

Geotechnical
Engineering

Environmental
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Hydrogeology

Geological
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Materials Testing

Building Science

Archaeological Services

Hydrogeological Report

Proposed Residential Development
Eagleson Road at Ottawa Street - Richmond

Prepared For

Taggart Group of Companies

Paterson Group Inc.

Consulting Engineers
154 Colonnade Road South
Ottawa (Nepean), Ontario
Canada K2E 7J5

Tel: (613) 226-7381
Fax: (613) 226-6344
www.patersongroup.ca

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Report: PG4216-1 Revision 1

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1.0 Introduction

Paterson Group (Paterson) was commissioned by Taggart Group of Companies to provide a hydrogeological report by means of a sump pump feasibility analysis for the proposed residential development to be located at the southwest corner of Eagleson Road and Ottawa Street, in the City of Ottawa (refer to Figure 1 - Key Plan in Appendix 2 of this report).

The objective of the geotechnical investigation was to:

- Analyze the findings of the geotechnical investigation completed for the subject site for the feasibility of using sump pumps for the proposed residential dwellings.
- Identify where sump pumps can be used based on site conditions and existing subsurface profile.
- Provide geotechnical recommendations pertaining to design of the proposed drainage system including construction considerations which may affect the design.

The following report has been prepared specifically and solely for the aforementioned project which is described herein. It contains our analysis of the findings of the geotechnical investigation with respect to the use of sump pumps within the subject site.

Reference should be made to the geotechnical investigation Report PG4216-1 Revision 2 dated December 18, 2020 for the full geotechnical recommendations pertaining to the design and construction of the subject development as they are understood at the time of writing this report.

2.0 Proposed Development

Detailed plans of the proposed development were not available at the time of writing this report. However, it is understood that a residential development is proposed consisting of residential dwellings with the associated driveways, local roadways, parking and landscaping areas. It is also understood that the proposed development will be municipally serviced.

3.0 Summary of Geotechnical Investigation Findings

3.1 Field Investigation

Field Program

The field program for the current investigation was conducted between December 14 and December 18, 2018. At that time, a total of ten (10) boreholes were advanced to a maximum depth of 9.8 m or auger refusal. Additionally, a supplemental investigation was completed on February 27, 2019 consisting of excavating 12 test pits to a maximum depth of 3.8 m below existing grade to collect samples for lab testing to determine tree planting restrictions within the clay areas. The test holes were distributed in a manner to provide general coverage of the subject site taking into considerations site features. The locations of the test holes are shown on Drawing PG4216-2 - Test Hole Location Plan included in Appendix 2.

The boreholes were completed using a track-mounted auger drill rig operated by a two person crew while the test pits were excavated using a hydraulic shovel. All fieldwork was conducted under the full-time supervision of personnel from our geotechnical division under the direction of a senior engineer. The testing procedure consisted of augering to the required depths and at the selected locations sampling the overburden.

Field Survey

The borehole and test pit locations were determined by Paterson personnel taking into consideration the presence of underground and aboveground services. The location and ground surface elevation at each borehole and test pit location were provided by Stantec Geomatics Ltd. It is understood that the ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum. The test hole locations and ground surface elevations at the test hole locations are presented on Drawing PG4216-2 - Test Hole Location Plan in Appendix 2.

Groundwater

Flexible polyethylene standpipes were installed in all boreholes to permit monitoring of the groundwater levels subsequent to the completion of the sampling program.

3.2 Laboratory Testing

The soil samples recovered from the subject site were examined in our laboratory to review the results of the field logging.

A total of 5 soil samples collected during the geotechnical investigations were submitted for grain size distribution analysis and hydrometer testing. The grain size distribution and hydrometer testing results are presented in Table 1 - Grain Size Distribution and in Appendix 1 and are further discussed in Section 4.

A total of 10 representative soil samples were submitted for Atterberg limit testing during our investigations. The results of the Atterberg limit testing are presented in Table 2 - Summary of Atterberg Limits and in Appendix 1 and are further discussed in Sections 4 and 6.

All samples will be stored in the laboratory for a period of one month after issuance of this report. They will then be discarded unless we are otherwise directed.

3.3 Surface and Subsurface Conditions

Surface Conditions

The subject site is currently occupied by agricultural lands along the east portion of the site while the west portion is occupied by tree-covered lands. The ground surface across the subject site is relatively flat with a slight upward slope from northern portion to southern portion of the site. The site is approximately 0.6 m lower than the bordering roads and the adjacent properties. The north portion of the site is bordered by a shallow (2 m high) slope followed by Marlborough Creek. A ditch is located around the perimeter of the site running north-south along Eagleson road and east-west along Ottawa Street. Also, a secondary ditch was observed running in the east-west direction, connecting to the ditch along Eagleson Road. It should be noted that an existing rail corridor runs roughly in an east-west direction through the north portion of the site.

Subsurface Profile

Generally, the subsurface profile encountered at the borehole locations consists of a layer of topsoil followed by a layer of loose to dense brown silty sand and/or a very stiff to firm silty clay to clayey silt deposit. Glacial till consisting of a silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders was encountered below the above noted layers. Practical refusal to augering/excavation was encountered in the majority of the test holes across the subject site.

Based on available geological mapping, the bedrock in this area mostly consists of dolomite of the Oxford Formation with an overburden drift thickness of 1 to 10 m depth.

Silty Clay Deposit

It is important to note that the majority of the eastern portion of the site is underlain by a 2 to 5 m thick deposit of very stiff to stiff silty clay. The remainder of the site is underlain by a layer of silty sand, glacial till or bedrock. Reference should be made to the Soil Profile and Test Data sheets in Appendix 1 for specific details of the soil profiles encountered at each test hole location.

3.4 Lab Testing Results

Atterberg Limit Testing Results

Atterberg limits testing, as well as associated moisture content testing, was completed on the recovered silty clay samples at selected locations throughout the subject site. The results of the Atterberg limits tests are presented in Table 1 and on the Atterberg Limits Results sheet in Appendix 1.

Table 1 - Atterberg Limits Results						
Sample	Depth (m)	LL (%)	PL (%)	PI (%)	WC (%)	Classification
BH 2	0.76	35	21	14	37.1	CL
BH 3	1.82	29	19	10	20.0	CL
BH 8	1.06	29	19	10	20.7	CL
TP 2	1.90	33	21	12	28.5	CL
TP 3	2.20	33	21	12	33.0	CL
TP 4	3.00	52	21	31	38.5	CH
TP 5	3.00	51	23	28	40.7	CH
TP 6	2.50	36	19	17	29.5	CL
TP 7	3.00	27	21	6	25.4	CL-ML
TP 8	2.50	54	26	29	43.1	CH

Notes: LL: Liquid Limit; PL: Plastic Limit; PI: Plasticity Index; WC: water content;
CH: Inorganic Clay of High Plasticity CL: Inorganic Clay of Low Plasticity
CL-ML: Inorganic Silt with Some Clay with Low Plasticity

Grain Size Distribution and Hydrometer Testing Results

Grain size distribution testing (sieve and hydrometer analysis) was also completed on five (5) selected soil samples. The results of the grain size analysis are summarized in Table 2 and presented on the Grain-Size Distribution and Hydrometer Testing Results sheets in Appendix 1.

Table 2 - Summary of Grain Size Distribution Analysis					
Test Hole	Sample	Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)
TP 4	G6	0.0	0.9	59.6	39.5
TP 6	G5	0.0	0.2	84.8	15.0
TP 8	G5	0.0	6.1	54.4	39.5
TP 9	G1	15.9	42.5	41.6	
TP 11	G4	6.5	64.5	29.0	

4.0 Sump Pump Feasibility Assessment

4.1 General Discussion

Based on our general review of the current site conditions in conjunction with the City of Ottawa guidelines for the use of sump pump systems, the eastern side of the subject site is considered acceptable to received sump pumps from both geotechnical and hydrogeological perspectives.

It should be noted that based on the Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-04 and ISTB-2019-02 issued by the City of Ottawa regarding installation of sump pumps, for typical sites, a minimum 300 mm vertical separation is recommended between the design underside of footing elevation and the long-term groundwater level. If this condition cannot be confirmed before the finalized design drawings are completed, the development should meet the minimum requirements for the following items as per Appendix 8 of the above noted technical bulletin:

- Clay Continuity within the site
- Estimation of Seasonal High Groundwater Table
- Hydraulic Conductivity of the Underlying Silty Clay
- The Groundwater Ingress Rate

The following sections summarize our assessment of the above noted requirements and our conclusion on the feasibility of the installation of sump pumps along the eastern portion of the proposed residential development.

4.2 Clay Continuity

The boreholes completed within the eastern portion of the subject site are in conformance with the City of Ottawa borehole spacing guidelines. The native silty clay soils within the study area are considered to be laterally continuous. The boreholes within Phase 1 of the subject site identify a silty clay deposit at the majority of the borehole locations at similar elevations throughout. Therefore, the silty clay deposit is continuous across the proposed eastern side of the subject development. Refer to the attached Drawing PG4216-1 – Designated Silty Clay Areas.

4.3 Seasonal High Groundwater Table

Generally, the groundwater levels recovered from the piezometers installed at the borehole locations were measure in the field and are summarized in Table 3. It is important to note that groundwater readings at the piezometers can be influenced by surface water perched within the borehole backfill material. Long-term groundwater conditions can also be estimated based on the observed color and consistency of the recovered soil samples.

It is important to note that Marloborough Creek borders the site along the north property line. A walk along the creek was completed on multiple occasions/seasons as well as a review of topographic surveys indicated that the top of water along Marloborough Creek was measured at an elevation of approximately 92 m along the portion adjacent to the subject site. No water infiltration was noted along the side slopes of the creek. This is an indicative that the long term groundwater table is at an elevation of 92 m or below.

Based on these observations, it is estimated that long-term groundwater level can be expected between 2.5 to 3.5 m depth below existing grade (i.e. elevation of 91.5 to 92.5). Groundwater levels are subject to seasonal fluctuations and therefore could vary during time of construction. The groundwater conditions observed at the borehole and test pits were recorded in detail in the field.

Table 3 - Summary of Groundwater Level Readings				
Test Hole Number	Ground Elevation (m)	Groundwater Levels (m)		Recording Date
		Depth	Elevation	
BH1	93.37	0.61	92.76	December 28, 2018
BH2	94.23	0.77	93.46	December 28, 2018
BH3	94.76	0.62	94.14	December 28, 2018
BH4	97.71	1.10	96.61	December 28, 2018
BH5	97.45	n/a	n/a	December 28, 2018
BH6	94.70	0.73	93.97	December 28, 2018
BH7	94.88	0.83	94.05	December 28, 2018
BH8	94.03	1.28	92.75	December 28, 2018
BH9	93.78	0.70	93.08	December 28, 2018
BH10	93.37	0.48	92.89	December 28, 2018

Note: The ground surface elevations at the borehole locations were provided by Stantec Geomatics.

As indicated above, the long-term groundwater table is anticipated at a depth ranging between 2.5 and 3.5 m below existing grade (i.e. elevation of 91.5 to 92.5 m). When considering the low permeability silty clay deposit present across the east portion of the subject site, the seasonal high groundwater table can be expected to be between 0.5 and 1 m above the long-term groundwater table in the pre-development stage.

Based on our review of the preliminary roadway grading plans of the subject site, the average underside of footing elevation for the proposed lots/blocks will be approximately 1.8 to 2.1 m below the center line of the proposed roadways. The average road elevation will range from 94.5 to 95.5 m within the eastern portion of the subject site. Assuming that each lot will be graded at an approximately 600 mm above the adjacent roadways (low point), the proposed dwellings will have an approximate underside of footing elevation ranging between 93 and 94 m which is well above the expected seasonal high groundwater table.

It is also important to note that the groundwater levels recorded for the site are considered pre-development groundwater levels. From a geotechnical perspective, the pre-development groundwater levels should not impact the design of the underside of footing elevations. Based on our experience with post-development groundwater levels at sites with similar subsoil conditions, the post-development groundwater table will be lowered based on the inverts of the proposed site servicing pipes.

4.4 Permeability of Soils and Groundwater Ingress Rate

Based on the silty clay crust encountered across the eastern side of the subject site and other nearby sites, the hydraulic conductivity for the clay can be conservatively estimated to be approximately 1×10^{-7} m/sec which meets the requirement for a low permeability soils.

Based on the subsoil profile below the proposed footings, the groundwater ingress rate was calculated to be approximately 28,000 L/day which is considered to be very low in comparison with the minimum pump capacity of 0.9 L/s as per the above noted sump pump design Bulletin. Also, due to the characteristics of the underlying silty clay, any surface water infiltrating the upper permeable layers will be perched above the silty clay layer.

