow had been established. The following assumptions were assumed:

- > Type of construction Ordinary Construction
- Occupancy type Free Burning Combustibility
- Sprinkler Protection Non-Sprinkler System

The above assumptions result in an estimated maximum fire flow of approximately *13,000 L/min*, actual building materials selected will affect the estimated flow.

The City of Ottawa was contacted to obtain boundary conditions associated with the estimated water demand as indicated in *Table 3*. No response was received at the time of publication. Correspondence with the City has been included in *Appendix A*.

3.3 Water Supply Conclusion

Anticipated water demand under proposed conditions was submitted to the City of Ottawa for establishing boundary conditions. No response was received at the time of publication.

The proposed water supply design conforms to all relevant City Guidelines and Policies.

4.0 WASTEWATER SERVICING

4.1 Existing Wastewater Services

The subject site lies within the Cumberland Collector Sewer catchment area, as shown by the City sewer mapping included in *Appendix C*. An existing 200-250 mm diameter sanitary sewer located within the subject site is available to service the proposed development, as shown by drawing *EX-1*.

Table 4 summarizes the *City Standards* employed in the design of the wastewater sewer system.

| Design Parameter | Value | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Commercial Floor Space | 5 L/m²/d | | | | |
| Infiltration and Inflow Allowance | 0.28L/s/ha | | | | |
| Sanitary sewers are to be sized employing the Manning's Equation | $Q = \frac{1}{n} A R^{\frac{2}{3}} S^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | | | | |
| Minimum Sewer Size | 200mm diameter | | | | |
| Minimum Manning's 'n' | 0.013 | | | | |
| Minimum Depth of Cover | 2.5m from crown of sewer to grade | | | | |
| Minimum Full Flowing Velocity | 0.6m/s | | | | |
| Maximum Full Flowing Velocity | 3.0m/s | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Extracted from Sections 4 and 6 of the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, October 2012, | | | | | |

Table 4Wastewater Design Criteria

Table 5 demonstrates the existing peak flow from the existing commercial building. See *Appendix C* for associated calculations.

| Table 5 | | | |
|---------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Summary | of Existing Peak Wastewater Flow | | |

| Design Parameter | Total Flow (L/s) |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow | 1.83 |
| Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow | 2.75 |
| Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow | 4.55 |

4.2 Wastewater Design

It is proposed that Building C & D will connect to the proposed 200 mm diameter sanitary sewer located within the drive aisle south of the development via 150 mm diameter service laterals, as shown by drawing **SSP-1**.

It is proposed that Building E will connect to the 200 mm diameter sanitary sewer located within the drive aisle west of the development via a 150 mm diameter service lateral, as shown by drawing *SSP-2*.

Based on the *Section 4.4.1* of the *City Standards*, the subject site was anticipated to have a sanitary flow rate of 50,000 L/ha/day. *Table 6* demonstrates the anticipated peak flow for the subject site. See *Appendix C* for associated calculations.

| | Table 6 | |
|---------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Summary | y of Anticipated Peak Wastewater Flow | N |

| Design Parameter | Total Flow (L/s) |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow | 7.44 |
| Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow | 11.16 |
| Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow | 12.96 |

Table 7 demonstrates the estimated peak flow from the proposed and the existing development. See *Appendix C* for associated calculations.

Table 7Summary of Estimated Peak Wastewater Flow

| Design Parameter | Total Flow (L/s) |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow | 2.15 |
| Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow | 3.23 |
| Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow | 5.03 |

The estimated sanitary flow based on the proposed site plan provide in **Drawings/Figures** anticipates a peak wet weather flow of **5.03** L/s; therefore there is sufficient capacity available in the local sewers to accommodate the proposed development.

A sanitary analysis was conducted for the existing internal sanitary sewers located within the subject property in order to assess the available capacity. Based on the analysis, there is an available residual capacity of approximately 15.0 L/s; detailed calculations are included in *Appendix C*.

The analysis above indicates that sufficient capacity is available in the existing internal sanitary sewers to accommodate the proposed development.

4.3 Wastewater Servicing Conclusions

The site is tributary to the Cumberland Collector sewer; based on the sanitary analysis sufficient capacity is available to accommodate the anticipated *5.03 L/s* peak wet weather flow from the proposed development.

Based on the sanitary analysis, sufficient capacity is available in the existing internal sanitary sewers to accommodate the proposed development.

The proposed wastewater design conforms to all relevant *City Standards*.

5.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

5.1 Existing Stormwater Services

Stormwater runoff from the subject property is tributary to the City of Ottawa sewer system located within the Ottawa Central sub-watershed. As such, approvals for proposed development within this area are under the approval authority of the City of Ottawa.

Flows that influence the watershed in which the subject property is located are further reviewed by the principal authority. The subject property is located within the Bilberry Creek sub-watershed, and is therefore subject to review by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA). Consultation with the RVCA is located in *Appendix A*.

The existing area to be modified by the proposed development is approximately **1.6 ha** and is separated into two areas **Retail C** and **Retail D** and **Retail E** with existing rational method coefficients of **0.72** and **0.82**, respectively, as shown by **FIG-1** and **FIG-2** included in **Appendix D**. Based on the previously approved Servicing Plan, two Stormceptor oil and grit separators were installed as part of the private storm sewer system.

Based on the *Loblaws SWM Report*, the subject site discharges stormwater towards Innes Road at an elevation of 89.90.

5.2 Post-development Stormwater Management Target

Retail C and *Retail D*, and *Retail E* with be result in modified rational method coefficients of *0.70* and *0.86*, respectively, as shown by *FIG-3* and *FIG-4* included in *Appendix D*.

The area within *Retail C* and *Retail D* will control post-development release rates to an equivalent pre-development release rate.

The Retail E development proposes to convert parking lot area to rooftop area, as such a decrease of the ponding volume is anticipated. Stormwater management within the south west corner of the subject site will be analyzed to demonstrate an overall increase in ponding volume.

The established pre-development peak flows for the 5-year and 100-year storm events are summarized in *Table 8*. See *Appendix D* for associated calculations.

| Table 8 | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------|----------|---|--|
| Pre-Development Stormwater Flow Rate Summary | | | | | |
| | Control Area | 5-Year | 100-Year | - | |

| Control Area | 5-Year | 100-Year |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Release Rate | Release Rate |
| | (L/s) | (L/s) |
| Retail C & D | 95.9 | 205.3 |
| Retail E | 146.1 | 304.6 |

Based on *Table 8*, the *Retail C & D* will be required to control to 5-year and 100-year release rate of *95.9 L/s* and *205.3 L/s*, respectively.

Stormwater runoff is treated by the existing oil and grit separators on-site, therefore, additional stormwater quality controls are not required. Correspondence with the RVCA has been included in *Appendix A*.

5.3 Proposed Stormwater Management System – Retail C & D

It is proposed that the stormwater outlet from the Retail C development will be to the 300 mm diameter storm sewer south of the development. It is proposed that the stormwater outlet from the Retail D development will be to the 450 mm diameter storm sewer south west of the development. Servicing is shown by **SSP-1**.

Flow from rooftops will be controlled before discharging to the existing storm sewer system. The release rate and storage calculations for roof top attenuation were estimated based on Zurn Industries Ltd. design guidelines for Model Z-105-5 Control-Flo Single Notch drains. According to the Control-Flo Roof Drainage System Specification Drainage sheets notch ratings, each notch releases 5 G.P.M. per inch of head relevant literature is provide in *Appendix D*. Other products may be specified provided that the restricted release rate and sufficient storage is provided to meet or exceed the values in *Appendix D*.

Surface runoff from the sidewalks, access lanes and parking areas will be directed to a catchbasin system, outletting to the existing 450 mm diameter storm sewer south of the proposed development, as shown by **SSP-1**. As specified by Section 5.2, the development area will control post-development 5-year and 100-year release rates to **95.9** L/s and **205.3** L/s, respectively. Refer to **SWM-1** for sub-catchment control areas.

| Table 9 Stormwater Flow Pote Summery - Poteil C & D | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|-------|------|------|--|
| Control Area5-Year Release Rate5-Year Storage100-Year Release Rate100-Year Release Rate100-Year Available Storage | | | | | | |
| (L/s) (m ³) (L/s) (m ³) | | | | | | |
| A1 | 72.7 | 0.0 | 155.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Retail C | 2.3 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 11.3 | 11.5 | |
| Retail D | 3.5 | 10.4 | 4.7 | 23.3 | 38.1 | |
| Total | 78.5 | 15.3 | 163.4 | 34.6 | 49.7 | |

Table 9 summarizes post-development release rates outlined in *Section 5.2*. Detailed calculations are included in *Appendix D*.

It is anticipated that approximately **34.6** m^3 of rooftop storage will be required on site to attenuate flow to the pre-development 5-year and 100-year release rates of **95.9** L/s and **205.3** L/s; storage calculations are contained within **Appendix D**.