Based on the above, the sump pumps are not expected to be overloaded and/or continuously running. As such, the minimum design requirements for the main sump pump system and the backup pump battery will be achieved for the estimated groundwater rate of ingress under worst case scenarios.

4.5 Additional Considerations

It should also be noted that the backfill used against the foundation walls should consist of workable site excavated silty clay. Any imported silty clay should be reviewed and approved by Paterson prior to placement to confirm that the material meets the characteristics of the existing silty clay within the site. All surfaces adjacent to the proposed buildings should be shaped to shed water away from the building's foundation.

All the sump pump installations should be inspected and approved by Paterson at the time of installation.

5.0 Conclusion

Based on the above discussion, the eastern area of the subject site is considered acceptable for the installation of sump pumps. Once the development's finalized grading plans are available, Paterson should complete a thorough review to confirm that the requirements discussed herein are implemented in the design of the proposed residential buildings.

6.0 Statement of Limitations

The recommendations made in this report are in accordance with Paterson's present understanding of the project. Paterson requests permission to review the grading plan once available. Paterson's recommendations should be reviewed when the drawings and specifications are complete.

The client should be aware that any information pertaining to soils and the test hole log are furnished as a matter of general information only. Test hole descriptions or logs are not to be interpreted as descriptive of conditions at locations other than those of the test holes.

The present report applies only to the project described in this document. Use of this report for purposes other than those described herein or by person(s) other than Taggart Group of Companies or their agent(s) is not authorized without review by this firm for the applicability of our recommendations to the altered use of the report.

Paterson Group Inc.



Faisal I. Abou-Seido, P.Eng.



David J. Gilbert, P.Eng.

Report Distribution:

- Taggart Group of Companies (3 copies)
- Paterson Group (1 copy)

APPENDIX 1

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA SHEETS

SYMBOLS AND TERMS

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION SHEETS

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

FILE NO.
PG4216

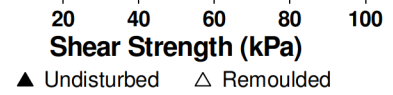
REMARKS

HOLE NO.
BH 1

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE December 13, 2018

SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	SAMPLE				DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Pen. Resist. Blows/0.3m ● 50 mm Dia. Cone				Piezometer Construction
		TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY %	N VALUE or RQD			20	40	60	80	
GROUND SURFACE												
TOPSOIL	0.20					0	93.96					
Loose, brown SANDY SILT , some clay	1.22	AU	1			1	92.96					
Dense to compact, brown SILTY SAND , trace gravel		SS	2	54	5	2	91.96					
		SS	3	67	39	3	90.96					
		SS	4	71	23	4	89.96					
		SS	5	58	14	5	88.96					
		SS	6	71	32	6	87.96					
		SS	7		24	7	86.96					
		SS	8	100	3	8	85.96					
GLACIAL TILL : Dense to very dense, grey silty sand with gravel and clay	5.94	SS	9	67	42	9	84.96					
		SS	10	91	82	10						
		SS	11		7	11						
End of Borehole (GWL @ 0.61m - Dec. 28, 2018)	9.75											



SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Development - Eagleson Road at Ottawa St.
Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

FILE NO.
PG4216

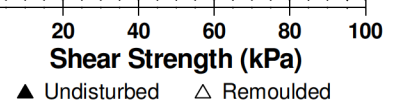
REMARKS

HOLE NO.
BH 2

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE December 13, 2018

SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	SAMPLE				DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Pen. Resist. Blows/0.3m ● 50 mm Dia. Cone				Piezometer Construction
		TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY %	N VALUE or RQD			20	40	60	80	
GROUND SURFACE												
TOPSOIL Stiff, brown SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT , some sand	0.25	AU	1			0	94.23					
Very stiff, brown SILTY CLAY	1.07	SS	2	92	4	1	93.23					
GLACIAL TILL: Brown silty clay with sand, gravel, cobbles and boulders	2.13	SS	3	8	12	2	92.23					
		SS	4	42	35	3	91.23					
End of Borehole Practical refusal to augering at 4.32m depth (GWL @ 0.77m - Dec. 28, 2018)	4.32					4	90.23					



SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Development - Eagleson Road at Ottawa St.
Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

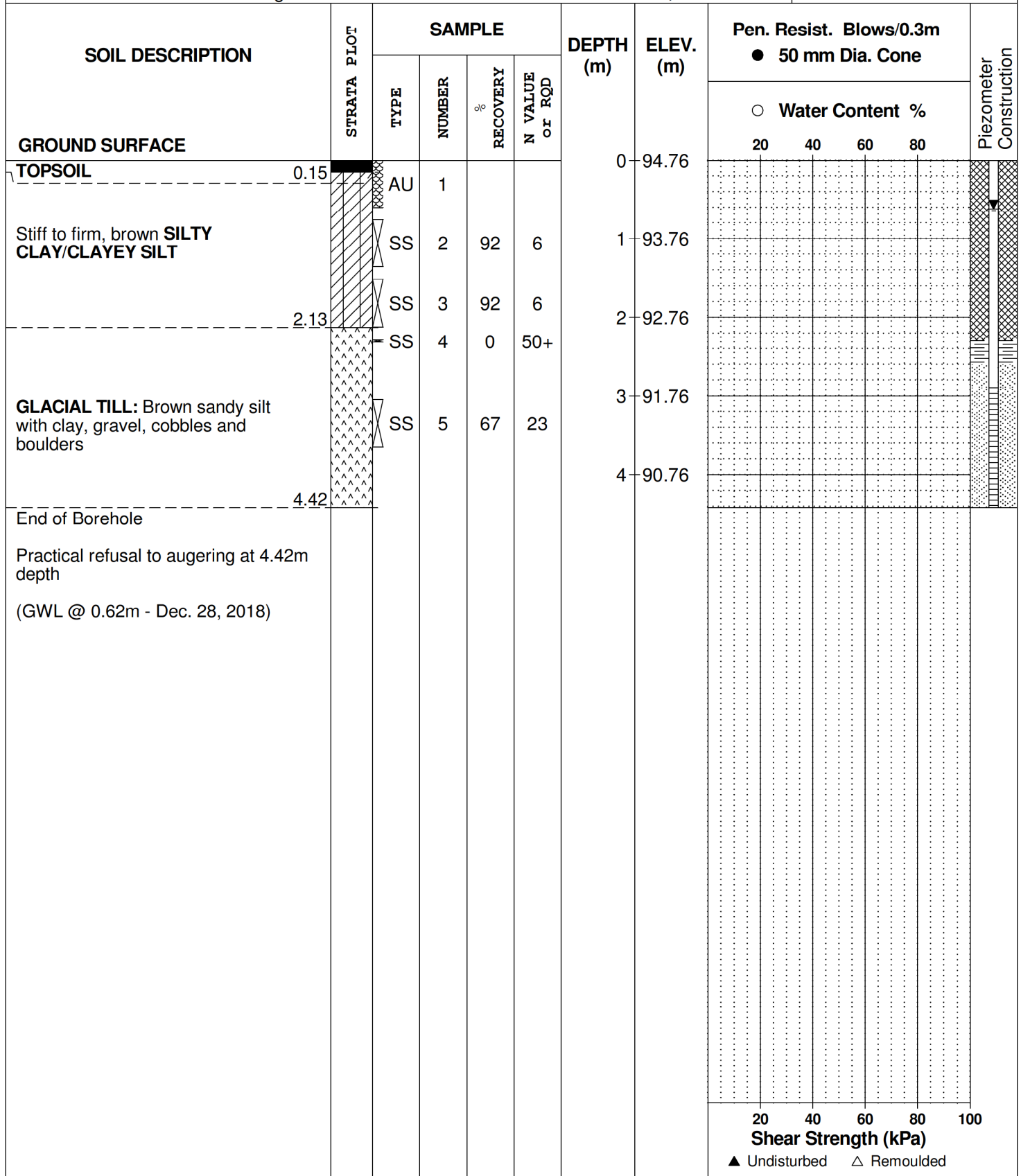
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REMARKS

HOLE NO. **BH 3**

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE December 13, 2018



DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

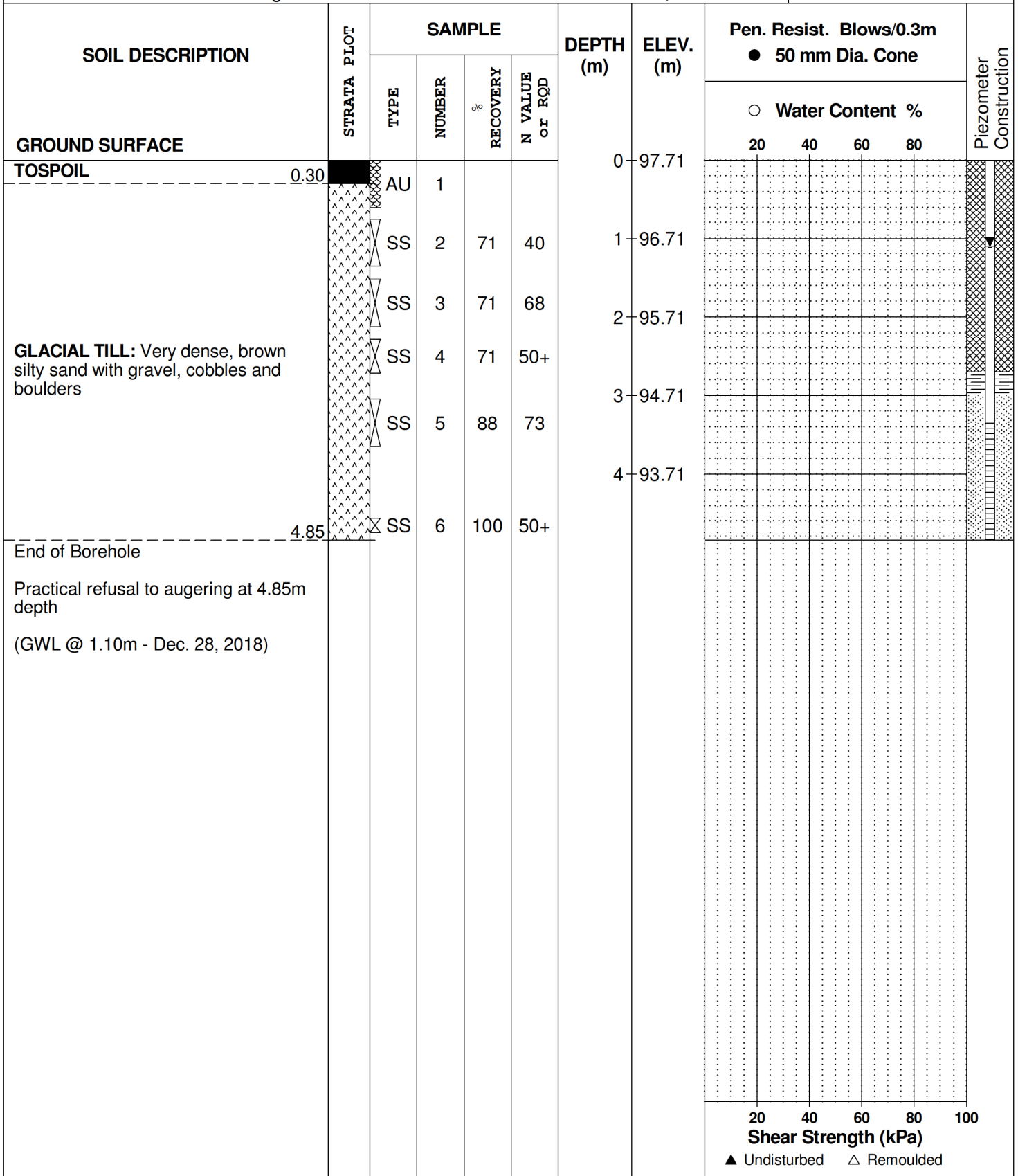
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REMARKS

HOLE NO. **BH 4**

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE December 13, 2018



SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Development - Eagleson Road at Ottawa St.
Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

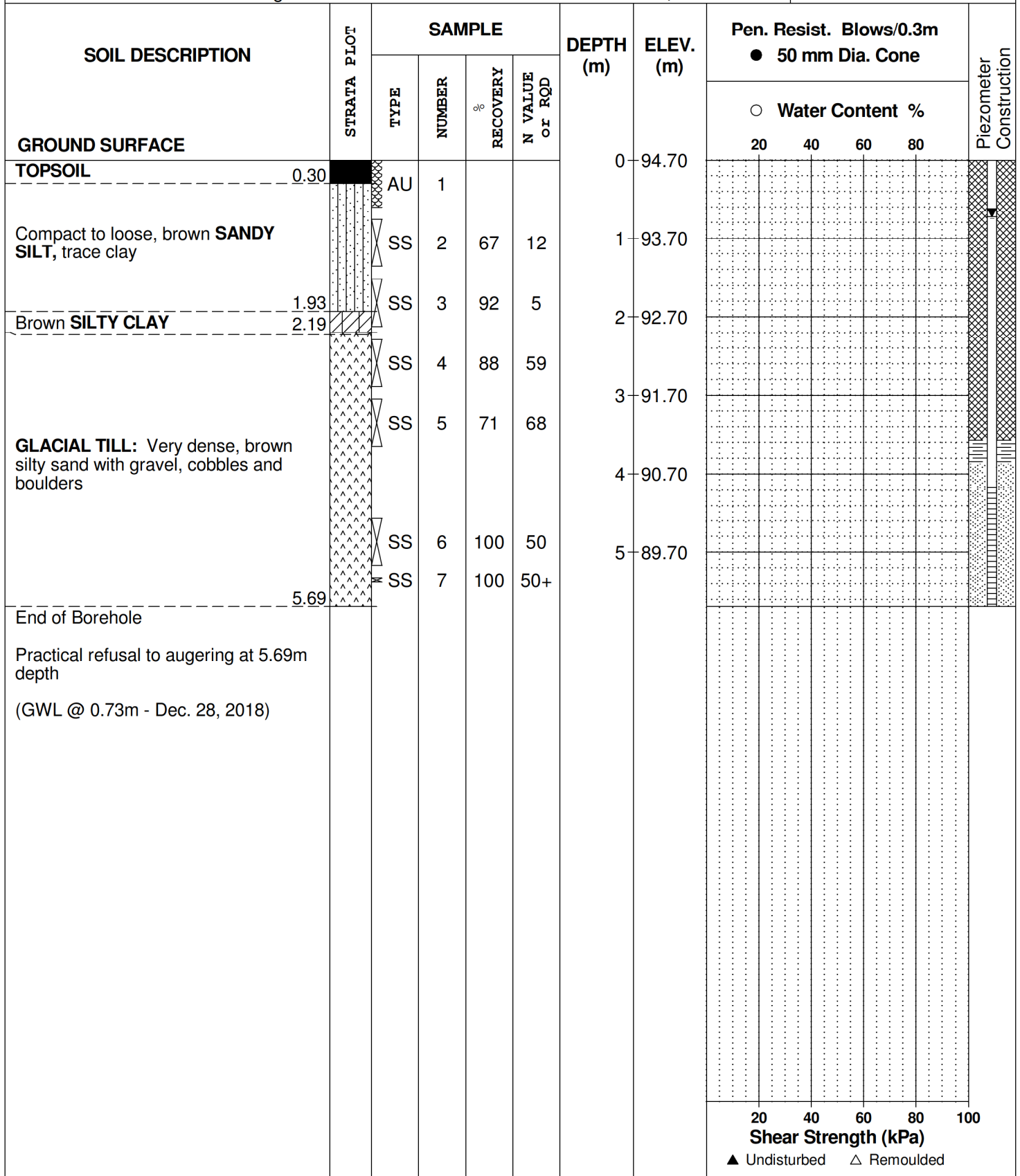
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REMARKS

HOLE NO.
BH 6

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE December 13, 2018



SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Development - Eagleson Road at Ottawa St.
Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

FILE NO.
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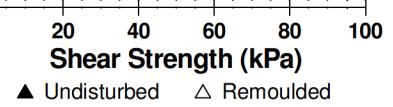
REMARKS

HOLE NO.
BH 7

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE December 13, 2018

SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	SAMPLE				DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Pen. Resist. Blows/0.3m ● 50 mm Dia. Cone				Piezometer Construction
		TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY %	N VALUE or RQD			20	40	60	80	
GROUND SURFACE												
TOPSOIL	0.25	AU	1			0	94.88					
GLACIAL TILL: Brown silty sand with clay and gravel		SS	2	67	9	1	93.88					
	1.73	SS	3	50	50+							
End of Borehole												
Practical refusal to augering at 1.73m depth												
(GWL @ 0.83m - Dec. 28, 2018)												



SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Development - Eagleson Road at Ottawa St.
Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

FILE NO.
PG4216

REMARKS

HOLE NO.
BH 8

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE December 13, 2018

SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	SAMPLE				DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Pen. Resist. Blows/0.3m ● 50 mm Dia. Cone				Piezometer Construction	
		TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY %	N VALUE or RQD			20	40	60	80		
GROUND SURFACE													
TOPSOIL	0.25	AU	1			0	94.03						
Very stiff, brown CLAYEY SILT		SS	2	79	13	1	93.03						
	1.73	SS	3	96	6	2	92.03						
GLACIAL TILL: Brown silty sand with gravel, cobbles, boulders		SS	4	71	7	3	91.03						
		SS	5	50	36	4	90.03						
	4.17					4	90.03						
End of Borehole Practical refusal to augering at 4.17m depth (GWL @ 1.28m - Dec. 28, 2018)													

20 40 60 80 100
Shear Strength (kPa)
▲ Undisturbed △ Remoulded

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

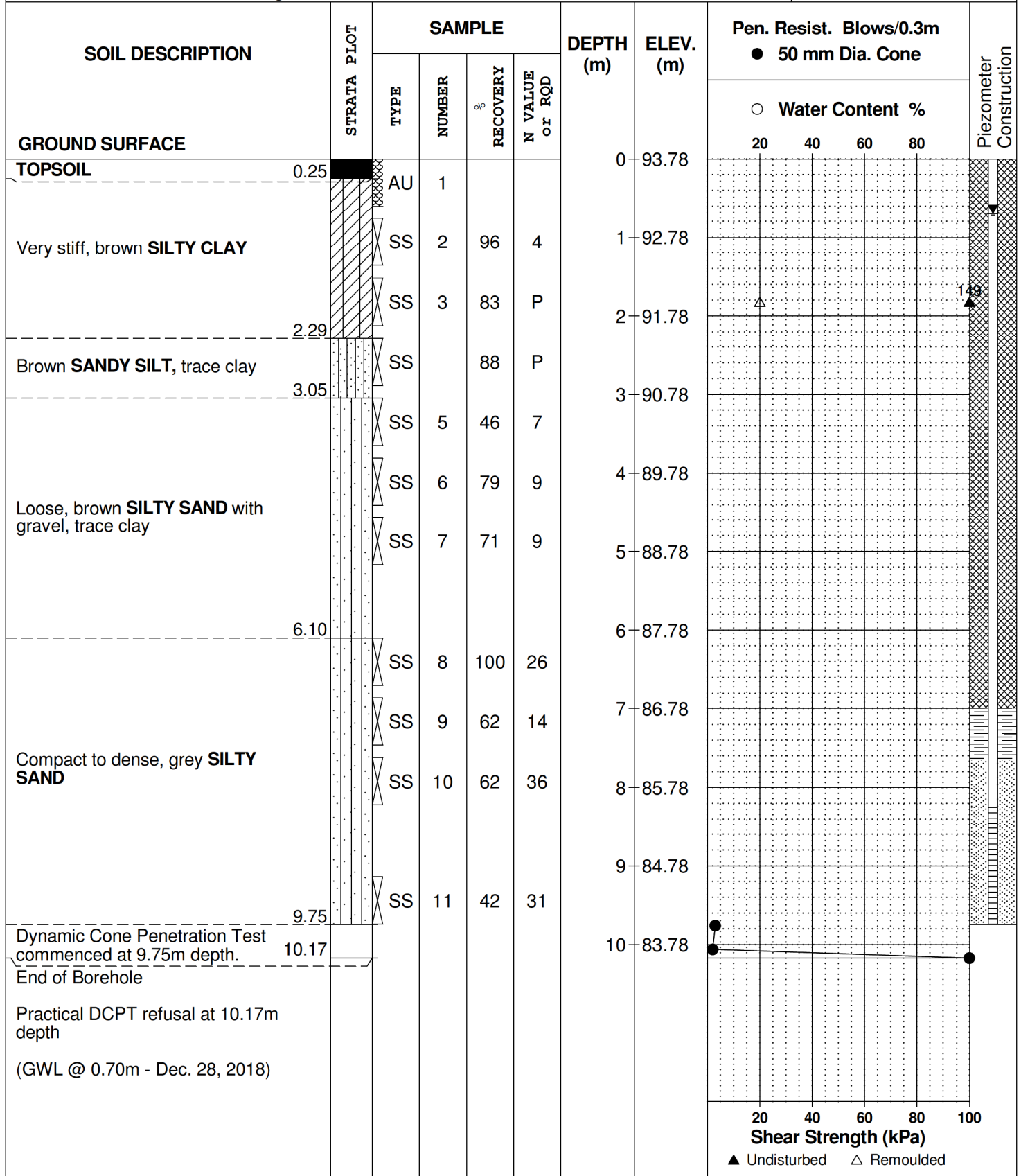
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REMARKS

HOLE NO. **BH 9**

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE December 13, 2018



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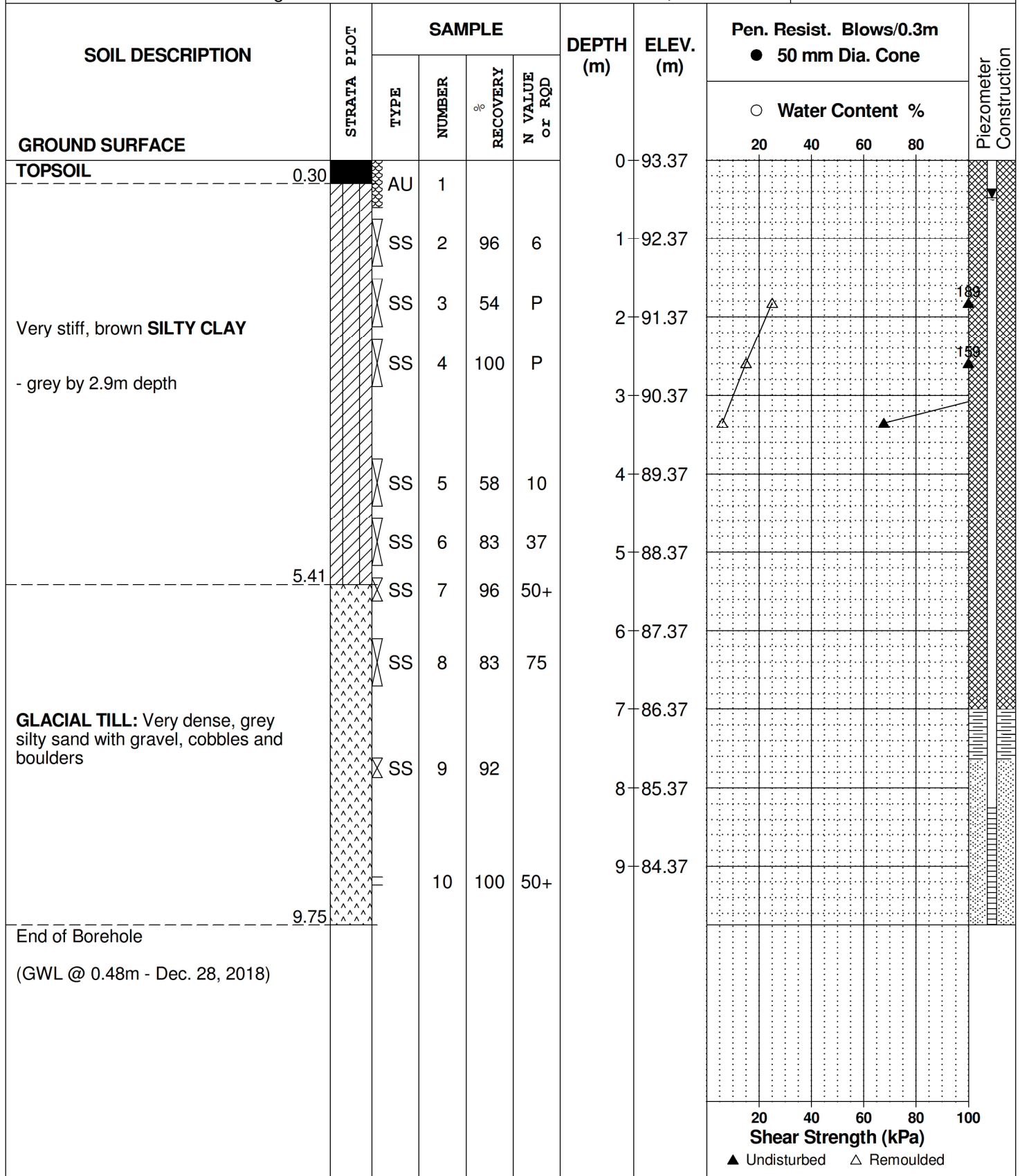
REMARKS