5.4 Proposed Stormwater Management System – Retail E

It is proposed that the stormwater outlet from the proposed development will be to the existing 450 mm diameter storm sewer within the subject site via a 200 mm diameter service lateral, as shown by *SSP-2*.

Flow from rooftops will be controlled before discharging to the existing storm sewer system. The release rate and storage calculations for roof top attenuation were estimated based on Zurn Industries Ltd. design guidelines for Model Z-105-5 Control-Flo Single Notch drains. According to the Control-Flo Roof Drainage System Specification Drainage sheets notch ratings, each notch releases 5 G.P.M. per inch of head relevant literature is provide in *Appendix D*. Other products may be specified provided that the restricted release rate and sufficient storage is proved to meet or exceed the values in *Appendix D*.

Surface runoff from the sidewalks, access lanes and parking areas will be directed to the existing catchbasin system west of the proposed development outletting to the existing 450 mm diameter storm sewer west development, as shown by *SSP-2*.

As shown by *FIG-2* included in *Appendix D*, the pre-development ponding volume of 18.2 m^3 was been estimated. Based on *SWM-2*, the post-development ponding volume in the modified parking area of 9.9 m^3 was estimated.

Table 10 summarizes post-development building release rates. Detailed calculations are included in *Appendix D*.

| | | | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | | |
|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Control Area | 5-Year Release Rate | 5-Year Storage | 100-Year Release Rate | 100-Year Required Storage | 100-Year Available Storage |
| | (L/s) | (m ³) | (L/s) | (m ³) | (m ³) |
| Roof Controls | 8.3 | 25.1 | 10.9 | 56.1 | 90.9 |

Table 10Stormwater Flow Rate Summary – Retail E

As indicated in **Table 10**, it is proposed that **90.9** m^3 of rooftop storage will be provided post-development, therefore, a stormwater storage increase of **72.7** m^3 is proposed; storage calculations are contained in **Appendix D**.

5.5 Stormwater Servicing Conclusions

Post development stormwater runoff will be controlled to the pre-development allowable target release rate for the 5-year and 100-year storm events. The post-development 5-year and 100-year allowable release rate for Retail C & D was calculated as **95.9 L/s** and **205.3 L/s**.

Stormwater runoff is treated by the existing oil and grit separators on-site, therefore, additional stormwater quality controls are not required. Correspondence with the RVCA has been included in *Appendix A*.

The proposed stormwater design conforms to all relevant *City Standards* and Policies for approval.

6.0 UTILITIES

Gas and Hydro services currently exist within the subject site right-of-way. Utility servicing will be coordinated with the individual utility companies prior to site development.

7.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Soil erosion occurs naturally and is a function of soil type, climate and topography. During construction the extent of erosion losses is exaggerated due to the removal of vegetation and the top layer of soil becoming agitated.

Prior to topsoil stripping, earthworks or underground construction, erosion and sediment controls will be implemented and will be maintained throughout construction.

Silt fence will be installed around the perimeter of the site and will be cleaned and maintained throughout construction. Silt fence will remain in place until the working areas have been stabilized and re-vegetated.

Catch basins will have SILTSACKs or an approved equivalent installed under the grate during construction to protect from silt entering the storm sewer system.

A mud mat will be installed at the construction access in order to prevent mud tracking onto adjacent roads.

Erosion and sediment controls must be in place during construction. The following recommendations to the contractor will be included in contract documents.

- Limit extent of exposed soils at any given time.
- Re-vegetate exposed areas as soon as possible.
- Minimize the area to be cleared and grubbed.
- Protect exposed slopes with plastic or synthetic mulches.
- Install silt fence to prevent sediment from entering existing ditches.
- No refueling or cleaning of equipment near existing watercourses.
- Provide sediment traps and basins during dewatering.
- Install filter cloth between catch basins and frames.
- Plan construction at proper time to avoid flooding.

Establish material stockpiles away from watercourses, so that barriers and filters may be installed.

The contractor will, at every rainfall, complete inspections and guarantee proper performance. The inspection is to include:

- > Verification that water is not flowing under silt barriers.
- Clean and change filter cloth at catch basins.

8.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd. (DSEL) has been retained by Choice Properties to prepare a Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management report in support of their application for a Site Plan Amendment (SPA) at 4207 Innes Road. The preceding report outlines the following:

- The watermain boundary conditions have been requested from the City of Ottawa, however they were unavailable at the time of this publication;
- The FUS method for estimating fire flow indicated 13,000 L/min is required for the proposed development;
- The proposed development is anticipated to have a peak wet weather flow of 5.03 L/s; Based on the anticipated sanitary flow rates specified by City Standards, sufficient capacity is available to support the development;
- The development will be control post-development 5-year and 100-year release rates to equivalent pre-development release rates as specified in Section 5.2;
- It is proposed that stormwater objectives will be met through storm water retention via roof top storage; it is anticipated that 90.7 m³ of rooftop storage will be required to attenuate flow to the established release rates;
- Stormwater runoff is treated by the existing oil and grit separators on-site, therefore, additional stormwater quality controls are not required. Correspondence with the RVCA has been included in *Appendix A*.

Prepared by, **David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd.**



Prepared by, **David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd.**

Werding

Per: Alison J Gosling, EIT.

Reviewed by, David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd.

2012-09-29

Per: Adam D. Fobert, P.Eng.

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APPENDIX A

Pre-Consultation

DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST

17-961

| | General Content | |
|-------------|--|------------------------|
| | Executive Summary (for larger reports only). | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Date and revision number of the report. | Report Cover Sheet |
| \boxtimes | Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development. | Drawings/Figures |
| \boxtimes | Plan showing the site and location of all existing services. | Figure 1 |
| \boxtimes | Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere. | Section 1.0 |
| \boxtimes | Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies. | Section 1.3 |
| \boxtimes | Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defendable design criteria. | Section 2.1 |
| \boxtimes | Statement of objectives and servicing criteria. | Section 1.0 |
| \boxtimes | Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area. | Sections 3.1, 4.1, 5.1 |
| | Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available). | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths. | GP-1/GP-2 |
| | Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts. | N/A |
| | Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable. | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing. | Section 1.4 |
| \boxtimes | All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information: -Metric scale -North arrow (including construction North) -Key plan -Name and contact information of applicant and property owner -Property limits including bearings and dimensions -Existing and proposed structures and parking areas -Easements, road widening and rights-of-way -Adjacent street names | SSP-1/SSP-2 |
| 4.2 | Development Servicing Report: Water | |
| | Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available | N/A |

| | Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available | N/A |
|-------------|---|------------------|
| \boxtimes | Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development | Section 3.1 |
| \boxtimes | Identification of system constraints | Section 3.1 |
| \boxtimes | Identify boundary conditions | Section 3.1, 3.2 |
| \boxtimes | Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure | Section 3.3 |

| \boxtimes | Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development. | Section 3.2 |
|-------------|---|-------------------------|
| | Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves. | N/A |
| | Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design | N/A |
| | Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves | N/A |
| | Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range | Section 3.2, 3.3 |
| | Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions. | N/A |
| | Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation. | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines. | Section 3.2 |
| | Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference. | N/A |
| | | |
| 4.3 | Development Servicing Report: Wastewater | |
| \boxtimes | Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure). | Section 4.2 |
| | Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations. | N/A |
| | Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers. | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development. | Section 4.1 |
| \boxtimes | Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to nreviously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable) | Section 4.2 |
| | Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the | |
| \boxtimes | development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format. | Section 4.2, Appendix C |
| \boxtimes | Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains. | Section 4.2 |
| | Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality). | N/A |

| | Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development. | N/A |
|-------------|---|-------------------------|
| | Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity. | N/A |
| | Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding. | N/A |
| | Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc. | N/A |
| | | |
| 4.4 | Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist | |
| \boxtimes | Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property) | Section 5.1 |
| \boxtimes | Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure. | Section 5.1, Appendix D |
| \boxtimes | A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern. | Drawings/Figures |
| \boxtimes | Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects. | Section 5.2 |
| \boxtimes | Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements. | Section 5.2 |
| \boxtimes | Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information | Section 5.3, 5.4 |
| | Set-back from private sewage disposal systems. | N/A |
| | Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks. | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed. | Appendix A |
| | Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists. | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period). | Section 5.3, 5.4 |
| | Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals. | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions. | Section 5.1, 5.3, 5.4 |
| | Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another. | N/A |
| | Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities | N/A |
| | If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100- year return period storm event | N/A |
| | Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses | N/A |
| | Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements. | N/A |

| | Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development. | Section 5.3, 5.4 |
|-------------|---|------------------|
| | 100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading. | N/A |
| | Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations. | N/A |
| \boxtimes | Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors. | Section 6.0 |
| | Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain | |
| | information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information | N/A |
| | does not match current conditions. | |
| | Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation. | N/A |
| 4.5 | Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist | |
| | Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement ct. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act. | Section 1.2 |
| | Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act. | N/A |
| | Changes to Municipal Drains. | N/A |
| | Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.) | N/A |
| 4.6 | Conclusion Checklist | |
| \boxtimes | Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations | Section 8.0 |
| | Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency. | |
| | All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario | |

Alison Gosling

| Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca></jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca> |
|---|
| Friday, September 15, 2017 8:56 AM |
| Alison Gosling |
| RE: 4207 Innes Road - RVCA Requirement |
| |

Okay thanks. I thought that might be the case. In that event, no further water quality control measures would be required for the proposed redevelopment as it would be treated by the existing oil grit separators downstream onsite.