BORINGS BY CME 55 Power Auger

DATE December 13, 2018

FILE NO. **PG4216**

HOLE NO. **BH10**



SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Development - Eagleson Road at Ottawa St.
Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

FILE NO.
PG4216

REMARKS

HOLE NO.
TP 1

BORINGS BY Hydraulic Shovel

DATE February 27, 2019

SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	SAMPLE				DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Pen. Resist. Blows/0.3m ● 50 mm Dia. Cone				Piezometer Construction	
		TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD			20	40	60	80		
GROUND SURFACE						0	94.63						
TOPSOIL	[REDACTED]												
	0.30												
GLACIAL TILL: Loose to compact, grey-brown silty sand with clay, gravel and cobbles - some rootlet at upper 0.2m depth - grey by 2.0m depth	▲	G	1			1	93.63						
	▲	G	2			2	92.63						
	▲	G	3			3	91.63						
	▲	G	4			3	91.63						
	▲	G	5			3	91.63						
End of Test Pit (Groundwater infiltration at 3.5m depth)	3.70												▽
								20	40	60	80	100	
								Shear Strength (kPa)					
								▲ Undisturbed △ Remoulded					

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

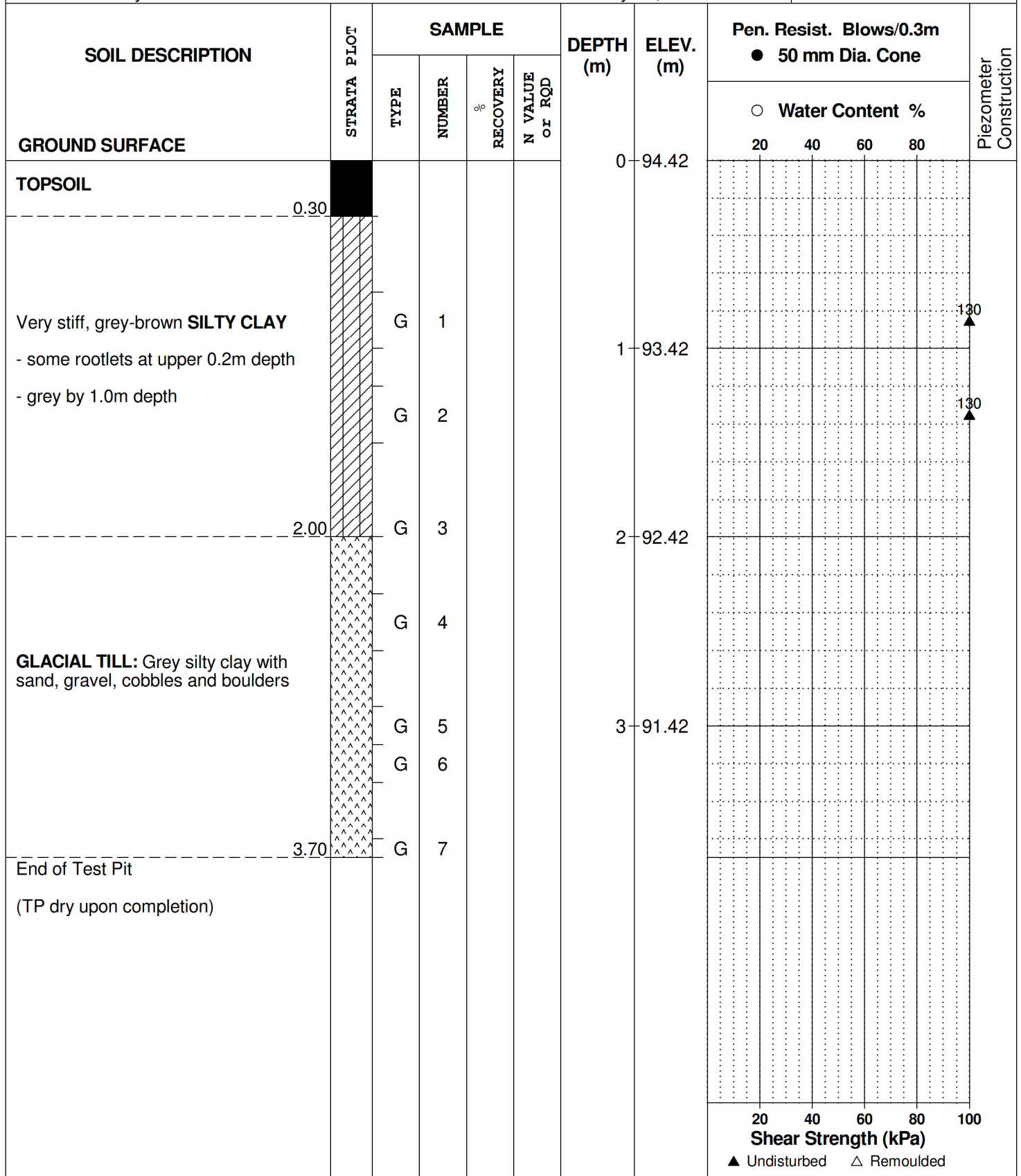
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REMARKS

HOLE NO.
TP 2

BORINGS BY Hydraulic Shovel

DATE February 27, 2019



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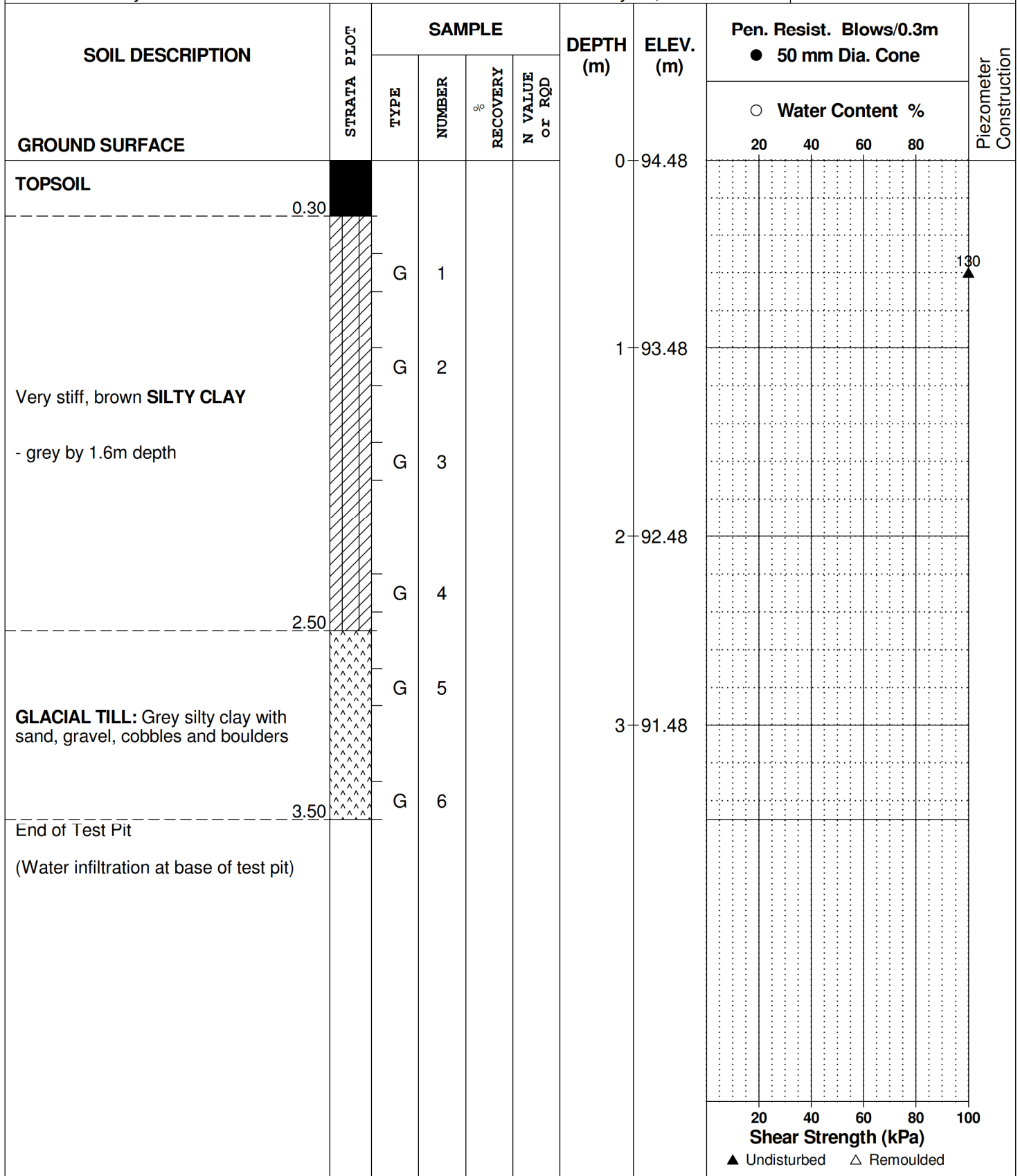
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REMARKS

HOLE NO.
TP 3

BORINGS BY Hydraulic Shovel

DATE February 27, 2019



SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Development - Eagleson Road at Ottawa St.
Ottawa, Ontario

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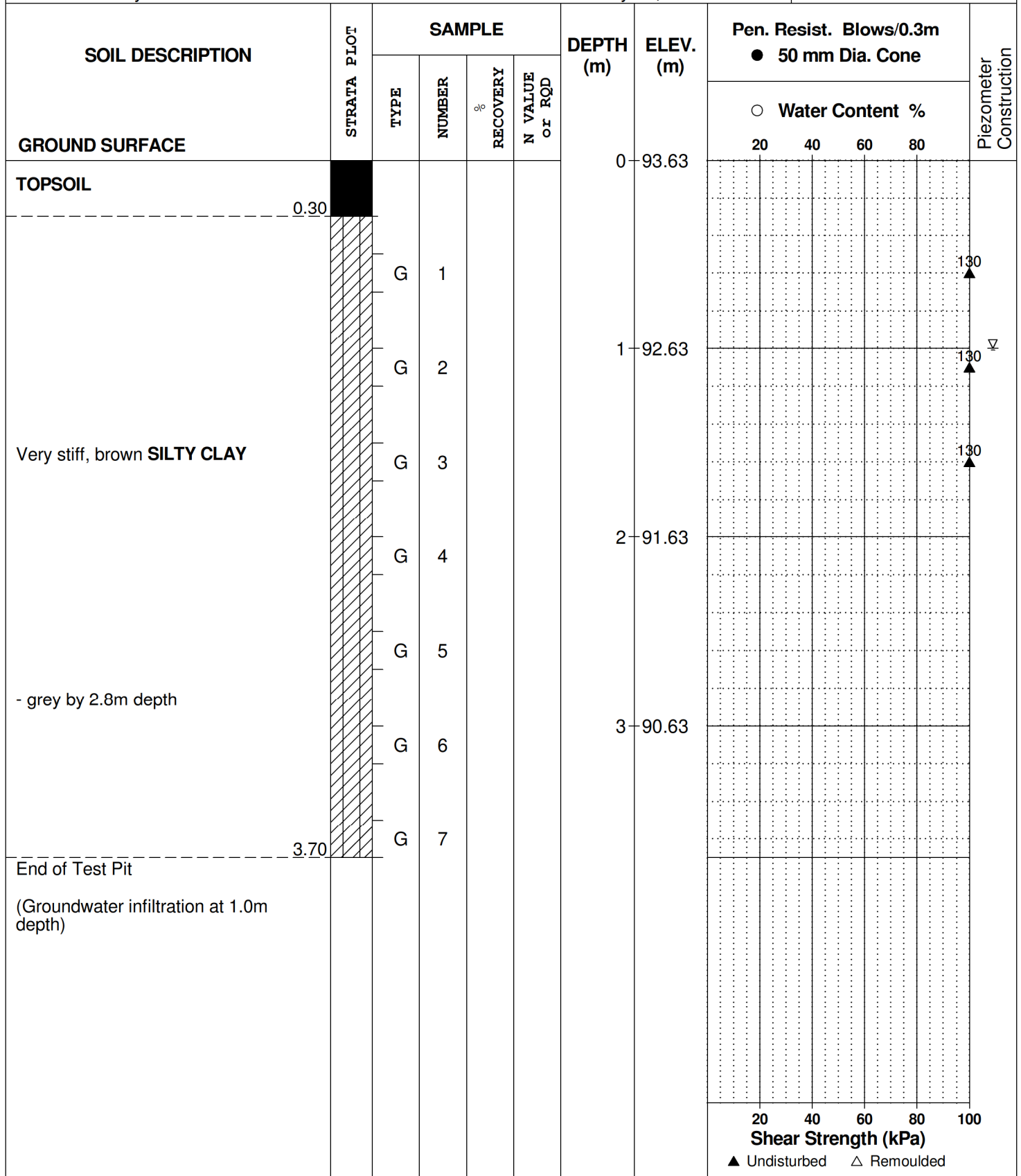
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REMARKS

HOLE NO.
TP 4

BORINGS BY Hydraulic Shovel

DATE February 27, 2019



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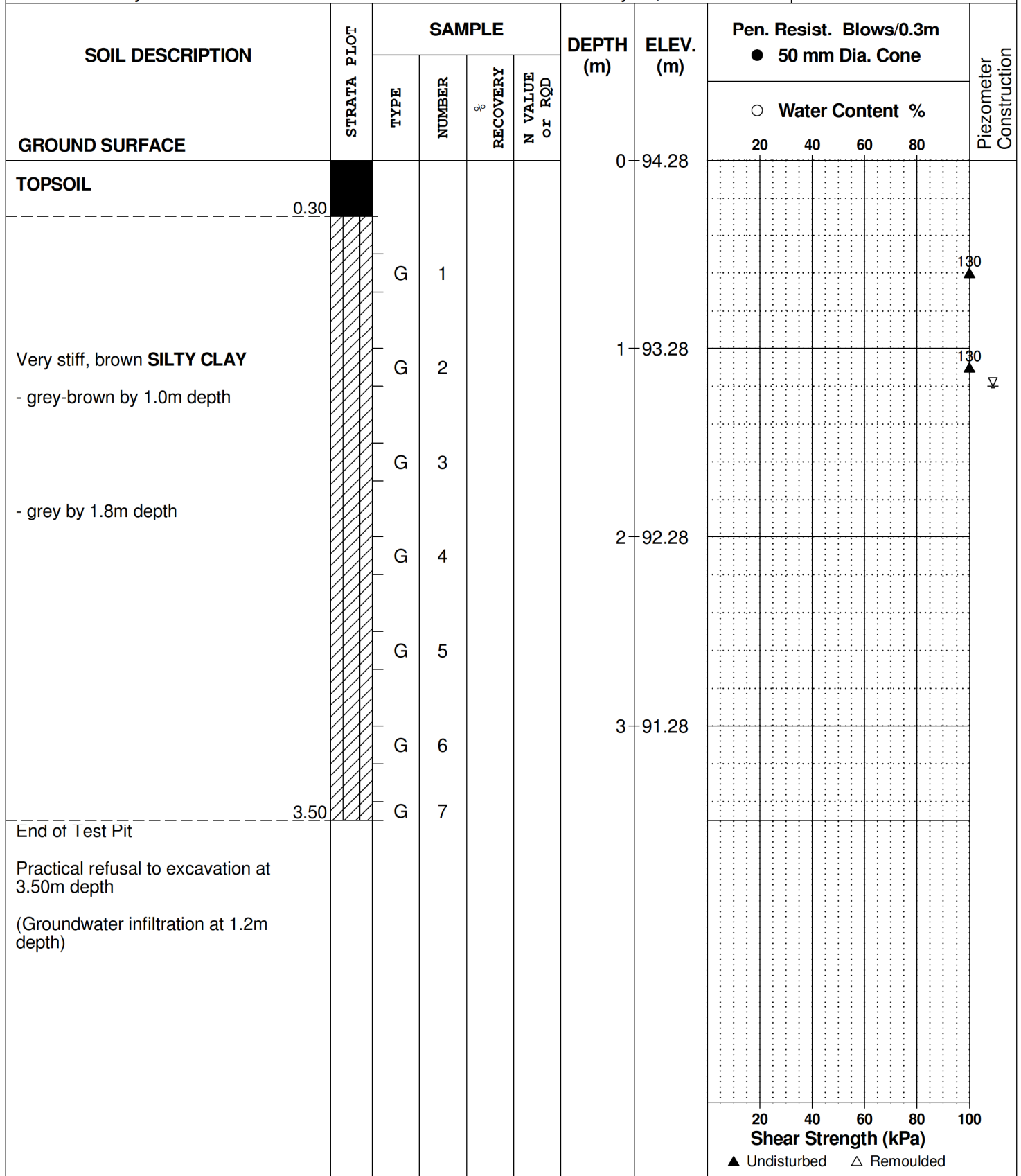
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REMARKS

HOLE NO. **TP 5**

BORINGS BY Hydraulic Shovel

DATE February 27, 2019



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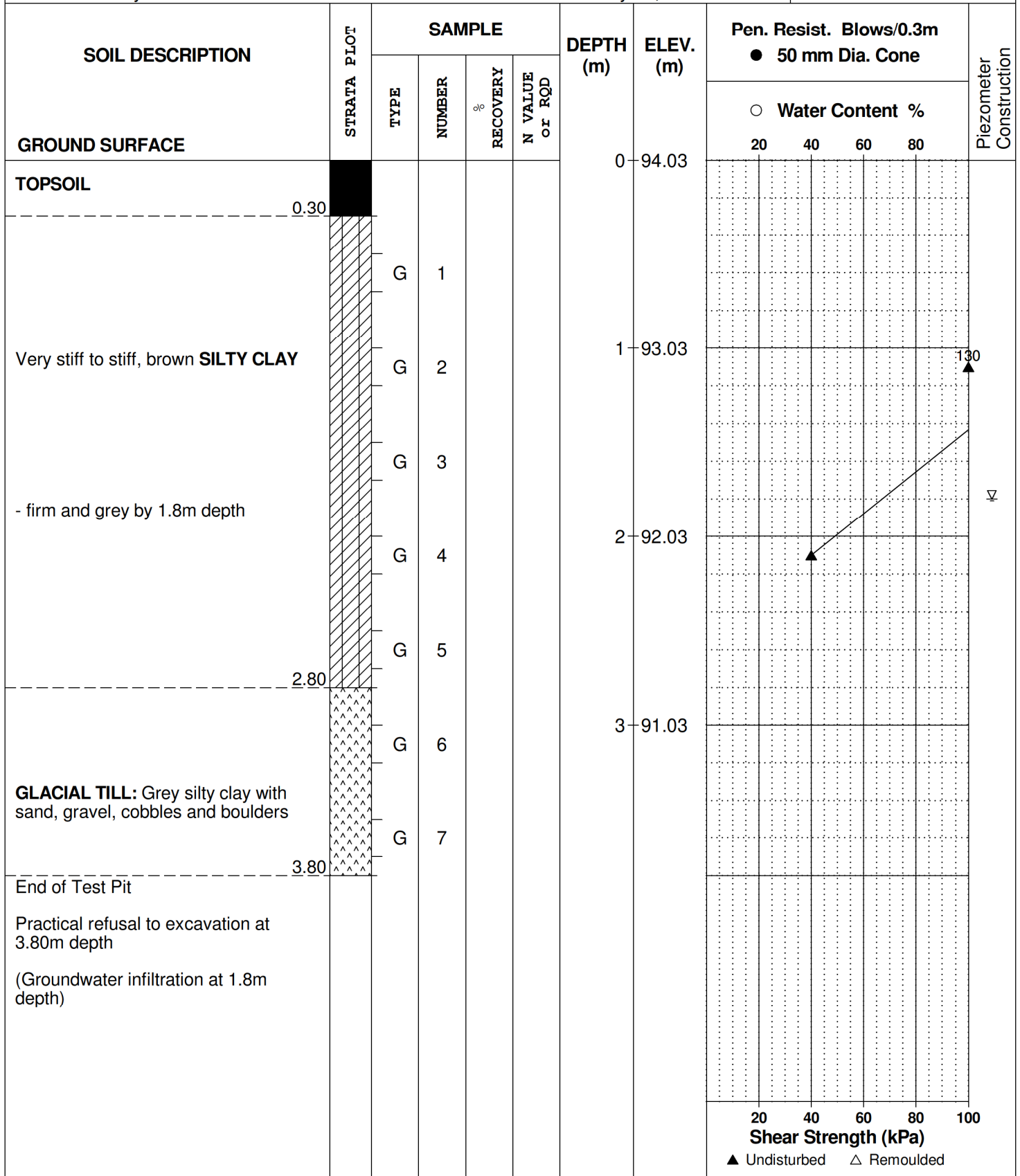
REMARKS

BORINGS BY Hydraulic Shovel

DATE February 27, 2019

FILE NO. **PG4216**

HOLE NO. **TP 6**



DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

REMARKS

BORINGS BY Hydraulic Shovel

DATE February 27, 2019

FILE NO. **PG4216**

HOLE NO. **TP 7**

SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	SAMPLE				DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Pen. Resist. Blows/0.3m ● 50 mm Dia. Cone				Piezometer Construction	
		TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD			20	40	60	80		
GROUND SURFACE						0	94.46						
TOPSOIL	0.30												
Very stiff, brown SILTY CLAY - grey and with sand by 1.8m depth	0.30	G	1										
		G	2			1	93.46						
		G	3										
		G	4			2	92.46						
		G	5										
		G	6			3	91.46						
GLACIAL TILL: Grey silty clay with sand, gravel, cobbles and boulders	3.20	G	7										
End of Test Pit Practical refusal to excavation at 3.70m depth (Groundwater infiltration at 1.8m depth)	3.70												

20 40 60 80 100
Shear Strength (kPa)
▲ Undisturbed △ Remoulded

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Development - Eagleson Road at Ottawa St.
Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

FILE NO.
PG4216

REMARKS

HOLE NO.
TP 9

BORINGS BY Hydraulic Shovel

DATE February 27, 2019

SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	SAMPLE				DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Pen. Resist. Blows/0.3m ● 50 mm Dia. Cone				Piezometer Construction	
		TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD			20	40	60	80		
GROUND SURFACE						0	97.18						
TOPSOIL													
Brown SILTY SAND with rootlets													
GLACIAL TILL: Brown silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, some clay						1	96.18						
End of Test Pit													
Practical refusal to excavation at 1.80m depth (TP dry upon completion)													

20 40 60 80 100
Shear Strength (kPa)
▲ Undisturbed △ Remoulded

SOIL PROFILE AND TEST DATA

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Development - Eagleson Road at Ottawa St.
Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Ground surface elevations were referenced to a geodetic datum.

FILE NO. **PG4216**

REMARKS

HOLE NO. **TP11**

BORINGS BY Hydraulic Shovel

DATE February 27, 2019

SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	SAMPLE				DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Pen. Resist. Blows/0.3m ● 50 mm Dia. Cone				Piezometer Construction	
		TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD			20	40	60	80		
GROUND SURFACE						0	94.45						
FILL: Sand with cobbles	0.25												
GLACIAL TILL: Loose to compact, grey-brown silty sand with clay, gravel, cobbles and boulders		G	1			1	93.45						
		G	2										
		G	3			2	92.45						
		G	4										
End of Test Pit	2.80												
Practical refusal to excavation at 2.80m depth (TP dry upon completion)													

20 40 60 80 100
Shear Strength (kPa)
▲ Undisturbed △ Remoulded

SYMBOLS AND TERMS

SOIL DESCRIPTION

Behavioural properties, such as structure and strength, take precedence over particle gradation in describing soils. Terminology describing soil structure are as follows:

Desiccated	-	having visible signs of weathering by oxidation of clay minerals, shrinkage cracks, etc.
Fissured	-	having cracks, and hence a blocky structure.
Varved	-	composed of regular alternating layers of silt and clay.
Stratified	-	composed of alternating layers of different soil types, e.g. silt and sand or silt and clay.
Well-Graded	-	Having wide range in grain sizes and substantial amounts of all intermediate particle sizes (see Grain Size Distribution).
Uniformly-Graded	-	Predominantly of one grain size (see Grain Size Distribution).

The standard terminology to describe the strength of cohesionless soils is the relative density, usually inferred from the results of the Standard Penetration Test (SPT) 'N' value. The SPT N value is the number of blows of a 63.5 kg hammer, falling 760 mm, required to drive a 51 mm O.D. split spoon sampler 300 mm into the soil after an initial penetration of 150 mm.