From: Alison Gosling [mailto:AGosling@dsel.ca]
Sent: Friday, September 15, 2017 8:50 AM
To: Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>
Subject: RE: 4207 Innes Road - RVCA Requirement

Good morning Jamie,

Based on the previously approved servicing plan, it appears that two Stormceptor oil/grit separators have been installed downstream of the proposed connections.

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, E.I.T. Project Coordinator / Junior Designer

DSEL david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

phone: (613) 836-0856 ext.542 fax: (613) 836-7183 email: <u>agosling@dsel.ca</u>

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From: Jamie Batchelor [mailto:jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca]
Sent: Friday, September 15, 2017 8:44 AM
To: Alison Gosling <<u>AGosling@dsel.ca</u>>
Subject: RE: 4207 Innes Road - RVCA Requirement

Hi Alison,

I apologize for not getting to you sooner on this one. Given the distance to the creek and that the proposed development involves redeveloping a portion of the site including re-orientation of the parking we would be looking for the opportunity to achieve 80% TSS for the redeveloped portion only. That being said, I understand the development on

that site is not very old, if it can be demonstrated that it already is being treated as part of the overall development, then no additional water quality control measures would be required.

From: Alison Gosling [mailto:AGosling@dsel.ca] Sent: Tuesday, August 29, 2017 2:49 PM To: Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca> Subject: 4207 Innes Road - RVCA Requirement

Good afternoon Jamie,

We wanted to touch base with you regarding a development at 4207 Innes Road. The development involves the construction of two 1-storey commercial buildings within the existing parking lot, as shown by the attached site plan. The existing commercial building is to be retained.

Based on the information available, the existing storm sewers servicing the site travels 1.2 km to an outlet into Billberry Creek, as shown by the figure below. Since there are no proposed changes to the existing stormwater management system and the runoff from the site will be from a roof top source which was previously parking area, can you confirm if any quality controls will be required?

Please feel free to contact me to discuss.



Thank you,

Alison Gosling, E.I.T. Project Coordinator / Junior Designer

DSEL david schaeffer engineering Itd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

phone: (613) 836-0856 ext.542

fax: (613) 836-7183 email: agosling@DSEL.ca

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Alison Gosling

| From: | Alison Gosling |
|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Sent: | Tuesday, August 29, 2017 1:10 PM |
| То: | 'Diamond, Emily (MOECC)' |
| Subject: | 4270 Innes Road - ECA Requirement |

Good afternoon Emily,

We just wanted to touch base with you regarding a proposed development we are working on located at 4270 Innes Road. The existing 6.43ha site currently consists of two commercial building and is zoned Arterial Mainstreet.

The development consists of the addition of three commercial buildings located within the existing parking lot and will be serviced by the existing services on-site. The subject site will remain one parcel of land.

Our understanding is this project would be exempt from requiring an Environmental Compliance Approval through the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, as it falls under the approval exemption set out in Ontario Regulation 525/98 as part of the Ontario Water Resources Act.

Subsection 53(1) and (3) of the Act do not apply to the use, operation, establishment, alteration, extension or replacement of or a change in a storm water management facility that,

- (a) is designed to service one lot or parcel of land;
- (b) discharges into a storm sewer that is not a combined sewer;
- (c) does not service industrial land or a structure located on industrial land; and
- (d) is not located on industrial land.

I hope you could comment on my assumption that this property would require an ECA. Please feel free to call to discuss this further.



Thank you,

Alison Gosling, E.I.T. Project Coordinator / Junior Designer

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

phone: (613) 836-0856 ext.542 fax: (613) 836-7183 email: <u>agosling@DSEL.ca</u>

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APPENDIX B

Water Supply
Water Demand Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa - Water Distribution Guidelines, July 2010

Domestic Demand

| Type of Housing | Per / Unit | Units | Рор |
|-----------------|------------|-------|-----|
| Single Family | 3.4 | | 0 |
| Semi-detached | 2.7 | | 0 |
| Townhouse | 2.7 | | 0 |
| Apartment | | | 0 |
| Bachelor | 1.4 | | 0 |
| 1 Bedroom | 1.4 | | 0 |
| 2 Bedroom | 2.1 | | 0 |
| 3 Bedroom | 3.1 | | 0 |
| Average | 1.8 | | 0 |

| | Рор | Avg. Daily | | Max Day | | Peak Hour | |
|-----------------------|-----|------------|-------|---------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | | m³/d | L/min | m³/d | L/min | m³/d | L/min |
| Total Domestic Demand | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Demand

| | | • | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------|------------------------|-------------|--------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | | Avg. [| Daily | Max | Day | Peak | Hour |
| Property Type | Unit | Rate | Units | m³/d | L/min | m³/d | L/min | m³/d | L/min |
| Commercial floor space | 2.5 | L/m²/d | 15,854 | 39.6 | 27.5 | 59.5 | 41.3 | 107.0 | 74.3 |
| Office | 75 | L/9.3m ² /d | | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Industrial - Light | 35,000 | L/gross ha/d | | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Industrial - Heavy | 55,000 | L/gross ha/d | | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | | Total | /CI Demand | 39.6 | 27.5 | 59.5 | 41.3 | 107.0 | 74.3 |
| | | Тс | otal Demand | 39.6 | 27.5 | 59.5 | 41.3 | 107.0 | 74.3 |



Water Demand Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa - Water Distribution Guidelines, July 2010

Domestic Demand

| Type of Housing | Per / Unit | Units | Рор |
|-----------------|------------|-------|-----|
| Single Family | 3.4 | | 0 |
| Semi-detached | 2.7 | | 0 |
| Townhouse | 2.7 | | 0 |
| Apartment | | | 0 |
| Bachelor | 1.4 | | 0 |
| 1 Bedroom | 1.4 | | 0 |
| 2 Bedroom | 2.1 | | 0 |
| 3 Bedroom | 3.1 | | 0 |
| Average | 1.8 | | 0 |

| | Рор | Avg. Daily | | Max Day | | Peak Hour | | |
|-----------------------|-----|------------|-------------|---------|------|-----------|------|-------|
| | | m | ³/ d | L/min | m³/d | L/min | m³/d | L/min |
| Total Domestic Demand | (|) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Demand

| | | | Avg. Daily | | Max Day | | Peak Hour | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------|---------|-------|-----------|-------|
| Property Type | Unit Rate | Units | m³/d | L/min | m³/d | L/min | m³/d | L/min |
| Commercial floor space | 2.5 L/m ² / | ² /d 2,734 | 6.84 | 4.7 | 10.3 | 7.1 | 18.5 | 12.8 |
| Ex. Commercial floor space | 2.5 L/m ² / | ² /d 15,854 | 39.6 | 27.5 | 59.5 | 41.3 | 107.0 | 74.3 |
| Industrial - Light | 35,000 L/gro | oss ha/d | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Industrial - Heavy | 55,000 L/gro | oss ha/d | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | | Total I/CI Demand | 46.5 | 32.3 | 69.7 | 48.4 | 125.5 | 87.1 |
| | | Total Demand | 46.5 | 32.3 | 69.7 | 48.4 | 125.5 | 87.1 |



Fire Flow Estimation per Fire Underwriters Survey

Water Supply For Public Fire Protection - 1999

Fire Flow Required

1. Base Requirement

 $F = 220C\sqrt{A}$ L/min Where **F** is the fire flow, **C** is the Type of construction and **A** is the Total floor area

Type of Construction: Ordinary Construction

C 1 Type of Construction Coefficient per FUS Part II, Section 1
 A 364.0 m² Total floor area based on FUS Part II section 1

Fire Flow 4197.3 L/min

4000.0 L/min rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Adjustments

2. Reduction for Occupancy Type

| Fire Flow | 4600.0 L/min |
|--------------|--------------|
| Free Burning | 15% |

3. Reduction for Sprinkler Protection

| Reduction | 0 L/min |
|-----------------|---------|
| Non-Sprinklered | 0% |

4. Increase for Separation Distance

| N S E W | 30.1m-45m >45m 20.1m-30m >45m | 5% 0% 10% | |
|------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| | % Increase | 15% | value not to exceed 75% per FUS Part II, Section 4 |
| | Increase | 690.0 L/min | |

Total Fire Flow

Fire Flow

5290.0 L/min fire flow not to exceed 45,000 L/min nor be less than 2,000 L/min per FUS Section 4 5000.0 L/min rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Notes:

-Type of construction, Occupancy Type and Sprinkler Protection information provided by ______. -Calculations based on Fire Underwriters Survey - Part II



Fire Flow Estimation per Fire Underwriters Survey

Water Supply For Public Fire Protection - 1999

Fire Flow Required

1. Base Requirement

 $F = 220C\sqrt{A}$ L/min Where **F** is the fire flow, **C** is the Type of construction and **A** is the Total floor area

Type of Construction: Ordinary Construction

C 1 Type of Construction Coefficient per FUS Part II, Section 1
 A 688.0 m² Total floor area based on FUS Part II section 1

Fire Flow 5770.5 L/min

6000.0 L/min rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Adjustments

2. Reduction for Occupancy Type

| Fire Flow | 6900.0 L/min |
|--------------|--------------|
| Free Burning | 15% |

3. Reduction for Sprinkler Protection

| Reduction | 0 L/min |
|-----------------|---------|
| Non-Sprinklered | 0% |

4. Increase for Separation Distance

| Ν | 30.1m-45m | 5% | |
|---|------------|-------------|--|
| S | >45m | 0% | |
| Е | >45m | 0% | |
| W | 30.1m-45m | 5% | |
| | % Increase | 10% | value not to exceed 75% per FUS Part II, Section 4 |
| | Increase | 690.0 L/min | - |

Total Fire Flow

Fire Flow

7590.0 L/min fire flow not to exceed 45,000 L/min nor be less than 2,000 L/min per FUS Section 4 8000.0 L/min rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Notes:

-Type of construction, Occupancy Type and Sprinkler Protection information provided by ______. -Calculations based on Fire Underwriters Survey - Part II



Fire Flow Estimation per Fire Underwriters Survey

Water Supply For Public Fire Protection - 1999

Fire Flow Required

1. Base Requirement

 $F = 220C\sqrt{A}$ L/min Where **F** is the fire flow, **C** is the Type of construction and **A** is the Total floor area

Type of Construction: Ordinary Construction

C 1 Type of Construction Coefficient per FUS Part II, Section 1
 A 1640.0 m² Total floor area based on FUS Part II section 1

Fire Flow 8909.3 L/min

9000.0 L/min rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Adjustments

2. Reduction for Occupancy Type

| Free Burning | 15% | | | | | |
|--------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |

| Fire Flow | 10350.0 | L/min |
|-----------|---------|-------|

3. Reduction for Sprinkler Protection

| Reduction | 0 L/min |
|-----------------|---------|
| Non-Sprinklered | 0% |

4. Increase for Separation Distance

| Ν | >45m | 0% | |
|---|------------|--------------|--|
| S | >45m | 0% | |
| Е | 0m-3m | 25% | |
| W | >45m | 0% | |
| | % Increase | 25% | value not to exceed 75% per FUS Part II, Section 4 |
| | Increase | 2587.5 L/min | - |

Total Fire Flow

 Fire Flow
 12937.5 L/min
 fire flow not to exceed 45,000 L/min nor be less than 2,000 L/min per FUS Section 4

 13000.0 L/min
 rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Notes:

-Type of construction, Occupancy Type and Sprinkler Protection information provided by ______. -Calculations based on Fire Underwriters Survey - Part II







APPENDIX C

Wastewater Collection

Site Area

Choice Properties 4207 Innes Road Existing Site Conditions

6.43 ha

Wastewater Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2004



Extraneous Flow Allowances Infiltration / Inflow 1.80 L/s Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Contributions Unit Rate No. of Units Avg Wastewater Property Type (L/s) 5 L/m²/d Commercial floor space* 15,854 1.83 Hospitals 900 L/bed/d 0.00 70 L/student/d School 0.00 Ex. Industrial - Light** 35,000 L/gross ha/d 0.00 Industrial - Light** 35,000 L/gross ha/d 0.00 Industrial - Heavy** 55,000 L/gross ha/d 0.00 Average I/C/I Flow 1.83 Peak Institutional / Commercial Flow 2.75 Peak Industrial Flow** 0.00

Peak I/C/I Flow

* assuming a 12 hour commercial operation

** peak industrial flow per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines Appendix 4B

| Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate | 1.83 L/s |
|---|----------|
| Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate | 2.75 L/s |
| Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate | 4.55 L/s |

2.75

Choice Properties 4207 Innes Road Anticipated Site Conditions

Wastewater Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2004



| Site Area | | 6.43 ha | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Extraneous Flow Allowances | Infiltration / Inflow | 1.80 | L/s | | | | | | |
| Institutional / Commercial / Inc Property Type | dustrial Contributions Unit Rate | No. of Units | Avg Wastewater (L/s) | | | | | | |
| Commercial floor space* Ex. Industrial - Light** Industrial - Light** Industrial - Heavy** | 50,000 L/gross ha/d 35,000 L/gross ha/d 35,000 L/gross ha/d 55,000 L/gross ha/d | 6.43 | 7.44 0.00 0.00 0.00 | | | | | | |
| | Ανε | erage I/C/I Flow | 7.44 | | | | | | |
| | 11.16 0.00 | | | | | | | | |
| *i <u>10</u> hi-lilil | | Peak I/C/I Flow | 11.16 | | | | | | |

* assuming a 12 hour commercial operation

** peak industrial flow per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines Appendix 4B

| Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate | 7.44 L/s |
|---|-----------|
| Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate | 11.16 L/s |
| Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate | 12.96 L/s |

Choice Properties 4207 Innes Road Proposed Site Conditions

Wastewater Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2004



| Site Area | ha | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Extraneous Flow Allowances | Infil | tration / Inflow | L/s | | |
| Institutional / Commercial / Indus Property Type | strial Contri Unit | butions Rate | No. of Units | Avg Wastewater (L/s) | |
| Commercial floor space* | 5 | L/m²/d | 2,734 | 0.32 | |
| Ex. Commercial floor space* | 5 | L/m²/d | 15,854 | 1.83 | |
| Industrial - Light** | 35,000 | L/gross ha/d | | 0.00 | |
| Industrial - Heavy** | 55,000 | L/gross ha/d | | 0.00 | |
| | | Ave | erage I/C/I Flow | 2.15 | |
| | 3.23 | | | | |
| | | Peak In | dustrial Flow** | 0.00 | |
| | | | Peak I/C/I Flow | 3.23 | |
| * assuming a 12 hour commercial oper | ation | | - | | |

** peak industrial flow per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines Appendix 4B

| Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate | 2.15 L/s |
|---|----------|
| Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate | 3.23 L/s |
| Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate | 5.03 L/s |

SANITARY SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

| CLIENT: | CHOICE PROPERTIES | DESIGN PARAMETERS | | | | |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| LOCATION: | 4207 INNES ROAD | Avg. Daily Flow Res. 350 L/p/d | Peak Fact Res. Per Harmons: Min = 2.0, Max = 4.0 | Infiltration / Inflow | 0.28 L/s/ha | |
| FILE REF: | 17-961 | Avg. Daily Flow Comm 50,000 L/ha/d | Peak Fact. Comm. 1.5 | Min. Pipe Velocity | 0.60 m/s full flowing | |
| DATE: | 29-Sep-17 | Avg. Daily Flow Instit. 50,000 L/ha/d | Peak Fact. Instit. 1.5 | Max. Pipe Velocity | 3.00 m/s full flowing | |
| | | Avg. Daily Flow Indust. 35,000 L/ha/d | Peak Fact. Indust. per MOE graph | Mannings N | 0.013 | |