Relative Density	'N' Value	Relative Density %
Very Loose	<4	<15
Loose	4-10	15-35
Compact	10-30	35-65
Dense	30-50	65-85
Very Dense	>50	>85

The standard terminology to describe the strength of cohesive soils is the consistency, which is based on the undisturbed undrained shear strength as measured by the in situ or laboratory vane tests, penetrometer tests, unconfined compression tests, or occasionally by Standard Penetration Tests.

Consistency	Undrained Shear Strength (kPa)	'N' Value
Very Soft	<12	<2
Soft	12-25	2-4
Firm	25-50	4-8
Stiff	50-100	8-15
Very Stiff	100-200	15-30
Hard	>200	>30

SYMBOLS AND TERMS (continued)

SOIL DESCRIPTION (continued)

Cohesive soils can also be classified according to their "sensitivity". The sensitivity is the ratio between the undisturbed undrained shear strength and the remoulded undrained shear strength of the soil.

Terminology used for describing soil strata based upon texture, or the proportion of individual particle sizes present is provided on the Textural Soil Classification Chart at the end of this information package.

ROCK DESCRIPTION

The structural description of the bedrock mass is based on the Rock Quality Designation (RQD).

The RQD classification is based on a modified core recovery percentage in which all pieces of sound core over 100 mm long are counted as recovery. The smaller pieces are considered to be a result of closely-spaced discontinuities (resulting from shearing, jointing, faulting, or weathering) in the rock mass and are not counted. RQD is ideally determined from NXL size core. However, it can be used on smaller core sizes, such as BX, if the bulk of the fractures caused by drilling stresses (called "mechanical breaks") are easily distinguishable from the normal in situ fractures.

RQD %	ROCK QUALITY
90-100	Excellent, intact, very sound
75-90	Good, massive, moderately jointed or sound
50-75	Fair, blocky and seamy, fractured
25-50	Poor, shattered and very seamy or blocky, severely fractured
0-25	Very poor, crushed, very severely fractured

SAMPLE TYPES

SS	-	Split spoon sample (obtained in conjunction with the performing of the Standard Penetration Test (SPT))
TW	-	Thin wall tube or Shelby tube
PS	-	Piston sample
AU	-	Auger sample or bulk sample
WS	-	Wash sample
RC	-	Rock core sample (Core bit size AXT, BXL, etc.). Rock core samples are obtained with the use of standard diamond drilling bits.

SYMBOLS AND TERMS (continued)

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

MC%	-	Natural moisture content or water content of sample, %
LL	-	Liquid Limit, % (water content above which soil behaves as a liquid)
PL	-	Plastic limit, % (water content above which soil behaves plastically)
PI	-	Plasticity index, % (difference between LL and PL)
Dxx	-	Grain size which xx% of the soil, by weight, is of finer grain sizes These grain size descriptions are not used below 0.075 mm grain size
D10	-	Grain size at which 10% of the soil is finer (effective grain size)
D60	-	Grain size at which 60% of the soil is finer
Cc	-	Concavity coefficient = $(D_{30})^2 / (D_{10} \times D_{60})$
Cu	-	Uniformity coefficient = D_{60} / D_{10}

Cc and Cu are used to assess the grading of sands and gravels:

Well-graded gravels have: $1 < Cc < 3$ and $Cu > 4$

Well-graded sands have: $1 < Cc < 3$ and $Cu > 6$

Sands and gravels not meeting the above requirements are poorly-graded or uniformly-graded.

Cc and Cu are not applicable for the description of soils with more than 10% silt and clay (more than 10% finer than 0.075 mm or the #200 sieve)

CONSOLIDATION TEST

p'_o	-	Present effective overburden pressure at sample depth
p'_c	-	Preconsolidation pressure of (maximum past pressure on) sample
Ccr	-	Recompression index (in effect at pressures below p'_c)
Cc	-	Compression index (in effect at pressures above p'_c)
OC Ratio		Overconsolidation ratio = p'_c / p'_o
Void Ratio		Initial sample void ratio = volume of voids / volume of solids
Wo	-	Initial water content (at start of consolidation test)

PERMEABILITY TEST

k	-	Coefficient of permeability or hydraulic conductivity is a measure of the ability of water to flow through the sample. The value of k is measured at a specified unit weight for (remoulded) cohesionless soil samples, because its value will vary with the unit weight or density of the sample during the test.
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SYMBOLS AND TERMS (continued)

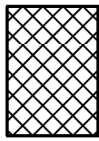
STRATA PLOT



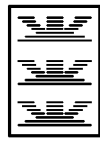
Topsoil



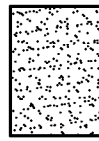
Asphalt



Fill



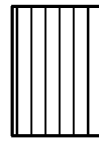
Peat



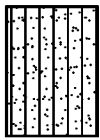
Sand



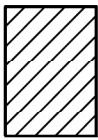
Silty Sand



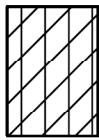
Silt



Sandy Silt



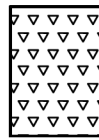
Clay



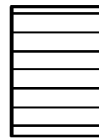
Silty Clay



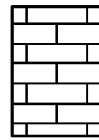
Clayey Silty Sand



Glacial Till



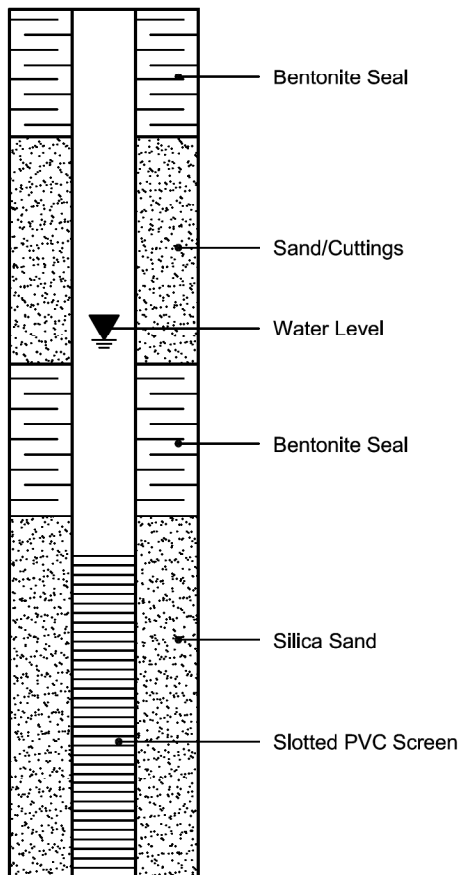
Shale



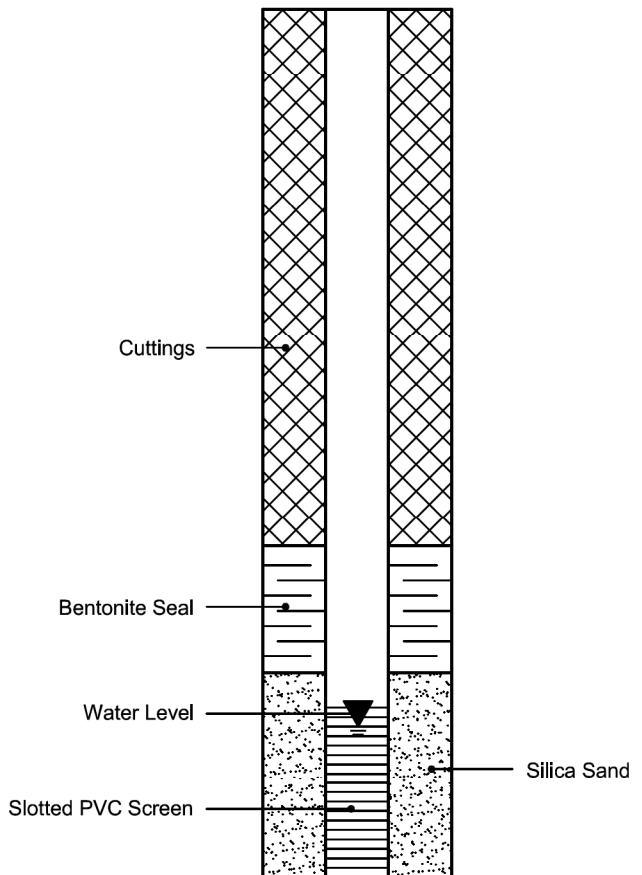
Bedrock

MONITORING WELL AND PIEZOMETER CONSTRUCTION

MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION



PIEZOMETER CONSTRUCTION



Certificate of Analysis
 Client: Paterson Group Consulting Engineers
 Client PO: 25710

Report Date: 27-Dec-2018

Order Date: 19-Dec-2018

Project Description: PG4216

Client ID:	BH8-SS3	-	-	-
Sample Date:	12/17/2018 15:00	-	-	-
Sample ID:	1851341-01	-	-	-
MDL/Units	Soil	-	-	-

Physical Characteristics

% Solids	0.1 % by Wt.	89.5	-	-	-
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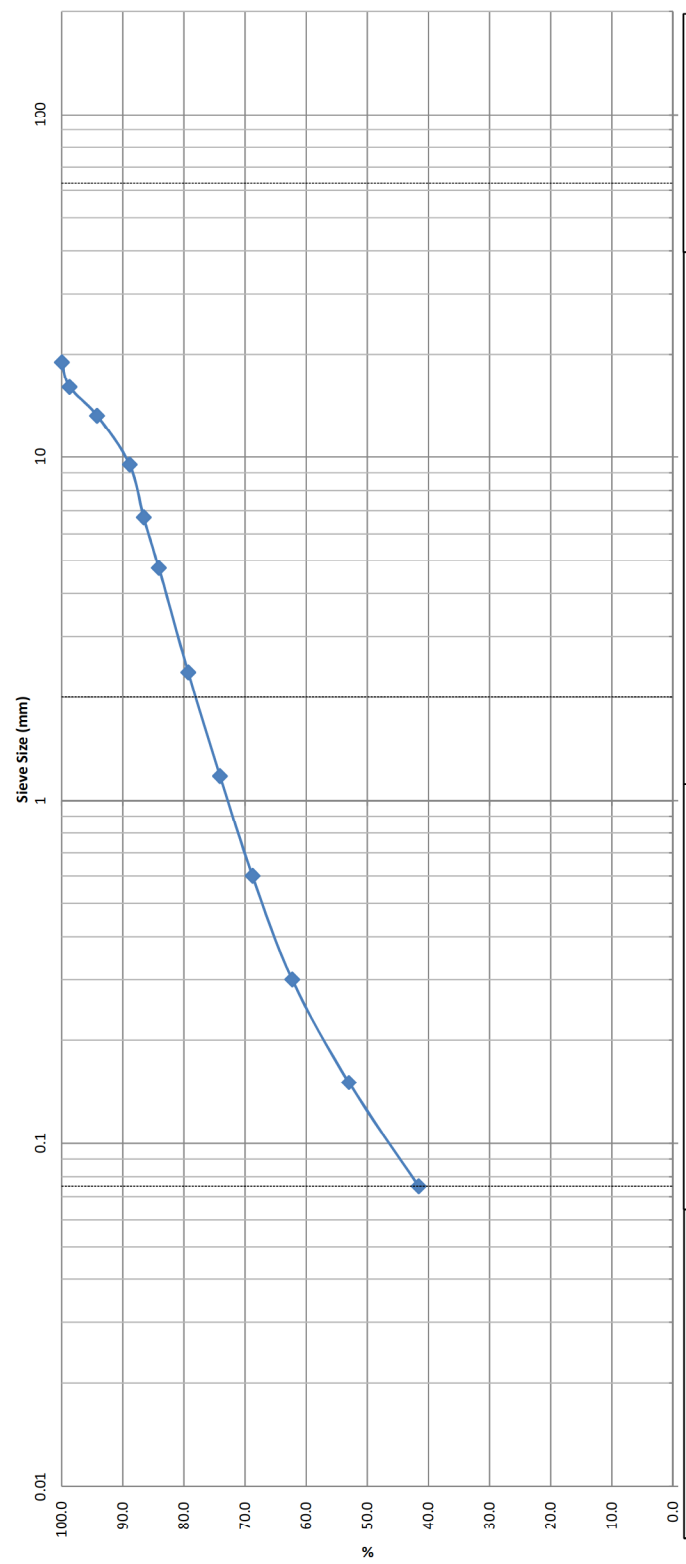
General Inorganics

pH	0.05 pH Units	7.94	-	-	-
Resistivity	0.10 Ohm.m	96.9	-	-	-

Anions

Chloride	5 ug/g dry	6	-	-	-
Sulphate	5 ug/g dry	<5	-	-	-

CLIENT:	Taggart	DESCRIPTION:	Sand	FILE NO:	PG4216
CONTRACT NO.:	-	SPECIFICATION:	-	LAB NO:	06833
PROJECT:	Eagleson Rd.	INTENDED USE:	-	DATE RECEIVED:	1-Mar-19
DATE SAMPLED:	27-Feb-19	PIT OR QUARRY:	0	DATE TESTED:	4-Mar-19
SAMPLED BY:	D.P	SOURCE LOCATION:	TP9 - G1	DATE REPORTED:	7-Mar-19
		SAMPLE LOCATION:	-	TESTED BY:	D.K/D.B



Identification	Silt and Clay		Sand		Gravel		Cobble	
	MC(%)	LL	PL	PI	CC	Cu		
	Soil Classification		Fine		Coarse		Cobble	
D100	19.5	D60	0.35	D30	0.035	D10	0.015	Gravel (%)
								15.9
								Sand (%)
								42.5
								Silt (%)
								41.6
								Clay (%)
								23.3

Comments:

REVIEWED BY: *Curtis Beadow*

Joe Fosyth, P. Eng.