| Location | | | | Residential Area and Population | | | | | | | | | | | Institutional | | Industrial | | | | Infiltration | | | Pipe Data | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|------|---------------------------------|--------|------------|-------|------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|------------|-------|--------------------|-------|--------------|--------------|-------|-----------|-------|--------|-------------------|-------|----------|------------------|------------|
| Area ID | Up | Down | Area | | Number | r of Units | ; | Pop. | Cum | Ilative | Peak. | Qres | Area | Accu. | Area | Accu. | Area | Accu. | Q _{C+I+I} | Total | Accu. | Infiltration | Total | DIA | Slope | Length | Ahvdraulic | R | Velocity | Q _{cap} | Q / Q full |
| | | | | | by | type | | | Area | Pop. | Fact. | | | Area | | Area | | Area | | Area | Area | Flow | Flow | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (ha) | Singles | Semi's | Town's | Apt's | | (ha) | | (-) | (L/s) | (ha) | (ha) | (ha) | (ha) | (ha) | (ha) | (L/s) | (ha) | (ha) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (mm) | (%) | (m) | (m ²) | (m) | (m/s) | (L/s) | (-) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EX. RETAIL A | BLDG A | EX. SANMH5 | 6.43 | 80 | | | | 0.0 | 6.430 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | 1.585 | 1.59 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 1.4 | 8.015 | 8.015 | 2.244 | 3.62 | 150 | 5.50 | 11.0 | 0.018 | 0.038 | 2.02 | 35. | 7 0.10 |
| | EX. SANMH5 | EX. SANMH4 | 0.00 | 00 | | | | 0.0 | 6.430 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | | 1.59 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 1.4 | 0.000 | 8.015 | 2.244 | 3.62 | 200 | 0.40 | 94.5 | 0.031 | 0.050 | 0.66 | 20. | 7 0.17 |
| | | CANIA | 0.00 | | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | 0.104 | 0.10 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.1 | 0.101 | 0.104 | 0.040 | 0.10 | 000 | 1.00 | 5.0 | 0.001 | 0.050 | 1.04 | 00. | 0 0.01 |
| RETAILE | BLDG E | SAIN4 | 0.00 | 0 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | 0.164 | 0.16 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.1 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.046 | 0.19 | 200 | 1.00 | 5.3 | 0.031 | 0.050 | 1.04 | 32.0 | 3 0.01 |
| | SAN4 | SAN3 | 0.00 | 0 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | | 0.16 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.1 | 0.000 | 0.164 | 0.046 | 0.19 | 200 | 0.32 | 69.8 | 0.031 | 0.050 | 0.59 | 18.0 | 5 0.01 |
| EX. RETAIL B | EX. SANMH8 | SAN3 | 0.00 | 00 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | 0.003 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.001 | 0.00 | 250 | 0.28 | 26.1 | 0.049 | 0.063 | 0.64 | 31. | 5 0.00 |
| | SAN3 | EX. SANMH7 | 0.00 | 00 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | | 0.17 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.1 | 0.000 | 0.167 | 0.047 | 0.19 | 250 | 0.28 | 34.1 | 0.049 | 0.063 | 0.64 | 31. | 5 0.01 |
| | EX. SANMH7 | EX. SANMH6 | 0.00 | 00 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | | 0.17 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.1 | 0.000 | 0.167 | 0.047 | 0.19 | 250 | 0.28 | 79.5 | 0.049 | 0.063 | 0.64 | 31. | 5 0.01 |
| | EX. SANMH6 | EX. SANMH4 | 0.00 | 00 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | | 0.17 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.1 | 0.000 | 0.167 | 0.047 | 0.19 | 250 | 0.28 | 81.0 | 0.049 | 0.063 | 0.64 | 31. | 5 0.01 |
| | PLDG D | SANO | | | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | 0.060 | 0.24 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.2 | 0.060 | 0.060 | 0.019 | 0.22 | 150 | 1.00 | 1.6 | 0.019 | 0 020 | 0.96 | 15 / | 2 0.01 |
| | SAN2 | SAN2 SAN1 | 0.00 | 0 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | 0.009 | 0.24 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.2 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.019 | 0.22 | 200 | 0.22 | 1.0 | 0.018 | 0.050 | 0.60 | 10. | 6 0.01 |
| | SAN2 SAN1 | | 0.00 | 0 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.24 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.2 | 0.000 | 0.003 | 0.019 | 0.22 | 200 | 0.32 | 40.0 | 0.031 | 0.050 | 0.59 | 10.0 | 6 0.01 |
| NETAIL C | | | 0.00 | 0 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.27 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.2 | 0.030 | 0.100 | 0.029 | 0.27 | 200 | 0.32 | 55.5 | 0.031 | 0.050 | 0.39 | 271 | 0 0.01 |
| | EA.SANIVINZ | EA. SANWINS | 0.00 | 10 | | | | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | | 0.27 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.2 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.029 | 0.27 | 200 | 0.00 | 04.0 | 0.031 | 0.050 | 0.00 | 27. | 5 0.01 |
| | EX. SANMH4 | EX. SANMH3 | 0.00 | 00 | | | | 0.0 | 6.430 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | | 1.75 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 1.5 | 0.000 | 8.182 | 2.291 | 3.81 | 250 | 0.28 | 36.0 | 0.049 | 0.063 | 0.64 | 31. | 5 0.12 |
| | EX. SANMH3 | OUTLET | 0.00 | 00 | | | | 0.0 | 6.430 | 0.0 | 4.00 | 0.00 | | 2.02 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 1.8 | 0.000 | 8.182 | 2.291 | 4.05 | 250 | 0.28 | | 0.049 | 0.063 | 0.64 | 31. | 5 0.13 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



APPENDIX D

Stormwater Management

| Estimated Peak St City of Ottawa Sev | ormwater Flow Rate er Design Guidelines, 2012 | DSE |
|---|--|-----|
| Retail C & D Existing Drainage | Charateristics From Internal Site | |
| Area | 0.493 ha | |

| Imp. | Perv. | Total |
|-------|---|---|
| 0.370 | 0.123 | 0.493 |
| 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.72 |
| | | |
| Imp. | Perv. | Total |
| 0.370 | 0.123 | 0.493 |
| 1.13 | 0.25 | 0.91 |
| | Imp. 0.370 0.9 Imp. 0.370 1.13 | Imp. Perv. 0.370 0.123 0.9 0.2 Imp. Perv. 0.370 0.123 1.13 0.25 |

1) Time of Concentration per Federal Aviation Administration

0.72 Ha 60 m 88.08 m 87.75 m 0.5 %

11.6 min

| | | | · ··· · P | |
|-----|-----------|------------------------------------|-------------|----------|
| | $t_c = -$ | $\frac{1.8(1.1-S^{0.3})}{S^{0.3}}$ | $C)L^{0.5}$ | |
| tc, | in mir | nutes | | |
| С, | ration | al methoc | l coefficie | ent, (-) |

Area CL

Up Elev Dn Elev Slope Tc

L, length in ft S, average watershed slope in %

Estimated Peak Flow

Estimated Existing Condition Peak Flow

0.493 ha 0.72 Rational Method runoff coefficient Total Area C

0.72 Rational Method runoff coefficient

| | 5-year | | | | | 100-year | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| t _c (min) | i (mm/hr) | Q _{actual} (L/s) | Q _{release} (L/s) | Q _{stored} (L/s) | V _{stored} (m ³) | i (mm/hr) | Q _{actual} (L/s) | Q _{release} (L/s) | Q _{stored} (L/s) | V _{stored} (m ³) |
| 11.6 | 96.6 | 95.9 | 95.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 165.5 | 205.3 | 205.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Note

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Retail E

Existing Drainage Charateristics From Internal Site

| Area | 0.996 ha | 5-Year | lmp. | Perv. | Total |
|---------|---|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| С | 0.82 Rational Method runoff coefficient | Area | 0.889 | 0.108 | 0.996 |
| L | 38 m | С | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.82 |
| Up Elev | 88.08 m | | | | |
| Dn Elev | 87.68 m | 100-Year | Imp. | Perv. | Total |
| Slope | 1.1 % | Area | 0.889 | 0.108 | 0.996 |
| Tc | 5.4 min | С | 1.13 | 0.25 | 1.00 |
| | | | | | |

1) Time of Concentration per Federal Aviation Administration

 $t_c = \frac{1.8(1.1 - C)L^{0.5}}{1.8(1.1 - C)L^{0.5}}$ S^{0.333}

tc, in minutes C, rational method coefficient, (-)

L, length in ft S, average watershed slope in %

Estimated Peak Flow

Estimated Existing Condition Peak Flow

Total Area C

0.467 ha 0.82 Rational Method runoff coefficient

| | 5-year | | | | | 100-year | | | | |
|----------------|---------|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| t _c | i | Q _{actual} | Q _{release} | Q _{stored} | | i | Q _{actual} | Q _{release} | Q _{stored} | V _{stored} |
| (min) | (mm/hr) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (m ³) | (mm/hr) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (m ³) |
| 5.4 | 136.7 | 146.1 | 146.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 234.9 | 304.6 | 304.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Summary of Release Rates and Storage Volumes

| Control | 5-Year | 5-Year | 100-Year | 100-Year |
|--------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Area | | Storage | Storage Release | |
| | Release | Rate Storage Release | | Storage |
| | Rate | | Rate | |
| | (L/s) | (m ³) | (L/s) | (m ³) |
| Retail C & D | 95.9 | 0.0 | 205.3 | 0.0 |
| Retail E | 146.1 | 0.0 | 304.6 | 0.0 |
| Total | 242.0 | 0.0 | 500.0 | 0.0 |

Stormwater - Proposed Development

City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012

Target Flow Rate

| Area | 0.493 | ha |
|------|-------|----|

5-year 95.9 L/s Q

100-year 205.3 L/s Q

Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from Unattenuated Areas

| Area ID | A1 |
|------------|-------|
| Total Area | 0.388 |
| С | 0.65 |

0.388 ha 0.65 Rational Method runoff coefficient

| | 5-year | | | | | 100-year | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| t _c (min) | i (mm/br) | Q _{actual} | Q _{release} | Q _{stored} | V _{stored} | i (mm/br) | Q _{actual} | Q _{release} | Q _{stored} | V _{stored} |
| (11111) | (11111/111) | (L/S) | (L/S) | (L/S) | (111) | (11111/111) | (L/S) | (L/S) | (L/S) | (111) |
| 10.0 | 104.2 | 72.7 | 72.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 178.6 | 155.7 | 155.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from Attenuated Areas