CLIENT: Taggart	DESCRIPTION: Sand	FILE NO.: PG4216
CONTRACT NO.: -	SPECIFICATION: -	LAB NO.: 06833
PROJECT: Eagleson Rd.	INTENDED USE: -	DATE REC'D: 1-Mar-19
	PIT OR QUARRY:	DATE TESTED: 4-Mar-19
DATE SAMPLED: 27-Feb-19	SOURCE LOCATION: TP9 - G1	DATE REP'D: 7-Mar-19
SAMPLED BY: D.P	SAMPLE LOCATION: -	TESTED BY: D.K/D.B



WEIGHT BEFORE WASH	719.1
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WEIGHT AFTER WASH	442.5
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SIEVE SIZE (mm)	WEIGHT RETAINED	PERCENT RETAINED	PERCENT PASSING	LOWER SPEC	UPPER SPEC	REMARK
150						
106						
75						
63						
53						
37.5						
26.5						
19	0.0	0.0	100.0			
16	9.4	1.3	98.7			
13.2	41.8	5.8	94.2			
9.5	80.0	11.1	88.9			
6.7	96.4	13.4	86.6			
4.75	114.6	15.9	84.1			
2.36	148.6	20.7	79.3			
1.18	186.5	25.9	74.1			
0.6	224.6	31.2	68.8			
0.3	270.8	37.7	62.3			
0.15	337.8	47.0	53.0			
0.075	419.8	58.4	41.6			
PAN	441.6					

SIEVE CHECK FINE	0.20	0.3% max.	REFERENCE MATERIAL
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OTHER TESTS	RESULT	LAB NO.	RESULT

REVIEWED BY:	Curtis Beadow	Joe Forsyth, P. Eng.
		



CLIENT:	Taggart	DESCRIPTION:	Sand	FILE NO.:	PG4216
CONTRACT NO.:	-	SPECIFICATION:	-	LAB NO.:	06834
PROJECT:	Eagleson Rd.	INTENDED USE:	-	DATE REC'D:	1-Mar-19
		PIT OR QUARRY:		DATE TESTED:	4-Mar-19
DATE SAMPLED:	27-Feb-19	SOURCE LOCATION:	TP11 - G4	DATE REP'D:	7-Mar-19
SAMPLED BY:	D.P	SAMPLE LOCATION:	-	TESTED BY:	D.K/D.B

WEIGHT BEFORE WASH	846.2
WEIGHT AFTER WASH	644.5

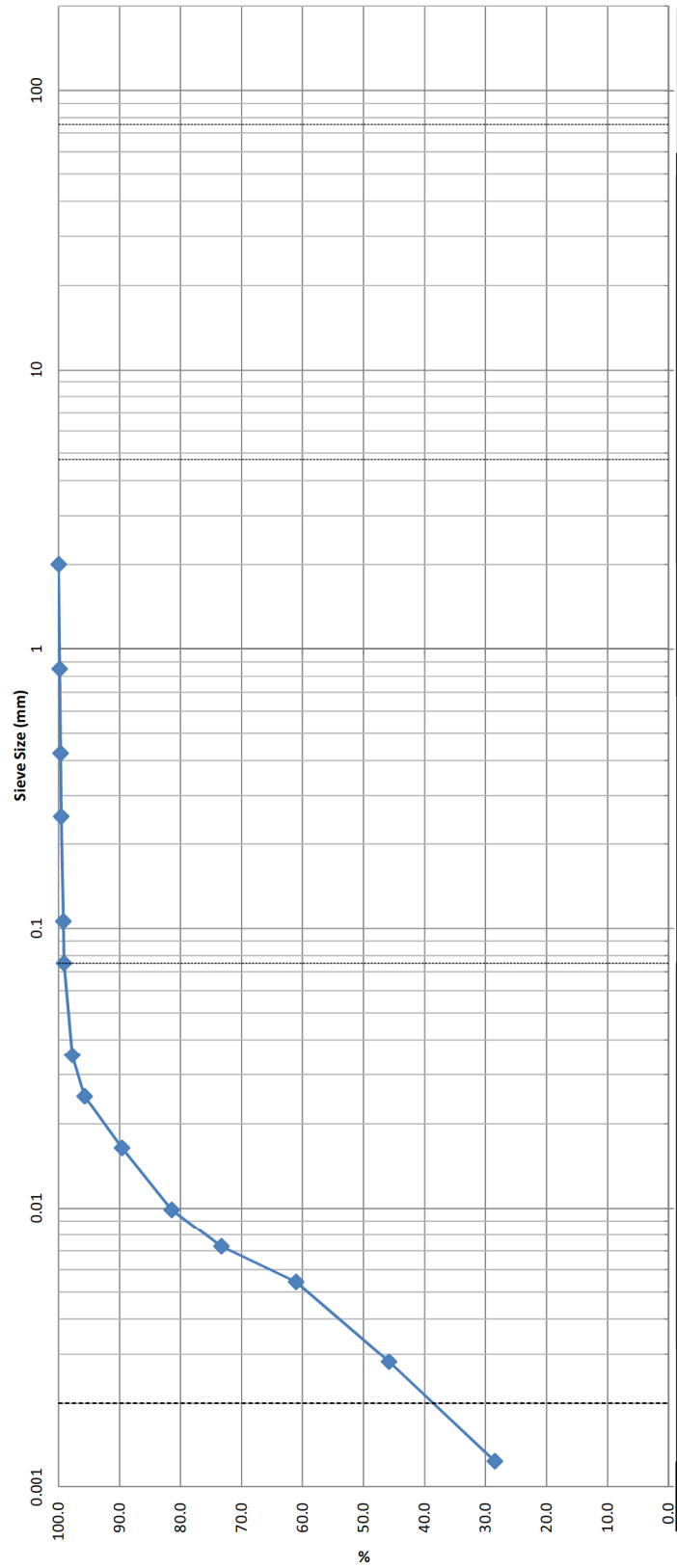
SIEVE SIZE (mm)	WEIGHT RETAINED	PERCENT RETAINED	PERCENT PASSING	LOWER SPEC	UPPER SPEC	REMARK
150						
106						
75						
63						
53						
37.5						
26.5						
19						
16	0.0	0.0	100.0			
13.2	13.8	1.6	98.4			
9.5	22.2	2.6	97.4			
6.7	39.9	4.7	95.3			
4.75	55.1	6.5	93.5			
2.36	84.0	9.9	90.1			
1.18	110.8	13.1	86.9			
0.6	144.2	17.0	83.0			
0.3	248.3	29.3	70.7			
0.15	434.4	51.3	48.7			
0.075	600.7	71.0	29.0			
PAN	643.6					

SIEVE CHECK FINE	0.14	0.3% max.	REFERENCE MATERIAL
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OTHER TESTS	RESULT	LAB NO.	RESULT

REVIEWED BY:	Curtis Beadow	Joe Forsyth, P. Eng.
		

SIEVE ANALYSIS		C136		ASTM	
CLIENT:	Taggart	DEPTH:	3.0m	FILE NO.:	PG4216
CONTRACT NO.:		BH OR TP No.:	TP4 - G6	LAB NO.:	06830
PROJECT:	Eagleson Road	DATE RECEIVED:	1-Mar-19	DATE TESTED:	5-Mar-19
DATE SAMPLED:	27-Feb-19	DATE REPORTED:	7-Mar-19	TESTED BY:	D. Bertrand
SAMPLED BY:	Drew				



Clay	Silt		Sand		Gravel		Cobble	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse	LL	PL	PI
Soil Classification								
MC(%)	30.3		Sand (%)		0.9		Silt (%)	
D100	D60	D30	D10	Gravel (%)	0.0		Clay (%)	
					59.6		39.5	

Comments:

REVIEWED BY:	<i>Curtis Beadon</i>	Joe Fosyth, P. Eng.
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CLIENT:	Taggart	DEPTH:	3.0m	FILE NO.:	PG4216
PROJECT:	Eagleson Road	BH OR TP No.:	TP4 - G6	DATE SAMPLED:	27-Feb-19
LAB No. :	06830	TESTED BY:	D. Bertrand	DATE RECEIVED:	01-Mar-19
SAMPLED BY:	Drew	DATE REPT'D:	07-Mar-19	DATE TESTED:	05-Mar-19

SAMPLE INFORMATION

SAMPLE MASS		SPECIFIC GRAVITY		
111.7		2.700		
INITIAL WEIGHT	50.00	HYGROSCOPIC MOISTURE		
WEIGHT CORRECTED	48.55	TARE WEIGHT	50.00	ACTUAL WEIGHT
WT. AFTER WASH BACK SIEVE	0.450	AIR DRY	150.00	100.00
SOLUTION CONCENTRATION	40 g/L	OVEN DRY	147.10	97.10
		CORRECTED	0.971	

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS

SIEVE DIAMETER (mm)	WEIGHT RETAINED (g)	PERCENT RETAINED	PERCENT PASSING
13.2			
9.5			
4.75			
2.0	0.1	0.0	100.0
Pan	111.6		
0.850	0.08	0.2	99.8
0.425	0.14	0.3	99.7
0.250	0.21	0.4	99.6
0.106	0.37	0.8	99.2
0.075	0.42	0.9	99.1
Pan	0.45		
SIEVE CHECK	0.0	MAX = 0.3%	