2

| Building ID | BLDG C |
|--------------------|----------|
| Roof Area | 0.036 ha |
| Avail Storage Area | 0.035 |
| C | 0 90 Ba |

| С | 0.90 Rational Method runoff coefficient | Note: Rational Method Coefficient "C" increased by 25% for 100-year calculations |
|----------------|--|--|
| t _c | 10 min, tc at outlet without restriction | |

Estimated Number of Roof Drains

| Building Length | 22.86 |
|-----------------|-------|
| Building Width | 16.76 |

Building Width

Number of Drains

m² / Drain 172.9 max 232.25m²/notch as recommended by Zurn for Ottawa

| Roof Top Rating Curve per Zurn Model Z-105-5 | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| d | Α | V _{acc} | V _{avail} | Q _{notch} | Q _{roof} | V _{drawdown} | | |
| (m) | (m ²) | (m ³) | (m ³) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (hr) | | |
| 0.000 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 0.025 | 21.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.38 | 0.76 | 0.07 | | |
| 0.050 | 86.5 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.77 | 1.54 | 0.29 | | |
| 0.075 | 194.5 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 1.14 | 2.28 | 0.71 | | |
| 0.100 | 345.8 | 6.7 | 11.5 | 1.52 | 3.04 | 1.32 | | |
| 0.125 | 345.8 | 8.6 | 20.2 | 1.90 | 3.80 | 1.95 | | |
| 0.150 | 345.8 | 8.6 | 28.8 | 2.28 | 4.56 | 2.48 | | |

* Assumes one notch opening per drain, assumes maximum slope of 10cm

| | 5-year | | | | | 100-year | | | | |
|----------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| t _c | i | Qactual | Q _{release} | Q _{stored} | V _{stored} | i | Qactual | Qrelease | Q _{stored} | V _{stored} |
| (min) | (mm/hr) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (m ³) | (mm/hr) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (m ³) |
| 10 | 104.2 | 9.5 | 2.3 | 7.2 | 4.3 | 178.6 | 18.1 | 3.0 | 15.0 | 9.0 |
| 15 | 83.6 | 7.6 | 2.3 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 142.9 | 14.4 | 3.0 | 11.4 | 10.3 |
| 20 | 70.3 | 6.4 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 120.0 | 12.1 | 3.0 | 9.1 | 10.9 |
| 25 | 60.9 | 5.5 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 103.8 | 10.5 | 3.0 | 7.5 | 11.2 |
| 30 | 53.9 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 4.7 | 91.9 | 9.3 | 3.0 | 6.3 | 11.3 |
| 35 | 48.5 | 4.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 82.6 | 8.3 | 3.0 | 5.3 | 11.2 |
| 40 | 44.2 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 4.2 | 75.1 | 7.6 | 3.0 | 4.6 | 11.0 |
| 45 | 40.6 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 3.8 | 69.1 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 10.7 |
| 50 | 37.7 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 3.4 | 64.0 | 6.5 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 10.4 |
| 55 | 35.1 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 0.9 | 3.0 | 59.6 | 6.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 9.9 |
| 60 | 32.9 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 0.7 | 2.6 | 55.9 | 5.7 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 9.5 |
| 65 | 31.0 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 0.5 | 2.1 | 52.6 | 5.3 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 9.0 |
| 70 | 29.4 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 0.4 | 1.6 | 49.8 | 5.0 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 8.5 |
| 75 | 27.9 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 47.3 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 7.9 |
| 80 | 26.6 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 45.0 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 7.4 |
| 85 | 25.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 43.0 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 6.8 |
| 90 | 24.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 41.1 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 1.1 | 6.2 |
| 95 | 23.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 39.4 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 5.5 |
| 100 | 22.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 37.9 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 0.8 | 4.9 |
| 105 | 21.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.5 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 0.7 | 4.3 |
| 110 | 20.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 35.2 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 3.6 |
| | | | | 0.00 | 1/- | | 10 | | 2.01 | L /a |
| | | | o-year Q _{roof} | 2.29 | L/S | | 10 | u-year Q _{roof} | 3.01 | L/S |

5-year Q_{roof} 5-year Max. Storage Required

5-year Storage Depth 5-year Estimated Drawdown Time

100-year Q_{roof} 100-year Max. Storage Required 100-year Max. Storage Required 100-year Storage Depth 00-year Estimated Drawdown Time

3.01 L/s 11.3 m³ 0.099 m

1.30 hr

Building ID Roof Area Avail Storage Area С

tc

BLDG D 0.069 ha

0.065

0.90 Rational Method runoff coefficient Note: Rational Method Coefficient "C" increased by 25% for 100-year calculations 10 min, tc at outlet without restriction

4.9 m³ 0.075 m

0.72 hr



Estimated Number of Roof Drains Building Length 38.10 Building Width 18.29 Number of Drains 3

m² / Drain

217.9 max 232.25m²/notch as recommended by Zurn for Ottawa

| Roof Top Rating Curve per Zurn Model Z-105-5 | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| d | Α | V _{acc} | Vavail | Qnotch | Q _{roof} | V _{drawdown} | | |
| (m) | (m²) | (m ³) | (m ³) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (hr) | | |
| 0.000 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 0.025 | 40.9 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.38 | 1.14 | 0.08 | | |
| 0.050 | 163.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 0.77 | 2.31 | 0.37 | | |
| 0.075 | 367.7 | 6.5 | 9.2 | 1.14 | 3.42 | 0.89 | | |
| 0.100 | 653.6 | 12.6 | 21.8 | 1.52 | 4.56 | 1.66 | | |
| 0.125 | 653.6 | 16.3 | 38.1 | 1.90 | 5.70 | 2.46 | | |
| 0.150 | 653.6 | 16.3 | 54.5 | 2.28 | 6.84 | 3.12 | | |
| * Accument | ne netek en | | | | lama of 10 am | | | |

Assumes one notch opening per drain, assumes maximum slope of 10cm

| | 5-year | | | | | 100-year | | | | |
|----------------|---------|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| t _c | i | Q _{actual} | Q _{release} | Q _{stored} | V _{stored} | i | Q _{actual} | Q _{release} | Q _{stored} | V _{stored} |
| (min) | (mm/hr) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (m ³) | (mm/hr) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (m ³) |
| 10 | 104.2 | 17.9 | 3.5 | 14.4 | 8.6 | 178.6 | 34.1 | 4.7 | 29.5 | 17.7 |
| 15 | 83.6 | 14.4 | 3.5 | 10.8 | 9.8 | 142.9 | 27.3 | 4.7 | 22.6 | 20.4 |
| 20 | 70.3 | 12.1 | 3.5 | 8.6 | 10.3 | 120.0 | 22.9 | 4.7 | 18.3 | 21.9 |
| 25 | 60.9 | 10.5 | 3.5 | 6.9 | 10.4 | 103.8 | 19.8 | 4.7 | 15.2 | 22.8 |
| 30 | 53.9 | 9.3 | 3.5 | 5.7 | 10.3 | 91.9 | 17.6 | 4.7 | 12.9 | 23.2 |
| 35 | 48.5 | 8.3 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 10.1 | 82.6 | 15.8 | 4.7 | 11.1 | 23.3 |
| 40 | 44.2 | 7.6 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 9.8 | 75.1 | 14.4 | 4.7 | 9.7 | 23.3 |
| 45 | 40.6 | 7.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 9.3 | 69.1 | 13.2 | 4.7 | 8.5 | 23.0 |
| 50 | 37.7 | 6.5 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 8.8 | 64.0 | 12.2 | 4.7 | 7.6 | 22.7 |
| 55 | 35.1 | 6.0 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 8.3 | 59.6 | 11.4 | 4.7 | 6.7 | 22.2 |
| 60 | 32.9 | 5.7 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 7.7 | 55.9 | 10.7 | 4.7 | 6.0 | 21.6 |
| 65 | 31.0 | 5.3 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 7.1 | 52.6 | 10.1 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 21.0 |
| 70 | 29.4 | 5.1 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 6.4 | 49.8 | 9.5 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 20.4 |
| 75 | 27.9 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 1.3 | 5.7 | 47.3 | 9.0 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 19.6 |
| 80 | 26.6 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 1.0 | 5.0 | 45.0 | 8.6 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 18.9 |
| 85 | 25.4 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 4.2 | 43.0 | 8.2 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 18.1 |
| 90 | 24.3 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 0.6 | 3.5 | 41.1 | 7.9 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 17.2 |
| 95 | 23.3 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 2.7 | 39.4 | 7.5 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 16.3 |
| 100 | 22.4 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 37.9 | 7.2 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 15.5 |
| 105 | 21.6 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 36.5 | 7.0 | 4.7 | 2.3 | 14.5 |
| 110 | 20.8 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 35.2 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 2.1 | 13.6 |

3.53 L/s 10.4 m³ 0.077 m 0.97 hr 5-year Q_{roof} 5-year Max. Storage Required 5-year Storage Depth 5-year Estimated Drawdown Time

100-year Q_{roof}

100-year Max. Storage Required 100-year Storage Depth 00-year Estimated Drawdown Time

4.67 L/s 23.3 m³ 0.102 m 1.74 hr

Summary of Release Rates and Storage Volumes

| Control Area | 5-Year | 5-Year | 100-Year | 100-Year | 100-Year |
|--------------|---------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Release | Required | Release | Required | Available |
| | Rate | Storage | Rate | Storage | Storage |
| | (L/s) | (m ³) | (L/s) | (m ³) | (m ³) |
| A1 | 72.7 | 0.0 | 155.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Retail C | 2.3 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 11.3 | 11.5 |
| Retail D | 3.5 | 10.4 | 4.7 | 23.3 | 38.1 |
| Total | 78.5 | 15.3 | 163.4 | 34.6 | 49.7 |

Stormwater - Proposed Development City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012

Target Flow Rate

Area 0.996 ha

Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from Attenuated Areas

7

| Building ID Roof Area Avail Storage Area | BLDG E 0.164 ha 0.156 | |
|--|---|--|
| Č t₀ | 0.90 Rational Method runoff coefficient 10 min, tc at outlet without restriction | Note: Rational Method Coefficient "C" increased by 25% for 100-year calculations |

Estimated Number of Roof Drains 54.2 29.5

Building Length Building Width Number of Drains

m² / Drain

222.6 max 232.25m²/notch as recommended by Zurn for Ottawa

| | Roof Top Rating Curve per Zurn Model Z-105-5 | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-------------------|--------------------|--------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| d | Α | Vacc | V _{avail} | Qnotch | Q _{roof} | V _{drawdown} | | | |
| (m) | (m²) | (m ³) | (m ³) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (hr) | | | |
| 0.000 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| 0.025 | 97.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.38 | 2.66 | 0.08 | | | |
| 0.050 | 389.5 | 5.7 | 6.5 | 0.77 | 5.39 | 0.38 | | | |
| 0.075 | 876.4 | 15.4 | 21.9 | 1.14 | 7.98 | 0.91 | | | |
| 0.100 | 1558.0 | 30.0 | 51.9 | 1.52 | 10.64 | 1.70 | | | |
| 0.125 | 1558.0 | 39.0 | 90.9 | 1.90 | 13.30 | 2.51 | | | |
| 0.150 | 1558.0 | 39.0 | 129.8 | 2.28 | 15.96 | 3.19 | | | |

* Assumes one notch opening per drain, assumes maximum slope of 10cm

| | 5-year | | | | | 100-year | | | | |
|----------------|---------|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| t _c | i | Q _{actual} | Q _{release} | Q _{stored} | V _{stored} | i | Q _{actual} | Q _{release} | Q _{stored} | V _{stored} |
| (min) | (mm/hr) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (m ³) | (mm/hr) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (L/s) | (m ³) |
| 10 | 104.2 | 42.7 | 8.3 | 34.5 | 20.7 | 178.6 | 81.3 | 10.9 | 70.4 | 42.3 |
| 15 | 83.6 | 34.3 | 8.3 | 26.0 | 23.4 | 142.9 | 65.1 | 10.9 | 54.2 | 48.8 |
| 20 | 70.3 | 28.8 | 8.3 | 20.5 | 24.7 | 120.0 | 54.6 | 10.9 | 43.7 | 52.5 |
| 25 | 60.9 | 25.0 | 8.3 | 16.7 | 25.1 | 103.8 | 47.3 | 10.9 | 36.4 | 54.6 |
| 30 | 53.9 | 22.1 | 8.3 | 13.9 | 24.9 | 91.9 | 41.9 | 10.9 | 30.9 | 55.7 |
| 35 | 48.5 | 19.9 | 8.3 | 11.6 | 24.4 | 82.6 | 37.6 | 10.9 | 26.7 | 56.1 |
| 40 | 44.2 | 18.1 | 8.3 | 9.9 | 23.7 | 75.1 | 34.2 | 10.9 | 23.3 | 55.9 |
| 45 | 40.6 | 16.7 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 22.7 | 69.1 | 31.5 | 10.9 | 20.5 | 55.4 |
| 50 | 37.7 | 15.4 | 8.3 | 7.2 | 21.5 | 64.0 | 29.1 | 10.9 | 18.2 | 54.6 |
| 55 | 35.1 | 14.4 | 8.3 | 6.1 | 20.3 | 59.6 | 27.2 | 10.9 | 16.2 | 53.6 |
| 60 | 32.9 | 13.5 | 8.3 | 5.2 | 18.9 | 55.9 | 25.5 | 10.9 | 14.5 | 52.3 |
| 65 | 31.0 | 12.7 | 8.3 | 4.5 | 17.4 | 52.6 | 24.0 | 10.9 | 13.1 | 50.9 |
| 70 | 29.4 | 12.0 | 8.3 | 3.8 | 15.9 | 49.8 | 22.7 | 10.9 | 11.8 | 49.4 |
| 75 | 27.9 | 11.4 | 8.3 | 3.2 | 14.3 | 47.3 | 21.5 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 47.7 |
| 80 | 26.6 | 10.9 | 8.3 | 2.6 | 12.6 | 45.0 | 20.5 | 10.9 | 9.6 | 46.0 |
| 85 | 25.4 | 10.4 | 8.3 | 2.1 | 10.9 | 43.0 | 19.6 | 10.9 | 8.6 | 44.1 |
| 90 | 24.3 | 10.0 | 8.3 | 1.7 | 9.2 | 41.1 | 18.7 | 10.9 | 7.8 | 42.2 |
| 95 | 23.3 | 9.6 | 8.3 | 1.3 | 7.4 | 39.4 | 18.0 | 10.9 | 7.0 | 40.1 |
| 100 | 22.4 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 0.9 | 5.6 | 37.9 | 17.3 | 10.9 | 6.3 | 38.1 |
| 105 | 21.6 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 0.6 | 3.7 | 36.5 | 16.6 | 10.9 | 5.7 | 35.9 |
| 110 | 20.8 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 35.2 | 16.0 | 10.9 | 5.1 | 33.8 |

1.00 hr

100-year Q_{roof}

100-year Max. Storage Required

100-year Storage Depth)0-year Estimated Drawdown Time

10.92 L/s

56.1 m³

0.103 m

1.78 hr

| 5-year Q _{roof} | 8.26 L/s |
|------------------------------|---------------------|
| 5-year Max. Storage Required | 25.1 m ³ |
| 5-year Storage Depth | 0.078 m |

5-year Storage Depth 5-year Estimated Drawdown Time

Summary of Release Rates and Storage Volumes

| Control Area | 5-Year | 5-Year | 100-Year | 100-Year | 100-Year |
|--------------|---------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Release | Required | Release | Required | Available |
| | Rate | Storage | Rate | Storage | Storage |
| | (L/s) | (m ³) | (L/s) | (m ³) | (m ³) |
| Retail E | 8.3 | 25.1 | 10.9 | 56.1 | 90.9 |





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| | PROJ NO.: 17–961 DRAWN BY: AJG |
| | DATE: 2017-09-21 SCALE: 1:600 |
| | FIGURE INU.: FIG-2 |
| | |



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Zurn Roof Drains



THE ZURN "CONTROL-FLO CONCEPT"

Originally, Zurn introduced the scientifically-advanced "Control-Flo" drainage principle for dead-level roofs. Today, after thousands of successful applications in modern, large dead-level roof areas, Zurn engineers have adapted the comprehensive "Control-Flo" data to **sloped roof** areas.

WHAT IS "CONTROL-FLO"?

It is an advanced method of removing rain water off deadlevel or sloped roofs. As contrasted with conventional drainage practices, which attempt to drain off storm water as quickly as it falls on the roof's surface, "Control-Flo" drains the roof at a controlled rate. Excess water accumulates on the roof under controlled conditions...then drains off at a lower rate after a storm abates.

CUTS DRAINAGE COSTS

Fewer roof drains, smaller diameter piping, smaller sewer sizes, and lower installation costs are possible with a "Control-Flo" drainage system because roof areas are utilized as temporary storage reservoirs.

REDUCES PROBABILITY OF STORM DAMAGE

Lightens load on combination sewers by reducing rate of water drained from roof tops during severe storms thereby reducing probability of flooded sewers, and consequent backflow into basements and other low areas.

THANKS TO EXCLUSIVE ZURN "AQUA-WEIR" ACTION

Key to successful "Control-Flo" drainage is a unique scientifically-designed weir containing accurately calibrated notches with sides formed by parabolic curves which provide flow rates directly proportional to the head. Shape and size of notches are based on predetermined flow rates, and all factors involved in roof drainage to assure permanent regulation of drainage flow rates for specific geographic locations and rainfall intensities.