HYDROMETER DATA

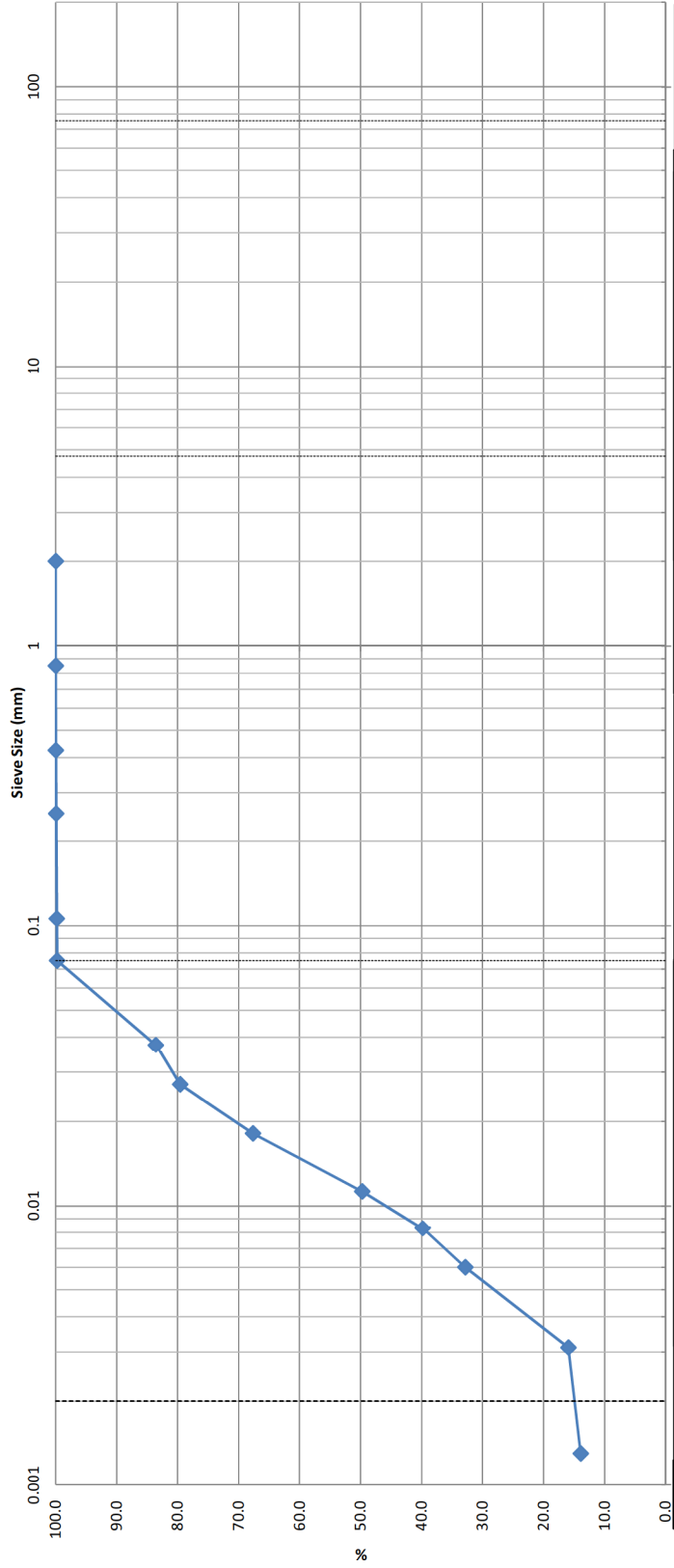
ELAPSED	TIME (24 hours)	Hs	Hc	Temp. (°C)	DIAMETER	(P)	TOTAL PERCENT PASSING
1	9:53	54.0	6.0	22.0	0.0351	97.8	97.8
2	9:54	53.0	6.0	22.0	0.0251	95.7	95.7
5	9:57	50.0	6.0	22.0	0.0164	89.6	89.6
15	10:07	46.0	6.0	22.0	0.0099	81.5	81.5
30	10:22	42.0	6.0	22.0	0.0073	73.3	73.3
60	10:52	36.0	6.0	22.0	0.0054	61.1	61.1
250	14:02	28.5	6.0	22.0	0.0028	45.8	45.8
1440	9:52	20.0	6.0	22.0	0.0012	28.5	28.5

COMMENTS:

Moisture Content = 30.3%

REVIEWED BY:	C. Beadow	Joe Forsyth, P. Eng.
		

CLIENT:	Taggart	DEPTH:	2.5m	FILE NO.:	PG4216
CONTRACT NO.:		BH OR TP No.:	TP6 - G5	LAB NO.:	06831
PROJECT:	Eagleson Road	DATE RECEIVED:	1-Mar-19	DATE TESTED:	5-Mar-19
DATE SAMPLED:	27-Feb-19	DATE REPORTED:	7-Mar-19	TESTED BY:	D. Bertrand
SAMPLED BY:	Drew				



Soil Classification		Gravel		Cobble	
Fine	Medium	Fine	Coarse	LL	PI
MC(%)	21.6	PL		CC	
D100		D60		D30	
D10		D5		D2	
Gravel (%)	0.0	Sand (%)	0.2	Silt (%)	84.8
Clay (%)		Clay (%)		Clay (%)	15.0

Comments:

REVIEWED BY:	<i>Curtis Beadon</i>	Joe Fosyth, P. Eng.
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CLIENT:	Taggart	DEPTH:	2.5m	FILE NO.:	PG4216
PROJECT:	Eagleson Road	BH OR TP No.:	TP6 - G5	DATE SAMPLED:	27-Feb-19
LAB No. :	06831	TESTED BY:	D. Bertrand	DATE RECEIVED:	01-Mar-19
SAMPLED BY:	Drew	DATE REPT'D:	07-Mar-19	DATE TESTED:	05-Mar-19

SAMPLE INFORMATION

SAMPLE MASS		SPECIFIC GRAVITY		
120.9		2.700		
INITIAL WEIGHT	50.00	HYGROSCOPIC MOISTURE		
WEIGHT CORRECTED	49.68	TARE WEIGHT	50.00	ACTUAL WEIGHT
WT. AFTER WASH BACK SIEVE	0.120	AIR DRY	150.00	100.00
SOLUTION CONCENTRATION	40 g/L	OVEN DRY	149.35	99.35
		CORRECTED	0.994	

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS

SIEVE DIAMETER (mm)	WEIGHT RETAINED (g)	PERCENT RETAINED	PERCENT PASSING
13.2			
9.5			
4.75			
2.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Pan	120.9		
0.850	0.00	0.0	100.0
0.425	0.01	0.0	100.0
0.250	0.04	0.1	99.9
0.106	0.09	0.2	99.8
0.075	0.11	0.2	99.8
Pan	0.12		
SIEVE CHECK	0.0	MAX = 0.3%	

HYDROMETER DATA

ELAPSED	TIME (24 hours)	Hs	Hc	Temp. (°C)	DIAMETER	(P)	TOTAL PERCENT PASSING
1	10:04	48.0	6.0	22.0	0.0375	83.6	83.6
2	10:05	46.0	6.0	22.0	0.0271	79.6	79.6
5	10:08	40.0	6.0	22.0	0.0181	67.7	67.7
15	10:18	31.0	6.0	22.0	0.0113	49.8	49.8
30	10:33	26.0	6.0	22.0	0.0083	39.8	39.8
60	11:03	22.5	6.0	22.0	0.0060	32.8	32.8
250	14:13	14.0	6.0	22.0	0.0031	15.9	15.9
1440	10:03	13.0	6.0	22.0	0.0013	13.9	13.9

COMMENTS:

Moisture Content = 21.6%

REVIEWED BY:	C. Beadow	Joe Forsyth, P. Eng.
		

CLIENT:	Taggart	DEPTH:	2.5m	FILE NO.:	PG4216
PROJECT:	Eagleson Road	BH OR TP No.:	TP8 - G5	DATE SAMPLED:	27-Feb-19
LAB No. :	06832	TESTED BY:	D. Bertrand	DATE RECEIVE:	01-Mar-19
SAMPLED BY:	Drew	DATE REPT'D:	07-Mar-19	DATE TESTED:	05-Mar-19

SAMPLE INFORMATION

SAMPLE MASS		SPECIFIC GRAVITY		
108.4		2.700		
INITIAL WEIGHT	50.00	HYGROSCOPIC MOISTURE		
WEIGHT CORRECTED	47.40	TARE WEIGHT	50.00	ACTUAL WEIGHT
WT. AFTER WASH BACK SIEVE	2.910	AIR DRY	150.00	100.00
SOLUTION CONCENTRATION	40 g/L	OVEN DRY	144.80	94.80
		CORRECTED	0.948	

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS

SIEVE DIAMETER (mm)	WEIGHT RETAINED (g)	PERCENT RETAINED	PERCENT PASSING
13.2			
9.5			
4.75			
2.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Pan	108.4		
0.850	0.42	0.9	99.1
0.425	1.39	2.9	97.1
0.250	2.00	4.2	95.8
0.106	2.69	5.7	94.3
0.075	2.87	6.1	93.9
Pan	2.91		
SIEVE CHECK	0.0	MAX = 0.3%	

HYDROMETER DATA

ELAPSED	TIME (24 hours)	Hs	Hc	Temp. (°C)	DIAMETER	(P)	TOTAL PERCENT PASSING
1	10:16	50.5	6.0	22.0	0.0365	92.8	92.8
2	10:17	49.0	6.0	22.0	0.0262	89.7	89.7
5	10:20	46.5	6.0	22.0	0.0170	84.5	84.5
15	10:30	42.0	6.0	22.0	0.0103	75.1	75.1
30	10:45	39.0	6.0	22.0	0.0075	68.8	68.8
60	11:15	34.0	6.0	22.0	0.0055	58.4	58.4
250	14:25	28.0	6.0	22.0	0.0028	45.9	45.9
1440	10:15	20.0	6.0	22.0	0.0012	29.2	29.2

COMMENTS:

Moisture Content = 29.9%

REVIEWED BY:	C. Beadow	Joe Forsyth, P. Eng.
		

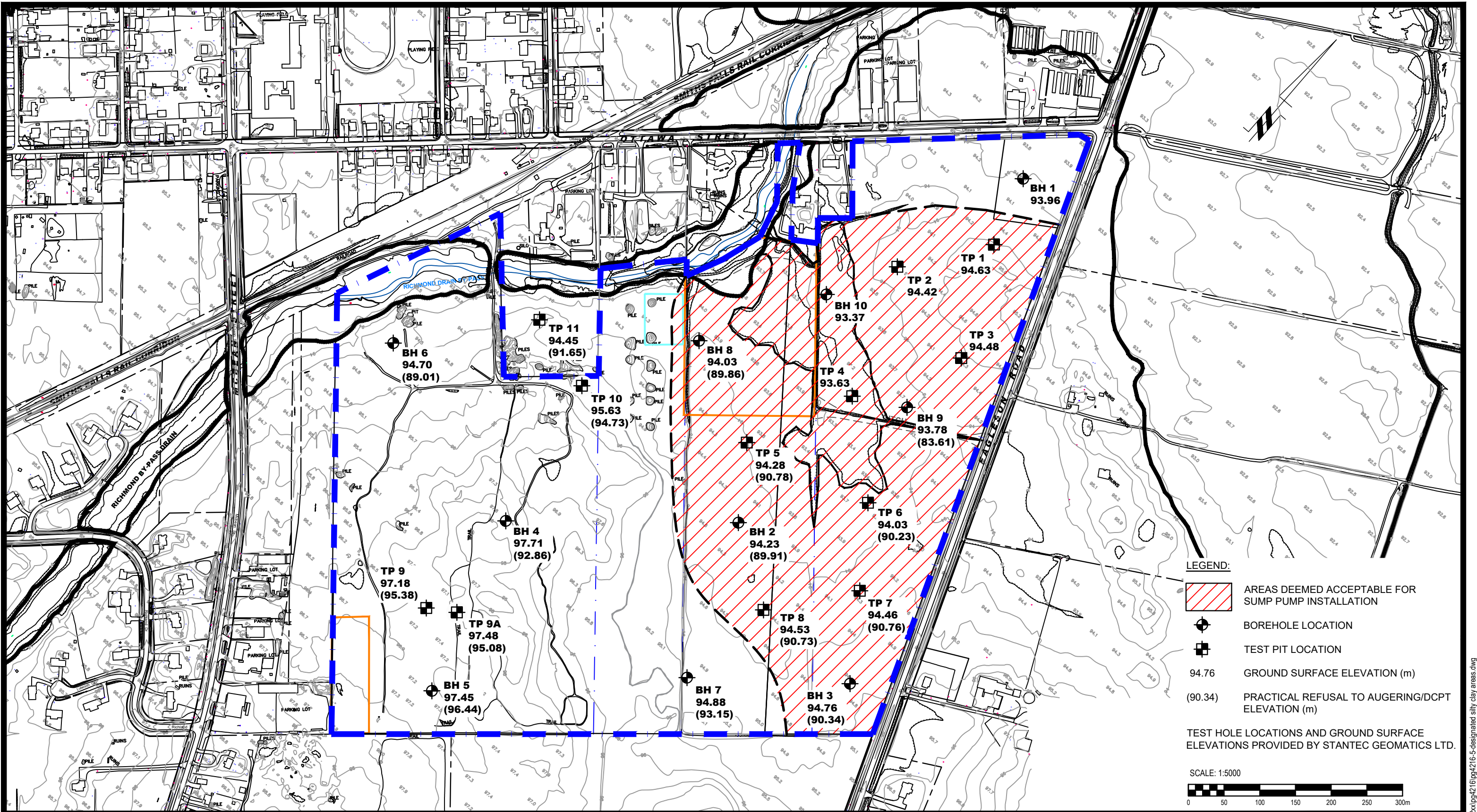
APPENDIX 2

FIGURE 1 - KEY PLAN

DRAWING PG4216-5 – DESIGNATED SILTY CLAY AREAS



FIGURE 1
Key Plan



patersongroup
consulting engineers

154 Colonnade Road South
Ottawa, Ontario K2E 7J5
Tel: (613) 226-7381 Fax: (613) 226-6344

NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	INITIAL

TAGGART GROUP OF COMPANIES
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION
PROP. MULTI-USE DEVELOPMENT - EAGLESON ROAD AT OTTAWA STREET
OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Title: **DESIGNATED SILTY CLAY AREAS**

Scale:	1:5000	Date:	01/2021
Drawn by:	YA	Report No.:	PG4216
Checked by:	FA	Dwg. No.:	PG4216-5
Approved by:	FA	Revision No.:	

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