DEFINITION

DEAD LEVEL ROOFS

DIAGRAM "A"

A dead-level roof for purposes of applying the Zurn "Control-Flo" drainage principle is one which has been designed for zero slope across its entire surface. Measurements shown are for maximum distances.



(Plan View)



(Section View)

SLOPED ROOFS

DIAGRAM "B"

A sloped roof is one designed commonly with a shallow slope. The Zurn "Control-Flo" drainage system can be applied to any slope which results in a total rise up to 152mm (6").

The total rise of a roof as calculated for "Control-Flo" application is defined as the vertical increase in height in inches, from the low point or valley of a sloping roof (A) to the top of the sloping section (B). (Example: a roof that slopes 3mm (1/8") per foot having a 7.25m (24') span would have a rise of 7.25m x 3mm or 76mm (24' x 1/8" or 3")).

Measurements shown are for maximum distances.



Dimensions and other measurements given in metric and imperial forms.



SPECIFICATION DATA



ENGINEERING SPECIFICATION: ZURN Z-105 "Control-Flo" roof drain for dead -level or sloped roof construction, Dura-Coated cast iron body. "Control-Flo" weir shall be linear functioning with integral membrane flashing clamp/ gravel guard and Poly-Dome. All data shall be verified proportional to flow rates.

ROOF DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

Basic roofing design should incorporate protection that will prevent roof overloading by installing adequate overflow scuppers in parapet walls.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The "Control-Flo" roof drainage data is tabulated for four areas $(232.25m^2 (2500 \text{ sq. ft.}), 464.502m^2 (5000 \text{ sq. ft.}), 696.75m^2 (7500 \text{ sq. ft.}), 929m^2 (10,000 \text{ sq. ft.}) notch areas ratings) for each locality. For each notch area rating the maximum discharge in L.P.M. (G.P.M.) - draindown in hours, and maximum water depth at the drain in inches for a dead level roof — 51mm (2 inch) rise — 102mm (4 inch) rise and 152mm (6 inch) rise—are tabulated. The rise is the total change in elevation from the valley to the peak. Values for areas, rise or combination thereof other than those listed, can be arrived at by extrapolation. All data listed is based on the fifty-year return frequency storm. In other words the maximum conditions as listed will occur on the average of once every fifty years.$

NOTE: The tabulated "Control-Flo" data enables the individual engineer to select his own design limiting condition. The limiting condition can be draindown time, roof load factor, or maximum water depth at the drain. If draindown time is the limiting factor because of possible freezing conditions, it must be recognized that the maximum time listed will occur on the average of once every 50 years and would most likely be during a heavy summer thunder storm. Average winter draindown times would be much shorter in duration than those listed.

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

On sloping roofs, we recommend a design depth referred to as an equivalent depth. An equivalent depth is the depth of water attained at the drains that results in the same roof stresses as those realized on a dead-level roof. In all cases this equivalent depth is almost equal to that attained by using the same notch area rating for the different rises to 152mm (6"). With the same depth of water at the drain the roof stresses will decrease with increasing total rise. Therefore, it would be possible to have a depth in excess of 152mm (6") at the drain on a sloping roof without exceeding stresses normally encountered in a 152mm (6") depth on a dead-level roof. However, it is recommended that scuppers be placed to limit the maximum water depth on any roof to 152mm (6") to prevent the overflow of the weirs on the drains and consequent overloading of drain piping. In the few cases where the data shows a flow rate in excess of 136 L.P.M. (30 G.P.M.) if all drains and drain lines are sized according to recommendations, and the one storm in fifty years occurs, the only consequence will be a brief flow through the scuppers or over-flow drains.

NOTE: An equivalent depth is that depth of water attained at the drains at the lowest line or valley of the roof with all other conditions such as notch area and rainfall intensity being equal. For Toronto, Ontario a notch area rating of 464.50m² (5,000 sq. ft.) results in a 74mm (2.9 inch) depth on a dead level roof for a 50-year storm. For the same notch area and conditions, equivalent depths for a 51mm (2"), 102mm (4") and 152mm (6") rise respectively on a sloped roof would be 86mm (3.4"), 104mm (4.1") and 124mm (4.9"). Roof stresses will be approximately equal in all cases.



The exclusive Zurn "Selecta-Drain" Chart (pages 8—11) tabulates selection data for 34 localities in Canada. Proper use of this chart constitutes your best assurance of sure, safe, economical application of Zurn "Control-Flo" systems for your specific geographical area. If the "Selecta-Drain Chart does not cover your specific design criteria, contact Zurn Industries Limited, Mississauga, Ontario, for additional data for your locality. Listed below is additional information pertinent to proper engineering of the "Control-Flo" system.

ROOF USED AS TEMPORARY RETENTION

The key to economical "Control-Flo" is the utilization of large roof areas to temporarily store the maximum amount of water without overloading average roofs or creating excessive draindown time during periods of heavy rainfall. The data shown in the "Selecta-Drain" Chart enables the engineer to select notch area ratings from 232.25 m² (2,500 ft.²) to 929m² (10,000 ft.²) and to accurately predict all other design factors such as maximum roof load, L.P.M. (G.P.M.) discharge, draindown time and water depth at the drain. Obviously, as design factors permit the notch area rating to increase the resulting money saved in being able to use small leaders and drain lines will also increase.

ROOF LOADING AND RUN-OFF RATES

The four values listed in the "Selecta-Drain" Chart for notch area ratings for different localities will normally span the range of good design. If areas per notch below 232.25m² (2,500 ft.²) are used considerable economy of the "Control-Flo" concept is being lost. The area per notch is limited to 929m² (10,000 ft.²) to keep the draindown time within reasonable limits. Extensive studies show that stresses due to water load on a sloping roof for any fixed set of conditions are very nearly the same as those on a dead-level roof. A sloping roof tends to concentrate more water in the valleys and increase the water depth at this point. The greater depth around the drain leads to a faster run-off rate, particularly a faster early run -off rate. As a result, the total volume of water stored on the roof is less, and the total load on the sloping roof is less. By using the same area on the sloping roof as on the dead-level roof the increase in roof stresses due to increased water depth in the valleys is offset by the decrease in the total load due to less water stored. The net result of the maximum roof stress is approximately the same for any single span rise and fixed set of conditions. A fixed set of conditions, would be the same notch area, the same frequency store, and the same locality.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL SAFETY: Normal practice of roof design is based on 18kg (40 lbs.) per 929 cm² (sq ft.). (Subject to local codes and by-laws.) Thus it is extremely important that design is in accordance with normal load factors so deflection will be slight enough in any bay to prevent progressive deflection which could cause water depths to load the roof beyond its design limits.

ADDITIONAL NOTCH RATINGS

The 'Selecta-Drain" Chart along with Tables I and II enables the engineer to select "Control-Flo" Drains and drain pipe sizes for most Canadian applications. These calculations are computed for a proportional flow weir that is sized to give a flow of 23 L.P.M. (5 G.P.M.) per inch of head. The 23 L.P.M. (5 G.P.M.) per inch of head notch opening is selected as the bases of design as it offers the most economical installation as applied to actual rainfall experienced in Canada.

Should you require design criteria for locations outside of Canada or for special project applications please contact Zurn Industries Limited, Mississauga, Ontario.

LEADER AND DRAIN PIPE SIZING

Since all data in the "Selecta-Drain" Chart is based on the 50-year-storm it is possible to exceed the water depth listed in these charts if a 100-year or 1000-year storm would occur. Therefore, for good design it is recommended that scuppers or other methods be used to limit water depth to the design depth and tables I and II be used to size the leaders and drain pipes. If the roof is capable of supporting more water than the design depth it is permissible to locate the scuppers or other overflow means at a height that will allow a greater water depth on the roof. However, in this case the leader and drain pipes should be sized to handle the higher flow rates possible based on a flow rate of 23 L.P.M. (5 G.P.M.) per inch of depth at the drain.

PROPER DRAIN LOCATION

The following good design practice is recommended for selecting the proper number of "Control-Flo" drains for a given area. **On dead-level roofs**, drains should be located no further than 15.25m (50 feet) from edge of roof and no further than 30.50m (100 feet) between drains. See diagram "A" page 2. **On sloping roofs**, drains should be located in the valleys at a distance no greater than 15.25m (50 feet) from each end of the valleys and no further than 30.50m (100 feet) between drains. See diagram "B" page 2. Compliance with these recommendations will assure good run off regardless of wind direction.

DRAWINGS / FIGURES







REF. No. :

UPDATED :



AO (841 x 1189)



MANHOLE

POLE

CATCH BASIN

CLEAN OUT

HYDRANT

VALVE

STREET LIGHT

TRANSFORMER

VALVE CHAMBER

TRAFFIC BOX

BUS SHELTER

AIR PUMP

SIGN

HAND WELL

PEDESTAL